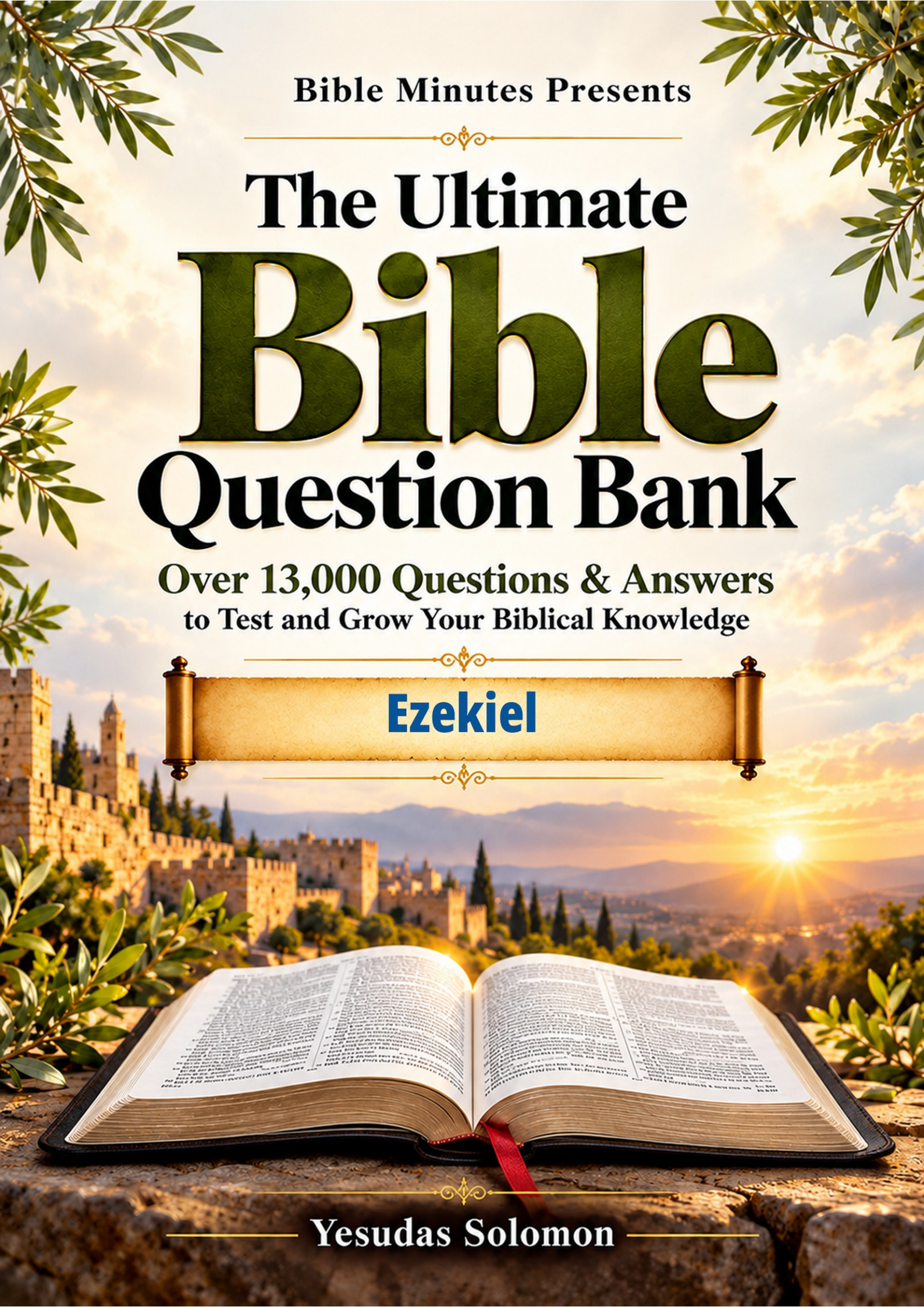
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## Ezekiel



Yesudas Solomon

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**Yesudas Solomon**

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**Author / ஆசிரியர்:**
Yesudas Solomon / ஏசுதாஸ் சாலொமோன்

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# Ezekiel

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## Ezekiel 1

**1. Where was Ezekiel among the exiles when the heavens were opened and he saw visions of God?**

A). Jordan River B). Kebar River C). Euphrates River D). Nile River

**2. In which year of King Jehoiachin's exile did Ezekiel receive this vision?**

A). The third year B). The seventh year C). The fifth year D). The tenth year

**3. Who was Ezekiel's father?**

A). Buzi B). Hilkiah C). Amoz D). Shaphan

**4. What was Ezekiel's role before he is described receiving God's word?**

A). A king B). A shepherd C). A scribe D). A priest

**5. From which direction did Ezekiel see a windstorm coming?**

A). From the south B). From the north C). From the east D). From the west

**6. How many living creatures did Ezekiel see in the storm?**

A). Two B). Seven C). Four D). Twelve

**7. Which list gives the four faces each living creature had?**

A). Human, lion, ox and eagle B). Human, bear, ox and dove
C). Lion, horse, ox and eagle D). Human, lion, lamb and eagle

**8. How did the wheels beside the living creatures look as if they were made?**

A). Like a wheel standing on a pillar B). Like a wheel inside a wheel
C). Like a wheel made of fire D). Like a wheel covered with wings

**9. What were the rims of the wheels full of?**

A). Feathers B). Jewels C). Flames D). Eyes

**10. What did the sound of the creatures' wings sound like?**

A). The roar of rushing waters B). The blast of a trumpet C). A gentle whisper
D). The sound of a harp

**11. Above the vault over the creatures, what did Ezekiel see that looked like it was made of lapis lazuli?**

A). An altar B). A throne C). A chariot D). An ark

**12. The radiance around the figure on the throne looked like what?**

A). A burning bush B). A pillar of cloud C). A rainbow in the clouds
D). The full moon

**13. What did Ezekiel do when he saw the likeness of the glory of the LORD?**

A). He ran away B). He sang a song C). He built an altar D). He fell facedown

## Ezekiel 2

**14. What name did God use when He spoke to Ezekiel?**

A). Son of David B). Son of man C). Servant of the LORD D). Man of God

**15. Who came into Ezekiel and raised him to his feet?**

A). An angel B). Elijah C). The Spirit D). A living creature

**16. How did God describe the Israelites to whom He was sending Ezekiel?**

A). A rebellious nation B). A faithful nation C). A humble nation
D). A forgotten nation

**17. Whether the people listened or not, what did God say they would know?**

A). That the exile was over B). That the temple would be rebuilt
C). That God had forgiven them D). That a prophet had been among them

**18. God told Ezekiel not to be afraid even though he lived among what creatures?**

A). Scorpions B). Lions C). Snakes D). Wolves

**19. What did God warn Ezekiel not to be like?**

A). Proud like the kings of Judah B). Rebellious like the people C). Lazy like a sluggard
D). Fearful like the false prophets

**20. What did Ezekiel see in the hand stretched out to him?**

A). A sword B). A golden lamp C). A scroll D). A staff

**21. What was written on both sides of the scroll?**

A). Words of praise and joy B). The names of the tribes of Israel C). The law of Moses
D). Words of lament and mourning and woe

## Ezekiel 3

**22. What did God tell Ezekiel to eat?**

A). Bread B). Honey C). A scroll D). Locusts

**23. How did the scroll taste when Ezekiel ate it?**

A). Sweet as honey B). Bitter as gall C). Salty as the sea D). Sour as vinegar

**24. God said that if He had sent Ezekiel to foreign peoples, what would they have done?**

A). Attacked him B). Ignored him C). Laughed at him D). Listened to him

**25. God said He would make Ezekiel's forehead like the hardest stone, harder than what?**

A). Iron B). Flint C). Bronze D). Granite

**26. At which place near the Kebar River did Ezekiel come to the exiles?**

A). Tel Aviv B). Babylon C). Nineveh D). Tahpanhes

**27. How long did Ezekiel sit among the exiles, deeply distressed?**

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Seven days D). Ten days

**28. Complete God's words: "Son of man, I have made you a _____ for the people of Israel."**

A). shepherd B). judge C). king D). watchman

**29. If Ezekiel did not warn a wicked person who then died in their sin, what did God say would happen?**

A). The person would be forgiven B). God would hold Ezekiel accountable for their blood
C). Ezekiel would lose his voice D). The city would be destroyed

**30. If Ezekiel warned a wicked person and they did not turn from their wickedness, what would happen to Ezekiel?**

A). He would die with them B). He would be sent to another nation
C). He would save himself D). He would be punished

**31. Where did God tell Ezekiel to go so He could speak to him, and where Ezekiel saw the glory of the LORD?**

A). To the temple B). To the plain C). To the mountain D). To the riverbank

**32. What did God say He would do to Ezekiel's tongue so that he would be silent?**

A). Make it stick to the roof of his mouth B). Touch it with a burning coal C). Cut it out
D). Make it speak only in songs

**33. When would Ezekiel be able to speak to the people again?**

A). After seven days B). When the exile ended C). When the people repented
D). When God spoke to him and opened his mouth

## Ezekiel 4

**34. Which city did God tell Ezekiel to draw on a clay tablet?**

A). Babylon B). Samaria C). Jerusalem D). Nineveh

**35. What did God tell Ezekiel to put between himself and the drawn city, like a wall?**

A). An iron pan B). A wooden shield C). A stone slab D). A bronze basin

**36. How many days was Ezekiel to lie on his left side, bearing the sin of Israel?**

A). 40 days B). 70 days C). 120 days D). 390 days

**37. How many days was Ezekiel to lie on his right side, bearing the sin of Judah?**

A). 7 days B). 40 days C). 12 days D). 100 days

**38. In this sign, what did each day Ezekiel lay on his side stand for?**

A). A week B). A month C). A year D). A generation

**39. What did God say He would tie Ezekiel up with so that he could not turn from one side to the other?**

A). Chains B). Ropes C). Vines D). Leather straps

**40. Which list gives some of the foods God told Ezekiel to put in a jar to make bread?**

A). Corn, rice, oats and peas B). Figs, dates, raisins and olives
C). Wheat, barley, beans and lentils D). Wheat, honey, oil and salt

**41. When Ezekiel objected that he had never defiled himself, what did God let him use instead of human excrement to bake his bread?**

A). Cow dung B). Olive wood C). Charcoal D). Dried grass

**42. What did these signs show would happen in Jerusalem?**

A). The city would have a great harvest B). The people would flee to Egypt
C). The walls would be rebuilt D). Food and water would become scarce

## Ezekiel 5

**43. What did God tell Ezekiel to use as a barber's razor?**

A). A knife B). A sharp sword C). A sharp stone D). A spear

**44. What did God tell Ezekiel to use to divide the hair he had shaved off?**

A). A basket B). A measuring line C). A set of scales D). A sieve

**45. What was Ezekiel to do with the three parts of his hair?**

A). Burn a third, strike a third with the sword, scatter a third to the wind
B). Bury a third, burn a third, throw a third into the river C). Burn all of it inside the city
D). Give a third to the priests, burn a third, keep a third

**46. Where did God tell Ezekiel to tuck a few strands of hair?**

A). Under a stone B). Inside a jar C). In his sandals D). In the folds of his garment

**47. Complete the verse: "This is Jerusalem, which I have set in the _____ of the nations, with countries all around her."**

A). corner B). center C). shadow D). path

**48. How did Jerusalem's rebellion compare with that of the nations around her?**

A). She had rebelled less than the nations B). She had rebelled the same as the nations
C). She had rebelled more than the nations D). She had not rebelled at all

**49. What did God say the people had defiled with their vile images and detestable practices?**

A). His sanctuary B). The Jordan River C). The city gates D). The king's palace

**50. Which list gives the things God said He would send against the people?**

A). Floods, fire, frogs and gnats B). Hail, locusts, darkness and boils
C). Drought, earthquake, storms and hail D). Famine, wild beasts, plague and bloodshed

**51. After God's anger was spent, what did He say the people would know?**

A). That the exile would end soon B). That He, the LORD, had spoken in His zeal
C). That their idols were powerful D). That Ezekiel was a false prophet

## Ezekiel 6

**52. Against what did God tell Ezekiel to set his face and prophesy?**

A). The mountains of Israel B). The rivers of Babylon C). The walls of Jerusalem
D). The sea of Galilee

**53. What did God say He would destroy on the mountains and hills?**

A). Their vineyards B). Their high places C). Their cities of refuge D). Their wells

**54. What did God say He would scatter around the altars?**

A). Ashes B). Broken idols C). Their bones D). Their silver

**55. What did God say He would do for some of the people?**

A). Make them kings B). Give them new land at once C). Keep them from exile
D). Spare some who would escape the sword

**56. What would those who escaped do among the nations where they were taken?**

A). They would remember God B). They would build new idols
C). They would become rich D). They would forget Israel

**57. How would the survivors feel about themselves because of the evil they had done?**

A). They would boast B). They would loathe themselves C). They would feel proud
D). They would blame others

**58. What did God tell Ezekiel to do while crying out "Alas!"?**

A). Tear his clothes and weep B). Lift his hands to heaven
C). Strike his hands together and stamp his feet D). Bow down to the ground

**59. By which three things did God say the people would fall?**

A). Fire, flood and earthquake B). Hail, locusts and drought
C). Sword, famine and plague D). Lions, bears and wolves

**60. According to Ezekiel 6, under which trees had the people offered fragrant incense to their idols?**

A). Every spreading tree and leafy oak B). Every fig tree and palm tree
C). Every cedar of Lebanon D). Every olive tree

**61. Complete God's words that end the chapter: "Then they will know that I am the _____."**

A). King B). Judge C). Shepherd D). LORD

## Ezekiel 7

**62. Complete the verse: "The end! The end has come upon the four _____ of the land!"**

A). corners B). gates C). winds D). tribes

**63. On what basis did God say He would judge the people?**

A). By the deeds of their fathers B). According to their conduct
C). By the size of their offerings D). By the number of their prophets

**64. What happened when the trumpet was blown and everything was made ready?**

A). The army won the battle B). The enemy ran away C). No one went into battle
D). The king led the army out

**65. Where did God say the people would throw their silver?**

A). Into the river B). Into the fire C). Into the temple D). Into the streets

**66. What would the people's silver and gold not be able to do in the day of the LORD's wrath?**

A). Save them B). Buy weapons C). Pay their debts D). Build the temple

**67. What did God tell Ezekiel to prepare, because the land was full of bloodshed?**

A). Swords B). Chains C). Sackcloth D). Ropes

**68. When terror came, what would the people seek but not find?**

A). Food B). Water C). Peace D). Gold

**69. When disaster came, what would be lost from the priest, according to Ezekiel 7?**

A). His robe B). His place in the temple C). His voice D). The teaching of the law

**70. According to Ezekiel 7, who would mourn while the prince was clothed with despair?**

A). The king B). The priest C). The prophet D). The elder

## Ezekiel 8

**71. Who were sitting in front of Ezekiel in his house when the hand of the Sovereign LORD came on him?**

A). The priests of Babylon B). The elders of Judah C). The princes of Egypt
D). The sons of the prophets

**72. How did God bring Ezekiel to Jerusalem in this vision?**

A). On a chariot of fire B). On the back of a living creature
C). The Spirit lifted him by his hair between earth and heaven
D). An angel carried him on its wings

**73. What stood at the north gate of the inner court of the temple?**

A). The idol that provokes to jealousy B). The bronze altar C). A golden lampstand
D). The ark of the covenant

**74. What did God tell Ezekiel to do when he saw a hole in the wall?**

A). Look through it B). Close it with stones C). Call the priests D). Dig into the wall

**75. What did Ezekiel see portrayed on the walls inside the room?**

A). Crawling things, unclean animals and idols B). Angels, cherubim and palm trees
C). Lions, oxen and eagles D). Kings, warriors and chariots

**76. How many elders of Israel were standing in the room, each holding a censer?**

A). Twelve B). Twenty-five C). Forty D). Seventy

**77. Which son of Shaphan was standing among the seventy elders?**

A). Jaazaniah B). Gedaliah C). Pelatiah D). Ahikam

**78. What did the elders say to excuse what they did in the dark?**

A). 'The priests told us to do this.'
B). 'The LORD does not see us; the LORD has forsaken the land.'
C). 'Our fathers did the same.' D). 'The king commanded us.'

**79. For whom were the women at the north gate of the house of the LORD mourning?**

A). Baal B). Molek C). Tammuz D). Asherah

**80. What were the twenty-five men between the portico and the altar doing?**

A). Offering sacrifices to the LORD B). Bowing down to the sun in the east
C). Praying for the city D). Singing psalms

**81. Which way were the twenty-five men's backs turned while they worshiped the sun?**

A). Toward Babylon B). Toward the city gate C). Toward the river
D). Toward the temple of the LORD

**82. What did God say about the people's shouts when He dealt with them in anger?**

A). He would answer quickly B). He would not listen to them
C). He would forgive them D). He would send a prophet

## Ezekiel 9

**83. How many men with deadly weapons came from the upper gate that faces north?**

A). Three B). Six C). Seven D). Twelve

**84. What did the man clothed in linen have at his side?**

A). A sword B). A trumpet C). A writing kit D). A measuring rod

**85. Beside what did the six men and the man in linen stand?**

A). The bronze altar B). The golden lampstand C). The north gate
D). The ark of the covenant

**86. Where was the man in linen told to put a mark on the faithful people?**

A). On their hands B). On their doors C). On their clothes D). On their foreheads

**87. Which people were to receive the mark on their foreheads?**

A). Those who brought the most offerings
B). Those who grieved and lamented over the city's detestable things
C). The priests and Levites only D). Everyone living in the city

**88. What did God command about anyone who had the mark?**

A). Do not touch them B). Take them to Babylon C). Make them priests
D). Give them weapons

**89. Where did God tell the men to begin the judgment?**

A). At the city gate B). At the king's palace C). At His sanctuary
D). At the Kidron Valley

**90. What did Ezekiel ask God as he fell facedown?**

A). When will the exile end? B). Why have You left the temple?
C). Who will rebuild Jerusalem? D). Will You destroy the entire remnant of Israel?

**91. According to God's answer, what did the people say that showed their sin?**

A). 'The LORD has forsaken the land; the LORD does not see.'
B). 'We will build a new temple.' C). 'Babylon will save us.'
D). 'Our prophets speak truly.'

**92. What did the man clothed in linen report when he came back?**

A). 'The city is empty.' B). 'I have done as you commanded.' C). 'No one had the mark.'
D). 'The men refused to go.'

## Ezekiel 10

**93. Above the heads of the cherubim, what did Ezekiel see that looked like lapis lazuli?**

A). A crown B). A throne C). A cloud D). A lampstand

**94. What did God tell the man clothed in linen to take from among the cherubim and scatter over the city?**

A). Burning coals B). Ashes C). Water D). Salt

**95. What filled the inner court and the temple as the glory of the LORD moved?**

A). Smoke B). Fire C). A cloud D). Light rain

**96. Complete the verse: "The sound of the wings of the cherubim could be heard as far away as the outer court, like the voice of God _____."**

A). Most High B). the Creator C). Eternal D). Almighty

**97. What could be seen under the wings of the cherubim?**

A). The form of human hands B). Golden feathers C). Flames of fire
D). Eyes like lamps

**98. What were the cherubim's bodies, wings and wheels completely full of?**

A). Jewels B). Eyes C). Fire D). Feathers

**99. What did Ezekiel hear the wheels being called?**

A). Wheels of fire B). Wheels of glory C). The whirling wheels
D). The living wheels

**100. In Ezekiel 10, which list gives the four faces of each cherub?**

A). Human, lion, ox and eagle B). Cherub, ox, lion and dove
C). Human, bear, lion and eagle D). Cherub, human, lion and eagle

**101. Where did the cherubim stop with the glory of the God of Israel above them?**

A). At the entrance of the east gate of the LORD's house B). At the north gate of the city
C). On the Mount of Olives D). Beside the bronze altar

**102. What did Ezekiel realize about the living creatures he had seen by the Kebar River?**

A). They were angels of judgment B). They were cherubim C). They were seraphim
D). They were idols

## Ezekiel 11

**103. Which two leaders of the people did Ezekiel see among the twenty-five men at the east gate?**

A). Jaazaniah son of Azzur and Pelatiah son of Benaiah
B). Jaazaniah son of Shaphan and Gedaliah son of Ahikam
C). Hananiah son of Azzur and Pashhur son of Immer
D). Zedekiah son of Josiah and Seraiah son of Neriah

**104. Complete what the wicked leaders said: "This city is a _____, and we are the meat in it."**

A). wall B). pot C). fortress D). field

**105. Who died while Ezekiel was prophesying?**

A). Jaazaniah B). Benaiah C). Pelatiah D). Azzur

**106. What did Ezekiel do when Pelatiah died?**

A). He ran out of the temple B). He tore his clothes C). He sang a lament
D). He fell facedown and cried out to God

**107. What did God say He had been for the exiles in the countries where they went?**

A). A sanctuary B). A judge C). A stranger D). A king

**108. What land did God promise to give back to the scattered people?**

A). The land of Egypt B). The land of Israel C). The land of Babylon
D). The land of Moab

**109. Complete God's promise: "I will remove from them their heart of stone and give them a heart of _____."**

A). gold B). fire C). flesh D). light

**110. What did God say would happen when the people followed His decrees and kept His laws?**

A). They would become rich B). They would rule the nations C). They would never die
D). They would be His people, and He would be their God

**111. Where did the glory of the LORD stop after it went up from within the city?**

A). Above the mountain east of the city B). Above the Jordan River
C). Over the house of Ezekiel D). At the gates of Babylon

**112. Where did the Spirit bring Ezekiel at the end of the vision?**

A). To Jerusalem B). To the exiles in Babylonia C). To the land of Egypt
D). To the Kebar desert

## Ezekiel 12

**113. What did God tell Ezekiel to pack, as a sign to the people?**

A). Food for a feast B). His belongings for exile C). Weapons for war
D). Gifts for the king

**114. What did God tell Ezekiel to dig through while the people watched?**

A). The ground B). A rock C). The wall D). A door

**115. Why did God tell Ezekiel to cover his face as he carried his belongings out at dusk?**

A). So he could not see the land B). So no one would know him
C). Because the sun was bright D). Because he was ashamed of his sin

**116. Complete Ezekiel's words to the people: "I am a _____ to you."**

A). warning B). prophet C). watchman D). sign

**117. Who did God say would carry his things on his shoulder at dusk and leave through the wall, just as Ezekiel did?**

A). The prince in Jerusalem B). The high priest C). The king of Babylon
D). The false prophet

**118. What did God say about the prince who would be brought to Babylonia?**

A). He would rule there as king B). He would escape to Egypt
C). He would not see it, though he would die there
D). He would return to Jerusalem in peace

**119. What did God say He would spread out to catch the prince?**

A). A sword B). A wall of fire C). A cloud D). His net

**120. How did God tell Ezekiel to eat his food and drink his water?**

A). With trembling and shuddering B). With singing and joy C). In secret at night
D). Only once a day

**121. What proverb did God say He would put an end to in Israel?**

A). 'The fathers eat sour grapes.' B). 'The days go by and every vision comes to nothing.'
C). 'Like mother, like daughter.' D). 'The LORD does not see us.'

**122. What did God say about His words when people claimed Ezekiel's visions were for many years ahead?**

A). They would come true in a hundred years B). They were only for the nations
C). None of His words would be delayed any longer D). They would be forgotten

## Ezekiel 13

**123. Where did the false prophets of Israel get their messages from?**

A). From the LORD B). From their own imagination C). From the prophets of Babylon
D). From the law of Moses

**124. What animal did God compare Israel's prophets to?**

A). Wolves in the forest B). Lions in the desert C). Jackals among ruins
D). Foxes in a vineyard

**125. What did God say about the visions of the false prophets?**

A). They were false and lying B). They came from an angel
C). They would come true later D). They were from Egypt

**126. Complete the verse: "They lead my people astray, saying, '_____,' when there is no peace."**

A). Repent B). Wait C). Fight D). Peace

**127. What did the false prophets cover the flimsy wall with?**

A). Gold B). Whitewash C). Mud D). Cloth

**128. Which things did God say would come against the whitewashed wall and make it fall?**

A). Rain in torrents, hailstones and violent winds B). Fire, earthquake and floods

C). Armies, chariots and battering rams D). Locusts, drought and famine

**129. What would happen when the whitewashed wall fell?**

A). The false prophets would escape B). The wall would be rebuilt

C). The people would praise the prophets

D). Its foundation would be laid bare and the people would know the LORD

**130. Besides the false prophets, who else did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy against?**

A). The elders of Judah B). The priests of Baal

C). The daughters of his people who prophesied out of their own imagination

D). The princes of Babylon

**131. What did these women sew on their wrists to ensnare people?**

A). Magic charms B). Golden bracelets C). Red threads D). Bells

**132. For what small payment did these women profane God among His people?**

A). Pieces of silver B). Handfuls of barley and scraps of bread C). Jars of oil

D). A few sheep

**133. What did God promise to do for His people who were trapped by these false prophetesses?**

A). Make them rich B). Send them to Egypt C). Save them from their hands

D). Make them prophets

## Ezekiel 14

**134. Who came to Ezekiel and sat down in front of him at the start of Ezekiel 14?**

A). Some of the elders of Israel B). The priests of the temple C). The king's officials

D). The false prophets

**135. What did God say these elders had set up in their hearts?**

A). Altars B). Idols C). Walls D). Thrones

**136. What did God tell the people of Israel to do about their idols?**

A). Hide them B). Sell them C). Repent and turn away from them

D). Take them to Babylon

**137. Which three righteous men did God say could save only themselves if they were in a sinful land?**

A). Abraham, Moses and David B). Elijah, Elisha and Samuel C). Isaac, Jacob and Joseph

D). Noah, Daniel and Job

**138. According to Ezekiel 14, could these righteous men save their own sons or daughters from God's judgment on the land?**

A). No, they could save only themselves B). Yes, all their family

C). Yes, but only their sons D). Yes, if they prayed for forty days

**139. Which list gives God's four dreadful judgments against Jerusalem?**

A). Fire, flood, hail and earthquake B). Sword, famine, wild beasts and plague

C). Locusts, frogs, gnats and flies D). Drought, storm, war and darkness

**140. After the judgments, who would be brought out of Jerusalem as survivors?**

A). Only the priests B). Only the king's family C). Some sons and daughters

D). No one at all

**141. When the exiles saw the conduct of the survivors, what would they understand?**

A). That the exile was a mistake B). That Jerusalem would never be judged

C). That the survivors were righteous D). That God had not acted without cause

## Ezekiel 15

**142. What kind of wood does God talk about in Ezekiel 15?**

A). Cedar wood B). Olive wood C). Wood of a vine D). Acacia wood

**143. What did God say vine wood could not even be used to make?**

A). A peg to hang things on B). A boat C). A wall D). A spear

**144. After vine wood is thrown on the fire and charred, what is it good for?**

A). It can be made into tools B). It is stronger than before C). It is used for the temple

D). It is useless for anything

**145. To what did God compare the people living in Jerusalem?**

A). A fruitful vineyard B). Vine wood given as fuel for the fire C). A mighty cedar

D). A flock without a shepherd

**146. Why did God say He would make the land desolate?**

A). Because the people had been unfaithful B). Because the land had no rain

C). Because the king was young D). Because the people moved away

## Ezekiel 16

**147. In God's picture of Jerusalem's beginnings, who were her father and mother?**

A). An Amorite and a Hittite B). An Egyptian and a Moabite

C). A Canaanite and a Philistine D). An Edomite and an Ammonite

**148. In the picture God gives, what happened to Jerusalem on the day she was born?**

A). She was given to a king B). She was thrown out into the open field

C). She was taken to the temple D). She was carried to Egypt

**149. Complete God's words when He passed by the helpless baby: "I said to you, '_____!'"**

A). Rise B). Come C). Live D). Grow

**150. When the young woman was old enough for love, what did God enter into with her?**

A). A war B). A trade deal C). A promise of riches D). A covenant

**151. Which of these did God say He put on Jerusalem in the picture of His care?**

A). A beautiful crown B). A soldier's helmet C). A prophet's cloak
D). A shepherd's staff

**152. What did Jerusalem trust in instead of trusting God?**

A). Her army B). Her beauty C). Her temple D). Her prophets

**153. What terrible thing did God say Jerusalem did with the sons and daughters she bore to Him?**

A). Sent them to Babylon B). Made them slaves C). Sacrificed them to idols
D). Gave them to Egypt

**154. According to Ezekiel 16, which city is called Jerusalem's older sister, living to the north?**

A). Sodom B). Tyre C). Damascus D). Samaria

**155. According to Ezekiel 16, which describes the sin of Sodom?**

A). Arrogant, overfed and unconcerned; they did not help the poor and needy
B). They built a tower to reach heaven C). They worshiped the golden calf
D). They killed the prophets of God

**156. What kind of covenant did God promise to establish with Jerusalem?**

A). A covenant of war B). An everlasting covenant C). A covenant with Egypt
D). A covenant for seven years

**157. What did God say He would do for Jerusalem for all she had done?**

A). Forget her forever B). Give her to her enemies C). Make atonement for her
D). Send her another king

## Ezekiel 17

**158. What did God tell Ezekiel to set forth to the Israelites in Ezekiel 17?**

A). A song and a prayer B). An allegory and a parable C). A law and a decree
D). A vision and a dream

**159. What large bird came to Lebanon in the parable?**

A). A dove B). A raven C). A great eagle D). An owl

**160. From which tree did the first eagle break off the topmost shoot?**

A). A cedar B). An olive tree C). A fig tree D). A palm tree

**161. What did the seed the eagle planted grow into?**

A). A tall cedar B). A thorn bush C). A fruitful fig tree D). A low, spreading vine

**162. What did the vine do when a second great eagle appeared?**

A). It sent out its roots toward him B). It withered at once C). It grew into a cedar
D). It bore much fruit

**163. According to God's explanation, who did the first eagle stand for?**

A). The king of Egypt B). The king of Babylon C). The king of Tyre
D). The king of Assyria

**164. How did the king from the royal family rebel against the king of Babylon?**

A). He fled to Lebanon B). He refused to pay tribute
C). He sent envoys to Egypt to get horses and a large army
D). He burned the city of Babylon

**165. Where did God say the king who broke the treaty would die?**

A). In Jerusalem B). In Egypt C). In Lebanon D). In Babylon

**166. What did God say about Pharaoh's mighty army?**

A). It would not help him in war B). It would defeat Babylon
C). It would rebuild Jerusalem D). It would take him to Egypt

**167. Where did God promise to plant a tender shoot from the top of a cedar?**

A). In Babylon B). On a high mountain of Israel C). By the Nile River
D). In the valley of Lebanon

**168. What did God say would nest in the shade of the splendid cedar?**

A). Snakes B). Lions C). Birds of every kind D). Bees

**169. What did God say He does with the tall tree and the low tree?**

A). Makes both grow tall B). Cuts down both trees C). Plants them side by side
D). Brings down the tall tree and makes the low tree grow tall

## Ezekiel 18

**170. Complete the proverb God said would no longer be quoted in Israel: "The parents eat sour grapes, and the children's _____ are set on edge."**

A). teeth B). hearts C). eyes D). hands

**171. According to Ezekiel 18:4, who is the one who will die?**

A). The oldest son of the family B). The one who sins C). Everyone in the city
D). The one whose father sinned

**172. According to Ezekiel 18, what does a righteous man give to the hungry?**

A). Money B). Advice C). Food D). Land

**173. What does a righteous man in Ezekiel 18 refuse to do when he lends?**

A). Lend to his neighbors B). Write it down C). Lend to the poor
D). Lend at interest or take a profit

**174. According to Ezekiel 18:20, does a child share the guilt of a parent?**

A). No, the child will not share the guilt of the parent B). Yes, always
C). Yes, for three generations D). Only if the child is the firstborn

**175. What did God say will happen if a wicked person turns away from all their sins and does what is just and right?**

A). They will still die B). They will surely live C). They will be sent into exile
D). They must pay for their sins

**176. According to Ezekiel 18:23, what pleases God concerning the wicked?**

A). When they are punished B). When they are forgotten
C). When they turn from their ways and live D). When they go into exile

**177. What happens if a righteous person turns from their righteousness and commits sin?**

A). Their past good deeds will save them B). They will be forgiven anyway
C). They will become a prophet D). None of their righteous deeds will be remembered

**178. What did the Israelites complain about God's way?**

A). They said it was not just B). They said it was too hard C). They said it was too slow
D). They said it was secret

**179. Complete God's call: "Rid yourselves of all the offenses you have committed, and get a new _____ and a new spirit."**

A). name B). heart C). home D). law

**180. Complete the last words of Ezekiel 18: "For I take no pleasure in the death of anyone, declares the Sovereign LORD. _____ and live!"**

A). Pray B). Return C). Repent D). Believe

## Ezekiel 19

**181. For whom did God tell Ezekiel to take up a lament in Ezekiel 19?**

A). The princes of Israel B). The prophets of Judah C). The priests of the temple
D). The people of Babylon

**182. In the lament, what animal was the mother of the princes compared to?**

A). A bear B). A lioness C). An eagle D). A she-wolf

**183. Where was the first young lion led with hooks after the nations trapped him in their pit?**

A). To Babylon B). To Assyria C). To the land of Egypt D). To the desert

**184. To whom was the second young lion brought in a cage?**

A). The king of Egypt B). The king of Assyria C). The king of Tyre
D). The king of Babylon

**185. Why was the second lion put in prison?**

A). So his roar would no longer be heard on the mountains of Israel
B). So he could be trained to hunt C). So he could rule Babylon
D). So he could guard the king

**186. In the second picture of the lament, what was the mother compared to?**

A). A cedar on the mountain B). A vine planted by the water C). A fig tree in the desert
D). A garden of roses

**187. What were the strong branches of the vine fit to become?**

A). Spears for war B). Wood for the altar C). A ruler's scepter
D). Posts for the temple

**188. What dried up the vine's fruit after it was uprooted in fury?**

A). The south wind B). The burning sun C). Locusts D). The east wind

**189. What was left of the vine at the end of the lament?**

A). No strong branch fit for a ruler's scepter B). Many new strong branches
C). A single fruitful branch D). A large crop of grapes

## Ezekiel 20

**190. Why did some of the elders of Israel come to Ezekiel in Ezekiel 20?**

A). To inquire of the LORD B). To make him king C). To bring him a gift
D). To ask him to leave

**191. What did God say to the elders who came to inquire of Him?**

A). He would answer them gladly B). He would not let them inquire of Him
C). He would send them a sign D). He would forgive them right away

**192. God promised to bring Israel out of Egypt into a land flowing with what?**

A). Gold and silver B). Wine and oil C). Milk and honey D). Water and grain

**193. What did God tell the Israelites to get rid of while they were still in Egypt?**

A). Their weapons B). Their slaves C). Their tents
D). The vile images and idols of Egypt

**194. Complete the verse about God's laws given in the wilderness: "The person who obeys them will _____ by them."**

A). live B). rule C). pray D). walk

**195. What did God give Israel as a sign between Him and them?**

A). The rainbow B). His Sabbaths C). Circumcision D). The ark

**196. Why did God not destroy Israel in the wilderness even after they rebelled?**

A). Because they quickly repented B). Because Moses offered a sacrifice
C). For the sake of His name among the nations D). Because they had no idols

**197. What did the people want, which God said would never happen?**

A). To return to Egypt B). To build a new temple C). To have a king like Saul
D). To be like the nations who serve wood and stone

**198. Complete God's words: "I will take note of you as you pass under my rod, and I will bring you into the bond of the _____."**

A). covenant B). kingdom C). temple D). law

**199. According to Ezekiel 20, where did God say the whole house of Israel would serve Him?**

A). In Babylon B). On His holy mountain, the high mountain of Israel
C). In the desert of Egypt D). By the Kebar River

**200. When the people remembered their evil conduct, how did God say they would feel?**

A). Proud of their past B). Happy and careless C). They would loathe themselves
D). They would blame their fathers

**201. Against what did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy at the end of Ezekiel 20?**

A). The rivers of Babylon B). The cedars of Lebanon C). The vineyards of Egypt
D). The forest of the southland

**202. What were people saying about Ezekiel at the end of chapter 20?**

A). 'Isn't he just telling parables?' B). 'He is a true prophet.' C). 'He must be king.'
D). 'He speaks for Babylon.'

## Ezekiel 21

**203. Against which city did God tell Ezekiel to set his face at the start of Ezekiel 21?**

A). Babylon B). Jerusalem C). Samaria D). Tyre

**204. What did God say He would draw from its sheath against the land of Israel?**

A). His sword B). His bow C). His staff D). His spear

**205. Why did God tell Ezekiel to groan with a broken heart in front of the people?**

A). Because he was sick B). Because he missed his home
C). Because of the news that was coming D). Because the king had died

**206. Complete the song of the sword: "A sword, a sword, sharpened and _____."**

A). shining B). golden C). ready D). polished

**207. At the fork in the road, which two places could the king of Babylon's sword go against?**

A). Rabbah of the Ammonites, or Judah and Jerusalem B). Egypt or Tyre
C). Samaria or Damascus D). Moab or Edom

**208. Which of these did the king of Babylon do at the fork in the road to seek an omen?**

A). He prayed to the LORD B). He cast lots with arrows and examined the liver
C). He asked a prophet of Israel D). He waited for a dream

**209. Which city's name came into the king of Babylon's right hand in the lot?**

A). Rabbah B). Babylon C). Jerusalem D). Damascus

**210. What did God tell the profane and wicked prince of Israel to take off along with his crown?**

A). His robe B). His sandals C). His ring D). His turban

**211. How long did God say the crown would remain a ruin?**

A). Until the one to whom it rightfully belongs comes B). For seventy years
C). Until the temple was rebuilt D). Forever

**212. Against which people was the sword also turned at the end of Ezekiel 21?**

A). The Egyptians B). The Ammonites C). The Philistines D). The Edomites

## Ezekiel 22

**213. What did God call Jerusalem when He told Ezekiel to judge her?**

A). The city of peace B). The city of bloodshed C). The city of David
D). The faithful city

**214. Which list describes how the people of Jerusalem treated others?**

A). They honored parents and fed the poor
B). They welcomed foreigners and helped widows
C). They treated parents with contempt, oppressed foreigners and mistreated orphans and widows
D). They gave to the temple and kept the Sabbath

**215. What did God say the people had desecrated, along with despising His holy things?**

A). His altar B). His prophets C). His temple doors D). His Sabbaths

**216. After listing bribes, interest and extortion, what did God say was the people's deepest sin?**

A). They had forgotten Him B). They had moved to Egypt C). They had no king
D). They had built walls

**217. What did God say Israel had become to Him, like waste left in a furnace?**

A). Gold B). Silver C). Clay D). Dross

**218. How did God describe what He would do to the people gathered in Jerusalem?**

A). Wash them with water B). Melt them in the fire of His wrath, like metal in a furnace
C). Send them across the sea D). Hide them in the mountains

**219. What did God say the priests failed to teach?**

A). How to fight in battle B). How to build the temple
C). The difference between the holy and the common D). How to read and write

**220. What animals did God compare Jerusalem's officials to?**

A). Wolves tearing their prey B). Lions in a den C). Snakes in the grass
D). Foxes in the field

**221. What did the false prophets do to cover up the officials' deeds?**

A). They hid them in caves B). They whitewashed them with false visions
C). They wrote them in a book D). They prayed for them

**222. What was God looking for among the people, but did not find?**

A). A rich man to pay for the wall B). A king to lead the army
C). Someone to stand in the gap on behalf of the land D). A priest to offer sacrifices

## Ezekiel 23

**223. What were the names of the two sisters in God's parable in Ezekiel 23?**

A). Oholah and Oholibah B). Leah and Rachel C). Martha and Mary
D). Orpah and Ruth

**224. According to Ezekiel 23:4, which city did Oholah stand for?**

A). Jerusalem B). Samaria C). Babylon D). Tyre

**225. According to Ezekiel 23:4, which city did Oholibah stand for?**

A). Samaria B). Damascus C). Jerusalem D). Nineveh

**226. Into whose hands did God hand over Oholah because she was unfaithful to Him?**

A). The Egyptians B). The Babylonians C). The Philistines D). The Assyrians

**227. How did Oholibah's behavior compare with her sister Oholah's?**

A). She was more depraved than her sister B). She was more faithful than her sister
C). She was exactly the same D). She repented quickly

**228. To which land did Oholibah send messengers after she saw pictures of the Babylonians?**

A). Egypt B). Chaldea C). Moab D). Edom

**229. What did God say Oholibah would drink because she had gone the way of her sister?**

A). Bitter water B). New wine C). Her sister's cup D). Water from the Nile

**230. What was the root of Oholibah's sin, according to God?**

A). She had built too many houses B). She had moved to Babylon

C). She had no children D). She had forgotten God and turned her back on Him

**231. Which two holy things did God say the sisters had defiled and desecrated on the same day?**

A). His sanctuary and His Sabbaths B). His altar and His ark

C). His priests and His prophets D). His laws and His covenant

## Ezekiel 24

**232. Why did God tell Ezekiel to write down the date in Ezekiel 24?**

A). It was the day Ezekiel became a prophet

B). The king of Babylon had laid siege to Jerusalem that very day

C). It was the day the exiles returned home D). It was the day the temple was finished

**233. What did God tell Ezekiel to put on the fire in the parable of Ezekiel 24?**

A). A lamp B). A bronze altar C). A cooking pot D). A golden bowl

**234. What did God say was in the pot that would not go away?**

A). Burned bread B). Bitter herbs C). Dirty water D). Encrusted deposit

**235. Why was the empty pot to be set on the coals until its copper glowed?**

A). So its impurities would melt and its deposit be burned away

B). So it could be sold as treasure C). So the people could cook a feast

D). So it would shine for the temple

**236. What did God call Ezekiel's wife when He told him He was about to take her away?**

A). The crown of your head B). The delight of your eyes C). The joy of your house

D). The light of your home

**237. What did God tell Ezekiel to do when his wife died?**

A). Weep loudly and tear his clothes B). Not lament or weep, but groan quietly

C). Leave the city and live in the desert D). Fast for forty days

**238. When did Ezekiel's wife die?**

A). The next morning B). Seven days later C). At midnight

D). In the evening after he spoke to the people in the morning

**239. What did God say He was about to desecrate, which the people took pride in as the delight of their eyes?**

A). His sanctuary B). The city walls C). The king's palace D). The Jordan River

**240. Complete God's words: "Ezekiel will be a _____ to you; you will do just as he has done."**

A). prophet B). sign C). watchman D). king

**241. What would happen to Ezekiel's mouth on the day a fugitive came with the news?**

A). It would be closed forever B). It would speak only to the king

C). It would be opened, and he would no longer be silent D). It would sing a new song

## Ezekiel 25

**242. What did the Ammonites say when God's sanctuary was desecrated?**

A). "Alas!" B). "Aha!" C). "Amen!" D). "Hallelujah!"

**243. What did God say He would turn Rabbah into?**

A). A city of refuge B). A royal palace C). A pasture for camels D). A fortress

**244. How did the Ammonites show their joy over Israel's trouble?**

A). They sang songs in the temple B). They sent gifts to Babylon

C). They built new altars D). They clapped their hands and stamped their feet

**245. What did Moab and Seir say about Judah?**

A). "Judah has become like all the other nations." B). "Judah will rule over us."

C). "Judah is the strongest nation." D). "Judah has a great temple."

**246. Why did God judge Edom in Ezekiel 25?**

A). Edom refused to trade with Israel B). Edom took revenge on Judah

C). Edom worshiped Baal D). Edom sent spies into Egypt

**247. By whose hand did God say He would take vengeance on Edom?**

A). The hand of Babylon B). The hand of Egypt C). The hand of His people Israel

D). The hand of the Ammonites

**248. Which people acted in vengeance with ancient hostility to destroy Judah?**

A). The Assyrians B). The Egyptians C). The Moabites D). The Philistines

**249. Which people living near the coast did God say He would wipe out along with the Philistines?**

A). The Kerethites B). The Hittites C). The Amorites D). The Jebusites

**250. Complete the last verse of Ezekiel 25: "Then they will know that I am the _____, when I take vengeance on them."**

A). King B). LORD C). Judge D). Shepherd

## Ezekiel 26

**251. What did Tyre say when Jerusalem fell?**

A). "Alas, our friend has fallen!" B). "Aha! The gate to the nations is broken."

C). "Let us help her rebuild." D). "The LORD has judged her."

**252. God said He would bring many nations against Tyre like what?**

A). Locusts covering the land B). Lions coming from the forest
C). The sea casting up its waves D). A fire burning a field

**253. What did God say Tyre would become after its rubble was scraped away?**

A). A garden B). A fortress C). A royal city
D). A bare rock, a place to spread fishnets

**254. Which king did God say He would bring against Tyre from the north?**

A). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). Cyrus king of Persia
D). Sennacherib king of Assyria

**255. Complete what God called Nebuchadnezzar in Ezekiel 26:7: "Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon, king of _____."**

A). the earth B). kings C). the north D). nations

**256. Where did God say Tyre's stones, timber and rubble would be thrown?**

A). Into the river B). Into a pit C). Into the sea D). Into the fire

**257. What sound did God say would be heard no more in Tyre?**

A). The noise of chariots B). The cry of the merchants C). The sound of the waves
D). The music of harps

**258. What did God say about Tyre ever being rebuilt?**

A). It would never be rebuilt B). It would be rebuilt in seventy years
C). It would be rebuilt by Babylon D). It would be rebuilt larger

**259. Who would step down from their thrones and take up a lament over Tyre?**

A). The priests of Israel B). The princes of the coast C). The kings of Egypt
D). The prophets of Babylon

## Ezekiel 27

**260. Complete what Tyre said about itself: "I am _____ in beauty."**

A). rich B). perfect C). great D). famous

**261. In the lament of Ezekiel 27, Tyre is pictured as what?**

A). A great tower B). A mighty lion C). A beautiful ship D). A tall cedar

**262. From where did the cedar come that was used to make the ship's mast?**

A). Bashan B). Egypt C). Senir D). Lebanon

**263. According to the lament, what were the oars of the ship made from?**

A). Oaks from Bashan B). Cedars from Lebanon C). Pine from Senir
D). Ivory from Cyprus

**264. From which land came the fine embroidered linen used for the ship's sail?**

A). Tarshish B). Egypt C). Greece D). Arabia

**265. Which place did business with Tyre, trading silver, iron, tin and lead?**

A). Damascus B). Sheba C). Tarshish D). Rhodes

**266. What broke Tyre's ship in pieces in the heart of the sea?**

A). A great whale B). An enemy fleet C). Hidden rocks D). The east wind

**267. How did the sailors show their grief over Tyre?**

A). They sprinkled dust on their heads and rolled in ashes B). They burned their ships
C). They sang a song of victory D). They sailed away quietly

**268. What question did the mourners ask in their lament over Tyre?**

A). "Who will rebuild Tyre?" B). "Who was ever silenced like Tyre?"
C). "Where has Tyre's gold gone?" D). "Why did Tyre not repent?"

## Ezekiel 28

**269. In the pride of his heart, what did the ruler of Tyre say about himself?**

A). "I am a servant of the LORD." B). "I am a god." C). "I am the king of kings."
D). "I am the richest man alive."

**270. God asked the ruler of Tyre whether he was wiser than whom?**

A). Solomon B). Joseph C). Daniel D). Moses

**271. What made the ruler of Tyre's heart grow proud?**

A). His many children B). His great army C). His beautiful temple
D). His wealth gained by wisdom and trading

**272. Complete the lament for the king of Tyre: "You were the seal of perfection, full of wisdom and perfect in _____."**

A). beauty B). power C). holiness D). riches

**273. According to the lament in Ezekiel 28, where had the king of Tyre been?**

A). In Babylon, the city of kings B). In Eden, the garden of God C). On Mount Sinai
D). In the courts of Egypt

**274. As what was the king of Tyre anointed, according to the lament?**

A). A priest of the temple B). A prophet to the nations C). A guardian cherub
D). A judge of Israel

**275. How long was the king of Tyre blameless in his ways, according to the lament?**

A). Until he left Eden B). For forty years C). Until he met the king of Babylon
D). Until wickedness was found in him

**276. Why did the king of Tyre's heart become proud, according to the lament?**

A). Because of his beauty B). Because of his strong walls C). Because of his sons
D). Because of his ships

**277. After Tyre, against which nearby city did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy?**

A). Damascus B). Sidon C). Gaza D). Nineveh

**278. What did God promise Israel would do when He gathered them from the nations?**

A). Build a great army B). Rule over Tyre
C). Live in safety, build houses and plant vineyards D). Move to Egypt

## Ezekiel 29

**279. Against which ruler did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy in Ezekiel 29?**

A). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). The king of Tyre
D). The king of Assyria

**280. What did Pharaoh proudly say about the Nile?**

A). "The Nile is a gift from the gods." B). "The Nile will never dry up."
C). "The Nile belongs to me; I made it for myself." D). "The Nile protects my kingdom."

**281. What did God say He would put in the jaws of the great monster, Pharaoh?**

A). A bridle B). A golden ring C). A sword D). Hooks

**282. What did God say Egypt had been to the people of Israel?**

A). A staff of reed that splintered when leaned on B). A strong wall around them
C). A shepherd who led them D). A shield in battle

**283. According to Ezekiel 29, from where to where would Egypt be made a desolate waste?**

A). From Memphis to Thebes B). From Migdol to Aswan
C). From the Nile to the Red Sea D). From Goshen to Cush

**284. For how many years did God say Egypt would be uninhabited?**

A). Seven years B). Seventy years C). Forty years D). Four hundred years

**285. After God brought the Egyptians back, what kind of kingdom did He say Egypt would be?**

A). The strongest of kingdoms B). A kingdom ruling over Israel
C). A kingdom of priests D). A lowly kingdom, the weakest of kingdoms

**286. What did Nebuchadnezzar's army receive for its hard campaign against Tyre?**

A). No reward B). Great treasures C). The land of Tyre D). Many slaves

**287. What did God give Nebuchadnezzar as a reward for his efforts?**

A). The city of Jerusalem B). Egypt C). Tyre D). Assyria

## Ezekiel 30

**288. Complete the verse: "For the day is near, the day of the _____ is near—a day of clouds, a time of doom for the nations."**

A). LORD B). king C). harvest D). battle

**289. Besides Egypt, which land did God say would be in anguish when the sword came?**

A). Assyria B). Cush C). Persia D). Greece

**290. Whom did God say He would use to put an end to the hordes of Egypt?**

A). Pharaoh Neco B). Cyrus king of Persia C). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon
D). Sennacherib king of Assyria

**291. What did God say He would dry up in Egypt?**

A). The Red Sea B). The wells of Goshen C). The rain clouds
D). The waters of the Nile

**292. In which Egyptian city did God say He would put an end to the images?**

A). Memphis B). Thebes C). Tahpanhes D). Heliopolis

**293. What did God say Egypt would no longer have?**

A). A river B). A prince C). A temple D). An army

**294. In which city did God say the day would be dark when He broke Egypt's yoke?**

A). Memphis B). Thebes C). Tahpanhes D). Aswan

**295. What part of Pharaoh did God say He had broken?**

A). His crown B). His leg C). His heart D). His arm

**296. What did God say He would do for the king of Babylon while breaking Pharaoh's arms?**

A). Strengthen his arms and put His sword in his hand B). Break his arms too
C). Give him the land of Israel D). Send him back to Babylon

**297. What did God say He would do with the Egyptians at the end of Ezekiel 30?**

A). Bring them all to Jerusalem B). Disperse them among the nations
C). Make them rulers of Babylon D). Hide them in the desert

## Ezekiel 31

**298. To whom did God tell Ezekiel to speak the message of Ezekiel 31?**

A). Pharaoh king of Egypt and his hordes B). The king of Assyria
C). The princes of Lebanon D). The king of Tyre

**299. In Ezekiel 31, Assyria was once compared to what kind of tree?**

A). An oak in Bashan B). A cedar in Lebanon C). A palm in Jericho
D). A fig tree in Judah

**300. What lived in the shade of the great cedar?**

A). Only the birds of the sky B). Only the wild animals C). All the great nations
D). No one at all

**301. According to Ezekiel 31, the trees of which garden envied the great cedar?**

A). The garden of Gethsemane B). The king's garden in Jerusalem
C). The gardens of Babylon D). Eden, the garden of God

**302. Why did God hand over the great cedar to the ruler of the nations?**

A). Because it was proud of its height B). Because it had no fruit
C). Because it was too old D). Because it had no water

**303. Who cut down the great cedar and left it?**

A). The prophets of Israel B). The most ruthless of foreign nations
C). The king of Egypt D). A strong east wind

**304. To where was the great cedar brought down?**

A). To the bottom of the sea B). To the land of Egypt C). To the realm of the dead
D). To the desert of Arabia

**305. At the end of the chapter, whom did God say the fallen cedar described?**

A). The king of Assyria only B). The king of Babylon C). The king of Tyre
D). Pharaoh and all his hordes

## Ezekiel 32

**306. In the lament of Ezekiel 32, Pharaoh was like a lion among the nations and like what in the seas?**

A). A great ship B). A monster C). A mighty wave D). A great fish

**307. With what did God say He would haul Pharaoh up?**

A). A hook B). A rope C). His net D). A spear

**308. What did God say would happen in the sky when He snuffed out Pharaoh?**

A). The sun would be covered, the moon give no light, and the stars be darkened
B). The stars would fall to the earth C). A rainbow would appear
D). Fire would come down from heaven

**309. According to Ezekiel 32:11, whose sword would come against Egypt?**

A). The sword of Pharaoh B). The sword of Assyria
C). The sword of the king of Babylon D). The sword of Israel

**310. After Egypt's judgment, what did God say Egypt's streams would flow like?**

A). Honey B). Blood C). Milk D). Oil

**311. Who would chant the lament over Egypt?**

A). The daughters of the nations B). The priests of Israel C). The sailors of Tyre
D). The elders of Babylon

**312. Where did God tell Ezekiel to consign the hordes of Egypt?**

A). To the islands of the sea B). To the earth below, with those who go down to the pit
C). To the deserts of Arabia D). To the land of Babylon

**313. Which of these nations does Ezekiel 32 say is already in the grave below?**

A). Persia B). Greece C). Rome D). Elam

## Ezekiel 33

**314. What does the watchman blow to warn the people when he sees the sword coming?**

A). A whistle B). A trumpet C). A horn of oil D). A bell

**315. If a person hears the trumpet but does not heed the warning, whose fault is their death?**

A). The watchman's B). The king's C). Their own D). The prophet's

**316. What did God say would happen if the watchman saw the sword coming but did not blow the trumpet?**

A). Nothing would happen to him B). He would become king
C). The people would be safe anyway
D). God would hold the watchman accountable for their blood

**317. Complete God's call: "Turn! Turn from your evil ways! Why will you _____, people of Israel?"**

A). die B). wait C). hide D). run

**318. Which of these does Ezekiel 33 give as a sign that a wicked person has truly turned from sin?**

A). They give a large offering
B). They return what they took in pledge for a loan and give back what they stole
C). They shave their head D). They fast for seven days

**319. What news did the man who escaped from Jerusalem bring to Ezekiel?**

A). "The king has repented!" B). "The temple is rebuilt!" C). "The city has fallen!"
D). "Babylon has fled!"

**320. What happened to Ezekiel's mouth the evening before the man from Jerusalem arrived?**

A). It was closed for seven days B). He began to sing C). He lost his voice
D). The LORD opened his mouth and he was no longer silent

**321. The people living in the ruins of Israel said, "_____ was only one man, yet he possessed the land." Who did they name?**

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Joshua D). David

**322. What did God say the people did with Ezekiel's words?**

A). They wrote them on their doors

B). They heard his words but did not put them into practice

C). They taught them to their children D). They burned them

## Ezekiel 34

**323. What was wrong with the shepherds of Israel?**

A). They took care of only themselves B). They had too many sheep

C). They lived too far away D). They were too young

**324. Which of these did God say the shepherds had failed to do?**

A). Build new sheep pens B). Search for the lost C). Sell the wool

D). Count the sheep

**325. Why were God's sheep scattered?**

A). Because of a great storm B). Because the grass dried up

C). Because there was no shepherd D). Because they ran from wolves

**326. Complete God's promise: "I myself will _____ for my sheep and look after them."**

A). pray B). wait C). call D). search

**327. Where did God promise to feed His sheep in good pasture?**

A). On the mountains of Israel B). In the valleys of Babylon C). By the Nile River

D). In the desert of Sinai

**328. Which of these did God say He would do for His flock?**

A). Sell the weak sheep B). Bind up the injured and strengthen the weak

C). Leave the strays behind D). Give the flock to new shepherds right away

**329. Between which animals did God say He would judge in His flock?**

A). Lions and bears B). Cows and oxen

C). Rams and goats, and one sheep and another D). Wolves and dogs

**330. Whom did God say He would place over His sheep as one shepherd?**

A). Moses B). Ezekiel C). Zerubbabel D). His servant David

**331. What kind of covenant did God promise to make with His sheep in Ezekiel 34?**

A). A covenant of peace B). A covenant of war C). A covenant of salt

D). A covenant of silver

**332. What did God say would come down in season?**

A). Manna B). Showers of blessing C). Fire from heaven D). Quail

**333. Complete the last verse: "You are my sheep, the sheep of my _____, and I am your God."**

A). fold B). field C). pasture D). hand

## Ezekiel 35

**334. Against which mountain did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy in Ezekiel 35?**

A). Mount Seir B). Mount Sinai C). Mount Carmel D). Mount Zion

**335. What had Mount Seir done to the Israelites at the time of their calamity?**

A). Given them food and shelter B). Delivered them over to the sword

C). Sent them gifts D). Built walls for them

**336. What did Edom say about Israel and Judah, even though the LORD was there?**

A). "Let us make peace with them." B). "Let us worship their God."

C). "These two nations and countries will be ours." D). "Let us leave them alone."

**337. What did God say Edom did with its mouth?**

A). Praised the LORD B). Cried for mercy C). Kept silent D). Boasted against Him

**338. Why did God say Mount Seir and all Edom would become desolate?**

A). Because they rejoiced when Israel's inheritance became desolate

B). Because they had no rain C). Because they moved to Egypt

D). Because their king died

## Ezekiel 36

**339. What did Israel's enemy say about the ancient heights of Israel?**

A). "They are holy to the LORD."

B). "Aha! The ancient heights have become our possession." C). "Let us leave them alone."

D). "They are too high to climb."

**340. What did God tell the mountains of Israel to produce for His people?**

A). Gold and silver B). Stones for building C). Branches and fruit

D). Springs of water

**341. What did God promise would happen to Israel's towns and ruins?**

A). They would be given to Edom B). They would stay empty

C). They would become a desert D). The towns would be inhabited and the ruins rebuilt

**342. For whose sake did God say He would act to restore Israel?**

A). For the sake of His holy name B). For the sake of Israel's goodness

C). For the sake of the nations' kings D). For the sake of Ezekiel

**343. What did God say He would sprinkle on His people to make them clean?**

A). Oil B). Clean water C). Blood D). Salt

**344. What did God say He would put in His people to move them to follow His decrees?**

A). A new law B). A new king C). His Spirit D). A golden heart

**345. What did God promise about grain and fruit for His restored people?**

A). They would buy it from Egypt B). They would have only a little
C). It would grow only in Jerusalem
D). He would increase it so they would no longer suffer famine

**346. When the people remembered their evil ways, how did God say they would feel?**

A). They would loathe themselves B). They would feel proud
C). They would forget quickly D). They would blame others

**347. According to Ezekiel 36, people would say the desolate land had become like what place?**

A). The land of Egypt B). The garden of Eden C). The city of Babylon
D). The valley of Jordan

**348. God promised to make His people as numerous as what?**

A). The stars in the sky B). The sand on the shore
C). Sheep, like the flocks at Jerusalem's festivals D). The trees of the forest

## Ezekiel 37

**349. What was the valley full of when the Spirit of the LORD set Ezekiel there?**

A). Water B). Bones C). Sheep D). Flowers

**350. When God asked, "Son of man, can these bones live?" what did Ezekiel answer?**

A). "No, they are too dry." B). "Yes, if they are buried."
C). "Sovereign LORD, you alone know." D). "Only if a prophet prays."

**351. Complete what God told Ezekiel to say: "Dry bones, hear the word of the _____!"**

A). prophet B). king C). angel D). LORD

**352. What sound did Ezekiel hear as he prophesied to the bones?**

A). A rattling sound B). A trumpet blast C). A roar of thunder D). A song of praise

**353. After the bones came together and tendons, flesh and skin covered them, what was still missing?**

A). Their eyes B). Their clothes C). Breath D). Their names

**354. From where did God tell Ezekiel to call the breath to come?**

A). From heaven above B). From the sea C). From the temple
D). From the four winds

**355. When breath entered the bodies and they stood up, what did they become?**

A). A vast army B). A great city C). A choir D). A flock of sheep

**356. According to God, whom did the dry bones stand for?**

A). The armies of Babylon B). The whole house of Israel C). The dead kings of Judah
D). The nations of the world

**357. What did God promise to do with His people's graves?**

A). Seal them forever B). Fill them with gold
C). Open them and bring the people back to the land of Israel D). Move them to Babylon

**358. What did God tell Ezekiel to do with the two sticks?**

A). Burn them B). Break them C). Plant them
D). Join them into one stick in his hand

**359. What names were written on the two sticks?**

A). Judah, and Joseph (Ephraim) B). Israel and Egypt C). Jerusalem and Samaria
D). Levi and Benjamin

**360. What did the joined sticks show about the future of God's people?**

A). They would be two nations forever B). They would be one nation with one king
C). They would live in Babylon D). They would have no king

**361. What did God promise about His dwelling place?**

A). It would be in Babylon B). It would be hidden C). It would be with His people
D). It would be in the sky only

## Ezekiel 38

**362. Against whom did God tell Ezekiel to set his face in Ezekiel 38?**

A). Gog, of the land of Magog B). Pharaoh of Egypt C). The king of Tyre
D). Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon

**363. Complete the verse: "Gog, of the land of Magog, the chief prince of Meshek and _____."**

A). Togarmah B). Tubal C). Gomer D). Persia

**364. Which of these nations does Ezekiel 38:5 say would be with Gog?**

A). Egypt B). Assyria C). Persia D). Babylon

**365. When did God say Gog would invade the land?**

A). In the days of Hezekiah B). During the reign of David C). Before the exile
D). After many days, in future years

**366. How did God describe Gog's advance against the land?**

A). Like a storm and a cloud covering the land B). Like a lion leaping from the thicket
C). Like a flood from the river D). Like locusts eating the fields

**367. What kind of land did Gog plan to attack?**

A). A land of tall walls and strong gates B). A land of unwalled villages and peaceful people
C). A land of mighty soldiers D). A land with no people at all

**368. What did Sheba, Dedan and the merchants of Tarshish ask Gog?**

A). "Will you trade with us?" B). "Will you make peace?"
C). "Have you come to plunder?" D). "Where is your king?"

**369. What did God say would shake the land of Israel at that time?**

A). A great flood B). A strong wind C). A plague of locusts D). A great earthquake

**370. Which of these did God say He would pour down on Gog and his troops?**

A). Torrents of rain, hailstones and burning sulfur B). Frogs, gnats and flies
C). Manna and quail D). Snow and frost

**371. What was God's purpose in judging Gog?**

A). To give Israel more land
B). To show His greatness and holiness and make Himself known C). To punish Israel
D). To make Babylon strong

## Ezekiel 39

**372. What did God say He would strike from Gog's left hand?**

A). His shield B). His bow C). His sword D). His spear

**373. Where did God say Gog and his troops would fall?**

A). In the land of Magog B). By the Nile River C). On the mountains of Israel
D). In the sea

**374. On which land did God say He would send fire?**

A). Babylon B). Edom C). Egypt D). Magog

**375. What did God say He would no longer let be profaned?**

A). His holy name B). His temple C). His priests D). His land

**376. For how many years would the Israelites use the enemy's weapons for fuel?**

A). Three years B). Seven years C). Forty years D). Seventy years

**377. What would the valley where Gog was buried be called?**

A). The Valley of Jezreel B). The Valley of Elah C). The Valley of Hamon Gog
D). The Valley of Achor

**378. For how many months would the house of Israel be burying the dead to cleanse the land?**

A). Three months B). Twelve months C). Forty months D). Seven months

**379. What would the nations come to understand about why Israel went into exile?**

A). Because of their sin and unfaithfulness to God

B). Because God was too weak to save them C). Because their land was too small

D). Because their enemies were stronger than God

**380. What did God say He would have on all the people of Israel?**

A). Anger B). Compassion C). Doubt D). Silence

**381. Why did God say He would no longer hide His face from Israel?**

A). Because they built a new temple B). Because they defeated Gog

C). Because He would pour out His Spirit on them D). Because the exile was forgotten

## Ezekiel 40

**382. How long after the city of Jerusalem fell did Ezekiel receive the vision of the temple?**

A). Seven years B). Fourteen years C). Twenty-five years D). Forty years

**383. In the visions of God, where did God set Ezekiel down?**

A). By the Kebar River B). In the courts of Babylon

C). On a very high mountain in the land of Israel D). In the valley of dry bones

**384. What did the man who looked like bronze hold in his hand?**

A). A sword and a shield B). A scroll and a pen C). A lamp and a trumpet

D). A linen cord and a measuring rod

**385. What did the man tell Ezekiel to do with everything he saw?**

A). Tell the people of Israel B). Keep it secret C). Write it on the temple wall

D). Tell only the priests

**386. What did Ezekiel see surrounding the temple area?**

A). A river B). A wall C). A forest D). A moat of fire

**387. Which gate did the man go to first when he began measuring?**

A). The north gate B). The south gate C). The gate facing east D). The west gate

**388. How many rooms were there along the pavement of the outer court?**

A). Twelve B). Twenty-four C). Seven D). Thirty

**389. What were the tables in the gateway used for?**

A). Slaughtering the burnt offerings, sin offerings and guilt offerings

B). Eating the Passover meal C). Counting the temple money D). Writing the law

**390. Which priests were the only Levites who could come near the LORD to minister before Him?**

A). The sons of Aaron's grandson Phinehas B). The sons of Zadok C). The sons of Eli
D). The sons of Korah

## Ezekiel 41

**391. What did the man call the inner sanctuary he measured, twenty cubits square?**

A). The Holy Place B). The court of the priests C). The Most Holy Place
D). The house of prayer

**392. How were the side rooms around the temple arranged?**

A). In three levels, one above another, thirty on each level B). In two rows of twelve
C). In seven levels of ten D). In one long row of forty

**393. What two kinds of carvings alternated on the temple walls?**

A). Lions and oxen B). Cherubim and palm trees C). Eagles and vines
D). Lilies and pomegranates

**394. According to Ezekiel 41, what two faces did each carved cherub have?**

A). The face of an ox and the face of an eagle B). The face of a lion and the face of an eagle
C). The face of a human and the face of an ox D). The face of a human and the face of a lion

**395. What did the man say about the wooden altar in the temple?**

A). "This is the altar of incense for the priests."
B). "This is the table that is before the LORD." C). "This is where the king will sit."
D). "This is where the ark will rest."

**396. What kind of doors did both the main hall and the Most Holy Place have?**

A). Single doors of gold B). Gates of bronze C). Double doors
D). Curtains instead of doors

## Ezekiel 42

**397. What did the priests do in the rooms on the north and south sides?**

A). Sleep at night B). Store weapons C). Eat the most holy offerings
D). Teach the people

**398. Which offerings were to be placed in the priests' rooms, because the place is holy?**

A). Firstfruits, tithes and vows B). Fellowship, thank and freewill offerings
C). Drink, wave and peace offerings D). Grain offerings, sin offerings and guilt offerings

**399. What did the priests have to do before going out to the outer court where the people were?**

A). Leave behind the garments they ministered in and put on other clothes
B). Wash their hands seven times C). Offer another sacrifice D). Wait until evening

**400. How long was each side of the area the man measured all around the temple?**

A). 100 cubits B). 500 cubits C). 1,000 cubits D). 50 cubits

**401. What was the purpose of the wall around the whole temple area?**

A). To keep out enemy armies B). To hold up the roof

C). To separate the holy from the common D). To mark the city boundary

## Ezekiel 43

**402. From which direction did Ezekiel see the glory of the God of Israel coming?**

A). From the north B). From the east C). From the south D). From the west

**403. What was the voice of God like when His glory came to the temple?**

A). A gentle whisper B). A trumpet blast C). The roar of rushing waters

D). The sound of a harp

**404. What did Ezekiel do when he saw this vision, like the one by the Kebar River?**

A). He sang a song B). He ran to tell the priests C). He wrote it on a scroll

D). He fell facedown

**405. After the glory of the LORD entered the temple through the east gate, what happened?**

A). The glory of the LORD filled the temple B). The temple doors were shut forever

C). Fire came down on the altar D). The priests began to sing

**406. Complete God's words: "This is the place of my throne and the place for the soles of my feet. This is where I will live among the Israelites _____."**

A). forever B). for a season C). for seventy years D). until the end of the age

**407. Why did God tell Ezekiel to describe the temple to the people of Israel?**

A). So they would build it in Babylon B). So they would be ashamed of their sins

C). So they would pay for it D). So they would forget the old temple

**408. What did God say was the law of the temple about the area on top of the mountain?**

A). It must be kept empty B). It belongs to the king

C). All the surrounding area will be most holy D). Only Levites may live there

**409. For how many days were the priests to make atonement for the altar and cleanse it?**

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Twelve days D). Seven days

## Ezekiel 44

**410. Why was the outer gate facing east to remain shut?**

A). Because it was broken B). Because the LORD, the God of Israel, had entered through it

C). Because enemies might come in D). Because it was too small

**411. Who was the only one allowed to sit inside the shut east gateway to eat in the LORD's presence?**

A). The high priest B). The prophet C). The prince D). The chief Levite

**412. What work did God give the Levites who had wandered from Him after idols?**

A). They were sent out of Israel B). They were made kings C). They were made judges
D). They served as gatekeepers and helpers in the sanctuary, but could not serve as priests

**413. Which priests remained faithful when the Israelites went astray, and could come near to minister before the LORD?**

A). The Levitical priests, descendants of Zadok B). The sons of Eli
C). The descendants of Korah D). The priests of Bethel

**414. What kind of clothes were the priests to wear when they entered the inner court?**

A). Wool B). Linen C). Silk D). Leather

**415. What did God say the priests were to do with the hair of their heads?**

A). Shave it all off B). Keep it trimmed C). Let it grow long D). Cover it with ashes

**416. What were priests not to drink when they entered the inner court?**

A). Water B). Milk C). Wine D). Oil

**417. What were the priests to teach God's people?**

A). How to fight in battle B). How to farm the land C). How to build houses
D). The difference between the holy and the common

**418. What did God say would be the only inheritance of the priests?**

A). Land in every tribe B). Gold from the temple C). God Himself
D). A house in Jerusalem

## Ezekiel 45

**419. When the land was divided, what was to be set apart first as a sacred district?**

A). A portion for the king B). A portion for the army C). A portion for the LORD
D). A portion for the foreigners

**420. What did God say His princes would no longer do once they had their own land?**

A). Oppress His people B). Go to war C). Build palaces D). Pay taxes

**421. What did God command the princes of Israel to give up?**

A). Their crowns B). Their land C). Their weapons
D). Their violence and oppression

**422. What did God command the people to use in their buying and selling?**

A). Foreign coins B). Accurate scales and accurate measures C). Only gold
D). Only barter

**423. Whose duty was it to provide the offerings at the festivals, New Moons and Sabbaths?**

A). The high priest B). The Levites C). The people of each tribe D). The prince

**424. On the first day of the first month, what was to be offered to purify the sanctuary?**

A). A young bull without defect B). A lamb without blemish C). Two turtledoves
D). A male goat

**425. On which day of the first month was the Passover to be observed?**

A). The first day B). The tenth day C). The fourteenth day D). The twentieth day

**426. What kind of bread was eaten during the seven days of Passover?**

A). Bread made with honey B). Bread made without yeast C). Barley loaves
D). Bread baked with oil

## Ezekiel 46

**427. On which days was the east gate of the inner court to be opened?**

A). Every day of the week B). On the Sabbath and on the day of the New Moon
C). Only on the Day of Atonement D). Only at Passover

**428. Where was the prince to worship when he came through the east gate?**

A). At the altar inside B). In the Most Holy Place C). At the threshold of the gateway
D). In the outer court

**429. What burnt offering did the prince bring to the LORD on the Sabbath day?**

A). One bull and one ram B). Two goats and a lamb C). Seven bulls
D). Six male lambs and a ram, all without defect

**430. At the appointed festivals, how were the people to leave the temple?**

A). By the opposite gate from the one they entered B). By the same gate they came in
C). Through the east gate only D). Over the wall

**431. When was the year-old lamb to be offered as a daily burnt offering?**

A). Every evening B). Every morning C). At noon D). Only on the Sabbath

**432. If the prince gave part of his inheritance to one of his servants, when would it go back to the prince?**

A). After seven days B). Never C). When the servant died
D). In the year of freedom

**433. What was the prince not allowed to do to the people's inheritance?**

A). Take it and drive them off their property B). Visit it C). Pray for it
D). Protect it from enemies

**434. What was in the four corners of the outer court?**

A). Wells of water B). Guard towers C). Kitchens for cooking the sacrifices
D). Rooms for the singers

## Ezekiel 47

**435. What did Ezekiel see coming out from under the threshold of the temple?**

A). Fire B). Water C). Smoke D). Light

**436. As the man measured further, how did the depth of the water change?**

A). Waist-deep, then knee-deep, then ankle-deep B). It stayed ankle-deep
C). Ankle-deep, then knee-deep, then waist-deep, then too deep to cross D). It dried up

**437. What did Ezekiel see on each side of the river?**

A). Tall walls B). Large rocks C). Many houses D). A great number of trees

**438. Into which sea did the river flow, making its salty water fresh?**

A). The Dead Sea B). The Mediterranean Sea C). The Sea of Galilee
D). The Red Sea

**439. What did God say would happen wherever the river flowed?**

A). Everything would burn B). Everything would live C). Everything would be flooded
D). Everything would turn to salt

**440. From where to where would fishermen stand along the shore spreading their nets?**

A). From Dan to Beersheba B). From Jericho to Gilgal C). From En Gedi to En Eglaim
D). From Bethel to Ai

**441. What would be left for salt and not become fresh?**

A). The deep middle of the sea B). The rivers flowing in C). The whole sea
D). The swamps and marshes

**442. What would the leaves of the fruit trees by the river be used for?**

A). For healing B). For building roofs C). For feeding animals
D). For making clothes

**443. How often would the fruit trees by the river bear fruit?**

A). Once a year B). Every month C). Every seven years D). Only in the spring

**444. How were foreigners who had settled among the Israelites and had children to be treated when the land was divided?**

A). They were to be sent away B). They could work but not own land
C). They were to receive an inheritance like native-born Israelites
D). They had to pay to stay

## Ezekiel 48

**445. Which tribe received the first portion of land, at the northern frontier?**

A). Judah B). Dan C). Reuben D). Asher

**446. Where was the sanctuary of the LORD to be in the special portion of land?**

A). At the northern edge B). Near the Jordan C). In the center D). By the sea

**447. Why did the priests descended from Zadok receive a special portion?**

A). They were the oldest family B). They paid for the temple C). They fought in the war
D). They were faithful and did not go astray when Israel did

**448. Who were to farm the land belonging to the city?**

A). Workers from all the tribes of Israel B). Only the Levites C). Foreign slaves
D). Only the prince's family

**449. After whom were the gates of the city named?**

A). The kings of Israel B). The tribes of Israel C). The prophets D). The angels

**450. How many gates did the city have in all, with three on each side?**

A). Four B). Seven C). Twelve D). Twenty-four

**451. Which three gates were on the north side of the city?**

A). The gates of Gad, Asher and Naphtali B). The gates of Joseph, Benjamin and Dan
C). The gates of Simeon, Issachar and Zebulun D). The gates of Reuben, Judah and Levi

**452. Complete the last verse of Ezekiel: "And the name of the city from that time on will be: THE LORD IS _____."**

A). THERE B). KING C). HOLY D). GOOD

# Answer Key

# Ezekiel

**Chapters**


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41
42 43 44 45 46 47 48


## Ezekiel 1

1. B) Kebar River
2. C) The fifth year
3. A) Buzi
4. D) A priest
5. B) From the north
6. C) Four
7. A) Human, lion, ox and eagle
8. B) Like a wheel inside a wheel
9. D) Eyes
10. A) The roar of rushing waters
11. B) A throne
12. C) A rainbow in the clouds
13. D) He fell facedown

## Ezekiel 2

14. B) Son of man
15. C) The Spirit
16. A) A rebellious nation
17. D) That a prophet had been among them
18. A) Scorpions
19. B) Rebellious like the people
20. C) A scroll
21. D) Words of lament and mourning and woe

## Ezekiel 3

22. C) A scroll
23. A) Sweet as honey
24. D) Listened to him
25. B) Flint
26. A) Tel Aviv
27. C) Seven days
28. D) watchman
29. B) God would hold Ezekiel accountable for their blood
30. C) He would save himself
31. B) To the plain
32. A) Make it stick to the roof of his mouth
33. D) When God spoke to him and opened his mouth

## Ezekiel 4

34. C) Jerusalem
35. A) An iron pan
36. D) 390 days
37. B) 40 days
38. C) A year
39. B) Ropes
40. C) Wheat, barley, beans and lentils
41. A) Cow dung
42. D) Food and water would become scarce

## Ezekiel 5

43. B) A sharp sword
44. C) A set of scales
45. A) Burn a third, strike a third with the sword, scatter a third to the wind
46. D) In the folds of his garment
47. B) center
48. C) She had rebelled more than the nations
49. A) His sanctuary
50. D) Famine, wild beasts, plague and bloodshed
51. B) That He, the LORD, had spoken in His zeal

## Ezekiel 6

52. A) The mountains of Israel
53. B) Their high places
54. C) Their bones
55. D) Spare some who would escape the sword
56. A) They would remember God
57. B) They would loathe themselves
58. C) Strike his hands together and stamp his feet
59. C) Sword, famine and plague
60. A) Every spreading tree and leafy oak

61. D) LORD

### Ezekiel 7

62. A) corners

63. B) According to their conduct

64. C) No one went into battle

65. D) Into the streets

66. A) Save them

67. B) Chains

68. C) Peace

69. D) The teaching of the law

70. A) The king

### Ezekiel 8

71. B) The elders of Judah

72. C) The Spirit lifted him by his hair between earth and heaven

73. A) The idol that provokes to jealousy

74. D) Dig into the wall

75. A) Crawling things, unclean animals and idols

76. D) Seventy

77. A) Jaazaniah

78. B) 'The LORD does not see us; the LORD has forsaken the land.'

79. C) Tammuz

80. B) Bowing down to the sun in the east

81. D) Toward the temple of the LORD

82. B) He would not listen to them

### Ezekiel 9

83. B) Six

84. C) A writing kit

85. A) The bronze altar

86. D) On their foreheads

87. B) Those who grieved and lamented over the city's detestable things

88. A) Do not touch them

89. C) At His sanctuary

90. D) Will You destroy the entire remnant of Israel?

91. A) 'The LORD has forsaken the land; the LORD does not see.'

92. B) 'I have done as you commanded.'

### Ezekiel 10

93. B) A throne

94. A) Burning coals

95. C) A cloud

96. D) Almighty

97. A) The form of human hands

98. B) Eyes

99. C) The whirling wheels

100. D) Cherub, human, lion and eagle

101. A) At the entrance of the east gate of the LORD's house

102. B) They were cherubim

### Ezekiel 11

103. A) Jaazaniah son of Azzur and Pelatiah son of Benaiah

104. B) pot

105. C) Pelatiah

106. D) He fell facedown and cried out to God

107. A) A sanctuary

108. B) The land of Israel

109. C) flesh

110. D) They would be His people, and He would be their God

111. A) Above the mountain east of the city

112. B) To the exiles in Babylonia

### Ezekiel 12

113. B) His belongings for exile

114. C) The wall

115. A) So he could not see the land

116. D) sign

117. A) The prince in Jerusalem

118. C) He would not see it, though he would die there

119. D) His net

120. A) With trembling and shuddering

121. B) 'The days go by and every vision comes to nothing.'

122. C) None of His words would be delayed any longer

### Ezekiel 13

123. B) From their own imagination

124. C) Jackals among ruins

125. A) They were false and lying

126. D) Peace

127. B) Whitewash

128. A) Rain in torrents, hailstones and violent winds

129. D) Its foundation would be laid bare and the people would know the LORD

130. C) The daughters of his people who prophesied out of their own imagination

131. A) Magic charms

132. B) Handfuls of barley and scraps of bread

133. C) Save them from their hands

### Ezekiel 14

134. A) Some of the elders of Israel

135. B) Idols

136. C) Repent and turn away from them

137. D) Noah, Daniel and Job

138. A) No, they could save only themselves

139. B) Sword, famine, wild beasts and plague

140. C) Some sons and daughters

141. D) That God had not acted without cause

### Ezekiel 15

142. C) Wood of a vine

143. A) A peg to hang things on

144. D) It is useless for anything

145. B) Vine wood given as fuel for the fire

146. A) Because the people had been unfaithful

### Ezekiel 16

147. A) An Amorite and a Hittite

148. B) She was thrown out into the open field

149. C) Live

150. D) A covenant

151. A) A beautiful crown

152. B) Her beauty

153. C) Sacrificed them to idols

154. D) Samaria

155. A) Arrogant, overfed and unconcerned; they did not help the poor and needy

156. B) An everlasting covenant

157. C) Make atonement for her

### Ezekiel 17

158. B) An allegory and a parable

159. C) A great eagle

160. A) A cedar

161. D) A low, spreading vine

162. A) It sent out its roots toward him

163. B) The king of Babylon

164. C) He sent envoys to Egypt to get horses and a large army

165. D) In Babylon

166. A) It would not help him in war

167. B) On a high mountain of Israel

168. C) Birds of every kind

169. D) Brings down the tall tree and makes the low tree grow tall

### Ezekiel 18

170. A) teeth

171. B) The one who sins

172. C) Food

173. D) Lend at interest or take a profit

174. A) No, the child will not share the guilt of the parent

175. B) They will surely live

176. C) When they turn from their ways and live

177. D) None of their righteous deeds will be remembered

178. A) They said it was not just

179. B) heart

180. C) Repent

### Ezekiel 19

181. A) The princes of Israel

182. B) A lioness

183. C) To the land of Egypt

184. D) The king of Babylon

185. A) So his roar would no longer be heard on the mountains of Israel

186. B) A vine planted by the water

187. C) A ruler's scepter

188. D) The east wind

189. A) No strong branch fit for a ruler's scepter

### Ezekiel 20

190. A) To inquire of the LORD

191. B) He would not let them inquire of Him

192. C) Milk and honey

193. D) The vile images and idols of Egypt

194. A) live

195. B) His Sabbaths

196. C) For the sake of His name among the nations

197. D) To be like the nations who serve wood and stone

198. A) covenant

199. B) On His holy mountain, the high mountain of Israel

200. C) They would loathe themselves

201. D) The forest of the southland

202. A) 'Isn't he just telling parables?'

### Ezekiel 21

203. B) Jerusalem

204. A) His sword

205. C) Because of the news that was coming

206. D) polished

207. A) Rabbah of the Ammonites, or Judah and Jerusalem

208. B) He cast lots with arrows and examined the liver

209. C) Jerusalem

210. D) His turban

211. A) Until the one to whom it rightfully belongs comes

212. B) The Ammonites

### Ezekiel 22

213. B) The city of bloodshed

214. C) They treated parents with contempt, oppressed foreigners and mistreated orphans and widows

215. D) His Sabbaths

216. A) They had forgotten Him

217. D) Dross

218. B) Melt them in the fire of His wrath, like metal in a furnace

219. C) The difference between the holy and the common

220. A) Wolves tearing their prey

221. B) They whitewashed them with false visions

222. C) Someone to stand in the gap on behalf of the land

### Ezekiel 23

223. A) Oholah and Oholibah

224. B) Samaria

225. C) Jerusalem

226. D) The Assyrians

227. A) She was more depraved than her sister

228. B) Chaldea

229. C) Her sister's cup

230. D) She had forgotten God and turned her back on Him

231. A) His sanctuary and His Sabbaths

### Ezekiel 24

232. B) The king of Babylon had laid siege to Jerusalem that very day

233. C) A cooking pot

234. D) Encrusted deposit

235. A) So its impurities would melt and its deposit be burned away

236. B) The delight of your eyes

237. B) Not lament or weep, but groan quietly

238. D) In the evening after he spoke to the people in the morning

239. A) His sanctuary

240. B) sign

241. C) It would be opened, and he would no longer be silent

### Ezekiel 25

242. B) "Aha!"

243. C) A pasture for camels

244. D) They clapped their hands and stamped their feet

245. A) "Judah has become like all the other nations."

246. B) Edom took revenge on Judah

247. C) The hand of His people Israel

248. D) The Philistines

249. A) The Kerethites

250. B) LORD

### Ezekiel 26

251. B) "Aha! The gate to the nations is broken."

252. C) The sea casting up its waves

253. D) A bare rock, a place to spread fishnets

254. A) Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon

255. B) kings

256. C) Into the sea

257. D) The music of harps

258. A) It would never be rebuilt

259. B) The princes of the coast

### Ezekiel 27

260. B) perfect

261. C) A beautiful ship

262. D) Lebanon

263. A) Oaks from Bashan

264. B) Egypt

265. C) Tarshish

266. D) The east wind

267. A) They sprinkled dust on their heads and rolled in ashes

268. B) "Who was ever silenced like Tyre?"

### Ezekiel 28

269. B) "I am a god."

270. C) Daniel

271. D) His wealth gained by wisdom and trading

272. A) beauty

273. B) In Eden, the garden of God

274. C) A guardian cherub

275. D) Until wickedness was found in him

276. A) Because of his beauty

277. B) Sidon

278. C) Live in safety, build houses and plant vineyards

### Ezekiel 29

279. B) Pharaoh king of Egypt

280. C) "The Nile belongs to me; I made it for myself."

281. D) Hooks

282. A) A staff of reed that splintered when leaned on

283. B) From Migdol to Aswan

284. C) Forty years

285. D) A lowly kingdom, the weakest of kingdoms

286. A) No reward

287. B) Egypt

### Ezekiel 30

288. A) LORD

289. B) Cush

290. C) Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon

291. D) The waters of the Nile

292. A) Memphis

293. B) A prince

294. C) Tahpanhes

295. D) His arm

296. A) Strengthen his arms and put His sword in his hand

297. B) Disperse them among the nations

### Ezekiel 31

298. A) Pharaoh king of Egypt and his hordes

299. B) A cedar in Lebanon

300. C) All the great nations

301. D) Eden, the garden of God

302. A) Because it was proud of its height

303. B) The most ruthless of foreign nations

304. C) To the realm of the dead

305. D) Pharaoh and all his hordes

### Ezekiel 32

306. B) A monster

307. C) His net

308. A) The sun would be covered, the moon give no light, and the stars be darkened

309. C) The sword of the king of Babylon

310. D) Oil

311. A) The daughters of the nations

312. B) To the earth below, with those who go down to the pit

313. D) Elam

### Ezekiel 33

314. B) A trumpet

315. C) Their own

316. D) God would hold the watchman accountable for their blood

317. A) die

318. B) They return what they took in pledge for a loan and give back what they stole

319. C) "The city has fallen!"

320. D) The LORD opened his mouth and he was no longer silent

321. A) Abraham

322. B) They heard his words but did not put them into practice

### Ezekiel 34

323. A) They took care of only themselves

324. B) Search for the lost

325. C) Because there was no shepherd

326. D) search

327. A) On the mountains of Israel

328. B) Bind up the injured and strengthen the weak

329. C) Rams and goats, and one sheep and another

330. D) His servant David

331. A) A covenant of peace

332. B) Showers of blessing

333. C) pasture

### Ezekiel 35

334. A) Mount Seir

335. B) Delivered them over to the sword

336. C) "These two nations and countries will be ours."

337. D) Boasted against Him

338. A) Because they rejoiced when Israel's inheritance became desolate

### Ezekiel 36

339. B) "Aha! The ancient heights have become our possession."

340. C) Branches and fruit

341. D) The towns would be inhabited and the ruins rebuilt

342. A) For the sake of His holy name

343. B) Clean water

344. C) His Spirit

345. D) He would increase it so they would no longer suffer famine

346. A) They would loathe themselves

347. B) The garden of Eden

348. C) Sheep, like the flocks at Jerusalem's festivals

### Ezekiel 37

349. B) Bones

350. C) "Sovereign LORD, you alone know."

351. D) LORD

352. A) A rattling sound

353. C) Breath

354. D) From the four winds

355. A) A vast army

356. B) The whole house of Israel

357. C) Open them and bring the people back to the land of Israel

358. D) Join them into one stick in his hand

359. A) Judah, and Joseph (Ephraim)

360. B) They would be one nation with one king

361. C) It would be with His people

### Ezekiel 38

362. A) Gog, of the land of Magog

363. B) Tubal

364. C) Persia

365. D) After many days, in future years

366. A) Like a storm and a cloud covering the land

367. B) A land of unwalled villages and peaceful people

368. C) "Have you come to plunder?"

369. D) A great earthquake

370. A) Torrents of rain, hailstones and burning sulfur

371. B) To show His greatness and holiness and make Himself known

### Ezekiel 39

372. B) His bow

373. C) On the mountains of Israel

374. D) Magog

375. A) His holy name

376. B) Seven years

377. C) The Valley of Hamon Gog

378. D) Seven months

379. A) Because of their sin and unfaithfulness to God

380. B) Compassion

381. C) Because He would pour out His Spirit on them

### Ezekiel 40

382. B) Fourteen years

383. C) On a very high mountain in the land of Israel

384. D) A linen cord and a measuring rod

385. A) Tell the people of Israel

386. B) A wall

387. C) The gate facing east

388. D) Thirty

389. A) Slaughtering the burnt offerings, sin offerings and guilt offerings

390. B) The sons of Zadok

### Ezekiel 41

391. C) The Most Holy Place

392. A) In three levels, one above another, thirty on each level

393. B) Cherubim and palm trees

394. D) The face of a human and the face of a lion

395. B) "This is the table that is before the LORD."

396. C) Double doors

### Ezekiel 42

397. C) Eat the most holy offerings

398. D) Grain offerings, sin offerings and guilt offerings

399. A) Leave behind the garments they ministered in and put on other clothes

400. B) 500 cubits

401. C) To separate the holy from the common

### Ezekiel 43

402. B) From the east

403. C) The roar of rushing waters

404. D) He fell facedown

405. A) The glory of the LORD filled the temple

406. A) forever

407. B) So they would be ashamed of their sins

408. C) All the surrounding area will be most holy

409. D) Seven days

### Ezekiel 44

410. B) Because the LORD, the God of Israel, had entered through it

411. C) The prince

412. D) They served as gatekeepers and helpers in the sanctuary, but could not serve as priests

413. A) The Levitical priests, descendants of Zadok

414. B) Linen

415. B) Keep it trimmed

416. C) Wine

417. D) The difference between the holy and the common

418. C) God Himself

### Ezekiel 45

419. C) A portion for the LORD

420. A) Oppress His people

421. D) Their violence and oppression

422. B) Accurate scales and accurate measures

423. D) The prince

424. A) A young bull without defect

425. C) The fourteenth day

426. B) Bread made without yeast

### Ezekiel 46

427. B) On the Sabbath and on the day of the New Moon

428. C) At the threshold of the gateway

429. D) Six male lambs and a ram, all without defect

430. A) By the opposite gate from the one they entered

431. B) Every morning

432. D) In the year of freedom

433. A) Take it and drive them off their property

434. C) Kitchens for cooking the sacrifices

### Ezekiel 47

435. B) Water

436. C) Ankle-deep, then knee-deep, then waist-deep, then too deep to cross

437. D) A great number of trees

438. A) The Dead Sea

439. B) Everything would live

440. C) From En Gedi to En Eglaim

441. D) The swamps and marshes

442. A) For healing

443. B) Every month

444. C) They were to receive an inheritance like native-born Israelites

### Ezekiel 48

445. B) Dan

446. C) In the center

447. D) They were faithful and did not go astray when Israel did

448. A) Workers from all the tribes of Israel

449. B) The tribes of Israel

450. C) Twelve

451. D) The gates of Reuben, Judah and Levi

452. A) THERE



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