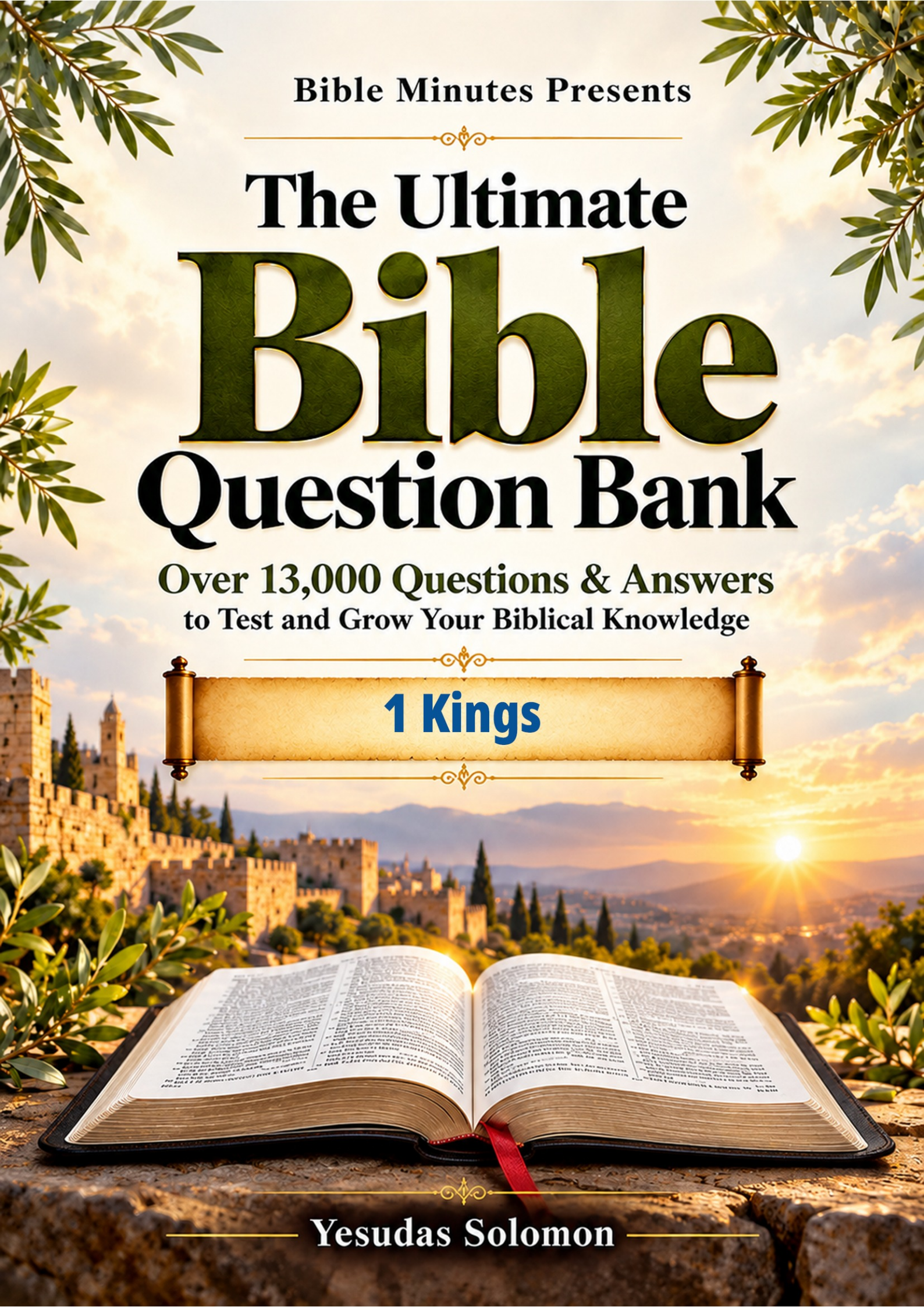
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WOG BOOKS 202 (16)

First Edition 2026

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Published By / பதிப்பு:
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Answer Key 32

1 Kings

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1 Kings 1

1. When King David was very old and could not keep warm, which young woman was brought to take care of him?

A). Abigail B). Abishag C). Michal D). Tamar

2. Which son of David put himself forward and said, "I will be king"?

A). Absalom B). Amnon C). Solomon D). Adonijah

3. What does the Bible say David had never done to his son Adonijah?

A). Given him any gifts B). Let him live in the palace
C). Corrected him by asking why he behaved as he did D). Allowed him to ride a chariot

4. Adonijah was born next after which of David's sons?

A). Absalom B). Amnon C). Solomon D). Nathan

5. Which two men supported Adonijah's plan to become king?

A). Zadok and Benaiah B). Nathan and Shimei C). Joab and Abiathar
D). Jonathan and Rei

6. Which of these men did NOT join Adonijah?

A). Joab B). Abiathar C). Jonathan son of Abiathar D). Nathan the prophet

7. Where did Adonijah offer sacrifices and hold a feast when he tried to make himself king?

A). At the Stone of Zoheleth near En Rogel B). At the spring of Gihon C). At Bethel
D). At the threshing floor of Araunah

8. Which prophet warned Bathsheba that Adonijah had become king without David knowing?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Nathan D). Elijah

9. What happened FIRST in this chapter?

A). Solomon was anointed at Gihon B). Bathsheba went to speak to King David
C). Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah D). Nathan came in and spoke to King David

10. What did King David promise Bathsheba?

A). That Adonijah would rule after him B). That her son Solomon would be king after him
C). That she would become queen of Egypt D). That he would build the temple himself

11. What did Solomon ride on when he went down to be anointed king?

A). A white horse B). A chariot C). A camel D). King David's own mule

12. Where was Solomon taken to be anointed king?

A). Gihon B). Hebron C). En Rogel D). Bethlehem

13. Who anointed Solomon with oil to make him king?

A). Nathan the prophet B). Abiathar the priest C). Zadok the priest
D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

14. After Solomon was anointed, all the people shouted, "Long live King _____!"

A). David B). Solomon C). Adonijah D). Saul

15. Which groups went with Zadok, Nathan and Benaiah to bring Solomon down to Gihon?

A). The Levites and the singers B). The Kerethites and the Pelethites
C). The Ammonites and the Moabites D). The elders of Judah

16. Who came to Adonijah's feast with the news that Solomon had been made king?

A). Jonathan son of Abiathar B). Joab C). Ahimaaz D). Shimei

17. What did Adonijah do because he was afraid of Solomon?

A). He ran away to Egypt B). He hid in a cave C). He took hold of the horns of the altar
D). He bowed before Solomon at Gihon

18. What did Solomon say would happen to Adonijah if he showed himself to be a worthy man?

A). He would become a priest B). He would rule part of the kingdom
C). He would be sent away from Israel D). Not a hair of his head would fall to the ground

1 Kings 2

19. When David was about to die, what did he tell Solomon to do?

A). Build a new palace in Hebron B). Go to war against Egypt
C). Be strong and obey the LORD's commands D). Give the kingdom to Adonijah

20. According to David, what had the LORD promised if his descendants walked faithfully before Him?

A). They would never face any enemies

B). David would never fail to have a successor on the throne of Israel

C). They would all become prophets D). Israel would never need a temple

21. David reminded Solomon that Joab had killed which two commanders of Israel's armies?

A). Abner and Amasa B). Saul and Jonathan C). Absalom and Amnon

D). Uriah and Benaiah

22. David told Solomon to show kindness to the sons of which man, because he had helped David when he fled from Absalom?

A). Ziba B). Barzillai the Gileadite C). Mephibosheth D). Hushai

23. Which man from Bahurim had cursed David on the day David went to Mahanaim?

A). Shimei son of Gera B). Joab son of Zeruiah C). Sheba son of Bikri

D). Ahithophel

24. How long did David reign over Israel?

A). Twenty years B). Thirty years C). Fifty years D). Forty years

25. Where was David buried?

A). In Bethlehem B). In Hebron C). In the City of David D). In Gibeah

26. What did Adonijah ask Bathsheba to request from King Solomon?

A). A house in Jerusalem B). That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife

C). That he be made commander of the army D). That Solomon forgive Joab

27. When Bathsheba came to speak to Solomon, where did he have her sit?

A). On a throne at his right hand B). On a seat by the door C). On the steps of the altar

D). In the queen's garden

28. Whom did King Solomon send to put Adonijah to death?

A). Zadok the priest B). Nathan the prophet C). Joab son of Zeruiah

D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

29. When Solomon removed Abiathar from being priest, where did he send him?

A). To Shiloh B). To his fields in Anathoth C). To Gath D). To Bethel

30. Removing Abiathar from the priesthood fulfilled the LORD's word spoken at Shiloh about whose family?

A). Eli's family B). Samuel's family C). Aaron's family D). Saul's family

31. When Joab heard what was happening, where did he flee?

A). To the land of the Philistines

B). To the tent of the LORD, where he took hold of the horns of the altar

C). To the Jordan River D). To the cave of Adullam

32. Whom did Solomon put in charge of the army in Joab's place, and whom did he put in Abiathar's place?

A). Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

B). Zadok over the army and Benaiah as priest

C). Nathan over the army and Zadok as priest

D). Benaiah over the army and Nathan as priest

33. What was Shimei told he must never do, or he would surely die?

A). Enter the temple B). Speak to the king

C). Leave Jerusalem and cross the Kidron Valley D). Eat at the king's table

34. Shimei broke his oath when he went to which city to bring back his runaway slaves?

A). Bethel B). Gath C). Jericho D). Hebron

35. The kingdom was now firmly established in _____ hands.

A). David's B). Adonijah's C). Solomon's D). Joab's

1 Kings 3

36. Solomon made an alliance with which king and married his daughter?

A). The king of Tyre B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). The king of Moab

D). The king of Assyria

37. Why were the people still offering sacrifices at the high places?

A). The priests had told them to B). The ark had been captured

C). A temple for the Name of the LORD had not yet been built

D). Jerusalem was too far away

38. Solomon showed his _____ for the LORD by walking according to the instructions given him by his father David.

A). fear B). love C). hope D). anger

39. Where was the most important high place, where Solomon offered a thousand burnt offerings?

A). Gibeon B). Bethel C). Shiloh D). Hebron

40. How many burnt offerings did Solomon offer on the altar at Gibeon?

A). Ten B). One hundred C). Seven D). A thousand

41. How did the LORD appear to Solomon at Gibeon?

A). In a burning bush B). In a dream during the night C). Through an angel at noon
D). In a pillar of cloud

42. What did God say to Solomon in the dream?

A). "Build me a temple." B). "Go to war against the Philistines."
C). "Ask for whatever you want me to give you." D). "Leave Jerusalem."

43. How did Solomon describe himself when he spoke to God?

A). As a mighty warrior B). As only a little child who did not know how to carry out his duties
C). As the wisest man in Israel D). As a prophet like Samuel

44. What did Solomon ask God to give him?

A). Great riches B). A long life C). Victory over his enemies
D). A discerning heart to govern God's people

45. Besides wisdom, what did God also give Solomon, even though he had not asked for it?

A). Wealth and honor B). A new name C). Power to do miracles
D). A second kingdom

46. What did God say Solomon must do to receive a long life?

A). Build the temple in seven years B). Defeat all his enemies
C). Walk in obedience and keep God's decrees and commands as David did
D). Offer a thousand sacrifices every year

47. After Solomon woke from the dream, where did he go to stand before the ark of the Lord's covenant?

A). Gibeon B). Jerusalem C). Bethlehem D). Shiloh

48. Two women came to King Solomon arguing about what?

A). Which of them owned a house B). Which of them was the mother of a living baby
C). Who should marry the king D). Who had stolen some silver

49. What did King Solomon ask for to solve the problem between the two women?

A). A scroll B). A sword C). A scale D). A crown

50. How did Solomon know which woman was the real mother?

A). She knew the baby's name B). She cried the loudest
C). She was willing to give up the baby so he would not be killed
D). She showed him a birth record

51. When Israel heard Solomon's verdict, what did they see in him?

A). That he was stronger than David B). That he had wisdom from God to administer justice
C). That he was a great warrior D). That he was a prophet

1 Kings 4

52. So King Solomon ruled over all _____.

A). Egypt B). Israel C). Judah only D). Babylon

53. Which of Solomon's officials was in charge of the forced labor?

A). Jehoshaphat son of Ahilud B). Zabud son of Nathan C). Azariah son of Zadok
D). Adoniram son of Abda

54. Which official was a priest and also an adviser to King Solomon?

A). Zabud son of Nathan B). Benaiah son of Jehoiada C). Ahijah son of Shisha
D). Jehoshaphat son of Ahilud

55. Who was the commander in chief of Solomon's army?

A). Joab B). Benaiah son of Jehoiada C). Abner D). Adoniram

56. What was the job of Solomon's twelve district governors?

A). To lead the army in battle B). To build the temple
C). To supply food for the king and his household, each for one month of the year
D). To teach the law in the towns

57. How does the Bible describe the people of Judah and Israel during Solomon's reign?

A). As few in number and afraid B). As hungry because of famine
C). As scattered among the nations
D). As numerous as the sand on the seashore, and happy

58. Solomon ruled over the kingdoms from which river to the land of the Philistines?

A). The Jordan River B). The Nile River C). The Euphrates River
D). The Kishon River

59. During Solomon's lifetime, from Dan to Beersheba, where did each man live in safety?

A). Under their own vine and under their own fig tree B). Inside a walled city
C). In the king's palace D). In tents in the desert

60. What did Solomon have on all sides during his reign?

A). War B). Famine C). Peace D). Floods

61. God gave Solomon wisdom and very great insight, and a breadth of understanding as measureless as the _____ on the seashore.

A). waves B). sand C). shells D). rocks

62. Solomon's wisdom was greater than the wisdom of which land?

A). Egypt B). Moab C). Edom D). Philistia

63. Solomon was wiser than which famous wise man, who is named as an Ezrahite?

A). Ethan B). Nathan C). Asaph D). Ahithophel

64. How many proverbs did Solomon speak?

A). One hundred B). Five hundred C). One thousand and five D). Three thousand

65. What subjects did Solomon speak about?

A). Only the law of Moses B). Plants, animals, birds, reptiles and fish

C). The stars and the moon only D). The history of Egypt

66. Who sent people to listen to Solomon's wisdom?

A). Only the priests of Israel B). The prophets of Baal

C). All the kings of the world who had heard of his wisdom D). Only the people of Jerusalem

1 Kings 5

67. Which king of Tyre sent messengers to Solomon when he heard Solomon had become king?

A). Hiram B). Achish C). Pharaoh D). Hadad

68. Why could David not build a temple for the Name of the LORD?

A). He did not have enough gold B). God had forbidden anyone to build it

C). Of the wars waged against him on every side D). The ark had been lost

69. What did Solomon say the LORD had given him that made it possible to build the temple?

A). Many chariots B). Rest on every side C). A larger army D). A new city

70. Solomon planned to build the temple because the LORD had told David what?

A). That Hiram would build it B). That it should be built in Tyre

C). That David would build it in his old age

D). That David's son, whom God would put on the throne, would build the temple for His Name

71. What kind of trees did Solomon ask Hiram to cut down for him?

A). Oak trees B). Olive trees C). Cedars of Lebanon D). Palm trees

72. According to Solomon, which people were more skilled at cutting timber than anyone in Israel?

A). The Egyptians B). The Sidonians C). The Philistines D). The Moabites

73. Hiram said, "Praise be to the LORD today, for he has given David a _____ son to rule over this great nation."

A). strong B). brave C). rich D). wise

74. How did Hiram say he would send the logs to Solomon?

A). On camels across the desert B). In carts pulled by oxen C). Floated in rafts by sea

D). Carried by Israelite workers over the mountains

75. What did Solomon give Hiram each year in return for the timber?

A). Gold and silver B). Wheat and pressed olive oil C). Horses and chariots
D). Sheep and cattle

76. What does the Bible say the LORD gave Solomon, just as He had promised?

A). Wisdom B). A long life C). Victory in war D). A son

77. How did Solomon's thirty thousand laborers take turns working in Lebanon?

A). Two months in Lebanon and one month at home
B). One week in Lebanon and one week at home
C). One month in Lebanon and two months at home
D). One year in Lebanon and one year at home

78. Who was in charge of the forced labor sent to Lebanon?

A). Benaiah B). Adoniram C). Zadok D). Jehoshaphat

79. What did the workers cut from the quarry for the foundation of the temple?

A). Small river stones B). Blocks of marble from Egypt C). Bricks made of clay
D). Large blocks of high-grade stone

80. Craftsmen from which place worked with Solomon's and Hiram's workers to prepare the timber and stone?

A). Byblos B). Damascus C). Gaza D). Nineveh

1 Kings 6

81. In which year after the Israelites came out of Egypt did Solomon begin to build the temple?

A). The 40th year B). The 480th year C). The 400th year D). The 120th year

82. In which year of Solomon's reign did he begin building the temple?

A). His first year B). His tenth year C). His fourth year D). His seventh year

83. What was NOT heard at the temple site while the temple was being built?

A). Any hammer, chisel or other iron tool B). The workers singing
C). The priests praying D). Carts carrying wood

84. Why were no iron tools heard at the temple site during building?

A). The workers built only with wood B). The builders worked only at night
C). Iron was not known in Israel
D). The stones were dressed at the quarry before being brought

85. What did the LORD promise Solomon if he followed God's decrees and commands?

A). He would never grow old
B). He would live among the Israelites and not abandon His people
C). He would give Solomon more land D). He would send fire from heaven

86. What was the inner sanctuary of the temple called?

A). The Most Holy Place B). The Outer Court C). The Hall of Pillars
D). The Gate of Praise

87. Why did Solomon prepare the inner sanctuary?

A). To store gold and silver B). To be the king's throne room
C). To set the ark of the covenant of the LORD there D). To hold the priests' clothes

88. What kind of wood lined the inside walls of the temple, so that no stone could be seen?

A). Oak B). Acacia C). Olive D). Cedar

89. What did Solomon cover the whole inside of the temple with?

A). Silver B). Bronze C). Pure gold D). Ivory

90. What did Solomon make from olive wood to place in the inner sanctuary?

A). Two lampstands B). A pair of cherubim C). Two tables D). A throne

91. How were the wings of the two cherubim placed in the inner room?

A). Their wings were folded at their sides B). Their wings pointed toward the door
C). Each covered its own face with its wings
D). Their outer wings touched the walls and their inner wings touched each other in the middle

92. What was carved on the walls all around the temple?

A). Lions and oxen B). Cherubim, palm trees and open flowers C). Stars and moons
D). Grapes and vines only

93. How many years did it take Solomon to build the temple?

A). Seven years B). Three years C). Twelve years D). Forty years

1 Kings 7

94. How many years did it take Solomon to finish building his palace?

A). Seven years B). Thirteen years C). Twenty years D). Four years

95. Which building did Solomon make 100 cubits long, named after a region famous for its cedars?

A). The Hall of Pillars B). The House of the Sea C). The Palace of the Forest of Lebanon
D). The Tower of David

96. What was the hall where Solomon sat on his throne to judge called?

A). The Hall of Kings B). The Hall of Wisdom C). The Court of the Guard
D). The Hall of Justice

97. For whom did Solomon also build a palace like his own hall?

A). Pharaoh's daughter, his wife B). His mother Bathsheba C). The queen of Sheba
D). Hiram king of Tyre

98. Which skilled bronze worker from Tyre did Solomon bring to make the temple's bronze work?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Bezalel C). Huram D). Adoniram

99. Huram's mother was a widow from which tribe of Israel?

A). Judah B). Naphtali C). Dan D). Benjamin

100. What did Huram make out of bronze and set up at the portico of the temple?

A). Two pillars B). Two lions C). Two altars D). Two thrones

101. What were the names of the two bronze pillars at the temple?

A). Ebenezer and Gilgal B). Shiloh and Bethel C). Hiram and Huram
D). Jakin and Boaz

102. The large round bronze water basin called "the Sea" stood on the backs of what?

A). Twelve lions B). Twelve bulls C). Four cherubim D). Seven pillars

103. Where did the king have the bronze items cast in clay molds?

A). In the courtyard of the temple B). In Tyre
C). In the plain of the Jordan between Sukkoth and Zarethan D). In the Kidron Valley

104. Why was the weight of the bronze not measured?

A). There was so much of it B). It was kept secret C). It was too hot to weigh
D). Hiram took it back to Tyre

105. What was the golden table in the temple used for?

A). Counting money B). The bread of the Presence C). Writing the law
D). Serving the king's meals

106. When the temple work was finished, what did Solomon bring into the temple treasuries?

A). Weapons captured from the Philistines B). Gifts from the queen of Sheba
C). The things his father David had dedicated D). The bronze left over from the Sea

1 Kings 8

107. From where did Solomon have the ark of the LORD's covenant brought up to the temple?

A). Shiloh B). Gibeon C). Zion, the City of David D). Kiriath Jearim

108. How many sheep and cattle were sacrificed in front of the ark as it was brought in?

A). Exactly one thousand B). Twelve, one for each tribe C). Seven of each
D). So many they could not be recorded or counted

109. Where did the priests place the ark of the LORD's covenant in the temple?

A). In the inner sanctuary, the Most Holy Place, beneath the cherubim's wings
B). In the outer courtyard C). By the bronze Sea D). In the king's palace

110. What was inside the ark when it was placed in the temple?

A). A jar of manna B). Only the two stone tablets Moses had placed there at Horeb
C). Aaron's staff and the tablets D). Gold coins

111. What filled the temple when the priests came out of the Holy Place?

A). A cloud B). Smoke from a fire C). Water D). Birds

112. Why could the priests not do their work in the temple?

A). The doors were locked B). The ark was too heavy
C). The glory of the LORD filled His temple D). The king told them to stop

113. How did Solomon stand as he began to pray before the altar?

A). With his face to the ground B). With his hands spread out toward heaven
C). Holding the ark D). With his eyes covered

114. Solomon prayed, "LORD, the God of Israel, there is no _____ like you in heaven above or on earth below."

A). king B). God C). prophet D). angel

115. In his prayer, what did Solomon say even the highest heaven cannot do?

A). Hear God's voice B). Be measured by people C). Hide from God
D). Contain God

116. What did Solomon ask God to do when He heard prayers from heaven, His dwelling place?

A). Forgive B). Send fire C). Send rain every day D). Make them rich

117. According to Solomon's prayer, what should Israel do if they were defeated by an enemy because they had sinned?

A). Build a bigger army B). Make a treaty with Egypt
C). Turn back to God, praise His name and pray to Him in the temple
D). Move the ark to another city

118. Solomon asked God to hear the prayers of which people so that all the peoples of the earth might know His name?

A). Only the priests B). Only the kings of Israel
C). Foreigners who come from distant lands because of God's name
D). Only the tribe of Judah

119. Solomon prayed, "When they sin against you—for there is no one who does not _____."

A). sin B). pray C). hope D). fail

120. When Solomon finished his prayer, what position was he in before the altar?

A). Standing on the steps B). Lying on the ground C). Sitting on a throne
D). Kneeling, with his hands spread out toward heaven

121. What did Solomon say about all the good promises God gave through Moses?

A). Some were still waiting to be kept B). Not one word of them had failed
C). They were only for Moses' time D). They had been forgotten

122. How long did Solomon and all Israel celebrate the festival at the temple's dedication?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Forty days D). Fourteen days

123. How did the people feel as they went home after the festival?

A). Afraid and worried B). Tired and angry C). Joyful and glad D). Sad and quiet

1 Kings 9

124. After Solomon finished the temple and palace, how many times had the LORD now appeared to him?

A). A second time B). A third time C). The first time D). A seventh time

125. What did the LORD say He had done to the temple Solomon built?

A). He had rejected it B). He had consecrated it by putting His Name there forever
C). He had given it to the priests to own D). He had made it bigger

126. What did God promise if Solomon walked before Him with integrity of heart as David did?

A). That he would never die B). That he would conquer Egypt
C). That He would establish Solomon's royal throne over Israel forever
D). That the temple would never need repair

127. What did God warn would happen if Israel turned away and served other gods?

A). Nothing would change B). They would get a new king
C). The ark would be taken to heaven
D). He would cut Israel off from the land and reject the temple

128. If disaster came on the land and temple, what reason would people give?

A). Because they had forsaken the LORD their God who brought their ancestors out of Egypt
B). Because their enemies were stronger C). Because the temple was built too quickly
D). Because Solomon was too rich

129. What did Solomon give Hiram king of Tyre?

A). A thousand horses B). Twenty towns in Galilee C). The city of Jerusalem
D). His daughter in marriage

130. How did Hiram feel about the towns Solomon gave him?

A). He was very pleased B). He gave them back as a gift
C). He was not pleased with them D). He built a temple in them

131. Besides Jerusalem, which of these cities did Solomon build using forced labor?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Damascus D). Megiddo

132. Which city did Pharaoh capture and give to his daughter, Solomon's wife, as a wedding gift?

A). Gezer B). Hebron C). Tyre D). Bethel

133. What does the Bible say Solomon did NOT do to the Israelites?

A). Make them pay taxes B). Make them slaves C). Let them serve in the army
D). Let them be officials

134. How many times a year did Solomon sacrifice burnt offerings and fellowship offerings on the altar he had built?

A). Once B). Twelve times C). Three times D). Every day

135. Where did King Solomon build ships?

A). At Joppa on the Great Sea B). At Tyre C). On the Jordan River
D). At Ezion Geber on the shore of the Red Sea

136. To which place did Solomon's and Hiram's sailors sail to bring back gold?

A). Ophir B). Sheba C). Tarshish D). Egypt

1 Kings 10

137. Which queen came to test Solomon with hard questions?

A). The queen of Egypt B). The queen of Sheba C). Queen Jezebel
D). Queen Esther

138. What did the queen of Sheba's camels carry when she came to Jerusalem?

A). Weapons and armor B). Wheat and barley C). Spices, gold and precious stones
D). Wood and stone

139. How did Solomon do when the queen asked him her questions?

A). He answered all of them; nothing was too hard for him
B). He could only answer half of them C). He asked Nathan to answer them
D). He refused to answer

140. The queen of Sheba said, "Indeed, not even _____ was told me."

A). a word B). a tenth C). the truth D). half

141. According to the queen of Sheba, why had the LORD made Solomon king?

A). To make Israel richer than Egypt
B). To maintain justice and righteousness, because of His eternal love for Israel
C). To build many cities D). To defeat the Philistines

142. What gift did the queen of Sheba give in such quantity that it was never brought in again?

A). Spices B). Horses C). Silver D). Cedar wood

143. What did Solomon make from the almugwood brought from Ophir?

A). Ships and oars B). Doors for the palace gate

C). Supports for the temple and palace, and harps and lyres D). A new ark

144. Where did Solomon put the shields of hammered gold he made?

A). In the Most Holy Place B). In the Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

C). At the city gate of Jerusalem D). In the tent at Gibeon

145. What was on the steps of Solomon's great throne?

A). Twelve eagles B). Seven angels C). Four bulls D). Twelve lions

146. Solomon's great throne was covered with what, and overlaid with fine gold?

A). Bronze B). Cedar C). Ivory D). Silver

147. How common was silver in Jerusalem during Solomon's reign?

A). As common as stones B). As rare as gold C). Only the king had any

D). It was never used

148. Every three years, what did Solomon's trading ships bring back?

A). Wheat, wine and oil B). Gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons

C). Horses and chariots D). Cedar and pine logs

149. Why did the whole world want to meet Solomon?

A). To see his horses B). To buy his gold C). To join his army

D). To hear the wisdom God had put in his heart

150. From which places were Solomon's horses imported?

A). Egypt and Kue B). Tyre and Sidon C). Moab and Edom D). Assyria and Babylon

1 Kings 11

151. Why had the LORD told the Israelites not to marry women from the surrounding nations?

A). Because they spoke other languages

B). Because they would surely turn their hearts after their gods

C). Because they were too rich D). Because they lived too far away

152. What does the Bible say Solomon's many wives did to him?

A). They helped him build the temple B). They made him wiser C). They led him astray

D). They taught him to pray

153. How was Solomon's heart different from his father David's heart as he grew old?

A). It was not fully devoted to the LORD his God B). It was more humble

C). It was more devoted to God D). It was full of fear

154. Which goddess of the Sidonians did Solomon follow?

A). Asherah B). Chemosh C). Molek D). Ashtoreth

155. Where did Solomon build a high place for Chemosh, the detestable god of Moab?

A). On a hill east of Jerusalem B). On Mount Carmel C). In the temple courtyard
D). At Bethel

156. Why was the LORD angry with Solomon?

A). Because he did not finish the temple B). Because he lost a war
C). Because his heart turned away from the LORD, who had appeared to him twice
D). Because he gave away twenty towns

157. Why did God say He would not tear the kingdom away during Solomon's lifetime?

A). For the sake of David, Solomon's father B). Because Solomon repented
C). Because Hiram asked Him not to D). Because the temple was finished

158. How many tribes did God say He would leave for Solomon's son?

A). Ten B). Two C). Twelve D). One

159. Which Edomite did the LORD raise up as an adversary against Solomon?

A). Rezon B). Hadad C). Achish D). Jeroboam

160. Where did Rezon, another adversary of Solomon, rule?

A). Tyre B). Gath C). Damascus D). Egypt

161. Which of Solomon's officials, the son of Nebat, rebelled against the king?

A). Adoniram B). Benaiah C). Zadok D). Jeroboam

162. Which prophet from Shiloh met Jeroboam on the way out of Jerusalem?

A). Ahijah B). Nathan C). Elijah D). Gad

163. Into how many pieces did the prophet Ahijah tear his new cloak?

A). Two B). Seven C). Twelve D). Ten

164. Why did Ahijah tell Jeroboam to take ten pieces of the torn cloak?

A). To make a new cloak B). Because God would give him ten tribes
C). To pay for his journey D). To give to Solomon

165. When Solomon tried to kill Jeroboam, where did Jeroboam flee?

A). To Damascus B). To Tyre C). To Edom D). To Egypt, to King Shishak

166. Which son succeeded Solomon as king?

A). Rehoboam B). Jeroboam C). Abijah D). Asa

1 Kings 12

167. Where did all Israel gather to make Rehoboam king?

A). Jerusalem B). Shechem C). Hebron D). Bethel

168. What did the people of Israel ask Rehoboam to do?

A). Build a new temple B). Go to war against Egypt

C). Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

D). Move the capital to Shechem

169. What advice did the elders who had served Solomon give Rehoboam?

A). If he served the people and gave a favorable answer, they would always be his servants

B). He should make the yoke heavier C). He should run away to Egypt

D). He should ask Jeroboam to be king

170. After rejecting the elders' advice, whom did Rehoboam listen to?

A). The prophets B). The priests C). Jeroboam

D). The young men who had grown up with him

171. The young men told Rehoboam to say, "My little _____ is thicker than my father's waist."

A). hand B). finger C). toe D). arm

172. Rehoboam said his father scourged the people with whips. What did he say he would scourge them with?

A). Rods B). Chains C). Scorpions D). Swords

173. Why did the king not listen to the people, according to the Bible?

A). This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah

B). Rehoboam was sick C). The elders gave no advice D). Jeroboam tricked him

174. When the king refused to listen, the Israelites answered, "To your _____, Israel!"

A). homes B). swords C). fields D). tents

175. Which official in charge of forced labor was stoned to death by the Israelites?

A). Benaiah B). Adoniram C). Jeroboam D). Shemaiah

176. Whom did the Israelites make king over all Israel?

A). Rehoboam B). Ahijah C). Jeroboam D). Shemaiah

177. Which tribe alone remained loyal to the house of David?

A). Judah B). Ephraim C). Dan D). Reuben

178. Which man of God told Rehoboam not to fight against the Israelites?

A). Ahijah B). Nathan C). Gad D). Shemaiah

179. How did Rehoboam and his army respond to the LORD's message through Shemaiah?

A). They attacked anyway B). They obeyed and went home C). They ran to Egypt
D). They made Jeroboam their king

180. Why was Jeroboam afraid of the people going up to Jerusalem to offer sacrifices?

A). He feared their hearts would turn back to Rehoboam, and they would kill him
B). He feared they would get lost C). He feared the temple would fall
D). He feared Egypt would attack

181. What did Jeroboam make for the people to worship?

A). Two golden calves B). A bronze snake C). A new ark D). Twelve stone pillars

182. Where did Jeroboam set up the two golden calves?

A). Shechem and Samaria B). Jerusalem and Hebron C). Bethel and Dan
D). Gilgal and Shiloh

183. What was wrong with the priests Jeroboam appointed?

A). They were too young B). They were from Egypt C). They were not Levites
D). They could not read

1 Kings 13

184. Where was King Jeroboam standing when a man of God from Judah came to speak against the altar?

A). By the altar at Bethel B). In the temple in Jerusalem C). At the gate of Shechem
D). At the high place in Dan

185. The man of God said a son of the house of David would one day sacrifice the priests of the high places on the altar. What was his name?

A). Hezekiah B). Asa C). Jehoshaphat D). Josiah

186. What sign did the man of God give that his words were from the LORD?

A). The sun would go dark B). The altar would split apart and its ashes pour out
C). Fire would fall from heaven D). A lion would appear

187. What happened to Jeroboam's hand when he pointed at the man of God and said, "Seize him!"?

A). It started to bleed B). It turned white like snow
C). It shriveled up so he could not pull it back D). It caught fire

188. How was Jeroboam's hand healed?

A). The man of God prayed to the LORD for him B). A priest put oil on it
C). He washed it in the Jordan D). It healed by itself after seven days

189. Why did the man of God refuse the king's invitation to eat at his home?

A). He did not like the king's food B). He was in a hurry to see his family

C). The LORD had commanded him not to eat bread or drink water there

D). He was fasting for forty days

190. Who was living in Bethel when the man of God came there?

A). An old prophet B). The prophet Ahijah C). King Rehoboam

D). Shemaiah the man of God

191. Where did the old prophet find the man of God?

A). Beside a well B). Sitting under an oak tree C). Inside a cave

D). At the Jordan River

192. How did the old prophet get the man of God to come back and eat with him?

A). He paid him silver B). He threatened him

C). He lied, saying an angel had told him to bring him back

D). He said the king commanded it

193. What did the LORD say would happen to the man of God because he disobeyed?

A). His body would not be buried in the tomb of his ancestors B). He would become blind

C). He would lose his donkey D). He would never prophesy again

194. What animal met the man of God on the road and killed him?

A). A bear B). A wolf C). A snake D). A lion

195. What was unusual about the lion that killed the man of God?

A). It had not eaten the body or attacked the donkey B). It followed the old prophet home

C). It spoke to the travelers D). It ran into the city

196. What did the old prophet ask his sons to do when he died?

A). Bury him in Jerusalem

B). Bury him beside the man of God, laying his bones beside his bones

C). Burn his body on the altar D). Bury him under the oak tree

197. After all this, did Jeroboam change his evil ways?

A). Yes, he tore down the golden calves B). Yes, he went to worship in Jerusalem

C). No, he kept appointing priests for the high places from all sorts of people

D). Yes, he made the man of God his adviser

1 Kings 14

198. Which son of Jeroboam became ill?

A). Nadab B). Abijah C). Rehoboam D). Josiah

199. What did Jeroboam tell his wife to do before going to see the prophet Ahijah?

A). Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife B). Bring the golden calves
C). Take a large army D). Wear her royal robes

200. What did Jeroboam's wife take with her as a gift for the prophet?

A). Gold and silver B). A young goat
C). Ten loaves of bread, some cakes and a jar of honey D). A new cloak

201. How did Ahijah know who his visitor was, even though he could not see?

A). He recognized her voice B). His servant told him C). She told him her name
D). The LORD told him she was coming and would pretend to be someone else

202. Ahijah said, "Come in, wife of Jeroboam. Why this _____?"

A). pretense B). journey C). gift D). sadness

203. Why would Jeroboam's sick son be the only one of his family to be buried and mourned?

A). He was the oldest son B). He was the king's favorite
C). In him the LORD had found something good D). He had become a priest

204. Ahijah said the LORD would scatter Israel beyond which river because of their Asherah poles?

A). The Jordan B). The Nile C). The Tigris D). The Euphrates

205. When did Jeroboam's son die?

A). As soon as his mother stepped over the threshold of the house in Tirzah
B). Seven days after she returned C). While she was still with Ahijah
D). The next morning

206. Who succeeded Jeroboam as king of Israel?

A). Abijah B). Nadab C). Rehoboam D). Baasha

207. What was the name of Rehoboam's mother, who was an Ammonite?

A). Bathsheba B). Abishag C). Naamah D). Maakah

208. What did the people of Judah do during Rehoboam's reign?

A). They destroyed all the high places
B). They did evil and set up high places, sacred stones and Asherah poles
C). They rebuilt the temple D). They made peace with Israel

209. In Rehoboam's fifth year, which king of Egypt attacked Jerusalem and carried off its treasures?

A). Pharaoh Neco B). Hiram C). Achish D). Shishak

210. Shishak carried off the gold shields Solomon had made. What did Rehoboam make to replace them?

A). Bronze shields B). Silver shields C). Wooden shields D). Iron shields

211. Who succeeded Rehoboam as king?

A). Nadab B). Asa C). Abijah D). Jeroboam

1 Kings 15

212. How long did Abijah reign as king of Judah in Jerusalem?

A). Three years B). Seventeen years C). Forty-one years D). Two years

213. Even though Abijah sinned, why did the LORD give him a lamp in Jerusalem?

A). Because Abijah repented at the end B). For David's sake

C). Because the temple was there D). Because Asa prayed for him

214. David did what was right in the LORD's eyes all his life except in the case of whom?

A). Absalom B). Saul C). Uriah the Hittite D). Goliath

215. Which son of Abijah succeeded him as king of Judah?

A). Jehoshaphat B). Nadab C). Baasha D). Asa

216. How does the Bible describe King Asa?

A). He did what was right in the eyes of the LORD, as David had done

B). He was the most evil king of Judah C). He built golden calves

D). He never went to war

217. Why did Asa remove his grandmother Maakah from her position as queen mother?

A). She tried to take the throne B). She married a foreign king

C). She had made a repulsive image for the worship of Asherah

D). She stole from the temple

218. What did Asa NOT remove, even though his heart was fully committed to the LORD?

A). The ark B). The high places C). The bronze Sea D). The temple priests

219. Which town did Baasha king of Israel fortify to stop people from going to or from Asa's territory?

A). Bethel B). Tirzah C). Mizpah D). Ramah

220. To which king in Damascus did Asa send silver and gold, asking him to break his treaty with Baasha?

A). Ben-Hadad king of Aram B). Shishak king of Egypt C). Hiram king of Tyre

D). Achish king of Gath

221. What did King Asa do with the stones and timber Baasha had used at Ramah?

A). He burned them B). He used them to build up Geba and Mizpah

C). He gave them to Ben-Hadad D). He built a new temple with them

222. Who succeeded Asa as king of Judah?

A). Abijah B). Nadab C). Jehoshaphat D). Ahab

223. Who plotted against Nadab, son of Jeroboam, and killed him?

A). Zimri B). Omri C). Ahab D). Baasha son of Ahijah

224. When Baasha killed Jeroboam's whole family, whose earlier prophecy was fulfilled?

A). Ahijah the Shilonite B). Nathan C). Shemaiah D). Elijah

225. Where did Baasha reign as king over all Israel?

A). Samaria B). Tirzah C). Shechem D). Jerusalem

1 Kings 16

226. Which prophet, the son of Hanani, brought the word of the LORD against King Baasha?

A). Ahijah B). Jehu C). Elijah D). Shemaiah

227. What did the LORD say He would do to Baasha's family, because Baasha walked in the ways of Jeroboam?

A). Make it the greatest family in Israel B). Send it to Egypt
C). Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam D). Give it the tribe of Judah

228. Which official, who commanded half of Elah's chariots, plotted against King Elah?

A). Omri B). Tibni C). Zimri D). Arza

229. What was King Elah doing when Zimri came in and struck him down?

A). Praying in the temple B). Leading his army at Gibbethon
C). Getting drunk in the home of Arza D). Sleeping in the palace

230. How long did Zimri reign as king in Tirzah?

A). Seven days B). Seven months C). Seven years D). Two years

231. When the army heard that Zimri had killed the king, whom did they make king?

A). Tibni son of Ginath B). Ahab C). Jehu D). Omri, the commander of the army

232. When Zimri saw the city was taken, what did he do?

A). He ran away to Egypt
B). He went into the palace citadel and set the palace on fire around himself
C). He surrendered to Omri D). He hid in the temple of Baal

233. Half the people of Israel followed Omri. Whom did the other half want as king?

A). Tibni son of Ginath B). Zimri C). Elah D). Hiel of Bethel

234. Which city did Omri build on a hill he bought from Shemer?

A). Tirzah B). Jericho C). Samaria D). Shechem

235. How much did Omri pay Shemer for the hill of Samaria?

A). Twenty shekels of gold B). Four hundred shekels of silver C). Fifty talents of gold D). Two talents of silver

236. Which son of Omri became king of Israel and reigned in Samaria?

A). Ahab B). Elah C). Zimri D). Jehu

237. Whom did King Ahab marry?

A). Maakah B). Jezebel C). Naamah D). Abishag

238. What did Ahab build in Samaria?

A). A temple of Baal with an altar for Baal B). A new palace for the LORD C). A wall around Jericho D). An altar to the LORD

239. Which man rebuilt Jericho at the cost of his firstborn and youngest sons, as the LORD had spoken through Joshua?

A). Shemer B). Arza C). Hiel of Bethel D). Tibni

1 Kings 17

240. Which prophet told King Ahab there would be no dew or rain for the next few years?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Ahijah D). Jehu

241. Elijah the Tishbite was from Tishbe in which region?

A). Galilee B). Samaria C). Gilead D). Judah

242. Where did the LORD tell Elijah to hide at first?

A). In the Kerith Ravine, east of the Jordan B). In a cave on Mount Horeb C). In the city of Zarephath D). In Ahab's palace

243. What birds brought Elijah food while he hid by the brook?

A). Doves B). Eagles C). Sparrows D). Ravens

244. What did the ravens bring Elijah each morning and evening?

A). Bread and meat B). Fish and honey C). Figs and grapes D). Water and oil

245. Why did the brook where Elijah stayed dry up?

A). The ravens drank it all B). There had been no rain in the land C). Ahab blocked it D). An earthquake stopped it

246. To which town in the region of Sidon did the LORD send Elijah?

A). Tyre B). Bethel C). Samaria D). Zarephath

247. What was the widow doing when Elijah met her at the town gate?

A). Drawing water from a well B). Selling bread C). Gathering sticks D). Washing clothes

248. What did the widow say she had left when Elijah asked her for bread?

A). A full jar of flour B). Some fish and bread

C). Only a handful of flour and a little olive oil D). Nothing at all

249. Elijah said to the widow, "Don't be _____. Go home and do as you have said."

A). afraid B). sad C). angry D). tired

250. What did the LORD promise about the widow's flour and oil?

A). They would last for seven days B). They would turn into gold

C). They would be doubled once

D). The flour would not be used up and the oil would not run dry until the LORD sent rain

251. Where did Elijah take the widow's son after the boy stopped breathing?

A). To the town gate B). To the brook C). To the upper room where Elijah was staying

D). To the temple of Baal

252. How many times did Elijah stretch himself out on the boy as he cried to the LORD?

A). Once B). Three times C). Seven times D). Twelve times

253. After her son came back to life, what did the widow say she now knew about Elijah?

A). That he was a king in disguise B). That he would stay with her forever

C). That he came from Egypt

D). That he was a man of God, and the word of the LORD from his mouth was the truth

1 Kings 18

254. In which year of the drought did the LORD tell Elijah to go to Ahab because He would send rain?

A). The third year B). The first year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

255. Which man in charge of Ahab's palace was a devout believer in the LORD?

A). Jehu B). Obadiah C). Hiel D). Micaiah

256. What did Obadiah do while Jezebel was killing the LORD's prophets?

A). He told Ahab where the prophets were B). He left Israel

C). He hid a hundred prophets in two caves and gave them food and water

D). He joined the prophets of Baal

257. When Ahab saw Elijah, he said, "Is that you, you _____ of Israel?"

A). friend B). prophet C). enemy D). troubler

258. According to Elijah, who had really brought trouble on Israel?

A). Ahab and his father's family, who abandoned the LORD's commands and followed the Baals

B). Elijah himself C). Obadiah D). The people of Judah

259. On which mountain did Elijah challenge the prophets of Baal?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Zion D). Mount of Olives

260. How many prophets of Baal were summoned to Mount Carmel?

A). One hundred B). Four hundred C). Four hundred and fifty D). Seven thousand

261. Elijah asked the people, "How long will you waver between two _____?"

A). kings B). roads C). nations D). opinions

262. How did the people answer when Elijah asked them to choose between the LORD and Baal?

A). They said nothing B). They shouted for Baal C). They chose the LORD at once
D). They ran away

263. Elijah said, "The god who answers by _____—he is God."

A). water B). fire C). wind D). thunder

264. What happened when the prophets of Baal shouted to Baal from morning until evening?

A). Fire fell on their altar B). Rain began to fall
C). No one answered and no one paid attention D). The altar broke in two

265. What did Elijah say at noon to mock the prophets of Baal?

A). That Baal was too far away to hear B). That they should bring more bulls
C). That they should go home
D). "Shout louder!" Maybe Baal was busy, traveling or sleeping

266. How many stones did Elijah use to repair the altar of the LORD?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Four D). Ten

267. What did the twelve stones of Elijah's altar stand for?

A). The twelve months of the year B). The twelve tribes descended from Jacob
C). Twelve prophets of the LORD D). Twelve years of drought

268. What did Elijah have poured on the offering and the wood three times?

A). Oil B). Wine C). Water D). Sand

269. In his prayer, why did Elijah ask the LORD to answer him?

A). So that Elijah would become king B). So that Ahab would give him gold
C). So that the rain would stop
D). So the people would know the LORD is God and that He was turning their hearts back

270. When the fire of the LORD fell, what did it burn up?

A). The sacrifice, the wood, the stones and the soil, and it licked up the water in the trench
B). Only the bull C). Only the wood D). The altar of Baal

271. When the people saw the fire, they fell down and cried, "The LORD—he is _____!"

A). King B). God C). good D). great

272. After the servant looked toward the sea seven times, what did he finally see?

A). A great storm B). A flock of birds C). A cloud as small as a man's hand
D). A ship

273. How did Elijah pray on top of Mount Carmel before the rain came?

A). Standing with his hands raised B). Lying on the altar
C). Walking around the mountain
D). Bending down to the ground with his face between his knees

274. What amazing thing did Elijah do when the power of the LORD came on him as the rain began?

A). He ran ahead of Ahab's chariot all the way to Jezreel B). He flew up to heaven
C). He stopped the rain D). He called fire down again

1 Kings 19

275. Who threatened to kill Elijah after she heard what he had done on Mount Carmel?

A). Jezebel B). Maakah C). Naamah D). Athaliah

276. How did Elijah respond to Jezebel's threat?

A). He went back to Mount Carmel B). He was afraid and ran for his life
C). He hid in Ahab's palace D). He sent her a letter

277. Under what did Elijah sit down in the wilderness and pray that he might die?

A). An oak tree B). A fig tree C). A broom bush D). A palm tree

278. Elijah prayed, "I have had _____, LORD. Take my life."

A). a dream B). my reward C). too little D). enough

279. What did the angel give Elijah when he woke up under the bush?

A). Bread baked over hot coals and a jar of water B). Meat and wine C). Fish and honey
D). Figs and milk

280. Why did the angel tell Elijah to eat a second time?

A). Because he was still sick B). Because the journey was too much for him
C). Because he had to fight Jezebel D). Because it was a feast day

281. How long did Elijah travel on the strength of that food?

A). Three days and three nights B). Seven days C). Forty days and forty nights
D). One year

282. Which place, called the mountain of God, did Elijah reach after his long journey?

A). Mount Zion B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Gerizim D). Horeb

283. What question did the LORD ask Elijah at Horeb?

A). "What are you doing here, Elijah?" B). "Why did you leave your servant?"
C). "Where is Ahab?" D). "Who sent you?"

284. What did Elijah tell the LORD about himself at Horeb?

A). That he wanted to be king
B). That he was the only one left, and they were trying to kill him too
C). That he had defeated all his enemies D). That he was ready to go back to Samaria

285. In what order did things pass by Elijah at the mountain?

A). Earthquake, fire, wind, gentle whisper B). Fire, wind, earthquake, gentle whisper
C). Wind, earthquake, fire, gentle whisper D). Gentle whisper, wind, earthquake, fire

286. Was the LORD in the powerful wind, the earthquake or the fire?

A). He was in the wind B). He was in the earthquake C). He was in the fire
D). He was not in any of them

287. What did Elijah do when he heard the gentle whisper?

A). He pulled his cloak over his face and stood at the mouth of the cave
B). He ran down the mountain C). He fell asleep D). He built an altar

288. Whom did the LORD tell Elijah to anoint as king over Aram?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Hazael C). Rezon D). Jehu

289. Whom did the LORD tell Elijah to anoint to succeed him as prophet?

A). Obadiah B). Jehu C). Elisha D). Micaiah

290. How many people in Israel did the LORD say had not bowed down to Baal?

A). One hundred B). Four hundred and fifty C). Twelve D). Seven thousand

291. What was Elisha doing when Elijah found him?

A). Plowing with twelve pairs of oxen B). Fishing in the Jordan C). Watching sheep
D). Building a house

292. What did Elijah throw around Elisha?

A). A rope B). His cloak C). A crown D). A belt

293. What did Elisha do with his oxen before following Elijah?

A). He sold them B). He gave them to his father
C). He slaughtered them, cooked them on his plowing equipment, and gave the meat to the people
D). He left them in the field

1 Kings 20

294. Which king of Aram gathered his army and besieged Samaria?

A). Hazael B). Rezon C). Ben-Hadad D). Hiram

295. How many kings came with Ben-Hadad to attack Samaria?

A). Twelve B). Thirty-two C). Seven D). Forty

296. When Ben-Hadad demanded to search the palace and take everything valuable, what did the elders advise Ahab?

A). To pay everything at once B). To run away to Judah

C). Not to listen to him or agree to his demands D). To ask Jezebel what to do

297. Ahab replied to Ben-Hadad, "One who puts on his armor should not _____ like one who takes it off."

A). fight B). run C). sleep D). boast

298. Why did a prophet say the LORD would give the huge Aramean army into Ahab's hand?

A). So that Ahab would know that He is the LORD B). Because Ahab had prayed

C). Because Jezebel asked Him D). Because Israel had more soldiers

299. What were Ben-Hadad and the other kings doing in their tents when Israel attacked?

A). Praying to their gods B). Getting drunk C). Counting their gold D). Sleeping

300. How did Ben-Hadad escape when the Arameans fled?

A). By boat B). In a chariot C). On a horse with some of his horsemen

D). Disguised as a shepherd

301. Why did the Aramean officials think they had lost to Israel?

A). Their horses were tired B). Their king was sick C). Israel had more chariots

D). They thought Israel's gods were gods of the hills

302. Where did Ben-Hadad go the next spring to fight against Israel?

A). Aphek B). Samaria C). Ramoth Gilead D). Damascus

303. How did the Israelite army look compared with the Aramean army at Aphek?

A). Like a mighty flood B). Like two small flocks of goats C). Like the stars in the sky

D). Like a great forest

304. Why did the LORD say He would give the vast Aramean army into Israel's hands?

A). Because Ahab had built a new altar B). Because the Arameans had no king

C). Because the Arameans thought the LORD was a god of the hills and not of the valleys

D). Because Israel had more soldiers

305. What happened to many of the Aramean soldiers who escaped to the city of Aphek?

A). They were taken as slaves B). They drowned in a river

C). They became Israelite soldiers D). The city wall collapsed on them

306. How did Ben-Hadad's officials dress when they went to ask Ahab to spare Ben-Hadad's life?

A). In sackcloth, with ropes around their heads B). In royal robes C). In armor
D). In white linen

307. What did Ahab do with Ben-Hadad?

A). He put him to death
B). He called him his brother, made a treaty with him and let him go
C). He put him in prison D). He sent him to Egypt

308. What happened to the man who refused a prophet's request, given by the word of the LORD, to strike him?

A). He became a prophet B). He was made blind C). A lion killed him
D). He was taken to Aram

309. What did the prophet tell Ahab would happen because he set Ben-Hadad free?

A). Ahab would become rich B). Ahab would rule Aram
C). Ben-Hadad would serve Israel forever
D). It would be Ahab's life for Ben-Hadad's life, and his people for Ben-Hadad's people

310. How did Ahab feel as he went home to Samaria after hearing the prophet's words?

A). Sullen and angry B). Happy and thankful C). Calm and peaceful
D). Proud and excited

1 Kings 21

311. Who owned the vineyard that King Ahab wanted?

A). Obadiah B). Naboth C). Elijah D). Jehu

312. What did Ahab want to use Naboth's vineyard for?

A). A vegetable garden B). A temple for Baal C). A stable for horses
D). A new palace

313. Why did Naboth refuse to give his vineyard to Ahab?

A). Ahab did not offer enough money B). He wanted to give it to his son
C). It was the inheritance of his ancestors D). He hated the king

314. What did Ahab do after Naboth refused to give him the vineyard?

A). He went to war B). He bought another vineyard C). He prayed to the LORD
D). He lay on his bed sulking and refused to eat

315. Who told Ahab, "I'll get you the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite"?

A). Jezebel B). Obadiah C). Ben-Hadad D). His servant

316. How did Jezebel send her orders to the elders and nobles of Naboth's city?

A). She went there herself B). She sent Elijah

C). She wrote letters in Ahab's name and sealed them with his seal

D). She sent soldiers with a spoken message

317. What false charge did the two scoundrels bring against Naboth?

A). That he stole from the king B). That he cursed both God and the king

C). That he worshiped Baal D). That he broke the Sabbath

318. How was Naboth put to death?

A). By the sword B). By a lion C). In a fire D). By stoning outside the city

319. Whom did the LORD send to meet Ahab in Naboth's vineyard?

A). Elijah the Tishbite B). Elisha C). Micaiah D). Obadiah

320. What did Elijah say would happen to Ahab's blood?

A). It would be poured on the altar B). It would be kept in the palace

C). Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood

D). It would be washed away by the rain

321. Ahab said to Elijah, "So you have found me, my _____!"

A). friend B). enemy C). master D). servant

322. According to the LORD's word, where would dogs devour Jezebel?

A). In the palace of Samaria B). At Mount Carmel C). In Naboth's vineyard

D). By the wall of Jezreel

323. How did Ahab respond when he heard Elijah's words?

A). He tore his clothes, put on sackcloth and fasted B). He had Elijah arrested

C). He ran away to Aram D). He laughed at Elijah

324. Because Ahab humbled himself, what did the LORD decide?

A). To make him the king of Aram

B). Not to bring the disaster in Ahab's day, but in the days of his son

C). To give Naboth's vineyard back D). To remove Jezebel as queen

1 Kings 22

325. Which king of Judah went with the king of Israel to fight against Ramoth Gilead?

A). Asa B). Jehoshaphat C). Rehoboam D). Ahaziah

326. Which city did the king of Israel say belonged to Israel but was still held by the king of Aram?

A). Samaria B). Damascus C). Ramoth Gilead D). Jezreel

327. What did Jehoshaphat ask the king of Israel to do before going to battle?

A). Seek the counsel of the LORD first B). Gather more chariots C). Send gifts to Aram
D). Build a new altar

328. About how many prophets told the king of Israel to go and attack Ramoth Gilead?

A). Seven B). Seventy C). Four hundred and fifty D). About four hundred

329. Which prophet did the king of Israel say he hated because he never prophesied anything good about him?

A). Micaiah son of Imlah B). Elijah C). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah
D). Jehu son of Hanani

330. What did Zedekiah son of Kenaanah make to show that the king would defeat the Arameans?

A). A bronze sword B). Iron horns C). A wooden yoke D). A golden crown

331. Micaiah said, "As surely as the LORD lives, I can tell him only what the _____ tells me."

A). king B). people C). LORD D). prophets

332. Micaiah said he saw all Israel scattered on the hills like what?

A). Stars in the sky B). Leaves in the wind C). Sand on the seashore
D). Sheep without a shepherd

333. Who slapped Micaiah in the face?

A). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah B). The king of Israel C). Jehoshaphat
D). Amon the ruler of the city

334. What did the king order to be done with Micaiah until he came back from battle?

A). Send him to Jerusalem B). Put him in prison with only bread and water
C). Make him a royal adviser D). Send him to Aram

335. What did Micaiah say would prove he had NOT spoken for the LORD?

A). If it rained that day B). If the other prophets agreed with him
C). If the king ever returned safely D). If Jehoshaphat stayed at home

336. How did the king of Israel go into the battle?

A). In a golden chariot B). Hidden in the back of the army
C). Wearing Jehoshaphat's robes D). In disguise

337. What order did the king of Aram give his thirty-two chariot commanders?

A). Fight only with the king of Israel B). Capture Jehoshaphat C). Destroy Samaria
D). Stay out of the battle

338. How was the king of Israel wounded in the battle?

A). By a spear thrown by Ben-Hadad

B). An arrow shot at random hit him between the sections of his armor

C). He fell from his chariot D). A sword struck his arm

339. What happened when the king's chariot was washed at a pool in Samaria?

A). The water turned red forever B). Nothing unusual happened

C). Dogs licked up his blood, as the word of the LORD had declared

D). The chariot was stolen

340. What was Ahab's palace in Samaria decorated with?

A). Gold B). Cedar C). Silver D). Ivory

341. In whose ways did Jehoshaphat, king of Judah, walk?

A). The ways of his father Asa, doing right in the LORD's eyes B). The ways of Jeroboam

C). The ways of Ahab D). The ways of Rehoboam

342. Where were Jehoshaphat's trading ships wrecked before they could sail to Ophir for gold?

A). Joppa B). Ezion Geber C). Tyre D). Sidon

343. Which son of Ahab became king of Israel and served and worshiped Baal?

A). Jehoram B). Jehu C). Ahaziah D). Hazael

Answer Key

1 Kings

Chapters

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22

1 Kings 1

1. B) Abishag
2. D) Adonijah
3. C) Corrected him by asking why he behaved as he did
4. A) Absalom
5. C) Joab and Abiathar
6. D) Nathan the prophet
7. A) At the Stone of Zoheleth near En Rogel
8. C) Nathan
9. C) Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah
10. B) That her son Solomon would be king after him
11. D) King David's own mule
12. A) Gihon
13. C) Zadok the priest
14. B) Solomon
15. B) The Kerethites and the Pelethites
16. A) Jonathan son of Abiathar
17. C) He took hold of the horns of the altar
18. D) Not a hair of his head would fall to the ground

1 Kings 2

19. C) Be strong and obey the LORD's commands
20. B) David would never fail to have a successor on the throne of Israel
21. A) Abner and Amasa
22. B) Barzillai the Gileadite
23. A) Shimei son of Gera
24. D) Forty years
25. C) In the City of David
26. B) That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife
27. A) On a throne at his right hand
28. D) Benaiah son of Jehoiada
29. B) To his fields in Anathoth
30. A) Eli's family
31. B) To the tent of the LORD, where he took hold of the horns of the altar
32. A) Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest
33. C) Leave Jerusalem and cross the Kidron Valley
34. B) Gath
35. C) Solomon's

1 Kings 3

36. B) Pharaoh king of Egypt
37. C) A temple for the Name of the LORD had not yet been built
38. B) love
39. A) Gibeon
40. D) A thousand
41. B) In a dream during the night
42. C) "Ask for whatever you want me to give you."
43. B) As only a little child who did not know how to carry out his duties
44. D) A discerning heart to govern God's people
45. A) Wealth and honor
46. C) Walk in obedience and keep God's decrees and commands as David did
47. B) Jerusalem
48. B) Which of them was the mother of a living baby
49. B) A sword
50. C) She was willing to give up the baby so he would not be killed
51. B) That he had wisdom from God to administer justice

1 Kings 4

52. B) Israel
53. D) Adoniram son of Abda
54. A) Zabud son of Nathan
55. B) Benaiah son of Jehoiada
56. C) To supply food for the king and his household, each for one month of the year

57. D) As numerous as the sand on the seashore, and happy

58. C) The Euphrates River

59. A) Under their own vine and under their own fig tree

60. C) Peace

61. B) sand

62. A) Egypt

63. A) Ethan

64. D) Three thousand

65. B) Plants, animals, birds, reptiles and fish

66. C) All the kings of the world who had heard of his wisdom

1 Kings 5

67. A) Hiram

68. C) Of the wars waged against him on every side

69. B) Rest on every side

70. D) That David's son, whom God would put on the throne, would build the temple for His Name

71. C) Cedars of Lebanon

72. B) The Sidonians

73. D) wise

74. C) Floated in rafts by sea

75. B) Wheat and pressed olive oil

76. A) Wisdom

77. C) One month in Lebanon and two months at home

78. B) Adoniram

79. D) Large blocks of high-grade stone

80. A) Byblos

1 Kings 6

81. B) The 480th year

82. C) His fourth year

83. A) Any hammer, chisel or other iron tool

84. D) The stones were dressed at the quarry before being brought

85. B) He would live among the Israelites and not abandon His people

86. A) The Most Holy Place

87. C) To set the ark of the covenant of the LORD there

88. D) Cedar

89. C) Pure gold

90. B) A pair of cherubim

91. D) Their outer wings touched the walls and their inner wings touched each other in the middle

92. B) Cherubim, palm trees and open flowers

93. A) Seven years

1 Kings 7

94. B) Thirteen years

95. C) The Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

96. D) The Hall of Justice

97. A) Pharaoh's daughter, his wife

98. C) Huram

99. B) Naphtali

100. A) Two pillars

101. D) Jakin and Boaz

102. B) Twelve bulls

103. C) In the plain of the Jordan between Sukkoth and Zarethan

104. A) There was so much of it

105. B) The bread of the Presence

106. C) The things his father David had dedicated

1 Kings 8

107. C) Zion, the City of David

108. D) So many they could not be recorded or counted

109. A) In the inner sanctuary, the Most Holy Place, beneath the cherubim's wings

110. B) Only the two stone tablets Moses had placed there at Horeb

111. A) A cloud

112. C) The glory of the LORD filled His temple

113. B) With his hands spread out toward heaven

114. B) God

115. D) Contain God

116. A) Forgive

117. C) Turn back to God, praise His name and pray to Him in the temple

118. C) Foreigners who come from distant lands because of God's name

119. A) sin

120. D) Kneeling, with his hands spread out toward heaven

121. B) Not one word of them had failed

122. D) Fourteen days

123. C) Joyful and glad

1 Kings 9

124. A) A second time

125. B) He had consecrated it by putting His Name there forever

126. C) That He would establish Solomon's royal throne over Israel forever

127. D) He would cut Israel off from the land and reject the temple

128. A) Because they had forsaken the LORD their God who brought their ancestors out of Egypt

129. B) Twenty towns in Galilee

130. C) He was not pleased with them

131. D) Megiddo

132. A) Gezer

133. B) Make them slaves

134. C) Three times

135. D) At Ezion Geber on the shore of the Red Sea

136. A) Ophir

1 Kings 10

137. B) The queen of Sheba

138. C) Spices, gold and precious stones

139. A) He answered all of them; nothing was too hard for him

140. D) half

141. B) To maintain justice and righteousness, because of His eternal love for Israel

142. A) Spices

143. C) Supports for the temple and palace, and harps and lyres

144. B) In the Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

145. D) Twelve lions

146. C) Ivory

147. A) As common as stones

148. B) Gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons

149. D) To hear the wisdom God had put in his heart

150. A) Egypt and Kue

1 Kings 11

151. B) Because they would surely turn their hearts after their gods

152. C) They led him astray

153. A) It was not fully devoted to the LORD his God

154. D) Ashtoreth

155. A) On a hill east of Jerusalem

156. C) Because his heart turned away from the LORD, who had appeared to him twice

157. A) For the sake of David, Solomon's father

158. D) One

159. B) Hadad

160. C) Damascus

161. D) Jeroboam

162. A) Ahijah

163. C) Twelve

164. B) Because God would give him ten tribes

165. D) To Egypt, to King Shishak

166. A) Rehoboam

1 Kings 12

167. B) Shechem

168. C) Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

169. A) If he served the people and gave a favorable answer, they would always be his servants

170. D) The young men who had grown up with him

171. B) finger

172. C) Scorpions

173. A) This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah

174. D) tents

175. B) Adoniram

176. C) Jeroboam

177. A) Judah

178. D) Shemaiah

179. B) They obeyed and went home

180. A) He feared their hearts would turn back to Rehoboam, and they would kill him

181. A) Two golden calves

182. C) Bethel and Dan

183. C) They were not Levites

1 Kings 13

184. A) By the altar at Bethel

185. D) Josiah

186. B) The altar would split apart and its ashes pour out

187. C) It shriveled up so he could not pull it back

188. A) The man of God prayed to the LORD for him

189. C) The LORD had commanded him not to eat bread or drink water there

190. A) An old prophet

191. B) Sitting under an oak tree

192. C) He lied, saying an angel had told him to bring him back

193. A) His body would not be buried in the tomb of his ancestors

194. D) A lion

195. A) It had not eaten the body or attacked the donkey

196. B) Bury him beside the man of God, laying his bones beside his bones

197. C) No, he kept appointing priests for the high places from all sorts of people

1 Kings 14

198. B) Abijah

199. A) Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife

200. C) Ten loaves of bread, some cakes and a jar of honey

201. D) The LORD told him she was coming and would pretend to be someone else

202. A) pretense

203. C) In him the LORD had found something good

204. D) The Euphrates

205. A) As soon as his mother stepped over the threshold of the house in Tirzah

206. B) Nadab

207. C) Naamah

208. B) They did evil and set up high places, sacred stones and Asherah poles

209. D) Shishak

210. A) Bronze shields

211. C) Abijah

1 Kings 15

212. A) Three years

213. B) For David's sake

214. C) Uriah the Hittite

215. D) Asa

216. A) He did what was right in the eyes of the LORD, as David had done

217. C) She had made a repulsive image for the worship of Asherah

218. B) The high places

219. D) Ramah

220. A) Ben-Hadad king of Aram

221. B) He used them to build up Geba and Mizpah

222. C) Jehoshaphat

223. D) Baasha son of Ahijah

224. A) Ahijah the Shilonite

225. B) Tirzah

1 Kings 16

226. B) Jehu

227. C) Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam

228. C) Zimri

229. C) Getting drunk in the home of Arza

230. A) Seven days

231. D) Omri, the commander of the army

232. B) He went into the palace citadel and set the palace on fire around himself

233. A) Tibni son of Ginath

234. C) Samaria

235. D) Two talents of silver

236. A) Ahab

237. B) Jezebel

238. A) A temple of Baal with an altar for Baal

239. C) Hiel of Bethel

1 Kings 17

240. B) Elijah

241. C) Gilead

242. A) In the Kerith Ravine, east of the Jordan

243. D) Ravens

244. A) Bread and meat

245. B) There had been no rain in the land

246. D) Zarephath

247. C) Gathering sticks

248. C) Only a handful of flour and a little olive oil

249. A) afraid

250. D) The flour would not be used up and the oil would not run dry until the LORD sent rain

251. C) To the upper room where Elijah was staying

252. B) Three times

253. D) That he was a man of God, and the word of the LORD from his mouth was the truth

1 Kings 18

254. A) The third year

255. B) Obadiah

256. C) He hid a hundred prophets in two caves and gave them food and water

257. D) troubler

258. A) Ahab and his father's family, who abandoned the LORD's commands and followed the Baals

259. B) Mount Carmel

260. C) Four hundred and fifty

261. D) opinions

262. A) They said nothing

263. B) fire

264. C) No one answered and no one paid attention

265. D) "Shout louder!" Maybe Baal was busy, traveling or sleeping

266. A) Twelve

267. B) The twelve tribes descended from Jacob

268. C) Water

269. D) So the people would know the LORD is God and that He was turning their hearts back

270. A) The sacrifice, the wood, the stones and the soil, and it licked up the water in the trench

271. B) God

272. C) A cloud as small as a man's hand

273. D) Bending down to the ground with his face between his knees

274. A) He ran ahead of Ahab's chariot all the way to Jezreel

1 Kings 19

275. A) Jezebel

276. B) He was afraid and ran for his life

277. C) A broom bush

278. D) enough

279. A) Bread baked over hot coals and a jar of water

280. B) Because the journey was too much for him

281. C) Forty days and forty nights

282. D) Horeb

283. A) "What are you doing here, Elijah?"

284. B) That he was the only one left, and they were trying to kill him too

285. C) Wind, earthquake, fire, gentle whisper

286. D) He was not in any of them

287. A) He pulled his cloak over his face and stood at the mouth of the cave

288. B) Hazael

289. C) Elisha

290. D) Seven thousand

291. A) Plowing with twelve pairs of oxen

292. B) His cloak

293. C) He slaughtered them, cooked them on his plowing equipment, and gave the meat to the people

1 Kings 20

294. C) Ben-Hadad

295. B) Thirty-two

296. C) Not to listen to him or agree to his demands

297. D) boast

298. A) So that Ahab would know that He is the LORD

299. B) Getting drunk

300. C) On a horse with some of his horsemen

301. D) They thought Israel's gods were gods of the hills

302. A) Aphek

303. B) Like two small flocks of goats

304. C) Because the Arameans thought the LORD was a god of the hills and not of the valleys

305. D) The city wall collapsed on them

306. A) In sackcloth, with ropes around their heads

307. B) He called him his brother, made a treaty with him and let him go

308. C) A lion killed him

309. D) It would be Ahab's life for Ben-Hadad's life, and his people for Ben-Hadad's people

310. A) Sullen and angry

1 Kings 21

311. B) Naboth

312. A) A vegetable garden

313. C) It was the inheritance of his ancestors

314. D) He lay on his bed sulking and refused to eat

315. A) Jezebel

316. C) She wrote letters in Ahab's name and sealed them with his seal

317. B) That he cursed both God and the king

318. D) By stoning outside the city

319. A) Elijah the Tishbite

320. C) Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood

321. B) enemy

322. D) By the wall of Jezreel

323. A) He tore his clothes, put on sackcloth and fasted

324. B) Not to bring the disaster in Ahab's day, but in the days of his son

1 Kings 22

325. B) Jehoshaphat

326. C) Ramoth Gilead

327. A) Seek the counsel of the LORD first

328. D) About four hundred

329. A) Micaiah son of Imlah

330. B) Iron horns

331. C) LORD

332. D) Sheep without a shepherd

333. A) Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

334. B) Put him in prison with only bread and water

335. C) If the king ever returned safely

336. D) In disguise

337. A) Fight only with the king of Israel

338. B) An arrow shot at random hit him between the sections of his armor

339. C) Dogs licked up his blood, as the word of the LORD had declared

340. D) Ivory

341. A) The ways of his father Asa, doing right in the LORD's eyes

342. B) Ezion Geber

343. C) Ahaziah



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