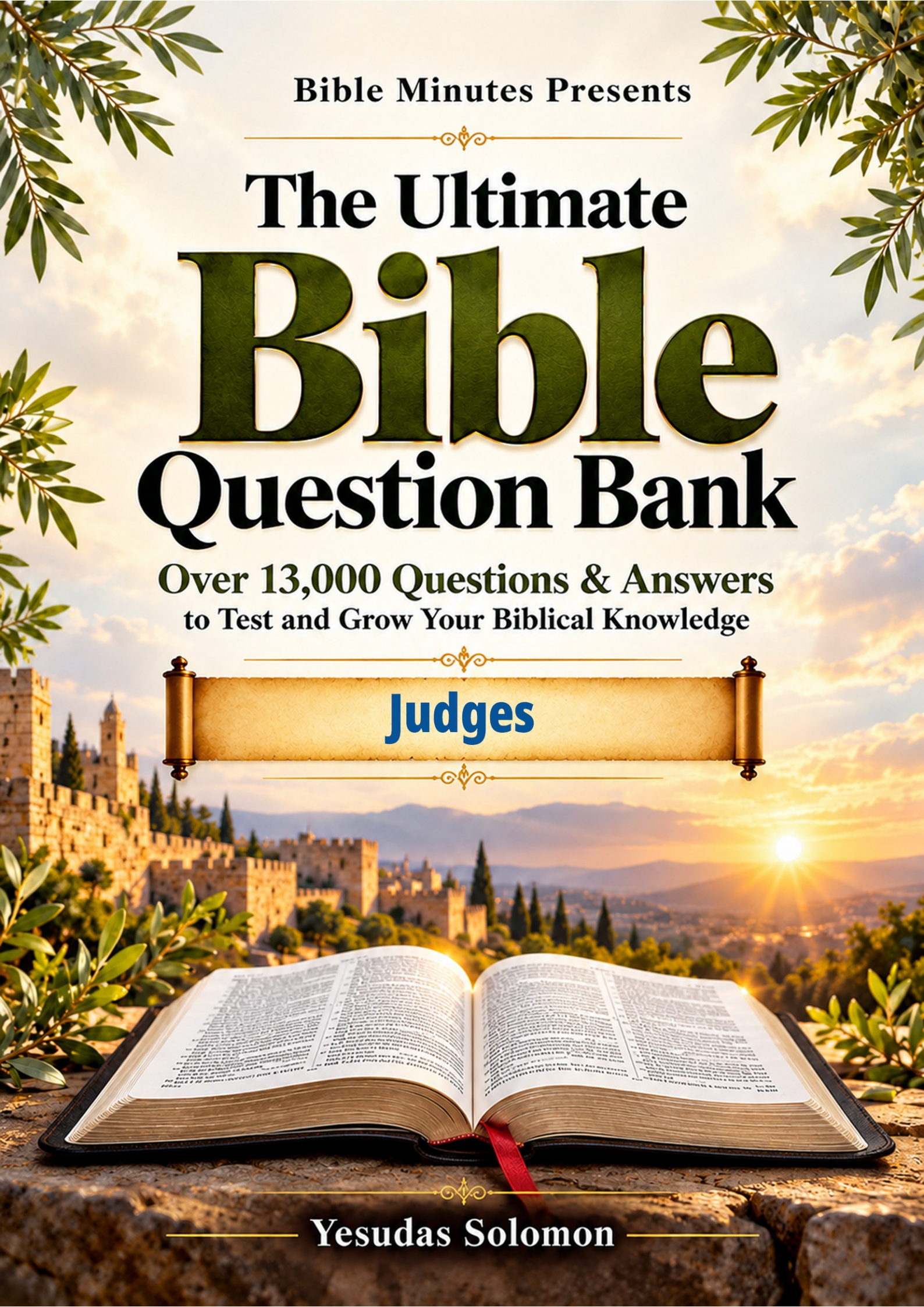
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Index

Answer Key 34

Judges

Chapters

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

Judges 1

1. After whose death did the Israelites ask the LORD which tribe should go up first to fight against the Canaanites?

A). Moses B). Joshua C). Aaron D). Eli

2. Which tribe did the LORD say should go up first to fight against the Canaanites?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Ephraim D). Dan

3. Which fellow Israelites did the men of Judah invite to fight alongside them?

A). The Benjamites B). The Reubenites C). The Simeonites D). The Danites

4. After the men of Judah caught Adoni-Bezek, what did they cut off?

A). His hair B). His right hand C). His ears D). His thumbs and big toes

5. Complete what Adoni-Bezek said: "Now God has ___ me back for what I did to them."

A). paid B). turned C). brought D). called

6. Where was Adoni-Bezek taken, and where did he die?

A). Hebron B). Jerusalem C). Bethel D). Gaza

7. Which city was formerly called Kiriath Arba?

A). Debir B). Bethel C). Hebron D). Hormah

8. What did Caleb promise to give the man who attacked and captured Kiriath Sepher?

A). A large field of his own B). A hundred pieces of silver C). Command of Judah's army D). His daughter Aksah in marriage

9. Who captured Kiriath Sepher and was given Aksah as his wife?

A). Kenaz B). Othniel C). Joshua D). Ehud

10. Caleb had given his daughter Aksah land in the Negev. What else did she ask him to give her?

A). Springs of water B). A flock of sheep C). A vineyard D). A house in Hebron

11. The descendants of Moses' father-in-law went up from the City of Palms with the people of Judah. What people group were they?

A). The Gibeonites B). The Jebusites C). The Amalekites D). The Kenites

12. Judah and Simeon attacked the Canaanites in Zephath and totally destroyed the city. What was the city called after that?

A). Luz B). Debir C). Hormah D). Kiriath Arba

13. Judges 1:18 says Judah took three cities, each with its territory. Which three cities were they?

A). Gaza, Ashkelon and Ekron B). Gaza, Ashdod and Gath C). Ekron, Gath and Ashdod
D). Ashkelon, Ashdod and Gath

14. The LORD was with the men of Judah. Why were they unable to drive the people out of the plains?

A). The people lived behind very high walls B). The people had chariots fitted with iron
C). Judah's soldiers refused to fight D). A great flood covered the plains

15. As Moses had promised, Caleb was given Hebron. Whom did Caleb drive out of it?

A). The Jebusites B). The Philistines C). The Moabites D). The three sons of Anak

16. Which people did the Benjamites fail to drive out of Jerusalem?

A). The Hittites B). The Amorites C). The Jebusites D). The Perizzites

17. When the tribes of Joseph attacked Bethel, what happened to the man who showed their spies how to get into the city?

A). He was made king of Bethel B). He and his whole family were spared
C). He was taken as a prisoner to Shiloh D). He joined the tribe of Ephraim

18. The man from Bethel went to the land of the Hittites and built a city. What did he name it?

A). Luz B). Bethel C). Zoar D). Hormah

19. When Israel became strong, what did they do to the Canaanites instead of driving them out completely?

A). Sold them as slaves to Egypt B). Made them pay a yearly tax of gold
C). Pressed them into forced labor D). Sent them across the Jordan River

20. Which tribe did the Amorites confine to the hill country, not allowing them to come down into the plain?

A). The Asherites B). The Simeonites C). The Benjamites D). The Danites

Judges 2

21. The angel of the LORD went up from Gilgal to speak to the Israelites. Where did he go?

A). Shiloh B). Bokim C). Bethel D). Jericho

22. The LORD told Israel not to make a covenant with the people of the land. What were they to do to those people's altars?

A). Break them down B). Leave them alone C). Offer sacrifices on them
D). Carry them away to Egypt

23. Complete the LORD's warning: "They will become traps for you, and their gods will become ___ to you."

A). idols B). stones C). snares D). masters

24. What did the Israelites do after the angel of the LORD spoke to them at Bokim?

A). They built a tall tower B). They ran away into the hills C). They made a golden calf
D). They wept aloud and offered sacrifices

25. How long did the people serve the LORD after entering the land?

A). Throughout the lifetime of Joshua and the elders who outlived him
B). Only while Moses was alive C). For forty years after crossing the Jordan
D). Until the ark was captured

26. How old was Joshua son of Nun when he died?

A). 100 B). 110 C). 120 D). 130

27. Where was Joshua buried?

A). Shiloh B). Gilgal C). Shechem D). Timnath Heres

28. What was true of the generation that grew up after Joshua's generation died?

A). They built a temple for the LORD B). They drove out all the Canaanites
C). They knew neither the LORD nor what He had done for Israel
D). They returned to live in Egypt

29. Which false gods did the Israelites serve after they forsook the LORD?

A). Dagon and Molek B). Baal and the Ashtoreths C). Chemosh and Asherah
D). The golden calves of Bethel and Dan

30. In His anger against Israel, what did the LORD allow to happen to them?

A). He gave them into the hands of raiders who plundered them
B). He sent a great flood on the land C). He sent them back to slavery in Egypt
D). He stopped the rain for three years

31. Whom did the LORD raise up to save Israel from the raiders?

A). Prophets B). Kings C). Judges D). Priests

32. Why did the LORD relent and save Israel through the judges?

A). Because Israel built Him a new altar B). Because the enemies asked for peace

C). Because the judges paid Him silver

D). Because of Israel's groaning under those who oppressed them

33. What did the people do each time a judge died?

A). They returned to ways even more corrupt than their ancestors

B). They chose a new judge from the tribe of Levi C). They went to live in Egypt

D). They stayed faithful to the LORD for forty years

34. Why did the LORD say He would leave the nations that Joshua had not driven out?

A). To give Israel servants to work for them

B). To test Israel and see if they would keep the way of the LORD

C). To protect Israel from Egypt D). To punish the nations later

35. Which order matches the pattern described in Judges 2?

A). God raises a judge → Israel serves Baals → enemies oppress Israel → the judge dies

B). Enemies oppress Israel → the judge dies → Israel serves Baals → God raises a judge

C). Israel serves Baals → enemies oppress Israel → God raises a judge → the judge dies and Israel turns away again

D). The judge dies → God raises a judge → enemies oppress Israel → Israel serves Baals

Judges 3

36. Besides testing Israel, why did the LORD leave some nations in the land?

A). To teach warfare to Israelites who had no battle experience

B). To give Israel people to trade with C). To protect Israel from Egypt

D). To build cities for Israel

37. What did the Israelites do while living among the Canaanites and other nations?

A). They drove them all out of the land

B). They took their daughters in marriage and served their gods

C). They made them priests of the LORD D). They sent them away to Egypt

38. Which king did the LORD sell Israel to after they served the Baals and Asherahs?

A). Eglon king of Moab B). Jabin king of Canaan

C). Cushan-Rishathaim king of Aram Naharaim D). Adoni-Bezek

39. How many years were the Israelites subject to Cushan-Rishathaim?

A). Four B). Seven C). Twenty D). Eight

40. When the Israelites cried out to the LORD, whom did He raise up as their first deliverer in Judges 3?

A). Othniel B). Ehud C). Shamgar D). Gideon

41. What came on Othniel so that he became Israel's judge and went to war?

A). A great fear B). The Spirit of the LORD C). A dream from God
D). The strength of a lion

42. How long did the land have peace after Othniel's victory?

A). Eighty years B). Twenty years C). Forty years D). Seven years

43. When Israel did evil again, which king did the LORD give power over Israel?

A). Cushan-Rishathaim B). Jabin C). Sihon D). Eglon king of Moab

44. Eglon joined with the Ammonites and Amalekites and attacked Israel. Which city did he take?

A). The City of Palms B). Jerusalem C). Hebron D). Bethel

45. How many years were the Israelites subject to Eglon king of Moab?

A). Eight B). Eighteen C). Forty D). Twelve

46. Which judge was a left-handed man from the tribe of Benjamin?

A). Othniel B). Shamgar C). Ehud D). Samson

47. Where did Ehud hide the double-edged sword he made?

A). Inside the tribute gift B). Under his left arm C). In his sandal
D). Strapped to his right thigh under his clothing

48. Complete what Ehud said to King Eglon: "I have a message from ___ for you."

A). God B). the elders C). my master D). the priests

49. Why did Eglon's servants wait so long before opening the locked doors of the upper room?

A). They were afraid of Ehud B). They thought the king was relieving himself
C). They had lost the key on purpose D). The king told them to wait until evening

50. Ehud escaped past the stone images. Where did he escape to?

A). Shiloh B). Bokim C). Seirah D). Timnath Heres

51. What did Ehud do in the hill country of Ephraim to gather the Israelites?

A). He lit a great fire B). He sent messengers with cut-up pieces C). He built an altar
D). He blew a trumpet

52. After Ehud said the LORD had given Moab into their hands, what did the Israelites take control of so the Moabites could not cross?

A). The fords of the Jordan B). The gates of the City of Palms C). The roads to Egypt
D). The wells of Beersheba

53. After Moab was made subject to Israel, how long did the land have peace?

A). Forty years B). Eighty years C). Eighteen years D). Twenty years

54. What did Shamgar son of Anath use to strike down six hundred Philistines?

A). The jawbone of a donkey B). A sling and stones C). An ox goad
D). A bronze spear

55. In what order are these three deliverers described in Judges 3?

A). Ehud, Othniel, Shamgar B). Shamgar, Ehud, Othniel C). Othniel, Shamgar, Ehud
D). Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

Judges 4

56. After Ehud died and Israel did evil again, which king did the LORD sell them to?

A). Jabin king of Canaan B). Eglon king of Moab C). Cushan-Rishathaim
D). Og king of Bashan

57. In which city did Jabin king of Canaan reign?

A). Jericho B). Hazor C). Ai D). Gezer

58. Who was the commander of Jabin's army?

A). Goliath B). Oreb C). Sisera D). Adoni-Bezek

59. How many chariots fitted with iron did Sisera have?

A). Three hundred B). Six hundred C). One thousand D). Nine hundred

60. For how many years did Sisera cruelly oppress the Israelites before they cried to the LORD?

A). Seven B). Twenty C). Eight D). Eighteen

61. Which prophet was leading Israel at the time of Jabin and Sisera?

A). Deborah B). Miriam C). Huldah D). Hannah

62. Where did Deborah hold court, where the Israelites came to have their disputes decided?

A). At the gate of Shiloh B). By the well at Hebron
C). Among the stone images near Gilgal
D). Under the Palm of Deborah between Ramah and Bethel

63. Whom did Deborah send for and tell to lead Israel's army against Sisera?

A). Gideon B). Heber C). Barak D). Lappidoth

64. To which mountain did the LORD command Barak to lead his ten thousand men?

A). Mount Tabor B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Gilboa D). Mount Sinai

65. From which two tribes did the LORD tell Barak to take ten thousand men?

A). Ephraim and Benjamin B). Naphtali and Zebulun C). Judah and Simeon
D). Issachar and Asher

66. To which river did the LORD say He would lead Sisera and his army?

A). The Jordan River B). The Jabbok River C). The Kishon River D). The Arnon River

67. What did Barak say to Deborah when she gave him the LORD's command?

A). I will go only if God gives me a sign B). I will go if the elders agree

C). I will go if you give me a thousand chariots

D). If you go with me, I will go; but if you don't go with me, I won't go

68. Because of the course Barak took, what did Deborah say would happen?

A). The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

B). Israel would lose the battle C). Barak would be killed in the battle

D). Deborah would become queen of Israel

69. When the LORD routed Sisera's army, what did Sisera do?

A). He hid in a cave B). He swam across the Kishon River

C). He got down from his chariot and fled on foot D). He surrendered to Barak

70. Why did Sisera run to the tent of Jael?

A). Jael was Sisera's sister B). He was lost and saw the tent

C). Barak had told him to hide there

D). There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

71. Sisera asked Jael for water. What did she give him to drink?

A). Water B). Milk C). Wine D). Honey

72. What did Jael use to kill Sisera?

A). A sword B). A spear C). A tent peg and a hammer D). A millstone

73. Jael was the wife of which man?

A). Hobab B). Lappidoth C). Abinoam D). Heber the Kenite

74. Complete what Deborah said to Barak: "Go! This is the day the LORD has given Sisera into your hands. Has not the ___ gone ahead of you?"

A). LORD B). army C). angel D). ark

75. What happened to Jabin king of Canaan after Sisera died?

A). He made peace with Israel

B). God subdued him, and Israel grew stronger against him until they destroyed him

C). He fled to Egypt D). He became Israel's servant for forty years

Judges 5

76. Who sang the song in Judges 5 after the victory over Sisera?

A). Moses and Miriam B). Deborah and Barak C). Jael and Heber

D). Deborah and Jael

77. Complete the verse: "When the princes in Israel take the lead, when the people willingly offer themselves — ___ the LORD!"

A). fear B). obey C). serve D). praise

78. Complete what Deborah sang: "Until I, Deborah, arose, until I arose, a ___ in Israel."

A). mother B). light C). queen D). servant

79. According to Deborah's song, what was life like in the days of Shamgar and Jael?

A). No rain fell for many years B). All the cities were burned
C). The highways were abandoned and travelers took winding paths
D). The people lived in caves

80. What does Deborah's song say could not be seen among forty thousand in Israel?

A). A horse or chariot B). A shield or spear C). A priest or prophet
D). A king or prince

81. According to Deborah's song, what did the tribe of Reuben do instead of joining the battle?

A). Lingered by the ships B). Remained on the coast C). Stayed beyond the Jordan
D). Stayed among the sheep pens

82. Deborah's song asks which tribe lingered by the ships instead of coming to the battle?

A). Dan B). Reuben C). Benjamin D). Ephraim

83. Which two tribes does Deborah's song say risked their very lives in the battle?

A). Reuben and Dan B). Asher and Gilead C). Zebulun and Naphtali
D). Judah and Simeon

84. Complete the verse: "From the heavens the ___ fought, from their courses they fought against Sisera."

A). angels B). stars C). clouds D). winds

85. According to Deborah's song, which river swept Sisera's army away?

A). The Jordan B). The Jabbok C). The Nile D). The Kishon

86. According to Deborah's song, where did the kings of Canaan fight?

A). At Taanach, by the waters of Megiddo B). At Gibeon C). At Jericho D). At Bethel

87. Why did the angel of the LORD say to curse Meroz?

A). Its people worshiped Baal B). Its people helped Sisera escape
C). Its people did not come to help the LORD against the mighty
D). Its people stole from Israel's camp

88. Who does Deborah's song call "most blessed of women"?

A). Deborah B). Jael C). Sisera's mother D). Aksah

89. According to Deborah's song, in what did Jael bring Sisera curdled milk?

A). A golden cup B). A clay jar C). A leather bag D). A bowl fit for nobles

90. Who looked through the window and asked, "Why is his chariot so long in coming?"

A). Sisera's mother B). Jabin's wife C). Jael D). Deborah

91. Complete the verse: "But may all who love you be like the ___ when it rises in its strength."

A). eagle B). lion C). sun D). river

92. How long did the land have peace after the victory over Sisera?

A). Forty years B). Eighty years C). Twenty years D). Seven years

93. Deborah's song says the LORD went out from Seir. From which land did He march?

A). Egypt B). Edom C). Moab D). Midian

Judges 6

94. When Israel did evil again, which people did the LORD give them into the hands of?

A). The Moabites B). The Midianites C). The Philistines D). The Ammonites

95. For how many years did the LORD give Israel into the hands of the Midianites?

A). Eight B). Twenty C). Forty D). Seven

96. Because the Midianites were so oppressive, what did the Israelites prepare for themselves?

A). Shelters in mountain clefts, caves and strongholds B). High walls around their cities
C). Boats to escape across the sea D). Hiding places in the temple

97. Complete the verse: "They came up with their livestock and their tents like swarms of ___."

A). bees B). birds C). locusts D). flies

98. When the Israelites cried out because of Midian, the LORD first sent a prophet. What was the main message?

A). They should build a temple in Jerusalem
B). The LORD told them not to worship the gods of the Amorites, but they had not listened
C). They should choose a king to lead them D). They should go back to Egypt

99. Where did the angel of the LORD sit down under the oak before speaking to Gideon?

A). Shiloh B). Bethel C). Gilgal D). Ophrah

100. What was Gideon doing when the angel of the LORD came to him?

A). Threshing wheat in a winepress B). Hiding in a cave C). Plowing with oxen
D). Watering sheep at a well

101. Complete what the angel said to Gideon: "The LORD is with you, mighty ___."

A). man B). servant C). warrior D). judge

102. Who was Gideon's father?

A). Kenaz B). Joash C). Abinoam D). Gera

103. When the LORD sent Gideon to save Israel, what reason did Gideon give for why he could not do it?

A). He was too old to fight B). He could not speak well C). He was only a child
D). His clan was the weakest in Manasseh and he was the least in his family

104. What happened when the angel touched Gideon's meat and bread with the tip of his staff?

A). Fire flared from the rock and burned up the meat and bread B). Rain fell from the sky
C). The angel ate the food D). The bread turned into stone

105. What did Gideon call the altar he built to the LORD in Ophrah?

A). The LORD Will Provide B). The LORD Is My Banner C). The LORD Is Peace
D). Ebenezer

106. What did the LORD tell Gideon to do to his father's altar to Baal?

A). Offer a sacrifice on it B). Tear it down and cut down the Asherah pole beside it
C). Cover it with gold D). Carry it away to Shiloh

107. Why did Gideon tear down the altar to Baal at night instead of in the daytime?

A). He wanted to hide it from the Midianites B). His servants only worked at night
C). The moon gave him a sign D). He was afraid of his family and the townspeople

108. Who said, "If Baal really is a god, he can defend himself when someone breaks down his altar"?

A). Joash B). Purah C). Heber D). Othniel

109. What name was Gideon given after he broke down Baal's altar?

A). Abimelek B). Baal-Berith C). Jerub-Baal D). Ben-Hadad

110. Where did the Midianites, Amalekites and other eastern peoples camp after crossing the Jordan?

A). The Valley of Elah B). The Valley of Jezreel C). The Valley of Aijalon
D). The Kidron Valley

111. What did Gideon do after the Spirit of the LORD came on him?

A). He built a second altar B). He went to talk with the Midianites
C). He hid in the winepress again D). He blew a trumpet, calling the Abiezrites to follow him

112. To which tribes did Gideon send messengers, calling them to battle?

A). Manasseh, Asher, Zebulun and Naphtali B). Judah, Simeon, Benjamin and Dan

C). Reuben, Gad, Levi and Issachar D). Ephraim, Benjamin, Judah and Dan

113. What sign did Gideon ask for the first time he put out the wool fleece?

A). The fleece dry and all the ground covered with dew B). Fire to come down on the fleece

C). Dew only on the fleece and all the ground dry D). The fleece to turn white as snow

114. What sign did Gideon ask for the second time he put out the fleece?

A). Dew only on the fleece and the ground dry

B). The fleece dry and the ground covered with dew C). Rain to fall only on the fleece

D). The fleece to burn without being burned up

115. Which order of events in Gideon's story is correct?

A). Gideon tears down Baal's altar → the angel appears → he is named Jerub-Baal → he builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace

B). Gideon is named Jerub-Baal → the angel appears → he tears down Baal's altar → he builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace

C). Gideon builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace → he is named Jerub-Baal → the angel appears → he tears down Baal's altar

D). The angel appears → Gideon builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace → Gideon tears down Baal's altar → he is named Jerub-Baal

Judges 7

116. Where did Gideon and his men camp before the battle with Midian?

A). At the Gihon Spring B). At the spring of En Gedi C). At the spring of Harod

D). At the well of Beersheba

117. Why did the LORD say Gideon had too many men?

A). Israel would boast that its own strength had saved it

B). There was not enough food for them C). The Midianites would run away

D). The camp was too small for them

118. Which men did Gideon first allow to go home?

A). Anyone who was too old B). Anyone from the tribe of Asher

C). Anyone who had no sword D). Anyone who trembled with fear

119. How many men left when Gideon told the fearful to go home?

A). Ten thousand B). Twenty-two thousand C). Twelve thousand

D). Twenty thousand

120. At the water, which men did the LORD choose to go with Gideon?

A). The men who knelt down to drink B). The men who did not drink at all

C). The men who lapped the water with their hands to their mouths

D). The men who drank from their helmets

121. How many men did the LORD say He would use to save Israel from Midian?

A). Three hundred B). Seven hundred C). One thousand D). Three thousand

122. Which servant went down with Gideon to the Midianite camp at night?

A). Jether B). Joash C). Abinoam D). Purah

123. Complete the verse: "Their camels could no more be counted than the ___ on the seashore."

A). stones B). sand C). shells D). waves

124. In the Midianite's dream, what came tumbling into the camp and knocked over a tent?

A). A large stone B). A wild bull C). A round loaf of barley bread

D). A great wave of water

125. What did the Midianite's friend say the dream meant?

A). It was the sword of Gideon, and God had given the Midianites into his hands

B). A great famine was coming to Midian C). Rain would soon fall on the camp

D). The king of Moab would help them win

126. What did Gideon do right after he heard the dream and what it meant?

A). He laughed and ran back to camp B). He attacked the Midianites alone

C). He went home to sleep D). He bowed down and worshiped

127. What did Gideon put in the hands of his three hundred men?

A). Swords and shields B). Trumpets and empty jars with torches inside

C). Bows and arrows D). Slings and stones

128. Into how many companies did Gideon divide his three hundred men?

A). Two B). Seven C). Three D). Twelve

129. Complete the battle cry of Gideon's men: "A sword for the LORD and for ___!"

A). Gideon B). Israel C). Joash D). Judah

130. At what time did Gideon and his men reach the edge of the Midianite camp?

A). At sunrise B). At noon C). At sunset D). At the beginning of the middle watch

131. When the three hundred trumpets sounded, what did the LORD cause to happen in the Midianite camp?

A). Hailstones fell from the sky B). The men turned on each other with their swords

C). An earthquake swallowed the tents D). The sun stood still over the camp

132. Which tribe did Gideon call to seize the waters of the Jordan ahead of the Midianites?

A). The Danites B). The Reubenites C). The Ephraimites D). The Benjamites

133. Which two Midianite leaders did the Ephraimites capture?

A). Oreb and Zeeb B). Zebah and Zalmunna C). Sisera and Jabin D). Og and Sihon

134. Where was the Midianite leader Oreb killed?

A). At the spring of Harod B). At the hill of Moreh C). At Beth Barah
D). At the rock of Oreb

135. Which order of events in Judges 7 is correct?

A). The water test → fearful men go home → trumpets and jars → Gideon hears the dream
B). Fearful men go home → the water test → Gideon hears the dream → trumpets and jars
C). Gideon hears the dream → fearful men go home → the water test → trumpets and jars
D). Trumpets and jars → Gideon hears the dream → the water test → fearful men go home

Judges 8

136. Which tribe sharply criticized Gideon for not calling them when he went to fight Midian?

A). The Danites B). The Benjamites C). The Reubenites D). The Ephraimites

137. How did Gideon calm the anger of the Ephraimites?

A). He gave them gold from the plunder
B). He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb
C). He threatened to fight them D). He made their leader a judge

138. What did Gideon ask the men of Sukkoth to give his tired troops?

A). Swords B). Camels C). Bread D). A place to sleep

139. Which two Midianite kings was Gideon chasing when he crossed the Jordan?

A). Zebah and Zalmunna B). Oreb and Zeeb C). Sisera and Jabin D). Og and Sihon

140. How did Gideon punish the officials of Sukkoth for refusing to help him?

A). He burned their city B). He sold them as slaves C). He made them pay him gold
D). He punished them with desert thorns and briers

141. After Sukkoth refused, which other town did Gideon ask for bread, and received the same answer?

A). Karkor B). Peniel C). Ophrah D). Shechem

142. What did Gideon tear down in Peniel when he returned?

A). The altar B). The city gate C). The tower D). The well

143. A young man of Sukkoth wrote down the names of Sukkoth's officials and elders for Gideon. How many were there?

A). Seventy-seven B). Seventy C). Twelve D). Three hundred

144. Which of Gideon's sons was told to kill Zebah and Zalmunna but was afraid to do it?

A). Abimelek B). Purah C). Joash D). Jether

145. Why did Gideon say he would not spare Zebah and Zalmunna?

A). They had stolen his gold

B). They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor

C). They had insulted his father D). They had burned Ophrah

146. After the victory over Midian, what did the Israelites ask Gideon to do?

A). Build an altar at Shiloh B). Lead them against Moab

C). Rule over them, and his son and grandson after him

D). Give them the gold from the plunder

147. Complete what Gideon said: "I will not rule over you, nor will my son rule over you. The ___ will rule over you."

A). LORD B). elders C). priests D). judges

148. What did Gideon ask each Israelite to give him from their share of the plunder?

A). A sword B). A sheep C). A silver coin D). An earring

149. What did Gideon make from the gold he collected?

A). A golden calf B). An ephod C). An altar D). A crown

150. What happened because of the ephod Gideon placed in Ophrah?

A). The Midianites captured it B). It was placed inside the ark

C). Israel worshiped it, and it became a snare to Gideon and his family

D). It was used to choose Israel's first king

151. After Midian was subdued, how long did the land have peace during Gideon's lifetime?

A). Forty years B). Eighty years C). Twenty years D). Seven years

152. How many sons of his own did Gideon have?

A). Thirty B). Forty C). Twelve D). Seventy

153. What was the name of the son born to Gideon's concubine in Shechem?

A). Jether B). Abimelek C). Purah D). Gaal

154. Where was Gideon buried?

A). In Shechem B). In Shiloh C). In the tomb of his father Joash in Ophrah

D). At Timnath Heres

155. After Gideon died, which god did the Israelites set up as their god?

A). Baal-Berith B). Dagon C). Molek D). Chemosh

156. How did the Israelites treat Gideon's family after his death?

A). They made his son Jether their king B). They gave his family the land of Midian

C). They built a tomb for each of his sons

D). They failed to show kindness to his family for all the good he had done

Judges 9

157. Where did Abimelek go to ask his mother's brothers for support?

A). Shechem B). Ophrah C). Shiloh D). Hebron

158. What did the citizens of Shechem give Abimelek to hire men to follow him?

A). Seventy shekels of gold from Gideon's treasure B). Seven hundred sheep

C). Seventy shekels of silver from the temple of Baal-Berith D). Seventy chariots

159. How many brothers does Judges 9:5 say Abimelek murdered on one stone at Ophrah?

A). Twelve B). Seventy C). Forty D). Thirty

160. Which son of Gideon (Jerub-Baal) escaped by hiding when Abimelek killed his brothers?

A). Jether B). Gaal C). Zebul D). Jotham

161. From the top of which mountain did Jotham shout his story to the people of Shechem?

A). Mount Gerizim B). Mount Ebal C). Mount Tabor D). Mount Zalmon

162. In Jotham's story, which tree did the trees ask first to be their king?

A). The fig tree B). The vine C). The olive tree D). The cedar

163. In Jotham's story, which plant finally agreed to be king over the trees?

A). The olive tree B). The thornbush C). The fig tree D). The vine

164. Complete what the thornbush said: "Let fire come out of the thornbush and consume the ___ of Lebanon!"

A). oaks B). forests C). mountains D). cedars

165. In Jotham's story, whom did the thornbush represent?

A). Abimelek B). Jotham C). Gideon D). Gaal

166. Where did Jotham flee and live because he was afraid of Abimelek?

A). Shechem B). Ophrah C). Beer D). Thebez

167. How long did Abimelek govern Israel?

A). Seven years B). Three years C). Forty years D). Ten years

168. Why did God stir up trouble between Abimelek and the citizens of Shechem?

A). To make Gaal king of Israel B). Because Shechem began worshiping Dagon
C). To bring Midian back into the land
D). So the crime against Jerub-Baal's seventy sons would be avenged

169. Who moved into Shechem and won the trust of its citizens against Abimelek?

A). Gaal son of Ebed B). Zebul C). Jotham D). Purah

170. Who was the governor of Shechem who secretly warned Abimelek about Gaal?

A). Gaal B). Jether C). Zebul D). Hamor

171. Complete what Zebul said to Gaal: "You mistake the ___ of the mountains for men."

A). trees B). shadows C). rocks D). clouds

172. After Abimelek captured Shechem and destroyed it, what did he scatter over it?

A). Ashes B). Seeds C). Stones D). Salt

173. How did Abimelek attack the people hiding in the stronghold of the temple of El-Berith?

A). He piled branches against it and set it on fire B). He flooded it with water
C). He broke down its walls with rams D). He starved them for many months

174. From which mountain did Abimelek and his men cut branches to burn the stronghold?

A). Mount Gerizim B). Mount Tabor C). Mount Zalmon D). Mount Carmel

175. Which town was Abimelek attacking when he was fatally wounded?

A). Shechem B). Thebez C). Ophrah D). Beer

176. What did a woman drop on Abimelek's head from the tower at Thebez?

A). A tent peg B). A large pot C). A burning torch D). An upper millstone

177. Why did Abimelek ask his armor-bearer to kill him?

A). So no one could say, "A woman killed him" B). He was afraid of Jotham
C). He wanted to die before Gaal came D). He had lost the battle at Shechem

178. How does Judges 9 explain the deaths of Abimelek and the downfall of Shechem?

A). Abimelek's son became king in his place B). Shechem made peace with the Midianites
C). God repaid Abimelek for murdering his brothers, and Jotham's curse came on Shechem
D). Gideon's ephod was destroyed in the fire

Judges 10

179. Who rose to save Israel after the time of Abimelek?

A). Jair B). Jephthah C). Tola D). Ibzan

180. The judge Tola came from which tribe?

A). Ephraim B). Judah C). Dan D). Issachar

181. How many years did Tola lead Israel?

A). Twenty-three B). Forty C). Seven D). Eighteen

182. Who led Israel after Tola?

A). Jephthah of Gilead B). Jair of Gilead C). Ibzan of Bethlehem
D). Elon the Zebulunite

183. How many sons did Jair have, each riding his own donkey?

A). Seventy B). Twelve C). Thirty D). Forty

184. What were the thirty towns in Gilead controlled by Jair's sons called?

A). Beth Millo B). Kiriath Arba C). Hormah D). Havvoth Jair

185. When Israel again served the Baals and other gods, into whose hands did the LORD sell them?

A). The Philistines and the Ammonites B). The Midianites and the Amalekites
C). The Moabites and the Edomites D). The Egyptians and the Hittites

186. For how many years did the Philistines and Ammonites shatter and crush the Israelites in Gilead?

A). Seven B). Eighteen C). Twenty D). Forty

187. Complete Israel's cry to the LORD: "We have sinned against you, forsaking our God and serving the ___."

A). idols B). nations C). Baals D). Philistines

188. When Israel first cried out, what did the LORD tell them?

A). I will save you right away B). Build me a temple first C). Wait forty more years
D). Go and cry out to the gods you have chosen and let them save you

189. What did the Israelites do to show they had truly turned back to the LORD?

A). They got rid of the foreign gods and served the LORD B). They offered a thousand bulls
C). They went up to Shiloh D). They chose a king

190. Complete the verse: "And he could bear Israel's ___ no longer."

A). sin B). misery C). anger D). pride

191. When the Ammonites camped in Gilead, where did the Israelites gather and camp?

A). Shiloh B). Gilgal C). Mizpah D). Bethel

192. What did the leaders of Gilead promise to the man who would lead the attack against the Ammonites?

A). He would marry the king's daughter B). He would receive a thousand shekels of silver
C). He would become the high priest D). He would be head of all who live in Gilead

Judges 11

193. Jephthah the Gileadite was a mighty warrior. What was his father's name?

A). Joash B). Gilead C). Jair D). Tola

194. Why did Gilead's other sons drive Jephthah away?

A). He was lazy and refused to work B). He had stolen from their father
C). He was the son of another woman, so they would not let him share the family inheritance
D). He worshiped Baal

195. Where did Jephthah settle after his brothers drove him away?

A). The land of Moab B). The land of Midian C). The land of the Hittites
D). The land of Tob

196. When the Ammonites attacked Israel, who went to bring Jephthah back to be their commander?

A). The elders of Gilead B). His brothers C). The king of Ammon
D). The priests of Shiloh

197. Complete what Jephthah said to the elders: "Why do you come to me now, when you're in ___?"

A). sorrow B). trouble C). darkness D). battle

198. Where did Jephthah repeat all his words before the LORD after the people made him their head and commander?

A). Shiloh B). Ramah C). Mizpah D). Tob

199. What complaint did the king of the Ammonites make against Israel?

A). Israel had killed his son B). Israel had stolen his gold
C). Israel had destroyed the temple of Chemosh
D). Israel took his land from the Arnon to the Jabbok when they came up out of Egypt

200. In Jephthah's message, which Amorite king did the LORD give into Israel's hands when he refused to let Israel pass?

A). Sihon B). Og C). Balak D). Eglon

201. Which god did Jephthah name when he spoke to the king of the Ammonites?

A). Dagon B). Chemosh C). Baal-Berith D). Ashtoreth

202. According to Jephthah, for how long had Israel occupied Heshbon, Aroer and the surrounding land?

A). Forty years B). Four hundred eighty years C). Three hundred years
D). Seventy years

203. Complete what Jephthah said: "Let the LORD, the ___, decide the dispute this day between the Israelites and the Ammonites."

A). King B). Warrior C). Shepherd D). Judge

204. What vow did Jephthah make to the LORD before fighting the Ammonites?

A). Whatever came out of his door to meet him when he returned would be the LORD's, as a burnt offering
B). He would build a temple for the LORD C). He would give a tenth of the plunder
D). He would never cut his hair

205. How many Ammonite towns did Jephthah devastate from Aroer to Minnith?

A). Seventy B). Twenty C). Thirty D). Seven

206. Who came out to meet Jephthah when he returned home to Mizpah?

A). His wife B). His son C). His daughter D). His servant

207. What was Jephthah's daughter doing when she came out to meet him?

A). Carrying a basket of bread B). Leading a flock of sheep C). Waving palm branches
D). Dancing to the sound of timbrels

208. What does the Bible say about Jephthah's daughter and his family?

A). She was his only child B). She had seven brothers
C). She was the youngest of twelve children D). She had a twin brother

209. Why did Jephthah tear his clothes when he saw his daughter?

A). He had lost the battle B). He had made a vow to the LORD that he could not break
C). His daughter was very sick D). The Ammonites had burned his house

210. How did Jephthah's daughter respond when she heard about his vow?

A). She ran away to the land of Tob B). She asked the elders to cancel the vow
C). She told him to do to her just as he had promised the LORD
D). She blamed the people of Gilead

211. What did Jephthah's daughter ask for before the vow was carried out?

A). Seven days to pray at Shiloh B). One year to live with her mother
C). Forty days to fast D). Two months to roam the hills and weep with her friends

212. What custom began in Israel because of Jephthah's daughter?

A). Each year the young women of Israel went out for four days to commemorate her
B). A feast was held at Shiloh every spring C). A stone pillar was set up at Mizpah
D). A town was named after her

Judges 12

213. After the victory over Ammon, what did the Ephraimites threaten to do to Jephthah?

A). Take away all his cattle B). Make him their slave
C). Drive him back to the land of Tob D). Burn down his house over his head

214. How did Jephthah answer the Ephraimites' complaint?

A). He said he had called them, but they did not save him
B). He apologized and gave them gold C). He said God had told him not to call them
D). He said they lived too far away to call

215. What did the Gileadites capture to stop the Ephraimites from escaping home?

A). The gates of Mizpah B). The walls of Shechem C). The fords of the Jordan
D). The wells of Beersheba

216. Complete the test the Gileadites gave at the Jordan: "All right, say '___.'"

A). Sibboleth B). Shibboleth C). Hallelujah D). Ebenezer

217. How did the Gileadites know that a man at the fords was an Ephraimite?

A). He wore Ephraimite clothes B). He carried Ephraim's banner
C). He had no sword with him
D). He said "Sibboleth" because he could not pronounce the word correctly

218. How many Ephraimites were killed at that time?

A). Forty-two thousand B). Twenty-two thousand C). Ten thousand
D). One hundred twenty thousand

219. How many years did Jephthah lead Israel?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Six D). Eight

220. What does the Bible say about the children of Ibzan of Bethlehem?

A). He had forty sons and thirty grandsons B). He had thirty sons and thirty daughters
C). He had seventy sons D). He had twelve sons and twelve daughters

221. Elon, who led Israel ten years, was from which tribe?

A). Naphtali B). Issachar C). Asher D). Zebulun

222. Which description fits the family of Abdon son of Hillel?

A). Forty sons and thirty grandsons who rode on seventy donkeys
B). Thirty sons and thirty daughters C). Thirty sons who rode thirty donkeys
D). Seventy sons from many wives

223. In what order did these judges lead Israel?

A). Ibzan, Jephthah, Abdon, Elon B). Elon, Abdon, Jephthah, Ibzan
C). Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon D). Abdon, Elon, Ibzan, Jephthah

Judges 13

224. When Israel did evil again, for how many years did the LORD deliver them into the hands of the Philistines?

A). Forty B). Twenty C). Eighteen D). Seven

225. What was the name of Samson's father?

A). Elkanah B). Zechariah C). Joash D). Manoah

226. In which town did Manoah live?

A). Bethlehem B). Zorah C). Ophrah D). Mizpah

227. Manoah belonged to the clan of which tribe?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Dan D). Ephraim

228. What did the angel of the LORD tell Manoah's wife to be careful about before her son was born?

A). To drink no wine or other fermented drink and eat nothing unclean
B). To eat only bread and water C). To stay inside her house for nine months
D). To go to Shiloh every month

229. What did the angel say must never be used on the boy's head?

A). Oil B). A crown C). A helmet D). A razor

230. Complete the verse: "The boy is to be a ___, dedicated to God from the womb."

A). Levite B). Nazirite C). prophet D). priest

231. What did the angel say the boy would do for Israel?

A). Become the first king of Israel B). Build a temple for the LORD
C). Take the lead in delivering Israel from the Philistines D). Serve as high priest in Shiloh

232. What did Manoah pray for after his wife told him about the angel?

A). That the man of God would come again to teach them how to bring up the boy
B). That God would give them twins C). That God would make them rich
D). That God would send a sign with a fleece

233. Where was Manoah's wife when the angel of God came to her the second time?

A). At the well B). At the altar C). On the roof D). Out in the field

234. When Manoah offered to prepare a young goat for the angel, what did the angel say?

A). He would gladly eat the young goat
B). He would not eat, but they could offer a burnt offering to the LORD
C). He would take the goat with him to heaven D). He asked for bread instead of meat

235. When Manoah asked the angel his name, the angel replied: "Why do you ask my name? It is beyond ___."

A). counting B). reach C). understanding D). telling

236. What did the angel of the LORD do as the flame blazed up from the altar?

A). He went up in the flame B). He disappeared into a cloud

C). He walked away down the road D). He turned into a dove

237. Manoah said, "We are doomed to die!" How did his wife answer him?

A). They had not really seen the angel's face

B). The angel had promised they would live long

C). The priest had told them they were safe

D). If the LORD meant to kill them, He would not have accepted their burnt offering or shown them these things

238. What name did Manoah's wife give to her son?

A). Samuel B). Samson C). Jether D). Jotham

239. Where did the Spirit of the LORD begin to stir Samson?

A). In Mizpah B). In Shiloh C). In Mahaneh Dan, between Zorah and Eshtaol

D). In Timnah

Judges 14

240. Where did Samson see the young Philistine woman he wanted to marry?

A). Gaza B). Zorah C). Timnah D). Ashkelon

241. Why did Samson's parents not want him to marry the woman from Timnah?

A). She was too young

B). She was from the uncircumcised Philistines, not from their own people

C). She was very poor D). She lived too far away

242. What did Samson's parents not know about his wish to marry the Philistine woman?

A). The woman was secretly an Israelite

B). The marriage would bring peace with the Philistines

C). Samson had already married her

D). It was from the LORD, who was looking for a chance to confront the Philistines

243. What animal came roaring toward Samson near the vineyards of Timnah?

A). A young lion B). A bear C). A leopard D). A wolf

244. Whom did Samson tell about killing the lion?

A). Only his mother B). Only his father C). No one — not even his father or mother

D). The Philistine woman

245. When Samson went back to look at the lion's carcass, what did he find in it?

A). A nest of birds B). A swarm of bees and some honey C). A bag of silver

D). A sleeping lamb

246. When Samson gave some honey to his parents, what did he not tell them?

A). That it came from Timnah B). That he had bought it with silver
C). That the bees had stung him D). That he had taken it from the lion's carcass

247. How many companions were given to Samson at his wedding feast?

A). Thirty B). Twelve C). Seventy D). Three hundred

248. What did Samson promise the thirty companions if they could explain his riddle?

A). Thirty shekels of silver B). Thirty sheep and goats
C). Thirty linen garments and thirty sets of clothes D). A gold ring for each man

249. Complete Samson's riddle: "Out of the eater, something to eat; out of the strong, something ___."

A). strong B). sweet C). bright D). wise

250. Within how many days did the companions have to solve Samson's riddle?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). One month D). Seven days

251. How did the companions pressure Samson's wife to find out the answer to the riddle?

A). They threatened to burn her and her father's household to death
B). They offered her a lot of gold C). They told her Samson would leave her
D). They promised to make her a queen

252. What answer did the men of the town give to Samson's riddle?

A). "A bear in the forest" B). "A bee on a flower"
C). "What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?" D). "Bread from the oven"

253. Complete what Samson said: "If you had not plowed with my ___, you would not have solved my riddle."

A). donkey B). heifer C). ox D). sheep

254. To which city did Samson go to strike down thirty men and take their clothes to pay the riddle debt?

A). Gaza B). Timnah C). Ekron D). Ashkelon

255. What happened to Samson's wife after he went back to his father's home in anger?

A). She was given to one of Samson's companions from the feast
B). She followed Samson to Zorah C). She became a servant in Gaza
D). She stayed unmarried in her father's house

Judges 15

256. At what time of year did Samson take a young goat and go to visit his wife?

A). At the time of barley harvest B). At the time of wheat harvest
C). At the time of grape harvest D). In the middle of winter

257. Why would his wife's father not let Samson go in to see her?

A). She had died while Samson was away B). She had moved to Gaza
C). She refused to see Samson
D). He had given her to Samson's companion, and offered her younger sister instead

258. How many foxes did Samson catch?

A). Thirty B). One thousand C). Three hundred D). Seventy

259. What did Samson use the foxes to do?

A). Set fire to the Philistines' grain, vineyards and olive groves
B). Frighten away the Philistine army C). Carry messages to the men of Judah
D). Guard the vineyards of Timnah

260. When the Philistines found out why Samson burned their fields, what did they do?

A). They burned the town of Zorah B). They burned his wife and her father to death
C). They captured Samson's father Manoah D). They made peace with Samson

261. Where did Samson go and stay after he attacked the Philistines?

A). In the cave of Adullam B). On top of Mount Gerizim C). In the tower of Thebez
D). In a cave in the rock of Etam

262. Who came to the rock of Etam to tie Samson up and hand him over to the Philistines?

A). The men of Dan B). The Ephraimites C). Three thousand men of Judah
D). The Philistine army

263. Why did the men of Judah want to hand Samson over to the Philistines?

A). The Philistines were rulers over them, and Samson's actions brought trouble on them
B). Samson had stolen from Judah C). The priests commanded them to
D). The Philistines offered them a large reward

264. With what did the men of Judah tie Samson up?

A). Iron chains B). Two new ropes C). Seven fresh bowstrings D). Leather straps

265. Complete the verse: "The ropes on his arms became like charred ___, and the bindings dropped from his hands."

A). straw B). grass C). thread D). flax

266. What did Samson use to strike down the Philistines at Lehi?

A). An ox goad B). A wooden club C). The fresh jawbone of a donkey
D). A bronze spear

267. How many men did Samson strike down with the donkey's jawbone?

A). A thousand B). Three hundred C). Six hundred D). Three thousand

268. After Samson threw away the jawbone, what was that place called?

A). En Hakkore B). Ramath Lehi C). Mahaneh Dan D). Beth Shemesh

269. After the great victory, Samson was very thirsty. What did he do?

A). He went down to the Jordan River B). He asked the men of Judah for water
C). He dug a well with the jawbone D). He cried out to the LORD

270. What was the spring called that God opened up for Samson at Lehi?

A). Ramath Lehi B). The spring of Harod C). En Hakkore D). Beer

271. How long did Samson lead Israel?

A). Twenty years B). Forty years C). Seven years D). Eight years

Judges 16

272. When the people of Gaza waited to kill Samson at the city gate, what did he do in the middle of the night?

A). He climbed over the city wall B). He hid inside a well
C). He fought all the guards at the gate
D). He tore loose the doors of the city gate with the two posts and carried them away

273. Where did Samson carry the doors of the Gaza city gate?

A). To the top of Mount Gerizim B). To the top of Mount Tabor
C). To the top of the hill that faces Hebron D). To the hill of Moreh

274. In which valley did Delilah live?

A). The Valley of Sorek B). The Valley of Jezreel C). The Valley of Elah
D). The Valley of Aijalon

275. What was the name of the woman the Philistine rulers paid to find out Samson's secret?

A). Jael B). Delilah C). Deborah D). Aksah

276. How much did each Philistine ruler promise to give Delilah?

A). Thirty pieces of silver B). A thousand shekels of gold C). Seventy shekels of silver
D). Eleven hundred shekels of silver

277. What did Delilah keep asking Samson to tell her?

A). Where his parents lived B). The answer to his riddle
C). The secret of his great strength D). Where he hid the gate of Gaza

278. The first time Delilah asked, what did Samson say could be used to tie him up so he would become weak?

A). Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried B). Iron chains C). Leather straps
D). Bronze shackles

279. In what order did Samson give Delilah these answers?

A). New ropes → fresh bowstrings → shaving his head → weaving his hair on the loom

B). Fresh bowstrings → new ropes → weaving his hair on the loom → shaving his head

C). Weaving his hair on the loom → new ropes → fresh bowstrings → shaving his head

D). Shaving his head → weaving his hair on the loom → fresh bowstrings → new ropes

280. The third time, what did Samson tell Delilah to do with the seven braids of his hair?

A). Tie them to a tree B). Cover them with oil C). Cut them off with a knife

D). Weave them into the fabric on the loom and tighten it with the pin

281. Complete what Delilah said: "How can you say, 'I love you,' when you won't ___ in me?"

A). listen B). obey C). confide D). pray

282. What did Samson finally tell Delilah was the secret of his strength?

A). If his head were shaved, his strength would leave him

B). If he drank wine, his strength would leave him

C). If he were tied with gold chains, he would be weak

D). If he touched a dead body, he would be weak

283. How was Samson's hair cut off?

A). The Philistines cut it while he was awake

B). Delilah put him to sleep on her lap and called someone to shave off his seven braids

C). Delilah gave him wine and cut it herself D). He was taken to a barber in Gaza

284. Complete the verse: "But he did not know that the ___ had left him."

A). Philistines B). servants C). guards D). LORD

285. What did the Philistines do to Samson after they seized him?

A). They cut off his thumbs B). They shaved his head again

C). They gouged out his eyes D). They branded his arm

286. What work did the Philistines force Samson to do in the prison at Gaza?

A). Grinding grain B). Making bricks C). Carrying water D). Building the temple

287. What began to happen to Samson while he was in prison?

A). His eyes were healed B). The hair on his head began to grow again

C). His shackles broke by themselves D). He escaped at night

288. To which god did the Philistine rulers offer a great sacrifice after capturing Samson?

A). Baal B). Chemosh C). Molek D). Dagon

289. What did Samson ask the servant who held his hand to do?

A). Bring him a sword B). Give him some water

C). Put him where he could feel the pillars that supported the temple

D). Take him to see Delilah

290. About how many men and women were on the roof of the temple watching Samson?

A). About three thousand B). About three hundred C). About thirty

D). About thirty thousand

291. Complete Samson's prayer: "Sovereign LORD, ___ me. Please, God, strengthen me just once more."

A). forgive B). remember C). save D). bless

292. What does the Bible say about the number of people Samson killed when the temple fell?

A). Only the Philistine rulers died B). All the Philistines escaped

C). He killed fewer than at Lehi D). He killed many more when he died than while he lived

293. Where was Samson buried?

A). In Gaza B). In Timnah

C). Between Zorah and Eshtaol in the tomb of his father Manoah D). At Lehi

Judges 17

294. Where did the man named Micah live?

A). In the hill country of Ephraim B). In Bethlehem in Judah C). In Gaza

D). In Zorah

295. What did Micah confess to his mother that he had taken?

A). Seventy shekels of gold B). Eleven hundred shekels of silver

C). Thirty linen garments D). A golden ephod

296. What did Micah's mother say when he admitted taking her silver?

A). She cursed him again B). She asked him to pay back double

C). "The LORD bless you, my son!" D). She sent him away from home

297. How many shekels of silver did Micah's mother give to a silversmith to make the idol?

A). Eleven hundred B). Ten C). Seventy D). Two hundred

298. Besides the idol, what did Micah have in his house?

A). A copy of the ark of the covenant B). A golden lampstand

C). A shrine, an ephod and some household gods D). A bronze altar

299. Complete the verse: "In those days Israel had no ___; everyone did as they saw fit."

A). judge B). priest C). law D). king

300. Who came to Micah's house looking for a place to stay?

A). A prophet from Shiloh B). A young Levite from Bethlehem in Judah
C). A Philistine from Gaza D). A Danite from Zorah

301. What did Micah offer to pay the Levite to be his priest?

A). Ten shekels of silver a year, plus his clothes and food
B). A hundred shekels of silver a year C). A field and a house D). His daughter as a wife

302. Why did Micah believe the LORD would be good to him?

A). Because he had returned his mother's silver B). Because he had built an altar at Shiloh
C). Because a prophet had blessed him D). Because a Levite had become his priest

303. Before the Levite came, whom had Micah installed as his priest?

A). His mother B). One of his sons C). The silversmith D). His servant

Judges 18

304. Why was the tribe of Dan looking for a place to settle?

A). A famine had struck their land
B). They had not yet come into an inheritance of their own C). God told them to leave Zorah
D). Their cities had been burned by fire

305. How many warriors did the Danites send from Zorah and Eshtaol to spy out the land?

A). Five B). Twelve C). Three hundred D). Two

306. When the five spies stopped at Micah's house, what did they recognize?

A). Micah's idol from the road B). Micah himself from long ago
C). A sign from God on the door D). The voice of the young Levite

307. When the spies asked the Levite to inquire of God about their journey, what did he answer?

A). "Turn back, for the LORD is not with you." B). "Wait here for seven days."
C). "Go in peace. Your journey has the LORD's approval." D). "Take Micah with you."

308. Which city did the five Danite spies find living in peace and safety?

A). Gaza B). Laish C). Hebron D). Shechem

309. How did the people of Laish live, according to the spies?

A). In safety, at peace and secure, like the Sidonians B). With a great army ready for battle
C). Behind very high walls D). Under the rule of the Philistines

310. How many armed Danite men set out from Zorah and Eshtaol to take Laish?

A). Three hundred B). One thousand C). Forty thousand D). Six hundred

311. The place where the Danites camped near Kiriath Jearim in Judah came to be called what?

A). Ramath Lehi B). Beth Millo C). Mahaneh Dan D). Havvoth Jair

312. What did the Danites take from Micah's house?

A). His silver and cattle B). His idol, ephod and household gods
C). His sons and servants D). His grain and wine

313. How did the Danites persuade Micah's priest to go with them?

A). They said it was better to be priest for a tribe and clan than for one man's household
B). They promised him a thousand shekels of silver C). They promised to make him king
D). They said God had commanded it

314. Complete what Micah said to the Danites: "You took the ___ I made, and my priest, and went away. What else do I have?"

A). bread B). fields C). sheep D). gods

315. Why did Micah turn around and go back home?

A). The priest begged him to go home B). God told him in a dream
C). He saw that the Danites were too strong for him D). The Danites gave back his silver

316. Why was there no one to rescue the people of Laish?

A). Their walls had fallen down
B). They lived a long way from Sidon and had no relationship with anyone else
C). Their king had betrayed them D). A famine had weakened them

317. What new name did the Danites give to the city of Laish?

A). Dan B). Zorah C). Eshtaol D). Shiloh

318. Who became priest for the tribe of Dan along with his sons?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar B). Eli C). Samuel
D). Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

319. The Danites used Micah's idol all the time the house of God was in which place?

A). Jerusalem B). Gilgal C). Shiloh D). Hebron

Judges 19

320. A Levite from the hill country of Ephraim took a concubine. Where was she from?

A). Gibeah in Benjamin B). Shiloh C). Bethlehem in Judah D). Jebus

321. After his concubine went back to her father's house, how long was it before the Levite went to bring her back?

A). Four months B). Seven days C). One year D). Forty days

322. At first, how long did the woman's father persuade the Levite to stay with him?

A). Seven days B). One month C). Forty days D). Three days

323. As the Levite traveled home, he came near Jebus. What is Jebus also known as?

A). Laish B). Jerusalem C). Luz D). Kiriath Arba

324. Why did the Levite refuse to spend the night in Jebus?

A). Its people were not Israelites B). The Philistines ruled it C). The city was too small
D). There was no water there

325. In which town did the Levite and his group arrive as the sun was setting?

A). Bethel B). Shechem C). Gibeah in Benjamin D). Mizpah

326. What happened when the Levite and his group went into Gibeah?

A). The elders welcomed them at the gate
B). No one took them in for the night, so they sat in the city square C). They stayed at an inn
D). They camped outside the city walls

327. Who finally welcomed the Levite into his house in Gibeah?

A). The priest of Gibeah B). One of the city's elders C). A merchant from Jebus
D). An old man from the hill country of Ephraim who was living there

328. Into how many parts did the Levite divide his concubine's body and send them throughout Israel?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Twelve D). Three

329. How did the people of Israel react to what the Levite sent?

A). They said nothing like this had happened since Israel came out of Egypt, and something must be done
B). They celebrated in the streets C). They blamed the Levite and sent him away
D). They ignored it and went home

Judges 20

330. Where did all Israel assemble as one before the LORD after hearing what happened at Gibeah?

A). Shiloh B). Gilgal C). Shechem D). Mizpah

331. Complete the verse: "All Israel from ___ to Beersheba and from the land of Gilead came together as one."

A). Judah B). Dan C). Jericho D). Shiloh

332. How many soldiers armed with swords gathered from the tribes of Israel?

A). Four hundred thousand B). Forty thousand C). Twenty-six thousand
D). Six hundred thousand

333. What did Israel ask the tribe of Benjamin to do?

A). Pay a thousand shekels of silver B). Leave the land of Israel
C). Surrender the wicked men of Gibeah so they could be put to death
D). Give up their best land

334. What was special about the seven hundred select troops of Benjamin?

A). They could run faster than horses B). They had chariots fitted with iron
C). They were all descendants of Anak
D). They were left-handed and could sling a stone at a hair without missing

335. Where did the Israelites go to inquire of God about who should fight Benjamin first?

A). Shiloh B). Bethel C). Mizpah D). Gilgal

336. Which tribe did the LORD say should go up first against the Benjamites?

A). Judah B). Ephraim C). Dan D). Levi

337. How many Israelites did the Benjamites cut down on the first day of battle?

A). Ten thousand B). Twenty-five thousand one hundred C). Twenty-two thousand
D). Six hundred

338. After losing the second battle, what did all the Israelites do at Bethel?

A). They made a new idol B). They went back to their homes
C). They asked the Philistines for help
D). They wept, fasted until evening, and offered burnt offerings and fellowship offerings

339. According to Judges 20, what was at Bethel in those days?

A). Micah's idol B). The ark of the covenant of God C). Gideon's ephod
D). The bronze snake

340. Who was ministering before the ark of the covenant at that time?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron B). Eli C). Jonathan son of Gershom
D). Samuel

341. The third time Israel asked whether to fight Benjamin, what did the LORD answer?

A). "Do not go up against your brothers." B). "Make peace with Benjamin."
C). "Go, for tomorrow I will give them into your hands." D). "Wait seven more days."

342. What did Israel set around Gibeah before the third battle?

A). A siege tower B). A ring of fire C). A deep trench D). An ambush

343. What was the signal for the ambush at Gibeah?

A). A loud trumpet blast B). A great cloud of smoke rising from the city
C). Arrows shot with fire D). A flag raised on the hill

344. Where did six hundred Benjamites flee and stay for four months?

A). The rock of Rimmon B). The cave of Adullam C). Mount Gilboa
D). The rock of Etam

345. What happened in Israel's three battles against Benjamin?

A). Israel won all three battles B). Israel won the first battle and lost the other two
C). Israel lost the first two battles and won the third
D). Israel lost the first battle, won the second, and lost the third

Judges 21

346. What oath had the men of Israel taken at Mizpah?

A). Not one of them would give his daughter in marriage to a Benjamite
B). They would never enter Gibeah again C). They would never fight another war
D). They would not eat with any Benjamite

347. When the Israelites wept bitterly before God at Bethel, what was troubling them?

A). They had lost a battle to the Philistines B). The ark had been taken away
C). One tribe was missing from Israel D). There was a famine in the land

348. What second oath had Israel taken about anyone who did not come to the assembly at Mizpah?

A). They would lose their land B). They would pay a fine of silver
C). They would be sent to Moab D). They would certainly be put to death

349. Which town had sent no one to the assembly at Mizpah?

A). Laish B). Jabesh Gilead C). Zorah D). Beersheba

350. How many fighting men did the assembly send to Jabesh Gilead?

A). Four hundred thousand B). Six hundred C). Twelve thousand
D). Three thousand

351. How many young unmarried women did they find in Jabesh Gilead?

A). Four hundred B). Six hundred C). Two hundred D). One thousand

352. Where did the Israelites bring the young women from Jabesh Gilead?

A). To Mizpah B). To the camp at Shiloh in Canaan C). To Bethel D). To Gibeah

353. What did the whole assembly send to the Benjamites at the rock of Rimmon?

A). A demand to surrender B). A final warning of war C). A gift of gold
D). An offer of peace

354. What event did the elders remember was held every year in Shiloh?

A). The annual festival of the LORD B). A wedding feast for the tribes
C). The harvest market of Moab D). Passover at Gilgal

355. What did the elders tell the remaining Benjamites to do at the festival in Shiloh?

A). Ask the fathers of Shiloh for their daughters B). Pay a bride price in silver
C). Wait one more year
D). Hide in the vineyards and each seize a young woman who came out to dance, to be his wife

356. What did the Benjamites do after they found wives?

A). They moved to Egypt B). They joined the tribe of Dan

C). They returned to their inheritance and rebuilt their towns

D). They stayed at the rock of Rimmon

Answer Key

Judges

Chapters

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21

Judges 1

1. B) Joshua
2. A) Judah
3. C) The Simeonites
4. D) His thumbs and big toes
5. A) paid
6. B) Jerusalem
7. C) Hebron
8. D) His daughter Aksah in marriage
9. B) Othniel
10. A) Springs of water
11. D) The Kenites
12. C) Hormah
13. A) Gaza, Ashkelon and Ekron
14. B) The people had chariots fitted with iron
15. D) The three sons of Anak
16. C) The Jebusites
17. B) He and his whole family were spared
18. A) Luz
19. C) Pressed them into forced labor
20. D) The Danites

Judges 2

21. B) Bokim
22. A) Break them down
23. C) snares
24. D) They wept aloud and offered sacrifices
25. A) Throughout the lifetime of Joshua and the elders who outlived him
26. B) 110
27. D) Timnath Heres
28. C) They knew neither the LORD nor what He had done for Israel
29. B) Baal and the Ashtoreths
30. A) He gave them into the hands of raiders who plundered them
31. C) Judges
32. D) Because of Israel's groaning under those who oppressed them
33. A) They returned to ways even more corrupt than their ancestors
34. B) To test Israel and see if they would keep the way of the LORD
35. C) Israel serves Baals → enemies oppress Israel → God raises a judge → the judge dies and Israel turns away again

Judges 3

36. A) To teach warfare to Israelites who had no battle experience
37. B) They took their daughters in marriage and served their gods
38. C) Cushan-Rishathaim king of Aram Naharaim
39. D) Eight
40. A) Othniel
41. B) The Spirit of the LORD
42. C) Forty years
43. D) Eglon king of Moab
44. A) The City of Palms
45. B) Eighteen
46. C) Ehud
47. D) Strapped to his right thigh under his clothing
48. A) God
49. B) They thought the king was relieving himself
50. C) Seirah
51. D) He blew a trumpet
52. A) The fords of the Jordan
53. B) Eighty years
54. C) An ox goad
55. D) Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

Judges 4

56. A) Jabin king of Canaan
57. B) Hazor
58. C) Sisera

59. D) Nine hundred

60. B) Twenty

61. A) Deborah

62. D) Under the Palm of Deborah between Ramah and Bethel

63. C) Barak

64. A) Mount Tabor

65. B) Naphtali and Zebulun

66. C) The Kishon River

67. D) If you go with me, I will go; but if you don't go with me, I won't go

68. A) The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

69. C) He got down from his chariot and fled on foot

70. D) There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

71. B) Milk

72. C) A tent peg and a hammer

73. D) Heber the Kenite

74. A) LORD

75. B) God subdued him, and Israel grew stronger against him until they destroyed him

Judges 5

76. B) Deborah and Barak

77. D) praise

78. A) mother

79. C) The highways were abandoned and travelers took winding paths

80. B) A shield or spear

81. D) Stayed among the sheep pens

82. A) Dan

83. C) Zebulun and Naphtali

84. B) stars

85. D) The Kishon

86. A) At Taanach, by the waters of Megiddo

87. C) Its people did not come to help the LORD against the mighty

88. B) Jael

89. D) A bowl fit for nobles

90. A) Sisera's mother

91. C) sun

92. A) Forty years

93. B) Edom

Judges 6

94. B) The Midianites

95. D) Seven

96. A) Shelters in mountain clefts, caves and strongholds

97. C) locusts

98. B) The LORD told them not to worship the gods of the Amorites, but they had not listened

99. D) Ophrah

100. A) Threshing wheat in a winepress

101. C) warrior

102. B) Joash

103. D) His clan was the weakest in Manasseh and he was the least in his family

104. A) Fire flared from the rock and burned up the meat and bread

105. C) The LORD Is Peace

106. B) Tear it down and cut down the Asherah pole beside it

107. D) He was afraid of his family and the townspeople

108. A) Joash

109. C) Jerub-Baal

110. B) The Valley of Jezreel

111. D) He blew a trumpet, calling the Abiezrites to follow him

112. A) Manasseh, Asher, Zebulun and Naphtali

113. C) Dew only on the fleece and all the ground dry

114. B) The fleece dry and the ground covered with dew

115. D) The angel appears → Gideon builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace → Gideon tears down Baal's altar → he is named Jerub-Baal

Judges 7

116. C) At the spring of Harod

117. A) Israel would boast that its own strength had saved it

118. D) Anyone who trembled with fear

119. B) Twenty-two thousand

120. C) The men who lapped the water with their hands to their mouths

121. A) Three hundred

122. D) Purah

123. B) sand

124. C) A round loaf of barley bread

125. A) It was the sword of Gideon, and God had given the Midianites into his hands

126. D) He bowed down and worshiped

127. B) Trumpets and empty jars with torches inside

128. C) Three

129. A) Gideon

130. D) At the beginning of the middle watch

131. B) The men turned on each other with their swords

132. C) The Ephraimites

133. A) Oreb and Zeeb

134. D) At the rock of Oreb

135. B) Fearful men go home → the water test → Gideon hears the dream → trumpets and jars

Judges 8

136. D) The Ephraimites

137. B) He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb

138. C) Bread

139. A) Zebah and Zalmunna

140. D) He punished them with desert thorns and briers

141. B) Peniel

142. C) The tower

143. A) Seventy-seven

144. D) Jether

145. B) They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor

146. C) Rule over them, and his son and grandson after him

147. A) LORD

148. D) An earring

149. B) An ephod

150. C) Israel worshiped it, and it became a snare to Gideon and his family

151. A) Forty years

152. D) Seventy

153. B) Abimelek

154. C) In the tomb of his father Joash in Ophrah

155. A) Baal-Berith

156. D) They failed to show kindness to his family for all the good he had done

Judges 9

157. A) Shechem

158. C) Seventy shekels of silver from the temple of Baal-Berith

159. B) Seventy

160. D) Jotham

161. A) Mount Gerizim

162. C) The olive tree

163. B) The thornbush

164. D) cedars

165. A) Abimelek

166. C) Beer

167. B) Three years

168. D) So the crime against Jerub-Baal's seventy sons would be avenged

169. A) Gaal son of Ebed

170. C) Zebul

171. B) shadows

172. D) Salt

173. A) He piled branches against it and set it on fire

174. C) Mount Zalmon

175. B) Thebez

176. D) An upper millstone

177. A) So no one could say, "A woman killed him"

178. C) God repaid Abimelek for murdering his brothers, and Jotham's curse came on Shechem

Judges 10

179. C) Tola

180. D) Issachar

181. A) Twenty-three

182. B) Jair of Gilead

183. C) Thirty

184. D) Havvoth Jair

185. A) The Philistines and the Ammonites

186. B) Eighteen

187. C) Baals

188. D) Go and cry out to the gods you have chosen and let them save you

189. A) They got rid of the foreign gods and served the LORD

190. B) misery

191. C) Mizpah

192. D) He would be head of all who live in Gilead

Judges 11

193. B) Gilead

194. C) He was the son of another woman, so they would not let him share the family inheritance

195. D) The land of Tob

196. A) The elders of Gilead

197. B) trouble

198. C) Mizpah

199. D) Israel took his land from the Arnon to the Jabbok when they came up out of Egypt

200. A) Sihon

201. B) Chemosh

202. C) Three hundred years

203. D) Judge

204. A) Whatever came out of his door to meet him when he returned would be the LORD's, as a burnt offering

205. B) Twenty

206. C) His daughter

207. D) Dancing to the sound of timbrels

208. A) She was his only child

209. B) He had made a vow to the LORD that he could not break

210. C) She told him to do to her just as he had promised the LORD

211. D) Two months to roam the hills and weep with her friends

212. A) Each year the young women of Israel went out for four days to commemorate her

Judges 12

213. D) Burn down his house over his head

214. A) He said he had called them, but they did not save him

215. C) The fords of the Jordan

216. B) Shibboleth

217. D) He said "Sibboleth" because he could not pronounce the word correctly

218. A) Forty-two thousand

219. C) Six

220. B) He had thirty sons and thirty daughters

221. D) Zebulun

222. A) Forty sons and thirty grandsons who rode on seventy donkeys

223. C) Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon

Judges 13

224. A) Forty

225. D) Manoah

226. B) Zorah

227. C) Dan

228. A) To drink no wine or other fermented drink and eat nothing unclean

229. D) A razor

230. B) Nazirite

231. C) Take the lead in delivering Israel from the Philistines

232. A) That the man of God would come again to teach them how to bring up the boy

233. D) Out in the field

234. B) He would not eat, but they could offer a burnt offering to the LORD

235. C) understanding

236. A) He went up in the flame

237. D) If the LORD meant to kill them, He would not have accepted their burnt offering or shown them these things

238. B) Samson

239. C) In Mahaneh Dan, between Zorah and Eshtaol

Judges 14

240. C) Timnah

241. B) She was from the uncircumcised Philistines, not from their own people

242. D) It was from the LORD, who was looking for a chance to confront the Philistines

243. A) A young lion

244. C) No one — not even his father or mother

245. B) A swarm of bees and some honey

246. D) That he had taken it from the lion's carcass

247. A) Thirty

248. C) Thirty linen garments and thirty sets of clothes

249. B) sweet

250. D) Seven days

251. A) They threatened to burn her and her father's household to death

252. C) "What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?"

253. B) heifer

254. D) Ashkelon

255. A) She was given to one of Samson's companions from the feast

Judges 15

256. B) At the time of wheat harvest

257. D) He had given her to Samson's companion, and offered her younger sister instead

258. C) Three hundred

259. A) Set fire to the Philistines' grain, vineyards and olive groves

260. B) They burned his wife and her father to death

261. D) In a cave in the rock of Etam

262. C) Three thousand men of Judah

263. A) The Philistines were rulers over them, and Samson's actions brought trouble on them

264. B) Two new ropes

265. D) flax

266. C) The fresh jawbone of a donkey

267. A) A thousand

268. B) Ramath Lehi

269. D) He cried out to the LORD

270. C) En Hakkore

271. A) Twenty years

Judges 16

272. D) He tore loose the doors of the city gate with the two posts and carried them away

273. C) To the top of the hill that faces Hebron

274. A) The Valley of Sorek

275. B) Delilah

276. D) Eleven hundred shekels of silver

277. C) The secret of his great strength

278. A) Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried

279. B) Fresh bowstrings → new ropes → weaving his hair on the loom → shaving his head

280. D) Weave them into the fabric on the loom and tighten it with the pin

281. C) confide

282. A) If his head were shaved, his strength would leave him

283. B) Delilah put him to sleep on her lap and called someone to shave off his seven braids

284. D) LORD

285. C) They gouged out his eyes

286. A) Grinding grain

287. B) The hair on his head began to grow again

288. D) Dagon

289. C) Put him where he could feel the pillars that supported the temple

290. A) About three thousand

291. B) remember

292. D) He killed many more when he died than while he lived

293. C) Between Zorah and Eshtaol in the tomb of his father Manoah

Judges 17

294. A) In the hill country of Ephraim

295. B) Eleven hundred shekels of silver

296. C) "The LORD bless you, my son!"

297. D) Two hundred

298. C) A shrine, an ephod and some household gods

299. D) king

300. B) A young Levite from Bethlehem in Judah

301. A) Ten shekels of silver a year, plus his clothes and food

302. D) Because a Levite had become his priest

303. B) One of his sons

Judges 18

304. B) They had not yet come into an inheritance of their own

305. A) Five

306. D) The voice of the young Levite

307. C) "Go in peace. Your journey has the LORD's approval."

308. B) Laish

309. A) In safety, at peace and secure, like the Sidonians

310. D) Six hundred

311. C) Mahaneh Dan

312. B) His idol, ephod and household gods

313. A) They said it was better to be priest for a tribe and clan than for one man's household

314. D) gods

315. C) He saw that the Danites were too strong for him

316. B) They lived a long way from Sidon and had no relationship with anyone else

317. A) Dan

318. D) Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

319. C) Shiloh

Judges 19

320. C) Bethlehem in Judah

321. A) Four months

322. D) Three days

323. B) Jerusalem

324. A) Its people were not Israelites

325. C) Gibeah in Benjamin

326. B) No one took them in for the night, so they sat in the city square

327. D) An old man from the hill country of Ephraim who was living there

328. C) Twelve

329. A) They said nothing like this had happened since Israel came out of Egypt, and something must be done

Judges 20

330. D) Mizpah

331. B) Dan

332. A) Four hundred thousand

333. C) Surrender the wicked men of Gibeah so they could be put to death

334. D) They were left-handed and could sling a stone at a hair without missing

335. B) Bethel

336. A) Judah

337. C) Twenty-two thousand

338. D) They wept, fasted until evening, and offered burnt offerings and fellowship offerings

339. B) The ark of the covenant of God

340. A) Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron

341. C) "Go, for tomorrow I will give them into your hands."

342. D) An ambush

343. B) A great cloud of smoke rising from the city

344. A) The rock of Rimmon

345. C) Israel lost the first two battles and won the third

Judges 21

346. A) Not one of them would give his daughter in marriage to a Benjamite

347. C) One tribe was missing from Israel

348. D) They would certainly be put to death

349. B) Jabesh Gilead

350. C) Twelve thousand

351. A) Four hundred

352. B) To the camp at Shiloh in Canaan

353. D) An offer of peace

354. A) The annual festival of the LORD

355. D) Hide in the vineyards and each seize a young woman who came out to dance, to be his wife

356. C) They returned to their inheritance and rebuilt their towns



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