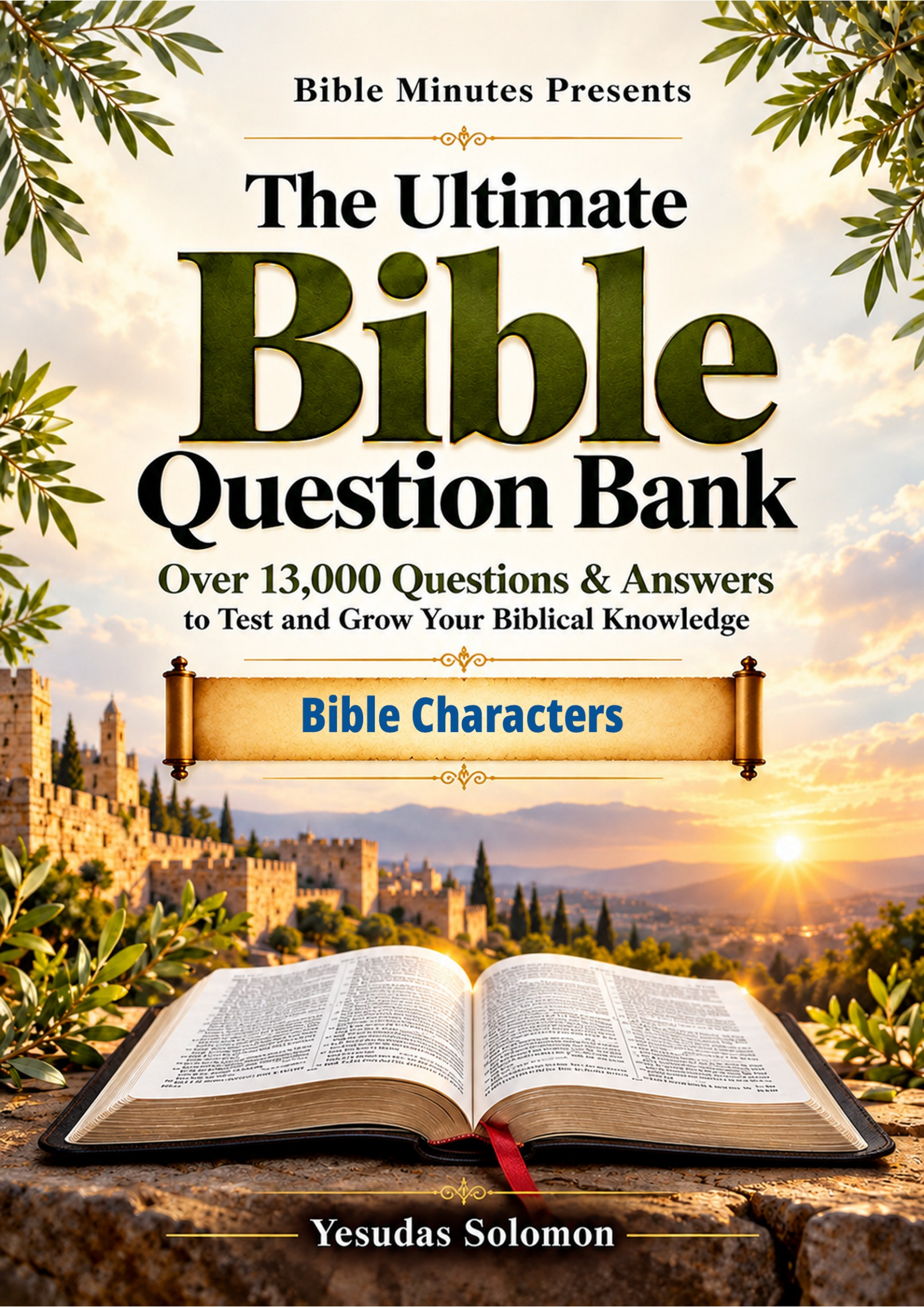
Bible Minutes Presents

The Ultimate Bible Question Bank

Over 13,000 Questions & Answers
to Test and Grow Your Biblical Knowledge

Bible Characters



Yesudas Solomon

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Over 13,000 Questions & Answers to Test and Grow Your Biblical Knowledge

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Answer Key 1144

Aaron

1. Whom did God choose to be Moses' spokesman?

A). Jethro B). Aaron C). Joshua D). Hur

2. What was the relationship between Moses and Aaron?

A). They were father and son B). They were brothers C). They were cousins
D). They were friends

3. Where did Aaron meet Moses when he came to him?

A). In the wilderness at the mountain of God B). At Pharaoh's palace
C). By the Nile River D). In the city of Rameses

4. How did the Israelites respond when they heard God had seen their misery?

A). They rebelled against Moses B). They believed and bowed down in worship
C). They fled from Egypt at once D). They refused to listen

5. What did Moses and Aaron ask Pharaoh to let the Israelites do?

A). Build a new city B). Hold a festival to the LORD in the wilderness
C). Return to farming D). Choose a new king

6. How did Pharaoh respond to the command to let Israel go?

A). He said he did not know the LORD and refused B). He agreed at once
C). He asked for time to think D). He offered them gifts

7. Whom did the Israelite foremen blame for their increased suffering?

A). Pharaoh B). Moses and Aaron C). The Egyptians D). Themselves

8. Who were the parents of Aaron and Moses?

A). Amram and Jochebed B). Kohath and Elisheba C). Levi and Sarah
D). Izhar and Miriam

9. Whom did Aaron marry?

A). Zipporah B). Elisheba C). Jochebed D). Miriam

10. What role did God give Aaron in relation to Moses before Pharaoh?

A). His servant B). His prophet C). His guard D). His judge

11. What happened when Aaron threw down his staff before Pharaoh?

A). It broke in pieces B). It became a snake C). It turned to gold
D). It burst into flames

12. What did Aaron's staff do to the staffs of the Egyptian magicians?

A). It swallowed up their staffs B). It turned them to stone C). It set them on fire
D). It made them disappear

13. What was the first plague God sent on Egypt?

A). Frogs B). The Nile turned to blood C). Locusts D). Darkness

14. What was the second plague God sent on Egypt?

A). Frogs B). Locusts C). Hail D). Boils

15. What did Pharaoh ask Moses to do about the frogs?

A). To gather them up B). To pray to the LORD to take them away
C). To send them to Goshen D). To turn them into food

16. What did the dust of the ground become in the third plague?

A). Gnats B). Worms C). Ash D). Snakes

17. What was the sixth plague that came upon the people and animals?

A). Festering boils B). Blindness C). Fever D). Deafness

18. What did Pharaoh admit during the plague of hail?

A). That he had sinned B). That the LORD did not exist C). That Moses was a magician
D). That Egypt was cursed forever

19. What did Pharaoh finally do after the death of the firstborn?

A). He sent his army against them B). He told Moses and the Israelites to leave Egypt
C). He asked them to stay D). He hardened his heart again

20. How is Miriam described, and to whom was she related?

A). A judge and the wife of Moses B). A queen and the daughter of Pharaoh
C). A prophetess and the sister of Aaron D). A singer and the mother of Aaron

21. Why did the Israelites grumble against Moses and Aaron in the desert?

A). They had no water to wash B). They had no food and remembered eating well in Egypt
C). They were tired of walking D). They wanted to choose a new leader

22. Who held up Moses' hands when they grew tired during the battle?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Aaron and Miriam C). Hur and Joshua D). Aaron and Hur

23. Whom did Moses leave in charge of the people while he was on the mountain?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Jethro and Eleazar
D). Aaron and Hur

24. Who was responsible for keeping the lamps burning before the LORD?

A). Moses alone B). The seventy elders C). Aaron and his sons
D). All the people in turn

25. Who was set apart to serve as priest along with his sons?

A). Joshua B). Hur C). Aaron D). Nadab

26. Why were the special priestly garments made for Aaron?

A). To keep him warm B). To give him dignity and honor
C). To hide him from the people D). To mark him as a soldier

27. What was engraved on the two onyx stones on the ephod's shoulder pieces?

A). The Ten Commandments B). The name of Aaron C). The words of a prayer
D). The names of the twelve tribes of Israel

28. How many precious stones were set in the priest's breastpiece?

A). Seven B). Twelve, one for each tribe C). Four D). Ten

29. What was placed in the breastpiece for making decisions?

A). A golden scroll B). A silver coin C). The Urim and Thummim D). A small lamp

30. What was placed around the hem of the priest's robe?

A). Small silver coins B). Strips of leather C). Rows of jewels
D). Gold bells and cloth pomegranates

31. On the gold plate fastened to the turban were engraved the words, "HOLY TO THE _____."

A). LORD B). PRIEST C). PEOPLE D). KING

32. What was the first step in setting apart Aaron and his sons as priests?

A). They were given gold B). They fasted for seven days
C). They were washed with water D). They climbed the mountain

33. How was Aaron set apart as high priest?

A). A crown was placed on him B). Anointing oil was poured on his head
C). He was given a sword D). He was carried on a throne

34. How many days did the ordination of the priests last?

A). One day B). Forty days C). Three days D). Seven days

35. When did Aaron burn incense on the golden altar?

A). Only on the Sabbath B). Every morning and at twilight C). Once a year
D). Only at night

36. What was the bronze basin used for in the tabernacle?

A). Holding the incense B). Washing the priests' hands and feet C). Storing the oil
D). Catching the blood

37. Why did the people ask Aaron to make gods for them?

A). They had run out of food B). God had told them to
C). Moses was delayed in coming down the mountain D). They wanted to return to Egypt

38. What did Aaron make from the people's gold?

A). A golden throne B). A golden calf C). A golden lamp D). A golden snake

39. What excuse did Aaron give Moses for the golden calf?

A). He said an angel made it B). He said he found it in the desert

C). He said Moses had told him to make it

D). He said the gold went into the fire and the calf came out

40. For whom were the sacred woven garments made?

A). Moses, for leading the people B). The elders of Israel

C). Aaron and his sons, for serving as priests D). The skilled craftsmen

41. Who received the rest of the grain offering after a portion was burned on the altar?

A). The Levites B). Aaron and his sons C). The elders of Israel

D). The person who brought it

42. Who was allowed to eat the priests' portion of the grain offering?

A). Any Israelite B). Only the high priest C). The elders of the people

D). The male descendants of Aaron

43. What important event takes place in Leviticus 8?

A). The building of the tabernacle B). The crossing of the Red Sea

C). The giving of the Ten Commandments

D). The ordination of Aaron and his sons as priests

44. What did Moses pour on Aaron's head to consecrate him?

A). Anointing oil B). Water from the basin C). The blood of a bull

D). Wine from the offering

45. During the ordination, Moses put blood on which parts of Aaron's body?

A). His forehead, chest, and hands B). His right ear, right thumb, and right big toe

C). His head, shoulders, and feet D). His hands and knees

46. How many days were Aaron and his sons to stay at the entrance of the tent of meeting for their ordination?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Seven days D). Ten days

47. How did Aaron and his sons respond to the commands given during their ordination?

A). They did everything the Lord commanded through Moses

B). They questioned Moses about the rules C). They asked to wait until later

D). They performed only part of the commands

48. On which day did Aaron begin his priestly duties as described in this chapter?

A). The first day of the year B). The eighth day C). The seventh day of the week

D). The day of Passover

49. What did Aaron do to the people after he finished making the offerings?

A). He sent them away B). He gave them food C). He lifted his hands and blessed them
D). He appointed new leaders

50. Which two sons of Aaron offered unauthorized fire before the Lord?

A). Eleazar and Ithamar B). Nadab and Abihu C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Gershom and Eliezer

51. How did Aaron respond after his sons Nadab and Abihu died?

A). Aaron remained silent B). Aaron cried out loudly C). Aaron argued with Moses
D). Aaron left the tabernacle

52. What were Aaron and his sons commanded not to drink when entering the tent of meeting?

A). Water from other wells B). Milk or juice C). Wine or other fermented drink
D). Anything at all while serving

53. What is the main subject of Leviticus 11?

A). Which animals were clean and unclean to eat B). How to build the altar
C). The rules for the Sabbath D). The duties of the high priest

54. What is the main subject of Leviticus 13?

A). Laws about offerings B). Examining skin diseases and mildew
C). The duties of the Levites D). Rules about clean and unclean food

55. What is the main subject of Leviticus 15?

A). Laws about bodily discharges and cleanness B). Rules for offering sacrifices
C). Instructions for building the altar D). The appointment of the priests

56. What special day is described in Leviticus 16?

A). The Passover B). The Day of Atonement C). The Feast of Trumpets
D). The Sabbath year

57. Who alone could enter the Most Holy Place on the Day of Atonement?

A). Any priest B). Moses C). The high priest, Aaron D). The elders of Israel

58. What happened to the goat chosen as the scapegoat?

A). It was burned on the altar B). It was given to the priests
C). It was set free at the tabernacle door
D). It carried the people's sins away into the wilderness

59. Where were the Israelites commanded to bring an animal they wanted to sacrifice?

A). To their own homes B). To the entrance of the tent of meeting
C). To the top of a hill D). To the edge of the camp

60. To whom were the special rules in Leviticus 21 given?

A). The kings of Israel B). The priests, the sons of Aaron C). The judges of the people
D). All the men of Israel

61. What kept a descendant of Aaron from presenting the food offerings to God?

A). Being too young B). Having a physical defect C). Living far from the tabernacle
D). Owning too little land

62. What did the priests have to be before they could eat the holy offerings?

A). Ceremonially clean B). Over fifty years old C). Married with children
D). Chosen by the elders

63. What were the priests to keep burning continually in the tent of meeting?

A). The incense on the golden altar B). The lamps on the golden lampstand
C). The fire under the bronze altar D). The offering of grain

64. Which men were to be counted in this census?

A). All the women and children B). Only the priests and Levites
C). The elders of each tribe
D). Every male twenty years old or more who could serve in the army

65. Who helped Moses take the census?

A). Aaron, along with one man from each tribe B). Joshua alone C). The seventy elders
D). Miriam and the women leaders

66. What was the total number of men counted in the census?

A). 600,000 B). 22,000 C). 603,550 D). 1,189,000

67. How were the Israelites told to set up their camp?

A). In one large circle with no order B). Wherever each family chose to settle
C). All together in a single line facing east
D). Each tribe under its own standard, around the tent of meeting

68. Who were the sons of Aaron?

A). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari B). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam
C). Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar D). Shem, Ham, and Japheth

69. What was the job of the tribe of Levi?

A). To fight Israel's battles B). To rule over the other tribes
C). To farm the land for the people
D). To help Aaron and the priests with the work of the tabernacle

70. How many Levite males a month old or more were counted?

A). 22,000 B). 603,550 C). 273 D). 8,600

71. What was done for the 273 firstborn Israelites who were more than the number of Levites?

A). They were sent to serve in the tabernacle B). They were counted among the Levites
C). They were redeemed by paying five shekels each D). They were given extra land

72. Which Levite men were counted for the work of the tent of meeting?

A). All males a month old or more B). Men from thirty to fifty years old
C). Only the firstborn sons D). Men twenty years old and older

73. Who had to cover the holy things before the Kohathites could carry them?

A). Moses and Joshua B). The elders of the tribes C). Aaron and his sons
D). The Gershonites

74. What was the total number of Levites counted for the work of the tabernacle?

A). 22,000 B). 603,550 C). 8,580 D). 273

75. Who did God tell to bless the people of Israel with a special blessing?

A). Moses and the elders B). The Levites C). Aaron and his sons
D). The tribal leaders

76. Complete the blessing: 'The Lord bless you and _____ you.'

A). keep B). teach C). send D). call

77. Complete the blessing: 'The Lord turn his face toward you and give you _____.'

A). riches B). peace C). power D). land

78. Who was told to set up the lamps on the lampstand?

A). Moses B). Joshua C). The Levites D). Aaron

79. How many lamps were on the lampstand?

A). Three B). Five C). Seven D). Twelve

80. Who spoke against Moses in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Dathan and Abiram C). Miriam and Aaron
D). Nadab and Abihu

81. What were two reasons Miriam and Aaron opposed Moses?

A). His wife and his claim to be king
B). His Cushite wife and whether God spoke only through him C). His age and his wealth
D). His war plans and his diet

82. How did the people react after hearing the bad report about the land?

A). They praised God for the good land B). They prepared to attack right away
C). They asked Moses to send more spies D). They wept and wanted to return to Egypt

83. Who led the rebellion against Moses and Aaron in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Korah, Dathan, and Abiram
D). Miriam and Aaron

84. What did the rebels claim against Moses and Aaron?

A). That Moses was too old to lead
B). That the whole community was holy, so Moses and Aaron had set themselves too high
C). That they wanted to return to Egypt D). That there was no food or water

85. How did the people react the day after the rebels were destroyed?

A). They thanked God for saving them
B). They grumbled and blamed Moses and Aaron for the deaths C). They chose new leaders
D). They left the camp quietly

86. How did Aaron stop the plague that broke out among the people?

A). He prayed at the altar all night B). He sent the sick outside the camp
C). He offered a lamb for each family
D). He ran with a censer and stood between the living and the dead

87. What did God tell Moses to collect from the leaders of the tribes?

A). Twelve staffs, one for each leader B). Twelve lambs for an offering
C). Silver from each tribe D). Twelve stones for an altar

88. Whose staff sprouted, blossomed, and produced almonds?

A). Moses' staff B). Joshua's staff C). Caleb's staff D). Aaron's staff

89. What fruit did Aaron's staff produce?

A). Figs B). Grapes C). Almonds D). Olives

90. Why did God tell Moses to keep Aaron's staff before the ark?

A). As a decoration for the tent B). As a sign to warn the rebels and stop their grumbling
C). So Aaron could use it in battle D). To measure the tabernacle

91. Who was made responsible for the care of the sanctuary and the priesthood?

A). Moses and Joshua B). The tribal leaders C). Aaron and his sons
D). The whole community

92. What was the role of the Levites toward Aaron and the priests?

A). To rule over the priests B). To offer sacrifices in place of the priests
C). To collect taxes from the tribes
D). To join Aaron and help with the work of the tent of meeting

93. How were the priests to be provided for?

A). By farming their own land B). From the offerings that the Israelites brought to the Lord
C). By a wage paid in silver D). From the spoils of war only

94. Why did the people quarrel with Moses at this place?

A). There was no water to drink B). They wanted a new leader
C). They were tired of walking D). They had lost their animals

95. What did God tell Moses to do to bring water from the rock?

A). Strike the rock with his staff B). Dig beside the rock C). Pour water on the rock
D). Speak to the rock

96. Why were Moses and Aaron told they would not lead Israel into the promised land?

A). They were too old to continue B). They did not trust God enough to honor Him as holy
C). They wanted to stay in the wilderness D). They had refused to speak to the people

97. Who became the new high priest when Aaron died on Mount Hor?

A). Moses B). Joshua C). Ithamar D). Eleazar

98. Where did Aaron die during the journey?

A). At Kadesh B). At Rameses C). On Mount Hor D). In the plains of Moab

99. For whom did Moses say he also prayed, because the Lord was angry enough to destroy him?

A). Joshua B). Caleb C). Aaron D). Miriam

100. Who succeeded Aaron as priest after Aaron died?

A). Eleazar his son B). Joshua C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

101. Which mountain did God tell Moses to climb to view Canaan before he died?

A). Mount Hor B). Mount Nebo C). Mount Ebal D). Mount Gerizim

102. The first lot of Levite towns went to which descendants?

A). The Gershonites B). The Merarites
C). The descendants of Aaron the priest among the Kohathites D). The sons of Moses

103. Who was ministering before the ark of the covenant at that time?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron B). Eli C). Jonathan son of Gershom
D). Samuel

104. Aaron, Moses and Miriam were the children of which man?

A). Amram B). Kohath C). Levi D). Jochebed

105. Which of these was NOT a son of Aaron?

A). Nadab B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

106. What did Aaron and his descendants do at the altar of burnt offering and the altar of incense?

A). Presented offerings and made atonement for Israel B). Sang psalms and played music
C). Guarded the gates of the temple D). Carried the ark

107. What kind of city was Hebron, given to the descendants of Aaron?

A). A city of refuge B). A royal city C). A city of the Philistines D). A store city

108. What were Aaron and his descendants set apart forever to do?

A). Build the temple

B). Consecrate the most holy things, offer sacrifices, minister before the LORD and pronounce blessings

C). Guard the king D). Collect taxes from the tribes

109. Why did only Eleazar and Ithamar serve as priests among Aaron's sons?

A). Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons

B). Nadab and Abihu became kings C). Nadab and Abihu moved to Egypt

D). Nadab and Abihu chose to be musicians

110. What was the purpose of this appointed order?

A). For ministering when they entered the temple of the LORD B). For fighting in war

C). For collecting taxes D). For choosing the next king

111. Why did the priests say it was not right for Uzziah to burn incense?

A). He was too young B). He had not washed first C). It was not the right day

D). It was for the priests, the descendants of Aaron

112. Ezra was a descendant of which chief priest?

A). Eli B). Aaron C). Zadok D). Jeshua

113. According to Psalm 77:20, by whose hands did God lead His people like a flock?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Joshua and Caleb C). David and Solomon

D). Abraham and Isaac

114. According to Psalm 99:6, who was among those who called on God's name, along with Moses and Aaron?

A). Elijah B). Joshua C). Samuel D). Gideon

115. According to Psalm 99:7, from what did God speak to Moses, Aaron and Samuel?

A). A burning bush B). A whirlwind C). A dream D). The pillar of cloud

116. Whom did God send along with His servant Moses?

A). Joshua B). Aaron C). Caleb D). Miriam

117. When the people envied Moses and Aaron, whom did the earth open and swallow?

A). Korah B). Dathan C). Achan D). Balaam

118. Besides all Israel, which family's house does Psalm 115 call to trust in the LORD?

A). The house of David B). The house of Jacob C). The house of Saul

D). The house of Aaron

119. Which of these groups is NOT called on in Psalm 118:2-4 to say, "His love endures forever"?

A). Israel B). The house of Aaron C). The kings of the earth
D). Those who fear the LORD

120. In Psalm 133, the precious oil runs down on whose beard?

A). Moses' B). David's C). Aaron's D). Samuel's

121. Which of these houses is NOT called on to praise the LORD at the end of Psalm 135?

A). House of Israel B). House of Aaron C). House of David D). House of Levi

122. Whom did God send to lead Israel out of Egypt, according to Micah 6:4?

A). Joshua, Caleb and Eleazar B). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob
C). Moses, Aaron and Miriam D). Samuel, Saul and David

123. Hebrews 5:4 says a high priest must be called by God, just as which man was?

A). Moses B). Samuel C). Melchizedek D). Aaron

124. According to Hebrews 7:11, why was there a need for a priest in the order of Melchizedek rather than Aaron?

A). Because Aaron had no children B). Because the temple was destroyed
C). Because Melchizedek asked for it
D). Because perfection could not be attained through the Levitical priesthood

125. According to Hebrews 9:4, whose staff that had budded was kept in the ark of the covenant?

A). Moses' staff B). Joshua's staff C). Levi's staff D). Aaron's staff

Abdon

126. Which description fits the family of Abdon son of Hillel?

A). Forty sons and thirty grandsons who rode on seventy donkeys
B). Thirty sons and thirty daughters C). Thirty sons who rode thirty donkeys
D). Seventy sons from many wives

127. In what order did these judges lead Israel?

A). Ibzan, Jephthah, Abdon, Elon B). Elon, Abdon, Jephthah, Ibzan
C). Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon D). Abdon, Elon, Ibzan, Jephthah

Abednego

128. Who came forward and accused the Jews of not worshipping the image?

A). Daniel B). Arioch C). Some astrologers D). The king's wife

129. Which three men refused to worship the image of gold?

A). Daniel, Arioch and Ashpenaz B). Hananiah, Daniel and Arioch
C). Peter, James and John D). Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

130. Complete the king's words: "Then what god will be able to _____ you from my hand?"

A). rescue B). hide C). keep D). take

131. What did the three men say they would do even if God did not rescue them?

A). Ask the king for mercy B). Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image
C). Bow down only once D). Run away from Babylon

132. What happened to the soldiers who took the three men up to the furnace?

A). They ran away in fear B). They were promoted C). They bowed to God
D). The flames of the fire killed them

133. How many men did the king see walking in the fire?

A). Four B). Three C). Two D). Seven

134. What did the king call the three men when he told them to come out?

A). Friends of the king B). Wise men of Babylon C). Servants of the Most High God
D). Children of Judah

135. Which of these was true of the three men when they came out of the fire?

A). Their robes were burned B). Only their hands were burned
C). Their hair was singed D). They did not even smell of fire

136. According to the king, how did God rescue the three men?

A). He sent His angel B). He sent a great rain C). He made the king change his mind
D). He sent an army

137. What did the king do for Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego at the end?

A). Sent them home B). Gave them a feast
C). Promoted them in the province of Babylon D). Made them his sons

Abel

138. Who were the first two sons of Adam and Eve?

A). Seth and Enosh B). Shem and Ham C). Jacob and Esau D). Cain and Abel

139. What was the work of each brother, Cain and Abel?

A). Cain kept flocks and Abel worked the soil B). Abel kept flocks and Cain worked the soil
C). Both were fishermen D). Both were shepherds

140. Whose offering did the Lord look on with favor?

A). Cain's offering B). Both offerings equally C). Abel's offering
D). Neither offering

141. What did Cain do to his brother Abel in the field?

A). He forgave him B). He gave him a gift C). He ran away from him
D). He killed him

142. Jesus spoke of righteous blood shed on earth, from the blood of righteous Abel to the blood of whom?

A). John the Baptist B). Isaiah son of Amoz C). Uriah the Hittite
D). Zechariah son of Berekiah

143. Jesus spoke of the blood of the prophets from the blood of which man to the blood of Zechariah?

A). Isaiah B). Moses C). Noah D). Abel

144. By faith, who offered God a better offering than Cain?

A). Abel B). Seth C). Enoch D). Noah

145. According to Hebrews 12:24, Jesus' sprinkled blood speaks a better word than whose blood?

A). Abel's B). Isaac's C). the lamb's D). Aaron's

146. Which man does John say belonged to the evil one and murdered his brother?

A). Esau B). Absalom C). Cain D). Joseph

147. Why did Cain murder his brother, according to John?

A). Because his brother stole his land
B). Because his own actions were evil and his brother's were righteous
C). Because his brother lied to their father D). Because God told him to

Abiathar

148. Which son of Ahimelek escaped and fled to David?

A). Eleazar B). Ahitub C). Phinehas D). Abiathar

149. What did David admit to Abiathar about the priests' deaths?

A). That Saul was not to blame
B). That he was responsible for the death of Abiathar's whole family
C). That he had warned the priests D). That he did not know Doeg was there

150. What promise did David make to Abiathar?

A). That he would be safe if he stayed with David
B). That he would become high priest at once C). That David would kill Doeg
D). That Saul would forgive him

151. What did Abiathar bring with him when he fled to David?

A). The ark of the covenant B). Goliath's sword C). The bread of the Presence
D). The ephod

152. Before chasing the raiders, what did David do?

A). He asked Achish for soldiers

B). He inquired of the LORD, using the ephod brought by Abiathar C). He sent spies ahead

D). He offered a sacrifice

153. Whose sons were Ahimaaz and Jonathan, who were to bring news to David?

A). Joab and Abishai B). Zadok and Abiathar C). Nathan and Gad

D). Hushai and Ahithophel

154. Who were the priests listed at the end of this chapter, along with Ira the Jairite?

A). Eli and Phinehas B). Zadok and Abiathar C). Nathan and Gad

D). Ahimaaz and Jonathan

155. Which two men supported Adonijah's plan to become king?

A). Zadok and Benaiah B). Nathan and Shimei C). Joab and Abiathar

D). Jonathan and Rei

156. When Solomon removed Abiathar from being priest, where did he send him?

A). To Shiloh B). To his fields in Anathoth C). To Gath D). To Bethel

157. Removing Abiathar from the priesthood fulfilled the LORD's word spoken at Shiloh about whose family?

A). Eli's family B). Samuel's family C). Aaron's family D). Saul's family

158. Whom did Solomon put in charge of the army in Joab's place, and whom did he put in Abiathar's place?

A). Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

B). Zadok over the army and Benaiah as priest

C). Nathan over the army and Zadok as priest

D). Benaiah over the army and Nathan as priest

159. Which Old Testament king did Jesus mention who ate the consecrated bread when he and his companions were hungry?

A). Saul B). Solomon C). David D). Hezekiah

Abigail

160. How does the Bible describe Nabal and his wife Abigail?

A). Both were kind and generous B). Both were foolish

C). Abigail was intelligent and beautiful, but Nabal was surly and mean

D). Nabal was wise, but Abigail was proud

161. Nabal's servant said of David's men, "Night and day they were a ___ around us."

A). wall B). fire C). shield D). tent

162. What did Abigail quickly do when she heard what had happened?

A). She ran to hide B). She sent for Saul C). She scolded the servants
D). She loaded donkeys with food to take to David

163. Did Abigail tell Nabal what she was doing?

A). No, she did not tell her husband B). Yes, and he agreed C). Yes, but he refused
D). She sent a servant to tell him

164. What did Abigail say Nabal's name means?

A). Rich B). Fool C). Shepherd D). Strong

165. Why did David bless Abigail?

A). She gave him gold B). She agreed to marry him
C). Her good judgment kept him from bloodshed and taking revenge
D). She told Saul where he was

166. What happened to Nabal when Abigail told him everything the next morning?

A). He laughed B). He apologized to David C). He ran away
D). His heart failed and he became like a stone

167. After Nabal died, what did David ask Abigail?

A). To become his servant B). To become his wife C). To go back to her father
D). To bring more food

168. Which two wives were with David in Gath?

A). Michal and Merab B). Ahinoam of Jezreel and Abigail of Carmel
C). Abigail and Michal D). Bathsheba and Ahinoam

169. Which two wives went with David to Hebron?

A). Michal and Bathsheba B). Ahinoam and Abigail C). Abigail and Michal
D). Ahinoam and Maakah

Abihu

170. Which two sons of Aaron offered unauthorized fire before the Lord?

A). Eleazar and Ithamar B). Nadab and Abihu C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Gershom and Eliezer

171. What happened to Nadab and Abihu after they offered unauthorized fire?

A). They were sent away from the camp B). They lost their priesthood
C). Fire came from the Lord and consumed them, and they died
D). They were struck with a disease

172. Who were the sons of Aaron?

A). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari B). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam
C). Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar D). Shem, Ham, and Japheth

173. What happened to Nadab and Abihu?

A). They died before the Lord when they offered unauthorized fire

B). They became high priests after Aaron C). They led the Levites in worship

D). They were sent away from the camp

174. Which of these was NOT a son of Aaron?

A). Nadab B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

175. Why did only Eleazar and Ithamar serve as priests among Aaron's sons?

A). Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons

B). Nadab and Abihu became kings C). Nadab and Abihu moved to Egypt

D). Nadab and Abihu chose to be musicians

Abijah

176. What were the names of Samuel's two sons?

A). Hophni and Phinehas B). Joel and Abijah C). Nadab and Abihu

D). Jonathan and Abinadab

177. Where did Samuel's sons serve as leaders?

A). Ramah B). Shiloh C). Beersheba D). Mizpah

178. What was wrong with the way Samuel's sons led?

A). They went after dishonest gain, accepted bribes and perverted justice

B). They were too young to lead C). They lived far away in Egypt

D). They refused to judge anyone

179. Who were the two sons of Samuel?

A). Hophni and Phinehas B). Nadab and Abihu C). Joel and Abijah

D). Eli and Ichabod

180. Which son did Rehoboam appoint as chief prince, intending to make him king?

A). Jeroboam B). Abijah C). Asa D). Attai

181. Who succeeded Rehoboam as king?

A). Abijah B). Asa C). Jeroboam D). Jehoshaphat

182. How many years did Abijah reign in Jerusalem?

A). Three B). Seventeen C). Seven D). Forty

183. How many fighting men did Jeroboam have against Abijah's 400,000?

A). 400,000 B). 800,000 C). 1,000,000 D). 180,000

184. Where did Abijah stand to speak to Jeroboam and all Israel?

A). Mount Carmel B). Mount Gilboa C). Mount Zemaraim D). Mount Moriah

185. Complete Abijah's words: God gave the kingship of Israel to David and his descendants forever by a covenant of _____.

A). blood B). peace C). oil D). salt

186. What did Abijah say Jeroboam had made to be Israel's gods?

A). Golden calves B). Bronze snakes C). Stone pillars D). Wooden Asherah poles

187. What had Israel done with the priests of the LORD?

A). Made them rich B). Driven them out and made their own priests
C). Sent them to Egypt D). Made them soldiers

188. Complete Abijah's words: "As for us, the LORD is our God, and we have not _____ him."

A). seen B). doubted C). forsaken D). feared

189. Why did Abijah warn Israel not to fight against Judah?

A). Judah had more soldiers B). Judah had better weapons C). Egypt would help Judah
D). Fighting Judah meant fighting against the LORD

190. What happened when the men of Judah raised the battle cry?

A). Their enemies surrendered B). The walls fell down
C). God routed Jeroboam and all Israel D). A great storm came

191. Which town did Abijah take from Jeroboam?

A). Bethel B). Shechem C). Samaria D). Dan

192. In whose writings were the other events of Abijah's reign recorded?

A). Nathan B). Shemaiah C). Iddo D). Ahijah

193. Who became king of Judah after Abijah?

A). Rehoboam B). Asa C). Jehoshaphat D). Joash

Abijah son of Jeroboam

194. Which son of Jeroboam became ill?

A). Nadab B). Abijah C). Rehoboam D). Josiah

195. Why would Jeroboam's sick son be the only one of his family to be buried and mourned?

A). He was the oldest son B). He was the king's favorite
C). In him the LORD had found something good D). He had become a priest

196. When did Jeroboam's son die?

A). As soon as his mother stepped over the threshold of the house in Tirzah
B). Seven days after she returned C). While she was still with Ahijah
D). The next morning

Abijah son of Rehoboam

197. Who succeeded Rehoboam as king?

A). Nadab B). Asa C). Abijah D). Jeroboam

198. How long did Abijah reign as king of Judah in Jerusalem?

A). Three years B). Seventeen years C). Forty-one years D). Two years

199. Even though Abijah sinned, why did the LORD give him a lamp in Jerusalem?

A). Because Abijah repented at the end B). For David's sake
C). Because the temple was there D). Because Asa prayed for him

200. Which son of Abijah succeeded him as king of Judah?

A). Jehoshaphat B). Nadab C). Baasha D). Asa

Abimelek

201. Who was the king that took Sarah after Abraham called her his sister?

A). Pharaoh B). Abimelek C). Melchizedek D). Kedorlaomer

202. How did God come to Abimelek to warn him about Sarah?

A). Through an angel at the gate B). In a dream at night C). By a voice from the sky
D). Through the prophet Abraham

203. Why did God say Abimelek was innocent in the matter of Sarah?

A). He had done nothing and acted with a clear conscience
B). He had already returned Sarah C). He had never met Abraham
D). He had offered many sacrifices

204. What did God call Abraham when He spoke to Abimelek?

A). A king B). A priest C). A prophet D). A judge

205. What did Abimelek give to Abraham when he returned Sarah?

A). Gold and silver only B). Land and houses C). Nothing at all
D). Sheep, cattle, and male and female slaves

206. How much silver did Abimelek give to Sarah's brother Abraham?

A). A hundred pieces B). Five hundred pieces C). A thousand pieces
D). Ten thousand pieces

207. What happened after Abraham prayed for Abimelek?

A). God healed Abimelek and his household B). Abimelek became rich
C). A great feast was held D). Abraham left the land

208. With which king did Abraham make a treaty at Beersheba?

A). Pharaoh B). Melchizedek C). Kedorlaomer D). Abimelek

209. What did Abraham give Abimelek to show that he had dug the well at Beersheba?

A). Seven ewe lambs B). A herd of camels C). A gift of gold D). A piece of land

210. Which king discovered that Rebekah was really Isaac's wife?

A). Pharaoh B). Melchizedek C). Ephron D). Abimelek

211. Why did Abimelek ask Isaac to move away from Gerar?

A). Isaac had broken a law B). Isaac had become too powerful and wealthy
C). Isaac had refused to pay taxes D). Isaac had insulted the king

212. What did Abimelek and Isaac make with each other at Beersheba?

A). A trade agreement B). A marriage arrangement C). A plan for war
D). A peace treaty

213. What was the name of the son born to Gideon's concubine in Shechem?

A). Jether B). Abimelek C). Purah D). Gaal

214. Where did Abimelek go to ask his mother's brothers for support?

A). Shechem B). Ophrah C). Shiloh D). Hebron

215. What did the citizens of Shechem give Abimelek to hire men to follow him?

A). Seventy shekels of gold from Gideon's treasure B). Seven hundred sheep
C). Seventy shekels of silver from the temple of Baal-Berith D). Seventy chariots

216. How many brothers does Judges 9:5 say Abimelek murdered on one stone at Ophrah?

A). Twelve B). Seventy C). Forty D). Thirty

217. Which son of Gideon (Jerub-Baal) escaped by hiding when Abimelek killed his brothers?

A). Jether B). Gaal C). Zebul D). Jotham

218. In Jotham's story, whom did the thornbush represent?

A). Abimelek B). Jotham C). Gideon D). Gaal

219. Where did Jotham flee and live because he was afraid of Abimelek?

A). Shechem B). Ophrah C). Beer D). Thebez

220. How long did Abimelek govern Israel?

A). Seven years B). Three years C). Forty years D). Ten years

221. Why did God stir up trouble between Abimelek and the citizens of Shechem?

A). To make Gaal king of Israel B). Because Shechem began worshiping Dagon
C). To bring Midian back into the land
D). So the crime against Jerub-Baal's seventy sons would be avenged

222. Who moved into Shechem and won the trust of its citizens against Abimelek?

A). Gaal son of Ebed B). Zebul C). Jotham D). Purah

223. Who was the governor of Shechem who secretly warned Abimelek about Gaal?

A). Gaal B). Jether C). Zebul D). Hamor

224. After Abimelek captured Shechem and destroyed it, what did he scatter over it?

A). Ashes B). Seeds C). Stones D). Salt

225. How did Abimelek attack the people hiding in the stronghold of the temple of El-Berith?

A). He piled branches against it and set it on fire B). He flooded it with water

C). He broke down its walls with rams D). He starved them for many months

226. From which mountain did Abimelek and his men cut branches to burn the stronghold?

A). Mount Gerizim B). Mount Tabor C). Mount Zalmon D). Mount Carmel

227. Which town was Abimelek attacking when he was fatally wounded?

A). Shechem B). Thebez C). Ophrah D). Beer

228. What did a woman drop on Abimelek's head from the tower at Thebez?

A). A tent peg B). A large pot C). A burning torch D). An upper millstone

229. Why did Abimelek ask his armor-bearer to kill him?

A). So no one could say, "A woman killed him" B). He was afraid of Jotham

C). He wanted to die before Gaal came D). He had lost the battle at Shechem

230. How does Judges 9 explain the deaths of Abimelek and the downfall of Shechem?

A). Abimelek's son became king in his place B). Shechem made peace with the Midianites

C). God repaid Abimelek for murdering his brothers, and Jotham's curse came on Shechem

D). Gideon's ephod was destroyed in the fire

231. Who rose to save Israel after the time of Abimelek?

A). Jair B). Jephthah C). Tola D). Ibzan

232. Joab expected David to ask about which man who was killed when a woman dropped a millstone on him from a wall?

A). Sisera B). Abimelek C). Goliath D). Eglon

233. According to its title, David wrote Psalm 34 when he pretended to be insane before whom?

A). Saul B). Abimelek C). Nabal D). Absalom

Abinadab

234. In whose house did the men of Kiriath Jearim put the ark?

A). Obed-Edom's house B). Samuel's house C). Abinadab's house

D). Elkanah's house

235. Who was consecrated to guard the ark at Abinadab's house?

A). Eleazar B). Ichabod C). Samuel D). Phinehas

236. Which two sons of Jesse passed before Samuel after Eliab?

A). Abinadab and Shammah B). Joel and Abijah C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Joab and Abishai

237. Which three sons of Jesse had followed Saul to the war?

A). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah B). Joel, Abijah and Eliab
C). Jonathan, Ishvi and Malki-Shua D). David, Eliab and Shammah

238. Which three sons of Saul were killed by the Philistines?

A). Joel, Abijah and Jonathan B). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah
C). Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua D). Jonathan, Ishvi and Abner

239. How was the ark carried when it was first brought from Abinadab's house?

A). On a boat B). On the shoulders of the Levites C). On a camel D). On a new cart

240. Which of these is NOT listed as a son of Saul in 1 Chronicles 8:33?

A). Jonathan B). Malki-Shua C). Abinadab D). Abner

241. Which of these sons of Saul was NOT killed by the Philistines in this battle?

A). Jonathan B). Abinadab C). Malki-Shua D). Esh-Baal

242. On what did they carry the ark from Abinadab's house?

A). On the shoulders of the priests B). On a camel C). On a new cart D). On a boat

Abiram

243. Who led the rebellion against Moses and Aaron in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Korah, Dathan, and Abiram
D). Miriam and Aaron

244. What happened to Korah, Dathan, Abiram, and their households?

A). They were sent away from the camp B). The ground opened and swallowed them
C). They were struck with leprosy D). They fled into the wilderness

245. When the people envied Moses and Aaron, whom did the earth open and swallow?

A). Korah B). Dathan C). Achan D). Balaam

Abishag

246. When King David was very old and could not keep warm, which young woman was brought to take care of him?

A). Abigail B). Abishag C). Michal D). Tamar

247. What did Adonijah ask Bathsheba to request from King Solomon?

A). A house in Jerusalem B). That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife
C). That he be made commander of the army D). That Solomon forgive Joab

Abishai

248. Who volunteered to go down into Saul's camp with David at night?

A). Ahimelek the Hittite B). Joab C). Abishai D). Abiathar

249. What did Abishai want to do to Saul?

A). Tie him up B). Pin him to the ground with his spear C). Wake him up
D). Take him prisoner

250. David said, "Who can lay a hand on the LORD's ___ and be guiltless?"

A). servant B). prophet C). anointed D). people

251. What did David say about the sons of Zeruiah?

A). They were his most loyal men B). They would rule after him
C). They were too strong for him D). They must leave Hebron

252. How did Joab deal with enemy battle lines both in front of him and behind him?

A). He retreated to Jerusalem B). He attacked the Ammonite city at once
C). He took the best troops against the Arameans and put the rest under Abishai against the Ammonites
D). He waited for David to arrive

253. What plan did Joab and Abishai agree on before the battle?

A). Whoever finished first would go home B). They would surrender if they began to lose
C). Each would fight alone to the end
D). If one side was too strong, the other brother would come to the rescue

254. Who asked David's permission to cut off Shimei's head?

A). Abishai B). Joab C). Ittai D). Benaiah

255. How did David respond to Abishai's offer to kill Shimei?

A). He agreed B). He ordered Shimei arrested
C). He told Abishai to leave Shimei alone and let him curse D). He cursed Shimei back

256. Which three men each commanded a third of David's troops?

A). Joab, Abner and Ittai B). Joab, Amasa and Benaiah C). Abishai, Hushai and Zadok
D). Joab, Abishai and Ittai

257. David commanded his commanders: "Be _____ with the young man Absalom for my sake."

A). gentle B). strict C). quick D). fair

258. What did David promise Shimei, even though Abishai wanted him put to death?

A). "You must leave Israel" B). "You shall not die" C). "You will be my servant"
D). "You will pay a fine"

259. Whom did David then send to pursue Sheba?

A). Zadok B). Ittai C). Hushai D). Abishai

260. Who rescued David when he became exhausted and Ishbi-Benob tried to kill him?

A). Joab B). Elhanan C). Benaiah D). Abishai

261. Which brother of Joab was chief of the Three and killed three hundred men with his spear?

A). Asahel B). Abishai C). Amasa D). Jonathan

262. Abishai, Joab and Asahel were the three sons of which sister of David?

A). Abigail B). Zeruiah C). Michal D). Tamar

263. Where did Abishai son of Zeruiah strike down 18,000 Edomites?

A). The Valley of Salt B). The Valley of Elah C). The Jordan Valley
D). The Valley of Rephaim

264. Who led the troops against the Ammonites while Joab fought the Arameans?

A). Asahel B). Benaiah C). Uriah D). Abishai his brother

Abner

265. Who was the commander of Saul's army?

A). Joab B). Jonathan C). Abner D). Ahimaaz

266. Who was lying near Saul in the camp as commander of his army?

A). Abner son of Ner B). Joab C). Jonathan D). Doeg

267. Whom did David call out to and blame for not guarding the king?

A). Saul B). Abishai C). Abner D). Jonathan

268. Which son of Saul did Abner make king over Israel?

A). Jonathan B). Mephibosheth C). Ish-Bosheth D). Malki-Shua

269. Where did Abner take Ish-Bosheth to make him king?

A). Mahanaim B). Shiloh C). Gibeah D). Ramah

270. Where did Joab's men and Abner's men meet and sit down on opposite sides?

A). The Jordan River B). The pool of Gibeon C). The well of Bethlehem
D). The spring of Harod

271. What happened when twelve young men from each side fought at Gibeon?

A). Abner's men were all killed B). Joab's men ran away

C). Each man stabbed his opponent and they all fell down together

D). They made peace and returned home

272. What happened after Asahel chased Abner and refused to turn aside?

A). Asahel captured Abner B). Abner struck Asahel with the butt of his spear and he died

C). Abner surrendered to Joab D). Asahel gave up and went back to Hebron

273. After Abner called out, "Must the sword devour for ever?" what did Joab do?

A). He blew the trumpet and his men stopped chasing Israel B). He attacked Abner at once

C). He asked David what to do D). He made Abner a prisoner

274. What did Ish-Bosheth accuse Abner of?

A). Stealing Saul's crown B). Sleeping with Saul's concubine Rizpah

C). Making a secret treaty with the Philistines D). Killing Asahel without cause

275. After Ish-Bosheth's accusation, what did Abner angrily promise to do?

A). Leave Israel forever B). Make himself king

C). Transfer the kingdom from Saul's house to David D). Fight David until he died

276. How did Ish-Bosheth respond to Abner's angry words?

A). He was afraid and did not dare say another word B). He ordered Abner arrested

C). He apologised and gave Abner gifts D). He went to fight David himself

277. Whom did David demand be returned to him before he would meet Abner?

A). Merab B). Abigail C). Michal D). Rizpah

278. Who followed Michal weeping all the way to Bahurim when she was taken back to David?

A). Her brother Ish-Bosheth B). Her husband Paltiel C). Her father's servant Ziba

D). Her son Mephibosheth

279. What did David prepare when Abner came to him at Hebron with twenty men?

A). A feast B). A trap C). A sacrifice D). A battle line

280. Who was angry with David for letting Abner go away in peace?

A). Abishai B). Asahel C). Benaiah D). Joab

281. From where did Joab's messengers bring Abner back, without David knowing?

A). The well of Sirah B). The pool of Gibeon C). The Jordan River

D). The cave of Adullam

282. Why did Joab kill Abner?

A). Abner had insulted David B). Abner had killed Joab's brother Asahel

C). Abner had stolen from Joab D). David ordered him to

283. Complete David's words: "I and my kingdom are for ever _____ before the LORD concerning the blood of Abner son of Ner."

A). blessed B). ashamed C). guilty D). innocent

284. What did David do at Abner's burial in Hebron?

A). He stayed in his palace B). He celebrated C). He wept aloud at the tomb
D). He ordered Joab to be killed

285. Until when did David refuse to eat on the day of Abner's burial?

A). Until the next morning B). Until the third day C). Until Joab was punished
D). Until the sun set

286. What did all the people of Israel learn from how David acted after Abner's death?

A). That David planned to punish Benjamin B). That the king had no part in Abner's murder
C). That Joab would become king D). That Ish-Bosheth had ordered the murder

287. How did Ish-Bosheth react when he heard that Abner had died in Hebron?

A). He celebrated B). He fled to Egypt C). He declared war on David
D). He lost courage

288. Where was the head of Ish-Bosheth buried?

A). In Abner's tomb at Hebron B). In Gibeon C). In Saul's tomb at Zela
D). In Bethlehem

289. David reminded Solomon that Joab had killed which two commanders of Israel's armies?

A). Abner and Amasa B). Saul and Jonathan C). Absalom and Amnon
D). Uriah and Benaiah

290. Which of these men is NOT named as having dedicated things for the house of God?

A). Samuel the seer B). Saul son of Kish C). Abner son of Ner
D). Absalom son of David

Abraham

291. Who was the father of Abram?

A). Nahor B). Haran C). Terah D). Lot

292. What was the name of Abram's wife?

A). Milkah B). Hagar C). Rebekah D). Sarai

293. From which city did Terah set out with his family toward Canaan?

A). Ur of the Chaldeans B). Jerusalem C). Bethel D). Shechem

294. What did God tell Abram to do at the beginning of Genesis 12?

A). To build an altar in Harran B). To leave his country and go to a land God would show him
C). To count the stars in the sky D). To offer a sacrifice

295. What did God promise to make of Abram?

A). A wealthy trader B). A mighty warrior
C). A great nation, and a blessing to all peoples on earth D). A king over many lands

296. Who went with Abram when he left Harran?

A). His wife Sarai and his nephew Lot B). His father Terah C). His brother Nahor
D). He went alone

297. Why did Abram go down to Egypt?

A). To find a wife for Lot B). Because there was a famine in the land
C). To visit his relatives D). Because God commanded him to

298. What did Abram ask Sarai to say about herself in Egypt?

A). That she was a servant B). That she was very wealthy C). That she was his sister
D). That she was from a foreign land

299. How is Abram described when he came up from Egypt?

A). Very poor and hungry B). Very wealthy in livestock, silver, and gold
C). Sick and weak D). Alone and afraid

300. Why did Abram suggest that he and Lot separate?

A). God had told them to split up
B). There was quarreling between their herders and the land could not support them both
C). Lot wanted to return to Harran D). They disagreed about worship

301. Which land did Lot choose for himself when he and Abram separated?

A). The hill country B). The land of Egypt C). The whole plain of the Jordan
D). The Negev desert

302. What did God promise to give Abram and his offspring after Lot left?

A). Great riches in Egypt B). All the land he could see, forever C). A kingdom in Harran
D). A city with strong walls

303. What did Abram do when he heard that Lot had been captured?

A). He prayed and waited for the kings to return Lot B). He paid a ransom for Lot
C). He led his trained men to rescue Lot and recover the goods
D). He asked the king of Sodom for help

304. Who was the king of Salem and priest of God Most High who blessed Abram?

A). Melchizedek B). Abimelek C). Bera D). Amraphel

305. What did Abram give to Melchizedek?

A). Half of all the goods B). A tenth of everything C). His finest livestock
D). Nothing, for Melchizedek refused it

306. Why did Abram refuse to take any reward from the king of Sodom?

A). He did not need any more wealth
B). So no one could say the king of Sodom had made Abram rich
C). He wanted the goods given to Lot instead D). The king of Sodom had offended him

307. God said to Abram in a vision, 'Do not be afraid, Abram. I am your shield, your very great _____.'

A). reward B). helper C). refuge D). friend

308. To what did God compare the number of Abram's future offspring?

A). The grains of sand on the shore B). The stars in the sky C). The leaves on the trees
D). The drops of rain

309. What happened when Abram believed the Lord?

A). He was given great riches B). It was credited to him as righteousness
C). He was made a king D). He received a new name

310. What did God tell Abram would happen to his descendants for four hundred years?

A). They would rule over many nations B). They would wander in the desert
C). They would be strangers and slaves in a country not their own
D). They would live in peace and safety

311. What new name did God give to Abram?

A). Israel B). Isaac C). Jacob D). Abraham

312. What did the name Abraham mean about his future?

A). He would be very wealthy B). He would live a long life
C). He would be a father of many nations D). He would rule over kings

313. What land did God promise to give Abraham and his descendants as an everlasting possession?

A). The whole land of Canaan B). The land of Egypt C). The land of Ur
D). The land of Moab

314. What sign did God give as the mark of His covenant with Abraham?

A). A rainbow in the sky B). Circumcision of every male C). A stone altar
D). A special feast

315. At what age was every male in Abraham's household to be circumcised?

A). At eight days old B). At one month old C). At one year old
D). At twelve years old

316. How did Abraham react when God said Sarah would have a son?

A). He fell facedown and laughed B). He wept with sorrow C). He built an altar at once
D). He argued with God

317. What did God say Abraham should name the son Sarah would bear?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Isaac D). Esau

318. About which son did God promise to make him fruitful and the father of twelve rulers?

A). Isaac B). Jacob C). Lot D). Ishmael

319. With which son did God say He would establish His covenant?

A). With Ishmael B). With Isaac C). With both sons equally D). With neither son

320. How old was Ishmael when he was circumcised?

A). Eight days old B). Nine years old C). Thirteen years old D). Twenty years old

321. Where was Abraham sitting when the LORD appeared to him?

A). At the entrance to his tent B). Beside a well in Beersheba C). On a hill near Bethel
D). At the city gate of Hebron

322. How many visitors came to Abraham that day?

A). Two B). Four C). Seven D). Three

323. What did Abraham prepare for his visitors?

A). Only bread and water B). Bread, a tender calf, curds, and milk C). Fish and fruit
D). Wine and roasted lamb

324. What did the LORD promise Abraham that Sarah would have?

A). Great wealth B). A long life C). A son D). A new home

325. The LORD asked, "Is anything too _____ for the LORD?"

A). costly B). far C). hard D). small

326. Why did the LORD decide not to hide His plans from Abraham?

A). Abraham had asked to know them
B). Abraham would become a great nation and God had chosen him
C). The visitors needed his help D). Abraham lived closest to Sodom

327. What did Abraham begin to ask the LORD about Sodom?

A). To give the city more time B). To spare it if righteous people were found there
C). To let him move away first D). To warn the city of the danger

328. What number of righteous people did Abraham first ask about when pleading for Sodom?

A). Ten B). Twenty C). Fifty D). One hundred

329. What was the smallest number of righteous people Abraham finally asked about?

A). Twenty B). Thirty C). Forty-five D). Ten

330. In what order did Abraham lower his requests for the number of righteous people?

A). Ten, then twenty, then fifty B). Fifty, then forty-five, then forty, and down to ten
C). One hundred, then fifty, then ten D). Forty, then fifty, then sixty

331. Why did God bring Lot out safely when He destroyed the cities of the plain?

A). Because Lot was sinless B). Because Lot bargained with the angels
C). Because Lot ruled the city D). Because God remembered Abraham

332. In which place did Abraham stay when he said Sarah was his sister?

A). Hebron B). Bethel C). Egypt D). Gerar

333. What did God call Abraham when He spoke to Abimelek?

A). A king B). A priest C). A prophet D). A judge

334. What reason did Abraham give for saying Sarah was his sister?

A). He wanted to test Abimelek B). He feared he would be killed because of her
C). He had forgotten she was his wife D). He wanted gifts from the king

335. What did Abimelek give to Abraham when he returned Sarah?

A). Gold and silver only B). Land and houses C). Nothing at all
D). Sheep, cattle, and male and female slaves

336. How much silver did Abimelek give to Sarah's brother Abraham?

A). A hundred pieces B). Five hundred pieces C). A thousand pieces
D). Ten thousand pieces

337. What happened after Abraham prayed for Abimelek?

A). God healed Abimelek and his household B). Abimelek became rich
C). A great feast was held D). Abraham left the land

338. What happened to Sarah just as the LORD had promised?

A). She became very wealthy B). She gave birth to a son C). She lived a very long life
D). She traveled to a new land

339. What did Abraham name the son Sarah bore to him?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Esau D). Isaac

340. At what age was Isaac circumcised, as God had commanded?

A). Eight days old B). One month old C). One year old D). Thirteen years old

341. How old was Abraham when Isaac was born?

A). Eighty-six B). Ninety-nine C). One hundred D). One hundred seventy-five

342. What did God promise Abraham about Ishmael when Abraham was distressed?

A). Ishmael would return to him B). Ishmael would inherit with Isaac
C). God would make Ishmael into a nation D). Ishmael would rule over Isaac

343. With which king did Abraham make a treaty at Beersheba?

A). Pharaoh B). Melchizedek C). Kedorlaomer D). Abimelek

344. What did Abraham give Abimelek to show that he had dug the well at Beersheba?

A). Seven ewe lambs B). A herd of camels C). A gift of gold D). A piece of land

345. What did God test Abraham by asking him to do?

A). To leave his home country B). To give away all his flocks
C). To build a great altar in the city D). To offer his son Isaac as a sacrifice

346. In which region did God tell Abraham to offer Isaac?

A). The region of Moriah B). The plain of Mamre C). The land of Goshen
D). The valley of Hebron

347. How did Abraham respond to God's command about Isaac?

A). He refused to go B). He argued with God
C). He got up early the next morning to obey D). He waited many days

348. Who carried the wood for the burnt offering up the mountain?

A). Abraham B). A servant C). Isaac D). An angel

349. What did Abraham answer when Isaac asked where the lamb for the offering was?

A). That there was no lamb B). That they would buy one later
C). That Isaac should not ask D). That God Himself would provide the lamb

350. What did Abraham do just before the angel called out to stop him?

A). He tied up Isaac and reached for the knife B). He set the wood on fire
C). He sent the servants away D). He bought a ram

351. Who called out from heaven to stop Abraham from harming Isaac?

A). Sarah B). A servant C). The angel of the LORD D). Isaac himself

352. What did Abraham offer in place of his son Isaac?

A). A young goat B). A dove C). A calf D). A ram caught in a thicket

353. What name did Abraham give to the place where God provided the ram?

A). The LORD Will Provide B). The LORD Is Peace C). The LORD Is My Banner
D). The God Who Sees

354. God promised to make Abraham's descendants as numerous as the stars in the sky and as the _____ on the seashore.

A). shells B). sand C). waves D). stones

355. Why did God say all nations on earth would be blessed through Abraham's offspring?

A). Because Abraham was wealthy B). Because Abraham had obeyed God
C). Because Abraham built many altars D). Because Abraham lived a long life

356. Whose death is recorded at the beginning of this chapter?

A). Hagar B). Rebekah C). Milkah D). Sarah

357. In which place did Sarah die?

A). Beersheba B). Bethel C). Kiriath Arba, that is, Hebron D). Gerar

358. What did Abraham ask the Hittites to give him?

A). A place to bury his dead B). Food for his household C). Water for his flocks
D). Soldiers for protection

359. How did Abraham describe himself to the Hittites?

A). As their king B). As a foreigner and stranger among them
C). As a wealthy merchant D). As a prophet of God

360. What specific property did Abraham ask to buy for a burial site?

A). The cave of Machpelah B). A field near Bethel C). A well at Beersheba
D). A hillside in Moriah

361. Who owned the cave that Abraham wanted to buy?

A). Abimelek B). Mamre the Amorite C). Lot D). Ephron the Hittite

362. How much silver did Abraham pay Ephron for the field and cave?

A). One hundred shekels B). Two hundred shekels C). Four hundred shekels
D). One thousand shekels

363. Why was buying the cave of Machpelah important for Abraham?

A). It gave him land to farm B). It became a burial place he legally owned in Canaan
C). It provided water for his flocks D). It made him ruler over the Hittites

364. What task did Abraham give to his senior servant?

A). To sell his flocks B). To build a new house C). To dig more wells
D). To find a wife for Isaac

365. Why did Abraham not want Isaac to marry a Canaanite woman?

A). The Canaanites were poor B). He wanted a wife from his own people and country
C). The Canaanites lived too far away D). Isaac had already chosen someone

366. Whom did Abraham marry after Sarah's death?

A). Hagar B). Rebekah C). Milkah D). Keturah

367. To whom did Abraham leave everything he owned?

A). To Ishmael B). To the sons of Keturah C). To Isaac D). To his servant

368. How old was Abraham when he died?

A). One hundred years B). One hundred seventy-five years

C). One hundred eighty years D). Two hundred years

369. Which two sons buried Abraham together?

A). Isaac and Ishmael B). Jacob and Esau C). Isaac and Jacob

D). Ishmael and Midian

370. What promise did God repeat to Isaac that He had made to Abraham?

A). That he would build a great city

B). That his descendants would be as many as the stars and inherit the land

C). That he would live forever D). That he would rule over Egypt

371. What blessing did Isaac speak over Jacob before he left?

A). That he would be a great hunter

B). That God would give him the blessing of Abraham and the land

C). That he would rule over Egypt D). That he would return with gold

372. Where did Jacob ask to be buried with his ancestors?

A). In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre B). In Egypt beside Joseph

C). In Bethlehem near Rachel D). In Bethel

373. How did God identify Himself to Moses at the bush?

A). The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob B). The God of Noah and Enoch

C). The God of the Egyptians D). The God of Adam and Eve

374. By what name did God say He appeared to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?

A). The LORD B). God Almighty C). The Everlasting God D). The Holy One

375. What did God promise to remember even after punishing the people, if they confessed their sin?

A). His covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob B). The wealth of Egypt

C). The strength of their armies D). The size of their harvests

376. In his prayer, what reason did Moses give the Lord for not destroying Israel?

A). That Israel had become righteous

B). That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation

C). That the nations would help Israel D). That Israel would build a temple

377. What did the Lord tell Moses about the land He showed him?

A). That he would conquer it himself B). That it belonged to the nations forever

C). That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

D). That he would return to it later

378. What did Joshua say Israel's ancestors, including Terah, did long ago beyond the Euphrates?

A). They built the tower of Babel B). They worshiped other gods C). They were slaves
D). They lived as shepherds in Egypt

379. Why was the LORD gracious to Israel and did not destroy them?

A). Because of His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob
B). Because Jehoash was righteous C). Because Aram repented
D). Because they rebuilt the temple

380. What other name is given for Abram in this chapter?

A). Israel B). Abraham C). Isaac D). Ishmael

381. Who were the two sons of Abraham named in 1 Chronicles 1:28?

A). Esau and Jacob B). Shem and Ham C). Isaac and Ishmael
D). Medan and Midian

382. Which woman gave birth to Abraham's sons Zimran, Jokshan, Medan, Midian, Ishbak and Shuah?

A). Sarah B). Hagar C). Rebekah D). Keturah

383. What does 1 Chronicles 1 mainly record?

A). The laws God gave at Mount Sinai
B). Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel
C). The battles of King David D). The building of the temple

384. David's song says God made His covenant with Abraham, swore an oath to whom, and confirmed it to Jacob?

A). Joseph B). Moses C). Isaac D). Noah

385. From which place did God bring Abram, according to the prayer in Nehemiah 9?

A). Haran B). Ur of the Chaldeans C). Egypt D). Babylon

386. What did God find in Abraham's heart, according to Nehemiah 9:8?

A). Fear B). Pride C). It was faithful D). Doubt

387. According to Psalm 47:9, the nobles of the nations assemble as the people of the God of whom?

A). Moses B). David C). Joshua D). Abraham

388. In what order does Psalm 105 name the three men connected with God's covenant?

A). Jacob, Isaac, Abraham B). Abraham, Isaac, Jacob C). Isaac, Abraham, Jacob
D). Abraham, Jacob, Isaac

389. According to the end of Psalm 105, why did God give His people the lands of the nations?

A). So they could become rich B). So they might keep His precepts and observe His laws
C). So they could defeat Egypt D). So they could build many cities

390. Isaiah 29:22 speaks of the LORD who redeemed which person?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). Joseph

391. In Isaiah 41:8, whom does God call 'my friend'?

A). Moses B). David C). Jacob D). Abraham

392. According to Isaiah 51:2, who were the people told to look to as their father and mother?

A). Isaac and Rebekah B). Jacob and Rachel C). Abraham and Sarah
D). Adam and Eve

393. The people living in the ruins of Israel said, "_____ was only one man, yet he possessed the land." Who did they name?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Joshua D). David

394. To which two ancestors did Micah say God would be faithful and show love, as He pledged on oath?

A). Moses and Aaron B). David and Solomon C). Noah and Shem
D). Jacob and Abraham

395. Matthew begins with a genealogy of Jesus the Messiah. Jesus is called the son of David and the son of whom?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). Adam

396. How many generations does Matthew count from Abraham to David?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Forty D). Fourteen

397. John warned the Pharisees and Sadducees not to trust in saying, "We have __ as our father." Whom did they claim?

A). Moses B). David C). Jacob D). Abraham

398. Jesus said many will come from the east and west and take their places at the feast with whom in the kingdom of heaven?

A). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob B). Moses, Aaron and Miriam
C). David, Solomon and Hezekiah D). Elijah, Elisha and Isaiah

399. Complete Jesus' words about God: "He is not the God of the dead but of the _____."

A). faithful B). righteous C). chosen D). living

400. What did Jesus point to in the book of Moses to show the dead rise?

A). The parting of the Red Sea B). The giving of manna

C). The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

D). The flood of Noah

401. Why did John warn people not to say, 'We have Abraham as our father'?

A). God could raise up children for Abraham from stones

B). Abraham was not their real ancestor C). Only priests were children of Abraham

D). Abraham was not a righteous man

402. What did Jesus call the woman he healed in the synagogue?

A). A child of light B). A servant of God C). A sister of Israel

D). A daughter of Abraham

403. Which three men did Jesus say people would see in the kingdom of God?

A). Moses, Aaron and Joshua B). David, Solomon and Elijah

C). Noah, Shem and Japheth D). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

404. When the beggar died, where did the angels carry him?

A). To the temple B). To the rich man's house C). To Abraham's side

D). To the wilderness

405. What did the rich man ask Abraham to send Lazarus to do?

A). Dip the tip of his finger in water and cool his tongue B). Bring him bread

C). Pray for him D). Open the gate

406. What did Abraham say separated the rich man from Lazarus?

A). A high wall B). A great chasm C). A river of fire D). A locked gate

407. How many brothers did the rich man want Lazarus to warn?

A). Two B). Seven C). Five D). Three

408. What did Abraham say about those who do not listen to Moses and the Prophets?

A). They will believe if an angel comes B). They will repent later

C). They will be saved anyway

D). They will not be convinced even if someone rises from the dead

409. The Jews said they had never been slaves of anyone because they were descendants of whom?

A). Moses B). David C). Abraham D). Jacob

410. What did Jesus say Abraham did at the thought of seeing his day?

A). He wept B). He built an altar C). He feared D). He rejoiced

411. Complete Jesus' words: "Very truly I tell you, before Abraham was born, ___!"

A). I am B). I was chosen C). I was sent D). I knew him

412. God's covenant promise that all peoples would be blessed through his offspring was made to whom?

A). Isaac B). Abraham C). Noah D). Jacob

413. According to Stephen, where was Abraham when God first appeared to him?

A). Mesopotamia B). Harran C). Canaan D). Egypt

414. For how many years did God say Abraham's descendants would be enslaved in a foreign country?

A). Forty years B). Four hundred years C). Seventy years D). One hundred years

415. What covenant did God give Abraham, according to Stephen?

A). The covenant of the rainbow B). The covenant of the Sabbath
C). The covenant of circumcision D). The covenant of the kingdom

416. Which forefather does Paul use as his main example of being made right with God by faith?

A). Moses B). Jacob C). Noah D). Abraham

417. Complete the verse: "Abraham believed God, and it was credited to him as _____."

A). righteousness B). wisdom C). a blessing D). a reward

418. When was Abraham's faith credited to him as righteousness?

A). Before he was circumcised B). After he was circumcised C). After Isaac was born
D). After he went to Egypt

419. According to Romans 4:11, what was Abraham's circumcision?

A). The way he earned righteousness B). A seal of the righteousness he had by faith
C). A punishment for his sin D). A sign that he was a priest

420. Paul says Abraham is the father of whom?

A). Only the priests B). Only the Romans C). All who believe
D). Only the kings of Israel

421. Abraham and his offspring received the promise that he would be heir of what?

A). Egypt B). Rome C). Babylon D). The world

422. Complete the verse: "I have made you a father of many _____."

A). children B). nations C). kings D). tribes

423. How did Abraham respond to God's promise, according to Romans 4:18?

A). He laughed and refused to believe B). He asked for proof from angels
C). Against all hope, he believed in hope D). He gave up hoping

424. About how old was Abraham when he faced the fact that his body was as good as dead?

A). About fifty years old B). About seventy-five years old C). About forty years old
D). About a hundred years old

425. What was Abraham fully persuaded about?

A). That God had power to do what He had promised B). That he would become king
C). That he would live forever on earth D). That Sarah would build a city

426. According to Paul, for whom were the words "it was credited to him" also written?

A). Only for Abraham B). For us who believe in God who raised Jesus
C). Only for the priests D). Only for Abraham's servants

427. Paul quotes God saying Abraham's offspring would be reckoned through whom?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Isaac D). Esau

428. Which of these did Paul say about himself when comparing himself with others?

A). He was a Roman by birth only
B). He was a Hebrew, an Israelite and a descendant of Abraham
C). He was from the tribe of Levi D). He was a Greek

429. Who believed God, and it was credited to him as righteousness?

A). Moses B). David C). Abraham D). Noah

430. Who did Paul say are the children of Abraham?

A). Those who keep the Sabbath B). Those who have faith C). Those born in Israel
D). Those who live in Jerusalem

431. Scripture announced the gospel in advance to Abraham: "All _____ will be blessed through you."

A). nations B). families of Israel C). kings D). priests

432. Paul said the promises were spoken to Abraham and to his "seed." Who is that seed?

A). Isaac B). Jacob C). Moses D). Christ

433. How many years after God's covenant with Abraham did the law come?

A). 40 years B). 430 years C). 70 years D). 1,000 years

434. If you belong to Christ, whose seed are you, according to Paul?

A). Moses's B). David's C). Abraham's D). Adam's

435. How many sons did Abraham have, according to Galatians 4?

A). One B). Two C). Three D). Twelve

436. Paul said the son of the free woman was born in what way?

A). By the flesh B). In Egypt C). As the result of a divine promise
D). After the law was given

437. According to Hebrews 2:16, whom does Jesus help?

A). Angels B). Pharaoh's descendants C). Abraham's descendants
D). Only the Levites

438. When God made his promise to Abraham, why did he swear by himself?

A). Because Abraham asked him to B). Because the angels were not there
C). Because it was the Sabbath D). Because there was no one greater for him to swear by

439. Complete God's promise to Abraham: "I will surely bless you and give you many ___."

A). descendants B). riches C). cattle D). cities

440. What did Abraham do before he received what was promised?

A). He built a great city B). He waited patiently C). He went back to Ur
D). He fought many wars

441. According to Hebrews 7:1, when did Melchizedek meet Abraham and bless him?

A). When Abraham was leaving Ur B). When Abraham was offering Isaac
C). When Abraham was returning from the defeat of the kings
D). When Abraham was buying a burial cave

442. According to Hebrews 7:2, what did Abraham give to Melchizedek?

A). A tenth of everything B). His best camel C). A golden crown
D). Half of his land

443. How does Hebrews 7:9-10 say Levi paid the tenth to Melchizedek?

A). Through Abraham, because Levi was still in the body of his ancestor
B). By bringing it to the temple himself C). By sending it with Moses
D). By giving it to Aaron

444. What was remarkable about Abraham's obedience when God called him to go, according to Hebrews 11:8?

A). He took a large army with him B). He went before he was called
C). He went with many camels and servants
D). He went even though he did not know where he was going

445. According to Hebrews 11:9, Abraham lived in the promised land like a stranger. What did he live in?

A). A palace B). Tents C). Caves D). A walled city

446. According to Hebrews 11:10, what was Abraham looking forward to?

A). A large family farm B). A return to Ur

C). The city with foundations, whose architect and builder is God D). A kingdom in Egypt

447. According to Hebrews 11:11, why was Abraham enabled to become a father even though he was past age?

A). Because he considered him faithful who had made the promise

B). Because Sarah was young C). Because he prayed for forty days

D). Because Melchizedek blessed him

448. According to Hebrews 11:12, Abraham's descendants became as numerous as what?

A). The trees in a forest B). The fish in the sea C). The birds of the air

D). The stars in the sky

449. When Abraham offered Isaac as a sacrifice, what did he reason that God could do?

A). Send a lamb from Egypt B). Even raise the dead C). Give him another son

D). Stop time

450. Which man was considered righteous for what he did when he offered his son on the altar?

A). Abraham B). Isaac C). Jacob D). Moses

451. According to James, what was Abraham called?

A). God's servant B). God's friend C). God's prophet D). God's chosen king

452. Which woman does Peter say obeyed Abraham and called him her lord?

A). Rebekah B). Rachel C). Leah D). Sarah

Abram

453. Why did Sarai give Hagar to Abram as a wife?

A). Hagar asked to marry Abram B). God commanded Sarai to do it

C). Sarai had not been able to have children D). Abram wanted a second wife

454. How long had Abram lived in Canaan when Sarai gave him Hagar?

A). Ten years B). Five years C). Twenty years D). Forty years

455. Who was the mother of Abram's son Ishmael?

A). Sarai B). Hagar C). Keturah D). Rebekah

456. How old was Abram when Hagar gave birth to Ishmael?

A). Seventy-five B). Ninety-nine C). One hundred D). Eighty-six

457. How old was Abram when the LORD appeared to make his covenant in this chapter?

A). Eighty-six B). Ninety-nine C). One hundred D). Seventy-five

458. God said to Abram, "I am God Almighty; walk before me faithfully and be _____."

A). blameless B). wealthy C). silent D). afraid

Absalom

459. Absalom's mother Maakah was the daughter of which king?

A). Talmai king of Geshur B). Achish king of Gath C). Nahash king of Ammon
D). Hiram king of Tyre

460. Who was the beautiful sister of Absalom?

A). Michal B). Maakah C). Tamar D). Abigail

461. In whose house did Tamar live afterwards as a desolate woman?

A). Absalom's B). Amnon's C). David's D). Jonadab's

462. How did Absalom treat Amnon after what he did to Tamar?

A). He argued with him every day
B). He never said a word to him, good or bad, but hated him C). He forgave him
D). He reported him to the priests

463. How long after Tamar was wronged did Absalom invite the king's sons to his sheep-shearing?

A). Two months B). One year C). Seven years D). Two years

464. What happened to Amnon at Absalom's sheep-shearing feast?

A). He was made king B). He escaped on a mule C). Absalom's men killed him
D). He asked Tamar's forgiveness

465. How did the rest of the king's sons escape after Amnon was killed?

A). On their mules B). On camels C). On horses D). On foot through the fields

466. Where did Absalom flee after Amnon's death?

A). To Egypt B). To Jericho C). To Moab D). To Geshur

467. How long did Absalom stay in Geshur?

A). Three months B). One year C). Three years D). Seven years

468. How did King David feel toward Absalom at the end of the chapter?

A). He longed to go to Absalom B). He wanted Absalom punished
C). He forgot about Absalom D). He was glad Absalom was gone

469. Who arranged for a wise woman to speak to David about bringing Absalom home?

A). Nathan B). Ahithophel C). Jonadab D). Joab

470. From where did Joab bring Absalom back to Jerusalem?

A). Geshur B). Egypt C). Moab D). Tekoa

471. What condition did David set when Absalom returned to Jerusalem?

A). He must apologise publicly B). He must live in the palace

C). He must lead the army D). He must go to his own house and not see the king's face

472. Who was praised more than anyone in Israel for his handsome appearance, with no blemish from head to foot?

A). Solomon B). Absalom C). Amnon D). Joab

473. How often did Absalom cut his hair?

A). Once a month B). Every seven years C). Once a year D). Never

474. What was the name of Absalom's beautiful daughter?

A). Maakah B). Abital C). Michal D). Tamar

475. What did Absalom do when Joab refused to come to him twice?

A). He had his servants set Joab's barley field on fire B). He went to the king himself

C). He left Jerusalem D). He wrote a letter to Joab

476. What did King David do when Absalom finally came and bowed before him?

A). He sent him away B). He had him arrested C). He kissed Absalom

D). He gave him a crown

477. What did Absalom provide for himself to look important?

A). A crown and a throne B). A palace in Hebron

C). A chariot and horses and fifty men to run ahead of him D). A golden sword

478. Where did Absalom stand early in the morning to meet people bringing complaints to the king?

A). By the road leading to the city gate B). At the temple C). At the palace door

D). In the market

479. Absalom said: "If only I were appointed _____ in the land!"

A). king B). commander C). priest D). judge

480. Complete the verse: "And so he stole the _____ of the people of Israel."

A). money B). hearts C). sheep D). weapons

481. What reason did Absalom give David for going to Hebron?

A). To visit his mother B). To bury a friend

C). To fulfil a vow he made to the LORD while at Geshur D). To inspect the army

482. What signal would tell the tribes to say, "Absalom is king in Hebron"?

A). A fire on the hills B). The ringing of bells C). A letter from Absalom

D). The sound of trumpets

483. Which of David's counsellors did Absalom call to join him?

A). Ahithophel the Gilonite B). Hushai the Arkite C). Nathan the prophet
D). Zadok the priest

484. What did David decide to do when he heard the hearts of Israel were with Absalom?

A). Fight Absalom in Jerusalem B). Flee from Jerusalem C). Hide in the palace
D). Surrender the throne

485. When Hushai came to Absalom, what did he shout?

A). "Long live the king!" B). "Peace to Israel!" C). "The LORD is with you!"
D). "David has fled!"

486. What did Absalom ask Hushai when he came to him?

A). "Where is my father hiding?" B). "Why didn't you go with your friend?"
C). "Have you brought the ark?" D). "Will you lead my army?"

487. How was Ahithophel's advice regarded in those days?

A). As foolish B). As dangerous C). Like that of one who inquires of God
D). As useful only in war

488. What did Ahithophel advise Absalom to do?

A). Wait and gather all Israel B). Make peace with David
C). Choose twelve thousand men and pursue David that night D). Go back to Hebron

489. What did Hushai advise Absalom to do instead?

A). Attack at once with a small group B). Send Ahithophel to fight
C). Gather all Israel from Dan to Beersheba and lead them himself D). Return to Geshur

490. Why did Absalom choose Hushai's advice over Ahithophel's?

A). Hushai was older B). The people voted for Hushai C). Ahithophel had left Jerusalem
D). The LORD had determined to frustrate Ahithophel's good advice to bring disaster on Absalom

491. Whom did Absalom appoint over his army in place of Joab?

A). Ahithophel B). Amasa C). Abner D). Shobak

492. David commanded his commanders: "Be _____ with the young man Absalom for my sake."

A). gentle B). strict C). quick D). fair

493. Where did the battle between David's men and Israel take place?

A). The plain of Jericho B). The Valley of Elah C). The forest of Ephraim
D). The hills of Gilboa

494. What happened to Absalom as he rode his mule under a large oak?

A). He fell into a river B). His head got caught in the branches and he was left hanging
C). He was thrown into a pit D). He found a hiding place

495. Why did the soldier refuse to kill Absalom even for a thousand shekels?

A). He had heard the king command that Absalom be protected
B). He was Absalom's friend C). He was afraid of Absalom D). He had no weapon

496. Who plunged javelins into Absalom's heart while he hung in the oak?

A). Abishai B). Ittai C). Joab D). Ahimaaz

497. What was done with Absalom's body?

A). It was carried to Jerusalem B). It was taken back to Geshur
C). It was buried in David's tomb
D). It was thrown into a big pit in the forest and covered with a heap of rocks

498. Why had Absalom set up a pillar for himself in the King's Valley?

A). He said he had no son to carry on the memory of his name B). To mark a victory
C). To honour his father David D). To mark Tamar's grave

499. What did Ahimaaz tell David when asked whether Absalom was safe?

A). That Absalom was dead B). That Absalom was a prisoner
C). That Absalom had escaped
D). That he saw great confusion but did not know what it was

500. Who told David that Absalom was dead by saying, "May the enemies of my lord the king be like that young man"?

A). The Cushite B). Joab C). Ahimaaz D). The watchman

501. David wept: "O my son Absalom! My son, my son Absalom! If only I had _____ instead of you!"

A). fought B). gone C). died D). ruled

502. Why did the victory that day turn into mourning for the army?

A). Many soldiers had died B). The enemy was coming back
C). They heard the king was grieving for his son D). Joab was wounded

503. Adonijah was born next after which of David's sons?

A). Absalom B). Amnon C). Solomon D). Nathan

504. Absalom's mother was the daughter of which king?

A). Talmai king of Geshur B). Hiram king of Tyre C). Achish king of Gath
D). Nahash king of Ammon

505. According to its title, David wrote Psalm 3 when he fled from whom?

A). Saul B). Goliath C). Absalom D). Ahithophel

Achaicus

506. Which three men came to Paul and refreshed his spirit?

A). Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus B). Timothy, Titus and Silas
C). Aquila, Apollos and Erastus D). Crispus, Gaius and Sosthenes

Achan

507. Who took some of the devoted things from Jericho?

A). Caleb B). Achan C). Eleazar D). Phinehas

508. Which tribe was Achan from?

A). Benjamin B). Ephraim C). Judah D). Reuben

509. In what order was Achan found out?

A). Family, clan, tribe, man B). Man, family, clan, tribe C). Clan, tribe, man, family
D). Tribe, clan, family, man

510. Which items did Achan admit he had taken?

A). A robe, silver and a bar of gold B). A sword, a shield and a spear
C). Cattle, sheep and donkeys D). A crown, jewels and oil

511. Achan said, "When I saw in the plunder a beautiful robe... I ___ them and took them."

A). found B). bought C). coveted D). hid

512. Where had Achan hidden the things he took?

A). In a cave near Ai B). In the ground inside his tent C). Under a tree by the Jordan
D). In the ark of the covenant

513. To which valley was Achan taken for judgment?

A). The Valley of Elah B). The Valley of Hinnom C). The Jordan Valley
D). The Valley of Achor

514. What happened after Achan's sin had been dealt with?

A). Israel returned to Egypt B). The men of Ai asked for peace
C). The LORD turned from His fierce anger D). Joshua stepped down as leader

515. Which earlier sinner did the Israelites mention to warn that one person's sin could bring anger on the whole community?

A). Korah B). Balaam C). Achan son of Zerah D). Aaron

Achar

516. How did Achar bring trouble on Israel?

A). By leading the people to worship a golden calf B). By running away from battle
C). By violating the ban on taking devoted things D). By rebelling against Moses

Achish

517. To which king did David flee after leaving Nob?

A). Achish king of Gath B). Nahash the Ammonite C). Agag king of the Amalekites
D). The king of Moab

518. What did the servants of Achish remember about David?

A). That he had once served Achish
B). That the women sang about him slaying his tens of thousands C). That he was a priest
D). That he was Jonathan's brother

519. Why did David pretend to be insane in Gath?

A). To make people laugh B). To get food C). He was very much afraid of Achish
D). Achish told him to

520. How did Achish respond to David's behavior?

A). He put David in prison B). He made David his bodyguard
C). He sent David back to Saul
D). He asked his servants why they brought a madman to him

521. To which Philistine king did David and his six hundred men go?

A). Achish king of Gath B). Abimelek king of Gerar C). Nahash king of Ammon
D). Agag king of Amalek

522. Which town did Achish give to David?

A). Ziklag B). Gath C). Ekron D). Hebron

523. When Achish asked where David had raided, what did David tell him?

A). The truth, that he raided the Amalekites B). Places in the south of Judah and its allies
C). That he had not gone out at all D). The land of Moab

524. Why did Achish trust David?

A). David had given him Goliath's sword B). David had married his daughter
C). He believed David had become so hated by the Israelites that he would serve Achish for life
D). Samuel had told Achish to trust him

525. What position did Achish promise to give David?

A). Commander of the Philistine army B). His bodyguard for life C). Governor of Gath
D). Keeper of his treasures

526. Where were David and his men marching in the Philistine army?

A). At the front B). At the rear with Achish C). In the middle
D). On a separate road

527. What did the Philistine commanders ask when they saw David and his men?

A). "Who brought these soldiers food?" B). "Are these men from Gath?"
C). "What about these Hebrews?" D). "Where is King Saul?"

528. What did Achish tell David about his behavior?

A). That he was unreliable
B). That he had been reliable, but the rulers did not approve of him
C). That he must fight at the front D). That he would be punished

529. How did David respond when Achish told him to go back?

A). He was glad and left quickly B). He threatened Achish
C). He asked what he had done and why he couldn't fight the king's enemies
D). He decided to join Saul instead

530. Achish told David, "You have been as pleasing in my eyes as an ___ of God."

A). prophet B). servant C). priest D). angel

Adam

531. What did God use to form the first man?

A). The dust of the ground B). A rib C). Clay from the river
D). The waters of the deep

532. Where did God place the man He had formed?

A). In the land of Nod B). On Mount Sinai C). In a garden in Eden
D). By the Jordan River

533. Which tree did God command the man not to eat from?

A). The tree of life B). Every tree in the garden
C). The tree of the knowledge of good and evil D). The fig tree

534. Who gave names to all the animals and birds?

A). God B). The man (Adam) C). The angels D). Eve

535. What did God use to make the first woman?

A). The dust of the ground B). A handful of clay C). One of the man's ribs
D). A breath of wind

536. What did the woman do with the fruit from the forbidden tree?

A). She threw it away B). She gave it to the serpent
C). She ate it and gave some to her husband D). She buried it in the garden

537. What did Adam and Eve use to cover themselves after they sinned?

A). Animal skins B). Fig leaves C). Grass and straw D). Palm branches

538. Why did Adam and Eve hide when they heard God in the garden?

A). They were tired and resting B). They were afraid because they were naked
C). They were playing a game D). They were looking for the serpent

539. When God questioned them, whom did the man and the woman each blame?

A). The man blamed the woman, and the woman blamed the serpent
B). They both blamed the serpent
C). The man blamed God, and the woman blamed the man
D). They both admitted their own guilt

540. What name did Adam give his wife?

A). Sarah B). Hannah C). Eve D). Miriam

541. What did God make to clothe Adam and Eve?

A). Garments of fig leaves B). Robes of fine linen C). Garments of skin
D). Cloaks of wool

542. What did God do after sending Adam and Eve out of the Garden of Eden?

A). He destroyed the garden with fire
B). He placed cherubim and a flaming sword to guard the way to the tree of life
C). He allowed them to return each day D). He planted a new garden for them

543. Who were the first two sons of Adam and Eve?

A). Seth and Enosh B). Shem and Ham C). Jacob and Esau D). Cain and Abel

544. What son did God give Adam and Eve in place of Abel?

A). Enoch B). Lamech C). Seth D). Jabal

545. Whose name is the first in the family list of 1 Chronicles 1?

A). Noah B). Adam C). Seth D). Abraham

546. What does 1 Chronicles 1 mainly record?

A). The laws God gave at Mount Sinai
B). Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel
C). The battles of King David D). The building of the temple

547. With whom does Luke's genealogy of Jesus end?

A). Abraham, the father of Israel B). Adam, the son of God
C). Noah, the son of Lamech D). David, the son of Jesse

548. According to Romans 5:12, how did sin enter the world?

A). Through the angels B). Through the animals C). Through the nations
D). Through one man

549. Death reigned from the time of Adam to the time of which person?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). David

550. Paul says Adam was a pattern of whom?

A). Abraham B). The one to come C). Moses D). The prophets

551. How does Paul compare the gift of grace with Adam's trespass?

A). The gift is smaller than the trespass B). The gift and the trespass are the same
C). The gift is not like the trespass; it overflows much more
D). The gift cancels only some sins

552. Through the obedience of one man, what will the many be made?

A). Sinners B). Kings C). Priests D). Righteous

553. Complete the verse: "For as in Adam all die, so in _____ all will be made alive."

A). Abraham B). Christ C). Moses D). David

554. Paul contrasted "the first Adam" with "the last Adam." Who is the last Adam?

A). Noah B). Christ C). Moses D). Paul

555. Which person did Paul say was formed first?

A). Eve B). Adam C). Abel D). Seth

556. Which man, described as "the seventh from Adam," prophesied about the Lord coming with thousands of His holy ones?

A). Noah B). Methuselah C). Enoch D). Seth

Adoni-Bezek

557. After the men of Judah caught Adoni-Bezek, what did they cut off?

A). His hair B). His right hand C). His ears D). His thumbs and big toes

558. Complete what Adoni-Bezek said: "Now God has ___ me back for what I did to them."

A). paid B). turned C). brought D). called

559. Where was Adoni-Bezek taken, and where did he die?

A). Hebron B). Jerusalem C). Bethel D). Gaza

Adoni-Zedek

560. Who was the king of Jerusalem who gathered other kings against Gibeon?

A). Adoni-Zedek B). Hoham C). Jabin D). Og

561. Why did the Amorite kings attack Gibeon?

A). Gibeon had stolen their cattle B). Gibeon had made peace with Joshua and Israel
C). Gibeon refused to pay taxes D). Gibeon had captured Jerusalem

Adonijah

562. Which son of David put himself forward and said, "I will be king"?

A). Absalom B). Amnon C). Solomon D). Adonijah

563. What does the Bible say David had never done to his son Adonijah?

A). Given him any gifts B). Let him live in the palace
C). Corrected him by asking why he behaved as he did D). Allowed him to ride a chariot

564. Adonijah was born next after which of David's sons?

A). Absalom B). Amnon C). Solomon D). Nathan

565. Which two men supported Adonijah's plan to become king?

A). Zadok and Benaiah B). Nathan and Shimei C). Joab and Abiathar
D). Jonathan and Rei

566. Which of these men did NOT join Adonijah?

A). Joab B). Abiathar C). Jonathan son of Abiathar D). Nathan the prophet

567. Where did Adonijah offer sacrifices and hold a feast when he tried to make himself king?

A). At the Stone of Zoheleth near En Rogel B). At the spring of Gihon C). At Bethel
D). At the threshing floor of Araunah

568. Who came to Adonijah's feast with the news that Solomon had been made king?

A). Jonathan son of Abiathar B). Joab C). Ahimaaz D). Shimei

569. What did Adonijah do because he was afraid of Solomon?

A). He ran away to Egypt B). He hid in a cave C). He took hold of the horns of the altar
D). He bowed before Solomon at Gihon

570. What did Solomon say would happen to Adonijah if he showed himself to be a worthy man?

A). He would become a priest B). He would rule part of the kingdom
C). He would be sent away from Israel D). Not a hair of his head would fall to the ground

571. What did Adonijah ask Bathsheba to request from King Solomon?

A). A house in Jerusalem B). That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife
C). That he be made commander of the army D). That Solomon forgive Joab

572. Whom did King Solomon send to put Adonijah to death?

A). Zadok the priest B). Nathan the prophet C). Joab son of Zeruiah
D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

Adoniram

573. Who was in charge of forced labour in David's government?

A). Ira B). Jehoshaphat C). Sheva D). Adoniram

574. Which of Solomon's officials was in charge of the forced labor?

A). Jehoshaphat son of Ahilud B). Zabud son of Nathan C). Azariah son of Zadok
D). Adoniram son of Abda

575. How did Solomon's thirty thousand laborers take turns working in Lebanon?

A). Two months in Lebanon and one month at home
B). One week in Lebanon and one week at home
C). One month in Lebanon and two months at home
D). One year in Lebanon and one year at home

576. Who was in charge of the forced labor sent to Lebanon?

A). Benaiah B). Adoniram C). Zadok D). Jehoshaphat

577. Which official in charge of forced labor was stoned to death by the Israelites?

A). Benaiah B). Adoniram C). Jeroboam D). Shemaiah

Adrammelek

578. Who killed Sennacherib while he was worshiping in the temple of his god Nisrok?

A). His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer B). The king of Babylon C). Hezekiah's soldiers
D). His own servants from Egypt

Adriel

579. To whom was Merab given in marriage instead of David?

A). Abner son of Ner B). Doeg the Edomite C). Ahimaaz D). Adriel of Meholah

Aeneas

580. Which paralyzed man, bedridden for eight years, did Peter heal at Lydda?

A). Lazarus B). Bartimaeus C). Eutychus D). Aeneas

Agabus

581. Which prophet predicted a severe famine over the entire Roman world?

A). Silas B). Judas Barsabbas C). Simeon D). Agabus

582. During the reign of which emperor did the predicted famine happen?

A). Claudius B). Augustus C). Tiberius D). Nero

583. Which prophet tied his own hands and feet with Paul's belt?

A). Silas B). Agabus C). Judas Barsabbas D). Simeon

584. What did Agabus's action with the belt mean?

A). The owner of the belt would be bound in Jerusalem and handed to the Gentiles
B). Paul would become a king C). Paul would be shipwrecked
D). Paul would return to Tarsus

Agag

585. What did Saul and the army spare instead of destroying everything?

A). Only the women B). Agag and the best of the sheep and cattle
C). The Amalekite gods D). The Amalekite cities

586. Who put Agag to death?

A). Saul B). Jonathan C). Samuel D). Abner

Agrippa

587. Which king arrived at Caesarea with Bernice to pay respects to Festus?

A). King Herod Antipas B). King Aretas C). King Agrippa D). King Claudius

588. What did Festus tell Agrippa was the Roman custom about accused people?

A). They must be handed over at once B). They must pay before trial
C). They must be tried in Jerusalem
D). They must face their accusers and have a chance to defend themselves

589. Agrippa said to Festus, "I would like to _____ this man myself."

A). see B). hear C). judge D). question

590. How did Agrippa and Bernice come into the audience room?

A). In disguise B). Quietly at night C). With great pomp D). In chains

591. Why did Festus want Agrippa to examine Paul?

A). He had nothing definite to write to His Majesty about him B). Agrippa was Paul's judge
C). Paul asked for Agrippa D). Caesar had ordered it

592. Who said to Paul, "You have permission to speak for yourself"?

A). Festus B). Agrippa C). Felix D). Bernice

593. Why was Paul glad to make his defense before Agrippa?

A). Agrippa was well acquainted with Jewish customs and controversies
B). Agrippa was a Christian C). Agrippa was his relative
D). Agrippa had promised to free him

594. Paul said, "So then, King Agrippa, I was not disobedient to the _____ from heaven."

A). vision B). voice C). command D). light

595. Paul said about these events, "It was not done in a _____."

A). corner B). dream C). dark room D). secret way

596. What did Agrippa say to Paul?

A). I believe everything you say B). You should be put to death C). I will free you today
D). Do you think that in such a short time you can persuade me to be a Christian?

597. What did the rulers agree after Paul's defense?

A). He should be flogged

B). He was not doing anything that deserved death or imprisonment

C). He was a danger to Rome D). He should be sent back to Jerusalem

598. What did Agrippa say to Festus about Paul?

A). He could have been set free if he had not appealed to Caesar B). He should be killed

C). He should stay in Caesarea forever D). He should become a ruler

Agur

599. According to Proverbs 30:1, whose sayings are found in this chapter?

A). Lemuel B). Agur son of Jakeh C). Solomon son of David D). Hezekiah

600. In Proverbs 30:8-9, why does Agur ask God for neither poverty nor riches?

A). So he can travel freely B). So he will not disown God or dishonor His name

C). So he can become a king D). So he can give more to the temple

601. Which of these is one of the things Agur finds too amazing in Proverbs 30:18-19?

A). The way of a fish in a river B). The way of a horse in battle

C). The way of a lion in the forest D). The way of an eagle in the sky

Ahab

602. Which son of Omri became king of Israel and reigned in Samaria?

A). Ahab B). Elah C). Zimri D). Jehu

603. Whom did King Ahab marry?

A). Maakah B). Jezebel C). Naamah D). Abishag

604. What did Ahab build in Samaria?

A). A temple of Baal with an altar for Baal B). A new palace for the LORD

C). A wall around Jericho D). An altar to the LORD

605. Which prophet told King Ahab there would be no dew or rain for the next few years?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Ahijah D). Jehu

606. In which year of the drought did the LORD tell Elijah to go to Ahab because He would send rain?

A). The third year B). The first year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

607. Which man in charge of Ahab's palace was a devout believer in the LORD?

A). Jehu B). Obadiah C). Hiel D). Micaiah

608. When Ahab saw Elijah, he said, "Is that you, you _____ of Israel?"

A). friend B). prophet C). enemy D). troubler

609. According to Elijah, who had really brought trouble on Israel?

A). Ahab and his father's family, who abandoned the LORD's commands and followed the Baals
B). Elijah himself C). Obadiah D). The people of Judah

610. On which mountain did Elijah challenge the prophets of Baal?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Zion D). Mount of Olives

611. What amazing thing did Elijah do when the power of the LORD came on him as the rain began?

A). He ran ahead of Ahab's chariot all the way to Jezreel B). He flew up to heaven
C). He stopped the rain D). He called fire down again

612. Who threatened to kill Elijah after she heard what he had done on Mount Carmel?

A). Jezebel B). Maakah C). Naamah D). Athaliah

613. Which king of Aram gathered his army and besieged Samaria?

A). Hazael B). Rezon C). Ben-Hadad D). Hiram

614. When Ben-Hadad demanded to search the palace and take everything valuable, what did the elders advise Ahab?

A). To pay everything at once B). To run away to Judah
C). Not to listen to him or agree to his demands D). To ask Jezebel what to do

615. Ahab replied to Ben-Hadad, "One who puts on his armor should not _____ like one who takes it off."

A). fight B). run C). sleep D). boast

616. Why did a prophet say the LORD would give the huge Aramean army into Ahab's hand?

A). So that Ahab would know that He is the LORD B). Because Ahab had prayed
C). Because Jezebel asked Him D). Because Israel had more soldiers

617. Why did the LORD say He would give the vast Aramean army into Israel's hands?

A). Because Ahab had built a new altar B). Because the Arameans had no king
C). Because the Arameans thought the LORD was a god of the hills and not of the valleys
D). Because Israel had more soldiers

618. How did Ben-Hadad's officials dress when they went to ask Ahab to spare Ben-Hadad's life?

A). In sackcloth, with ropes around their heads B). In royal robes C). In armor
D). In white linen

619. What did Ahab do with Ben-Hadad?

A). He put him to death
B). He called him his brother, made a treaty with him and let him go
C). He put him in prison D). He sent him to Egypt

620. What did the prophet tell Ahab would happen because he set Ben-Hadad free?

A). Ahab would become rich B). Ahab would rule Aram

C). Ben-Hadad would serve Israel forever

D). It would be Ahab's life for Ben-Hadad's life, and his people for Ben-Hadad's people

621. How did Ahab feel as he went home to Samaria after hearing the prophet's words?

A). Sullen and angry B). Happy and thankful C). Calm and peaceful

D). Proud and excited

622. Who owned the vineyard that King Ahab wanted?

A). Obadiah B). Naboth C). Elijah D). Jehu

623. What did Ahab want to use Naboth's vineyard for?

A). A vegetable garden B). A temple for Baal C). A stable for horses

D). A new palace

624. Why did Naboth refuse to give his vineyard to Ahab?

A). Ahab did not offer enough money B). He wanted to give it to his son

C). It was the inheritance of his ancestors D). He hated the king

625. What did Ahab do after Naboth refused to give him the vineyard?

A). He went to war B). He bought another vineyard C). He prayed to the LORD

D). He lay on his bed sulking and refused to eat

626. Who told Ahab, "I'll get you the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite"?

A). Jezebel B). Obadiah C). Ben-Hadad D). His servant

627. How did Jezebel send her orders to the elders and nobles of Naboth's city?

A). She went there herself B). She sent Elijah

C). She wrote letters in Ahab's name and sealed them with his seal

D). She sent soldiers with a spoken message

628. Whom did the LORD send to meet Ahab in Naboth's vineyard?

A). Elijah the Tishbite B). Elisha C). Micaiah D). Obadiah

629. What did Elijah say would happen to Ahab's blood?

A). It would be poured on the altar B). It would be kept in the palace

C). Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood

D). It would be washed away by the rain

630. Ahab said to Elijah, "So you have found me, my _____!"

A). friend B). enemy C). master D). servant

631. How did Ahab respond when he heard Elijah's words?

A). He tore his clothes, put on sackcloth and fasted B). He had Elijah arrested

C). He ran away to Aram D). He laughed at Elijah

632. Because Ahab humbled himself, what did the LORD decide?

A). To make him the king of Aram

B). Not to bring the disaster in Ahab's day, but in the days of his son

C). To give Naboth's vineyard back D). To remove Jezebel as queen

633. Which king of Judah went with the king of Israel to fight against Ramoth Gilead?

A). Asa B). Jehoshaphat C). Rehoboam D). Ahaziah

634. Which city did the king of Israel say belonged to Israel but was still held by the king of Aram?

A). Samaria B). Damascus C). Ramoth Gilead D). Jezreel

635. About how many prophets told the king of Israel to go and attack Ramoth Gilead?

A). Seven B). Seventy C). Four hundred and fifty D). About four hundred

636. Which prophet did the king of Israel say he hated because he never prophesied anything good about him?

A). Micaiah son of Imlah B). Elijah C). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

D). Jehu son of Hanani

637. What did the king order to be done with Micaiah until he came back from battle?

A). Send him to Jerusalem B). Put him in prison with only bread and water

C). Make him a royal adviser D). Send him to Aram

638. What did Micaiah say would prove he had NOT spoken for the LORD?

A). If it rained that day B). If the other prophets agreed with him

C). If the king ever returned safely D). If Jehoshaphat stayed at home

639. How did the king of Israel go into the battle?

A). In a golden chariot B). Hidden in the back of the army

C). Wearing Jehoshaphat's robes D). In disguise

640. What order did the king of Aram give his thirty-two chariot commanders?

A). Fight only with the king of Israel B). Capture Jehoshaphat C). Destroy Samaria

D). Stay out of the battle

641. How was the king of Israel wounded in the battle?

A). By a spear thrown by Ben-Hadad

B). An arrow shot at random hit him between the sections of his armor

C). He fell from his chariot D). A sword struck his arm

642. What happened when the king's chariot was washed at a pool in Samaria?

A). The water turned red forever B). Nothing unusual happened

C). Dogs licked up his blood, as the word of the LORD had declared

D). The chariot was stolen

643. What was Ahab's palace in Samaria decorated with?

A). Gold B). Cedar C). Silver D). Ivory

644. Which son of Ahab became king of Israel and served and worshiped Baal?

A). Jehoram B). Jehu C). Ahaziah D). Hazael

645. After the death of Ahab, which nation rebelled against Israel?

A). Edom B). Aram C). Moab D). Philistia

646. Which son of Ahab became king of Israel in Samaria in this chapter?

A). Ahaziah B). Joram C). Jehu D). Omri

647. How was Joram's reign described?

A). He did what was right like David B). He was the most evil king of Israel
C). He destroyed all idols in Israel D). He did evil, but not as his father and mother had done

648. What did Joram get rid of that his father had made?

A). The golden calf at Bethel B). The altar in Samaria C). The sacred stone of Baal
D). The Asherah pole

649. Why did Jehoram king of Judah follow the ways of the kings of Israel?

A). Elisha told him to B). He had grown up in Samaria C). He was afraid of Aram
D). He had married a daughter of Ahab

650. How many sons of Ahab were in Samaria?

A). Forty-two B). Seventy C). Twelve D). Eighty

651. What did Jehu's first letter challenge the leaders of Samaria to do?

A). Choose the best of Ahab's sons, make him king and fight B). Surrender the city at once
C). Send all their gold to Jezreel D). Destroy the temple of Baal

652. How did Jehu gather all the servants of Baal?

A). He threatened to burn their houses B). He offered them gold
C). He asked Elisha to call them
D). He pretended he would serve Baal much more than Ahab did

653. Manasseh made an Asherah pole, as which king of Israel had done?

A). Jehu B). Ahab C). Jeroboam D). Hoshea

654. With which king of Israel did Jehoshaphat ally himself by marriage?

A). Baasha B). Jeroboam C). Ahab D). Omri

655. Which city did Ahab urge Jehoshaphat to attack?

A). Damascus B). Ramah C). Jericho D). Ramoth Gilead

656. What did Jehoshaphat ask Ahab to do first before going to battle?

A). Seek the counsel of the LORD B). Gather more soldiers C). Send gifts to Aram
D). Build a fort

657. How many prophets did Ahab bring together, who all told him to go to war?

A). Forty B). Four hundred C). Seven thousand D). Twelve

658. Which prophet of the LORD did Ahab say he hated?

A). Elijah B). Elisha C). Micaiah son of Imlah D). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

659. Why did Ahab hate Micaiah?

A). Micaiah had insulted his wife B). Micaiah was from Judah
C). Micaiah refused to come to Samaria
D). He never prophesied anything good about Ahab, only bad

660. In Micaiah's vision, what did the spirit say it would do?

A). Bring rain on the land B). Warn Ahab in a dream C). Fight for Aram
D). Be a deceiving spirit in the mouths of Ahab's prophets

661. What did Ahab order to be done to Micaiah?

A). Send him back to Judah B). Put him in prison with only bread and water
C). Make him the chief prophet D). Take him to the battle

662. Complete Micaiah's reply: "If you ever return safely, the LORD has not _____ through me."

A). worked B). come C). spoken D). walked

663. What did Ahab do before going into battle?

A). He prayed to the LORD B). He stayed in Samaria C). He wore his royal robes
D). He disguised himself

664. How was the king of Israel wounded in the battle?

A). By a sword B). By an arrow shot at random C). By a falling rock
D). By a spear thrown by a king

665. Why did Jehoram follow the ways of the kings of Israel, as the house of Ahab had done?

A). He was raised in Samaria B). He had married a daughter of Ahab
C). Ahab was his grandfather D). Israel had conquered Judah

666. Which two false prophets did God say would be handed over to Nebuchadnezzar and burned in the fire?

A). Ahab son of Kolaiah and Zedekiah son of Maaseiah B). Hananiah and Shemaiah
C). Pashhur and Uriah D). Gedaliah and Ishmael

667. Whose statutes and practices did the people follow, according to Micah 6:16?

A). David and Solomon B). Hezekiah and Josiah C). Omri and the house of Ahab
D). Jeroboam and Rehoboam

Ahaz

668. Which son of Jotham became king of Judah at twenty and reigned sixteen years?

A). Hezekiah B). Azariah C). Manasseh D). Ahaz

669. How was Ahaz different from his ancestor David?

A). He built a greater temple B). He won more battles
C). He did not do what was right in the eyes of the LORD D). He wrote more psalms

670. Which terrible practice of the nations did Ahaz follow?

A). He married a foreign queen B). He sacrificed his son in the fire
C). He destroyed the temple D). He worshipped the golden calves at Dan

671. Which two kings besieged Ahaz in Jerusalem but could not overpower him?

A). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel B). Tiglath-Pileser and Pul
C). Hazael and Jehoash D). Menahem and Hoshea

672. Ahaz sent messengers to the king of Assyria to say: "I am your servant and vassal. Come up and _____ me."

A). help B). protect C). save D). defend

673. What did Ahaz send to the king of Assyria as a gift?

A). His own crown B). Silver and gold from the temple and palace treasuries
C). Horses and chariots D). The ark of the covenant

674. What did Ahaz see in Damascus that he wanted copied?

A). A palace B). A throne C). A golden idol D). An altar

675. Which priest built an altar in Jerusalem following Ahaz's plans from Damascus?

A). Jehoiada B). Hilkiah C). Uriah D). Zadok

676. What did Ahaz do with the bronze altar that stood before the LORD?

A). Melted it down for Assyria
B). Moved it aside and said he would use it for seeking guidance
C). Put it in the Most Holy Place D). Sent it to Damascus

677. Why did Ahaz remove the Sabbath canopy and the royal entryway from the temple?

A). In deference to the king of Assyria B). Because they were broken
C). To build a new palace D). Because the priests asked him to

678. Which son of Ahaz became king of Judah after him?

A). Manasseh B). Jotham C). Josiah D). Hezekiah

679. Which son of Ahaz became king of Judah at twenty-five and reigned twenty-nine years?

A). Manasseh B). Hezekiah C). Josiah D). Jotham

680. Who succeeded Jotham as king?

A). Ahaz B). Hezekiah C). Uzziah D). Manasseh

681. How did Ahaz compare with his ancestor David?

A). He was just like David B). He did not do what was right, unlike David
C). He was more faithful than David D). He wrote more psalms than David

682. In which valley did Ahaz burn sacrifices and sacrifice his children in the fire?

A). Valley of Salt B). Kidron Valley C). Valley of Ben Hinnom D). Valley of Berakah

683. Where did the king of Aram take the many prisoners from Judah?

A). Samaria B). Nineveh C). Babylon D). Damascus

684. To whom did King Ahaz send for help?

A). The king of Egypt B). The kings of Assyria C). The king of Tyre
D). The king of Moab

685. What did Tiglath-Pileser king of Assyria give Ahaz after Ahaz paid him?

A). Great help against his enemies B). A new army C). Trouble instead of help
D). A peace treaty

686. What did Ahaz do in his time of trouble?

A). He repented B). He prayed to the LORD C). He fasted
D). He became even more unfaithful to the LORD

687. Why did Ahaz offer sacrifices to the gods of Damascus?

A). He thought they had helped Aram, so they would help him
B). The king of Aram forced him C). The priests told him to
D). He wanted to trick Aram

688. What did Ahaz do to the doors of the LORD's temple?

A). He covered them with gold B). He shut them C). He made them bigger
D). He moved them to Damascus

689. Who succeeded Ahaz as king?

A). Jotham B). Manasseh C). Hezekiah D). Josiah

690. Which group of kings ruled Judah during the time of Isaiah's vision?

A). Saul, David, Solomon and Rehoboam B). Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Asa, Jehoshaphat, Joash and Amaziah D). Manasseh, Amon, Josiah and Jehoiakim

691. Which two kings marched up to fight against Jerusalem in the days of Ahaz?

A). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel B). Sennacherib and Nebuchadnezzar
C). Hiram king of Tyre and Ben-Hadad D). Jehu and Omri

692. The hearts of Ahaz and his people were shaken like what?

A). A ship on the sea B). Trees of the forest shaken by the wind C). Grass in a fire
D). Sand in a storm

693. Which son did the LORD tell Isaiah to take with him to meet Ahaz?

A). Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz B). Immanuel C). Shear-Jashub D). Amoz

694. Where did Isaiah go to meet Ahaz?

A). At the city gate of Samaria B). Inside the temple courts C). At the Pool of Siloam
D). At the end of the aqueduct of the Upper Pool

695. What did God call the two enemy kings when telling Ahaz not to lose heart?

A). Two roaring lions B). Two broken swords C). Two smoldering stubs of firewood
D). Two dry wells

696. Complete the verse: 'If you do not stand firm in your _____, you will not stand at all.'

A). faith B). strength C). city D). army

697. When the LORD invited Ahaz to ask for a sign, how did Ahaz reply?

A). He asked for fire from heaven B). He asked for rain
C). He asked for the sun to go back
D). He said he would not ask, and would not put the LORD to the test

698. In what year did the prophecy against Philistia come?

A). The year King Ahaz died B). The year King Uzziah died C). The year Samaria fell
D). The year King Hezekiah was healed

699. What sign did the LORD give Hezekiah that He would do what He promised?

A). Fire fell from heaven B). Rain fell on a dry fleece C). The moon turned red
D). The sun's shadow went back ten steps on the stairway of Ahaz

700. During the reigns of which kings of Judah did Micah prophesy?

A). Uzziah, Jotham and Ahaz B). Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Ahaz, Hezekiah and Manasseh D). Hezekiah, Manasseh and Josiah

Ahaziah

701. Which son of Ahab became king of Israel and served and worshiped Baal?

A). Jehoram B). Jehu C). Ahaziah D). Hazael

702. Which king of Israel fell through the lattice of his upper room and was injured?

A). Ahab B). Ahaziah C). Jehu D). Jeroboam

703. In which city was King Ahaziah when he fell and hurt himself?

A). Samaria B). Jerusalem C). Jezreel D). Bethel

704. Which god did Ahaziah send messengers to ask about his recovery?

A). Dagon B). Molek C). Asherah D). Baal-Zebub

705. Baal-Zebub was the god of which city?

A). Gath B). Ashdod C). Ekron D). Gaza

706. What did Elijah say would happen to King Ahaziah?

A). He would be healed in three days B). He would lose his kingdom to Moab

C). He would not leave his bed and would certainly die

D). He would be taken captive to Ekron

707. The messengers described the man they met: "He had a garment of hair and had a _____ around his waist."

A). gold chain B). linen sash C). rope D). leather belt

708. How did King Ahaziah know that the man who met his messengers was Elijah?

A). The man told them his name

B). From the description of his hair garment and leather belt

C). The messengers had seen him before in Samaria

D). The man gave them a letter signed by Elijah

709. How many men did the king send with each captain to bring Elijah?

A). Twelve B). Forty C). Fifty D). One hundred

710. Who became king of Israel after Ahaziah died?

A). Jehu B). Jehoshaphat C). Omri D). Joram

711. Why did Joram become king after Ahaziah instead of Ahaziah's son?

A). Ahaziah's son was too young B). Ahaziah had no son

C). Ahaziah's son was killed by fire D). Elijah chose Joram

712. What happened right after Elijah gave his message to King Ahaziah in person?

A). Moab rebelled against Israel B). Ahaziah sent messengers to Ekron

C). Ahaziah died, as Elijah had said D). A third captain was sent to Elijah

713. Who was the mother of Ahaziah king of Judah?

A). Jezebel B). Bathsheba C). Maakah D). Athaliah

714. How long did Ahaziah son of Jehoram reign in Jerusalem?

A). Eight years B). Twelve years C). One year D). Twenty-two years

715. Where did King Joram of Israel go to recover from wounds he received at Ramoth Gilead?

A). Samaria B). Jezreel C). Jerusalem D). Bethel

716. As Joram turned to flee, he called out to Ahaziah: "_____, Ahaziah!"

A). Help B). Run C). Beware D). Treachery

717. Where did Ahaziah king of Judah die after he was wounded?

A). Megiddo B). Jezreel C). Jerusalem D). Samaria

718. Where was Ahaziah buried?

A). In Megiddo B). In Jezreel C). In Samaria D). In Jerusalem, in the City of David

719. Whose relatives did Jehu meet and kill at Beth Eked of the Shepherds?

A). Hazael king of Aram B). Jehonadab son of Rekab C). Ahaziah king of Judah
D). Elisha

720. Who tried to destroy the whole royal family of Judah after her son Ahaziah died?

A). Jezebel B). Jehosheba C). Athaliah D). Maakah

721. Why were the trading ships Jehoshaphat built at Ezion Geber wrecked?

A). A great storm came by chance B). He made an alliance with wicked King Ahaziah
C). The sailors were not trained D). Egypt attacked the port

722. Which son of Jehoram was the only one left after the attack?

A). Ahaziah, the youngest B). Joash, the oldest C). Amaziah D). Jehoiada

723. Why did the people of Jerusalem make Ahaziah, the youngest son, king?

A). He was the wisest son B). The raiders with the Arabs had killed all the older sons
C). A prophet chose him D). His father asked them to

724. How long did Ahaziah reign in Jerusalem?

A). Eight years B). Three years C). One year D). Six years

725. Who was Ahaziah's mother?

A). Jezebel B). Maakah C). Jehosheba D). Athaliah

726. Who encouraged Ahaziah to act wickedly?

A). His mother B). The priests C). The prophets D). The people of Judah

727. What was the result of the house of Ahab becoming Ahaziah's advisers?

A). He became very rich B). It led to his undoing C). He won many battles
D). He built the temple again

728. Against which king of Aram did Ahaziah go to war with Joram son of Ahab?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Zerah C). Hazael D). Rezin

729. Where did the wounded Joram return to recover?

A). Samaria B). Bethel C). Jerusalem D). Jezreel

730. Where was Ahaziah hiding when Jehu's men captured him?

A). Jerusalem B). Samaria C). Jezreel D). Megiddo

731. Why did Jehu's men give Ahaziah a burial?

A). He was a king of Judah B). He had asked for mercy

C). He was a son of Jehoshaphat, who sought the LORD with all his heart

D). Jehu respected his mother

Ahijah

732. Which prophet from Shiloh met Jeroboam on the way out of Jerusalem?

A). Ahijah B). Nathan C). Elijah D). Gad

733. Into how many pieces did the prophet Ahijah tear his new cloak?

A). Two B). Seven C). Twelve D). Ten

734. Why did Ahijah tell Jeroboam to take ten pieces of the torn cloak?

A). To make a new cloak B). Because God would give him ten tribes

C). To pay for his journey D). To give to Solomon

735. Why did the king not listen to the people, according to the Bible?

A). This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah

B). Rehoboam was sick C). The elders gave no advice D). Jeroboam tricked him

736. What did Jeroboam tell his wife to do before going to see the prophet Ahijah?

A). Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife B). Bring the golden calves

C). Take a large army D). Wear her royal robes

737. What did Jeroboam's wife take with her as a gift for the prophet?

A). Gold and silver B). A young goat

C). Ten loaves of bread, some cakes and a jar of honey D). A new cloak

738. How did Ahijah know who his visitor was, even though he could not see?

A). He recognized her voice B). His servant told him C). She told him her name

D). The LORD told him she was coming and would pretend to be someone else

739. Ahijah said, "Come in, wife of Jeroboam. Why this _____?"

A). pretense B). journey C). gift D). sadness

740. Ahijah said the LORD would scatter Israel beyond which river because of their Asherah poles?

A). The Jordan B). The Nile C). The Tigris D). The Euphrates

741. When Baasha killed Jeroboam's whole family, whose earlier prophecy was fulfilled?

A). Ahijah the Shilonite B). Nathan C). Shemaiah D). Elijah

742. Which of these prophets is named as writing records of Solomon's reign?

A). Elijah B). Samuel C). Gad D). Nathan

743. Why did the king not listen to the people, according to the chapter?

A). This turn of events was from God, to fulfill His word through Ahijah
B). He was sick at that time C). He did not hear their request
D). The priests told him not to

Ahikam

744. Who supported Jeremiah so he was not handed over to the people to be put to death?

A). Ahikam son of Shaphan B). Baruch son of Neriah C). Ebed-Melek the Cushite
D). Gedaliah son of Ahikam

745. To whom was Jeremiah handed over after he was taken out of the courtyard of the guard?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Gedaliah son of Ahikam, the son of Shaphan
C). Ebed-Melek the Cushite D). Ishmael son of Nethaniah

746. Whom had the king of Babylon appointed over the towns of Judah?

A). Ishmael son of Nethaniah B). Johanan son of Kareah C). Baruch son of Neriah
D). Gedaliah son of Ahikam

Ahimaaz

747. Whose sons were Ahimaaz and Jonathan, who were to bring news to David?

A). Joab and Abishai B). Zadok and Abiathar C). Nathan and Gad
D). Hushai and Ahithophel

748. Where were Jonathan and Ahimaaz staying, waiting for news to carry to David?

A). En Rogel B). Gibeon C). Bethel D). Jericho

749. Where did Jonathan and Ahimaaz hide in Bahurim?

A). In a cave B). In a well in a man's courtyard C). Under a pile of flax on a roof
D). In a barn

750. How did the man's wife hide the well where Jonathan and Ahimaaz were?

A). She sat on top of it B). She placed a cart over it C). She filled it with water
D). She spread a covering over it and scattered grain on it

751. Who outran the Cushite to bring news to David?

A). Jonathan B). Ahimaaz C). Hushai D). Ittai

752. What did Ahimaaz tell David when asked whether Absalom was safe?

A). That Absalom was dead B). That Absalom was a prisoner
C). That Absalom had escaped
D). That he saw great confusion but did not know what it was

Ahimelek

753. To which town did David go to see Ahimelek the priest?

A). Nob B). Shiloh C). Gibeah D). Hebron

754. What did David tell Ahimelek about why he had come?

A). That he was running from Saul B). That Jonathan had sent him
C). That the king had sent him on a secret mission D). That he wanted to become a priest

755. What bread did Ahimelek give to David?

A). Barley loaves B). Unleavened bread from Passover C). Bread from Saul's table
D). The consecrated bread, the bread of the Presence

756. Whose sword did Ahimelek give to David?

A). Saul's sword B). Jonathan's sword C). Abner's sword D). Goliath's sword

757. Where was Goliath's sword kept at Nob?

A). Buried under the altar B). In the ark of the covenant
C). Wrapped in a cloth behind the ephod D). Hanging on the city gate

758. Who told Saul that Ahimelek had helped David at Nob?

A). Abner B). Jonathan C). Doeg the Edomite D). Abiathar

759. How did Ahimelek describe David when Saul accused him?

A). As a traitor he did not know B). As a stranger asking for help C). As a Philistine spy
D). As the king's loyal son-in-law and captain of his bodyguard

760. Which son of Ahimelek escaped and fled to David?

A). Eleazar B). Ahitub C). Phinehas D). Abiathar

761. Which two men were priests in David's government?

A). Seraiah and Jehoshaphat B). Eli and Phinehas C). Nathan and Gad
D). Zadok and Ahimelek

762. Which two priests helped David separate the priests into divisions?

A). Eli and Samuel B). Zadok and Ahimelek C). Abiathar and Nathan
D). Hilkiah and Jehoiada

763. According to the title, Doeg told Saul that David had gone to whose house?

A). Samuel's B). Ahimelek's C). Jesse's D). Jonathan's

Ahinoam

764. Which other woman did David also marry?

A). Merab B). Michal C). Ahinoam of Jezreel D). Abishag

765. Which two wives were with David in Gath?

A). Michal and Merab B). Ahinoam of Jezreel and Abigail of Carmel
C). Abigail and Michal D). Bathsheba and Ahinoam

766. Which two wives went with David to Hebron?

A). Michal and Bathsheba B). Ahinoam and Abigail C). Abigail and Michal
D). Ahinoam and Maakah

767. Who was David's firstborn son, born in Hebron?

A). Absalom B). Adonijah C). Solomon D). Amnon

Ahio

768. How was the ark carried when it was first brought from Abinadab's house?

A). On a boat B). On the shoulders of the Levites C). On a camel D). On a new cart

769. On what did they carry the ark from Abinadab's house?

A). On the shoulders of the priests B). On a camel C). On a new cart D). On a boat

770. Which two men guided the cart carrying the ark?

A). Uzzah and Ahio B). Nadab and Abihu C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Joab and Abishai

Ahithophel

771. Which of David's counsellors did Absalom call to join him?

A). Ahithophel the Gilonite B). Hushai the Arkite C). Nathan the prophet
D). Zadok the priest

772. David prayed: "LORD, turn Ahithophel's counsel into _____."

A). wisdom B). silence C). foolishness D). blessing

773. Whom did David send back to Jerusalem to frustrate Ahithophel's advice?

A). Hushai the Arkite B). Ittai C). Abiathar D). Joab

774. How was Ahithophel's advice regarded in those days?

A). As foolish B). As dangerous C). Like that of one who inquires of God
D). As useful only in war

775. What did Ahithophel advise Absalom to do?

A). Wait and gather all Israel B). Make peace with David
C). Choose twelve thousand men and pursue David that night D). Go back to Hebron

776. According to Ahithophel's plan, whom only would be struck down?

A). The king alone B). All of David's soldiers C). Joab and Abishai D). The priests

777. Hushai said: "The advice Ahithophel has given is not _____ this time."

A). wise B). safe C). true D). good

778. Why did Absalom choose Hushai's advice over Ahithophel's?

A). Hushai was older B). The people voted for Hushai C). Ahithophel had left Jerusalem D). The LORD had determined to frustrate Ahithophel's good advice to bring disaster on Absalom

Aksah

779. What did Caleb promise to the man who captured Kiriath Sepher?

A). His daughter Aksah in marriage B). A share of Hebron C). Gold and silver D). The city of Debir as a kingdom

780. Who captured Kiriath Sepher and married Caleb's daughter Aksah?

A). Joshua B). Othniel son of Kenaz C). Eleazar D). Achan

781. What special favor did Aksah ask her father Caleb for?

A). A new house B). Springs of water C). A flock of sheep D). Her own city

782. How did Caleb answer Aksah's request?

A). He refused B). He gave her only the lower springs C). He gave her the upper and lower springs D). He gave her a field instead

783. What did Caleb promise to give the man who attacked and captured Kiriath Sepher?

A). A large field of his own B). A hundred pieces of silver C). Command of Judah's army D). His daughter Aksah in marriage

784. Who captured Kiriath Sepher and was given Aksah as his wife?

A). Kenaz B). Othniel C). Joshua D). Ehud

785. Caleb had given his daughter Aksah land in the Negev. What else did she ask him to give her?

A). Springs of water B). A flock of sheep C). A vineyard D). A house in Hebron

Alexander

786. Who did Paul name with Alexander as men he handed over to Satan?

A). Demas B). Hymenaeus C). Onesimus D). Apollos

787. Which man did Paul say did him a great deal of harm?

A). Alexander the metalworker B). Demetrius the silversmith C). Simon the tanner D). Hymenaeus

Amariah

788. Who was the chief priest in charge of any matter concerning the LORD?

A). Amariah B). Zadok C). Zebadiah D). Jehoiada

Amasa

789. Whom did Absalom appoint over his army in place of Joab?

A). Ahithophel B). Amasa C). Abner D). Shobak

790. Whom did David promise to make commander of his army in place of Joab?

A). Abishai B). Benaiah C). Amasa D). Ittai

791. Whom did David tell to summon the men of Judah within three days, but he took longer?

A). Joab B). Abishai C). Amasa D). Benaiah

792. Where did Amasa come to meet Joab and Abishai's men?

A). At the pool of Gibeon B). At the great rock in Gibeon C). At the Jordan River
D). At Abel Beth Maakah

793. How did Joab deceive Amasa before killing him?

A). He greeted him as a brother and took him by the beard as if to kiss him
B). He invited him to a feast C). He sent him a letter of peace D). He pretended to be ill

794. David reminded Solomon that Joab had killed which two commanders of Israel's armies?

A). Abner and Amasa B). Saul and Jonathan C). Absalom and Amnon
D). Uriah and Benaiah

Amasai

795. The Spirit came on which man, who said, "We are yours, David! We are with you, son of Jesse!"?

A). Abishai B). Joab C). Amasai D). Benaiah

796. Why did Amasai wish success to David and his helpers?

A). Because David was rich B). Because David's God would help him
C). Because Saul was already dead D). Because David had the largest army

Amasiah

797. Which commander volunteered himself for the LORD's service?

A). Amasiah son of Zikri B). Adnah C). Jehohanan D). Jehozabad

Amaziah

798. Which son of Joash became king after him?

A). Jehoahaz B). Amaziah C). Uzziah D). Ahaziah

799. Which son of Joash became king of Judah at twenty-five and reigned twenty-nine years?

A). Azariah B). Amaziah C). Jehoash D). Jotham

800. How did Amaziah's life compare with King David's?

A). He did right, but not as his father David had done B). He was more faithful than David

C). He did evil like Ahab D). He was exactly like David

801. Why did Amaziah not put to death the sons of the officials who murdered his father?

A). The sons ran away to Edom B). The prophet told him to spare them

C). They paid him a ransom

D). The Law of Moses said children are not to be put to death for their parents

802. Where did Amaziah defeat ten thousand Edomites?

A). The Valley of Jezreel B). The Desert of Edom C). The Valley of Salt

D). Beth Shemesh

803. What new name did Amaziah give to Sela after he captured it?

A). Beth Millo B). Joktheel C). Elath D). Gath Hepher

804. In Jehoash's story, what did the thistle ask the cedar of Lebanon?

A). To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage B). To give it water

C). To move out of the forest D). To make it a king

805. What was Jehoash warning Amaziah about with his story of the thistle?

A). That Edom would attack Judah B). That Amaziah's daughter should marry his son

C). That the cedars of Lebanon were valuable

D). That Amaziah had become proud after defeating Edom

806. Where did Israel and Judah fight, and Judah was routed?

A). Lachish B). Megiddo C). Beth Shemesh D). Ramoth Gilead

807. What did Jehoash do to Jerusalem after capturing Amaziah?

A). Burned the temple B). Broke down part of its wall and took its treasures and hostages

C). Made Jerusalem Israel's capital D). Returned it untouched

808. To which city did Amaziah flee when a conspiracy rose against him?

A). Lachish B). Beersheba C). Hebron D). Gath

809. How old was Azariah when the people of Judah made him king?

A). Seven B). Twenty-five C). Twelve D). Sixteen

810. Who succeeded Joash as king?

A). Amaziah B). Uzziah C). Ahaziah D). Jotham

811. How did Amaziah do what was right in the eyes of the LORD?

A). With all his heart B). Only in his old age C). But not wholeheartedly
D). Only when Jehoiada helped him

812. Why did Amaziah not put to death the children of the officials who murdered his father?

A). The people begged for mercy
B). He obeyed the Law of Moses: each will die for their own sin C). They ran away to Egypt
D). They were too young

813. How much did Amaziah pay to hire 100,000 fighting men from Israel?

A). A thousand talents of gold B). Ten talents of silver C). Fifty talents of gold
D). A hundred talents of silver

814. Why did a man of God tell Amaziah not to take the troops from Israel?

A). The LORD was not with Israel B). They were too few C). They were not trained
D). They would betray him to Aram

815. When Amaziah worried about the hundred talents, the man of God said, "The LORD can give you much _____ than that."

A). less B). more C). faster D). sooner

816. Where did Amaziah lead his army to defeat the men of Seir?

A). Valley of Elah B). Valley of Berakah C). Valley of Salt D). Valley of Zephathah

817. What did the troops Amaziah sent home do in their anger?

A). Joined the army of Edom B). Burned Jerusalem C). Captured Amaziah
D). Raided towns of Judah and killed three thousand people

818. What did Amaziah bring back after defeating the Edomites?

A). The gods of the people of Seir B). The ark of the covenant
C). The gold shields of Solomon D). The king of Edom

819. What was foolish about Amaziah worshiping the gods of Seir, according to the prophet?

A). They were made of wood B). Those gods could not save their own people from his hand
C). They were too expensive D). The priests did not like them

820. How did Amaziah respond to the prophet's warning?

A). He repented B). He burned the idols C). He told the prophet to stop
D). He made the prophet his adviser

821. In Jehoash's parable, what did the thistle ask the cedar in Lebanon?

A). To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage B). To lend it water
C). To move to another place D). To bow down

822. Why would Amaziah not listen to Jehoash's warning?

A). He was sure Egypt would help him
B). God so worked to hand Judah over, because they sought the gods of Edom
C). His army was bigger D). His advisers told him to wait

823. Where did Jehoash capture Amaziah?

A). Jerusalem B). Lachish C). Samaria D). Beth Shemesh

824. To which town did Amaziah flee when there was a conspiracy against him?

A). Lachish B). Hebron C). Bethlehem D). Gath

825. Who was the priest of Bethel who opposed Amos?

A). Hilkiah B). Zadok C). Eli D). Amaziah

826. To which king did Amaziah send a message about Amos?

A). Jeroboam B). Ahab C). Uzziah D). Jehu

827. Where did Amaziah tell Amos to go and do his prophesying?

A). Egypt B). Judah C). Damascus D). Samaria

828. What did Amaziah call Bethel?

A). The city of David B). The house of prayer C). The king's sanctuary
D). The holy mountain

829. Where did Amos say Amaziah would die?

A). In Bethel B). In Jerusalem C). In a pagan country D). In his own house

Amittai

830. Who was Jonah's father?

A). Amoz B). Amittai C). Beeri D). Pethuel

Ammizabad

831. Which commander of the third month is described as a mighty warrior among the Thirty and over the Thirty?

A). Asahel B). Benaiah son of Jehoiada C). Abishai D). Joab

Amnon

832. Who was David's firstborn son, born in Hebron?

A). Absalom B). Adonijah C). Solomon D). Amnon

833. Who was Amnon's very shrewd adviser and David's nephew?

A). Jonadab B). Hushai C). Ahithophel D). Joab

834. What did Jonadab tell Amnon to pretend?

A). That he was going to war B). That he had a message from the king
C). That he was leaving Jerusalem D). That he was ill

835. Tamar pleaded with Amnon: "Don't do this _____ thing."

A). foolish B). wicked C). secret D). shameful

836. How did Amnon's feelings toward Tamar change after he wronged her?

A). He loved her even more B). He felt sorry and asked forgiveness
C). He hated her more than he had loved her D). He asked the king to let him marry her

837. How did Absalom treat Amnon after what he did to Tamar?

A). He argued with him every day
B). He never said a word to him, good or bad, but hated him C). He forgave him
D). He reported him to the priests

838. What happened to Amnon at Absalom's sheep-shearing feast?

A). He was made king B). He escaped on a mule C). Absalom's men killed him
D). He asked Tamar's forgiveness

839. Who told David that only Amnon was dead, not all the king's sons?

A). Joab B). Jonadab C). Absalom D). Nathan

840. Who was David's firstborn son?

A). Absalom B). Solomon C). Amnon D). Adonijah

Amon

841. Which son of Manasseh became king and reigned only two years?

A). Josiah B). Amon C). Jehoahaz D). Hezekiah

842. How did King Amon die?

A). His officials conspired and killed him in his palace B). He died of an illness
C). He was killed in battle D). He was taken to Babylon

843. Who did the people of the land make king after Amon?

A). Eliakim B). The high priest C). His officials D). His son Josiah

844. Which order of kings in Solomon's line is correct?

A). Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah B). Josiah, Amon, Manasseh, Hezekiah
C). Manasseh, Hezekiah, Josiah, Amon D). Hezekiah, Josiah, Manasseh, Amon

845. Who succeeded Manasseh as king?

A). Josiah B). Hezekiah C). Amon D). Jehoahaz

846. How was Amon different from his father Manasseh?

A). He built the temple B). He reigned longer C). He did good
D). He did not humble himself before the LORD

847. Whom did the people make king after Amon was assassinated?

A). Josiah B). Jehoiakim C). Zedekiah D). Manasseh

Amos

848. What was Amos's work before he spoke God's message?

A). Priest B). Fisherman C). Shepherd D). Tax collector

849. Which town was Amos from?

A). Bethlehem B). Tekoa C). Anathoth D). Shiloh

850. Amos saw his vision how long before the earthquake?

A). Two years B). Seven years C). Forty days D). Three months

851. Who was king of Judah when Amos saw his vision?

A). Hezekiah B). Ahaz C). Josiah D). Uzziah

852. Who was king of Israel when Amos saw his vision?

A). Ahab B). Jeroboam son of Jehoash C). Jehu D). Omri

853. Amos says, 'The Sovereign LORD has spoken—who can but prophesy?' What is he explaining?

A). Why he must speak God's message B). Why lions are dangerous
C). Why Israel is strong D). Why prophets become rich

854. In Amos's first vision, what did God prepare to strip the land?

A). Swarms of locusts B). A great flood C). A burning wind D). An army of horses

855. Amos cried, "Sovereign LORD, forgive! How can Jacob survive? He is so ___!"

A). weak B). sinful C). small D). tired

856. How did the LORD respond to Amos's prayer after the locust vision?

A). He sent more locusts B). He told Amos to be quiet
C). He relented and said it will not happen D). He moved Amos to Judah

857. In Amos's second vision, what was God calling for to judge Israel?

A). Fire B). Hail C). Famine D). Plague

858. In Amos's third vision, what was the Lord holding in His hand beside a wall?

A). A sword B). A trumpet C). A scroll D). A plumb line

859. What did the plumb line vision show about God's plan for Israel?

A). He would rebuild their walls B). He would measure them and spare them no longer
C). He would make them builders D). He would forgive them again

860. How did the third vision end differently from the first two?

A). God relented after the third vision too B). Amos refused to pray after the third vision
C). God said He would spare them no longer D). Amos saw nothing in the third vision

861. Who was the priest of Bethel who opposed Amos?

A). Hilkiah B). Zadok C). Eli D). Amaziah

862. Where did Amaziah tell Amos to go and do his prophesying?

A). Egypt B). Judah C). Damascus D). Samaria

863. Besides being a shepherd, what else did Amos say he took care of?

A). Vineyards B). Olive groves C). Wheat fields D). Sycamore-fig trees

864. How did Amos say he became a prophet?

A). His father was a prophet B). He trained under Elisha
C). The LORD took him from tending the flock D). Amaziah appointed him

865. What did God show Amos in the vision at the start of Amos 8?

A). A plumb line B). A basket of ripe fruit C). A burning bush
D). A golden lampstand

866. What did the basket of ripe fruit mean?

A). Israel would have a great harvest B). The time was ripe for judgment on Israel
C). Amos should become a farmer D). The poor would be fed

867. In Amos's last vision, where did he see the Lord standing?

A). On a high mountain B). Beside the altar C). By the Jordan River
D). At the city gate

Amoz

868. Whose father was Amoz, according to the first verse of Isaiah?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Hosea D). Micah

Amram

869. Who were the parents of Aaron and Moses?

A). Amram and Jochebed B). Kohath and Elisheba C). Levi and Sarah
D). Izhar and Miriam

870. Aaron, Moses and Miriam were the children of which man?

A). Amram B). Kohath C). Levi D). Jochebed

Ananias

871. Which married couple sold property and kept back part of the money?

A). Aquila and Priscilla B). Zechariah and Elizabeth C). Ananias and Sapphira
D). Abraham and Sarah

872. Peter said Ananias had lied to whom?

A). Only the apostles B). The high priest C). Barnabas D). The Holy Spirit

873. What did Peter say about the land before and after Ananias sold it?

A). It belonged to him, and the money was at his disposal
B). He was required to give all of it C). It belonged to the apostles
D). It was stolen from the temple

874. What happened when Ananias heard Peter's words?

A). He ran away B). He fell down and died C). He repented and wept
D). He became blind

875. Which disciple in Damascus did the Lord speak to in a vision about Saul?

A). Ananias B). Barnabas C). Philip D). Simon

876. On which street was the house where Saul was staying?

A). Main Street B). Temple Street C). Straight Street D). King's Highway

877. Why was Ananias afraid to go to Saul?

A). Saul was a Roman soldier B). He did not know the way C). Saul was very sick
D). He had heard of the harm Saul had done to God's people

878. How did the Lord describe Saul to Ananias?

A). As His chosen instrument to proclaim His name to the Gentiles
B). As His enemy who would be punished C). As a prophet for Israel only
D). As a priest for the temple

879. What fell from Saul's eyes when Ananias laid hands on him?

A). Tears B). Dust from the road C). Something like scales D). A cloth

880. How did Paul describe Ananias in his defense?

A). A Roman officer B). A former sorcerer C). A Greek teacher
D). A devout observer of the law, highly respected by the Jews

881. Ananias said, "Brother Saul, receive your _____!"

A). sight B). strength C). healing D). spirit

882. What did Ananias say Paul would be for God?

A). A king over Israel B). A priest in the temple
C). His witness to all people of what he had seen and heard D). A judge for the Romans

883. "Get up, be baptized and wash your _____ away, calling on his name."

A). fears B). sins C). tears D). troubles

Ananias the high priest

884. Which high priest ordered those near Paul to strike him on the mouth?

A). Ananias B). Caiaphas C). Annas D). Sceva

885. Paul said, "God will strike you, you _____ wall!"

A). crumbling B). whitewashed C). stone D). broken

886. Which lawyer came with the high priest Ananias to bring charges against Paul?

A). Gallio B). Lysias C). Tertullus D). Demetrius

887. How many days after Paul was sent to Caesarea did Ananias come down?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Twelve days D). Five days

Andrew

888. Which two brothers were the first fishermen Jesus called by the Sea of Galilee?

A). James and John B). Simon Peter and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Matthew and Thomas

889. Complete Jesus' call: "Come, follow me, and I will send you out to fish for _____."

A). food B). people C). fish D). treasure

890. How did the four fishermen respond when Jesus called them?

A). They asked for time to think B). At once they left and followed him C). They refused
D). They asked to bring their boats

891. Which two brothers were casting a net into the lake when Jesus called them to follow him?

A). James and John B). Simon and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Matthew and Thomas

892. Complete Jesus' words: "Come, follow me, and I will send you out to fish for ___."

A). food B). people C). treasure D). fish

893. Which four disciples asked Jesus privately when these things would happen?

A). Peter, James, John and Andrew B). Peter, Thomas, Philip and Matthew
C). James, John, Judas and Simon D). Andrew, Philip, Bartholomew and Thomas

894. One of the two disciples who heard John and followed Jesus was Simon Peter's brother. Who was he?

A). James B). Philip C). Thomas D). Andrew

895. What did Andrew tell his brother Simon after spending time with Jesus?

A). We have found the Messiah B). We have found a new teacher
C). We have found Elijah D). We have found a great prophet from Nazareth

896. Philip, like Andrew and Peter, was from which town?

A). Nazareth B). Cana C). Bethsaida D). Jericho

897. In John 1, what is the correct order of these events?

A). Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon
B). Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael
C). Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip
D). Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

898. Which disciple told Jesus about the boy with five loaves and two fish?

A). Andrew B). John C). James D). Matthew

899. What food did the boy have?

A). Seven loaves and a few fish B). Twelve loaves and one fish
C). Five small barley loaves and two small fish D). Five fish and two loaves

900. Some Greeks who came to worship at the festival asked to see Jesus. Which disciple did they go to first?

A). Andrew B). Philip C). Peter D). John

Andronicus

901. Which two people does Paul say had been in prison with him?

A). Priscilla and Aquila B). Timothy and Titus C). Andronicus and Junia
D). Gaius and Erastus

Anna

902. Which elderly prophet never left the temple but worshiped night and day?

A). Elizabeth B). Deborah C). Hannah D). Anna

903. Anna belonged to which tribe of Israel?

A). Judah B). Asher C). Levi D). Benjamin

904. What did Anna do when she saw the child Jesus?

A). She asked Mary to stay B). She gave thanks to God and spoke about the child
C). She sang a new song in the temple D). She blessed Joseph

Annas

905. Which two men held the high priesthood when John began preaching?

A). Eli and Samuel B). Zechariah and Aaron C). Ananias and Gamaliel
D). Annas and Caiaphas

906. To whom did they bring Jesus first after his arrest?

A). Caiaphas B). Annas, the father-in-law of Caiaphas C). Pilate D). Herod

907. Who was named as the high priest when Peter and John were questioned?

A). Gamaliel B). Nicodemus C). Ananias D). Annas

Antipas

908. Who was Jesus' faithful witness who was put to death in Pergamum?

A). Stephen B). James C). Antipas D). Timothy

Apollos

909. Which learned Jew from Alexandria came to Ephesus?

A). Aquila B). Apollos C). Stephen D). Titus

910. What was missing in Apollos's understanding at first?

A). He did not know the Scriptures B). He did not believe in God
C). He did not speak Greek D). He knew only the baptism of John

911. What did Priscilla and Aquila do after hearing Apollos speak?

A). Told him to stop teaching B). Reported him to Paul
C). Invited him to their home and explained the way of God more adequately
D). Asked him to leave Ephesus

912. In Achaia, what did Apollos prove from the Scriptures?

A). That Jesus was the Messiah B). That the law must be kept
C). That John was the Messiah D). That the temple was holy

913. Which of these names was NOT one the Corinthians used when saying whom they followed?

A). Apollos B). Cephas C). Peter's brother Andrew D). Paul

914. Which two leaders were the Corinthians dividing over in this chapter?

A). Peter and John B). Barnabas and Silas C). Timothy and Titus
D). Paul and Apollos

915. Complete the verse: "I planted the seed, Apollos watered it, but _____ has been making it grow."

A). God B). the church C). the Spirit D). Christ

916. In Paul's picture of the church as a garden, what did Apollos do after Paul planted the seed?

A). He harvested it B). He watered it C). He pulled the weeds D). He built a fence

917. Paul said people should think of him and Apollos as servants of Christ and as those entrusted with what?

A). The temple treasure B). The keys of the city C). The mysteries God has revealed
D). The money of the church

918. Complete Paul's saying: "Do not go beyond what is _____."

A). written B). spoken C). taught D). commanded

919. Which brother did Paul strongly urge to visit Corinth, though he was not willing to go yet?

A). Apollos B). Barnabas C). Aquila D). Stephanas

920. Which two people did Paul ask Titus to help on their way?

A). Zenas the lawyer and Apollos B). Timothy and Silas C). Barnabas and Mark
D). Aquila and Priscilla

Apphia

921. Where did the church Paul greeted meet?

A). In the temple B). In a synagogue C). In Philemon's home
D). In the marketplace

Aquila

922. Which married couple did Paul meet in Corinth?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Jason and Lydia C). Aquila and Priscilla
D). Crispus and Damaris

923. Why had Aquila and Priscilla recently come from Italy?

A). Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave Rome B). There was a famine in Italy
C). They were sent as missionaries D). Their house burned down

924. What was the trade that Paul shared with Aquila and Priscilla?

A). Fishing B). Tentmaking C). Carpentry D). Weaving purple cloth

925. In which city did Paul leave Priscilla and Aquila?

A). Ephesus B). Corinth C). Rome D). Antioch

926. What did Priscilla and Aquila do after hearing Apollos speak?

A). Told him to stop teaching B). Reported him to Paul
C). Invited him to their home and explained the way of God more adequately
D). Asked him to leave Ephesus

927. Which married couple, Paul's co-workers, risked their lives for him?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Andronicus and Junia C). Zechariah and Elizabeth
D). Priscilla and Aquila

928. Where did the church meet that Paul greets along with Priscilla and Aquila?

A). At their house B). In the synagogue C). In the temple D). By the river

929. Which couple sent warm greetings, along with the church that met at their house?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Aquila and Priscilla C). Zechariah and Elizabeth D). Joseph and Mary

930. Which couple did Paul ask Timothy to greet?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Priscilla and Aquila C). Zechariah and Elizabeth D). Joseph and Mary

Araunah

931. What did the LORD say to the angel about to destroy Jerusalem?

A). "Enough! Withdraw your hand" B). "Continue until evening" C). "Destroy the palace too" D). "Wait for David's answer"

932. Where did Gad tell David to build an altar to the LORD?

A). On Mount Zion B). At Gibeon C). On the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite D). At Bethlehem

933. David told Araunah: "I will not sacrifice to the LORD my God burnt offerings that cost me _____."

A). much B). anything C). gold D). nothing

934. How much did David pay for the threshing floor and the oxen?

A). Six hundred shekels of gold B). Fifty shekels of silver C). Thirty shekels of silver D). One hundred shekels of silver

935. Where was the angel of the LORD standing when the LORD said, "Enough! Withdraw your hand"?

A). At the gate of Bethlehem B). On the Mount of Olives C). At the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite D). Beside the Jordan River

936. What did the angel tell Gad that David must build on Araunah's threshing floor?

A). A tower B). A palace C). A house for the ark D). An altar to the LORD

937. What was Araunah doing when he saw the angel?

A). Threshing wheat B). Feeding his sheep C). Building a wall D). Praying at the altar

938. Complete David's words: "I will not take for the LORD what is yours, or sacrifice a burnt offering that costs me _____."

A). little B). nothing C). too much D). silver

939. How much did David pay Araunah for the site?

A). Four hundred shekels of silver B). Six hundred shekels of gold
C). A thousand talents of silver D). Twenty oxen

940. Whose threshing floor did David provide as the place for the temple?

A). Araunah the Jebusite B). Boaz of Bethlehem C). Gideon son of Joash
D). Obed-Edom the Gittite

Archelaus

941. Joseph was afraid to go to Judea because who was reigning there in place of his father Herod?

A). Herod Antipas B). Archelaus C). Pilate D). Agrippa

Archippus

942. Who was told to see that he completed the ministry he had received in the Lord?

A). Demas B). Justus C). Archippus D). Epaphras

943. Where did the church Paul greeted meet?

A). In the temple B). In a synagogue C). In Philemon's home
D). In the marketplace

Aretas

944. The governor under which king guarded the city of Damascus to arrest Paul?

A). King Herod B). King Agrippa C). King Aretas D). King Caesar

Arioch

945. Who was the commander of the king's guard sent to put the wise men to death?

A). Ashpenaz B). Belteshazzar C). Arioch D). Nebuzaradan

Aristarchus

946. Which two traveling companions of Paul did the crowd seize?

A). Timothy and Erastus B). Gaius and Aristarchus C). Silas and Luke
D). Titus and Tychicus

947. Which Macedonian from Thessalonica was with Paul on the ship?

A). Gaius B). Tychicus C). Aristarchus D). Trophimus

Artaxerxes

948. Which commanding officer, together with Shimshai the secretary, wrote a letter against Jerusalem?

A). Rehum B). Tattenai C). Mithredath D). Tabeel

949. In what language was the letter to King Artaxerxes written?

A). Hebrew B). Greek C). Aramaic D). Egyptian

950. What did the letter warn the king would happen if Jerusalem was rebuilt?

A). The Jews would attack Babylon B). No more taxes or tribute would be paid
C). The temple would be larger than the king's palace
D). The people would crown David's descendant king

951. What did the king say the search of the records showed about Jerusalem?

A). It had always paid its taxes B). It had been built by Cyrus
C). It had never had a king D). It had a long history of revolt

952. During the reign of which king did Ezra come up from Babylon?

A). Cyrus B). Darius C). Artaxerxes D). Nebuchadnezzar

953. Why did the king grant Ezra everything he asked?

A). Ezra paid the king much gold B). Ezra had saved the king's life
C). The king was afraid of Ezra D). The hand of the LORD his God was on him

954. What did King Artaxerxes allow any Israelite in his kingdom to do?

A). Go to Jerusalem with Ezra B). Build a new palace C). Become a Persian official
D). Stop paying the king's taxes

955. According to Artaxerxes's letter, who was not to be made to pay taxes, tribute or duty?

A). The governors of Trans-Euphrates B). All the people of Jerusalem
C). The king's seven advisers D). The priests, Levites and other temple workers

956. What did Artaxerxes tell Ezra to appoint for the people of Trans-Euphrates?

A). Priests and prophets B). Magistrates and judges C). Soldiers and captains
D). Builders and carpenters

957. Why did Ezra praise the LORD at the end of the chapter?

A). God had defeated Israel's enemies B). God had given Ezra great riches
C). God had put it into the king's heart to honour the house of the LORD
D). God had made Ezra king

958. Which king did Nehemiah serve wine to?

A). Cyrus B). Darius C). Artaxerxes D). Xerxes

959. What did the king notice about Nehemiah?

A). He looked sad B). He was sick C). He was late D). He had spilled the wine

960. When the king asked, "What is it you want?", what did Nehemiah do before he answered?

A). He bowed three times B). He asked the queen for help
C). He prayed to the God of heaven D). He asked for time to think

961. What did Nehemiah ask the king to let him do?

A). Take his family to Babylon B). Go to Judah and rebuild the city
C). Become governor of Egypt D). Bring back the temple treasures

962. Why did Nehemiah say the king granted his requests?

A). Because Nehemiah paid the king B). Because the queen asked the king
C). Because the gracious hand of his God was on him
D). Because the governors had written to the king

963. For how many years was Nehemiah governor in the land of Judah, as recorded in this chapter?

A). Twelve years B). Seven years C). Twenty years D). Forty years

964. Why was Nehemiah not in Jerusalem when Tobiah was given the room?

A). He was fighting a war in Egypt B). He was sick in Susa C). He was visiting Ammon
D). He had gone back to King Artaxerxes

Artemas

965. Where did Paul ask Titus to come and meet him?

A). Jerusalem B). Corinth C). Ephesus D). Nicopolis

Asa

966. Which son of Abijah succeeded him as king of Judah?

A). Jehoshaphat B). Nadab C). Baasha D). Asa

967. How does the Bible describe King Asa?

A). He did what was right in the eyes of the LORD, as David had done
B). He was the most evil king of Judah C). He built golden calves
D). He never went to war

968. Why did Asa remove his grandmother Maakah from her position as queen mother?

A). She tried to take the throne B). She married a foreign king
C). She had made a repulsive image for the worship of Asherah
D). She stole from the temple

969. What did Asa NOT remove, even though his heart was fully committed to the LORD?

A). The ark B). The high places C). The bronze Sea D). The temple priests

970. Which town did Baasha king of Israel fortify to stop people from going to or from Asa's territory?

A). Bethel B). Tirzah C). Mizpah D). Ramah

971. To which king in Damascus did Asa send silver and gold, asking him to break his treaty with Baasha?

A). Ben-Hadad king of Aram B). Shishak king of Egypt C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). Achish king of Gath

972. What did King Asa do with the stones and timber Baasha had used at Ramah?

A). He burned them B). He used them to build up Geba and Mizpah
C). He gave them to Ben-Hadad D). He built a new temple with them

973. Who succeeded Asa as king of Judah?

A). Abijah B). Nadab C). Jehoshaphat D). Ahab

974. In whose ways did Jehoshaphat, king of Judah, walk?

A). The ways of his father Asa, doing right in the LORD's eyes B). The ways of Jeroboam
C). The ways of Ahab D). The ways of Rehoboam

975. Who became king of Judah after Abijah?

A). Rehoboam B). Asa C). Jehoshaphat D). Joash

976. For how long was the country at peace at the start of Asa's reign?

A). Three years B). Forty years C). Ten years D). Seven years

977. What kind of king was Asa in the eyes of the LORD?

A). He did evil B). He was lazy C). He was cruel
D). He did what was good and right

978. Which of these did Asa cut down?

A). Asherah poles B). Cedar trees C). The temple doors D). City walls

979. What did Asa command the people of Judah to do?

A). Pay more taxes B). Seek the LORD and obey His laws and commands
C). Build him a palace D). Go to war against Israel

980. Why did Asa say the land was still theirs?

A). They had a large army B). They had strong walls C). They had sought the LORD
D). They had paid Egypt

981. How were the 280,000 men from Benjamin armed?

A). With swords and spears B). With large shields and spears
C). With chariots and horses D). With small shields and bows

982. In which valley did Asa take up battle positions?

A). Valley of Elah B). Valley of Zephathah C). Valley of Jezreel D). Valley of Aijalon

983. Complete Asa's prayer: "LORD, there is no one like you to help the _____ against the mighty."

A). righteous B). faithful C). powerless D). poor

984. Why did Asa ask God to help them against the vast army?

A). They had more soldiers B). They were angry at Zerah C). Zerah had insulted them
D). They relied on God and came in His name

985. Who struck down the Cushites before Asa and Judah?

A). The LORD B). The army of Israel C). The Egyptians
D). An angel named Michael

986. As far as which place did Asa pursue the Cushites?

A). Egypt B). Gerar C). Gaza D). Beersheba

987. Why could Judah destroy the villages around Gerar?

A). The people there were asleep B). The villages had no walls
C). The terror of the LORD had fallen on them D). The villagers welcomed them

988. On whom did the Spirit of God come, so that he went out to meet Asa?

A). Shemaiah B). Iddo C). Azariah son of Oded D). Hanani

989. Complete Azariah's words: "The LORD is with you when you are _____ him."

A). with B). near C). like D). for

990. Complete Azariah's encouragement: "Be strong and do not give up, for your work will be _____."

A). finished B). rewarded C). remembered D). blessed

991. What did Asa do after hearing Azariah's prophecy?

A). He went to war against Israel B). He built a new palace
C). He took courage and removed the detestable idols D). He sent gifts to Egypt

992. Why did large numbers of people from Israel come over to Asa?

A). They were afraid of war B). They saw that the LORD his God was with him
C). Asa paid them silver D). There was a famine in Israel

993. In which year of Asa's reign did the people assemble in Jerusalem?

A). The fifteenth year B). The third year C). The tenth year D). The thirty-fifth year

994. What covenant did the people enter into?

A). To build a new temple B). To make Asa king forever C). To go to war against Israel
D). To seek the LORD with all their heart and soul

995. Whom did Asa remove from her position as queen mother?

A). Naamah B). Maakah C). Jezebel D). Athaliah

996. Where did Asa burn Maakah's repulsive Asherah image?

A). In the temple courtyard B). At Bethel C). In the Kidron Valley
D). At the Jordan River

997. How is Asa's heart described, even though he did not remove the high places from Israel?

A). Proud all his life B). Afraid all his life C). Divided all his life
D). Fully committed all his life

998. Until which year of Asa's reign was there no more war?

A). The thirty-fifth year B). The tenth year C). The fifteenth year
D). The twentieth year

999. Which king of Israel went up against Judah and fortified Ramah?

A). Jeroboam B). Ahab C). Omri D). Baasha

1000. Why did Baasha fortify Ramah?

A). To build a temple there B). To prevent anyone from leaving or entering Asa's territory
C). To store grain for a famine D). To make it his new capital

1001. To which king did Asa send silver and gold for help against Baasha?

A). Ben-Hadad king of Aram B). Shishak king of Egypt C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). Zerah the Cushite

1002. Where did Asa get the silver and gold he sent to Ben-Hadad?

A). From a war against Egypt B). From the people's taxes
C). From the treasuries of the LORD's temple and his palace D). From the queen of Sheba

1003. Which towns did Asa build with the stones and timber taken from Ramah?

A). Bethel and Jericho B). Hebron and Lachish C). Dan and Beersheba
D). Geba and Mizpah

1004. Which seer came to rebuke Asa?

A). Hanani B). Azariah C). Iddo D). Shemaiah

1005. What did Hanani say Asa had done wrong?

A). He built too many cities B). He had too many wives
C). He relied on the king of Aram and not on the LORD D). He did not pay his soldiers

1006. Which earlier victory did Hanani remind Asa of, when he relied on the LORD?

A). The victory over the Philistines B). The victory over Jeroboam
C). The victory over Egypt D). The victory over the Cushites and Libyans

1007. What did Asa do to Hanani the seer?

A). He thanked him B). He put him in prison C). He made him a priest
D). He sent him to Aram

1008. When Asa's feet became diseased, whom did he seek help from?

A). Only the LORD B). The prophets C). Only the physicians D). The priests

1009. In which year of his reign did Asa die?

A). The thirty-sixth B). The thirty-ninth C). The fifteenth D). The forty-first

1010. Where was Asa buried?

A). In the tomb he had cut out for himself in the City of David B). In the temple courtyard
C). At Ramah D). In the Kidron Valley

1011. Who succeeded Asa as king of Judah?

A). Jehoram B). Jehoshaphat C). Joash D). Ahaziah

1012. Which king of Judah had made the cistern into which Ishmael threw the bodies?

A). Hezekiah B). Solomon C). Uzziah D). Asa

Asahel

1013. Which son of Zeruiah was as fast on his feet as a wild gazelle?

A). Joab B). Abishai C). Amasa D). Asahel

1014. What happened after Asahel chased Abner and refused to turn aside?

A). Asahel captured Abner B). Abner struck Asahel with the butt of his spear and he died
C). Abner surrendered to Joab D). Asahel gave up and went back to Hebron

1015. Besides Asahel, how many of David's men were missing after the battle?

A). Nineteen B). Twelve C). Forty D). Three hundred and sixty

1016. Where was Asahel buried?

A). In Hebron B). In Gibeon C). In his father's tomb at Bethlehem
D). In the cave of Adullam

1017. Why did Joab kill Abner?

A). Abner had insulted David B). Abner had killed Joab's brother Asahel
C). Abner had stolen from Joab D). David ordered him to

1018. Abishai, Joab and Asahel were the three sons of which sister of David?

A). Abigail B). Zeruiah C). Michal D). Tamar

1019. Which brother of Joab was over the fourth division?

A). Abishai B). Amasa C). Asahel D). Uriah

Asaph

1020. Which of Heman's associates served at his right hand?

A). Ethan B). Jeduthun C). Korah D). Asaph

1021. Which of these was NOT one of the three musicians named to sound the bronze cymbals?

A). Heman B). Asaph C). Ethan D). Kenaniah

1022. Who was the chief of the Levites appointed to minister before the ark, and sounded the cymbals?

A). Heman B). Kenaniah C). Obed-Edom D). Asaph

1023. For what ministry did David set apart some of the sons of Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun?

A). The ministry of guarding the gates

B). The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals

C). The ministry of baking bread D). The ministry of judging the people

1024. Which Levite musicians are named as leading the music with their sons and relatives?

A). Zadok, Abiathar and Nathan B). Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun

C). Aaron, Eleazar and Phinehas D). Korah, Dathan and Abiram

1025. With whose words did Hezekiah order the Levites to praise the LORD?

A). The words of David and Asaph the seer B). The words of Moses and Miriam

C). The words of Solomon D). The words of Isaiah

1026. Which musicians were in their places as prescribed by David?

A). The descendants of Asaph B). The sons of Korah only C). The priests of Baal

D). The musicians from Tyre

1027. The temple musicians listed in Ezra 2 were descendants of whom?

A). Korah B). Aaron C). Levi D). Asaph

1028. What did the people do when the builders laid the foundation of the temple?

A). They left Jerusalem B). They held a great feast for the king

C). They praised the LORD with trumpets and cymbals D). They stopped the work to rest

1029. To whom did Nehemiah ask for a letter so he could get timber for the gates and wall?

A). Hanani, his brother B). Sanballat the Horonite C). Ezra the scribe

D). Asaph, keeper of the royal park

1030. The Levite Uzzi was chief officer in Jerusalem. From whose descendants did he come, the musicians responsible for the service of the house of God?

A). Korah B). Aaron C). Levi's son Gershon D). Asaph

1031. According to Nehemiah 12:45-46, the musicians and gatekeepers served according to the commands of which kings?

A). Saul and Jonathan B). Hezekiah and Josiah C). Asa and Jehoshaphat
D). David and his son Solomon

1032. According to its title, Psalm 50 is a psalm of whom?

A). David B). Asaph C). Moses D). The Sons of Korah

1033. According to the title of Psalm 73, who wrote it?

A). David B). Solomon C). Asaph D). Moses

1034. Complete the verse: "Surely God is good to Israel, to those who are ___ in heart."

A). pure B). strong C). humble D). glad

1035. In Psalm 73:3, why had Asaph's feet almost slipped?

A). He was afraid of his enemies
B). He envied the arrogant when he saw the wicked prospering
C). He was tired of serving in the temple D). He had lost his family

1036. According to Psalm 73:17, where did Asaph finally understand the final destiny of the wicked?

A). In the desert B). On the battlefield C). In his own house
D). In the sanctuary of God

1037. According to Psalm 73:18, where has God placed the wicked?

A). On slippery ground B). On a high mountain C). In a safe city
D). Beside quiet waters

1038. In Psalm 73:23, how does Asaph say God holds him?

A). By his shoulder B). By his right hand C). In His arms D). On His wings

1039. Complete the verse: "Whom have I in ___ but you? And earth has nothing I desire besides you."

A). the temple B). my house C). heaven D). Israel

1040. In Psalm 73:26, even if Asaph's flesh and heart fail, what does he say God is?

A). His judge B). His teacher C). His king
D). The strength of his heart and his portion forever

1041. In Psalm 73:28, what does Asaph say is good for him?

A). To be near God B). To be rich C). To be famous D). To be strong

1042. In Psalm 74:2, Asaph asks God to remember which mountain where He dwelt?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Zion C). Mount Carmel D). Mount Nebo

1043. According to Psalm 74:7, what did the enemies burn to the ground?

A). The king's palace B). The city gates C). God's sanctuary D). The fields of grain

1044. In Psalm 74:9, what does Asaph say is missing among God's people?

A). Food and water B). Kings and soldiers C). Gold and silver
D). Signs from God and prophets

1045. In Psalm 74:13, what does Asaph say God split open by His power?

A). The sea B). A mountain C). The sky D). A rock

1046. In Psalm 74:14, whose heads does Asaph say God crushed?

A). Goliath's B). Leviathan's C). Pharaoh's D). Behemoth's

1047. Complete the verse: "The day is yours, and yours also the ___."

A). light B). sun C). night D). earth

1048. According to Psalm 74:17, which two seasons did God make?

A). Spring and autumn B). Harvest and planting C). Rainy and dry
D). Summer and winter

1049. In Psalm 75:1, why does Asaph praise God?

A). Because his enemies are gone B). Because God's Name is near
C). Because the harvest is ready D). Because the temple is finished

1050. In Psalm 75:2, what does God say He chooses?

A). The king of Israel B). The tribe of Judah C). The appointed time
D). The place of worship

1051. According to Psalm 75:3, when the earth and its people quake, what does God hold firm?

A). Its pillars B). Its mountains C). Its seas D). Its cities

1052. According to Psalm 75:6-7, who brings one person down and exalts another?

A). The king B). The people C). The army D). God

1053. In Psalm 75:8, what is in the hand of the LORD for the wicked to drink?

A). A cup of foaming wine B). A bowl of water C). A jar of oil D). A cup of milk

1054. According to Psalm 76:1, in which land is God renowned?

A). Egypt B). Judah C). Moab D). Assyria

1055. According to Psalm 76:2, in which place is God's tent?

A). Salem B). Shiloh C). Bethel D). Hebron

1056. In Psalm 76:3, what did God break there?

A). The city walls B). The idols of the nations
C). The flashing arrows, shields and swords D). The chains of the prisoners

1057. In Psalm 76:6, what happened to horse and chariot at the rebuke of the God of Jacob?

A). They ran away B). They grew stronger C). They crossed the river
D). They lay still

1058. What does Psalm 76:11 tell people to do with the vows they make to the LORD?

A). Fulfill them B). Forget them C). Change them D). Keep them secret

1059. According to Psalm 77:2, what did Asaph do when he was in distress?

A). He ran away B). He sought the Lord C). He blamed his friends
D). He went to war

1060. In Psalm 77:4, what does Asaph say God kept him from doing?

A). Eating B). Speaking C). Closing his eyes D). Walking

1061. In Psalm 77:8, what troubling question does Asaph ask?

A). Has God's unfailing love vanished forever? B). Why is the temple so small?
C). Who will be the next king? D). When will the rain come?

1062. Complete the verse: "I will remember the deeds of the LORD; yes, I will remember your ___ of long ago."

A). laws B). people C). words D). miracles

1063. In Psalm 77:13, what question does Asaph ask about God's greatness?

A). Where is God? B). What god is as great as our God? C). Why is God silent?
D). How long will God wait?

1064. According to Psalm 77:19, God's path led through what, though His footprints were not seen?

A). The desert B). The mountains C). The forest D). The sea

1065. According to Psalm 77:20, by whose hands did God lead His people like a flock?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Joshua and Caleb C). David and Solomon
D). Abraham and Isaac

1066. In Psalm 78:2, Asaph says he will open his mouth with what?

A). A song of war B). A parable C). A new law D). A prophecy about kings

1067. According to Psalm 78:4, to whom will they tell the praiseworthy deeds of the LORD?

A). The next generation B). The kings of the nations C). The priests only
D). Their enemies

1068. According to Psalm 78:9, the men of which tribe turned back on the day of battle, though they were armed with bows?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Ephraim D). Dan

1069. According to Psalm 78:12, in which region of Egypt did God do miracles before their ancestors?

A). Goshen B). Memphis C). Pithom D). Zoan

1070. In Psalm 78:13, when God divided the sea, how did He make the water stand?

A). Like a wall B). Like a mountain C). Like ice D). Like a cloud

1071. According to Psalm 78:14, how did God guide His people by day?

A). With a star B). With a cloud C). With an angel D). With a pillar of salt

1072. In Psalm 78:15-16, what did God split in the wilderness to give His people water?

A). The ground B). The trees C). The rocks D). The clouds

1073. In Psalm 78:19, what doubting question did the people ask?

A). Can God really spread a table in the wilderness? B). Can God really part the sea?
C). Can God really give us a king? D). Can God really defeat Egypt?

1074. According to Psalm 78:24-25, what did God rain down for the people to eat?

A). Quail B). Fruit C). Honey D). Manna

1075. In Psalm 78:27, God rained down birds on His people. They were as many as what?

A). Stars in the sky B). Sand on the seashore C). Trees in the forest
D). Hairs on a head

1076. According to Psalm 78:44, what did God turn the rivers of Egypt into?

A). Dust B). Ice C). Blood D). Fire

1077. According to Psalm 78:51, whom did God strike down in Egypt?

A). All the firstborn B). All the soldiers C). All the magicians D). All the priests

1078. According to Psalm 78:60, God abandoned the tabernacle at which place?

A). Bethel B). Gilgal C). Hebron D). Shiloh

1079. According to Psalm 78:67-68, which tribe did God choose instead of Ephraim?

A). Benjamin B). Judah C). Levi D). Reuben

1080. According to Psalm 78:70, from where did God take David when He chose him?

A). From the palace B). From the battlefield C). From the sheep pens
D). From the temple

1081. According to Psalm 79:1, which city had the nations reduced to rubble?

A). Samaria B). Jerusalem C). Jericho D). Bethlehem

1082. In Psalm 79:4, how does Asaph say their neighbors see God's people?

A). As heroes B). As friends C). As objects of contempt D). As rulers

1083. In Psalm 79:9, for whose sake does Asaph ask God to forgive their sins?

A). For God's name's sake B). For the king's sake C). For the children's sake
D). For the priests' sake

1084. In Psalm 79:10, what does Asaph not want the nations to say?

A). "Their God is great!" B). "Let us worship their God!" C). "Their city is beautiful!"
D). "Where is their God?"

1085. Complete the verse: "Then we your people, the ___ of your pasture, will praise you forever."

A). sheep B). flowers C). children D). servants

1086. In Psalm 80:1, what does Asaph call God?

A). Shepherd of Israel B). King of Egypt C). Builder of the temple
D). Judge of Moab

1087. According to Psalm 80:1, where is God enthroned?

A). On Mount Sinai B). Between the cherubim C). In the clouds D). On the sea

1088. Complete the verse repeated in Psalm 80: "Restore us, O God; make your face shine on us, that we may be ___."

A). happy B). strong C). saved D). rich

1089. In Psalm 80:5, what does Asaph say God has fed His people with?

A). Manna from heaven B). Milk and honey C). Fruit of the land
D). The bread of tears

1090. In Psalm 80:8, God's people are pictured as what, brought out of Egypt and planted in the land?

A). A vine B). An olive tree C). A field of wheat D). A cedar

1091. In Psalm 80:13, which animals from the forest ravage the vine?

A). Lions B). Boars C). Foxes D). Bears

1092. According to Psalm 81:3, what should be sounded at the New Moon?

A). The ram's horn B). The silver bell C). The large drum D). The temple gong

1093. In Psalm 81:7, at which waters does God say He tested His people?

A). The Jordan B). Marah C). Meribah D). The Red Sea

1094. In Psalm 81:10, God reminds His people that He brought them up out of which land?

A). Babylon B). Canaan C). Assyria D). Egypt

1095. Complete the verse: "Open wide your ___ and I will fill it."

A). hands B). mouth C). heart D). house

1096. In Psalm 81:11-12, what did God do when His people would not listen to Him?

A). He gave them a new king B). He sent them manna

C). He gave them over to their stubborn hearts D). He moved them to a new land

1097. In Psalm 81:16, God says He would satisfy His people with honey from where?

A). The rock B). The trees C). The flowers D). The desert

1098. According to Psalm 82:1, where does God preside?

A). In the great assembly B). On Mount Sinai C). In the king's court

D). At the city gate

1099. In Psalm 82:2, what does God accuse the unjust judges of doing?

A). Helping the poor B). Showing partiality to the wicked C). Building idols

D). Refusing to pay taxes

1100. According to Psalm 82:3, whom are the judges told to defend?

A). The rich and powerful B). The kings and princes C). The weak and the fatherless

D). The priests and Levites

1101. Complete the verse: "Rise up, O God, judge the earth, for all the ___ are your inheritance."

A). kings B). people C). lands D). nations

1102. In Psalm 83:1, what does Asaph ask God not to do?

A). Remain silent B). Send rain C). Leave the temple D). Forget the king

1103. According to Psalm 83:4, what did Israel's enemies plan?

A). To make peace with Israel B). To trade with Israel

C). To destroy Israel so its name is remembered no more D). To worship Israel's God

1104. According to Psalm 83:8, which powerful nation joined the alliance against Israel?

A). Egypt B). Babylon C). Persia D). Assyria

1105. In Psalm 83:9, at which river did God defeat Sisera and Jabin?

A). The Jordan B). The Kishon C). The Nile D). The Euphrates

1106. Complete the verse: "Let them know that you, whose name is the LORD — that you alone are the Most High over all the ___."

A). nations B). heavens C). earth D). gods

Asher

1107. How are the descendants of Asher described?

A). Skilled craftsmen and wise judges

B). Choice men, brave warriors and outstanding leaders

C). Priests who served in the temple D). Shepherds who lived in tents

Ashpenaz

1108. Who was the chief of Nebuchadnezzar's court officials?

A). Arioch B). Ashpenaz C). Belteshazzar D). Nebuzaradan

1109. Why did the chief official show favor and compassion to Daniel?

A). Daniel paid him money B). God caused him to C). The king ordered him to
D). Daniel was his relative

1110. Why was the chief official afraid to let Daniel avoid the king's food?

A). He feared the young men would run away B). He feared Daniel's God
C). He feared the king would see them looking worse and he would lose his head
D). He feared there would not be enough vegetables

Athaliah

1111. Who was the mother of Ahaziah king of Judah?

A). Jezebel B). Bathsheba C). Maakah D). Athaliah

1112. Who tried to destroy the whole royal family of Judah after her son Ahaziah died?

A). Jezebel B). Jehosheba C). Athaliah D). Maakah

1113. Who rescued the young prince Joash and hid him from Athaliah?

A). The Shunammite woman B). Jehosheba C). Athaliah's servant
D). Jehoiada's wife

1114. When Athaliah saw the new king, she tore her robes and called out: "_____! _____!"

A). Help B). Murder C). Treason D). Guards

1115. Why did Jehoiada order that Athaliah be taken out before she was put to death?

A). He wanted her to see the people
B). She must not be put to death in the temple of the LORD
C). The king wanted to speak with her D). The guards were outside

1116. Who was Ahaziah's mother?

A). Jezebel B). Maakah C). Jehosheba D). Athaliah

1117. Who encouraged Ahaziah to act wickedly?

A). His mother B). The priests C). The prophets D). The people of Judah

1118. What did Athaliah do when she saw that her son Ahaziah was dead?

A). She fled to Egypt B). She mourned for forty days C). She made Joash king
D). She destroyed the whole royal family of Judah

1119. Where did Joash stay hidden for six years?

A). In a cave B). In Samaria C). At the temple of God D). In Egypt

1120. What did Athaliah shout when she saw the new king?

A). Treason! Treason! B). Help me! Help me! C). Seize him! D). Long live the king!

1121. Why did Jehoiada order that Athaliah be taken out before she was put to death?

A). So the people could see her

B). He said she must not be put to death at the temple of the LORD

C). So she could have a trial D). So she could say goodbye

1122. Where was Athaliah put to death?

A). Inside the temple courtyard B). At the Water Gate

C). At the entrance of the Horse Gate on the palace grounds D). In the Kidron Valley

1123. Why was the city calm after these events?

A). Egypt had been defeated B). A new temple had been built

C). Athaliah had been slain D). All the soldiers had gone home

1124. Why did the temple need to be restored?

A). An earthquake had damaged it B). Egypt had burned it C). It had become too old

D). Athaliah's sons had broken in and used its sacred objects for the Baals

Awel-Marduk

1125. Which king of Babylon released Jehoiachin from prison?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Marduk-Baladan C). Awel-Marduk D). Nebuzaradan

1126. How is Jehoiachin treated at the very end of 2 Kings?

A). He is put back in chains

B). He is given a seat of honour and eats at the king's table for the rest of his life

C). He is sent home to rule Judah D). He is sold as a slave

1127. Which king of Babylon released Jehoiachin king of Judah from prison?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Nabonidus D). Awel-Marduk

1128. How was Jehoiachin treated after he was released?

A). He was sent back to Judah as king

B). He was given a seat of honor and ate regularly at the king's table

C). He was made a servant in the palace D). He was sent to Egypt

Azariah

1129. How old was Azariah when the people of Judah made him king?

A). Seven B). Twenty-five C). Twelve D). Sixteen

1130. How long did Azariah reign in Jerusalem?

A). Sixteen years B). Forty-one years C). Fifty-two years D). Twenty-nine years

1131. What did the LORD afflict King Azariah with until the day he died?

A). Blindness B). Leprosy C). Deafness D). A broken leg

1132. Who governed the people of Judah while King Azariah had leprosy?

A). His son Jotham B). His mother Jekoliah C). The high priest D). His son Ahaz

1133. Which priest is described as the one who served in the temple Solomon built in Jerusalem?

A). Azariah son of Johanan B). Zadok son of Ahitub C). Eli
D). Jehozadak son of Seraiah

1134. On whom did the Spirit of God come, so that he went out to meet Asa?

A). Shemaiah B). Iddo C). Azariah son of Oded D). Hanani

1135. Complete Azariah's words: "The LORD is with you when you are _____ him."

A). with B). near C). like D). for

1136. What did Azariah say would happen if the people sought the LORD?

A). They would become rich B). He would be found by them
C). They would never be sick D). They would rule Egypt

1137. How did Azariah describe Israel's condition for a long time?

A). Rich but proud B). Strong but lonely C). Peaceful and happy
D). Without the true God, without a teaching priest and without the law

1138. Complete Azariah's encouragement: "Be strong and do not give up, for your work will be _____."

A). finished B). rewarded C). remembered D). blessed

1139. Which priest followed Uzziah into the temple with eighty other courageous priests?

A). Zadok B). Jehoiada C). Azariah D). Amariah

1140. Why did the priests say it was not right for Uzziah to burn incense?

A). He was too young B). He had not washed first C). It was not the right day
D). It was for the priests, the descendants of Aaron

1141. Why did the priests have enough to eat and plenty to spare, according to Azariah?

A). The LORD had blessed His people B). The king had bought extra food
C). Assyria had sent grain D). There were fewer priests

1142. From which priestly family was Azariah the chief priest?

A). The family of Eli B). The family of Zadok C). The family of Abiathar
D). The family of Korah

1143. Where did several people, including the priests above the Horse Gate, repair the wall?

A). Next to the temple treasury B). Beside the king's palace C). Outside the city
D). In front of their own houses

1144. How did Azariah, Johanan and the arrogant men respond to Jeremiah's message?

A). "You are lying! The LORD has not sent you" B). "We will obey every word"
C). "Let us pray again" D). "Lead us to Babylon"

1145. From which tribe did Daniel, Hananiah, Mishael and Azariah come?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Levi D). Ephraim

1146. Which young man was given the name Abednego?

A). Hananiah B). Mishael C). Daniel D). Azariah

1147. How many days did Daniel ask the guard to test them?

A). Ten days B). Three days C). Seven days D). Forty days

1148. What happened after the ten-day test ended?

A). The four men were sent back to Judah
B). The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables
C). The king punished the guard D). Daniel began eating the royal food

1149. The king found the four young men how many times better than all his magicians and enchanters?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Ten times D). Twelve times

1150. What did Daniel ask his friends to do after he was given time?

A). Run away from Babylon B). Study the stars C). Find another wise man
D). Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

1151. At Daniel's request, who were made administrators over the province of Babylon?

A). Arioch and Ashpenaz B). The magicians and astrologers
C). Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego D). Daniel's family from Judah

Baal

1152. By which false god did the prophets prophesy?

A). Molek B). Dagon C). Baal D). Chemosh

1153. How many altars had the people of Jerusalem set up to burn incense to Baal?

A). As many as there were streets in Jerusalem B). Seven
C). As many as there were tribes D). Twelve

1154. What had the people done on the high places of Baal that God said He never commanded?

A). Burned their children in the fire as offerings B). Sold their land
C). Built houses of cedar D). Written new laws

1155. The prophets of which city prophesied by Baal and led Israel astray?

A). Samaria B). Bethel C). Dan D). Tyre

Baalis

1156. According to Johanan, which king had sent Ishmael son of Nethaniah to kill Gedaliah?

A). Pharaoh Hophra B). Baalis king of the Ammonites C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Edom

Baanah

1157. Who were the two leaders of raiding bands who killed Ish-Bosheth?

A). Joab and Abishai B). Baanah and Rekab C). Ziba and Mephibosheth
D). Hanun and Shobi

1158. When did Rekab and Baanah go into Ish-Bosheth's house to kill him?

A). In the heat of the day while he was resting B). At dawn before he woke
C). At midnight while he slept D). During a feast

1159. What did Rekab and Baanah bring to David at Hebron?

A). Saul's crown B). The head of Ish-Bosheth C). A letter from Ish-Bosheth
D). Gold and silver

1160. Whom did David remind Rekab and Baanah of when he refused to reward them?

A). Nabal of Carmel B). Goliath of Gath
C). The man at Ziklag who reported Saul's death D). Doeg the Edomite

Baasha

1161. Which town did Baasha king of Israel fortify to stop people from going to or from Asa's territory?

A). Bethel B). Tirzah C). Mizpah D). Ramah

1162. To which king in Damascus did Asa send silver and gold, asking him to break his treaty with Baasha?

A). Ben-Hadad king of Aram B). Shishak king of Egypt C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). Achish king of Gath

1163. What did King Asa do with the stones and timber Baasha had used at Ramah?

A). He burned them B). He used them to build up Geba and Mizpah
C). He gave them to Ben-Hadad D). He built a new temple with them

1164. Who plotted against Nadab, son of Jeroboam, and killed him?

A). Zimri B). Omri C). Ahab D). Baasha son of Ahijah

1165. When Baasha killed Jeroboam's whole family, whose earlier prophecy was fulfilled?

A). Ahijah the Shilonite B). Nathan C). Shemaiah D). Elijah

1166. Where did Baasha reign as king over all Israel?

A). Samaria B). Tirzah C). Shechem D). Jerusalem

1167. Which prophet, the son of Hanani, brought the word of the LORD against King Baasha?

A). Ahijah B). Jehu C). Elijah D). Shemaiah

1168. What did the LORD say He would do to Baasha's family, because Baasha walked in the ways of Jeroboam?

A). Make it the greatest family in Israel B). Send it to Egypt
C). Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam D). Give it the tribe of Judah

1169. Which king of Israel went up against Judah and fortified Ramah?

A). Jeroboam B). Ahab C). Omri D). Baasha

1170. Why did Baasha fortify Ramah?

A). To build a temple there B). To prevent anyone from leaving or entering Asa's territory
C). To store grain for a famine D). To make it his new capital

1171. What did Baasha do when he heard that Ben-Hadad had attacked his towns?

A). He attacked Jerusalem B). He stopped building Ramah C). He asked Egypt for help
D). He made peace with Asa

1172. Which king of Judah had made the cistern into which Ishmael threw the bodies?

A). Hezekiah B). Solomon C). Uzziah D). Asa

Balaam

1173. Whom did Balak send for to curse the people of Israel?

A). Aaron B). Moses C). Balaam D). Eleazar

1174. What did God first tell Balaam about going with Balak's men?

A). To go and curse Israel
B). Not to go with them or curse the people, for they were blessed C). To go but stay silent
D). To send Aaron instead

1175. Who stood in the road with a drawn sword as Balaam traveled?

A). A soldier of Moab B). Balak himself C). One of Israel's leaders
D). The angel of the Lord

1176. What surprising thing happened with Balaam's donkey?

A). It flew into the air B). The Lord made it speak to Balaam C). It turned into a horse
D). It ran into the enemy camp

1177. Why had the donkey turned away from the road three times?

A). It was tired and thirsty B). It was frightened by a lion
C). It saw the angel of the Lord blocking the way D). It had lost its way

1178. What was Balaam told he must do when he reached Balak?

A). Curse Israel as Balak wished B). Refuse to speak at all
C). Ask Balak for more payment D). Speak only the words God gave him

1179. How many altars did Balak build at Balaam's request?

A). Three B). Ten C). Twelve D). Seven

1180. Why did Balaam say he could not curse Israel?

A). Because he was afraid of Balak
B). Because he could not curse those God had not cursed C). Because he had lost his power
D). Because the people were too far away

1181. Balaam said, 'Let me die the death of the _____.'

A). righteous B). mighty C). wealthy D). peaceful

1182. How did Balak feel after Balaam's first message?

A). He was pleased and rewarded him B). He decided to worship Israel's God
C). He was upset because Balaam blessed Israel instead of cursing them
D). He sent Balaam away for good

1183. Balaam said, 'God is not a man, that he should _____.'

A). sleep B). grow weary C). lie D). forget

1184. What did Balaam say about the blessing God had given Israel?

A). It could be undone by more sacrifices
B). God had blessed them, and he could not change it C). It would last only a short time
D). It depended on Balak's approval

1185. What did Balak finally say to Balaam after the second message?

A). Curse them once more B). Bless them again C). Leave at once
D). Neither curse them nor bless them

1186. What was different about how Balaam spoke his third message?

A). He used more sacrifices than before
B). The Spirit of God came on him and he did not use divination
C). He whispered it in secret D). He wrote it down instead of speaking

1187. Balaam said, 'How beautiful are your tents, _____.'

A). Israel B). Judah C). Jacob D). Moab

1188. What did Balaam say would happen to those who blessed or cursed Israel?

A). Those who bless them are blessed, and those who curse them are cursed

B). Everyone would be treated the same C). Only Balak would be blessed

D). Those who cursed them would prosper

1189. How did Balak react when Balaam blessed Israel a third time?

A). He rejoiced greatly B). He offered Balaam more money

C). He asked for one more blessing D). He was angry and told Balaam to go home

1190. What did Balaam prophesy would come out of Jacob and rise out of Israel?

A). A cloud and a fire B). A river and a mountain C). A star and a scepter

D). A sword and a shield

1191. What did Balaam and Balak do at the end of the chapter?

A). They made a covenant together B). They went to war against Israel

C). They offered a final sacrifice D). They each went their own way

1192. Which man, known for trying to curse Israel, was killed in this battle?

A). Balaam B). Balak C). Sihon D). Og

1193. Why were the Ammonites and Moabites excluded from the assembly of the Lord?

A). They did not meet Israel with food and water, and hired Balaam to curse them

B). They lived too far away C). They refused to pay tribute

D). They spoke a different language

1194. What did the Lord do with the curse Balaam was hired to speak against Israel?

A). He allowed it to stand B). He silenced Balaam completely

C). He turned the curse into a blessing, because He loved Israel

D). He sent Balaam back home

1195. Which man who practiced divination did the Israelites put to death along with others?

A). Balak B). Sihon C). Og D). Balaam son of Beor

1196. Whom did Balak king of Moab send for to curse Israel?

A). Balaam son of Beor B). Og king of Bashan C). Sihon king of Heshbon

D). Jabin king of Hazor

1197. The Ammonites and Moabites had hired someone to curse Israel. Who was he?

A). Balaam B). Balak C). Korah D). Goliath

1198. Which king of Moab did God tell His people to remember in Micah 6:5?

A). Eglon B). Mesha C). Og D). Balak

1199. False teachers have followed the way of which man, son of Bezer, who loved the wages of wickedness?

A). Balaam B). Korah C). Achan D). Judas

1200. What animal spoke with a human voice and stopped Balaam's madness?

A). A camel B). A donkey C). A horse D). An ox

1201. Jude says these people have taken the way of Cain and rushed for profit into Balaam's error. Whose rebellion does he also mention?

A). Absalom's rebellion B). Korah's rebellion C). Jeroboam's rebellion
D). Sheba's rebellion

1202. In the letter to Pergamum, who is said to have taught Balak to lead the Israelites into sin?

A). Jezebel B). Korah C). Ahab D). Balaam

Balak

1203. Which king was afraid of Israel and wanted them cursed?

A). Balak king of Moab B). Sihon king of the Amorites C). Og king of Bashan
D). The king of Arad

1204. Whom did Balak send for to curse the people of Israel?

A). Aaron B). Moses C). Balaam D). Eleazar

1205. How many altars did Balak build at Balaam's request?

A). Three B). Ten C). Twelve D). Seven

1206. How did Balak feel after Balaam's first message?

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C). He was upset because Balaam blessed Israel instead of cursing them
D). He sent Balaam away for good

1207. What did Balak finally say to Balaam after the second message?

A). Curse them once more B). Bless them again C). Leave at once
D). Neither curse them nor bless them

1208. How did Balak react when Balaam blessed Israel a third time?

A). He rejoiced greatly B). He offered Balaam more money
C). He asked for one more blessing D). He was angry and told Balaam to go home

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D). Jabin king of Hazor

1211. Which king of Moab did God tell His people to remember in Micah 6:5?

A). Eglon B). Mesha C). Og D). Balak

1212. In the letter to Pergamum, who is said to have taught Balak to lead the Israelites into sin?

A). Jezebel B). Korah C). Ahab D). Balaam

Barabbas

1213. Which well-known prisoner did the crowd ask Pilate to release instead of Jesus?

A). Simon B). Barabbas C). Judas D). Malchus

1214. Which prisoner, held with rebels who had committed murder, did the crowd ask Pilate to release?

A). Bartimaeus B). Barabbas C). Barnabas D). Malchus

1215. Who stirred up the crowd to have Pilate release Barabbas instead?

A). The chief priests B). The Roman soldiers C). The disciples D). Herod's servants

1216. Why did Pilate release Barabbas and hand Jesus over to be crucified?

A). He believed Jesus was guilty B). Caesar sent him a letter
C). He wanted to satisfy the crowd D). Herod commanded him

1217. Which prisoner did the crowd ask Pilate to release instead of Jesus?

A). Barabbas B). Simon C). Judas D). Malchus

1218. Which prisoner did the crowd ask Pilate to release instead of Jesus?

A). Malchus B). Annas C). Barabbas D). Judas

Barak

1219. Whom did Deborah send for and tell to lead Israel's army against Sisera?

A). Gideon B). Heber C). Barak D). Lappidoth

1220. To which mountain did the LORD command Barak to lead his ten thousand men?

A). Mount Tabor B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Gilboa D). Mount Sinai

1221. From which two tribes did the LORD tell Barak to take ten thousand men?

A). Ephraim and Benjamin B). Naphtali and Zebulun C). Judah and Simeon
D). Issachar and Asher

1222. What did Barak say to Deborah when she gave him the LORD's command?

A). I will go only if God gives me a sign B). I will go if the elders agree

C). I will go if you give me a thousand chariots

D). If you go with me, I will go; but if you don't go with me, I won't go

1223. Because of the course Barak took, what did Deborah say would happen?

A). The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

B). Israel would lose the battle C). Barak would be killed in the battle

D). Deborah would become queen of Israel

1224. Complete what Deborah said to Barak: "Go! This is the day the LORD has given Sisera into your hands. Has not the ___ gone ahead of you?"

A). LORD B). army C). angel D). ark

1225. Who sang the song in Judges 5 after the victory over Sisera?

A). Moses and Miriam B). Deborah and Barak C). Jael and Heber

D). Deborah and Jael

1226. Complete the verse: "When the princes in Israel take the lead, when the people willingly offer themselves — ___ the LORD!"

A). fear B). obey C). serve D). praise

1227. Which of these did Samuel name among the leaders the LORD sent to deliver Israel?

A). Jephthah B). Joshua C). Moses D). Eli

1228. Which of these people is NOT named in Hebrews 11:32?

A). Gideon B). Samson C). David D). Elijah

Barakel

1229. Who was the father of Elihu?

A). Barakel B). Bildad C). Buz D). Ram

Barnabas

1230. Which man's name meant 'son of encouragement'?

A). Stephen B). Barnabas C). Silas D). Matthias

1231. Barnabas was a Levite from which place?

A). Crete B). Tarsus C). Cyprus D). Antioch

1232. What did Barnabas sell and bring to the apostles?

A). A boat B). A donkey C). A vineyard D). A field

1233. Who brought Saul to the apostles in Jerusalem when the disciples were afraid of him?

A). Barnabas B). Ananias C). Philip D). Silas

1234. Whom did the church in Jerusalem send to Antioch?

A). Peter B). Barnabas C). Philip D). Silas

1235. How is Barnabas described in this chapter?

A). A rich man who loved money B). A teacher of the law C). A bold soldier
D). A good man, full of the Holy Spirit and faith

1236. Where did Barnabas go to look for Saul?

A). Tarsus B). Damascus C). Jerusalem D). Cyprus

1237. For how long did Barnabas and Saul meet with the church in Antioch and teach?

A). Three months B). Seven days C). A whole year D). Two years

1238. By whom did the church in Antioch send its gift to the elders?

A). Peter and John B). Barnabas and Saul C). Silas and Timothy
D). Agabus and Simeon

1239. Whom did Barnabas and Saul take with them when they returned from Jerusalem?

A). Silas B). Timothy C). John, also called Mark D). Luke

1240. Which of these men was among the prophets and teachers in the church at Antioch?

A). Silas B). Apollos C). Manaen D). Timothy

1241. The Holy Spirit said, "Set apart for me _____ for the work to which I have called them."

A). Peter and John B). Simeon and Lucius C). Paul and Silas D). Barnabas and Saul

1242. What did the church do before sending off Barnabas and Saul?

A). They gave them gold and horses
B). They fasted, prayed and placed their hands on them C). They wrote letters to Rome
D). They held a great feast

1243. After going down to Seleucia, to which island did Barnabas and Saul sail?

A). Crete B). Malta C). Cyprus D). Patmos

1244. Who was with Barnabas and Saul as their helper on Cyprus?

A). John B). Silas C). Luke D). Timothy

1245. Where did Paul stand up to preach on the Sabbath in Pisidian Antioch?

A). In the marketplace B). At the river C). In the synagogue D). In the theater

1246. After being rejected, to whom did Paul and Barnabas say they would now turn?

A). The Samaritans B). The priests C). The Romans only D). The Gentiles

1247. "I have made you a _____ for the Gentiles, that you may bring salvation to the ends of the earth."

A). servant B). light C). prophet D). blessing

1248. What did Paul and Barnabas do when they were expelled from the region?

A). Shook the dust off their feet and went to Iconium B). Went back to Jerusalem

C). Stayed in hiding D). Asked the proconsul for help

1249. What happened when Paul and Barnabas spoke in the synagogue at Iconium?

A). A great number of Jews and Greeks believed B). No one listened

C). They were thrown out at once D). The synagogue was closed

1250. How did the people of Iconium respond to the apostles?

A). Everyone believed B). Everyone rejected them

C). The city was divided; some sided with the Jews, others with the apostles

D). The city made them leaders

1251. When a plot to stone them arose in Iconium, to which cities did Paul and Barnabas flee?

A). Tyre and Sidon B). Lystra and Derbe C). Perga and Attalia

D). Philippi and Thessalonica

1252. What did the crowd in Lystra think after the man was healed?

A). Paul was a sorcerer B). The man had been faking

C). The gods had come down in human form D). An angel had healed him

1253. Which Greek god did the people of Lystra call Barnabas?

A). Hermes B). Zeus C). Apollo D). Ares

1254. Who brought bulls and wreaths to offer sacrifices to Paul and Barnabas?

A). The priest of Zeus B). The Jewish leaders C). The city ruler D). The healed man

1255. What did Barnabas and Paul do when they heard about the sacrifices?

A). Accepted the gifts B). Left the city quietly

C). Tore their clothes and rushed into the crowd D). Preached in the temple of Zeus

1256. "Friends, why are you doing this? We too are only _____, like you."

A). servants B). human C). sinners D). travelers

1257. "We must go through many _____ to enter the kingdom of God."

A). prayers B). hardships C). trials of faith D). lands

1258. What did Paul and Barnabas appoint in each church?

A). Deacons B). Bishops C). Prophets D). Elders

1259. After Attalia, to which city did Paul and Barnabas sail back?

A). Antioch B). Jerusalem C). Tarsus D). Cyprus

1260. What did Paul and Barnabas report to the church in Antioch?

A). How many coins they had collected B). How they defeated Elymas

C). How God had opened a door of faith to the Gentiles D). How they built a synagogue

1261. Where were Paul and Barnabas sent to discuss this question with the apostles and elders?

A). Rome B). Jerusalem C). Damascus D). Caesarea

1262. What news did Paul and Barnabas share in Phoenicia and Samaria that made the believers glad?

A). How the Gentiles had been converted B). How Herod had died

C). How the temple was rebuilt D). How the famine ended

1263. What did Barnabas and Paul tell the assembly about?

A). The signs and wonders God had done among the Gentiles

B). Their trouble with the Romans C). The money they had collected

D). Their plans to go to Spain

1264. What happened because of the sharp disagreement between Paul and Barnabas?

A). They stopped preaching B). They returned to Jerusalem together

C). They asked Peter to decide D). They parted company

1265. Where did Barnabas sail with Mark?

A). Crete B). Cyprus C). Egypt D). Rome

1266. Which co-worker did Paul name as also working for a living instead of being supported by the church?

A). Silas B). Titus C). Barnabas D). Apollos

1267. Who went with Paul to Jerusalem, taking Titus along?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Timothy D). Luke

1268. What did the pillars give Paul and Barnabas as a sign they were accepted?

A). A letter B). A sword C). The right hand of fellowship D). A new name

1269. Who was also led astray by the hypocrisy of the other Jews?

A). Titus B). John C). Timothy D). Barnabas

1270. According to Colossians 4, Mark was the cousin of whom?

A). Peter B). Silas C). Barnabas D). Luke

Bartimaeus

1271. What was the name of the blind beggar sitting by the roadside near Jericho?

A). Lazarus B). Bartimaeus C). Zacchaeus D). Malchus

1272. Complete what Bartimaeus shouted: "Jesus, Son of ____, have mercy on me!"

A). God B). Joseph C). David D). Abraham

1273. What did Bartimaeus do when he was told Jesus was calling him?

A). Threw his cloak aside, jumped to his feet and came to Jesus B). Stayed where he was
C). Asked for money first D). Ran away in fear

1274. What did Bartimaeus do immediately after he received his sight?

A). He went home to his family B). He went to the temple C). He went back to begging
D). He followed Jesus along the road

Baruch

1275. To whom did Jeremiah give the deed of purchase?

A). Gedaliah son of Ahikam B). Ahikam son of Shaphan C). Pashhur son of Immer
D). Baruch son of Neriah

1276. Where did God tell Baruch to put the deeds so they would last a long time?

A). In a clay jar B). In the temple treasury C). In a cave D). In a wooden chest

1277. Who wrote down the words as Jeremiah dictated them?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Gemariah son of Shaphan C). Ahikam son of Shaphan
D). Seraiah son of Neriah

1278. Why did Jeremiah send Baruch to read the scroll at the temple?

A). Jeremiah was too old B). Jeremiah was in Egypt
C). Jeremiah was restricted and could not go to the LORD's temple
D). Jeremiah could not read

1279. On what kind of day did Baruch read the scroll to the people at the temple?

A). A day of feasting B). A Sabbath C). The Day of Atonement D). A day of fasting

1280. From whose room in the temple did Baruch read the scroll?

A). The room of Gemariah son of Shaphan the secretary B). The room of the high priest
C). The room of the king D). The room of Pashhur

1281. What did the officials tell Baruch to do after hearing the scroll?

A). Read it again in the market B). Take it to Babylon C). Burn it
D). Go and hide with Jeremiah and tell no one where they were

1282. Why were Baruch and Jeremiah not arrested when the king ordered it?

A). They had fled to Egypt B). The officials refused C). The king changed his mind
D). The LORD had hidden them

1283. What did Jeremiah do after the scroll was burned?

A). He gave up prophesying
B). He took another scroll, and Baruch wrote all the words again, with many similar words added
C). He burned the king's palace D). He went to Babylon

1284. Whom did they accuse of inciting Jeremiah against them?

A). Ebed-Melek B). Gedaliah C). Baruch son of Neriah D). Nebuzaradan

1285. Whom did Johanan take with him to Egypt, along with the remnant of Judah?

A). Only the soldiers B). Jeremiah the prophet and Baruch son of Neriah
C). The king's sons D). The priests of the temple

1286. When did Jeremiah give his message to Baruch in Jeremiah 45?

A). After Jerusalem fell B). In the fourth year of Jehoiakim, after Baruch wrote the scroll
C). When they reached Egypt D). In the first year of Zedekiah

1287. How did Baruch describe his feelings?

A). "I am full of joy" B). "I am ready for battle"
C). "Woe to me! The LORD has added sorrow to my pain; I am worn out with groaning"
D). "I am rich and at peace"

1288. Complete God's words to Baruch: "Should you then seek great things for yourself? Do not ___ them."

A). seek B). want C). take D). keep

1289. What did the LORD promise Baruch?

A). A high position in the palace B). Great riches C). A house in Babylon
D). That wherever he went, He would let him escape with his life

Barzillai

1290. Which three men brought supplies to David at Mahanaim?

A). Joab, Abishai and Benaiah B). Ziba, Hushai and Ittai C). Zadok, Abiathar and Nathan
D). Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

1291. Why did these men bring food and bedding to David and his people?

A). To pay taxes B). To buy David's favour for war
C). Because the people had become exhausted, hungry and thirsty in the wilderness
D). Because David ordered them

1292. Which very old and wealthy man from Rogelim had provided for David at Mahanaim?

A). Makir B). Barzillai C). Shobi D). Hushai

1293. How old was Barzillai when he declined to go with David to Jerusalem?

A). Seventy B). One hundred C). Ninety D). Eighty

1294. Where did Barzillai want to die?

A). In Jerusalem near the king B). In Mahanaim

C). In his own town near the tomb of his father and mother D). In the wilderness

1295. Whom did Barzillai send with David in his place?

A). Kimham B). Makir C). Amasa D). Ittai

1296. What did David do before Barzillai returned home?

A). He gave him a crown B). He kissed and blessed him C). He made him a priest

D). He gave him Saul's land

1297. David told Solomon to show kindness to the sons of which man, because he had helped David when he fled from Absalom?

A). Ziba B). Barzillai the Gileadite C). Mephibosheth D). Hushai

1298. One priest married a daughter of which man and was called by his name?

A). Barzillai the Gileadite B). Jesse of Bethlehem C). Boaz of Bethlehem

D). Jethro of Midian

Bathsheba

1299. Who was Bathsheba's husband?

A). Joab B). Uriah the Hittite C). Nathan D). Ahithophel

1300. Who was Bathsheba's father?

A). Eliam B). Ahimelek C). Jehoiada D). Zeruiah

1301. What did David do after Bathsheba sent word that she was pregnant?

A). He confessed to Nathan B). He went out to fight at Rabbah

C). He sent for Uriah to come back from the army D). He sent Bathsheba away

1302. What happened after Bathsheba's time of mourning for Uriah was over?

A). She went back to her father's house B). She became a servant in the palace

C). She left Jerusalem D). David had her brought to his house and she became his wife

1303. What did David and Bathsheba name their next son, whom the LORD loved?

A). Absalom B). Nathan C). Solomon D). Adonijah

1304. Which prophet warned Bathsheba that Adonijah had become king without David knowing?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Nathan D). Elijah

1305. What happened FIRST in this chapter?

A). Solomon was anointed at Gihon B). Bathsheba went to speak to King David
C). Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah D). Nathan came in and spoke to King David

1306. What did King David promise Bathsheba?

A). That Adonijah would rule after him B). That her son Solomon would be king after him
C). That she would become queen of Egypt D). That he would build the temple himself

1307. What did Adonijah ask Bathsheba to request from King Solomon?

A). A house in Jerusalem B). That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife
C). That he be made commander of the army D). That Solomon forgive Joab

1308. When Bathsheba came to speak to Solomon, where did he have her sit?

A). On a throne at his right hand B). On a seat by the door C). On the steps of the altar
D). In the queen's garden

1309. Who was the mother of Solomon?

A). Abigail B). Bathsheba C). Michal D). Haggith

1310. The title of Psalm 51 links it to David's sin with which woman?

A). Abigail B). Michal C). Bathsheba D). Tamar

Beelzebul

1311. The Pharisees said Jesus drove out demons by whom?

A). Moses B). Beelzebul, the prince of demons C). An angel D). John the Baptist

1312. By whom did some people claim Jesus was driving out demons?

A). By Moses B). By Beelzebul, the prince of demons C). By the high priest
D). By the Roman gods

Beerah

1313. Which king of Assyria took Beerah, a leader of the Reubenites, into exile?

A). Sennacherib B). Tiglath-Pileser C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Shalmaneser

Beeri

1314. Who was Hosea's father?

A). Amoz B). Beeri C). Hilkiah D). Buzi

Bela

1315. Who was the firstborn son of Benjamin?

A). Ashbel B). Bela C). Gera D). Ehud

Belshazzar

1316. Which king gave a great banquet for a thousand of his nobles?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Darius D). Cyrus

1317. What did Belshazzar order to be brought to his banquet?

A). The crown of Judah B). Musical instruments from Egypt

C). The gold and silver goblets taken from the temple in Jerusalem D). The image of gold

1318. As they drank from the goblets, whom did they praise?

A). The Most High God B). The king of Persia C). Daniel's God

D). Gods of gold, silver, bronze, iron, wood and stone

1319. What suddenly appeared and wrote on the wall of the palace?

A). The fingers of a human hand B). An angel with a sword C). A burning fire

D). A flying scroll

1320. How did the king react when he saw the hand writing?

A). He laughed B). His face turned pale, his knees knocked and his legs became weak

C). He ordered the wall to be torn down D). He went on drinking

1321. What reward did the king promise to anyone who could read the writing?

A). Half of his kingdom B). His daughter in marriage

C). Purple clothes, a gold chain and the place of third highest ruler D). A house in Jerusalem

1322. Who told the king about Daniel when the wise men could not read the writing?

A). Arioch B). Darius C). Shadrach D). The queen

1323. How did Daniel answer the king's offer of gifts?

A). He told the king to keep his gifts B). He asked for more gold

C). He accepted them gladly D). He asked for his friends to be freed

1324. What did Daniel say Belshazzar had failed to do even though he knew all that happened to Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Pay taxes to Persia B). Humble himself C). Build a new temple

D). Free the Jews

1325. Complete the writing on the wall: "MENE, MENE, _____, PARSIN."

A). PERES B). DAREI C). TEKEL D). AMEN

1326. What did the word MENE mean?

A). The king will live long B). Babylon will be rebuilt C). The gods are angry

D). God has numbered the days of the king's reign and brought it to an end

1327. Complete: "You have been weighed on the scales and found _____."

A). wanting B). faithful C). heavy D). worthy

1328. According to Daniel, to whom would Belshazzar's kingdom be given?

A). The Egyptians B). The Medes and Persians C). The people of Judah
D). The Assyrians

1329. What did Belshazzar do after Daniel explained the writing?

A). Threw Daniel into prison B). Ran away from the city
C). Gave Daniel purple clothes and a gold chain and made him third highest ruler
D). Asked God for mercy

1330. When was Belshazzar killed?

A). One year later B). Seven days later C). When he grew old D). That very night

1331. In whose reign did Daniel have the dream of the four beasts?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Darius D). Cyrus

1332. In which year of Belshazzar's reign did Daniel have the vision of the ram and the goat?

A). The first year B). The third year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

Ben-Hadad

1333. To which king in Damascus did Asa send silver and gold, asking him to break his treaty with Baasha?

A). Ben-Hadad king of Aram B). Shishak king of Egypt C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). Achish king of Gath

1334. Which king of Aram gathered his army and besieged Samaria?

A). Hazael B). Rezon C). Ben-Hadad D). Hiram

1335. How many kings came with Ben-Hadad to attack Samaria?

A). Twelve B). Thirty-two C). Seven D). Forty

1336. When Ben-Hadad demanded to search the palace and take everything valuable, what did the elders advise Ahab?

A). To pay everything at once B). To run away to Judah
C). Not to listen to him or agree to his demands D). To ask Jezebel what to do

1337. Ahab replied to Ben-Hadad, "One who puts on his armor should not _____ like one who takes it off."

A). fight B). run C). sleep D). boast

1338. What were Ben-Hadad and the other kings doing in their tents when Israel attacked?

A). Praying to their gods B). Getting drunk C). Counting their gold D). Sleeping

1339. How did Ben-Hadad escape when the Arameans fled?

A). By boat B). In a chariot C). On a horse with some of his horsemen
D). Disguised as a shepherd

1340. Why did the Aramean officials think they had lost to Israel?

A). Their horses were tired B). Their king was sick C). Israel had more chariots
D). They thought Israel's gods were gods of the hills

1341. Where did Ben-Hadad go the next spring to fight against Israel?

A). Aphek B). Samaria C). Ramoth Gilead D). Damascus

1342. How did Ben-Hadad's officials dress when they went to ask Ahab to spare Ben-Hadad's life?

A). In sackcloth, with ropes around their heads B). In royal robes C). In armor
D). In white linen

1343. What did Ahab do with Ben-Hadad?

A). He put him to death
B). He called him his brother, made a treaty with him and let him go
C). He put him in prison D). He sent him to Egypt

1344. What did the prophet tell Ahab would happen because he set Ben-Hadad free?

A). Ahab would become rich B). Ahab would rule Aram
C). Ben-Hadad would serve Israel forever
D). It would be Ahab's life for Ben-Hadad's life, and his people for Ben-Hadad's people

1345. Which king of Aram besieged Samaria?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Hazael C). Rezin D). Naaman

1346. Which king of Aram was ill when Elisha went to Damascus?

A). Hazael B). Rezin C). Ben-Hadad D). Mesha

1347. Whom did Ben-Hadad send to Elisha to ask if he would recover?

A). Naaman B). Hazael C). Gehazi D). Jehu

1348. How did Ben-Hadad die?

A). He died from his illness B). Hazael spread a soaked cloth over his face
C). He was killed in battle with Israel D). He was struck down by fire

1349. Why did the LORD keep Israel under the power of Hazael and Ben-Hadad?

A). They refused to pay tribute B). They had made a treaty with Judah
C). Elisha asked Him to D). His anger burned because they kept doing evil

1350. How many times did Jehoash defeat Ben-Hadad and recapture Israel's towns?

A). Five times B). Seven times C). Once D). Three times

1351. To which king did Asa send silver and gold for help against Baasha?

A). Ben-Hadad king of Aram B). Shishak king of Egypt C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). Zerah the Cushite

1352. God said He would set fire to the walls of Damascus and consume the fortresses of which king?

A). Hazael B). Rezin C). Ben-Hadad D). Naaman

1353. Whose house would God send fire on in his judgment of Damascus?

A). Hazael B). Ahab C). Jehu D). Rezin

Benaiah

1354. Who was over the Kerethites and Pelethites?

A). Benaiah son of Jehoiada B). Joab son of Zeruiah C). Seraiah the secretary
D). Ittai the Gittite

1355. What did Benaiah kill after going down into a pit on a snowy day?

A). A bear B). A wolf C). A giant D). A lion

1356. How did Benaiah kill the huge Egyptian who had a spear?

A). With arrows from far away B). With a stone and sling
C). He snatched the spear from the Egyptian's hand and killed him with it D). He set a trap

1357. What job did David give Benaiah?

A). In charge of his bodyguard B). Commander of the army C). Priest of the tabernacle
D). Keeper of the treasury

1358. Which groups went with Zadok, Nathan and Benaiah to bring Solomon down to Gihon?

A). The Levites and the singers B). The Kerethites and the Pelethites
C). The Ammonites and the Moabites D). The elders of Judah

1359. Whom did King Solomon send to put Adonijah to death?

A). Zadok the priest B). Nathan the prophet C). Joab son of Zeruiah
D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

1360. Whom did Solomon put in charge of the army in Joab's place, and whom did he put in Abiathar's place?

A). Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest
B). Zadok over the army and Benaiah as priest
C). Nathan over the army and Zadok as priest
D). Benaiah over the army and Nathan as priest

1361. Who was the commander in chief of Solomon's army?

A). Joab B). Benaiah son of Jehoiada C). Abner D). Adoniram

1362. On a snowy day, what did Benaiah son of Jehoiada kill in a pit?

A). A bear B). A lion C). A wolf D). A giant

1363. How did Benaiah kill the tall Egyptian?

A). With a sling and stone B). With an arrow

C). By snatching the Egyptian's own spear and killing him with it

D). By cutting off his head with a sword

1364. What position did David give Benaiah?

A). Commander of the whole army B). Keeper of the treasury C). Head of the priests

D). In charge of his bodyguard

1365. Who was over the Kerethites and Pelethites?

A). Jehoshaphat B). Benaiah son of Jehoiada C). Shavsha D). Zadok

1366. Which commander of the third month is described as a mighty warrior among the Thirty and over the Thirty?

A). Asahel B). Benaiah son of Jehoiada C). Abishai D). Joab

Benjamin

1367. Which of Jacob's wives died while giving birth to Benjamin?

A). Leah B). Bilhah C). Zilpah D). Rachel

1368. What name did Rachel give her son as she was dying, and what did Jacob call him instead?

A). She called him Ben-Oni, but Jacob named him Benjamin

B). She called him Joseph, but Jacob named him Israel

C). She called him Benjamin, but Jacob named him Ben-Oni

D). She called him Reuben, but Jacob named him Levi

1369. Which son did Jacob keep at home instead of sending to Egypt?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Benjamin D). Simeon

1370. What did Joseph demand as a test to prove the brothers were not spies?

A). That they pay double for the grain B). That they bring their youngest brother to Egypt

C). That they stay in Egypt forever D). That they swear an oath to Pharaoh

1371. How did Jacob react when he heard he might lose Benjamin too?

A). He said everything was against him B). He agreed at once

C). He sent them back immediately D). He rejoiced

1372. What was Jacob's decision about letting Benjamin go to Egypt at the end of the chapter?

A). He agreed to send him with Reuben B). He let him go with Judah

C). He refused to let Benjamin go D). He decided to go himself

1373. Why did the brothers say they could not return to Egypt without Benjamin?

A). Benjamin wanted to see Egypt B). Jacob had ordered it
C). They needed his help to carry grain
D). The man in charge had warned them not to appear without their brother

1374. Which brother personally guaranteed Benjamin's safety to Jacob?

A). Reuben B). Simeon C). Judah D). Levi

1375. What did Joseph order when he saw Benjamin with his brothers?

A). To arrest them B). To send them away
C). To prepare a meal, for they would eat with him at noon D). To search their bags

1376. How did Joseph react when he saw his brother Benjamin?

A). He accused Benjamin of spying B). He was so moved that he went out and wept
C). He sent Benjamin away D). He showed no emotion

1377. How much more food was Benjamin given at the meal compared to his brothers?

A). Twice as much B). The same amount C). Ten times as much
D). Five times as much

1378. What did Joseph secretly place in Benjamin's sack?

A). A bag of gold B). His silver cup C). A written letter D). Extra grain

1379. In whose sack was Joseph's cup found?

A). Reuben's B). Judah's C). Simeon's D). Benjamin's

1380. How did the brothers react when the cup was found with Benjamin?

A). They abandoned Benjamin B). They blamed Benjamin C). They ran away
D). They tore their clothes and returned to the city

1381. What did Joseph say he would do, testing the brothers?

A). Keep only the one with the cup as his slave and send the rest home
B). Punish all of them equally C). Set them all free D). Send them all to prison

1382. In his plea, what did Judah explain about Benjamin and their father?

A). That Benjamin wished to stay in Egypt
B). That their father loved Benjamin deeply and might die if he was lost
C). That Benjamin had done nothing wrong D). That their father had many other sons

1383. What did Judah offer to do to save Benjamin?

A). Pay a large ransom B). Bring their father to Egypt
C). Stay as a slave in Benjamin's place D). Give up his own sons

1384. Which brother did Joseph embrace and weep over first?

A). Benjamin B). Reuben C). Judah D). Simeon

1385. Which son did Jacob compare to a ravenous wolf?

A). Dan B). Gad C). Naphtali D). Benjamin

1386. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Israel listed in 1 Chronicles 2?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Esau D). Benjamin

1387. Who was the firstborn son of Benjamin?

A). Ashbel B). Bela C). Gera D). Ehud

1388. Where did several people, including the priests above the Horse Gate, repair the wall?

A). Next to the temple treasury B). Beside the king's palace C). Outside the city
D). In front of their own houses

Berekiah

1389. Who was Zechariah's father?

A). Iddo B). Berekiah C). Haggai D). Hilkiah

Beriah

1390. Why did Ephraim name his new son Beriah?

A). Because there had been misfortune in his family
B). Because God had answered his prayer C). Because the boy was born in a strange land
D). Because the boy was very strong

1391. What did Beriah and Shema, heads of families in Aijalon, do?

A). Built the walls of Jerusalem B). Drove out the inhabitants of Gath
C). Served as priests in Gibeon D). Led the people back from exile

Bernice

1392. Which king arrived at Caesarea with Bernice to pay respects to Festus?

A). King Herod Antipas B). King Aretas C). King Agrippa D). King Claudius

1393. How did Agrippa and Bernice come into the audience room?

A). In disguise B). Quietly at night C). With great pomp D). In chains

1394. What did the rulers agree after Paul's defense?

A). He should be flogged
B). He was not doing anything that deserved death or imprisonment
C). He was a danger to Rome D). He should be sent back to Jerusalem

Bethuel

1395. Who was Rebekah's father?

A). Laban B). Nahor C). Bethuel D). Haran

Bezalel

1396. Whom did God fill with His Spirit and skill to lead the tabernacle work?

A). Oholiab B). Aaron C). Bezalel D). Joshua

1397. Whom did God appoint to help Bezalel with the work?

A). Hur B). Oholiab C). Eleazar D). Ithamar

1398. Whom did Moses say God had chosen and filled with His Spirit for the work?

A). Aaron B). Bezalel C). Joshua D). Hur

1399. What special ability did God give Bezalel and Oholiab besides craftsmanship?

A). The gift of prophecy B). The power to heal C). The ability to teach others
D). The strength of warriors

1400. Who carried out the work of building the sanctuary?

A). Only Moses B). Only the priests C). Every skilled person to whom God gave ability
D). Hired workers from Egypt

1401. Who made the ark of the covenant?

A). Aaron B). Moses C). Bezalel D). Oholiab

1402. What did Bezalel place at the two ends of the atonement cover?

A). Two golden lamps B). Two cherubim of hammered gold C). Two carved lions
D). Two silver bowls

1403. What material was the lampstand made from?

A). Acacia wood B). Bronze C). Silver D). Pure hammered gold

1404. What did Bezalel make of acacia wood overlaid with gold for burning incense?

A). The ark of the covenant B). The bronze basin C). The altar of incense
D). The table of the bread

1405. What were the utensils of the altar of burnt offering made of?

A). Gold B). Silver C). Bronze D). Clay

1406. From what did Bezalel make the bronze basin and its stand?

A). Melted bronze coins B). The mirrors of the women who served at the tent entrance
C). Old weapons of the Egyptians D). Bronze from the mountain

1407. How faithfully did Bezalel carry out the work of the tabernacle?

A). He changed some of the designs B). He left part of it unfinished
C). He followed the Egyptians' pattern
D). He made everything the LORD commanded Moses

1408. Who worked with Bezalel as an engraver, designer, and embroiderer?

A). Aaron B). Oholiab C). Hur D). Ithamar

1409. Who was the son of Uri and grandson of Hur?

A). Bezalel B). Caleb C). Oholiab D). Nahshon

1410. Who had made the bronze altar that stood at Gibeon in front of the tabernacle?

A). Bezalel B). Oholiab C). Hiram D). Aaron

Bigthana

1411. Which two officers who guarded the king's doorway plotted to kill King Xerxes?

A). Haman and Hegai B). Mehuman and Biztha C). Carshena and Shethar
D). Bigthana and Teresh

1412. What did the king hear recorded about Mordecai in the chronicles?

A). That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king B). That Mordecai had paid a large tax
C). That Mordecai had built a gate D). That Mordecai had refused to bow to Haman

Bildad

1413. Why did Job's three friends come to see him?

A). To take his remaining property B). To judge him before the elders
C). To sympathize with him and comfort him D). To bring him news of his children

1414. What did the three friends do when they saw Job from a distance?

A). They laughed at him B). They turned back home C). They sang psalms
D). They wept aloud, tore their robes and sprinkled dust on their heads

1415. How long did Job's friends sit with him on the ground without saying a word?

A). Seven days and seven nights B). Three days and three nights C). Forty days
D). One day

1416. Which friend replied to Job in chapter 8?

A). Eliphaz B). Bildad C). Zophar D). Elihu

1417. What did Bildad say Job's words were like?

A). A blustering wind B). A quiet stream C). A sharp sword D). A falling star

1418. Complete Bildad's question: "Does God pervert ___? Does the Almighty pervert what is right?"

A). mercy B). love C). justice D). truth

1419. What did Bildad claim about why Job's children had died?

A). They were killed by the Sabeans B). They died of old age
C). God took them to test Job's faith
D). They had sinned against God, so He gave them over to the penalty of their sin

1420. What did Bildad say God would do if Job pleaded with Him and was pure and upright?

A). Take away his friends B). Rouse Himself on Job's behalf and restore him
C). Send him to a new land D). Give him a new name

1421. Complete the verse: "Your beginnings will seem ___, so prosperous will your future be."

A). humble B). sad C). dark D). long

1422. Where did Bildad tell Job to look to find wisdom?

A). To the stars in the sky B). To his own heart
C). To the former generation and what their ancestors learned
D). To the priests in the temple

1423. Bildad said the trust of those who forget God is like what?

A). A rock B). A strong house C). A deep well D). A spider's web

1424. What did Bildad promise God would do for a blameless person?

A). Give them a crown of gold
B). Fill their mouth with laughter and their lips with shouts of joy
C). Make them king over the people of the East D). Give them a long journey

1425. At the start of Job 18, what did Bildad want Job to do?

A). Offer a sacrifice B). End his speeches and be sensible C). Leave the land of Uz
D). Call for Elihu

1426. Bildad complained that Job regarded the friends as what?

A). Enemies B). Children C). Strangers D). Cattle

1427. Bildad said the lamp of a wicked man is what?

A). Made brighter B). Given to his children C). Snuffed out
D). Hidden under a bowl

1428. Bildad said the wicked man's feet thrust him into what?

A). A net B). A river C). A pit of fire D). A cage

1429. Complete the verse: "He is torn from the security of his tent and marched off to the king of ___."

A). darkness B). death C). the grave D). terrors

1430. What did Bildad say happens to the memory of the wicked man?

A). It perishes from the earth and he has no name in the land
B). It is written in the city records C). It is honored by his children D). It lasts forever

1431. How did Bildad end his description of the wicked man in Job 18?

A). He promised Job would be restored B). He said God forgives every sin

C). He said such is the place of one who does not know God D). He asked Job to forgive him

1432. In Job 21:17, Job asked, "How often is the lamp of the wicked snuffed out?" Whose words was he answering?

A). Bildad's B). Eliphaz's C). His wife's D). Satan's

1433. Which friend gave the short speech in Job 25?

A). Eliphaz B). Zophar C). Bildad D). Elihu

1434. Complete Bildad's words: "Dominion and ___ belong to God; he establishes order in the heights of heaven."

A). awe B). riches C). anger D). silence

1435. What did Bildad ask about God's forces in Job 25:3?

A). Whether they are weak B). Whether they need help C). Whether they live on earth

D). Whether they can be numbered

1436. Bildad said even the moon and stars are not pure in God's eyes. What did he then say a human being is?

A). Like an angel B). Only a worm C). Like the sun D). A ruler of the earth

1437. When Job said to Bildad, "How you have helped the powerless!", what did he mean?

A). He was thanking Bildad for his kindness

B). He was mocking Bildad because his words had not helped at all

C). He was asking Bildad to help the poor D). He was praising Bildad's wisdom

1438. Why did Job's three friends stop answering him?

A). Because Job had become sick again B). Because God told them to be quiet

C). Because they had to go home D). Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

1439. Why was Elihu angry with Job's three friends?

A). Because they had left Job alone B). Because they arrived too late

C). Because they spoke too softly

D). Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

1440. Why was the LORD angry with Eliphaz and his two friends?

A). They had left Job too soon B). They had stolen Job's flocks

C). They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had D). They had refused to visit Job

1441. What did the LORD tell the three friends to take to Job for a burnt offering?

A). Seven bulls and seven rams B). Ten lambs and two goats

C). Three oxen and three sheep D). Twelve doves

1442. Who prayed for Job's three friends, and whose prayer did the LORD accept?

A). Elihu B). Job C). Job's wife D). Eliphaz

Bilhah

1443. The sons of Naphtali are called descendants of which woman?

A). Leah B). Zilpah C). Rachel D). Bilhah

Bithiah

1444. Who was Bithiah, the woman Mered had married?

A). A daughter of King Saul B). Pharaoh's daughter C). A daughter of the king of Moab
D). Caleb's daughter

Blastus

1445. The people of which two cities sought peace with Herod because they depended on his country for food?

A). Joppa and Lydda B). Gaza and Azotus C). Tyre and Sidon
D). Antioch and Tarsus

Boaz

1446. Who was the relative of Naomi's husband, a man of standing from Elimelek's clan?

A). Boaz B). Obed C). Jesse D). Salmon

1447. Whose field did Ruth happen to work in?

A). Elimelek's field B). The priest's field C). The king's field D). Boaz's field

1448. Boaz greeted the harvesters, "The LORD be with you!" They answered, "The LORD ___ you!"

A). keep B). bless C). help D). save

1449. How did the overseer describe Ruth to Boaz?

A). A widow from Jericho B). A servant of the priest
C). The Moabite who came back with Naomi D). A daughter of the elders

1450. What did Boaz tell Ruth to do while gathering grain?

A). Stay in his field with the women who worked for him B). Go to another field after lunch
C). Work only at night D). Pay a share of the grain to him

1451. Why was Ruth surprised by Boaz's kindness?

A). She was very young B). She had no money C). She had never worked in a field
D). She was a foreigner

1452. What had Boaz heard about Ruth?

A). That she was rich in Moab

B). All she had done for her mother-in-law since her husband died

C). That she was a skilled harvester D). That she had a brother in Bethlehem

1453. Boaz said Ruth had come to take refuge under whose wings?

A). The wings of the angels B). The wings of Naomi's family

C). The wings of the LORD, the God of Israel D). The wings of the cherubim in the temple

1454. What did Boaz offer Ruth at mealtime?

A). Fish and bread B). Honey and figs C). Meat and wine

D). Bread dipped in wine vinegar and roasted grain

1455. What did Boaz tell his men to do to help Ruth?

A). Pull out some stalks from the bundles for her B). Carry her grain home

C). Give her silver D). Build her a shelter

1456. Naomi said, "That man is our close relative; he is one of our ___."

A). judges B). elders C). priests D). guardian-redeemers

1457. Until when did Ruth keep gleaning with Boaz's women workers?

A). Until the Feast of Tabernacles B). Until the grape harvest

C). Until the barley and wheat harvests were finished D). Until Naomi became sick

1458. What was Boaz doing on the threshing floor that night?

A). Planting seed B). Pressing grapes C). Winnowing barley

D). Counting his sheep

1459. When was Ruth to let Boaz know she was there?

A). As soon as she arrived B). After he had finished eating and drinking C). At sunrise

D). When the harvesters left

1460. What did Naomi tell Ruth to do when Boaz lay down?

A). Wake him with a song B). Sit by the door and wait C). Uncover his feet and lie down

D). Leave a message for him

1461. Where did Boaz lie down after eating and drinking?

A). At the far end of the grain pile B). Inside his house C). Under a tree by the well

D). In the city gate

1462. When did Boaz discover a woman lying at his feet?

A). At sunset B). At dawn C). At noon D). In the middle of the night

1463. Ruth said, "Spread the corner of your garment over me, since you are a ___ of our family."

A). servant B). guardian-redeemer C). friend D). judge

1464. Why did Boaz say Ruth's kindness was greater than before?

A). She had given him silver B). She had worked harder than the others
C). She had not run after the younger men, rich or poor
D). She had brought Naomi to meet him

1465. Boaz said, "All the people of my town know that you are a woman of ___ character."

A). gentle B). humble C). faithful D). noble

1466. Why could Boaz not promise at once to redeem Ruth?

A). There was a guardian-redeemer more closely related than he was
B). He was already married C). The elders had forbidden it D). He was too poor

1467. When did Ruth get up to leave the threshing floor?

A). At noon B). Before anyone could be recognized C). After Boaz went to town
D). After the workers arrived

1468. What did Boaz put into Ruth's shawl?

A). Ten pieces of silver B). A loaf of bread C). Two measures of wheat
D). Six measures of barley

1469. What did Naomi say Boaz would do?

A). Wait until the next harvest B). Send Ruth back to Moab
C). Not rest until the matter was settled that day D). Ask the priest for advice

1470. Where did Boaz go to meet the other guardian-redeemer?

A). The town gate B). The threshing floor C). The tabernacle D). Naomi's house

1471. How many elders of the town did Boaz ask to sit with them?

A). Three B). Seven C). Ten D). Twelve

1472. What would the guardian-redeemer also receive if he bought the land?

A). Naomi's silver B). Ruth the Moabite, to keep the dead man's name with his property
C). A seat among the elders D). Boaz's field

1473. What did the man take off to show that the deal was final?

A). His sandal B). His cloak C). His ring D). His belt

1474. Why did Boaz say he was acquiring Ruth as his wife?

A). To become a leader in Israel B). To gain more fields
C). Because the elders ordered him D). To keep the dead man's name with his property

1475. What did the LORD give Ruth after she married Boaz?

A). A daughter B). Twins C). A son D). A field

1476. What was the name of Ruth and Boaz's son?

A). Jesse B). Obed C). Perez D). Salmon

1477. According to the family line, who was the father of Boaz?

A). Nahshon B). Ram C). Salmon D). Perez

1478. Which list is in the correct order, from oldest to youngest?

A). Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David B). Obed, Boaz, Jesse, David C). Boaz, Jesse, Obed, David
D). Jesse, Boaz, Obed, David

1479. Which order is correct, from grandfather to grandson?

A). Boaz, Obed, Jesse B). Jesse, Obed, Boaz C). Obed, Boaz, Jesse
D). Boaz, Jesse, Obed

1480. According to Jesus' genealogy, who was the mother of Boaz?

A). Ruth B). Naomi C). Tamar D). Rahab

1481. Boaz was the father of Obed. Who was Obed's mother?

A). Ruth B). Orpah C). Bathsheba D). Mary

Buzi

1482. Who was Ezekiel's father?

A). Buzi B). Hilkiah C). Amoz D). Shaphan

Caesar

1483. Whose image and inscription were on the coin?

A). Herod's B). Caesar's C). Pilate's D). David's

1484. Complete: "So give back to Caesar what is Caesar's, and to _____ what is God's."

A). God B). the poor C). the temple D). the priests

1485. Whose image and inscription were on the coin?

A). Caesar's B). Herod's C). Moses' D). David's

1486. Complete Jesus' words: "Give back to Caesar what is Caesar's and to God what is ___."

A). yours B). the temple's C). Israel's D). God's

1487. What tricky question did the spies ask Jesus?

A). Who is the greatest prophet? B). Should we fast on feast days?
C). Is it right for us to pay taxes to Caesar or not? D). Where should we worship?

1488. Whose image and inscription were on the coin?

A). Caesar's B). Herod's C). Pilate's D). Solomon's

1489. Complete Jesus' answer: 'Then give back to Caesar what is Caesar's, and to ___ what is God's.'

A). the temple B). God C). the priests D). the poor

Caesar Augustus

1490. Which Roman ruler ordered a census of the entire Roman world?

A). Herod B). Tiberius C). Caesar Augustus D). Pilate

Caiaphas

1491. What was the name of the high priest in whose palace the chief priests and elders schemed against Jesus?

A). Annas B). Eli C). Caiaphas D). Zadok

1492. Why did the leaders say they should not arrest Jesus during the festival?

A). The Romans would be away B). There might be a riot among the people
C). It was against the law D). Jesus would be in Galilee

1493. What did two false witnesses claim Jesus had said?

A). "I will overthrow Caesar."
B). "I am able to destroy the temple of God and rebuild it in three days."
C). "I will burn Jerusalem." D). "I am greater than Moses."

1494. When the high priest charged Jesus under oath to say if he was the Messiah, how did Jesus answer?

A). "You have said so." B). "I am not." C). He remained silent
D). "Ask my disciples."

1495. What did the high priest do when he declared that Jesus had spoken blasphemy?

A). Threw down his staff B). Covered his face C). Left the room
D). Tore his clothes

1496. Which two men held the high priesthood when John began preaching?

A). Eli and Samuel B). Zechariah and Aaron C). Ananias and Gamaliel
D). Annas and Caiaphas

1497. Which high priest said it was better for one man to die for the people than for the whole nation to perish?

A). Annas B). Caiaphas C). Eli D). Zechariah

1498. To whom did they bring Jesus first after his arrest?

A). Caiaphas B). Annas, the father-in-law of Caiaphas C). Pilate D). Herod

1499. Who was named as the high priest when Peter and John were questioned?

A). Gamaliel B). Nicodemus C). Ananias D). Annas

Cain

1500. Who were the first two sons of Adam and Eve?

A). Seth and Enosh B). Shem and Ham C). Jacob and Esau D). Cain and Abel

1501. What was the work of each brother, Cain and Abel?

A). Cain kept flocks and Abel worked the soil B). Abel kept flocks and Cain worked the soil
C). Both were fishermen D). Both were shepherds

1502. Whose offering did the Lord look on with favor?

A). Cain's offering B). Both offerings equally C). Abel's offering
D). Neither offering

1503. What did Cain do to his brother Abel in the field?

A). He forgave him B). He gave him a gift C). He ran away from him
D). He killed him

1504. When God asked Cain where his brother was, Cain replied, 'Am I my brother's _____?'

A). keeper B). helper C). servant D). friend

1505. In what land did Cain settle after the Lord sent him away?

A). The land of Canaan B). The land of Nod, east of Eden C). The land of Goshen
D). The land of Uz

1506. By faith, who offered God a better offering than Cain?

A). Abel B). Seth C). Enoch D). Noah

1507. Which man does John say belonged to the evil one and murdered his brother?

A). Esau B). Absalom C). Cain D). Joseph

1508. Why did Cain murder his brother, according to John?

A). Because his brother stole his land
B). Because his own actions were evil and his brother's were righteous
C). Because his brother lied to their father D). Because God told him to

1509. Jude says these people have taken the way of Cain and rushed for profit into Balaam's error. Whose rebellion does he also mention?

A). Absalom's rebellion B). Korah's rebellion C). Jeroboam's rebellion
D). Sheba's rebellion

Caleb

1510. Who urged the people to go up at once and take the land?

A). Aaron B). Nahshon C). Hobab D). Caleb

1511. Which two spies begged the people to trust God and take the land?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Aaron and Hur C). Nadab and Abihu
D). Eldad and Medad

1512. How did the people threaten to respond to Joshua and Caleb?

A). By sending them away B). By making them leaders C). By stoning them
D). By ignoring them

1513. Which two men from that generation were allowed to enter the promised land?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Eleazar and Ithamar C). Caleb and Joshua
D). Miriam and Aaron

1514. Which two men from the first census were still alive to be counted again?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Eleazar and Ithamar C). Dathan and Abiram
D). Caleb and Joshua

1515. Which man did God promise would see the good land because he followed the Lord wholeheartedly?

A). Joshua B). Aaron C). Eleazar D). Caleb

1516. Which man from the tribe of Judah came to Joshua to ask for his inheritance?

A). Achan B). Eleazar C). Caleb D). Othniel

1517. How old was Caleb when Moses sent him to explore the land?

A). Forty years old B). Twenty years old C). Sixty years old D). Eighty-five years old

1518. Caleb said, "I, however, followed the LORD my God ___."

A). quietly B). wholeheartedly C). sometimes D). from far away

1519. How old was Caleb when he asked Joshua for his land?

A). Sixty-five years old B). Seventy years old C). One hundred years old
D). Eighty-five years old

1520. What did Caleb say about his strength at eighty-five?

A). He was too weak to fight B). He needed his sons to fight for him
C). He was as strong as the day Moses sent him out D). He wanted to rest in Gilgal

1521. Why was Caleb's request for the hill country a brave one?

A). The Anakites lived there in large, fortified cities B). It had no water
C). It was far from Israel D). It had already been given to Judah

1522. Which city did Joshua give Caleb as his inheritance?

A). Jericho B). Hebron C). Gibeon D). Bethel

1523. Why did Hebron belong to Caleb?

A). He paid for it with silver B). He was the oldest man in Israel
C). He followed the LORD wholeheartedly D). He was Joshua's brother

1524. Which three sons of Anak did Caleb drive out of Hebron?

A). Sihon, Og and Jabin B). Hoham, Piram and Japhia C). Sheshai, Ahiman and Talmai
D). Zerah, Karmi and Zimri

1525. What was Debir formerly called?

A). Kiriath Arba B). Kiriath Jearim C). Luz D). Kiriath Sepher

1526. What did Caleb promise to the man who captured Kiriath Sepher?

A). His daughter Aksah in marriage B). A share of Hebron C). Gold and silver
D). The city of Debir as a kingdom

1527. Who captured Kiriath Sepher and married Caleb's daughter Aksah?

A). Joshua B). Othniel son of Kenaz C). Eleazar D). Achan

1528. What special favor did Aksah ask her father Caleb for?

A). A new house B). Springs of water C). A flock of sheep D). Her own city

1529. How did Caleb answer Aksah's request?

A). He refused B). He gave her only the lower springs
C). He gave her the upper and lower springs D). He gave her a field instead

1530. Hebron was given to the Levites. Who still kept the fields and villages around it?

A). Joshua B). Eleazar C). Othniel D). Caleb

1531. What did Caleb promise to give the man who attacked and captured Kiriath Sepher?

A). A large field of his own B). A hundred pieces of silver C). Command of Judah's army
D). His daughter Aksah in marriage

1532. Who captured Kiriath Sepher and was given Aksah as his wife?

A). Kenaz B). Othniel C). Joshua D). Ehud

1533. Caleb had given his daughter Aksah land in the Negev. What else did she ask him to give her?

A). Springs of water B). A flock of sheep C). A vineyard D). A house in Hebron

1534. As Moses had promised, Caleb was given Hebron. Whom did Caleb drive out of it?

A). The Jebusites B). The Philistines C). The Moabites D). The three sons of Anak

1535. Hebron was given to the priests, but to whom were its fields and villages given?

A). Joshua son of Nun B). Othniel son of Kenaz C). Aaron's sons
D). Caleb son of Jephunneh

Canaanite woman

1536. Who cried out to Jesus, "Lord, Son of David, have mercy on me!" in the region of Tyre and Sidon?

A). A Samaritan woman B). A Roman centurion C). A Canaanite woman
D). A blind beggar

1537. What was wrong with the Canaanite woman's daughter?

A). She was blind B). She was demon-possessed and suffering terribly
C). She had a fever D). She had died

1538. How did Jesus first respond to the Canaanite woman's cry?

A). He did not answer a word B). He healed her daughter at once
C). He sent her to the priest D). He told her to go home

1539. Complete the Canaanite woman's reply: "Even the dogs eat the _____ that fall from their master's table."

A). bones B). bread C). scraps D). crumbs

1540. What did Jesus say about the Canaanite woman before healing her daughter?

A). "Woman, you have little faith." B). "Woman, go and sin no more."
C). "Woman, you have great faith!" D). "Woman, wait until tomorrow."

Candace

1541. Whom did Philip meet on the desert road?

A). A Roman centurion B). A priest from Jerusalem
C). An Ethiopian eunuch, an official of Queen Candace D). A merchant from Damascus

Carpus

1542. What did Paul ask Timothy to bring from Troas, along with his scrolls?

A). His cloak B). His sandals C). His staff D). His tent

Centurion

1543. Who came to Jesus in Capernaum asking for help for his servant?

A). A centurion B). A tax collector C). A synagogue leader D). A Pharisee

1544. What was wrong with the centurion's servant?

A). He was blind B). He had leprosy C). He had died
D). He was paralyzed and suffering terribly

1545. Why did the centurion say Jesus did not need to come to his house?

A). His house was too far away B). The servant was already better
C). Jesus could just say the word and the servant would be healed
D). Romans did not allow Jews inside

1546. What did Jesus say about the centurion's faith?

A). His faith was too small B). He had not found anyone in Israel with such great faith
C). His faith was like a mustard seed D). He needed to believe more

1547. When was the centurion's servant healed?

A). The next morning B). Three days later C). When Jesus reached the house
D). At that moment

1548. Complete the centurion's words after the earthquake: "Surely he was the _____ of God!"

A). Servant B). Prophet C). Lamb D). Son

1549. Whose servant was sick and about to die in Capernaum?

A). A priest's B). A centurion's C). A tax collector's D). A fisherman's

1550. Why did the Jewish elders say the centurion deserved Jesus' help?

A). He was a relative of Herod B). He had given money to the poor
C). He loved their nation and had built their synagogue D). He was a follower of John

1551. Why did the centurion send friends to tell Jesus not to come to his house?

A). He did not deserve to have Jesus come under his roof B). He was afraid of the crowd
C). His servant had already died D). He was going to visit Jesus himself

1552. Complete the centurion's message: 'But say the ___, and my servant will be healed.'

A). prayer B). name C). blessing D). word

1553. What did Jesus say about the centurion's faith?

A). It was very small B). He had not found such great faith even in Israel
C). It needed to grow D). It was like a mustard seed

1554. What did the centurion say after seeing what happened?

A). 'This man was a prophet.' B). 'Surely this was a righteous man.'
C). 'He has saved us all.' D). 'He was the king of Rome.'

Centurion at the cross

1555. The centurion who saw how Jesus died said, "Surely this man was the ___ of God!"

A). Prophet B). Son C). Servant D). Lamb

Chloe

1556. From whose household did Paul hear about quarrels in the Corinthian church?

A). Lydia's B). Stephanas's C). Crispus's D). Chloe's

Chuza

1557. Joanna, who helped support Jesus, was the wife of whom?

A). Herod B). Chuza, the manager of Herod's household C). Jairus D). Zacchaeus

City clerk of Ephesus

1558. Who finally quieted the crowd and dismissed the assembly?

A). The city clerk B). Paul C). Demetrius D). The proconsul

Claudius

1559. During the reign of which emperor did the predicted famine happen?

A). Claudius B). Augustus C). Tiberius D). Nero

1560. Why had Aquila and Priscilla recently come from Italy?

A). Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave Rome B). There was a famine in Italy
C). They were sent as missionaries D). Their house burned down

Claudius Lysias

1561. What was the name of the commander who wrote the letter to Felix?

A). Julius B). Cornelius C). Claudius Lysias D). Sergius Paulus

1562. According to the commander's letter, what was the charge against Paul about?

A). Stealing from the temple B). Treason against Caesar C). Murder
D). Questions about their law, with no charge deserving death or prison

1563. Why did Felix adjourn the case?

A). He was going to Rome B). He was sick C). The accusers left
D). He was well acquainted with the Way and wanted to hear from Lysias

Cleopas

1564. What was the name of one of the two travelers to Emmaus?

A). Thomas B). Nathanael C). Matthias D). Cleopas

1565. Complete what the travelers said: 'But we had hoped that he was the one who was going to ___ Israel.'

A). redeem B). rule C). teach D). judge

1566. Complete what the travelers said: 'Were not our ___ burning within us while he talked with us on the road?'

A). eyes B). lamps C). feet D). hearts

Cornelius

1567. Who was the centurion in Caesarea in the Italian Regiment?

A). Julius B). Cornelius C). Claudius D). Lysias

1568. How is Cornelius described?

A). Rich and proud B). A cruel soldier who hated the Jews
C). Devout and God-fearing, giving generously and praying regularly
D). A priest of a Roman god

1569. What did the angel tell Cornelius about his prayers and gifts to the poor?

A). They had come up as a memorial offering before God B). They were not enough
C). They should be kept secret D). They should be given to the temple

1570. Where did the angel tell Cornelius to send men to find Peter?

A). Lydda B). Jerusalem C). Samaria D). Joppa

1571. What did Peter say when Cornelius fell at his feet?

A). You must worship God here B). Bring me gifts first C). Go away, you are a Gentile
D). Stand up, I am only a man myself

1572. When did the Holy Spirit come on all who heard the message?

A). After they were baptized B). While Peter was still speaking C). The next day
D). After Peter laid hands on them

1573. What did Peter order for Cornelius and those with him?

A). That they be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ B). That they offer sacrifices
C). That they go to Jerusalem D). That they be circumcised first

Crispus

1574. Which synagogue leader in Corinth believed in the Lord with his whole household?

A). Sosthenes B). Crispus C). Jairus D). Apollos

1575. Which two people did Paul say he personally baptized in Corinth?

A). Crispus and Gaius B). Aquila and Priscilla C). Titus and Timothy
D). Erastus and Silas

Cush

1576. Complete the verse: "Cush was the father of Nimrod, who became a mighty _____ on earth."

A). king B). hunter C). warrior D). builder

1577. According to its title, David sang Psalm 7 to the LORD concerning which Benjamite?

A). Shimei B). Cush C). Saul D). Sheba

Cushan-Rishathaim

1578. Which king did the LORD sell Israel to after they served the Baals and Asherahs?

A). Eglon king of Moab B). Jabin king of Canaan
C). Cushan-Rishathaim king of Aram Naharaim D). Adoni-Bezek

1579. How many years were the Israelites subject to Cushan-Rishathaim?

A). Four B). Seven C). Twenty D). Eight

Cushi

1580. Who was Zephaniah's father?

A). Gedaliah B). Amariah C). Cushi D). Amon

Cyrus

1581. Which king of Persia did the LORD move to make a proclamation?

A). Darius B). Artaxerxes C). Cyrus D). Xerxes

1582. What did Cyrus say the LORD had appointed him to do?

A). Conquer Egypt B). Destroy Babylon C). Rule over Israel
D). Build a temple for Him at Jerusalem

1583. Which king of Persia made a decree allowing the Jews to return and rebuild the temple?

A). Darius B). Cyrus C). Xerxes D). Artaxerxes

1584. In which year of his reign did Cyrus make his proclamation?

A). The third year B). The first year C). The seventh year D). The twentieth year

1585. Cyrus's proclamation fulfilled the word of the LORD spoken by which prophet?

A). Isaiah B). Ezekiel C). Jeremiah D). Daniel

1586. What did Cyrus say the God of heaven had appointed him to do?

A). Build a temple for him at Jerusalem B). Rebuild the walls of Babylon
C). Conquer the land of Egypt D). Destroy the idols of Persia

1587. Who had carried away the articles of the LORD's temple from Jerusalem?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Sennacherib D). Pharaoh Necho

1588. Which treasurer counted out the temple articles for Cyrus?

A). Sheshbazzar B). Tattenai C). Mithredath D). Rehum

1589. How did Zerubbabel, Jeshua and the family heads answer the offer of help?

A). They accepted it gladly B). They asked for money instead
C). They refused and said they alone would build D). They asked the king to decide

1590. According to the letter, whom had Cyrus appointed governor, who laid the foundations of the house of God?

A). Ezra B). Tattenai C). Sheshbazzar D). Nehemiah

1591. What did Tattenai ask King Darius to do?

A). Send an army to Jerusalem B). Punish the prophets
C). Give more gold for the temple D). Search the royal archives for Cyrus's decree

1592. Where was the scroll with Cyrus's decree finally found?

A). In the temple at Jerusalem B). In the treasury at Babylon
C). In the citadel of Ecbatana D). In the palace at Susa

1593. According to Cyrus's decree, who was to pay the costs of rebuilding the temple?

A). The royal treasury B). The Jewish family heads C). The people of Tyre and Sidon
D). The governor Tattenai

1594. Whom does the LORD call 'my shepherd' in Isaiah 44:28?

A). David B). Hezekiah C). Cyrus D). Moses

1595. According to Isaiah 44:28, what would Cyrus say about Jerusalem and the temple?

A). Let them be destroyed B). Let them be forgotten C). Let them be given to Egypt
D). Let them be rebuilt

1596. Whom does the LORD call 'his anointed' in Isaiah 45:1?

A). David B). Cyrus C). Hezekiah D). Zerubbabel

1597. What did God promise to give Cyrus in Isaiah 45:3?

A). The treasures of darkness and riches stored in secret places
B). A crown of gold from Jerusalem C). The daughter of Pharaoh as his wife
D). The ark of the covenant

1598. Until whose first year as king did Daniel remain there?

A). Darius B). Belshazzar C). Artaxerxes D). Cyrus

1599. During whose reigns did Daniel prosper?

A). Nebuchadnezzar and Belshazzar B). Darius and Cyrus the Persian
C). Belshazzar and Darius D). Cyrus and Artaxerxes

1600. In whose reign was this revelation given to Daniel?

A). Darius the Mede B). Cyrus king of Persia C). Belshazzar D). Nebuchadnezzar

Dagon

1601. Where did the Philistines put the ark in Ashdod?

A). In the king's palace B). In a cave outside the city
C). In Dagon's temple, beside Dagon D). At the city gate

1602. What had happened to the statue of Dagon the next morning?

A). It had fallen on its face before the ark B). It had been stolen
C). It had turned to dust D). It had moved outside the temple

1603. When Dagon fell the second time, what was broken off?

A). Only its feet B). Its head and hands C). Its crown D). Its arms and legs

1604. Because of what happened to Dagon, what do the priests of Dagon avoid doing in Ashdod?

A). Touching the ark B). Entering the temple at night
C). Stepping on the threshold of Dagon's temple D). Speaking the name of the LORD

Damaris

1605. Which two people are named among those in Athens who believed?

A). Jason and Lydia B). Aquila and Priscilla C). Dionysius and Damaris
D). Crispus and Sosthenes

Daniel

1606. Which three righteous men did God say could save only themselves if they were in a sinful land?

A). Abraham, Moses and David B). Elijah, Elisha and Samuel C). Isaac, Jacob and Joseph
D). Noah, Daniel and Job

1607. According to Ezekiel 14, could these righteous men save their own sons or daughters from God's judgment on the land?

A). No, they could save only themselves B). Yes, all their family
C). Yes, but only their sons D). Yes, if they prayed for forty days

1608. God asked the ruler of Tyre whether he was wiser than whom?

A). Solomon B). Joseph C). Daniel D). Moses

1609. What were the young men from Israel to be taught in Babylon?

A). How to fight in battle B). The laws of Moses
C). The language and literature of the Babylonians D). How to build temples

1610. For how many years were the young men to be trained before entering the king's service?

A). One year B). Seven years C). Ten years D). Three years

1611. From which tribe did Daniel, Hananiah, Mishael and Azariah come?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Levi D). Ephraim

1612. What new name was given to Daniel?

A). Shadrach B). Abednego C). Belteshazzar D). Meshach

1613. Complete: "But Daniel resolved not to _____ himself with the royal food and wine."

A). defile B). feed C). trouble D). tire

1614. Why did the chief official show favor and compassion to Daniel?

A). Daniel paid him money B). God caused him to C). The king ordered him to
D). Daniel was his relative

1615. Why was the chief official afraid to let Daniel avoid the king's food?

A). He feared the young men would run away B). He feared Daniel's God
C). He feared the king would see them looking worse and he would lose his head
D). He feared there would not be enough vegetables

1616. What did Daniel ask to be given during the test?

A). Bread and milk B). Fish and fruit C). Meat and water D). Vegetables and water

1617. How many days did Daniel ask the guard to test them?

A). Ten days B). Three days C). Seven days D). Forty days

1618. What happened after the ten-day test ended?

A). The four men were sent back to Judah
B). The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables
C). The king punished the guard D). Daniel began eating the royal food

1619. What special ability did God give Daniel?

A). He could understand visions and dreams of all kinds B). He could heal the sick
C). He could speak with angels at any time D). He could see the future in the stars

1620. The king found the four young men how many times better than all his magicians and enchanters?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Ten times D). Twelve times

1621. Until whose first year as king did Daniel remain there?

A). Darius B). Belshazzar C). Artaxerxes D). Cyrus

1622. Who was the commander of the king's guard sent to put the wise men to death?

A). Ashpenaz B). Belteshazzar C). Arioch D). Nebuzaradan

1623. What did Daniel ask his friends to do after he was given time?

A). Run away from Babylon B). Study the stars C). Find another wise man
D). Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

1624. How was the mystery revealed to Daniel?

A). In a vision during the night B). By an angel at noon C). Through a book
D). By the king's servant

1625. Complete: "Praise be to the name of God for ever and ever; _____ and power are his."

A). glory B). wisdom C). mercy D). honour

1626. According to Daniel's prayer, who sets up kings and removes them?

A). The people B). The wise men C). God D). The army

1627. When the king asked if Daniel could tell the dream, who did Daniel give the credit to?

A). Himself B). His three friends C). The magicians
D). The God in heaven who reveals mysteries

1628. What was the head of the great statue in the king's dream made of?

A). Pure gold B). Silver C). Bronze D). Iron

1629. What was the statue's chest and arms made of?

A). Gold B). Silver C). Bronze D). Clay

1630. What were the feet of the statue made of?

A). Pure iron B). Bronze and silver C). Partly iron and partly baked clay D). Stone

1631. Which is the correct order of materials in the statue from top to bottom?

A). Gold, bronze, silver, iron B). Silver, gold, iron, bronze C). Gold, silver, iron, bronze
D). Gold, silver, bronze, iron

1632. What struck the statue on its feet and smashed it?

A). A rock cut out, but not by human hands B). A bolt of lightning C). An iron hammer
D). A great wind

1633. What did the rock become after it struck the statue?

A). A great river B). A huge mountain that filled the whole earth C). A shining temple
D). A king's throne

1634. Daniel told Nebuchadnezzar, "You are that head of _____."

A). silver B). iron C). gold D). bronze

1635. What did Daniel say the God of heaven will set up?

A). A golden statue B). A great army C). A new city
D). A kingdom that will never be destroyed

1636. Complete the king's words: "Surely your God is the God of gods and the Lord of _____."

A). kings B). nations C). heaven D). armies

1637. How did Nebuchadnezzar reward Daniel?

A). He sent him home to Jerusalem B). He made him ruler over the province of Babylon
C). He made him commander of the army D). He gave him the king's own crown

1638. At Daniel's request, who were made administrators over the province of Babylon?

A). Arioch and Ashpenaz B). The magicians and astrologers
C). Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego D). Daniel's family from Judah

1639. Why did Nebuchadnezzar trust Daniel to explain his dream?

A). Daniel was the oldest wise man B). Daniel was the king's relative
C). The spirit of the holy gods was in Daniel D). Daniel had studied the stars

1640. Daniel told the king that the great tree stood for whom?

A). The king himself B). The city of Babylon C). Daniel D). The people of Judah

1641. What did Daniel say the king would eat when he was driven away from people?

A). Bread from heaven B). Grass like the ox C). Honey and locusts
D). Fruit from the trees

1642. What did it mean that the stump was left in the ground?

A). The tree would grow back taller B). The king would die
C). The king's kingdom would be given back when he admitted that Heaven rules
D). Babylon would be destroyed

1643. What advice did Daniel give the king?

A). Build a bigger palace B). Leave Babylon C). Ask the magicians for help
D). Stop his sins by doing what is right and being kind to the oppressed

1644. Who told the king about Daniel when the wise men could not read the writing?

A). Arioch B). Darius C). Shadrach D). The queen

1645. How did Daniel answer the king's offer of gifts?

A). He told the king to keep his gifts B). He asked for more gold
C). He accepted them gladly D). He asked for his friends to be freed

1646. What did Daniel say Belshazzar had failed to do even though he knew all that happened to Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Pay taxes to Persia B). Humble himself C). Build a new temple
D). Free the Jews

1647. Complete the writing on the wall: "MENE, MENE, _____, PARSIN."

A). PERES B). DAREI C). TEKEL D). AMEN

1648. What did the word MENE mean?

A). The king will live long B). Babylon will be rebuilt C). The gods are angry
D). God has numbered the days of the king's reign and brought it to an end

1649. Complete: "You have been weighed on the scales and found _____."

A). wanting B). faithful C). heavy D). worthy

1650. According to Daniel, to whom would Belshazzar's kingdom be given?

A). The Egyptians B). The Medes and Persians C). The people of Judah
D). The Assyrians

1651. What did Belshazzar do after Daniel explained the writing?

A). Threw Daniel into prison B). Ran away from the city
C). Gave Daniel purple clothes and a gold chain and made him third highest ruler
D). Asked God for mercy

1652. Why did the king plan to set Daniel over the whole kingdom?

A). Daniel was the king's friend B). Daniel was the oldest
C). Daniel stood out by his exceptional qualities D). Daniel paid the king

1653. Why could Daniel's enemies find no charge against him in his work?

A). He worked only at night B). The king protected him C). He hid his work
D). He was trustworthy and neither corrupt nor careless

1654. Which direction did Daniel's open windows face when he prayed?

A). Toward Babylon B). Toward Egypt C). Toward the river D). Toward Jerusalem

1655. How many times a day did Daniel get down on his knees and pray?

A). Three times B). Once C). Seven times D). Twice

1656. How did King Darius feel when he heard Daniel had broken the law?

A). Happy B). Greatly distressed C). Angry with Daniel D). He did not care

1657. Complete the king's words: "May your God, whom you serve _____, rescue you!"

A). faithfully B). daily C). continually D). alone

1658. How did Daniel say God saved him from the lions?

A). The lions were already full B). God sent His angel to shut the lions' mouths
C). The lions were asleep D). Daniel fought the lions

1659. Why was no wound found on Daniel?

A). He wore armour B). The lions were tame C). He had trusted in his God
D). The king had fed the lions

1660. What happened after Daniel was lifted out of the den?

A). The lions were set free B). Daniel went back into the den
C). The decree was cancelled D). The men who accused Daniel were thrown into the den

1661. What did Darius's new decree tell the people to do?

A). Fear and reverence the God of Daniel B). Worship the king C). Leave the kingdom
D). Kill all the lions

1662. During whose reigns did Daniel prosper?

A). Nebuchadnezzar and Belshazzar B). Darius and Cyrus the Persian
C). Belshazzar and Darius D). Cyrus and Artaxerxes

1663. In whose reign did Daniel have the dream of the four beasts?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Darius D). Cyrus

1664. Where did the four great beasts come up from?

A). The desert B). The mountains C). The sea D). The clouds

1665. The first beast was like a lion with the wings of what?

A). A dove B). A bat C). A raven D). An eagle

1666. Which beast had three ribs in its mouth?

A). The second beast, which looked like a bear B). The first beast, which looked like a lion
C). The third beast, which looked like a leopard D). The fourth beast

1667. The third beast looked like a leopard. How many heads did it have?

A). Seven B). Four C). Ten D). Two

1668. What did the fourth beast have that made it different from the others?

A). Wings of an eagle B). Four heads C). Large iron teeth and ten horns
D). Three ribs in its mouth

1669. What was special about the little horn that came up among the ten horns?

A). It was made of gold B). It grew out of the sea C). It had wings
D). It had eyes like a human and a mouth that spoke boastfully

1670. Who took His seat on a throne flaming with fire?

A). The Ancient of Days B). The fourth beast C). King Belshazzar
D). The little horn

1671. Complete: "His clothing was as white as _____."

A). milk B). snow C). light D). linen

1672. What was opened when the court was seated?

A). The gates of heaven B). The doors of the temple C). The books
D). The lions' den

1673. Who did Daniel see coming with the clouds of heaven?

A). An angel with a sword B). A great king of Babylon C). Michael the prince
D). One like a son of man

1674. What kind of kingdom was given to the one like a son of man?

A). A kingdom that will never be destroyed B). A kingdom that would last a thousand years
C). A kingdom only in Babylon D). A kingdom that would be divided

1675. How did Daniel feel about his vision, and what did he do?

A). He was happy and told the king

B). He was troubled and asked one of those standing there what it meant C). He ignored it

D). He was angry and wrote a letter

1676. What did the four great beasts stand for?

A). Four seasons B). Four rivers C). Four kings D). Four angels

1677. Who will receive the kingdom and possess it forever?

A). The fourth beast B). The ten kings C). The little horn

D). The holy people of the Most High

1678. What did the ten horns of the fourth beast stand for?

A). Ten kings B). Ten nations C). Ten angels D). Ten years

1679. Which of these did the vision say the king represented by the little horn would do?

A). Build a great temple B). Speak against the Most High and oppress His holy people

C). Bring peace to all nations D). Free the people of Judah

1680. What did Daniel do after this vision?

A). Told the whole city B). Wrote a letter to the king C). Kept the matter to himself

D). Went back to Jerusalem

1681. In which year of Belshazzar's reign did Daniel have the vision of the ram and the goat?

A). The first year B). The third year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

1682. Where was Daniel in his vision?

A). In Jerusalem by the temple B). By the Jordan River

C). In the citadel of Susa, beside the Ulai Canal D). On the plain of Dura

1683. What animal with two horns did Daniel see standing beside the canal?

A). A goat B). A lion C). A bull D). A ram

1684. What was true about the ram's two horns?

A). One was longer than the other and grew up later B). Both were broken

C). They were made of iron D). They were short and equal

1685. What came from the west, crossing the whole earth without touching the ground?

A). A lion with wings B). A goat with a prominent horn between its eyes

C). A bear with three ribs D). A leopard with four heads

1686. What happened when the goat attacked the ram?

A). The ram won B). They became friends C). The goat shattered the ram's two horns

D). The goat ran away

1687. What grew up after the goat's large horn was broken off?

A). Ten small horns B). A little horn with eyes C). Two long horns
D). Four prominent horns

1688. According to the vision, how long would it be until the sanctuary was reconsecrated?

A). 2,300 evenings and mornings B). 1,000 days C). 70 weeks D). Seven years

1689. Which angel was told to explain the vision to Daniel?

A). Michael B). Gabriel C). Raphael D). Abaddon

1690. What did Gabriel say the vision was about?

A). The time of Moses B). The building of Babylon C). The time of the end
D). The flood of Noah

1691. How did Daniel react when Gabriel came near him?

A). He ran away B). He laughed C). He asked for a sign
D). He was terrified and fell face down

1692. According to Gabriel, what did the two-horned ram stand for?

A). The kings of Media and Persia B). The kings of Egypt and Assyria
C). The kings of Israel and Judah D). The kings of Babylon and Greece

1693. According to Gabriel, what did the shaggy goat stand for?

A). The king of Persia B). The king of Greece C). The king of Egypt
D). The king of Babylon

1694. What did the four horns that replaced the large horn represent?

A). Four seasons B). Four angels
C). Four kingdoms that would not have the same power
D). Four armies that would conquer the world

1695. How did Gabriel say the fierce king would be destroyed?

A). By the king of Persia B). By a great flood C). By his own soldiers
D). Not by human power

1696. How did the vision affect Daniel?

A). He was exhausted and lay ill for several days B). He was full of joy
C). He became king D). He forgot it at once

1697. In whose first year as king did Daniel study the prophecy about Jerusalem?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Darius son of Xerxes D). Cyrus

1698. Through which prophet had the LORD said that Jerusalem's desolation would last seventy years?

A). Isaiah B). Ezekiel C). Elijah D). Jeremiah

1699. How many years did Jeremiah say the desolation of Jerusalem would last?

A). Seventy years B). Forty years C). Seven years D). One hundred years

1700. How did Daniel seek God after he understood the prophecy?

A). He went to Jerusalem B). He pleaded in prayer, with fasting, sackcloth and ashes
C). He asked the king for help D). He built an altar

1701. Complete Daniel's prayer: "Lord, the great and awesome God, who keeps his _____ of love."

A). promise B). word C). covenant D). law

1702. What did Daniel confess in his prayer?

A). That only the kings had sinned B). That Babylon was to blame
C). That God had been unfair
D). That the people had sinned and not listened to God's prophets

1703. Complete: "The Lord our God is merciful and _____."

A). forgiving B). mighty C). holy D). faithful

1704. Why did Daniel say they made their requests to God?

A). Because they were righteous B). Because of God's great mercy
C). Because they had offered sacrifices D). Because the king commanded it

1705. Complete: "Lord, listen! Lord, _____! Lord, hear and act!"

A). save B). help C). forgive D). come

1706. About what time did Gabriel come to Daniel while he was praying?

A). At midnight B). At sunrise C). At noon
D). About the time of the evening sacrifice

1707. What did Gabriel say happened as soon as Daniel began to pray?

A). A word went out, and Gabriel came to tell him B). The temple was rebuilt
C). The king set the Jews free D). Jerusalem was destroyed

1708. How did Gabriel describe Daniel?

A). As a great king B). As highly esteemed C). As a sinner D). As a stranger

1709. How many 'sevens' did Gabriel say were decreed for Daniel's people and the holy city?

A). Seven 'sevens' B). Sixty-two 'sevens' C). Seventy 'sevens' D). Ten 'sevens'

1710. According to Gabriel, the time would be counted from the decree to do what?

A). Destroy Babylon B). Build a palace for Darius C). Free the Jews from Egypt
D). Restore and rebuild Jerusalem

1711. In whose reign was this revelation given to Daniel?

A). Darius the Mede B). Cyrus king of Persia C). Belshazzar D). Nebuchadnezzar

1712. For how long did Daniel mourn?

A). Seven days B). Forty days C). Three weeks D). Ten days

1713. What did Daniel do during his three weeks of mourning?

A). He ate only at the king's table B). He fasted completely without water

C). He feasted with his friends D). He ate no choice food, meat or wine and used no lotions

1714. By which great river was Daniel standing when he saw the vision?

A). The Tigris B). The Jordan C). The Nile D). The Euphrates

1715. Which of these describes the man Daniel saw in the vision?

A). Dressed in purple with a crown of silver

B). Dressed in linen, with a face like lightning and eyes like flaming torches

C). Dressed in sackcloth with a shepherd's staff D). Dressed in armour with a sword of iron

1716. Complete: "his arms and legs like the gleam of burnished _____."

A). gold B). silver C). bronze D). iron

1717. What happened to the men who were with Daniel?

A). They saw the vision too B). They fell asleep C). They fought the man in linen

D). They did not see the vision but were terrified and fled and hid

1718. How did the heavenly messenger address Daniel?

A). Daniel, you who are highly esteemed B). Daniel, son of man

C). Daniel, king of the wise D). Daniel, servant of Babylon

1719. According to the messenger, when were Daniel's words heard?

A). Only after twenty-one days

B). Since the first day he set his mind to understand and humble himself

C). When he went to the temple D). When the king prayed with him

1720. For how many days did the prince of the Persian kingdom resist the messenger?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Twenty-one days D). Forty days

1721. Who came to help the messenger when he was resisted?

A). Gabriel B). Daniel C). Cyrus D). Michael, one of the chief princes

1722. Complete the messenger's words: "Do not be afraid, you who are highly esteemed. Peace! Be _____ now; be _____."

A). strong B). calm C). still D). brave

1723. After fighting the prince of Persia, which prince did the messenger say would come?

A). The prince of Egypt B). The prince of Greece C). The prince of Babylon
D). The prince of Assyria

1724. What did the messenger say he would tell Daniel about?

A). The law of Moses B). The names of the kings
C). What is written in the Book of Truth D). The building of the temple

1725. What did the messenger say about the fourth king who would arise in Persia?

A). He would be the poorest of all B). He would serve the God of Daniel
C). He would be far richer than the others and stir up everyone against Greece
D). He would rebuild Jerusalem

1726. What would happen to the mighty king's empire after he appeared?

A). It would last forever B). It would pass to his sons C). It would be given to Persia
D). It would be broken up and parceled out toward the four winds

1727. In this chapter, the king of the South struggles against which king?

A). The king of the North B). The king of the East C). The king of the West
D). The king of Babylon

1728. How is the person who would seize the kingdom through intrigue described?

A). A wise and humble ruler B). A contemptible person
C). A mighty warrior from the sea D). A faithful servant of God

1729. What would oppose the king of the North and make him lose heart?

A). An army of angels B). A great flood C). Ships of the western coastlands
D). A plague in his land

1730. What would the king's armed forces set up after abolishing the daily sacrifice?

A). A golden statue of the king B). A new altar to God C). A palace in Jerusalem
D). The abomination that causes desolation

1731. Complete: "but the people who know their God will firmly _____ him."

A). resist B). follow C). fear D). obey

1732. What would the wise among the people do in that time?

A). Hide in the mountains B). Instruct many C). Join the king's army
D). Leave the holy city

1733. Why would some of the wise stumble?

A). Because they disobeyed God B). Because they were weak
C). So that they may be refined, purified and made spotless
D). So that the king could rule forever

1734. What would the king who does as he pleases say?

A). Praise to the God of Daniel B). Words of peace to all nations
C). Prayers for the holy people D). Unheard-of things against the God of gods

1735. Instead of the gods of his ancestors, what would the king honour?

A). A god of fortresses B). A god of the sea C). A god of the harvest
D). A god of the sun

1736. Which of these would be delivered from the king's hand?

A). Egypt and Libya B). Edom, Moab and the leaders of Ammon C). Persia and Media
D). Greece and the coastlands

1737. How does the chapter say this king would come to his end?

A). Surrounded by his allies B). Ruling over all the earth C). With no one to help him
D). Escaping by ship

1738. Who is called the great prince who protects Daniel's people?

A). Gabriel B). Michael C). Cyrus D). Darius

1739. In the time of distress, who among Daniel's people will be delivered?

A). Only the priests B). Those who live in Jerusalem
C). Everyone whose name is found written in the book D). Those who are rich

1740. What will happen to the multitudes who sleep in the dust of the earth?

A). They will stay asleep forever B). They will become angels
C). They will return to Babylon
D). They will awake, some to everlasting life and others to shame

1741. Complete: "those who lead many to righteousness, like the _____ for ever and ever."

A). stars B). sun C). moon D). angels

1742. What was Daniel told to do with the words of the scroll?

A). Read them to the king B). Roll up and seal them until the time of the end
C). Burn them D). Send them to Jerusalem

1743. Where was the man clothed in linen standing when he was asked how long it would be?

A). On a high mountain B). In the temple C). Above the waters of the river
D). At the gate of the city

1744. How long did the man in linen swear it would be?

A). Seven years B). Seventy weeks C). Forty days D). A time, times and half a time

1745. How did Daniel respond after hearing the answer?

A). He did not understand and asked what the outcome would be B). He understood it all
C). He laughed D). He wrote a letter to the king

1746. Complete: "Go your way, Daniel, because the words are rolled up and _____ until the time of the end."

A). hidden B). sealed C). kept D). written

1747. According to verse 10, who will understand?

A). The wicked B). The kings of the earth C). The wise D). No one at all

1748. Who does verse 12 say is blessed?

A). The one who reaches the end of 1,290 days B). The one who builds the temple
C). The one who defeats the king of the North
D). The one who waits for and reaches the end of 1,335 days

1749. What promise was given to Daniel at the end of the book?

A). He would rest, and at the end of the days rise to receive his inheritance
B). He would become king of Persia C). He would return to Jerusalem
D). He would never die

1750. Jesus said 'the abomination that causes desolation' was spoken of through which prophet?

A). Ezekiel B). Daniel C). Isaiah D). Zechariah

Darius

1751. Until when did the work on the house of God in Jerusalem stop?

A). The first year of Cyrus B). The second year of King Darius
C). The seventh year of Artaxerxes D). The death of King Xerxes

1752. Why were the Jewish elders not stopped from building while the report went to Darius?

A). They paid the governor money B). They hid the work at night
C). The king's soldiers protected them D). The eye of their God was watching over them

1753. What did Tattenai ask King Darius to do?

A). Send an army to Jerusalem B). Punish the prophets
C). Give more gold for the temple D). Search the royal archives for Cyrus's decree

1754. Where was the scroll with Cyrus's decree finally found?

A). In the temple at Jerusalem B). In the treasury at Babylon
C). In the citadel of Ecbatana D). In the palace at Susa

1755. What did King Darius tell Tattenai to do about the work on the temple?

A). Stop the work at once B). Stay away and not interfere
C). Send the builders to Persia D). Tear down the new walls

1756. Why did Darius order animals, wheat, salt, wine and oil to be given to the priests daily?

A). To pay the priests for their work B). To feed the soldiers in Jerusalem
C). To prepare for a war D). So they could offer sacrifices and pray for the king and his sons

1757. What did Darius say would happen to anyone who changed his edict?

A). They would be sent to Babylon B). They would lose all their money
C). A beam would be pulled from their house and they would be impaled on it
D). They would be thrown into a lions' den

1758. When was the temple completed?

A). In the first year of Cyrus B). In the second year of Darius
C). In the seventh year of Artaxerxes D). In the sixth year of Darius

1759. Who took over the kingdom after Belshazzar died?

A). Darius the Mede B). Cyrus the Persian C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Daniel

1760. How many satraps did Darius appoint to rule throughout the kingdom?

A). 70 B). 120 C). 127 D). 12

1761. Why did the king plan to set Daniel over the whole kingdom?

A). Daniel was the king's friend B). Daniel was the oldest
C). Daniel stood out by his exceptional qualities D). Daniel paid the king

1762. What did the new law forbid for thirty days?

A). Praying to any god or human except the king B). Eating meat C). Leaving the city
D). Speaking the Hebrew language

1763. What was the punishment for breaking the king's new law?

A). Being thrown into a blazing furnace B). Being thrown into the lions' den
C). Being sent out of the kingdom D). Losing all their money

1764. Why could the king's decree not be changed?

A). Daniel had signed it B). The people had voted for it
C). It was written as a law of the Medes and Persians, which cannot be repealed
D). It was carved in gold

1765. How did King Darius feel when he heard Daniel had broken the law?

A). Happy B). Greatly distressed C). Angry with Daniel D). He did not care

1766. Complete the king's words: "May your God, whom you serve _____, rescue you!"

A). faithfully B). daily C). continually D). alone

1767. What did the king use to seal the stone over the mouth of the den?

A). Wax and rope B). Iron chains C). Clay and water
D). His own signet ring and the rings of his nobles

1768. How did the king spend the night while Daniel was in the den?

A). Without eating, without entertainment and without sleep B). Feasting with his nobles
C). Sleeping peacefully D). Praying to his gods

1769. What happened after Daniel was lifted out of the den?

A). The lions were set free B). Daniel went back into the den
C). The decree was cancelled D). The men who accused Daniel were thrown into the den

1770. What did Darius's new decree tell the people to do?

A). Fear and reverence the God of Daniel B). Worship the king C). Leave the kingdom
D). Kill all the lions

1771. During whose reigns did Daniel prosper?

A). Nebuchadnezzar and Belshazzar B). Darius and Cyrus the Persian
C). Belshazzar and Darius D). Cyrus and Artaxerxes

1772. In whose first year as king did Daniel study the prophecy about Jerusalem?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Darius son of Xerxes D). Cyrus

1773. In whose first year did the messenger say he took his stand to support and protect him?

A). Cyrus the Persian B). Darius the Mede C). Belshazzar D). Nebuchadnezzar

1774. In the reign of which king did the word of the LORD come through Haggai?

A). Cyrus B). Artaxerxes C). Darius D). Nebuchadnezzar

1775. In which king's reign did the word of the Lord first come to Zechariah?

A). Cyrus B). Artaxerxes C). Darius D). Nebuchadnezzar

1776. In which month did this word of the Lord come to Zechariah?

A). Nisan, the first month B). Kislev, the ninth month C). Adar, the twelfth month
D). Ethanim, the seventh month

Dathan

1777. Who led the rebellion against Moses and Aaron in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Korah, Dathan, and Abiram
D). Miriam and Aaron

1778. What happened to Korah, Dathan, Abiram, and their households?

A). They were sent away from the camp B). The ground opened and swallowed them
C). They were struck with leprosy D). They fled into the wilderness

1779. When the people envied Moses and Aaron, whom did the earth open and swallow?

A). Korah B). Dathan C). Achan D). Balaam

David

1780. Obed became the grandfather of which famous king?

A). Saul B). Solomon C). Hezekiah D). David

1781. Which list is in the correct order, from oldest to youngest?

A). Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David B). Obed, Boaz, Jesse, David C). Boaz, Jesse, Obed, David
D). Jesse, Boaz, Obed, David

1782. What was David doing when Samuel came to Jesse's house?

A). Tending the sheep B). Fighting the Philistines C). Playing the lyre for Saul
D). Studying with the priests

1783. What did Samuel do when David arrived?

A). He sent him back to the sheep B). He anointed him in the presence of his brothers
C). He gave him a sword D). He took him to Saul

1784. What happened to David from the day he was anointed?

A). He became king that day B). He moved to the palace
C). The Spirit of the LORD came powerfully on him D). He left his family forever

1785. How did one of Saul's servants describe David?

A). A rich man with many flocks B). A priest from Shiloh
C). A brave warrior who plays the lyre, speaks well, and the LORD is with him
D). The oldest son of Jesse

1786. What job did David receive when he came to serve Saul?

A). Commander of the army B). One of Saul's armor-bearers C). Keeper of the ark
D). Captain of the guards

1787. What happened when David played the lyre for Saul?

A). Saul fell asleep B). Saul became angry C). The Philistines ran away
D). Saul felt relief and the evil spirit left him

1788. Why did Jesse send David to the battle camp?

A). To fight Goliath B). To bring food to his brothers and see how they were
C). To carry a message to Saul D). To take Saul's armor

1789. Why was David upset about Goliath's challenge?

A). Goliath was defying the armies of the living God B). Goliath insulted Jesse
C). Goliath stole his sheep D). Saul would not let him watch

1790. Which brother burned with anger at David and called him conceited?

A). Shammah B). Abinadab C). Eliab D). Jonathan

1791. What experience did David use to show Saul the LORD would help him?

A). He had won many battles B). The LORD had rescued him from the lion and the bear
C). Samuel had anointed him D). He had killed a giant before

1792. Why did David take off Saul's armor?

A). It was too heavy for Saul to lose B). It belonged to Jonathan
C). He was not used to it D). It was broken

1793. How many smooth stones did David choose from the stream?

A). Three B). Seven C). One D). Five

1794. Goliath said, "Am I a ___, that you come at me with sticks?"

A). dog B). lion C). bear D). child

1795. David said he came against Goliath in the name of whom?

A). King Saul B). The LORD Almighty C). The armies of Judah D). Jesse his father

1796. David said, "The battle is the ___'s."

A). king B). army C). LORD D). people

1797. Where did David's stone hit Goliath?

A). In his forehead B). In his chest C). In his leg D). In his hand

1798. How did David finish off Goliath, since he had no sword of his own?

A). He used Saul's sword B). He used a second stone C). He took Goliath's own sword
D). Jonathan gave him a spear

1799. Where did David take Goliath's head?

A). Bethlehem B). Jerusalem C). Gibeah D). Ramah

1800. David told Saul, "I am the son of your servant ___ of Bethlehem."

A). Samuel B). Kish C). Boaz D). Jesse

1801. How did Jonathan feel about David?

A). He was jealous of him B). He was afraid of him C). He loved him as himself
D). He did not trust him

1802. What did Jonathan make with David because he loved him?

A). A covenant B). An altar C). A monument D). A treaty with the Philistines

1803. Which of these did Jonathan give to David?

A). His crown B). His robe, tunic, sword, bow and belt C). His father's spear
D). His horse

1804. The women sang, "Saul has slain his thousands, and David his ___."

A). hundreds B). millions C). enemies D). tens of thousands

1805. How did Saul react to the women's song?

A). He was very angry and kept a close eye on David B). He was proud of David
C). He laughed D). He gave David a reward

1806. What did Saul do while David was playing the lyre?

A). He fell asleep B). He sang along C). He hurled his spear at David
D). He gave David a gift

1807. Why was Saul afraid of David?

A). David had a bigger army B). Samuel had cursed Saul C). David had threatened him
D). The LORD was with David but had left Saul

1808. What position did Saul give David when he sent him away?

A). Commander over a thousand men B). Keeper of the royal treasure C). Priest at Nob
D). Governor of Bethlehem

1809. Why did David have great success in everything he did?

A). He had the best weapons B). The LORD was with him C). Jonathan fought for him
D). Saul helped him

1810. What was Saul's secret plan when he offered his daughter Merab to David?

A). To make David his heir B). To send David back to Bethlehem
C). To let the Philistines kill David D). To make peace with Jonathan

1811. Which daughter of Saul was in love with David?

A). Michal B). Merab C). Ahinoam D). Abigail

1812. What was Saul hoping would happen when he set the bride price for Michal?

A). That David would become rich B). That David would fall by the hands of the Philistines
C). That David would refuse and leave D). That Michal would marry someone else

1813. How many Philistines did David and his men strike down for the bride price?

A). Fifty B). One hundred C). One thousand D). Two hundred

1814. What did Saul realize that made him more afraid of David?

A). That David wanted to be king at once B). That the Philistines liked David
C). That the LORD was with David and Michal loved him
D). That Jonathan had given David his sword

1815. What happened to David's name because of his success against the Philistines?

A). It became well known B). It was changed C). It was forgotten
D). It was written on the temple

1816. Who warned David that Saul was looking for a chance to kill him?

A). Samuel B). Abner C). Jonathan D). Michal

1817. What did Jonathan remind Saul about when he spoke well of David?

A). That David was his brother-in-law

B). That David had risked his life to kill the Philistine and the LORD won a great victory

C). That David was anointed by Samuel D). That David had never been to war

1818. What oath did Saul take after listening to Jonathan?

A). That David would never enter his house again B). That he would make David king

C). That he would give David Merab D). That David would not be put to death

1819. What happened to Saul's spear when he threw it at David again?

A). It stuck in the wall B). It hit David C). It broke D). It went through the window

1820. Who warned David that he would be killed in the morning if he did not run?

A). Jonathan B). His wife Michal C). Samuel D). A servant

1821. How did Michal help David escape from his house?

A). She hid him in a barrel B). She dressed him as a woman

C). She let him down through a window D). She sent him out the back door

1822. How did Michal explain to Saul why she helped David?

A). She said David was innocent B). She said Samuel told her to

C). She said David threatened to kill her if she didn't let him go

D). She said she was afraid of Jonathan

1823. To whom did David go after escaping from Saul?

A). Jesse at Bethlehem B). Samuel at Ramah C). Ahimelek at Nob

D). Achish at Gath

1824. After fleeing from Naioth, to whom did David go and ask, "What have I done?"

A). Samuel B). Jonathan C). Michal D). Jesse

1825. David told Jonathan, "There is only a ___ between me and death."

A). day B). wall C). step D). breath

1826. At which feast was David expected to eat with King Saul?

A). The Passover B). The Feast of Tabernacles C). The Feast of Weeks

D). The New Moon feast

1827. What excuse did David tell Jonathan to give if Saul asked where he was?

A). That David had gone to Bethlehem for his clan's yearly sacrifice

B). That David was sick in bed C). That David was with Samuel

D). That David was fighting the Philistines

1828. What did Jonathan ask David to promise him?

A). To make him king one day B). To never fight the Philistines again

C). To marry his sister D). To never cut off his kindness from Jonathan's family

1829. Why did Jonathan have David reaffirm his oath?

A). Because he loved him as he loved himself B). Because he did not trust David
C). Because Saul told him to D). Because Samuel required it

1830. Beside which stone did Jonathan tell David to wait?

A). Ebenezer B). The stone Ezel C). The large rock of Beth Shemesh
D). The stone of Bohan

1831. What sign did Jonathan use to tell David whether it was safe?

A). Lighting a fire B). Blowing a trumpet C). Shooting arrows D). Sending a letter

1832. If Jonathan shouted, "The arrows are beyond you," what did it mean for David?

A). It was safe to come home B). He should come to the feast
C). He should wait another day D). He must go, because the LORD had sent him away

1833. Why did Saul say nothing on the first day David was missing?

A). He thought something had made David ceremonially unclean B). He had not noticed
C). He was glad David was gone D). He knew David had gone to Bethlehem

1834. Why did Saul say Jonathan should want David dead?

A). David had insulted Jonathan
B). As long as David lived, Jonathan and his kingdom would not be established
C). David had stolen from the king D). David had joined the Philistines

1835. Why did Jonathan leave the table and not eat on the second day of the feast?

A). He was sick B). He had to find David C). He was afraid of his father
D). He was grieved at his father's shameful treatment of David

1836. What did the boy who gathered the arrows know about the plan?

A). Nothing; only Jonathan and David knew B). Everything
C). Only that David was hiding D). He was told later by David

1837. What happened when David and Jonathan met after the arrow sign?

A). They argued B). They kissed each other and wept, and David wept the most
C). They went to Saul together D). They built an altar

1838. Jonathan said, "Go in peace, for we have sworn ___ with each other in the name of the LORD."

A). friendship B). peace C). love D). loyalty

1839. To which town did David go to see Ahimelek the priest?

A). Nob B). Shiloh C). Gibeah D). Hebron

1840. What did David tell Ahimelek about why he had come?

A). That he was running from Saul B). That Jonathan had sent him
C). That the king had sent him on a secret mission D). That he wanted to become a priest

1841. What bread did Ahimelek give to David?

A). Barley loaves B). Unleavened bread from Passover C). Bread from Saul's table
D). The consecrated bread, the bread of the Presence

1842. Whose sword did Ahimelek give to David?

A). Saul's sword B). Jonathan's sword C). Abner's sword D). Goliath's sword

1843. To which king did David flee after leaving Nob?

A). Achish king of Gath B). Nahash the Ammonite C). Agag king of the Amalekites
D). The king of Moab

1844. What did the servants of Achish remember about David?

A). That he had once served Achish
B). That the women sang about him slaying his tens of thousands C). That he was a priest
D). That he was Jonathan's brother

1845. Why did David pretend to be insane in Gath?

A). To make people laugh B). To get food C). He was very much afraid of Achish
D). Achish told him to

1846. How did David act while pretending to be insane?

A). He sang loudly in the streets
B). He made marks on the gate doors and let saliva run down his beard
C). He tore his clothes and threw dust D). He hid in a cave

1847. How did Achish respond to David's behavior?

A). He put David in prison B). He made David his bodyguard
C). He sent David back to Saul
D). He asked his servants why they brought a madman to him

1848. Where did David escape to after leaving Gath?

A). The cave of Adullam B). The cave at En Gedi C). The forest of Hereth
D). The town of Ziklag

1849. What kind of men gathered around David at the cave?

A). Priests and Levites B). Men in distress, in debt, or discontented
C). Soldiers sent by Saul D). Philistine warriors

1850. To which king did David take his father and mother to keep them safe?

A). The king of Edom B). The king of Gath C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Ammon

1851. Which prophet told David to leave the stronghold and go into Judah?

A). Samuel B). Nathan C). Ahijah D). Gad

1852. What did Saul complain about to his officials from Benjamin?

A). That they were too weak in battle

B). That none of them told him Jonathan had made a covenant with David

C). That they refused to pay taxes D). That they worshiped idols

1853. How did Ahimelek describe David when Saul accused him?

A). As a traitor he did not know B). As a stranger asking for help C). As a Philistine spy

D). As the king's loyal son-in-law and captain of his bodyguard

1854. Which son of Ahimelek escaped and fled to David?

A). Eleazar B). Ahitub C). Phinehas D). Abiathar

1855. What did David admit to Abiathar about the priests' deaths?

A). That Saul was not to blame

B). That he was responsible for the death of Abiathar's whole family

C). That he had warned the priests D). That he did not know Doeg was there

1856. What promise did David make to Abiathar?

A). That he would be safe if he stayed with David

B). That he would become high priest at once C). That David would kill Doeg

D). That Saul would forgive him

1857. Which town were the Philistines attacking when David asked the LORD whether to go and fight?

A). Keilah B). Ziklag C). Hebron D). Bethlehem

1858. Why did David ask the LORD a second time about attacking the Philistines at Keilah?

A). He had not heard the answer B). His men were afraid C). Abiathar told him to

D). Saul was coming

1859. What was the result when David and his men fought the Philistines at Keilah?

A). They lost the battle B). The Philistines made peace

C). David saved the people of Keilah D). David was captured

1860. What did Abiathar bring with him when he fled to David?

A). The ark of the covenant B). Goliath's sword C). The bread of the Presence

D). The ephod

1861. Why did Saul think God had delivered David into his hands at Keilah?

A). David's men had left him B). David was in a town with gates and bars

C). The Philistines had captured David D). Jonathan told him where David was

1862. When David asked if the citizens of Keilah would surrender him to Saul, what did the LORD answer?

A). "They will not." B). "Saul will not come." C). "They will." D). "Stay and fight."

1863. About how many men were with David when he left Keilah?

A). Four hundred B). Two hundred C). One thousand D). Six hundred

1864. Why could Saul never catch David, even though he searched day after day?

A). God did not give David into his hands B). David was too fast
C). Saul's army was too small D). The Philistines protected David

1865. What did Jonathan do when he went to see David at Horesh?

A). He brought him food and weapons B). He helped him find strength in God
C). He told him to surrender D). He brought Saul's apology

1866. Jonathan told David, "You will be king over Israel, and I will be ___ to you."

A). a servant B). a brother C). second D). a friend

1867. What did Jonathan and David do before the LORD at Horesh?

A). They offered a sacrifice B). They wrote a letter to Saul C). They built an altar
D). They made a covenant

1868. Which people went to Saul at Gibeah to betray where David was hiding?

A). The Ziphites B). The men of Keilah C). The Philistines D). The Moabites

1869. Why did Saul stop chasing David in the Desert of Maon, just as he was closing in?

A). David surrendered B). The LORD spoke to Saul
C). A messenger said the Philistines were raiding the land D). Jonathan stopped him

1870. Where did David go to live after escaping in the Desert of Maon?

A). The cave of Adullam B). The strongholds of En Gedi C). The forest of Hereth
D). Gath

1871. In which desert was David when Saul took three thousand men to look for him?

A). Desert of Ziph B). Desert of Maon C). Desert of En Gedi D). Desert of Paran

1872. Where were David and his men hiding when Saul came in?

A). Far back in a cave B). Behind a large rock C). In a forest D). In a sheep pen

1873. What did David secretly cut off while Saul was in the cave?

A). Some of Saul's hair B). A corner of Saul's robe C). Saul's belt
D). The strap of Saul's sandal

1874. What did David's men say when Saul came into the cave?

A). "Let us run away quickly." B). "Let us pray for the king." C). "Let us call out to him."
D). "This is the day the LORD spoke of, when He would give your enemy into your hands."

1875. How did David feel after he cut off the corner of Saul's robe?

A). Proud B). Conscience-stricken C). Afraid D). Angry

1876. Why did David refuse to harm Saul?

A). Saul was his father-in-law B). Saul had been kind to him
C). Saul was the LORD's anointed D). Saul's army was outside

1877. What did David do when his men wanted to attack Saul?

A). He let them attack B). He left the cave C). He hid from them
D). He sharply rebuked them and did not allow them to attack

1878. What did David do after Saul left the cave?

A). He called out to Saul and bowed down with his face to the ground
B). He ran the other way C). He sent a messenger to Jonathan
D). He chased Saul with his sword

1879. What did the piece of Saul's robe prove?

A). That David was a thief B). That David had been close enough to kill Saul but had not
C). That Saul's robe was old D). That the robe belonged to David

1880. David said, "May the LORD judge between you and me... but my ___ will not touch you."

A). sword B). men C). hand D). spear

1881. David compared himself to a dead dog and a flea. What was he saying?

A). He was a great danger to Saul B). He was hungry and weak
C). He was ashamed of himself D). He was no one worth pursuing

1882. Saul wept and said to David, "You are more ___ than I."

A). righteous B). powerful C). clever D). faithful

1883. What did Saul say he knew about David's future?

A). That David would die young B). That David would surely be king
C). That David would become a priest D). That David would leave Israel

1884. What did Saul ask David to swear to him?

A). That David would never return to Gibeah B). That David would give Saul his army
C). That David would not kill off his descendants or wipe out his name
D). That David would marry Merab

1885. Why did David think Nabal should share food with his men?

A). David was the king B). Nabal owed David money C). Samuel had told Nabal to
D). David's men had not mistreated Nabal's shepherds or taken anything from them

1886. Nabal answered David's servants, "Who is this David? Who is this son of ___?"

A). Saul B). Jesse C). Boaz D). Kish

1887. What did David tell his men after hearing Nabal's answer?

A). "Let us leave this place." B). "Let us pray for Nabal."
C). "Each of you strap on your sword!" D). "Let us send a gift."

1888. Nabal's servant said of David's men, "Night and day they were a ___ around us."

A). wall B). fire C). shield D). tent

1889. What did Abigail quickly do when she heard what had happened?

A). She ran to hide B). She sent for Saul C). She scolded the servants
D). She loaded donkeys with food to take to David

1890. Why did David bless Abigail?

A). She gave him gold B). She agreed to marry him
C). Her good judgment kept him from bloodshed and taking revenge
D). She told Saul where he was

1891. After Nabal died, what did David ask Abigail?

A). To become his servant B). To become his wife C). To go back to her father
D). To bring more food

1892. Which other woman did David also marry?

A). Merab B). Michal C). Ahinoam of Jezreel D). Abishag

1893. According to the Ziphites, where was David hiding?

A). In the cave of Adullam B). On the hill of Hakilah, facing Jeshimon
C). In the strongholds of En Gedi D). In the forest of Hereth

1894. Who volunteered to go down into Saul's camp with David at night?

A). Ahimelek the Hittite B). Joab C). Abishai D). Abiathar

1895. David said, "Who can lay a hand on the LORD's ___ and be guiltless?"

A). servant B). prophet C). anointed D). people

1896. How did David say Saul's life would come to an end?

A). David would kill him in battle B). Abner would betray him
C). The Philistines would capture him
D). The LORD would strike him, or his time would come, or he would die in battle

1897. What two things did David take from beside Saul's head?

A). The spear and the water jug B). The sword and the shield
C). The crown and the robe D). The bow and the arrows

1898. Why did no one in Saul's camp wake up?

A). They were drunk B). The LORD had put them into a deep sleep
C). David was very quiet D). It was very dark

1899. Whom did David call out to and blame for not guarding the king?

A). Saul B). Abishai C). Abner D). Jonathan

1900. David said, "The king of Israel has come out to look for a flea—as one hunts a ___ in the mountains."

A). deer B). lion C). goat D). partridge

1901. What did Saul admit after David spared his life again?

A). "I have sinned... Surely I have acted like a fool." B). "You tricked me."

C). "Abner is to blame." D). "I will never forgive you."

1902. What did David tell Saul to send someone to get?

A). Saul's water jug B). The king's spear C). Saul's robe D). David's sword

1903. What were Saul's last words to David in this chapter?

A). "Never come back." B). "Come and live in my palace."

C). "May you be blessed, David my son; you will do great things and surely triumph."

D). "I will make Jonathan king."

1904. Why did David decide to escape to the land of the Philistines?

A). He wanted to fight for the Philistines B). Achish invited him

C). He thought Saul would one day destroy him D). Samuel told him to go

1905. To which Philistine king did David and his six hundred men go?

A). Achish king of Gath B). Abimelek king of Gerar C). Nahash king of Ammon

D). Agag king of Amalek

1906. Which two wives were with David in Gath?

A). Michal and Merab B). Ahinoam of Jezreel and Abigail of Carmel

C). Abigail and Michal D). Bathsheba and Ahinoam

1907. What did Saul do when he heard David had fled to Gath?

A). He sent an army to Gath B). He made peace with Achish

C). He asked Samuel for help D). He no longer searched for him

1908. Which town did Achish give to David?

A). Ziklag B). Gath C). Ekron D). Hebron

1909. What does the Bible say about Ziklag from that time on?

A). It was destroyed by fire B). It became the Philistine capital

C). It has belonged to the kings of Judah ever since D). It was given back to Achish

1910. How long did David live in Philistine territory?

A). Seven years B). Forty days C). Three months D). A year and four months

1911. Which of these peoples did David and his men raid while living at Ziklag?

A). The Geshurites, Girzites and Amalekites B). The Moabites and Edomites

C). The Hittites and Amorites D). The Ammonites and Arameans

1912. When Achish asked where David had raided, what did David tell him?

A). The truth, that he raided the Amalekites B). Places in the south of Judah and its allies

C). That he had not gone out at all D). The land of Moab

1913. Why did Achish trust David?

A). David had given him Goliath's sword B). David had married his daughter

C). He believed David had become so hated by the Israelites that he would serve Achish for life

D). Samuel had told Achish to trust him

1914. What position did Achish promise to give David?

A). Commander of the Philistine army B). His bodyguard for life C). Governor of Gath

D). Keeper of his treasures

1915. According to Samuel, to whom had the LORD given Saul's kingdom?

A). David B). Jonathan C). Abner D). Achish

1916. Where were David and his men marching in the Philistine army?

A). At the front B). At the rear with Achish C). In the middle

D). On a separate road

1917. What did the Philistine commanders ask when they saw David and his men?

A). "Who brought these soldiers food?" B). "Are these men from Gath?"

C). "What about these Hebrews?" D). "Where is King Saul?"

1918. Why did the Philistine commanders want David sent back?

A). He was too young B). He had too few men C). He refused to fight

D). They feared he would turn against them during the battle

1919. The commanders asked, "Isn't this the David they sang about... 'Saul has slain his thousands, and David his ___'?"

A). tens of thousands B). hundreds C). enemies D). giants

1920. What did Achish tell David about his behavior?

A). That he was unreliable

B). That he had been reliable, but the rulers did not approve of him

C). That he must fight at the front D). That he would be punished

1921. How did David respond when Achish told him to go back?

A). He was glad and left quickly B). He threatened Achish

C). He asked what he had done and why he couldn't fight the king's enemies

D). He decided to join Saul instead

1922. Achish told David, "You have been as pleasing in my eyes as an ___ of God."

A). prophet B). servant C). priest D). angel

1923. What did David and his men do the next morning?

A). They went back to the land of the Philistines B). They joined Saul's army
C). They attacked the Philistines D). They stayed at Aphek

1924. Who had raided and burned Ziklag while David was away?

A). The Philistines B). The Amalekites C). The Moabites D). Saul's army

1925. What did David and his men do when they saw Ziklag burned?

A). They chased the raiders at once B). They built new houses
C). They went back to Achish D). They wept aloud until they had no strength left

1926. What did David do when his own men talked of stoning him?

A). He found strength in the LORD his God B). He ran away C). He blamed Abiathar
D). He gave up leadership

1927. Before chasing the raiders, what did David do?

A). He asked Achish for soldiers
B). He inquired of the LORD, using the ephod brought by Abiathar C). He sent spies ahead
D). He offered a sacrifice

1928. What was the LORD's answer to David about the raiding party?

A). "Stay in Ziklag." B). "Wait seven days."
C). "Pursue them. You will certainly overtake them and succeed in the rescue."
D). "Let the Philistines chase them."

1929. At which valley did two hundred of David's men stay behind because they were too exhausted to cross?

A). Valley of Elah B). Kidron Valley C). Jezreel Valley D). Besor Valley

1930. Whom did David's men find in a field and give food and water to?

A). An Egyptian B). An Amalekite king C). A Philistine spy
D). A lost Israelite shepherd

1931. What did the Egyptian ask David to promise before leading him to the raiders?

A). To give him gold B). To take him back to Egypt
C). That David would not kill him or hand him over to his master D). To make him a soldier

1932. What were the Amalekites doing when David found them?

A). Sleeping in tents B). Preparing for battle C). Marching toward Egypt
D). Eating, drinking and reveling

1933. How did some of the Amalekites escape David's attack?

A). Four hundred young men rode off on camels B). They hid in caves
C). They swam across a river D). They surrendered

1934. What did David recover from the Amalekites?

A). Only his two wives B). Everything; nothing was missing C). Only the flocks
D). Half of what was taken

1935. How did David decide to share the plunder?

A). Only those who fought would share B). David would keep most of it
C). Those who stayed with the supplies would share equally with those who fought
D). It would all go to the elders of Judah

1936. What did David's decision about sharing the plunder become in Israel?

A). A song B). A proverb C). A covenant with Judah
D). A statute and ordinance for Israel

1937. To whom did David send some of the plunder as a gift?

A). The elders of Judah B). King Achish C). Saul D). The priests at Nob

1938. After Saul died, where did David stay for two days after defeating the Amalekites?

A). Hebron B). Ziklag C). Gath D). Bethlehem

1939. On which day did a man arrive at Ziklag from Saul's camp?

A). The first day B). The second day C). The third day D). The seventh day

1940. The man who brought David news of Saul's death said he was from which people?

A). Philistines B). Moabites C). Edomites D). Amalekites

1941. What did the Amalekite bring to David from Saul's body?

A). Saul's sword and spear B). Saul's robe and sandals
C). Saul's crown and the band from his arm D). Saul's shield and bow

1942. How did David and his men respond to the news that Saul and Jonathan were dead?

A). They celebrated with a feast
B). They tore their clothes, mourned, wept and fasted till evening
C). They marched to attack the Philistines D). They crowned David king at once

1943. Why did David order the Amalekite to be put to death?

A). He had stolen from David's camp B). He had fought for the Philistines
C). He said he had killed the LORD's anointed D). He lied about where he came from

1944. In which book was David's lament for Saul and Jonathan written?

A). The Book of the Law B). The Book of Jashar C). The Book of the Kings
D). The Book of the Covenant

1945. Complete David's words: "How the _____ have fallen!"

A). proud B). mighty C). wicked D). faithful

1946. Complete the verse: "Tell it not in Gath, proclaim it not in the streets of _____."

A). Ekron B). Gaza C). Ashdod D). Ashkelon

1947. In his lament, what did David ask for the mountains of Gilboa?

A). That they be covered with snow B). That fire burn them
C). That they have no dew or rain D). That they be flattened

1948. To whom did David say, "I grieve for you... my brother; you were very dear to me"?

A). Saul B). Abner C). Jonathan D). Joab

1949. When David asked the LORD which town of Judah to go up to, which town did the LORD name?

A). Bethlehem B). Hebron C). Ziklag D). Jerusalem

1950. What did David do before going up to a town of Judah after Saul's death?

A). He asked the advice of Samuel B). He cast lots with his men
C). He inquired of the LORD D). He waited for a sign in the sky

1951. Which two wives went with David to Hebron?

A). Michal and Bathsheba B). Ahinoam and Abigail C). Abigail and Michal
D). Ahinoam and Maakah

1952. What did the men of Judah do for David at Hebron?

A). They built him a palace B). They made him commander of the army
C). They gave him Saul's sword D). They anointed him king over the tribe of Judah

1953. David blessed the men of which town for burying Saul?

A). Jabesh Gilead B). Gibeah C). Bethel D). Mizpah

1954. How long was David king in Hebron over Judah?

A). Two years B). Forty years C). Seven years and six months
D). Three years and six months

1955. Besides Asahel, how many of David's men were missing after the battle?

A). Nineteen B). Twelve C). Forty D). Three hundred and sixty

1956. During the long war between the house of Saul and the house of David, what happened to each side?

A). Both sides grew stronger B). David grew stronger and the house of Saul grew weaker
C). Saul's house grew stronger and David grew weaker D). Both sides grew weaker

1957. Who was David's firstborn son, born in Hebron?

A). Absalom B). Adonijah C). Solomon D). Amnon

1958. After Ish-Bosheth's accusation, what did Abner angrily promise to do?

A). Leave Israel forever B). Make himself king

C). Transfer the kingdom from Saul's house to David D). Fight David until he died

1959. Whom did David demand be returned to him before he would meet Abner?

A). Merab B). Abigail C). Michal D). Rizpah

1960. What did David prepare when Abner came to him at Hebron with twenty men?

A). A feast B). A trap C). A sacrifice D). A battle line

1961. Who was angry with David for letting Abner go away in peace?

A). Abishai B). Asahel C). Benaiah D). Joab

1962. Complete David's words: "I and my kingdom are for ever _____ before the LORD concerning the blood of Abner son of Ner."

A). blessed B). ashamed C). guilty D). innocent

1963. What did David do at Abner's burial in Hebron?

A). He stayed in his palace B). He celebrated C). He wept aloud at the tomb

D). He ordered Joab to be killed

1964. Until when did David refuse to eat on the day of Abner's burial?

A). Until the next morning B). Until the third day C). Until Joab was punished

D). Until the sun set

1965. What did all the people of Israel learn from how David acted after Abner's death?

A). That David planned to punish Benjamin B). That the king had no part in Abner's murder

C). That Joab would become king D). That Ish-Bosheth had ordered the murder

1966. What did David say about the sons of Zeruiah?

A). They were his most loyal men B). They would rule after him

C). They were too strong for him D). They must leave Hebron

1967. What did Rekab and Baanah bring to David at Hebron?

A). Saul's crown B). The head of Ish-Bosheth C). A letter from Ish-Bosheth

D). Gold and silver

1968. Whom did David remind Rekab and Baanah of when he refused to reward them?

A). Nabal of Carmel B). Goliath of Gath

C). The man at Ziklag who reported Saul's death D). Doeg the Edomite

1969. Why did David say the crime of Rekab and Baanah was even more wicked?

A). They killed a king in battle B). They lied about who sent them

C). They stole from the Lord's house

D). They killed an innocent man in his own house on his own bed

1970. What did the elders of Israel do for David at Hebron?

A). They sent him back to Bethlehem B). They gave him Saul's palace
C). They made him high priest D). They anointed him king over Israel

1971. The tribes told David the LORD had said: "You will _____ my people Israel, and you will become their ruler."

A). judge B). shepherd C). teach D). save

1972. How old was David when he became king, and how long did he reign?

A). Thirty years old; forty years B). Twenty years old; forty years
C). Thirty years old; thirty-three years D). Forty years old; thirty years

1973. How long did David reign in Jerusalem over all Israel and Judah?

A). Seven years B). Twenty years C). Thirty-three years D). Forty years

1974. Which people lived in Jerusalem when David marched there to attack it?

A). The Philistines B). The Amalekites C). The Jebusites D). The Moabites

1975. What did the Jebusites mockingly say to David?

A). "Our walls reach to the heavens" B). "Even the blind and the lame can ward you off"
C). "Our god will fight for us" D). "You are only a shepherd boy"

1976. What was the fortress of Zion called after David captured it?

A). The City of Peace B). The Holy Mountain C). The City of God
D). The City of David

1977. According to David, what would anyone who conquered the Jebusites have to use?

A). The water shaft B). Ladders on the walls C). A battering ram D). The city gate

1978. Why did David become more and more powerful?

A). He had the largest army B). The LORD God Almighty was with him
C). He married a king's daughter D). He made treaties with other nations

1979. Which king sent cedar logs, carpenters and stonemasons to build David a palace?

A). Nahash king of Ammon B). Achish king of Gath C). Talmai king of Geshur
D). Hiram king of Tyre

1980. What did David understand after the palace was built for him?

A). That he was greater than all other kings
B). That he no longer needed to fight the Philistines
C). That the LORD had established him as king and exalted his kingdom for the sake of Israel
D). That he should build the temple at once

1981. Which of these sons was born to David in Jerusalem?

A). Solomon B). Absalom C). Amnon D). Adonijah

1982. What did David do when the Philistines spread out in the Valley of Rephaim?

A). He attacked at once B). He sent gifts to make peace
C). He fled to the stronghold of Adullam D). He asked the LORD whether he should attack

1983. Where did David say, "As waters break out, the LORD has broken out against my enemies before me"?

A). Gibeon B). Baal Perazim C). Gezer D). Mizpah

1984. What did the Philistines leave behind when they fled from David at Baal Perazim?

A). Their chariots B). Their gold C). Their idols D). Their king

1985. In the second battle, what sound would show David that the LORD had gone out in front of him?

A). Marching in the tops of the poplar trees B). The blowing of a trumpet
C). Thunder in the sky D). A voice from the clouds

1986. From where to where did David strike down the Philistines after the second battle?

A). From Gath to Ekron B). From Dan to Beersheba C). From Hebron to Jerusalem
D). From Gibeon to Gezer

1987. What did David and his men go to Baalah in Judah to bring back?

A). The tabernacle B). Saul's crown C). The ark of God
D). The Ten Commandments on a scroll

1988. How many chosen men did David bring together to go and bring up the ark?

A). Thirty thousand B). Twelve thousand C). Three thousand D). Forty thousand

1989. What name was given to the place where Uzzah died?

A). Bethel B). Baal Perazim C). Ebenezer D). Perez Uzzah

1990. Why did David not take the ark into the City of David at first?

A). He was afraid of the LORD that day B). He had no place ready for it
C). The priests would not allow it D). The Philistines blocked the road

1991. When those carrying the ark had taken six steps, what did David do?

A). He tore his clothes B). He blew a trumpet C). He sacrificed a bull and a fattened calf
D). He stopped the procession

1992. How did David worship as the ark was brought into the City of David?

A). He danced before the LORD with all his might B). He sat quietly in prayer
C). He read the Law aloud D). He fasted and wept

1993. Who watched from a window and despised David as he leapt and danced?

A). Abigail B). Bathsheba C). Ahinoam D). Michal

1994. Where did they set the ark when they brought it into the City of David?

A). In the temple B). Inside the tent David had pitched for it C). In David's palace
D). In the house of Abinadab

1995. What did David give to each person in the crowd after blessing them?

A). A silver coin B). A lamb for sacrifice
C). A loaf of bread, a cake of dates and a cake of raisins D). A new garment

1996. David told Michal: "I will become even more _____ than this."

A). undignified B). joyful C). humble D). faithful

1997. To which prophet did David say he lived in a house of cedar while the ark stayed in a tent?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Nathan D). Elijah

1998. What was troubling David when he spoke to Nathan about his palace?

A). The ark of God was still in a tent while he lived in a house of cedar
B). His palace was too small C). His enemies were attacking again
D). He had no son to be king

1999. What did Nathan first tell David about his plan?

A). "Wait until the LORD speaks" B). "Ask the priests first"
C). "You are not the one to build it"
D). "Whatever you have in mind, go ahead and do it, for the LORD is with you"

2000. What did the LORD say about where He had dwelt since bringing Israel out of Egypt?

A). In a stone temple in Shiloh
B). He had moved from place to place with a tent as His dwelling
C). In the palace of the kings D). On Mount Sinai only

2001. From where did the LORD say He took David to make him ruler over Israel?

A). From the army camp B). From the palace of Saul
C). From the pasture, tending the flock D). From the house of the priest

2002. Complete the promise: "The LORD declares to you that the LORD himself will establish a _____ for you."

A). temple B). city C). nation D). house

2003. According to the LORD's promise, who would build a house for His Name?

A). David's offspring who would succeed him B). Nathan the prophet C). David himself
D). The priests of Israel

2004. Complete the verse about David's offspring: "I will be his father, and he will be my _____."

A). servant B). son C). king D). friend

2005. The LORD promised His love would never be taken away from David's offspring, as He had taken it away from whom?

A). Eli B). Ish-Bosheth C). Absalom D). Saul

2006. What did the LORD promise about David's house, kingdom and throne?

A). They would last for forty years B). They would pass to another tribe

C). They would endure and be established for ever D). They would be divided in two

2007. What did David do after Nathan told him the LORD's message?

A). He went in, sat before the LORD, and prayed B). He started building the temple anyway

C). He called for a great feast D). He went out to battle

2008. Complete David's prayer: "Who am I, Sovereign LORD, and what is my family, that you have brought me _____?"

A). to this place B). to the throne C). out of trouble D). this far

2009. In his prayer, what did David say about the LORD?

A). He is one of many gods B). There is no one like Him and no God but Him

C). He lives only in Jerusalem D). He is the god of Judah only

2010. In his prayer, what did David say made Israel different from every other nation?

A). It had the largest army B). It had the richest land

C). It was the one nation God went out to redeem as His own people D). It had never sinned

2011. At the end of his prayer, what did David ask the LORD to do?

A). Bless the house of His servant so it would continue for ever

B). Give him victory over the Philistines C). Let him build the temple after all

D). Forgive the house of Saul

2012. After defeating the Philistines, what did David take from their control?

A). Gath and Ekron B). Ashkelon C). The Valley of Rephaim D). Metheg Ammah

2013. Which people did David defeat and make subject to him, bringing him tribute, after measuring them off with a cord?

A). The Edomites B). The Moabites C). The Ammonites D). The Amalekites

2014. Which king of Zobah did David fight when that king went to restore his monument at the Euphrates River?

A). Hadadezer son of Rehob B). Tou king of Hamath C). Hiram king of Tyre

D). Nahash king of Ammon

2015. What did David do with the chariot horses he captured from Hadadezer?

A). He kept all of them B). He gave them to Tou C). He hamstrung all but a hundred

D). He sacrificed them

2016. Which people came to help Hadadezer, and 22,000 of them were struck down by David?

A). The Hittites B). The Edomites C). The Philistines
D). The Arameans of Damascus

2017. Complete the verse: "The LORD gave David _____ wherever he went."

A). victory B). riches C). peace D). wisdom

2018. What did David take from Hadadezer's officers and bring to Jerusalem?

A). Their swords B). Their gold shields C). Their crowns D). Their horses

2019. Which king sent his son Joram to congratulate David on his victory over Hadadezer?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Achish king of Gath C). Tou king of Hamath
D). Talmai king of Geshur

2020. What did David do with the silver, gold and bronze from the nations he defeated?

A). He built his palace with it B). He shared it with his soldiers
C). He sent it back to the nations D). He dedicated it to the LORD

2021. Where did David strike down eighteen thousand Edomites?

A). The Valley of Salt B). The Valley of Elah C). The Valley of Rephaim
D). The Jordan Valley

2022. How did David rule over all Israel?

A). With fear and harshness B). Doing what was just and right for all his people
C). By letting Joab make every decision D). By favouring only the tribe of Judah

2023. Who was over David's army?

A). Abner B). Benaiah C). Joab D). Abishai

2024. For whose sake did David want to show kindness to someone from the house of Saul?

A). Samuel's B). Abner's C). Jonathan's D). Michal's

2025. Which servant of Saul's household did David ask about Saul's family?

A). Ziba B). Doeg C). Makir D). Abner

2026. David asked: "Is there no one still alive from the house of Saul to whom I can show _____ kindness?"

A). my B). great C). royal D). God's

2027. Which son of Jonathan came to David and bowed down before him?

A). Mika B). Ish-Bosheth C). Mephibosheth D). Asahel

2028. What did David promise to Mephibosheth?

A). A place in his army B). To make him king over Benjamin C). A palace in Hebron
D). All the land of Saul and a place at the king's table

2029. David said to Mephibosheth: "Don't be _____, for I will surely show you kindness for the sake of your father Jonathan."

A). afraid B). sad C). ashamed D). angry

2030. How did Mephibosheth describe himself when David showed him kindness?

A). As a prince of Israel B). As a dead dog C). As a lost sheep
D). As a humble shepherd

2031. What task did David give to Ziba and his sons and servants?

A). To guard the palace B). To care for the ark C). To go with David into battle
D). To farm Mephibosheth's land and bring in the crops

2032. Complete the verse: "So Mephibosheth ate at David's table like one of the _____."

A). king's sons B). king's servants C). king's officers D). king's guests

2033. Who became king of the Ammonites, and David sent men to express sympathy to him?

A). Nahash B). Shobak C). Hadadezer D). Hanun

2034. Why did David want to show kindness to Hanun?

A). Hanun had helped David fight Saul
B). Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David C). Hanun was David's cousin
D). Hanun had paid David tribute

2035. Where did David tell his humiliated men to stay until their beards had grown?

A). Hebron B). Bethlehem C). Gilgal D). Jericho

2036. Whom did David send out with the entire army against the Ammonites?

A). Abner B). Joab C). Benaiah D). Uriah

2037. Where did David cross the Jordan to fight the regrouped Arameans?

A). Gibeon B). Helam C). Mahanaim D). Aphek

2038. Which commander of Hadadezer's army did David strike down at Helam?

A). Zobah B). Hanun C). Rezon D). Shobak

2039. What was the result for the Arameans after David's victory at Helam?

A). They conquered Israel later B). They joined the Ammonites again
C). They made peace with Israel and were afraid to help the Ammonites again
D). They moved to Egypt

2040. In the spring, when kings go off to war, where did David stay while Joab and the army went out?

A). Hebron B). Rabbah C). Jerusalem D). Bethlehem

2041. From where did David see a very beautiful woman bathing?

A). From the city gate B). From the city wall C). From the tabernacle
D). From the roof of the palace

2042. What did David do after Bathsheba sent word that she was pregnant?

A). He confessed to Nathan B). He went out to fight at Rabbah
C). He sent for Uriah to come back from the army D). He sent Bathsheba away

2043. What did David do the next evening to try to get Uriah to go home?

A). He made him drunk B). He gave him a new house
C). He sent Bathsheba to the palace D). He gave him a new position

2044. What did David's letter to Joab tell him to do with Uriah?

A). Make him a commander B). Send him home to rest
C). Put him in the fiercest fighting and withdraw from him so he would die
D). Keep him in the camp away from battle

2045. Who carried the letter that ordered Uriah's own death?

A). A messenger from the palace B). Joab C). Nathan D). Uriah himself

2046. David told the messenger to say to Joab: "Don't let this upset you; the _____ devours one as well as another."

A). sword B). war C). fire D). enemy

2047. What happened after Bathsheba's time of mourning for Uriah was over?

A). She went back to her father's house B). She became a servant in the palace
C). She left Jerusalem D). David had her brought to his house and she became his wife

2048. How did the LORD view what David had done?

A). It pleased the LORD B). The LORD did not notice C). It displeased the LORD
D). The LORD approved because David was king

2049. Whom did the LORD send to confront David?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Zadok D). Nathan

2050. In Nathan's story, what did the rich man take from the poor man?

A). His field B). His only ewe lamb C). His house D). His donkey

2051. What did David say the rich man in the story must do for the lamb?

A). Pay for it twice over B). Give the poor man his whole flock
C). Pay for it four times over D). Leave the city

2052. Complete Nathan's words to David: "You are the _____!"

A). king B). man C). sinner D). one

2053. According to Nathan, by whose sword did David kill Uriah?

A). The Philistines B). Joab's own C). The Arameans D). The Ammonites

2054. Nathan said: "The _____ will never depart from your house."

A). sword B). blessing C). curse D). Spirit

2055. How did the LORD contrast what David had done with the judgment that would come?

A). David acted openly, but judgment would be secret B). Both would be kept secret

C). David acted in secret, but the judgment would be done in broad daylight before all Israel

D). Only David would know about the judgment

2056. What did David say when Nathan confronted him?

A). "I have done nothing wrong" B). "Leave my presence" C). "Joab made me do it"

D). "I have sinned against the LORD"

2057. After David confessed, what did Nathan say about David and about the child?

A). David would die, but the child would live

B). The LORD had taken away David's sin and he would not die, but the child would die

C). Both David and the child would die D). David would lose his kingdom

2058. What did David do while the child was ill?

A). He pleaded with God, fasted and lay on the ground at night B). He went to war

C). He held a feast D). He left Jerusalem

2059. On which day did the child die?

A). The third day B). The fifth day C). The seventh day D). The eighth day

2060. What did David do first after he learned the child had died?

A). He ate a meal B). He sent for Nathan C). He tore his clothes

D). He got up, washed, changed his clothes and worshipped in the house of the LORD

2061. Why did David stop fasting after the child died?

A). He was no longer sad

B). He had hoped the LORD might let the child live, but now the child could not come back

C). The servants forced him D). Nathan told him to

2062. What did David and Bathsheba name their next son, whom the LORD loved?

A). Absalom B). Nathan C). Solomon D). Adonijah

2063. Why did Joab tell David to come and capture Rabbah himself?

A). Joab was wounded B). The LORD commanded it through Nathan

C). The army refused to obey Joab D). So the city would not be named after Joab

2064. What did David take from the head of the king of Rabbah?

A). His helmet B). His veil C). His crown D). His beard

2065. Who told David that only Amnon was dead, not all the king's sons?

A). Joab B). Jonadab C). Absalom D). Nathan

2066. How did King David feel toward Absalom at the end of the chapter?

A). He longed to go to Absalom B). He wanted Absalom punished
C). He forgot about Absalom D). He was glad Absalom was gone

2067. Who arranged for a wise woman to speak to David about bringing Absalom home?

A). Nathan B). Ahithophel C). Jonadab D). Joab

2068. In the woman's story, what had happened to her two sons?

A). They both died in battle B). They were taken as slaves
C). One son killed the other in a fight in the field D). They left home and never returned

2069. David promised the woman: "Not one _____ of your son's head will fall to the ground."

A). drop B). hair C). stone D). tear

2070. What did David suspect about the woman's story?

A). That Nathan had sent her B). That Absalom had written it
C). That Joab was behind it D). That it was a true story

2071. What condition did David set when Absalom returned to Jerusalem?

A). He must apologise publicly B). He must live in the palace
C). He must lead the army D). He must go to his own house and not see the king's face

2072. What did King David do when Absalom finally came and bowed before him?

A). He sent him away B). He had him arrested C). He kissed Absalom
D). He gave him a crown

2073. What reason did Absalom give David for going to Hebron?

A). To visit his mother B). To bury a friend
C). To fulfil a vow he made to the LORD while at Geshur D). To inspect the army

2074. What did David decide to do when he heard the hearts of Israel were with Absalom?

A). Fight Absalom in Jerusalem B). Flee from Jerusalem C). Hide in the palace
D). Surrender the throne

2075. Which foreigner said, "Wherever my lord the king may be, whether it means life or death, there will your servant be"?

A). Doeg the Edomite B). Uriah the Hittite C). Hushai the Arkite D). Ittai the Gittite

2076. Which valley did David cross as he left Jerusalem?

A). Valley of Rephaim B). Valley of Elah C). Kidron Valley D). Valley of Salt

2077. What did David tell Zadok to do with the ark of God?

A). Take it back into the city B). Carry it with them into the wilderness
C). Hide it in a cave D). Give it to Absalom

2078. Where did David go up weeping, with his head covered and barefoot?

A). Mount Zion B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Gilboa D). Mount of Olives

2079. David prayed: "LORD, turn Ahithophel's counsel into _____."

A). wisdom B). silence C). foolishness D). blessing

2080. Whom did David send back to Jerusalem to frustrate Ahithophel's advice?

A). Hushai the Arkite B). Ittai C). Abiathar D). Joab

2081. Whom did David leave behind to take care of the palace?

A). Zadok and Abiathar B). Ten concubines C). The Kerethites D). Mephibosheth

2082. Which servant of Mephibosheth met David with donkeys loaded with bread, raisins, figs and wine?

A). Shimei B). Makir C). Hushai D). Ziba

2083. What did Ziba claim Mephibosheth was thinking in Jerusalem?

A). That David would soon return
B). That Israel would restore his grandfather's kingdom to him
C). That Absalom would be killed D). That he wanted to go with David

2084. What did David give Ziba after hearing his report about Mephibosheth?

A). All that had belonged to Mephibosheth B). A place in his army C). Saul's crown
D). A house in Hebron

2085. Which man from Saul's clan came out and cursed David at Bahurim?

A). Ziba B). Sheba son of Bikri C). Shimei son of Gera D). Ahithophel

2086. Besides cursing, what did Shimei do to David and his officials?

A). He spat at them B). He set fire to their tents C). He blocked the road
D). He pelted them with stones

2087. According to Shimei, why was David suffering?

A). Because he had sinned with Bathsheba
B). Because the LORD was repaying him for the blood shed in Saul's household
C). Because Absalom was stronger D). Because David had left the ark

2088. Who asked David's permission to cut off Shimei's head?

A). Abishai B). Joab C). Ittai D). Benaiah

2089. How did David respond to Abishai's offer to kill Shimei?

A). He agreed B). He ordered Shimei arrested

C). He told Abishai to leave Shimei alone and let him curse D). He cursed Shimei back

2090. What did David hope the LORD might do because of Shimei's cursing?

A). Destroy Shimei at once B). Send rain on the land

C). Make Absalom return the throne

D). Look on his misery and restore His covenant blessing instead of the curse

2091. How was Ahithophel's advice regarded in those days?

A). As foolish B). As dangerous C). Like that of one who inquires of God

D). As useful only in war

2092. According to Ahithophel's plan, whom only would be struck down?

A). The king alone B). All of David's soldiers C). Joab and Abishai D). The priests

2093. To what animal did Hushai compare David and his men?

A). A lion in the forest B). A wild bear robbed of her cubs C). A wolf at night

D). A charging bull

2094. By when had David and all his people crossed the Jordan?

A). By midday B). By sunset C). By daybreak D). By the third day

2095. To which town did David go after crossing the Jordan?

A). Mahanaim B). Gilgal C). Jabesh Gilead D). Rabbah

2096. Which three men brought supplies to David at Mahanaim?

A). Joab, Abishai and Benaiah B). Ziba, Hushai and Ittai C). Zadok, Abiathar and Nathan

D). Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

2097. Why did these men bring food and bedding to David and his people?

A). To pay taxes B). To buy David's favour for war

C). Because the people had become exhausted, hungry and thirsty in the wilderness

D). Because David ordered them

2098. Why did David's men tell him not to go out to battle?

A). He was too old to fight B). He was worth ten thousand of them

C). They did not trust him D). Absalom had asked for peace

2099. David commanded his commanders: "Be _____ with the young man Absalom for my sake."

A). gentle B). strict C). quick D). fair

2100. Where did the battle between David's men and Israel take place?

A). The plain of Jericho B). The Valley of Elah C). The forest of Ephraim

D). The hills of Gilboa

2101. Where was David sitting while waiting for news of the battle?

A). On the palace roof B). In the tent of the ark C). Between the inner and outer gates
D). At the Jordan River

2102. What did Ahimaaz tell David when asked whether Absalom was safe?

A). That Absalom was dead B). That Absalom was a prisoner
C). That Absalom had escaped
D). That he saw great confusion but did not know what it was

2103. Who told David that Absalom was dead by saying, "May the enemies of my lord the king be like that young man"?

A). The Cushite B). Joab C). Ahimaaz D). The watchman

2104. David wept: "O my son Absalom! My son, my son Absalom! If only I had _____ instead of you!"

A). fought B). gone C). died D). ruled

2105. Why did the victory that day turn into mourning for the army?

A). Many soldiers had died B). The enemy was coming back
C). They heard the king was grieving for his son D). Joab was wounded

2106. Who told David he had humiliated his men and must go out to encourage them?

A). Joab B). Nathan C). Abishai D). Hushai

2107. What did Joab warn would happen if David did not go out to his men?

A). The Philistines would attack B). The priests would leave
C). Absalom's men would return D). Not a man would be left with him by nightfall

2108. Where did David take his seat so that the people could come before him?

A). On the palace roof B). In the gateway C). By the Jordan
D). In the tent of the ark

2109. Whom did David promise to make commander of his army in place of Joab?

A). Abishai B). Benaiah C). Amasa D). Ittai

2110. Where did the men of Judah come to meet the king and bring him across the Jordan?

A). Hebron B). Jericho C). Bethel D). Gilgal

2111. Which man who had cursed David fell before him and said, "I know I have sinned"?

A). Shimei B). Ziba C). Ahithophel D). Sheba

2112. What did David promise Shimei, even though Abishai wanted him put to death?

A). "You must leave Israel" B). "You shall not die" C). "You will be my servant"
D). "You will pay a fine"

2113. What showed that Mephibosheth had been mourning while the king was away?

A). He wore sackcloth and fasted B). He stayed in the house of the LORD
C). He tore his robe and sat in ashes
D). He had not cared for his feet, trimmed his moustache or washed his clothes

2114. What did Mephibosheth say Ziba had done to him?

A). Stolen his money B). Protected him from Absalom
C). Betrayed him and slandered him to the king D). Carried him to safety

2115. What did Mephibosheth say when David told him to divide the land with Ziba?

A). "Let him take everything, now that my lord the king has returned home safely"
B). "I want all of it" C). "Give it to the priests" D). "I will buy his share"

2116. Which very old and wealthy man from Rogelim had provided for David at Mahanaim?

A). Makir B). Barzillai C). Shobi D). Hushai

2117. Whom did Barzillai send with David in his place?

A). Kimham B). Makir C). Amasa D). Ittai

2118. What did David do before Barzillai returned home?

A). He gave him a crown B). He kissed and blessed him C). He made him a priest
D). He gave him Saul's land

2119. What did the men of Israel complain to the king about?

A). That Barzillai was rewarded B). That David had forgiven Shimei
C). That Amasa was commander
D). That Judah had stolen the king away and brought him over the Jordan

2120. Which Benjamite troublemaker blew a trumpet and led Israel away from David?

A). Shimei son of Gera B). Ziba C). Amasa son of Jether D). Sheba son of Bikri

2121. Which people stayed with David when the men of Israel followed Sheba?

A). The men of Judah B). The men of Benjamin C). The men of Ephraim
D). The men of Gilead

2122. Whom did David tell to summon the men of Judah within three days, but he took longer?

A). Joab B). Abishai C). Amasa D). Benaiah

2123. Whom did David then send to pursue Sheba?

A). Zadok B). Ittai C). Hushai D). Abishai

2124. How long did the famine last during David's reign before he sought the LORD about it?

A). One year B). Seven years C). Three successive years D). Forty days

2125. According to the LORD, why had the famine come?

A). Because Saul had put the Gibeonites to death

B). Because David had sinned with Bathsheba C). Because Israel worshipped idols

D). Because Absalom had rebelled

2126. What did the Gibeonites say they had no right to demand from Saul's family?

A). Land B). Silver or gold C). Cattle D). Their freedom

2127. Why did David spare Mephibosheth when he handed Saul's descendants to the Gibeonites?

A). Mephibosheth was lame B). The Gibeonites asked for him to be spared

C). Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Jonathan

D). He was living far away

2128. Where were the bones of Saul and Jonathan finally buried?

A). In the tomb of Saul's father Kish at Zela in Benjamin B). In Jabesh Gilead

C). In Hebron D). In the City of David

2129. What happened after the bones of Saul and Jonathan were buried as the king commanded?

A). The Philistines attacked B). God answered prayer on behalf of the land

C). David fell ill D). The Gibeonites left Israel

2130. Who rescued David when he became exhausted and Ishbi-Benob tried to kill him?

A). Joab B). Elhanan C). Benaiah D). Abishai

2131. David's men said he must never again go out to battle, "so that the _____ of Israel will not be extinguished."

A). glory B). crown C). lamp D). hope

2132. When did David sing the song recorded in 2 Samuel 22?

A). When he was anointed by Samuel B). When Solomon was born

C). When the ark came to Jerusalem

D). When the LORD delivered him from all his enemies and from Saul

2133. Complete David's song: "The LORD is my _____, my fortress and my deliverer."

A). shepherd B). rock C). light D). king

2134. Complete the verse: "...my shield and the _____ of my salvation."

A). horn B). cup C). song D). gate

2135. What happened when David called to the LORD, who is worthy of praise?

A). He was sent into exile B). He was made rich C). He was saved from his enemies

D). He was given a son

2136. According to David's song, from where did the LORD hear his voice?

A). From the mountains B). From the city gate C). From the sea
D). From His temple

2137. In David's song, what did the LORD mount and fly upon?

A). A chariot of fire B). The cherubim C). A great eagle D). The clouds of Sinai

2138. Complete the verse: "He reached down from on high and took hold of me; he drew me out of deep _____."

A). waters B). pits C). valleys D). darkness

2139. According to David, why did the LORD rescue him?

A). Because David was king B). Because David paid a vow
C). Because the LORD delighted in him D). Because the priests prayed for him

2140. Complete the verse: "To the _____ you show yourself faithful."

A). wise B). humble C). strong D). faithful

2141. Complete the verse: "You, LORD, are my _____; the LORD turns my darkness into light."

A). lamp B). sun C). star D). fire

2142. What did David say he could do with his God's help?

A). Walk on water B). Scale a wall C). Move a mountain D). Stop the sun

2143. What does David say about God's way and the LORD's word?

A). God's way is hidden and His word is changing
B). God's way is hard and His word is only for priests
C). God's way is perfect and the LORD's word is flawless
D). God's way is slow and His word is uncertain

2144. What question did David ask to show that the LORD alone is God?

A). "Who can stand before the Philistines?" B). "Who is like King Saul?"
C). "Who will build the LORD's house?"
D). "Who is God besides the LORD? And who is the Rock except our God?"

2145. David said God makes his feet like the feet of which animal?

A). A lion B). A deer C). A horse D). A goat

2146. Complete David's praise: "The LORD lives! Praise be to my _____!"

A). Rock B). King C). Shepherd D). Shield

2147. How does David's song end?

A). By asking God to punish Saul B). By promising to build the temple

C). By praising God, who shows unfailing kindness to His anointed, to David and his descendants for ever

D). By remembering Absalom

2148. How is David described at the start of his last words?

A). The wisest king of the earth B). The builder of the temple

C). The man exalted by the Most High and the hero of Israel's songs

D). The strongest warrior in Judah

2149. Complete David's last words: "The _____ of the LORD spoke through me; his word was on my tongue."

A). Spirit B). Angel C). Prophet D). Voice

2150. In his last words, what did David compare a righteous ruler who rules in the fear of God to?

A). A tall cedar tree B). A flowing river C). A strong fortress

D). The light of morning at sunrise

2151. What kind of covenant did David say God had made with him?

A). A covenant of salt B). An everlasting covenant C). A covenant for forty years

D). A covenant of war

2152. Where was David when three mighty warriors came to him during the harvest?

A). The palace in Jerusalem B). The cave of Adullam C). Hebron D). Ziklag

2153. What did David long for while the Philistines held Bethlehem?

A). Bread from the town B). A sword from Goliath C). His father's house

D). Water from the well near the gate of Bethlehem

2154. What did David do with the water his three mighty warriors brought him?

A). He drank it all B). He shared it with his men C). He poured it out before the LORD

D). He gave it to the priests

2155. Why did David refuse to drink the water from Bethlehem?

A). It was the blood of men who went at the risk of their lives B). It was not clean

C). It belonged to the Philistines D). He had made a vow to fast

2156. What job did David give Benaiah?

A). In charge of his bodyguard B). Commander of the army C). Priest of the tabernacle

D). Keeper of the treasury

2157. What did David order Joab to do throughout the tribes of Israel?

A). Build an altar B). Gather wood for the temple C). Collect taxes

D). Take a census and count the fighting men

2158. How did Joab respond to David's order to count the people?

A). He obeyed gladly B). He questioned why the king wanted to do such a thing
C). He refused and left D). He asked the priests

2159. How many fighting men were counted in Israel and in Judah?

A). 1,000,000 in Israel and 470,000 in Judah B). 500,000 in Israel and 800,000 in Judah
C). 800,000 in Israel and 500,000 in Judah D). 600,000 in Israel and 300,000 in Judah

2160. After counting the fighting men, David was conscience-stricken and said to the LORD: "I have _____ greatly in what I have done."

A). prayed B). won C). grown D). sinned

2161. Which prophet, David's seer, brought the LORD's message to David?

A). Nathan B). Gad C). Samuel D). Ahijah

2162. Which of these was one of the three choices of judgment Gad offered David?

A). Three days of plague B). Seven years of drought C). Forty days of darkness
D). Losing Jerusalem to the Philistines

2163. Why did David choose to fall into the hands of the LORD rather than human hands?

A). Because his army was weak B). Because it would be quicker
C). Because the LORD's mercy is great D). Because Gad told him to

2164. What did David ask the LORD when he saw the angel striking the people?

A). To save him and his family
B). To let His hand fall on David and his family instead of the people
C). To destroy the Philistines instead D). To give him more time

2165. Where did Gad tell David to build an altar to the LORD?

A). On Mount Zion B). At Gibeon C). On the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite
D). At Bethlehem

2166. David told Araunah: "I will not sacrifice to the LORD my God burnt offerings that cost me _____."

A). much B). anything C). gold D). nothing

2167. How much did David pay for the threshing floor and the oxen?

A). Six hundred shekels of gold B). Fifty shekels of silver C). Thirty shekels of silver
D). One hundred shekels of silver

2168. What happened after David built the altar and offered sacrifices?

A). The LORD answered prayer and the plague on Israel stopped
B). The Philistines attacked C). David died D). The angel destroyed Jerusalem

2169. When King David was very old and could not keep warm, which young woman was brought to take care of him?

A). Abigail B). Abishag C). Michal D). Tamar

2170. Which son of David put himself forward and said, "I will be king"?

A). Absalom B). Amnon C). Solomon D). Adonijah

2171. What does the Bible say David had never done to his son Adonijah?

A). Given him any gifts B). Let him live in the palace

C). Corrected him by asking why he behaved as he did D). Allowed him to ride a chariot

2172. What happened FIRST in this chapter?

A). Solomon was anointed at Gihon B). Bathsheba went to speak to King David

C). Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah D). Nathan came in and spoke to King David

2173. What did King David promise Bathsheba?

A). That Adonijah would rule after him B). That her son Solomon would be king after him

C). That she would become queen of Egypt D). That he would build the temple himself

2174. What did Solomon ride on when he went down to be anointed king?

A). A white horse B). A chariot C). A camel D). King David's own mule

2175. When David was about to die, what did he tell Solomon to do?

A). Build a new palace in Hebron B). Go to war against Egypt

C). Be strong and obey the LORD's commands D). Give the kingdom to Adonijah

2176. According to David, what had the LORD promised if his descendants walked faithfully before Him?

A). They would never face any enemies

B). David would never fail to have a successor on the throne of Israel

C). They would all become prophets D). Israel would never need a temple

2177. David reminded Solomon that Joab had killed which two commanders of Israel's armies?

A). Abner and Amasa B). Saul and Jonathan C). Absalom and Amnon

D). Uriah and Benaiah

2178. David told Solomon to show kindness to the sons of which man, because he had helped David when he fled from Absalom?

A). Ziba B). Barzillai the Gileadite C). Mephibosheth D). Hushai

2179. Which man from Bahurim had cursed David on the day David went to Mahanaim?

A). Shimei son of Gera B). Joab son of Zeruiah C). Sheba son of Bikri

D). Ahithophel

2180. How long did David reign over Israel?

A). Twenty years B). Thirty years C). Fifty years D). Forty years

2181. Where was David buried?

A). In Bethlehem B). In Hebron C). In the City of David D). In Gibeah

2182. Solomon showed his _____ for the LORD by walking according to the instructions given him by his father David.

A). fear B). love C). hope D). anger

2183. What did God say Solomon must do to receive a long life?

A). Build the temple in seven years B). Defeat all his enemies

C). Walk in obedience and keep God's decrees and commands as David did

D). Offer a thousand sacrifices every year

2184. Why could David not build a temple for the Name of the LORD?

A). He did not have enough gold B). God had forbidden anyone to build it

C). Of the wars waged against him on every side D). The ark had been lost

2185. Solomon planned to build the temple because the LORD had told David what?

A). That Hiram would build it B). That it should be built in Tyre

C). That David would build it in his old age

D). That David's son, whom God would put on the throne, would build the temple for His Name

2186. Hiram said, "Praise be to the LORD today, for he has given David a _____ son to rule over this great nation."

A). strong B). brave C). rich D). wise

2187. When the temple work was finished, what did Solomon bring into the temple treasuries?

A). Weapons captured from the Philistines B). Gifts from the queen of Sheba

C). The things his father David had dedicated D). The bronze left over from the Sea

2188. How did the people feel as they went home after the festival?

A). Afraid and worried B). Tired and angry C). Joyful and glad D). Sad and quiet

2189. What did God promise if Solomon walked before Him with integrity of heart as David did?

A). That he would never die B). That he would conquer Egypt

C). That He would establish Solomon's royal throne over Israel forever

D). That the temple would never need repair

2190. How was Solomon's heart different from his father David's heart as he grew old?

A). It was not fully devoted to the LORD his God B). It was more humble

C). It was more devoted to God D). It was full of fear

2191. Why did God say He would not tear the kingdom away during Solomon's lifetime?

A). For the sake of David, Solomon's father B). Because Solomon repented
C). Because Hiram asked Him not to D). Because the temple was finished

2192. How many tribes did God say He would leave for Solomon's son?

A). Ten B). Two C). Twelve D). One

2193. When the king refused to listen, the Israelites answered, "To your _____, Israel!"

A). homes B). swords C). fields D). tents

2194. Which tribe alone remained loyal to the house of David?

A). Judah B). Ephraim C). Dan D). Reuben

2195. Even though Abijah sinned, why did the LORD give him a lamp in Jerusalem?

A). Because Abijah repented at the end B). For David's sake
C). Because the temple was there D). Because Asa prayed for him

2196. David did what was right in the LORD's eyes all his life except in the case of whom?

A). Absalom B). Saul C). Uriah the Hittite D). Goliath

2197. How does the Bible describe King Asa?

A). He did what was right in the eyes of the LORD, as David had done
B). He was the most evil king of Judah C). He built golden calves
D). He never went to war

2198. Why was the LORD not willing to destroy Judah even though Jehoram did evil?

A). Because Judah offered many sacrifices B). Because Elisha prayed for them
C). For the sake of His servant David D). Because Jehoram later repented

2199. Whose spears and shields did Jehoiada give to the commanders?

A). King Solomon's B). King David's C). King Saul's D). Jehu's

2200. How did Amaziah's life compare with King David's?

A). He did right, but not as his father David had done B). He was more faithful than David
C). He did evil like Ahab D). He was exactly like David

2201. How was Ahaz different from his ancestor David?

A). He built a greater temple B). He won more battles
C). He did not do what was right in the eyes of the LORD D). He wrote more psalms

2202. How is Hezekiah's reign compared with King David's?

A). He did what was right, just as David had done B). He was worse than David
C). He was like Ahab D). He did right only in his old age

2203. For whose sake did the LORD say He would defend Jerusalem?

A). For His own sake and the sake of His servant David B). For the sake of the priests
C). For the sake of Egypt D). For Hezekiah's gold

2204. Josiah followed completely the ways of his father David, "not turning aside to the right or to the _____."

A). past B). world C). enemy D). left

2205. According to 1 Chronicles 2, which son of Jesse was David?

A). The firstborn B). The second C). The seventh D). The youngest of twelve

2206. Abishai, Joab and Asahel were the three sons of which sister of David?

A). Abigail B). Zeruiah C). Michal D). Tamar

2207. Who was David's firstborn son?

A). Absalom B). Solomon C). Amnon D). Adonijah

2208. In which city were David's first six sons born?

A). Jerusalem B). Bethlehem C). Hebron D). Gibeah

2209. How long did David reign in Hebron?

A). Three years B). Seven years and six months C). Twelve years
D). Thirty-three years

2210. How many years did David reign in Jerusalem?

A). Seven B). Twenty C). Thirty-three D). Forty

2211. Who was the mother of Solomon?

A). Abigail B). Bathsheba C). Michal D). Haggith

2212. Which daughter of David is named as the sister of his sons?

A). Tamar B). Dinah C). Miriam D). Michal

2213. Who put men in charge of the music in the house of the LORD after the ark came to rest there?

A). Solomon B). Moses C). David D). Samuel

2214. During whose reign were the descendants of Tola listed as fighting men numbering 22,600?

A). Saul's B). David's C). Solomon's D). Hezekiah's

2215. Who assigned the gatekeepers to their positions of trust?

A). Solomon and Zadok B). Moses and Aaron C). David and Samuel the seer
D). Hezekiah and Isaiah

2216. To whom did the LORD turn over the kingdom after Saul's death?

A). Jonathan B). David son of Jesse C). Abner D). Samuel

2217. Where did all Israel come to David and anoint him king?

A). Jerusalem B). Bethlehem C). Hebron D). Shiloh

2218. Complete what the LORD said to David: "You will _____ my people Israel, and you will become their ruler."

A). judge B). save C). teach D). shepherd

2219. David was anointed king over Israel as the LORD had promised through whom?

A). Samuel B). Nathan C). Gad D). Moses

2220. What was Jerusalem called when the Jebusites lived there?

A). Salem B). Zion C). Jebus D). Moriah

2221. What was the fortress of Zion, captured by David, also called?

A). The City of David B). The Tower of David C). The House of the Forest
D). The City of Palms

2222. Who led the attack on the Jebusites and so became commander-in-chief?

A). Abishai B). Joab son of Zeruiah C). Benaiah D). Abner

2223. Why did David become more and more powerful?

A). He had the largest army B). He married a king's daughter
C). He collected much gold D). The LORD Almighty was with him

2224. Which chief of David's officers raised his spear against three hundred men and killed them in one encounter?

A). Jashobeam B). Eleazar C). Shammah D). Asahel

2225. At Pas Dammim, what kind of field did Eleazar and his men defend?

A). A wheat field B). A vineyard C). An olive grove D). A barley field

2226. From which well did David long for a drink of water?

A). The well at Beersheba B). The well near the gate of Bethlehem
C). The pool of Gibeon D). The spring at En Gedi

2227. Why did David refuse to drink the water his three men brought him?

A). It was dirty B). He was not thirsty anymore
C). The men had risked their lives to get it D). The priest told him not to

2228. What position did David give Benaiah?

A). Commander of the whole army B). Keeper of the treasury C). Head of the priests
D). In charge of his bodyguard

2229. Which of these men is listed among David's mighty warriors?

A). Uriah the Hittite B). Nathan the prophet C). Ahithophel D). Abiathar

2230. Where did fighting men come to David while he was banished from Saul's presence?

A). Hebron B). Ziklag C). En Gedi D). Adullam

2231. What special skill did the Benjamite warriors who joined David have?

A). They could shoot arrows or sling stones with either hand

B). They could fight on horseback C). They could make iron weapons

D). They could run faster than chariots

2232. The Benjamite warriors who first joined David were relatives of whom?

A). Joab B). Samuel C). Jonathan's armor-bearer D). Saul

2233. The Spirit came on which man, who said, "We are yours, David! We are with you, son of Jesse!"?

A). Abishai B). Joab C). Amasai D). Benaiah

2234. Why did Amasai wish success to David and his helpers?

A). Because David was rich B). Because David's God would help him

C). Because Saul was already dead D). Because David had the largest army

2235. Why did the Philistine rulers send David away before they fought against Saul?

A). They thought David might desert to Saul B). David was sick

C). David refused to fight D). God told them in a dream

2236. Day after day men came to help David until his army was like what?

A). The sand on the seashore B). The stars in the sky C). The army of God

D). A mighty river

2237. The men of Zebulun came to help David with what kind of loyalty?

A). Undivided loyalty B). Secret loyalty C). Paid loyalty D). Half-hearted loyalty

2238. Why did the fighting men come to Hebron?

A). To make David king over all Israel B). To bury Saul C). To attack the Philistines

D). To bring back the ark

2239. How did Israel feel when the people gathered in Hebron to make David king?

A). Afraid B). Sad C). Joyful D). Angry

2240. Why did David want to bring the ark of God back?

A). Because the Philistines wanted it

B). Because they had not inquired of it during Saul's reign

C). Because the ark was damaged D). Because Samuel commanded it

2241. How did the whole assembly respond to David's plan to bring back the ark?

A). They refused B). They asked for more time

C). They agreed, because it seemed right to all the people

D). They wanted Saul's family to decide

2242. From which town did David go to bring up the ark of God?

A). Shiloh B). Kiriath Jearim C). Gibeon D). Bethel

2243. How were David and all Israel celebrating as the ark was moved?

A). By fasting and praying B). By offering sacrifices silently C). By marching in silence
D). With all their might, with songs and instruments

2244. What name was given to the place where Uzzah died?

A). Ebenezer B). Bethel C). Perez Uzzah D). Gilgal

2245. After Uzzah died, how did David feel toward God?

A). Proud B). Afraid C). Joyful D). Unconcerned

2246. To whose house did David take the ark instead of the City of David?

A). Abinadab's B). Obed-Edom the Gittite's C). Zadok's D). Jesse's

2247. Which king sent cedar logs, stonemasons and carpenters to build a palace for David?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Achish king of Gath C). Talmai king of Geshur
D). Nahash king of Ammon

2248. For whose sake had David's kingdom been highly exalted?

A). For David's own glory B). For the sake of his people Israel C). For the sake of Hiram
D). For the sake of his sons

2249. Which valley did the Philistines raid after hearing David was king?

A). The Valley of Elah B). The Valley of Jezreel C). The Valley of Rephaim
D). The Kidron Valley

2250. What did David do before attacking the Philistines?

A). He counted his soldiers B). He asked Hiram for help C). He built a wall
D). He inquired of God

2251. Why was the place called Baal Perazim?

A). Because a Philistine god was worshiped there
B). Because God had broken out against David's enemies like breaking waters
C). Because a king was buried there D). Because a great spring was found there

2252. What did David order to be done with the gods the Philistines left behind?

A). Carry them to Jerusalem B). Burn them in the fire C). Bury them in the ground
D). Send them back to Philistia

2253. The second time the Philistines attacked, what did God tell David to do?

A). Attack them directly B). Wait for Hiram's army C). Make peace with them
D). Circle around them and attack in front of the poplar trees

2254. What would the sound of marching in the tops of the poplar trees mean?

A). That God had gone out in front of David to strike the Philistines
B). That the Philistines were running away C). That it was about to rain
D). That Hiram's army had arrived

2255. From where to where did David strike down the Philistine army?

A). From Dan to Beersheba B). From Gibeon to Gezer C). From Gath to Ekron
D). From Bethel to Ai

2256. What happened to David's fame after these victories?

A). It spread throughout every land B). It faded quickly C). It was only known in Judah
D). It made Saul's family jealous

2257. What did David pitch in the City of David for the ark of God?

A). A palace B). A tent C). A stone temple D). A tower

2258. According to David, who alone could carry the ark of God?

A). The Levites B). The king's soldiers C). The elders of Israel
D). The men of Judah

2259. What reason did David give for the LORD breaking out in anger the first time they moved the ark?

A). The people were not singing loudly enough B). The cart was too old
C). They had not inquired of Him about how to do it in the prescribed way
D). The Philistines had touched it

2260. What did David tell the leaders of the Levites to appoint their fellow Levites to be?

A). Guards B). Musicians making a joyful sound C). Judges D). Builders

2261. From whose house was the ark brought up with rejoicing?

A). Abinadab's B). Obed-Edom's C). Zadok's D). Jesse's

2262. What was David wearing as the ark was brought up?

A). His royal crown and armor B). A robe of fine linen and a linen ephod
C). Sackcloth and ashes D). A coat of many colors

2263. Who watched from a window and despised David in her heart?

A). Bathsheba B). Abigail C). Michal daughter of Saul D). Maakah

2264. What was King David doing as the ark entered the City of David?

A). Weeping B). Fighting C). Sleeping D). Dancing and celebrating

2265. Where was the ark of God set when it was brought in?

A). Inside the tent David had pitched for it B). Inside Solomon's temple
C). In David's palace D). In the house of Obed-Edom

2266. What did David give to each Israelite man and woman?

A). A silver coin and a new robe B). A loaf of bread, a cake of dates and a cake of raisins
C). A lamb for sacrifice D). A jar of oil and wine

2267. What did David appoint some Levites to do before the ark?

A). Guard it with swords B). Carry it around the city
C). Extol, thank and praise the LORD D). Keep the people away

2268. After the celebration, why did David return home?

A). To rest from battle B). To bless his family C). To write more psalms
D). To meet with Hiram

2269. To which prophet did David speak about building a house for the ark?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Nathan D). Elijah

2270. What troubled David when he thought about his own house?

A). His house was too small for his family
B). He lived in a house of cedar while the ark was under a tent
C). His house had been damaged in war D). His house was far from Jerusalem

2271. What did Nathan first tell David about his plan?

A). "Wait until you ask the priests." B). "The LORD is angry with you."
C). "Your son will do it." D). "Whatever you have in mind, do it, for God is with you."

2272. What message did God give Nathan for David that night?

A). David was not the one to build Him a house B). David must build the temple at once
C). David must leave Jerusalem D). David must go to war with Tyre

2273. From where did God say He took David to be ruler over Israel?

A). From the army B). From the pasture, following the flock C). From the palace of Saul
D). From the house of the priests

2274. Instead of David building a house for God, what did God promise to do?

A). Build a great city for David B). Give David a larger palace
C). Build a house for David D). Give David victory over Egypt

2275. According to God's promise, who would build a house for the LORD?

A). Nathan the prophet B). One of David's own sons C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). The Levites

2276. Complete God's promise about David's son: "I will be his _____, and he will be my son."

A). king B). shepherd C). father D). friend

2277. God promised never to take His love away from David's son, as He had taken it away from whom?

A). Saul, David's predecessor B). Eli the priest C). Pharaoh D). Absalom

2278. For how long did God promise to establish the throne of David's son?

A). Forty years B). Until the exile C). For seven generations D). Forever

2279. Complete David's prayer: "Who am I, LORD God, and what is my _____, that you have brought me this far?"

A). family B). army C). city D). name

2280. Complete David's prayer: "There is no one like you, LORD, and there is no _____ but you."

A). king B). God C). savior D). light

2281. At the end of his prayer, what did David say about the blessing on his house?

A). It would last only during his life B). It depended on his sons' obedience only
C). The LORD had blessed it, and it would be blessed forever
D). It would pass to another tribe

2282. Which Philistine city did David take, along with its surrounding villages?

A). Gath B). Gaza C). Ashdod D). Ekron

2283. What did the Moabites do after David defeated them?

A). They fled to Egypt B). They became subject to him and brought tribute
C). They joined Hadadezer D). They attacked Jerusalem

2284. Which king of Zobah did David fight when that king went to set up his control along the Euphrates River?

A). Tou B). Hadoram C). Hadadezer D). Nahash

2285. What did David do with the chariot horses he captured from Hadadezer?

A). He kept them all for his army B). He gave them to Tou
C). He sacrificed them to the LORD D). He hamstrung all but a hundred of them

2286. Why was David successful in all his battles?

A). The LORD gave David victory wherever he went B). He had the most chariots
C). Other kings were afraid of Joab D). He paid other nations to fight for him

2287. Who later used the bronze David captured to make the bronze Sea, the pillars and various bronze articles?

A). David B). Hiram C). Joab D). Solomon

2288. Which king sent his son Hadoram to greet and congratulate David?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Tou king of Hamath C). Hadadezer king of Zobah
D). Pharaoh king of Egypt

2289. What did David do with the gold, silver and bronze articles he received?

A). He kept them in his palace B). He gave them to his soldiers
C). He dedicated them to the LORD D). He sent them back to the nations

2290. How did David reign over all Israel?

A). With fear and harsh laws B). By doing what was just and right for all his people
C). By letting his sons rule for him D). By favoring only the tribe of Judah

2291. Who was over David's army?

A). Benaiah B). Abner C). Abishai D). Joab son of Zeruiah

2292. Which new Ammonite king did David want to show kindness to?

A). Nahash B). Hanun C). Shobi D). Hadadezer

2293. Why did David want to show kindness to Hanun?

A). Hanun had helped David fight the Philistines B). Hanun was David's relative
C). Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David D). Hanun had sent David gifts

2294. How did Hanun treat David's envoys?

A). He gave them a feast B). He put them in prison C). He sent them home with gifts
D). He shaved them and cut off their garments at the buttocks

2295. Where did David tell his humiliated men to stay until their beards had grown?

A). Jericho B). Hebron C). Bethlehem D). Gilgal

2296. Whom did David send out with the entire army against the Ammonites and their allies?

A). Benaiah B). Abner C). Joab D). Amasa

2297. What was the result for the Arameans after David defeated them?

A). They made peace with David and would not help the Ammonites anymore
B). They attacked Israel again the next year
C). They joined the Ammonites in a stronger alliance D). They fled to Egypt

2298. While Joab besieged Rabbah, where did David remain?

A). Hebron B). Ziklag C). Jerusalem D). Jericho

2299. What did David take from the head of the Ammonite king?

A). A crown weighing a talent of gold B). A helmet of bronze C). A silver ring
D). A royal turban

2300. Who killed the huge man at Gath who taunted Israel?

A). Jonathan son of Saul B). Abishai son of Zeruiah C). Benaiah son of Jehoiada
D). Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother

2301. According to 1 Chronicles 21:1, who incited David to take a census of Israel?

A). Joab B). Satan C). Gad D). Absalom

2302. Who questioned David's command to count the people, asking why he should bring guilt on Israel?

A). Nathan B). Abishai C). Joab D). Zadok

2303. Complete David's confession: "I have sinned greatly by doing this... I have done a very _____ thing."

A). evil B). foolish C). proud D). sad

2304. Which seer did the LORD use to give David three choices of punishment?

A). Nathan B). Samuel C). Gad D). Asaph

2305. Which of these was NOT one of the three punishments offered to David?

A). Three years of famine B). Three months of being swept away before enemies
C). Three days of plague D). Three years of exile

2306. Why did David choose to fall into the hands of the LORD rather than human hands?

A). Because the LORD's mercy is very great B). Because the plague would be shortest
C). Because his army was too weak D). Because Gad advised it

2307. What did David see standing between heaven and earth over Jerusalem?

A). A pillar of fire B). A great cloud C). The angel of the LORD with a drawn sword
D). A rainbow

2308. In his prayer, what did David call the people who were suffering from the plague?

A). Rebels B). Sheep C). Soldiers D). Children

2309. What did the angel tell Gad that David must build on Araunah's threshing floor?

A). A tower B). A palace C). A house for the ark D). An altar to the LORD

2310. Complete David's words: "I will not take for the LORD what is yours, or sacrifice a burnt offering that costs me _____."

A). little B). nothing C). too much D). silver

2311. How much did David pay Araunah for the site?

A). Four hundred shekels of silver B). Six hundred shekels of gold
C). A thousand talents of silver D). Twenty oxen

2312. How did the LORD answer David when he offered sacrifices on the new altar?

A). With fire from heaven B). With a great wind C). With an earthquake
D). With a voice from a cloud

2313. Why could David not go to the tabernacle at Gibeon to inquire of God?

A). He was sick B). He was afraid of the sword of the angel of the LORD

C). The priests would not let him D). The road was blocked by Philistines

2314. After the plague ended, what did David say about the place of Araunah's threshing floor?

A). It should be left empty

B). The house of the LORD God and the altar of burnt offering were to be there

C). It should become his royal palace D). It should be a burial place

2315. Whom did David assemble to prepare dressed stone for the house of God?

A). The priests and Levites B). The foreigners residing in Israel C). His mighty warriors

D). The elders of Judah

2316. Which peoples brought large numbers of cedar logs to David?

A). The Egyptians and Moabites B). The Philistines and Edomites

C). The Sidonians and Tyrians D). The Ammonites and Arameans

2317. Why did David make extensive preparations for the temple before his death?

A). Solomon was young and inexperienced, and the temple had to be magnificent

B). Solomon did not want to build it C). The priests asked him to finish it himself

D). He wanted to be remembered as the builder

2318. Why did God say David could not build a house for His Name?

A). David was too old B). David had shed much blood and fought many wars

C). David had no gold D). David was not from the tribe of Levi

2319. Complete God's words about David's son: "But you will have a son who will be a man of _____ and rest."

A). war B). wisdom C). peace D). wealth

2320. What did David pray the LORD would give Solomon so that he could keep the law?

A). Riches and honor B). Many children C). A long life

D). Discretion and understanding

2321. Complete David's words to Solomon: "Be strong and _____. Do not be afraid or discouraged."

A). courageous B). wise C). humble D). patient

2322. After describing all his preparations, what did David tell Solomon to do?

A). Wait for a sign from heaven B). Ask Hiram for permission

C). Begin the work, with the LORD being with him D). Build a palace first

2323. What did David tell the leaders of Israel to devote their heart and soul to?

A). Building a strong army B). Seeking the LORD their God C). Collecting more gold

D). Obeying Solomon only

2324. When did David make his son Solomon king over Israel?

A). When David was old and full of years B). After David's death

C). When Solomon was a baby D). After Absalom's rebellion

2325. From what age were the Levites first counted in 1 Chronicles 23:3?

A). Twenty years old or more B). Twenty-five years old or more

C). Thirty years old or more D). Fifty years old or more

2326. How many of the counted Levites were put in charge of the work of the temple?

A). 4,000 B). 6,000 C). 12,000 D). 24,000

2327. What were 4,000 of the Levites appointed to do with the instruments David provided?

A). Praise the LORD B). Guard the treasury C). Lead the army D). Teach the law

2328. According to David's last instructions, from what age were the Levites counted?

A). Fifteen years old or more B). Twenty years old or more C). Thirty years old or more

D). Forty years old or more

2329. Why did the Levites no longer need to carry the tabernacle?

A). It had been destroyed

B). The LORD had granted rest and come to dwell in Jerusalem forever

C). The priests carried it instead D). It was left in Gibeon forever

2330. Which two priests helped David separate the priests into divisions?

A). Eli and Samuel B). Zadok and Ahimelek C). Abiathar and Nathan

D). Hilkiah and Jehoiada

2331. For what ministry did David set apart some of the sons of Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun?

A). The ministry of guarding the gates

B). The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals

C). The ministry of baking bread D). The ministry of judging the people

2332. Who joined David in setting apart the temple musicians?

A). The priests of Gibeon B). The commanders of the army C). The elders of Judah

D). The prophets Nathan and Gad

2333. In the fortieth year of David's reign, where were capable men found among the Hebronites?

A). Jazer in Gilead B). Hebron in Judah C). Bethel in Ephraim D). Dan in the north

2334. How did David's army divisions serve the king?

A). All at once during wartime only B). Each division was on duty for one month of the year

C). Each division served for one full year D). They served only on the Sabbath

2335. Why did David not count the men twenty years old or less?

A). They were too young to fight

B). The LORD had promised to make Israel as numerous as the stars in the sky

C). Joab refused to count them D). The priests would not allow it

2336. What happened to the count that Joab began?

A). It was written in the book of the law B). It was finished and read to the people

C). He did not finish it, and wrath came on Israel D). It was given to Solomon

2337. Which relative of David was a counselor, a man of insight and a scribe?

A). Jonathan, David's uncle B). Shimea, David's brother C). Joab, David's nephew

D). Amasa, David's nephew

2338. Who is described as the king's confidant?

A). Ahithophel B). Nathan C). Hushai the Arkite D). Zadok

2339. Who was the officer over the tribe of Judah?

A). Nahshon, a leader of Judah B). Caleb son of Jephunneh C). Joab son of Zeruiah

D). Elihu, a brother of David

2340. Where did David summon all the officials of Israel to assemble?

A). Hebron B). Gibeon C). Jerusalem D). Bethlehem

2341. Complete David's words: "I had it in my heart to build a house as a place of rest for the ark of the covenant of the LORD, for the _____ of our God."

A). throne B). footstool C). dwelling D). altar

2342. According to David, which tribe did the LORD choose as leader?

A). Judah B). Levi C). Ephraim D). Benjamin

2343. Whose throne did David say Solomon would sit on?

A). David's own throne only B). Saul's throne C). The throne of Egypt

D). The throne of the kingdom of the LORD over Israel

2344. David told Solomon to serve God with wholehearted devotion and a willing mind. What reason did he give?

A). The people are watching

B). The LORD searches every heart and understands every desire and thought

C). The priests will report to the LORD D). The prophets will punish him

2345. Complete David's words to Solomon: "If you seek him, he will be _____ by you."

A). forgotten B). heard C). praised D). found

2346. What did David give Solomon to help him build the temple?

A). A team of Egyptian builders

B). The plans for the temple that the Spirit had put in his mind C). A map of the land

D). The bronze from Hiram

2347. According to the plans, what would spread their wings and overshadow the ark of the covenant?

A). Golden eagles B). Carved palm trees C). The cherubim of gold

D). Bronze lions

2348. How did David say he understood all the details of the temple plan?

A). As a result of the LORD's hand on him B). He learned them in Egypt

C). Hiram's builders explained them D). He copied them from the tabernacle

2349. Complete David's promise to Solomon: "The LORD God, my God, is with you. He will not _____ you or forsake you until all the work is finished."

A). test B). hurry C). punish D). fail

2350. Why did David say the task of building the temple was great?

A). Because the structure was not for man but for the LORD God

B). Because the land was full of enemies C). Because Solomon had no money

D). Because the stones were too heavy

2351. In his devotion to the temple of God, what did David give?

A). His royal crown B). His palace in Jerusalem C). His army's weapons

D). His personal treasures of gold and silver

2352. Complete David's question to the people: "Now, who is _____ to consecrate themselves to the LORD today?"

A). able B). willing C). ready D). strong

2353. Complete David's praise: "Yours, LORD, is the greatness and the power and the glory and the majesty and the splendor, for _____ in heaven and earth is yours."

A). everything B). nothing C). something D). someone

2354. In his prayer, how did David explain the people's generous gifts?

A). They were paid back for their work

B). Everything comes from God, and they had given Him only what came from His hand

C). They had taken plunder from their enemies D). The king had forced them to give

2355. In his prayer, what did David compare our days on earth to?

A). A flower B). A breath C). A shadow D). A river

2356. Complete David's prayer: "I know, my God, that you test the heart and are pleased with _____."

A). wealth B). sacrifice C). strength D). integrity

2357. What did David ask God to give his son Solomon?

A). Great riches and fame B). Victory over all his enemies
C). Wholehearted devotion to keep God's commands D). A long and easy life

2358. What happened when Solomon sat on the throne in place of David?

A). There was civil war B). The people rejected him C). He moved the capital to Hebron
D). He prospered and all Israel obeyed him

2359. How many years did David rule over Israel in all?

A). Thirty B). Thirty-three C). Forty D). Fifty

2360. How does the Bible describe David's death?

A). He died in battle
B). He died at a good old age, having enjoyed long life, wealth and honor
C). He died young and poor D). He died in exile

2361. Which of these is NOT named as recording the events of King David's reign?

A). Samuel the seer B). Nathan the prophet C). Gad the seer
D). Elijah the prophet

2362. Where had David pitched a tent for the ark of God?

A). Gibeon B). Bethlehem C). Kiriath Jearim D). Jerusalem

2363. Why did Solomon remind Hiram about his father David?

A). Hiram had sent David cedar to build his palace B). David had defeated Hiram in battle
C). Hiram had married David's daughter D). David had given Hiram a city

2364. Why was Mount Moriah an important place for the temple?

A). Moses had received the law there B). Solomon had been crowned there
C). The LORD had appeared to David there D). Joshua had won a battle there

2365. Whose threshing floor did David provide as the place for the temple?

A). Araunah the Jebusite B). Boaz of Bethlehem C). Gideon son of Joash
D). Obed-Edom the Gittite

2366. What did Solomon bring into the temple treasuries after the work was finished?

A). Weapons captured in war B). The things his father David had dedicated
C). Gifts from the queen of Sheba D). Tribute from Egypt

2367. Which city did God say He had chosen for His Name to be there?

A). Bethel B). Hebron C). Shiloh D). Jerusalem

2368. What did God say to David about his desire to build a temple?

A). It was a bad idea B). He did well, but his son would build it
C). He must wait until he was old D). He should build it in Hebron

2369. At the end of his prayer, Solomon asked God to remember the great love promised to which servant?

A). David B). Moses C). Abraham D). Samuel

2370. What did God promise Solomon if he walked before Him as David had?

A). He would live forever B). He would never fight a war C). He would rule Egypt
D). His royal throne would be established

2371. According to whose ordinance did Solomon appoint the divisions of the priests and Levites?

A). Moses B). Nathan C). Zadok D). David

2372. What did the Israelites shout when Rehoboam refused to listen?

A). Long live the king! B). To your tents, Israel! C). Stone the king!
D). Return to Egypt!

2373. Against whose house did Israel rebel?

A). The house of Saul B). The house of David C). The house of Jeroboam
D). The house of Levi

2374. For how long did the people walk in the ways of David and Solomon, strengthening Rehoboam's kingdom?

A). Seven years B). Forty years C). Ten years D). Three years

2375. Complete Abijah's words: God gave the kingship of Israel to David and his descendants forever by a covenant of _____.

A). blood B). peace C). oil D). salt

2376. Why was the LORD with Jehoshaphat?

A). He had a large army B). He married a princess
C). In his early years he walked in the ways of his father David D). He built many forts

2377. Why was the LORD not willing to destroy the house of David, even though Jehoram was evil?

A). Because Judah had a strong army B). Because Jehoram repented
C). Because of the covenant the LORD had made with David
D). Because Elijah prayed for him

2378. Complete Jehoiada's words: "The king's son shall reign, as the LORD promised concerning the descendants of _____."

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Solomon D). David

2379. What did Jehoiada give the commanders that had belonged to King David?

A). His crown and throne B). Spears and large and small shields C). His harp and lyre
D). Chariots and horses

2380. How did Ahaz compare with his ancestor David?

A). He was just like David B). He did not do what was right, unlike David
C). He was more faithful than David D). He wrote more psalms than David

2381. What kind of king was Hezekiah?

A). He did evil like Ahaz B). He did what was right, just as David had done
C). He worshiped the gods of Damascus D). He was lazy and did nothing

2382. According to whose command did Hezekiah station the Levites with cymbals, harps and lyres?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Solomon and Zadok
C). David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet D). Elijah and Elisha

2383. With whose words did Hezekiah order the Levites to praise the LORD?

A). The words of David and Asaph the seer B). The words of Moses and Miriam
C). The words of Solomon D). The words of Isaiah

2384. Since whose days had there been nothing like this celebration in Jerusalem?

A). Since the days of Moses B). Since the days of Solomon son of David
C). Since the days of Joshua D). Since the days of Samuel

2385. How is Josiah's faithfulness described?

A). He sometimes followed the LORD B). He followed the LORD only at the end
C). He followed the ways of the kings of Israel
D). He followed the ways of David, not turning aside to the right or to the left

2386. Which musicians were in their places as prescribed by David?

A). The descendants of Asaph B). The sons of Korah only C). The priests of Baal
D). The musicians from Tyre

2387. The praise at the laying of the foundation followed the way prescribed by which king?

A). Solomon B). Hezekiah C). Cyrus D). David

2388. According to Nehemiah 12:45-46, the musicians and gatekeepers served according to the commands of which kings?

A). Saul and Jonathan B). Hezekiah and Josiah C). Asa and Jehoshaphat
D). David and his son Solomon

2389. According to its title, David wrote Psalm 3 when he fled from whom?

A). Saul B). Goliath C). Absalom D). Ahithophel

2390. What were many people saying about David in Psalm 3?

A). God will not deliver him B). He will soon be king again C). He has many friends
D). He should go back home

2391. Complete the verse: "But you, LORD, are a ___ around me, my glory, the One who lifts my head high."

A). wall B). tower C). fortress D). shield

2392. When David called out to the LORD, where did the LORD answer him from?

A). From the burning bush B). From his holy mountain C). From the clouds
D). From the tabernacle

2393. Why could David lie down, sleep and wake again, even with enemies around him?

A). His soldiers guarded him B). He was hidden in a cave C). The LORD sustained him
D). His enemies had gone home

2394. How many attackers did David say he would not fear?

A). Tens of thousands B). Five hundred C). Seven armies D). Twelve kings

2395. According to its title, Psalm 4 was to be played with what kind of instruments?

A). Trumpets B). Stringed instruments C). Cymbals D). Flutes

2396. In Psalm 4:1, what does David ask God to do when he calls?

A). Answer him B). Punish his enemies C). Make him rich D). Give him a son

2397. In Psalm 4:2, what does David say the people love and seek?

A). Riches and honour B). Wisdom and knowledge C). Delusions and false gods
D). Feasts and wine

2398. Why could David be sure the LORD would hear him?

A). He had offered many sacrifices B). He was a king C). He prayed in the temple
D). The LORD has set apart his faithful servant for himself

2399. Many were asking, "Who will bring us prosperity?" What did David ask God to fill his heart with?

A). Riches B). Courage C). Joy D). Wisdom

2400. Complete the verse: "In ___ I will lie down and sleep, for you alone, LORD, make me dwell in safety."

A). comfort B). silence C). darkness D). peace

2401. In Psalm 5, at what time of day does David say the LORD hears his voice?

A). In the morning B). At noon C). In the evening D). At midnight

2402. After laying his requests before the LORD, what does David do?

A). He goes to sleep B). He waits expectantly C). He offers a sacrifice
D). He sings a new song

2403. How does David say he is able to come into God's house?

A). By his great love B). By his own good deeds C). Because he is the king
D). By bringing many gifts

2404. What does David ask the LORD to do because of his enemies?

A). Destroy them at once B). Lead him in his righteousness C). Give him a great army
D). Hide him in a cave

2405. In Psalm 5:9, what does David say the throat of his enemies is like?

A). A dry well B). A roaring lion C). An open grave D). A burning fire

2406. In Psalm 6:1, what does David ask the LORD not to do in his anger?

A). Rebuke him B). Forget him C). Leave him alone D). Take his kingdom

2407. Why does David ask the LORD to heal him in Psalm 6:2?

A). His eyes were blind B). His bones were in agony C). He had a fever
D). He was wounded in battle

2408. Complete the verse: "My soul is in deep anguish. How long, LORD, how ___?"

A). far B). much C). long D). soon

2409. In Psalm 6:4, on what basis does David ask the LORD to save him?

A). Because he is the king B). Because of his good deeds
C). Because of his many sacrifices D). Because of the LORD's unfailing love

2410. In Psalm 6:6, what does David say he floods his bed with all night long?

A). Weeping B). Songs C). Prayers D). Sweat

2411. Why does David say his eyes grow weak and fail?

A). Because of old age B). Because of all his foes C). Because he could not sleep
D). Because of the bright sun

2412. Why could David tell evildoers, "Away from me"?

A). His army had arrived B). His enemies had run away
C). The LORD had heard his weeping D). He had become stronger

2413. How does Psalm 6 say David's enemies will end up?

A). Forgiven and at peace B). Made into his servants C). Scattered across the sea
D). Overwhelmed with shame and anguish

2414. According to its title, David sang Psalm 7 to the LORD concerning which Benjamite?

A). Shimei B). Cush C). Saul D). Sheba

2415. In Psalm 7:2, what animal does David say his pursuers could tear him apart like?

A). A bear B). A wolf C). A lion D). A leopard

2416. Why does David say he will give thanks to the LORD at the end of Psalm 7?

A). Because he won a battle B). Because his enemy died C). Because he became rich
D). Because of the LORD's righteousness

2417. In Psalm 8:3, what does David call the heavens?

A). The throne of God B). The work of God's fingers C). The home of the angels
D). The roof of the earth

2418. After looking at the moon and the stars, what does David wonder about in Psalm 8:4?

A). How far away the stars are B). When the world will end
C). Why the sun rises each day D). Why God is mindful of and cares for human beings

2419. Complete the verse: "I will give thanks to you, LORD, with all my ___."

A). strength B). soul C). heart D). voice

2420. In Psalm 9:1, what does David say he will tell about?

A). All the LORD's wonderful deeds B). The battles he has won C). The history of Israel
D). The riches of his kingdom

2421. At the end of Psalm 9, what does David want the nations to know?

A). That Israel is strong B). That David is king C). That they are only mortal
D). That the land belongs to Israel

2422. In Psalm 11:1, people told David to flee to his mountain like what?

A). A deer B). A bird C). A lion D). A sheep

2423. Why does David cry out, "Help, LORD," at the start of Psalm 12?

A). Because his army was defeated B). Because no one is faithful anymore
C). Because there was a famine D). Because he was sick

2424. Which question does David ask the LORD four times in Psalm 13:1-2?

A). "Why?" B). "Where are you?" C). "How long?" D). "Who will help me?"

2425. In Psalm 13:1, what does David ask how long the LORD will hide from him?

A). His face B). His hand C). His word D). His temple

2426. In Psalm 13:3, what does David ask the LORD to give to his eyes?

A). Tears B). Light C). Sleep D). Healing

2427. Complete the verse: "But I trust in your ___ love; my heart rejoices in your salvation."

A). great B). eternal C). gentle D). unfailing

2428. Why does David say he will sing the LORD's praise at the end of Psalm 13?

A). Because his enemy has died B). Because he became king

C). Because the LORD has been good to him D). Because the temple was finished

2429. What question does David ask the LORD at the start of Psalm 15?

A). Who may dwell in your sacred tent? B). When will you save us?

C). Why do the wicked prosper? D). Where is your throne?

2430. Complete the verse: "I say to the LORD, 'You are my Lord; apart from you I have no ___ thing.'"

A). good B). other C). great D). holy

2431. In Psalm 16:6, where does David say the boundary lines have fallen for him?

A). Near the river B). In the desert C). In pleasant places D). On the mountains

2432. Why does David say he will not be shaken in Psalm 16:8?

A). Because he has a strong army B). Because he lives in a fortress

C). Because he is wise D). Because the LORD is at his right hand

2433. According to Psalm 16:11, what will God fill David with in his presence?

A). Fear B). Strength C). Joy D). Wisdom

2434. How does the title describe Psalm 17?

A). A song of ascents B). A prayer of David C). A psalm of Asaph

D). A song for the Sabbath

2435. In Psalm 17:3, when does David say God examines him?

A). At night B). At dawn C). On the Sabbath D). At the feasts

2436. What does David say about his steps and feet in Psalm 17:5?

A). They are tired and weak B). They have walked far from home

C). They have held to God's paths and not stumbled D). They have run from his enemies

2437. Why does David call on God in Psalm 17:6?

A). Because the priests told him to B). Because he is afraid of the dark

C). Because it is the law D). Because God will answer him

2438. Complete the verse: "Keep me as the ___ of your eye."

A). apple B). light C). joy D). child

2439. In Psalm 17:8, where does David ask God to hide him?

A). In a cave B). In the shadow of his wings C). Behind a strong wall

D). In the temple

2440. According to Psalm 17:15, what will satisfy David when he awakes?

A). A great feast B). Victory over his enemies C). Seeing God's likeness
D). A new day of work

2441. According to its title, David sang Psalm 18 when the LORD delivered him from all his enemies and from the hand of whom?

A). Goliath B). Absalom C). Saul D). Achish

2442. Complete the verse: "I love you, LORD, my ___."

A). strength B). shepherd C). king D). friend

2443. Which of these is one of the names David gives the LORD in Psalm 18:2?

A). My lamp B). My rock C). My bread D). My river

2444. In Psalm 18:6, where did the LORD hear David's voice from when he called in distress?

A). From the mountain B). From the clouds C). From the sea D). From his temple

2445. In Psalm 18:16, what did the LORD draw David out of?

A). A deep pit B). A burning fire C). Deep waters D). A lion's den

2446. According to Psalm 18:19, why did the LORD rescue David?

A). Because David was a king B). Because David paid him
C). Because David was strong D). Because the LORD delighted in him

2447. Complete the verse: "My God turns my darkness into ___."

A). day B). light C). joy D). gold

2448. In Psalm 18:29, what does David say he can do with his God?

A). Scale a wall B). Cross the sea C). Move a mountain D). Stop the sun

2449. In Psalm 18:33, God makes David's feet like the feet of what animal?

A). A lion B). A horse C). A deer D). An eagle

2450. According to Psalm 18:34, what kind of bow can David's arms bend?

A). A bow of iron B). A bow of gold C). A bow of wood D). A bow of bronze

2451. According to Psalm 18:50, to whom does God show unfailing love forever?

A). To the priests and Levites B). To David and his descendants C). To all the nations
D). To the prophets

2452. In Psalm 19:12, after asking "Who can discern their own errors?", what does David ask God to forgive?

A). His hidden faults B). His father's sins C). The sins of Israel D). His enemies

2453. In Psalm 19:14, what does David want to be pleasing in God's sight?

A). His sacrifices and gifts B). His army and his kingdom
C). The words of his mouth and the meditation of his heart D). His songs and his harp

2454. According to its title, Psalm 22 was sung to which tune?

A). "The Death of the Son" B). "The Doe of the Morning" C). "Lilies"
D). "The Dove on Distant Oaks"

2455. Complete the verse: "My God, my God, why have you ___ me?"

A). forsaken B). forgotten C). rejected D). punished

2456. In Psalm 22:3, how does David describe God even while he is suffering?

A). As far away and silent B). As angry with Israel C). As enthroned as the Holy One
D). As sleeping in heaven

2457. In Psalm 22:6, what does David say he is, "and not a man"?

A). A shadow B). A stranger C). A servant D). A worm

2458. What do the mockers say about the sufferer in Psalm 22:8?

A). "He trusts in the LORD; let the LORD rescue him" B). "He is a king; let him save himself"
C). "He is a prophet; let him speak" D). "He is rich; let him pay us"

2459. In Psalm 22:12, the strong bulls that encircle David come from where?

A). Gilead B). Bashan C). Moab D). Sharon

2460. In Psalm 22:14, what does David say his heart has turned to?

A). Stone B). Ice C). Wax D). Dust

2461. According to Psalm 22:16, what do the villains do to the sufferer's hands and feet?

A). Tie them B). Wash them C). Burn them D). Pierce them

2462. In Psalm 22:18, what do the enemies cast lots for?

A). His garment B). His land C). His crown D). His sword

2463. According to Psalm 22:22, where will David praise God?

A). On the mountaintop B). In the assembly C). In the wilderness D). By the river

2464. Complete the verse: "The LORD is my ___, I lack nothing."

A). king B). shepherd C). father D). rock

2465. Because the LORD is his shepherd, what does David say he lacks?

A). Nothing B). Only food C). Only water D). Only friends

2466. According to Psalm 23:2, where does the LORD make David lie down?

A). On the mountains B). In the desert C). In green pastures D). By the sea

2467. According to Psalm 23:2, what does the LORD lead David beside?

A). Rushing rivers B). Deep wells C). High walls D). Quiet waters

2468. According to Psalm 23:3, why does the LORD guide David along the right paths?

A). For his name's sake B). Because David is a king C). Because David is strong
D). So David will become rich

2469. Why will David fear no evil even in the darkest valley?

A). Because he has a sword B). Because the LORD is with him
C). Because the valley is short D). Because his friends are near

2470. According to Psalm 23:4, what two things comfort David?

A). The LORD's songs and prayers B). The LORD's bread and water
C). The LORD's rod and staff D). The LORD's sword and shield

2471. In Psalm 23:5, the LORD prepares a table before David in the presence of whom?

A). His family B). The priests C). The angels D). His enemies

2472. Complete the verse: "You anoint my head with oil; my cup ___."

A). overflows B). is clean C). is gold D). is blessed

2473. At the end of Psalm 23, where does David say he will dwell forever?

A). In Jerusalem B). In the house of the LORD C). In a royal palace
D). In the promised land

2474. In Psalm 25:2, what does David ask the LORD not to let happen to him?

A). Be put to shame B). Grow old C). Lose his kingdom D). Become poor

2475. Complete the verse: "Show me your ways, LORD, teach me your ___."

A). songs B). paths C). laws D). words

2476. According to Psalm 25:5, when is David's hope in God?

A). Only in the morning B). Only in times of war C). All day long
D). Only on the Sabbath

2477. In Psalm 25:7, what does David ask the LORD not to remember?

A). His enemies' names B). His father's mistakes C). The wars he fought
D). The sins of his youth

2478. In Psalm 25:11, for whose sake does David ask the LORD to forgive his great iniquity?

A). For the sake of Israel B). For the sake of the LORD's name
C). For the sake of his children D). For the sake of the temple

2479. In Psalm 25:16, why does David ask the LORD to turn to him and be gracious?

A). Because he is tired B). Because he is old C). Because he is hungry
D). Because he is lonely and afflicted

2480. In Psalm 26:1, why does David ask the LORD to vindicate him?

A). Because he has won many battles B). Because he has led a blameless life
C). Because he is the king D). Because his enemies are stronger

2481. In Psalm 26:2, what does David ask the LORD to examine?

A). His heart and his mind B). His house and his land C). His army and his weapons
D). His words and his songs

2482. According to Psalm 26:4, David does not associate with whom?

A). Foreigners B). The poor C). Hypocrites D). Shepherds

2483. Complete the verse: "I wash my hands in ___, and go about your altar, LORD."

A). water B). oil C). silence D). innocence

2484. In Psalm 26:8, what does David say he loves?

A). The house where the LORD lives B). The city of Hebron C). His royal palace
D). The fields of Bethlehem

2485. According to Psalm 26:12, where will David praise the LORD?

A). In the wilderness B). In the great congregation C). On the mountaintop
D). In his palace

2486. Complete the verse: "The LORD is my light and my ___ — whom shall I fear?"

A). strength B). shield C). salvation D). song

2487. According to Psalm 27:3, what will David's heart do even if an army besieges him?

A). It will not fear B). It will run away C). It will give up D). It will make peace

2488. In Psalm 27:4, what is the one thing David asks of the LORD?

A). To defeat all his enemies B). To dwell in the house of the LORD all the days of his life
C). To have a long and rich life D). To build a great palace

2489. According to Psalm 27:5, where will the LORD set David high in the day of trouble?

A). Upon a tower B). Upon a throne C). Upon a mountain D). Upon a rock

2490. According to Psalm 27:10, even if who forsakes David, the LORD will receive him?

A). His brothers B). His father and mother C). His friends D). His people

2491. According to Psalm 27:13, where is David confident he will see the goodness of the LORD?

A). In heaven B). In the temple C). In the land of the living D). In Jerusalem

2492. In Psalm 28:1, what does David ask the LORD not to turn to him?

A). His back B). A deaf ear C). His anger D). His face

2493. In Psalm 28:2, toward what place does David lift up his hands?

A). The Most Holy Place B). The Jordan River C). The city gate D). The mountains

2494. In Psalm 28:3, how does David describe the wicked who speak to their neighbors?

A). They never speak at all B). They shout and curse
C). They speak kindly but hide malice in their hearts D). They speak the truth

2495. In Psalm 28:6, why does David say, "Praise be to the LORD"?

A). Because he won a war B). Because it rained C). Because the temple was built
D). Because the LORD heard his cry for mercy

2496. Complete the verse: "The LORD is my strength and my ___; my heart trusts in him, and he helps me."

A). king B). song C). shield D). light

2497. According to Psalm 28:7, what does David's heart do because the LORD helps him?

A). Leaps for joy B). Grows quiet C). Becomes afraid D). Feels tired

2498. In Psalm 28:9, David asks the LORD to be what for his people?

A). Their king B). Their shepherd C). Their judge D). Their builder

2499. According to its title, Psalm 30 was written for what occasion?

A). The crowning of a king B). The dedication of the temple C). The Passover feast
D). The return from exile

2500. In Psalm 30:2, what did the LORD do when David called to him for help?

A). Healed him B). Gave him riches C). Sent an army D). Made him king

2501. According to Psalm 30:6, what did David say when he felt secure?

A). "I will never be shaken" B). "I need no help" C). "I am the greatest king"
D). "My enemies are gone"

2502. Complete the verse: "You turned my wailing into ___."

A). singing B). dancing C). laughing D). praying

2503. According to Psalm 30:11, what did the LORD remove from David before clothing him with joy?

A). His crown B). His armor C). His sackcloth D). His sandals

2504. At the end of Psalm 30, how long does David say he will praise the LORD?

A). Until morning B). For seven days C). Until he is old D). Forever

2505. In Psalm 31:4, what does David ask the LORD to keep him free from?

A). The trap set for him B). Sickness and pain C). Hunger and thirst
D). The heat of the sun

2506. Complete the verse: "Into your hands I commit my ___."

A). life B). spirit C). family D). future

2507. In Psalm 31:12, what does David say he has become like?

A). A dry leaf B). A lost sheep C). Broken pottery D). An empty well

2508. In Psalm 31:13, what does David hear many people whispering?

A). "The king is dead!" B). "Run to the hills!" C). "Peace, peace!"
D). "Terror on every side!"

2509. In Psalm 31:14, what does David say to the LORD while enemies plot against him?

A). "You are my God" B). "Why have you left me?" C). "I will fight alone"
D). "Send me away"

2510. Complete the verse: "My ___ are in your hands."

A). days B). times C). ways D). plans

2511. Complete the verse: "Blessed is the one whose transgressions are ___, whose sins are covered."

A). forgotten B). forgiven C). washed D). removed

2512. According to Psalm 32:3, what happened to David when he kept silent about his sin?

A). His bones wasted away B). He became rich C). He slept peacefully
D). His enemies left him

2513. In Psalm 32:4, David says his strength was sapped as in the heat of what?

A). A fire B). The desert C). Summer D). Battle

2514. According to Psalm 32:5, what happened after David confessed his transgressions to the LORD?

A). The LORD punished him B). The LORD stayed silent C). He was made king
D). The LORD forgave the guilt of his sin

2515. Complete the verse: "You are my ___ place; you will protect me from trouble."

A). hiding B). resting C). dwelling D). holy

2516. According to its title, David wrote Psalm 34 when he pretended to be insane before whom?

A). Saul B). Abimelek C). Nabal D). Absalom

2517. According to Psalm 34:1, when will David extol the LORD?

A). At all times B). Only on feast days C). Only in the morning
D). Only when things go well

2518. According to Psalm 34:4, what did the LORD deliver David from when he sought him?

A). All his debts B). All his sickness C). All his fears D). All his work

2519. In Psalm 35:1, what does David ask the LORD to do to those who fight against him?

A). Forgive them B). Fight against them C). Make peace with them
D). Send them away to Egypt

2520. In Psalm 35:2, what does David ask the LORD to take up?

A). Shield and armor B). Bow and arrows C). Sword and spear D). Staff and rod

2521. Complete the verse: "Say to me, 'I am your ___.'"

A). shepherd B). father C). salvation D). king

2522. In Psalm 35:10, what does David say the LORD does that makes him ask, "Who is like you, LORD?"

A). He builds great cities B). He makes kings rich C). He sends rain on the land
D). He rescues the poor from those too strong for them

2523. According to Psalm 35:12, what do David's enemies repay him with?

A). Evil for good B). Gold for silver C). Kindness for kindness D). Bread for water

2524. According to Psalm 35:13, what did David do when his enemies were ill?

A). He was glad B). He put on sackcloth and humbled himself with fasting
C). He stayed away from them D). He told everyone about it

2525. According to Psalm 35:28, when will David's tongue proclaim God's praises?

A). Only on the Sabbath B). Only in the temple C). Only in the morning
D). All day long

2526. Complete the verse: "Do not ___ because of those who are evil or be envious of those who do wrong."

A). fret B). fight C). fear D). speak

2527. In Psalm 37:25, David says he was young and now is old. What has he never seen?

A). A poor man become rich B). The righteous forsaken or their children begging bread
C). A king lose his throne D). A wicked man punished

2528. In Psalm 38:2, what does David say has pierced him?

A). Thorns B). The LORD's arrows C). A soldier's spear D). Sharp stones

2529. According to Psalm 38:3, why is there no soundness in David's bones?

A). Because of his sin B). Because he is old C). Because he was in battle
D). Because he did not eat

2530. In Psalm 38:4, what does David say his guilt has overwhelmed him like?

A). A flood of water B). A dark night C). A burden too heavy to bear
D). A raging fire

2531. According to Psalm 38:9, what is not hidden from the Lord?

A). David's treasure B). David's plans for war C). David's enemies
D). David's sighing

2532. According to Psalm 38:11, who avoid David because of his wounds?

A). His friends and companions B). His priests and prophets C). His soldiers
D). His children

2533. In Psalm 38:13, David says he is like whom, who cannot speak?

A). A child B). The mute C). A stranger D). The dead

2534. Complete the verse: "I ___ my iniquity; I am troubled by my sin."

A). forget B). hide C). confess D). carry

2535. Complete the verse: "Come quickly to help me, my Lord and my ___."

A). King B). Shepherd C). Friend D). Savior

2536. According to its title, Psalm 39 was written for which director of music?

A). Asaph B). Heman C). Jeduthun D). Ethan

2537. In Psalm 39:1, what did David say he would put on his mouth in the presence of the wicked?

A). A muzzle B). A cloth C). His hand D). A seal

2538. In Psalm 39:4, what does David ask the LORD to let him know?

A). Who his enemies are B). How fleeting his life is C). Where to build the temple
D). When the rain will come

2539. According to Psalm 39:5, God has made David's days a mere what?

A). Shadow B). Season C). Moment D). Handbreadth

2540. Complete the verse: "But now, Lord, what do I look for? My ___ is in you."

A). joy B). hope C). life D). strength

2541. In Psalm 39:12, how does David say he dwells with God?

A). As a king and a priest B). As a son and an heir C). As a foreigner and a stranger
D). As a soldier and a guard

2542. In Psalm 40:2, what did the LORD lift David out of?

A). A lion's den B). A deep river C). A slimy pit D). A dark prison

2543. According to Psalm 40:2, where did the LORD set David's feet?

A). On a rock B). On a mountain C). On a road D). On a throne

2544. According to Psalm 40:3, what will many people do when they see the new song God put in David's mouth?

A). Sing it in the temple B). Fear the LORD and put their trust in him
C). Write it on a scroll D). Laugh at David

2545. In Psalm 40:5, why does David say he cannot declare all the LORD's wonders?

A). He has forgotten them B). They are a secret C). No one would listen
D). They would be too many to declare

2546. Complete the verse: "I desire to do your will, my God; your law is within my ___."

A). mind B). home C). heart D). hands

2547. At the end of Psalm 40, how does David describe himself?

A). Rich and strong B). Wise and old C). Young and brave D). Poor and needy

2548. In Psalm 41:4, what reason does David give when he asks the LORD to heal him?

A). "For I am the king" B). "For I am old" C). "For I have sinned against you"
D). "For my enemies are strong"

2549. What do David's enemies say about him in malice in Psalm 41:5?

A). "He will be king forever" B). "He has many friends" C). "He is very wise"
D). "When will he die and his name perish?"

2550. According to Psalm 41:9, who has turned against David?

A). His close friend who shared his bread B). His own son C). A foreign king
D). A prophet of the LORD

2551. According to Psalm 41:12, because of what does the LORD uphold David?

A). His great wealth B). His integrity C). His strong army D). His royal family

2552. According to the title of Psalm 51, who wrote this psalm?

A). Solomon B). Asaph C). David D). Moses

2553. According to the title, which prophet came to David before he wrote Psalm 51?

A). Nathan B). Samuel C). Elijah D). Gad

2554. The title of Psalm 51 links it to David's sin with which woman?

A). Abigail B). Michal C). Bathsheba D). Tamar

2555. Complete the verse: "Have mercy on me, O God, according to your unfailing ___."

A). power B). love C). word D). promise

2556. In Psalm 51:4, against whom does David say he has sinned, "you only"?

A). His people B). Nathan C). Bathsheba D). God

2557. In Psalm 51:5, what does David say about when he became sinful?

A). He was sinful from birth B). He became sinful as a king
C). He became sinful when he was a teenager
D). He became sinful after meeting Bathsheba

2558. David asked God to cleanse him with which plant?

A). Olive B). Hyssop C). Cedar D). Myrrh

2559. Complete the verse: "Wash me, and I will be whiter than ___."

A). wool B). milk C). snow D). light

2560. Complete the verse: "Create in me a pure ___, O God, and renew a steadfast spirit within me."

A). mind B). heart C). soul D). life

2561. In Psalm 51:11, what did David ask God not to take from him?

A). His kingdom B). His crown C). His Holy Spirit D). His children

2562. What did David ask God to restore to him in Psalm 51:12?

A). The joy of your salvation B). The strength of my youth
C). The peace of my kingdom D). The wealth of my house

2563. After being forgiven, what did David say he would do for transgressors?

A). Punish them B). Teach them God's ways C). Send them away
D). Offer sacrifices for them

2564. Complete the verse: "Open my lips, Lord, and my mouth will declare your ___."

A). law B). name C). power D). praise

2565. According to Psalm 51:16-17, what kind of sacrifice will God not despise?

A). Many burnt offerings B). A broken and contrite heart C). A gift of gold
D). A large bull

2566. In Psalm 51:18, the walls of which city did David ask God to build up?

A). Bethlehem B). Hebron C). Samaria D). Jerusalem

2567. According to the title of Psalm 52, who went to Saul and told him where David had gone?

A). Doeg B). Ahimelek C). Abner D). Joab

2568. According to the title, Doeg told Saul that David had gone to whose house?

A). Samuel's B). Ahimelek's C). Jesse's D). Jonathan's

2569. In Psalm 52:2, the tongue of the boastful man is compared to what?

A). A burning fire B). A sharpened razor C). A broken bow D). A poisonous snake

2570. According to Psalm 52:7, what did the evil man trust in instead of God?

A). His army B). His great wealth C). His family D). His idols

2571. Complete the verse: "But I am like an ___ tree flourishing in the house of God."

A). fig B). oak C). palm D). olive

2572. In Psalm 52:8, what does David say he trusts in for ever and ever?

A). God's unfailing love B). His own strength C). His royal army
D). The words of his friends

2573. How is the fate of the evil man different from David in Psalm 52?

A). Both will be uprooted B). The evil man will be uprooted, but David will flourish
C). David will be uprooted, but the evil man will flourish D). Both will flourish in God's house

2574. According to Psalm 53:1, who says in his heart, "There is no God"?

A). The wise man B). The fool C). The king D). The priest

2575. In Psalm 53:2, what was God looking for when He looked down from heaven on all mankind?

A). Anyone who was rich B). Anyone who was strong
C). Anyone who understood and sought God D). Anyone who was a king

2576. According to Psalm 53:3, how many people do good?

A). Only the priests B). Most people C). Only the people of Israel
D). No one, not even one

2577. In Psalm 53:4, the evildoers devour God's people as people eat what?

A). Bread B). Meat C). Fruit D). Honey

2578. According to Psalm 53:5, what did God do to the bones of those who attacked His people?

A). He buried them B). He burned them C). He scattered them
D). He gathered them

2579. In Psalm 53:6, out of which place did David pray that salvation for Israel would come?

A). Egypt B). Zion C). Bethlehem D). Babylon

2580. According to the title of Psalm 54, which people went to Saul and told him David was hiding among them?

A). The Philistines B). The Ziphites C). The Amalekites D). The Moabites

2581. In Psalm 54:1, by what did David ask God to save him?

A). By your name B). By your angels C). By your army D). By your law

2582. How does David describe the people attacking him in Psalm 54:3?

A). Friends who had turned against him B). Soldiers from Egypt
C). People without regard for God D). Priests of Baal

2583. Complete the verse: "Surely God is my ___; the Lord is the one who sustains me."

A). shield B). king C). rock D). help

2584. In Psalm 54:6, what kind of offering did David promise to give God?

A). A sin offering B). A freewill offering C). A grain offering D). A drink offering

2585. At the end of Psalm 54, what does David say God has done for him?

A). Delivered him from all his troubles B). Made him king over Israel
C). Given him great riches D). Forgiven his sin with Bathsheba

2586. In Psalm 55:6, David wished he had the wings of which bird?

A). An eagle B). A sparrow C). A dove D). A raven

2587. According to Psalm 55:7, where did David say he would flee and stay?

A). In the desert B). In the temple C). By the sea D). On a high mountain

2588. What did David see in the city in Psalm 55:9?

A). Joy and celebration B). Violence and strife C). Peace and safety
D). Feasting and dancing

2589. In Psalm 55:12-14, why was the insult harder for David to bear?

A). It came from a foreign king B). It came from his own son
C). It was said in front of the whole army D). It came from his close friend and companion

2590. According to Psalm 55:17, when does David cry out to God?

A). Only on the Sabbath B). Evening, morning and noon C). Only at night
D). Once a year at the festival

2591. In Psalm 55:21, the false friend's words were smooth as butter, but what was in his heart?

A). War B). Fear C). Love D). Sorrow

2592. Complete the verse: "Cast your ___ on the LORD and he will sustain you."

A). sins B). cares C). crowns D). nets

2593. According to Psalm 55:22, what will the LORD never let happen to the righteous?

A). Become poor B). Grow old C). Be shaken D). Face trouble

2594. Complete the verse: "But as for me, I ___ in you."

A). trust B). hide C). rest D). rejoice

2595. According to the title of Psalm 56, in which city had the Philistines seized David?

A). Ekron B). Gath C). Gaza D). Ashdod

2596. Complete the verse: "When I am afraid, I put my ___ in you."

A). hope B). trust C). life D). hand

2597. In Psalm 56:4, what question does David ask to show he is not afraid?

A). Who can stand before the LORD? B). Where can I hide from God?
C). What can mere mortals do to me? D). How long will my enemies attack?

2598. In Psalm 56:8, what did David ask God to list on His scroll?

A). His tears B). His victories C). His enemies D). His sins

2599. In Psalm 56:9, what did David say he would know when his enemies turned back?

A). That he was stronger than them B). That God is for him C). That his army was large
D). That the war was over

2600. According to Psalm 56:13, God delivered David so that he could walk before God in what?

A). The way of peace B). The house of the LORD C). The light of life
D). The path of the righteous

2601. According to the title of Psalm 57, where had David fled when he was running from Saul?

A). Into the desert B). Into a cave C). Into the temple D). Into the land of Moab

2602. Complete the verse: "I will take refuge in the shadow of your ___ until the disaster has passed."

A). hand B). tent C). wings D). mountain

2603. In Psalm 57:4, David says he is in the midst of which animals?

A). Lions B). Wolves C). Bears D). Snakes

2604. In Psalm 57:6, what happened to the enemies who dug a pit in David's path?

A). David fell into it B). God filled it with water C). They fell into it themselves
D). They were forced to bury it

2605. In Psalm 57:8, which instruments did David call to awake?

A). Trumpet and drum B). Harp and lyre C). Flute and cymbal
D). Horn and tambourine

2606. According to Psalm 57:10, God's love is so great that it reaches where?

A). To the heavens B). To the ends of the sea C). To the bottom of the earth
D). To the mountains of Israel

2607. Complete the verse that appears twice in Psalm 57: "Be exalted, O God, above the heavens; let your ___ be over all the earth."

A). kingdom B). peace C). name D). glory

2608. In Psalm 58:1, whom does David ask, "Do you ... speak justly?"

A). The priests B). The rulers C). The prophets D). The soldiers

2609. According to Psalm 58:3, from when do the wicked go astray?

A). From birth B). From their teenage years C). From the time they become rich
D). From the time they become rulers

2610. In Psalm 58:4, the wicked are compared to which deaf animal that has stopped its ears?

A). A lion B). A donkey C). A cobra D). A wolf

2611. In Psalm 58:6, David asks God to tear out the fangs of which animals?

A). Snakes B). Lions C). Wolves D). Bears

2612. In Psalm 58:8, the wicked are compared to which creature that melts away as it moves along?

A). A worm B). A frog C). A locust D). A slug

2613. Complete the verse: "Surely the righteous still are rewarded; surely there is a God who ___ the earth."

A). judges B). rules C). fills D). made

2614. According to the title of Psalm 59, why had Saul sent men to watch David's house?

A). To bring David to the palace B). To protect David C). To kill David
D). To take David's family

2615. In Psalm 59, David's enemies return at evening, snarling like which animals?

A). Dogs B). Lions C). Wolves D). Jackals

2616. Complete the verse: "You are my strength, I watch for you; you, God, are my ___."

A). shepherd B). fortress C). shield D). light

2617. According to Psalm 59:13, what will be known to the ends of the earth?

A). That David is king B). That Israel has a great army C). That God rules over Jacob
D). That Saul has been defeated

2618. In Psalm 59:16, when does David say he will sing of God's love?

A). At midnight B). In the evening C). At noon D). In the morning

2619. In Psalm 59:16, what does David call God in times of trouble?

A). His refuge B). His judge C). His king D). His teacher

2620. According to the title of Psalm 60, who returned and struck down twelve thousand Edomites?

A). Abner B). Joab C). Saul D). Jonathan

2621. According to Psalm 60:4, what has God raised for those who fear Him?

A). A wall B). A tower C). A banner D). A tent

2622. In Psalm 60:7, God says which tribe is His scepter?

A). Ephraim B). Benjamin C). Manasseh D). Judah

2623. In Psalm 60:8, God calls which nation His washbasin?

A). Edom B). Moab C). Philistia D). Egypt

2624. Why did David ask God for help against the enemy in Psalm 60:11?

A). Because his army was too large B). Because the enemy had no weapons
C). Because Israel had already won D). Because human help is worthless

2625. Complete the verse: "With ___ we will gain the victory, and he will trample down our enemies."

A). God B). swords C). horses D). kings

2626. According to Psalm 61:2, from where does David call to God?

A). From the temple B). From the ends of the earth C). From the top of a mountain
D). From a prison

2627. Complete the verse: "Lead me to the ___ that is higher than I."

A). mountain B). tower C). rock D). city

2628. In Psalm 61:3, David calls God a strong what against the foe?

A). Tower B). Wall C). Shield D). Army

2629. In Psalm 61:4, where does David long to dwell forever?

A). In the king's palace B). In the city of David C). In the land of Canaan
D). In God's tent

2630. At the end of Psalm 61, what does David say he will do day after day?

A). Fight his enemies B). Fulfill his vows C). Offer burnt offerings D). Read the law

2631. According to the title of Psalm 62, for whom was this psalm written?

A). Asaph B). Heman C). Jeduthun D). Ethan

2632. Complete the verse: "Truly my soul finds ___ in God; my salvation comes from him."

A). rest B). joy C). peace D). strength

2633. In Psalm 62:2, because God is his rock and fortress, what does David say will never happen to him?

A). He will never be poor B). He will never be shaken C). He will never be sad
D). He will never grow old

2634. In Psalm 62:4, what do David's enemies do in their hearts while they bless with their mouths?

A). They pray B). They rejoice C). They forgive D). They curse

2635. In Psalm 62:8, what does David tell people to pour out to God?

A). Their money B). Their hearts C). Their tears D). Their offerings

2636. According to Psalm 62:10, what should you not do when your riches increase?

A). Share them B). Count them C). Set your heart on them D). Hide them

2637. In Psalm 62:11-12, besides power, what does David say is with the Lord?

A). Unfailing love B). Great wealth C). Many angels D). A mighty army

2638. According to the title of Psalm 63, where was David when he wrote it?

A). In the Desert of Judah B). In the cave of Adullam C). In Jerusalem
D). In the land of the Philistines

2639. In Psalm 63:1, David says he thirsts for God like someone in what kind of land?

A). A land full of rivers B). A dry and parched land with no water
C). A land flowing with milk and honey D). A land covered in snow

2640. In Psalm 63:2, where does David say he has seen God's power and glory?

A). On Mount Sinai B). In the desert C). In the sanctuary D). On the battlefield

2641. Complete the verse: "Because your love is better than ___, my lips will glorify you."

A). gold B). wine C). honey D). life

2642. According to Psalm 63:6, when does David think of God?

A). Only at sunrise B). Only on the Sabbath C). Through the watches of the night
D). Only during battle

2643. In Psalm 63:8, what upholds David as he clings to God?

A). God's right hand B). God's angels C). His own strength D). His army

2644. At the end of Psalm 63, who does David say will rejoice in God?

A). The priests B). The king C). The prophets D). The elders

2645. In Psalm 64:3, the wicked sharpen their tongues like what?

A). Knives B). Swords C). Spears D). Thorns

2646. In Psalm 64:3, the cruel words of the wicked are compared to what?

A). Deadly arrows B). Burning coals C). Falling rocks D). Hidden traps

2647. According to Psalm 64:4, whom do the wicked shoot at from ambush?

A). Their enemies B). The king C). The innocent D). The priests

2648. In Psalm 64:7-8, how will God deal with the wicked?

A). He will ignore them B). He will make them kings C). He will give them more time
D). He will shoot them with His arrows and turn their own tongues against them

2649. Complete the verse: "The righteous will ___ in the LORD and take refuge in him."

A). rest B). rejoice C). trust D). hope

2650. According to Psalm 65:1, where does praise await God?

A). In Egypt B). In Zion C). In Bethel D). In Babylon

2651. Complete the verse: "You who answer ___, to you all people will come."

A). prayer B). questions C). kings D). the poor

2652. In Psalm 65:3, what did God do when His people were overwhelmed by sins?

A). He sent them away B). He forgot them C). He forgave their transgressions
D). He punished their enemies

2653. According to Psalm 65:4, who are blessed?

A). Those who are rich B). Those who rule nations C). Those who have many children
D). Those God chooses and brings near to live in His courts

2654. In Psalm 65:7, what does God still besides the roaring of the seas?

A). The turmoil of the nations B). The wind in the desert C). The fire on the mountain
D). The fear of His people

2655. In Psalm 65:9-10, how does God care for the land?

A). He covers it with snow B). He waters it and makes it rich C). He makes it a desert
D). He fills it with cities

2656. Complete the verse: "You crown the ___ with your bounty, and your carts overflow with abundance."

A). king B). land C). year D). harvest

2657. Complete the verse: "May God arise, may his enemies be ___."

A). scattered B). silent C). broken D). forgiven

2658. In Psalm 68:4, God is praised as the One who rides on what?

A). Horses B). Chariots C). The clouds D). The wind

2659. According to Psalm 68:5, God is a father to whom?

A). The rich B). The fatherless C). The kings D). The priests

2660. According to Psalm 68:6, where does God set the lonely?

A). In palaces B). In the temple C). In cities D). In families

2661. In Psalm 68:8, the earth shook before God, the One of which mountain?

A). Mount Zion B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Sinai D). Mount Hermon

2662. In Psalm 68:15-16, which majestic mountain is pictured gazing in envy at the mountain where God chooses to reign?

A). Mount Bashan B). Mount Ebal C). Mount Gilboa D). Mount Tabor

2663. Complete the verse: "Praise be to the Lord, to God our Savior, who daily bears our ___."

A). sins B). burdens C). names D). prayers

2664. In Psalm 68:27, which "little tribe" leads the procession?

A). Judah B). Zebulun C). Naphtali D). Benjamin

2665. According to Psalm 68:31, from which nation will envoys come?

A). Egypt B). Assyria C). Babylon D). Greece

2666. Complete the verse: "Save me, O God, for the waters have come up to my ___."

A). knees B). waist C). neck D). head

2667. In Psalm 69:4, David says those who hate him without reason outnumber what?

A). The hairs of his head B). The stars in the sky C). The sand on the shore
D). The leaves on the trees

2668. In Psalm 69:8, how does David describe how his own family treats him?

A). As their king B). As a foreigner and a stranger C). As a hero D). As a servant

2669. Complete the verse: "For zeal for your ___ consumes me."

A). law B). name C). people D). house

2670. In Psalm 69:20, what did David look for but not find?

A). Sympathy and comforters B). Food and water C). Gold and silver
D). Horses and chariots

2671. In Psalm 69:21, what did David's enemies give him for his thirst?

A). Water B). Wine C). Vinegar D). Milk

2672. According to Psalm 69:30-31, what will please the LORD more than offering an ox or a bull?

A). Building a new altar B). Praising God's name in song with thanksgiving
C). Giving gold to the temple D). Fasting for forty days

2673. According to Psalm 69:35, which place will God save?

A). Zion B). Egypt C). Moab D). Edom

2674. In Psalm 70:1, how quickly does David ask God to help him?

A). Slowly, in God's own time B). Next year C). Quickly D). After the battle

2675. According to Psalm 70:4, what should those who long for God's saving help always say?

A). "The LORD is great!" B). "The LORD is far away!" C). "Where is our God?"
D). "Our king is mighty!"

2676. Complete the verse: "But as for me, I am poor and ___; come quickly to me, O God."

A). weak B). needy C). alone D). afraid

2677. What does Psalm 72:20 say has come to an end?

A). The reign of Solomon B). The prayers of David son of Jesse C). The songs of Asaph
D). The book of the law

2678. According to Psalm 78:70, from where did God take David when He chose him?

A). From the palace B). From the battlefield C). From the sheep pens
D). From the temple

2679. Complete the verse: "And David shepherded them with ___ of heart; with skillful hands he led them."

A). integrity B). courage C). joy D). wisdom

2680. In Psalm 86:1, why does David ask the LORD to hear and answer him?

A). Because he is a king B). Because he is poor and needy
C). Because he has many enemies D). Because he has made an offering

2681. Complete the verse: "You, Lord, are forgiving and good, abounding in ___ to all who call to you."

A). love B). power C). riches D). wisdom

2682. According to Psalm 86:9, who will come and worship before the Lord?

A). Only the priests B). Only the people of Judah C). All the nations He has made
D). Only the kings of Israel

2683. In Psalm 86:11, what kind of heart does David ask God to give him?

A). A brave heart B). A joyful heart C). A new heart D). An undivided heart

2684. In Psalm 86:15, David describes God as compassionate, gracious and slow to what?

A). Anger B). Speak C). Act D). Answer

2685. In Psalm 86:17, what does David ask God to give him so his enemies may see it?

A). A crown B). A sign of His goodness C). A great army D). A long life

2686. According to Psalm 89:3-4, with which servant did God make a covenant to establish his line forever?

A). Moses B). David C). Abraham D). Solomon

2687. In Psalm 89:20, God says He anointed David with what?

A). His sacred oil B). Fresh water C). Royal wine D). Holy fire

2688. According to Psalm 89:26, what will David call out to God?

A). "You are my King and my Judge" B). "You are my Father, my God, the Rock my Savior"
C). "You are my Shepherd and my Light" D). "You are my Shield and my Sword"

2689. According to Psalm 89:30-32, what will God do if David's sons forsake His law?

A). Forget His covenant forever B). Choose another family C). Destroy all of Israel
D). Punish their sin with the rod

2690. In Psalm 89:37, what is called the faithful witness in the sky?

A). The sun B). The stars C). The rainbow D). The moon

2691. In Psalm 101, David says he will sing of God's love and what else?

A). Mercy B). Power C). Justice D). Glory

2692. Complete the verse: "I will be careful to lead a _____ life—when will you come to me?"

A). blameless B). peaceful C). humble D). joyful

2693. According to Psalm 101, how did David say he would conduct the affairs of his house?

A). With great wealth B). With a blameless heart C). With strict servants
D). With many guards

2694. What did David say he would do to anyone who slanders their neighbor in secret?

A). Forgive them B). Send them away C). Put them to silence D). Pray for them

2695. Which kind of person did David say he would not tolerate?

A). One with haughty eyes and a proud heart B). One who is poor and needy
C). One who is a stranger D). One who is young and weak

2696. Whom did David want to dwell with him and serve him?

A). The rich and powerful B). The faithful and blameless
C). The wise men of other nations D). Skilled soldiers

2697. According to Psalm 101, who would not dwell in David's house?

A). Anyone who is poor B). Anyone who is a foreigner C). Anyone who sings praises
D). Anyone who practices deceit

2698. When did David say he would put to silence all the wicked in the land?

A). Every evening B). On the Sabbath C). Every morning D). At every feast

2699. According to its title, who wrote Psalm 103?

A). Moses B). Solomon C). David D). Asaph

2700. Complete the verse: "Praise the LORD, my soul, and forget not all his _____."

A). benefits B). laws C). promises D). enemies

2701. According to Psalm 103, what does the LORD do with all our sins?

A). He counts them B). He forgives them C). He writes them down
D). He ignores them

2702. Because God satisfies our desires with good things, our youth is renewed like which bird's?

A). The dove's B). The sparrow's C). The raven's D). The eagle's

2703. To whom did the LORD make known His ways, according to Psalm 103?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Joshua D). Samuel

2704. Which description of the LORD is given in Psalm 103:8?

A). Compassionate and gracious, slow to anger, abounding in love
B). Strict and harsh, quick to punish C). Distant and silent, far from people
D). Angry and jealous, never forgiving

2705. What does Psalm 103 say about how God treats us?

A). He gives us exactly what our sins deserve B). He does not treat us as our sins deserve
C). He only helps those who never sin D). He forgets about people who sin

2706. Psalm 103 says God's love for those who fear Him is as great as what?

A). As deep as the sea B). As wide as the desert
C). As high as the heavens are above the earth D). As long as the river Jordan

2707. Complete the verse: "As far as the east is from the _____, so far has he removed our transgressions from us."

A). north B). west C). south D). sea

2708. Psalm 103 compares the LORD's compassion to the compassion of whom?

A). A king for his servants B). A shepherd for his sheep C). A father for his children
D). A teacher for his students

2709. According to Psalm 103, what does God remember about how we are made?

A). That we are dust B). That we are strong C). That we are like angels
D). That we are made of clay pots

2710. What contrast does Psalm 103 make between human life and the LORD's love?

A). Human life lasts forever, but God's love is short
B). Human life is like grass that fades, but the LORD's love is from everlasting to everlasting
C). Human life is strong, but God's love is weak
D). Human life and God's love both fade like flowers

2711. Where has the LORD established His throne, according to Psalm 103?

A). In heaven B). In Jerusalem C). In the temple D). On Mount Sinai

2712. Which of these did David NOT call on to praise the LORD at the end of Psalm 103?

A). His angels B). His heavenly hosts C). All his works D). The kings of Egypt

2713. Complete the verse: "My heart, O God, is _____; I will sing and make music with all my soul."

A). steadfast B). broken C). glad D). humble

2714. Which instruments did David call to awake in Psalm 108?

A). Trumpet and drum B). Harp and lyre C). Flute and cymbal
D). Horn and tambourine

2715. According to Psalm 108, how great is God's love?

A). As deep as the sea B). As wide as the earth C). Higher than the heavens
D). As old as the mountains

2716. In Psalm 108, God says, "Judah is my _____." What word completes it?

A). helmet B). washbasin C). sandal D). scepter

2717. Which nation did God call His washbasin in Psalm 108?

A). Moab B). Edom C). Philistia D). Egypt

2718. David asked who would lead him to which land?

A). Egypt B). Edom C). Assyria D). Aram

2719. What did David say about human help compared to God's help?

A). Human help is the best help B). God helps only those who help themselves
C). Human help is worthless, but with God we will gain the victory
D). God and people help equally

2720. Complete the verse: "My God, whom I praise, do not remain _____."

A). silent B). far away C). angry D). hidden

2721. How did David respond when people accused him in return for his friendship?

A). He attacked them B). He said, "I am a man of prayer" C). He ran away to Egypt
D). He accused them back

2722. According to Psalm 109, what did David's enemies repay him with for his good?

A). Gifts B). Silence C). Evil D). Praise

2723. Complete the verse: "May his days be few; may another take his place of _____."

A). worship B). rest C). honor D). leadership

2724. According to Psalm 109, what did the wicked man love to do?

A). Pronounce a curse B). Give to the poor C). Sing praises D). Build houses

2725. How did David describe himself in Psalm 109:22?

A). Rich and strong B). Poor and needy C). Proud and wise D). Old and tired

2726. David said he was shaken off like which creature?

A). A fly B). A sparrow C). A locust D). A fish

2727. According to Psalm 109, why did David's knees give way?

A). From running B). From old age C). From kneeling D). From fasting

2728. On what did David ask the LORD to save him?

A). According to His unfailing love B). According to David's good works
C). According to the king's command D). According to the law of Moses

2729. While David's enemies cursed, what did he ask God to do?

A). Curse them back B). Bless C). Stay silent D). Send them away

2730. According to Psalm 109, where does the LORD stand to save the needy?

A). At the city gate B). Behind them C). At their right hand D). In the temple

2731. In Psalm 110, where does the LORD tell David's lord to sit?

A). At His left hand B). At His right hand C). On a high mountain
D). At the city gate

2732. Complete the verse: "Sit at my right hand until I make your enemies a _____ for your feet."

A). footstool B). carpet C). throne D). path

2733. From where will the LORD extend the king's mighty scepter?

A). Egypt B). Bethlehem C). Zion D). Sinai

2734. According to Psalm 110, what will the king's troops be like on his day of battle?

A). Afraid B). Few in number C). Tired D). Willing

2735. In Psalm 110, the LORD says, "You are a priest forever, in the order of" whom?

A). Aaron B). Levi C). Melchizedek D). Zadok

2736. What does Psalm 110:4 say about the LORD's oath?

A). He may change it later B). He has sworn and will not change His mind
C). He made it only for one day D). He kept it secret

2737. According to Psalm 110, what will the Lord do on the day of His wrath?

A). Crush kings B). Build a temple C). Forgive the nations D). Rest from His work

2738. From what will the king drink along the way, so that he lifts his head high?

A). A well B). A cup of wine C). A spring in the rock D). A brook

2739. Complete the verse: "I rejoiced with those who said to me, 'Let us go to the _____ of the LORD.'"

A). mountain B). house C). city D). altar

2740. In Psalm 122, the worshipers say their feet are standing in the gates of which city?

A). Jerusalem B). Bethlehem C). Hebron D). Jericho

2741. How does Psalm 122 describe the way Jerusalem is built?

A). Like a tent in the desert B). Like a tower to the heavens

C). Like a city closely compacted together D). Like a fortress on the sea

2742. Why do the tribes go up to Jerusalem, according to Psalm 122?

A). To trade goods B). To fight their enemies C). To choose a king

D). To praise the name of the LORD

2743. According to Psalm 122, whose thrones for judgment stand in Jerusalem?

A). The thrones of the house of David B). The thrones of the priests

C). The thrones of the prophets D). The thrones of the elders of Egypt

2744. Complete the verse: "Pray for the _____ of Jerusalem."

A). walls B). peace C). king D). temple

2745. What did the psalmist pray would be within Jerusalem's walls?

A). Gold B). Soldiers C). Peace D). Water

2746. For whose sake did David say he would seek Jerusalem's prosperity?

A). For the sake of the nations B). For the sake of his enemies

C). For the sake of his own wealth D). For the sake of the house of the LORD our God

2747. What is the main idea of the opening of Psalm 124?

A). Israel won by its own strength

B). If the LORD had not been on our side, we would have been destroyed

C). The enemies were never dangerous D). Israel should make peace with its enemies

2748. According to Psalm 124, what would have engulfed Israel without the LORD?

A). A fire B). A famine C). The flood D). A plague

2749. Psalm 124 praises the LORD for not letting Israel be torn by what?

A). Their enemies' teeth B). Thorns C). Swords D). Chains

2750. According to Psalm 124, Israel escaped like what?

A). A deer from a lion B). A fish from a net C). A sheep from a wolf

D). A bird from the fowler's snare

2751. Complete the verse: "Our help is in the _____ of the LORD, the Maker of heaven and earth."

A). name B). house C). law D). hand

2752. How did David describe his heart in Psalm 131?

A). His heart was afraid B). His heart was not proud C). His heart was broken
D). His heart was angry

2753. In Psalm 131, David said he had calmed and quieted himself like what?

A). A sleeping lamb B). A bird in its nest C). A weaned child with its mother
D). A still lake

2754. According to Psalm 131, for how long should Israel put its hope in the LORD?

A). Both now and forevermore B). Only in times of war C). Only on feast days
D). Until the king returns

2755. Whom does the psalmist ask the LORD to remember at the start of Psalm 132?

A). Moses B). David C). Solomon D). Abraham

2756. What did David vow he would not do until he found a dwelling place for the Mighty One of Jacob?

A). Enter his house or go to bed B). Eat bread or drink water C). Speak to anyone
D). Fight any battle

2757. In Psalm 132, what title is used for God in David's vow?

A). The Holy One of Israel B). The God of Abraham C). The Mighty One of Jacob
D). The LORD of Hosts

2758. According to Psalm 132:6, where did they hear about the ark?

A). In Bethel B). In Shiloh C). In Gilgal D). In Ephrathah

2759. In Psalm 132, the LORD is asked to arise and come to His resting place with what?

A). The ark of His might B). The angels of heaven C). The tablets of the law
D). The priests of Aaron

2760. According to Psalm 132, with what should God's priests be clothed?

A). Fine linen B). Righteousness C). Gold D). Sackcloth

2761. What oath did the LORD swear to David in Psalm 132?

A). David would build a great temple B). David would live forever
C). One of David's descendants would sit on his throne D). David would defeat Egypt

2762. What condition did God give for David's sons to sit on his throne for ever?

A). If they built many cities B). If they married wisely C). If they defeated their enemies
D). If they kept God's covenant and statutes

2763. Which place has the LORD chosen as His resting place for ever?

A). Zion B). Sinai C). Bethlehem D). Hebron

2764. According to Psalm 132, whom will the LORD satisfy with food in Zion?

A). The kings B). Her poor C). The priests D). The soldiers

2765. What did the LORD promise to set up for His anointed one?

A). A great army B). A golden throne C). A lamp D). A new city

2766. According to Psalm 132, with what will the head of the anointed one be adorned?

A). Oil B). A helmet C). Flowers D). A radiant crown

2767. Complete the verse: "How good and pleasant it is when God's people live together in _____!"

A). peace B). unity C). joy D). love

2768. In Psalm 133, the precious oil runs down on whose beard?

A). Moses' B). David's C). Aaron's D). Samuel's

2769. Psalm 133 says unity is as if the dew of which mountain were falling on Mount Zion?

A). Hermon B). Carmel C). Sinai D). Tabor

2770. According to Psalm 133, what blessing does the LORD bestow where His people live in unity?

A). Great riches B). Victory in battle C). Many children D). Life forevermore

2771. In Psalm 138, toward what did David say he would bow down?

A). Toward the mountains B). Toward God's holy temple C). Toward the east
D). Toward the king's palace

2772. What happened when David called to the LORD in Psalm 138?

A). God was silent B). God sent him away
C). God answered him and greatly emboldened him D). God told him to wait

2773. Who did David pray would praise the LORD when they hear what He has decreed?

A). All the kings of the earth B). All the priests C). All the prophets
D). All the angels

2774. Although the LORD is exalted, on whom does He look kindly?

A). The proud B). The powerful C). The rich D). The lowly

2775. What did David say God does when he walks in the midst of trouble?

A). God hides from him B). God preserves his life C). God sends him away
D). God makes him king

2776. Complete the verse: "Your love, LORD, endures forever—do not abandon the works of your _____."

A). people B). word C). hands D). servants

2777. Complete the verse: "You have _____ me, LORD, and you know me."

A). loved B). searched C). called D). saved

2778. According to Psalm 139, what does God perceive from afar?

A). David's thoughts B). David's enemies C). David's house D). David's army

2779. What does Psalm 139 say God knows before a word is on David's tongue?

A). Only the good words B). Nothing until he speaks C). He knows it completely
D). Only his prayers

2780. Psalm 139 asks, "Where can I go from your" what?

A). Law B). Temple C). Hand D). Spirit

2781. What does Psalm 139 teach about whether we can go anywhere God is not?

A). God is there wherever we go B). God stays only in heaven
C). God is only in the temple D). God cannot see the depths

2782. According to Psalm 139, on the wings of what might David rise?

A). The wind B). The dawn C). An eagle D). A storm

2783. What does Psalm 139 say darkness is like to God?

A). It frightens Him B). It hides people from Him
C). It is not dark to Him; the night shines like the day D). It is where He rests

2784. According to Psalm 139, where did God knit David together?

A). In the garden B). In the dust C). In the temple D). In his mother's womb

2785. Complete the verse: "I praise you because I am fearfully and _____ made."

A). wonderfully B). carefully C). quickly D). perfectly

2786. According to Psalm 139, where were all the days ordained for David written?

A). On stone tablets B). In God's book C). On the temple walls D). In the stars

2787. David said God's thoughts toward him would outnumber what if he counted them?

A). The stars B). The leaves C). The grains of sand D). The drops of rain

2788. Complete the verse: "Search me, God, and know my heart; test me and know my _____ thoughts."

A). hidden B). secret C). good D). anxious

2789. At the end of Psalm 139, in what way did David ask God to lead him?

A). In the way everlasting B). In the way of kings C). In the way of his fathers
D). In the way to Egypt

2790. From whom did David ask the LORD to rescue him in Psalm 140?

A). Wild animals B). Evildoers C). A great flood D). His own family

2791. According to Psalm 140, what is on the lips of the wicked?

A). Honey B). Lies only C). The poison of vipers D). Songs of praise

2792. What did the arrogant hide for David in Psalm 140?

A). A snare B). A sword C). A treasure D). A message

2793. Complete the verse: "I say to the LORD, 'You are my _____.'"

A). King B). Shepherd C). Rock D). God

2794. According to Psalm 140, what does the Sovereign LORD shield in the day of battle?

A). David's hands B). David's head C). David's heart D). David's feet

2795. What did David say he knows the LORD does for the poor?

A). Makes them rich B). Sends them away C). Secures justice for them
D). Ignores them

2796. According to Psalm 140, where will the upright live?

A). In God's presence B). In a strong city C). In Egypt D). In the king's house

2797. In Psalm 141, David asked that his prayer be set before God like what?

A). A burnt offering B). Incense C). A song D). A lamp

2798. David asked that the lifting up of his hands be like which sacrifice?

A). The morning sacrifice B). The Passover lamb C). The evening sacrifice
D). The sin offering

2799. Complete the verse: "Set a guard over my _____, LORD; keep watch over the door of my lips."

A). mouth B). heart C). eyes D). house

2800. What did David ask God not to let his heart be drawn to?

A). His family B). The temple C). Worship D). What is evil

2801. According to Psalm 141, what is it like when a righteous man rebukes you?

A). A heavy burden B). Oil on your head C). A sharp sword D). A storm

2802. On whom did David say his eyes were fixed?

A). His enemies B). The king C). The Sovereign LORD D). The mountains

2803. What did David pray would happen to the wicked?

A). They would fall into their own nets B). They would become his friends
C). They would move far away D). They would become rich

2804. According to its title, where was David when he prayed Psalm 142?

A). In the palace B). In the cave C). In the temple D). In the desert of Judah

2805. According to Psalm 142, what did David pour out before the LORD?

A). Oil B). Water C). His complaint D). His wine

2806. When David's spirit grew faint, what did he say God does?

A). God watches over his way B). God leaves him alone C). God sends him home
D). God makes him sleep

2807. How did David describe his situation in Psalm 142:4?

A). Many friends stood beside him B). His army was ready
C). The king was helping him
D). No one was concerned for him and no one cared for his life

2808. Complete the verse: "You are my refuge, my _____ in the land of the living."

A). portion B). shield C). rock D). light

2809. Why did David ask God to rescue him from those who pursued him?

A). Because they were his family B). Because they were too strong for him
C). Because they were lost D). Because they were hungry

2810. What did David say would happen once God set him free from his prison?

A). He would leave Israel B). His enemies would praise him
C). The righteous would gather about him because of God's goodness
D). He would become king that day

2811. Why did David ask God not to bring him into judgment?

A). Because he was the king B). Because no one living is righteous before God
C). Because his enemies were worse D). Because he had given many offerings

2812. In his trouble, what did David say he remembered and meditated on?

A). His past victories B). His father's house
C). The days of long ago and all God's works D). The riches of Egypt

2813. David said he thirsted for God like what?

A). A parched land B). A tired traveler C). A deer by the river D). A lost sheep

2814. When did David ask to hear word of God's unfailing love?

A). At night B). At the feast C). At noon D). In the morning

2815. Complete the verse: "Show me the _____ I should go, for to you I entrust my life."

A). city B). way C). house D). land

2816. What did David ask God to teach him in Psalm 143:10?

A). To fight in battle B). To write songs C). To do God's will D). To rule the nation

2817. According to Psalm 143:10, on what kind of ground did David ask God's good Spirit to lead him?

A). Level ground B). Holy ground C). High ground D). Green pastures

2818. According to Psalm 144, what does the LORD, David's Rock, train his hands for?

A). Farming B). War C). Writing D). Building

2819. What question did David ask the LORD about human beings in Psalm 144:3?

A). Why do they sin? B). Where do they come from?
C). What are human beings that you care for them? D). When will they die?

2820. According to Psalm 144, human days are like what?

A). A fleeting shadow B). A strong tree C). A long river D). A high mountain

2821. On what instrument did David say he would make music with a new song?

A). A trumpet B). A flute C). A harp of gold D). A ten-stringed lyre

2822. According to Psalm 144:10, which servant does God deliver?

A). His servant Moses B). His servant David C). His servant Solomon
D). His servant Samuel

2823. In Psalm 144, daughters are compared to what?

A). Flowers in a garden B). Stars in the sky C). Pillars carved to adorn a palace
D). Doves in a tree

2824. Complete the verse: "Blessed is the people whose God is the _____."

A). LORD B). King C). Rock D). Shepherd

2825. In Psalm 145:1, what title does David give God as he exalts Him?

A). My God the King B). My Shepherd C). My Rock D). My Father

2826. What does Psalm 145:3 say about the LORD's greatness?

A). It can be measured B). No one can fathom it C). Only kings understand it
D). It is seen only in the temple

2827. According to Psalm 145, what does one generation do for the next?

A). Gives them land B). Builds them houses C). Commends God's works to them
D). Chooses their king

2828. According to Psalm 145:9, to whom is the LORD good?

A). Only to Israel B). Only to kings C). Only to the righteous D). To all

2829. How does Psalm 145 describe God's kingdom?

A). An everlasting kingdom B). A kingdom in Jerusalem only
C). A kingdom that will end D). A hidden kingdom

2830. According to Psalm 145, what does the LORD do for all who fall?

A). He judges them B). He upholds them C). He forgets them
D). He sends them away

2831. According to Psalm 145, what does God do when He opens His hand?

A). He sends a storm B). He shows His power
C). He satisfies the desires of every living thing D). He writes His law

2832. Complete the verse: "The LORD is _____ to all who call on him, to all who call on him in truth."

A). kind B). great C). known D). near

2833. At the end of Psalm 145, who is called to praise God's holy name for ever and ever?

A). Every creature B). Only Israel C). Only the priests D). Only the angels

2834. According to Proverbs 1, whose proverbs are these?

A). David B). Solomon C). Hezekiah D). Samuel

2835. How does the writer describe himself at the start of Ecclesiastes?

A). The Prophet, son of Jesse B). The Teacher, son of David, king in Jerusalem
C). The Priest, son of Aaron D). The Scribe, son of Saul

2836. The beloved compares the woman's neck to the tower of which king?

A). Solomon B). David C). Saul D). Hezekiah

2837. On whose throne would the promised child reign?

A). Solomon's throne B). Saul's throne C). Hezekiah's throne D). David's throne

2838. According to Isaiah 16:5, from whose house would the one sitting on the throne established in love come?

A). Saul B). Aaron C). Solomon D). David

2839. What would the LORD place on Eliakim's shoulder?

A). A royal robe B). A golden chain C). The key to the house of David
D). The scroll of the law

2840. In Isaiah 29:1, the city called 'Ariel' is described as the city where who settled?

A). Solomon B). David C). Abraham D). Hezekiah

2841. In Isaiah 55:3, God's everlasting covenant is linked to the faithful love He promised to whom?

A). Moses B). Abraham C). Noah D). David

2842. God told the house of David to administer justice when?

A). Every morning B). Once a year C). Only on the Sabbath D). At the new moon

2843. How did God say Jehoiachin should be recorded?

A). As the greatest king of Judah

B). As if childless, with none of his offspring sitting on David's throne

C). As the king who rebuilt the temple D). As a prophet

2844. God said He would raise up for David a righteous what?

A). Tower B). Shield C). Branch D). Stone

2845. God said His people would serve the LORD their God and which king whom He would raise up for them?

A). Solomon B). Josiah C). Hezekiah D). David

2846. God promised that which king would never fail to have a man to sit on the throne of Israel?

A). Saul B). Solomon C). Hezekiah D). David

2847. God said His covenant with David could be broken only if people could break what?

A). His covenant with the day and the night B). The walls of Jerusalem

C). The tablets of the law D). The yoke of Babylon

2848. God said He would make the descendants of David as countless as what?

A). The trees of the forest B). The stars in the sky and the sand on the seashore

C). The fish in the sea D). The birds of the air

2849. Whom did God say He would place over His sheep as one shepherd?

A). Moses B). Ezekiel C). Zerubbabel D). His servant David

2850. Afterward, which king did Hosea say the Israelites would seek along with the LORD their God?

A). Solomon B). Saul C). David D). Hezekiah

2851. The idle rich strummed on their harps and improvised on musical instruments like whom?

A). Moses B). Solomon C). Asaph D). David

2852. "In that day I will restore ___'s fallen shelter."

A). Moses B). Solomon C). Abraham D). David

2853. God said the feeblest people in Jerusalem would be like which great king?

A). Solomon B). Saul C). David D). Hezekiah

2854. Complete the verse: "I will pour out on the house of David and the inhabitants of Jerusalem a spirit of grace and ____."

A). wisdom B). supplication C). power D). peace

2855. What would be opened to cleanse the house of David and the people of Jerusalem from sin?

A). A fountain B). A gate C). A window D). A book

2856. Matthew begins with a genealogy of Jesus the Messiah. Jesus is called the son of David and the son of whom?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). Adam

2857. Matthew says David was the father of Solomon, whose mother 'had been' whose wife?

A). Nabal's wife B). Saul's wife C). Uriah's wife D). Absalom's wife

2858. How many generations does Matthew count from Abraham to David?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Forty D). Fourteen

2859. Jesus reminded the Pharisees of which man who ate the consecrated bread when he was hungry?

A). Moses B). Samuel C). Elijah D). David

2860. When Jesus asked the Pharisees, "Whose son is the Messiah?" what did they answer?

A). The son of Abraham B). The son of Moses C). The son of Joseph
D). The son of David

2861. What question did Jesus ask about David calling the Messiah "Lord"?

A). Why did David build the temple? B). Why did David fight Goliath?
C). If David calls him 'Lord,' how can he be his son? D). Who anointed David?

2862. Which Old Testament king did Jesus mention who ate the consecrated bread when he and his companions were hungry?

A). Saul B). Solomon C). David D). Hezekiah

2863. Whose coming kingdom did the crowd bless as Jesus entered Jerusalem?

A). The kingdom of Caesar B). The kingdom of Solomon
C). The kingdom of our father David D). The kingdom of Herod

2864. What question did Jesus raise about David calling the Messiah "Lord"?

A). Why did David build the temple? B). Who anointed David king?
C). How can the Messiah then be David's son? D). Why did David write psalms?

2865. Gabriel said God would give Jesus the throne of which ancestor?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Solomon D). David

2866. Why did Joseph go to Bethlehem for the census?

A). He belonged to the house and line of David B). He had a farm there
C). Mary's family lived there D). The temple was there

2867. Which famous king appears in Luke's genealogy of Jesus?

A). Saul B). Solomon's son Rehoboam C). Ahab D). David

2868. Which Old Testament figure did Jesus say ate the consecrated bread?

A). Moses B). David C). Elijah D). Samuel

2869. Complete the blind man's cry: 'Jesus, Son of ___, have mercy on me!'

A). God B). David C). Abraham D). Joseph

2870. Which writer in the Book of Psalms called the Messiah 'Lord'?

A). Solomon B). Moses C). Asaph D). David

2871. According to the crowd, from which town did Scripture say the Messiah would come?

A). Nazareth B). Bethlehem C). Capernaum D). Jericho

2872. Which king's words did Peter use to show that the Messiah would not see decay?

A). Solomon B). Saul C). Hezekiah D). David

2873. What did Peter say about David to show David was not speaking of himself?

A). David's tomb was still there B). David was still alive C). David had no children D). David never wrote psalms

2874. Who built a house for God, according to Stephen?

A). David B). Moses C). Solomon D). Joshua

2875. God testified: "I have found David son of Jesse, a man after my own _____."

A). mind B). ways C). spirit D). heart

2876. According to Paul, what did God bring to Israel from David's descendants?

A). A new temple B). The Savior Jesus C). A new law D). A great army

2877. James quoted the prophets: "After this I will return and rebuild David's fallen _____."

A). house B). city C). throne D). tent

2878. From whose family line was God's Son descended, as to His earthly life?

A). Abraham's son Isaac B). Moses C). David D). Aaron

2879. Which other person does Paul quote about the blessedness of those whose sins are forgiven?

A). Solomon B). Isaiah C). David D). Elijah

2880. Complete the verse: "Blessed are those whose transgressions are _____, whose sins are covered."

A). remembered B). punished C). counted D). forgiven

2881. Paul told Timothy to remember Jesus Christ, raised from the dead and descended from whom?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). David D). Aaron

2882. Hebrews 4:7 says God spoke about a certain day called "Today" a long time later through whom?

A). Moses B). David C). Joshua D). Elijah

2883. Which of these people is NOT named in Hebrews 11:32?

A). Gideon B). Samson C). David D). Elijah

2884. In the letter to Philadelphia, Jesus holds a key. Whose key is it?

A). The key of Moses B). The key of David C). The key of Abraham
D). The key of Elijah

2885. Complete the verse: "See, the Lion of the tribe of Judah, the ___ of David, has triumphed."

A). Son B). Root C). King D). Branch

2886. In Revelation 22:16, Jesus calls himself the Root and the Offspring of David, and what else?

A). The Light of the World B). The Good Shepherd C). The Lamb of God
D). The bright Morning Star

Deborah

2887. Who was Deborah, whose death and burial are noted at Bethel?

A). Jacob's sister B). Rachel's servant C). A prophetess of Bethel
D). Rebekah's nurse

2888. Which prophet was leading Israel at the time of Jabin and Sisera?

A). Deborah B). Miriam C). Huldah D). Hannah

2889. Where did Deborah hold court, where the Israelites came to have their disputes decided?

A). At the gate of Shiloh B). By the well at Hebron
C). Among the stone images near Gilgal
D). Under the Palm of Deborah between Ramah and Bethel

2890. Whom did Deborah send for and tell to lead Israel's army against Sisera?

A). Gideon B). Heber C). Barak D). Lappidoth

2891. From which two tribes did the LORD tell Barak to take ten thousand men?

A). Ephraim and Benjamin B). Naphtali and Zebulun C). Judah and Simeon
D). Issachar and Asher

2892. What did Barak say to Deborah when she gave him the LORD's command?

A). I will go only if God gives me a sign B). I will go if the elders agree

C). I will go if you give me a thousand chariots

D). If you go with me, I will go; but if you don't go with me, I won't go

2893. Because of the course Barak took, what did Deborah say would happen?

A). The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

B). Israel would lose the battle C). Barak would be killed in the battle

D). Deborah would become queen of Israel

2894. Complete what Deborah said to Barak: "Go! This is the day the LORD has given Sisera into your hands. Has not the ___ gone ahead of you?"

A). LORD B). army C). angel D). ark

2895. Who sang the song in Judges 5 after the victory over Sisera?

A). Moses and Miriam B). Deborah and Barak C). Jael and Heber

D). Deborah and Jael

2896. Complete the verse: "When the princes in Israel take the lead, when the people willingly offer themselves — ___ the LORD!"

A). fear B). obey C). serve D). praise

2897. Complete what Deborah sang: "Until I, Deborah, arose, until I arose, a ___ in Israel."

A). mother B). light C). queen D). servant

Delaiah

2898. Which officials urged the king not to burn the scroll?

A). Pashhur, Hananiah and Shemaiah B). Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah

C). Baruch, Seraiah and Neriah D). Ahikam, Gedaliah and Ishmael

Delilah

2899. In which valley did Delilah live?

A). The Valley of Sorek B). The Valley of Jezreel C). The Valley of Elah

D). The Valley of Aijalon

2900. What was the name of the woman the Philistine rulers paid to find out Samson's secret?

A). Jael B). Delilah C). Deborah D). Aksah

2901. How much did each Philistine ruler promise to give Delilah?

A). Thirty pieces of silver B). A thousand shekels of gold C). Seventy shekels of silver

D). Eleven hundred shekels of silver

2902. What did Delilah keep asking Samson to tell her?

A). Where his parents lived B). The answer to his riddle

C). The secret of his great strength D). Where he hid the gate of Gaza

2903. The first time Delilah asked, what did Samson say could be used to tie him up so he would become weak?

A). Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried B). Iron chains C). Leather straps

D). Bronze shackles

2904. In what order did Samson give Delilah these answers?

A). New ropes → fresh bowstrings → shaving his head → weaving his hair on the loom

B). Fresh bowstrings → new ropes → weaving his hair on the loom → shaving his head

C). Weaving his hair on the loom → new ropes → fresh bowstrings → shaving his head

D). Shaving his head → weaving his hair on the loom → fresh bowstrings → new ropes

2905. The third time, what did Samson tell Delilah to do with the seven braids of his hair?

A). Tie them to a tree B). Cover them with oil C). Cut them off with a knife

D). Weave them into the fabric on the loom and tighten it with the pin

2906. Complete what Delilah said: "How can you say, 'I love you,' when you won't ___ in me?"

A). listen B). obey C). confide D). pray

2907. What did Samson finally tell Delilah was the secret of his strength?

A). If his head were shaved, his strength would leave him

B). If he drank wine, his strength would leave him

C). If he were tied with gold chains, he would be weak

D). If he touched a dead body, he would be weak

2908. How was Samson's hair cut off?

A). The Philistines cut it while he was awake

B). Delilah put him to sleep on her lap and called someone to shave off his seven braids

C). Delilah gave him wine and cut it herself D). He was taken to a barber in Gaza

Demas

2909. Who deserted Paul because he loved this world?

A). Demas B). Titus C). Luke D). Crescens

Demetrius

2910. Which silversmith made silver shrines of Artemis?

A). Alexander B). Erastus C). Gaius D). Demetrius

2911. Why was Demetrius angry with Paul?

A). Paul had stolen from the temple B). Paul refused to buy a shrine
C). Paul taught that gods made by hands are no gods, which hurt their trade
D). Paul insulted the city clerk

2912. The angry crowd began shouting: "Great is _____ of the Ephesians!"

A). Artemis B). Zeus C). Hermes D). Apollo

2913. Who is described in 3 John as being well spoken of by everyone?

A). Diotrephes B). Demetrius C). Silas D). Apollos

Dinah

2914. What was the name of the daughter Leah bore to Jacob?

A). Dinah B). Rachel C). Zilpah D). Bilhah

2915. Who was the daughter of Leah and Jacob mentioned at the start of this chapter?

A). Rachel B). Rebekah C). Bilhah D). Dinah

2916. Who was Shechem, the man who wronged Dinah?

A). A servant of Jacob B). The son of Hamor the Hivite, ruler of that area
C). A brother of Esau D). A trader passing through the land

2917. What did Shechem ask his father Hamor to do for him?

A). To send Dinah away B). To give him land near Jacob C). To get Dinah as his wife
D). To make peace with Esau

Dionysius

2918. Which two people are named among those in Athens who believed?

A). Jason and Lydia B). Aquila and Priscilla C). Dionysius and Damaris
D). Crispus and Sosthenes

Diotrephes

2919. Which man in 3 John loved to be first and would not welcome the elder?

A). Diotrephes B). Demetrius C). Demas D). Gaius

2920. What did Diotrephes do to those in the church who wanted to welcome the traveling believers?

A). He sent them on a mission B). He made them elders
C). He wrote letters praising them D). He put them out of the church

Doeg

2921. Which servant of Saul was at Nob that day and saw David?

A). Abner son of Ner B). Doeg the Edomite C). Adriel of Meholah D). Ahimaaz

2922. Who told Saul that Ahimelek had helped David at Nob?

A). Abner B). Jonathan C). Doeg the Edomite D). Abiathar

2923. Who killed the priests when Saul's officials refused?

A). Abner B). Doeg the Edomite C). Saul himself D). The Philistines

2924. How many priests who wore the linen ephod were killed that day?

A). Seventy B). Forty C). Eighty-five D). One hundred

2925. What did David admit to Abiathar about the priests' deaths?

A). That Saul was not to blame

B). That he was responsible for the death of Abiathar's whole family

C). That he had warned the priests D). That he did not know Doeg was there

2926. According to the title of Psalm 52, who went to Saul and told him where David had gone?

A). Doeg B). Ahimelek C). Abner D). Joab

2927. Doeg, mentioned in the title of Psalm 52, came from which people?

A). The Moabites B). The Philistines C). The Edomites D). The Amalekites

2928. According to the title, Doeg told Saul that David had gone to whose house?

A). Samuel's B). Ahimelek's C). Jesse's D). Jonathan's

Drusilla

2929. Who was Felix's wife?

A). Bernice B). Drusilla C). Herodias D). Priscilla

2930. What did Felix and Drusilla listen to Paul speak about?

A). The history of Rome B). The rules of the temple C). Faith in Christ Jesus

D). The prophecy of Agabus

Ebed-Melek

2931. Who went to the king to plead for Jeremiah?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Ebed-Melek the Cushite C). Ahikam son of Shaphan

D). Gedaliah son of Pashhur

2932. How many men did King Zedekiah tell Ebed-Melek to take to lift Jeremiah out of the cistern?

A). Three B). Ten C). Thirty D). One hundred

2933. What did Ebed-Melek give Jeremiah to put under his arms so the ropes would not hurt him?

A). Pillows B). Leather straps C). Linen sheets D). Old rags and worn-out clothes

2934. Why did God promise to rescue Ebed-Melek when the city fell?

A). Because he was rich B). Because he was a soldier

C). Because he trusted in the LORD D). Because he was the king's friend

Eber

2935. Why was Eber's son named Peleg?

A). Because in his time the earth was divided B). Because he was born during the flood

C). Because he built a great city D). Because he was the firstborn son

Eglon

2936. When Israel did evil again, which king did the LORD give power over Israel?

A). Cushan-Rishathaim B). Jabin C). Sihon D). Eglon king of Moab

2937. Eglon joined with the Ammonites and Amalekites and attacked Israel. Which city did he take?

A). The City of Palms B). Jerusalem C). Hebron D). Bethel

2938. How many years were the Israelites subject to Eglon king of Moab?

A). Eight B). Eighteen C). Forty D). Twelve

2939. Complete what Ehud said to King Eglon: "I have a message from __ for you."

A). God B). the elders C). my master D). the priests

2940. Why did Eglon's servants wait so long before opening the locked doors of the upper room?

A). They were afraid of Ehud B). They thought the king was relieving himself

C). They had lost the key on purpose D). The king told them to wait until evening

Ehud

2941. Which judge was a left-handed man from the tribe of Benjamin?

A). Othniel B). Shamgar C). Ehud D). Samson

2942. Where did Ehud hide the double-edged sword he made?

A). Inside the tribute gift B). Under his left arm C). In his sandal

D). Strapped to his right thigh under his clothing

2943. Complete what Ehud said to King Eglon: "I have a message from __ for you."

A). God B). the elders C). my master D). the priests

2944. Ehud escaped past the stone images. Where did he escape to?

A). Shiloh B). Bokim C). Seirah D). Timnath Heres

2945. What did Ehud do in the hill country of Ephraim to gather the Israelites?

A). He lit a great fire B). He sent messengers with cut-up pieces C). He built an altar D). He blew a trumpet

2946. After Ehud said the LORD had given Moab into their hands, what did the Israelites take control of so the Moabites could not cross?

A). The fords of the Jordan B). The gates of the City of Palms C). The roads to Egypt D). The wells of Beersheba

2947. After Moab was made subject to Israel, how long did the land have peace?

A). Forty years B). Eighty years C). Eighteen years D). Twenty years

2948. In what order are these three deliverers described in Judges 3?

A). Ehud, Othniel, Shamgar B). Shamgar, Ehud, Othniel C). Othniel, Shamgar, Ehud D). Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

2949. After Ehud died and Israel did evil again, which king did the LORD sell them to?

A). Jabin king of Canaan B). Eglon king of Moab C). Cushan-Rishathaim D). Og king of Bashan

Elah

2950. Which official, who commanded half of Elah's chariots, plotted against King Elah?

A). Omri B). Tibni C). Zimri D). Arza

2951. What was King Elah doing when Zimri came in and struck him down?

A). Praying in the temple B). Leading his army at Gibbethon C). Getting drunk in the home of Arza D). Sleeping in the palace

Elasah

2952. Who carried Jeremiah's letter to Babylon?

A). Baruch son of Neriah and Seraiah B). Pashhur and Zephaniah C). Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah D). Ahikam and Gedaliah

Eldad

2953. Which two men prophesied in the camp, and Moses would not stop them?

A). Nadab and Abihu B). Eldad and Medad C). Caleb and Joshua D). Aaron and Hur

Elead

2954. Why were Ezer and Elead, sons of Ephraim, killed by the men of Gath?

A). They refused to pay tribute B). They attacked the city walls C). They went down to seize the livestock of Gath D). They worshiped the gods of Gath

Eleazar

2955. Who were the sons of Aaron?

A). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari B). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam
C). Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar D). Shem, Ham, and Japheth

2956. Where was the red heifer to be slaughtered?

A). On the altar in the tabernacle B). By the river C). At the entrance of every home
D). Outside the camp

2957. Who became the new high priest when Aaron died on Mount Hor?

A). Moses B). Joshua C). Ithamar D). Eleazar

2958. What did God command after the plague had ended?

A). To build a new tabernacle B). To take a new census of the people
C). To move back toward Egypt D). To choose new tribal leaders

2959. How did Moses set Joshua apart as the new leader?

A). He gave him a crown B). He laid his hands on him before Eleazar and the people
C). He handed him a sword D). He anointed him with oil in secret

2960. How were the soldiers and the plunder to be made clean after the battle?

A). By resting for a week B). Through fire and the water of cleansing
C). By offering a lamb only D). By staying in the camp

2961. Why did the army officers bring a gold offering to the Lord?

A). To pay for new weapons B). Because not one of their soldiers was missing
C). To buy back captives D). To build a new altar

2962. Which two men were named to oversee the dividing of the land?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Eleazar the priest and Joshua C). Caleb and Phinehas
D). Reuben and Gad

2963. Who succeeded Aaron as priest after Aaron died?

A). Eleazar his son B). Joshua C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

2964. Which priest helped Joshua and the tribal leaders give out the land in Canaan?

A). Aaron B). Phinehas C). Eli D). Eleazar

2965. What did Zelophehad's daughters remind Eleazar and Joshua about?

A). That their father had been a great soldier
B). That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance
C). That they wanted to marry into Judah D). That Caleb had promised them springs

2966. Where did Eleazar and Joshua finish giving out the land by lot?

A). At Gilgal B). At Mount Ebal C). At the Jordan River
D). At Shiloh, at the entrance to the tent of meeting

2967. What did the Levites ask Eleazar and Joshua to give them?

A). A large territory like the other tribes
B). Towns to live in with pasturelands for their livestock C). Gold from the treasury
D). Their own king

2968. Where were Eleazar and Joshua when the Levites came to them?

A). At Shiloh in Canaan B). At Gilgal C). At Hebron D). At Jericho

2969. Which priest, the son of Aaron, died and was buried at the end of Joshua?

A). Phinehas B). Eli C). Eleazar D). Ithamar

2970. Who was ministering before the ark of the covenant at that time?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron B). Eli C). Jonathan son of Gershom
D). Samuel

2971. Who was consecrated to guard the ark at Abinadab's house?

A). Eleazar B). Ichabod C). Samuel D). Phinehas

2972. What happened to Eleazar's hand as he struck down the Philistines?

A). It was wounded B). It turned white C). It was bitten by a snake
D). It grew tired and froze to the sword

2973. Which of these was NOT a son of Aaron?

A). Nadab B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

2974. In earlier times, who was the official in charge of the gatekeepers, with the LORD being with him?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar B). Eli the priest C). Zadok son of Ahitub
D). Korah son of Izhar

2975. At Pas Dammim, what kind of field did Eleazar and his men defend?

A). A wheat field B). A vineyard C). An olive grove D). A barley field

2976. Why did only Eleazar and Ithamar serve as priests among Aaron's sons?

A). Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons
B). Nadab and Abihu became kings C). Nadab and Abihu moved to Egypt
D). Nadab and Abihu chose to be musicians

2977. Why were there sixteen heads of families from Eleazar but only eight from Ithamar?

A). Ithamar's family had sinned
B). A larger number of leaders were found among Eleazar's descendants
C). Ithamar's family refused to serve D). David liked Eleazar's family more

Elhanan

2978. Who killed Lahmi, the brother of Goliath the Gittite?

A). David B). Elhanan son of Jair C). Jonathan son of Shimea D). Joab

Eli

2979. Who were the two sons of Eli who served as priests at Shiloh?

A). Nadab and Abihu B). Hophni and Phinehas C). Joel and Abijah
D). Eleazar and Ithamar

2980. Why did Eli think Hannah was drunk?

A). She was singing loudly B). Her lips were moving but her voice was not heard
C). She fell asleep at the doorpost D). She was carrying a skin of wine

2981. Hannah told Eli, "I was pouring out my ___ to the LORD."

A). heart B). tears C). soul D). prayer

2982. After Eli blessed her, what changed about Hannah?

A). She went home without eating B). She stayed in the temple
C). She told Peninnah she was sorry D). Her face was no longer downcast

2983. Which event happened LAST in 1 Samuel 1?

A). Hannah brought Samuel to Eli and gave him to the LORD
B). Hannah named her son Samuel C). The family returned home to Ramah
D). Hannah weaned Samuel

2984. After Elkanah went home to Ramah, what did the boy Samuel do?

A). He went back with his family B). He tended sheep C). He studied with the prophets
D). He ministered before the LORD under Eli

2985. What does the Bible say about Eli's sons?

A). They were brave warriors B). They were faithful priests
C). They were scoundrels with no regard for the LORD D). They were wise judges

2986. How did Eli's sons respond when Eli warned them about their sin?

A). They repented and changed B). They left Shiloh
C). They asked Samuel to pray for them D). They did not listen to their father

2987. Who came to Eli with a message of judgment from the LORD?

A). Samuel B). A man of God C). An angel D). King Saul

2988. The LORD said, "Those who honor me I will ___."

A). bless B). save C). honor D). reward

2989. What sign did the man of God give Eli about his sons Hophni and Phinehas?

A). They would both die on the same day B). They would be taken captive
C). They would become blind D). They would be removed from Shiloh

2990. What problem did Eli have with his body at this time?

A). His hands shook B). He could not walk
C). His eyes were so weak he could barely see D). He could not hear

2991. When Samuel first heard someone call his name, what did he do?

A). He ran to Eli B). He went outside to look C). He hid in fear
D). He went back to sleep

2992. When did Eli realize that the LORD was calling Samuel?

A). The first time B). The third time C). The fourth time D). The next morning

2993. According to the LORD, why would He judge Eli's family?

A). Eli knew his sons were sinning but failed to restrain them B). Eli had worshiped idols
C). Eli refused to raise Samuel D). Eli left the house of the LORD

2994. How did Samuel feel about telling Eli the vision?

A). Excited B). Afraid C). Proud D). Angry

2995. After Samuel told him everything, what did Eli say?

A). "Go and tell the elders." B). "This is only a dream."
C). "He is the LORD; let him do what is good in his eyes."
D). "Pray that the LORD will change his mind."

2996. While Eli waited for news of the battle, what was he most afraid for?

A). His own life B). The city of Shiloh C). The ark of God D). Samuel

2997. How old was Eli when the ark was captured?

A). Eighty B). Ninety-eight C). One hundred D). Seventy

2998. What news caused Eli to fall backward off his chair?

A). The death of Hophni B). The number of soldiers killed
C). The capture of the ark of God D). The arrival of the Philistine army

2999. For how many years had Eli led Israel?

A). Twenty B). Forty C). Seventy D). Fifty

3000. Removing Abiathar from the priesthood fulfilled the LORD's word spoken at Shiloh about whose family?

A). Eli's family B). Samuel's family C). Aaron's family D). Saul's family

Eliab

3001. Which of Jesse's sons did Samuel first think must be the LORD's anointed?

A). Abinadab B). Shammah C). David D). Eliab

3002. Which three sons of Jesse had followed Saul to the war?

A). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah B). Joel, Abijah and Eliab
C). Jonathan, Ishvi and Malki-Shua D). David, Eliab and Shammah

3003. Which brother burned with anger at David and called him conceited?

A). Shammah B). Abinadab C). Eliab D). Jonathan

Eliada

3004. How were the men of Benjamin under Eliada armed?

A). With swords and spears B). With bows and shields C). With chariots
D). With slings only

Eliakim

3005. Who was Hezekiah's palace administrator who went out to meet the Assyrians?

A). Eliakim son of Hilkiah B). Shebna C). Joah son of Asaph D). Isaiah son of Amoz

3006. Why did Eliakim ask the field commander to speak in Aramaic?

A). Because Eliakim did not know Hebrew B). Because the king only spoke Aramaic
C). So the people on the wall would not understand D). Because it was more polite

3007. Whom did the LORD summon to replace Shebna?

A). Eliakim son of Hilkiah B). Hezekiah son of Ahaz C). Uriah the priest
D). Zechariah son of Jeberekiah

3008. What would the LORD place on Eliakim's shoulder?

A). A royal robe B). A golden chain C). The key to the house of David
D). The scroll of the law

3009. The LORD said He would drive Eliakim like what into a firm place?

A). A tent stake B). A sword C). A pillar D). A peg

3010. Which man was the palace administrator who went out to meet the field commander?

A). Shebna B). Joah C). Eliakim son of Hilkiah D). Isaiah son of Amoz

3011. In which language did Hezekiah's officials ask the field commander to speak to them?

A). Hebrew B). Egyptian C). Greek D). Aramaic

3012. What did Eliakim, Shebna and Joah do before going to Hezekiah?

A). They wrote a letter B). They hid in the temple C). They tore their clothes
D). They put on armor

3013. To which prophet did Hezekiah send Eliakim, Shebna and the leading priests?

A). Isaiah son of Amoz B). Jeremiah C). Micah D). Elisha

Eliam

3014. Who was Bathsheba's father?

A). Eliam B). Ahimelek C). Jehoiada D). Zeruiah

Eliashib

3015. Who was the high priest who rebuilt the Sheep Gate with his fellow priests?

A). Eliashib B). Joshua C). Hilkiah D). Ezra

3016. Which gate did the priests rebuild at the start of the work?

A). The Fish Gate B). The Sheep Gate C). The Valley Gate D). The Water Gate

3017. Which priest gave Tobiah a large room in the house of God?

A). Ezra B). Zadok C). Eliashib D). Shemaiah

3018. One of the grandsons of Eliashib the high priest was son-in-law to which enemy of Nehemiah?

A). Tobiah the Ammonite B). Sanballat the Horonite C). Geshem the Arab
D). Shemaiah

Eliezer

3019. Why were the trading ships Jehoshaphat built at Ezion Geber wrecked?

A). A great storm came by chance B). He made an alliance with wicked King Ahaziah
C). The sailors were not trained D). Egypt attacked the port

Elihu

3020. Who was the officer over the tribe of Judah?

A). Nahshon, a leader of Judah B). Caleb son of Jephunneh C). Joab son of Zeruiah
D). Elihu, a brother of David

3021. Which young man began to speak after Job's three friends stopped?

A). Eliab B). Elihu C). Elisha D). Eliezer

3022. Who was the father of Elihu?

A). Barakel B). Bildad C). Buz D). Ram

3023. Why was Elihu angry with Job?

A). Because Job had lost his wealth B). Because Job had insulted him
C). Because Job was justifying himself rather than God D). Because Job refused to pray

3024. Why was Elihu angry with Job's three friends?

A). Because they had left Job alone B). Because they arrived too late
C). Because they spoke too softly
D). Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

3025. Why had Elihu waited before speaking?

A). Because the others were older than he was B). Because he was sick
C). Because he was far away D). Because Job told him to wait

3026. Complete Elihu's words: "It is the spirit in a person, the ___ of the Almighty, that gives them understanding."

A). word B). breath C). hand D). light

3027. Elihu said he was full of words and was ready to burst like what?

A). A river after rain B). A storm cloud C). New wineskins D). A full barn

3028. Complete Elihu's words: "The Spirit of God has ___ me; the breath of the Almighty gives me life."

A). called B). taught C). made D). sent

3029. What did Elihu say he had heard Job claim?

A). That he was pure and free from sin B). That he had never been rich
C). That his friends were wise D). That he deserved his suffering

3030. Complete Elihu's words: "God is ___ than any mortal."

A). older B). stronger C). wiser D). greater

3031. What did Elihu say about how God speaks?

A). He speaks only to kings
B). He speaks now one way, now another, though no one perceives it
C). He never speaks to people D). He speaks only in the temple

3032. According to Elihu, God may speak to people in what way at night?

A). Through thunder B). Through the stars C). In a dream or vision
D). Through an earthquake

3033. Elihu said a person may also be chastened by God on what?

A). A bed of pain B). A long journey C). A battlefield D). A mountain top

3034. In Elihu's words, what does the messenger say he has found for the person?

A). A new home B). A wise teacher C). A cure D). A ransom

3035. What does the rescued person say God has delivered them from in Job 33:28?

A). Their enemies B). Going down to the pit C). A great flood D). Their debts

3036. Complete Elihu's words: "For the ear tests words as the tongue ___ food."

A). eats B). tastes C). enjoys D). rejects

3037. According to Elihu, what had Job said about God and justice?

A). That God always gives justice quickly B). That his friends had denied him justice
C). That justice belongs only to kings D). That he was innocent, but God denied him justice

3038. Complete Elihu's words: "Far be it from God to do ___, from the Almighty to do wrong."

A). evil B). good C). nothing D). mercy

3039. What did Elihu say would happen if God withdrew His spirit and breath?

A). The sun would stop shining B). The seas would dry up
C). All humanity would perish and return to dust D). The angels would rule the earth

3040. What did Elihu say about how God treats the rich and the poor?

A). He favors the rich B). He does not favor the rich over the poor
C). He favors the poor over the rich D). He ignores both

3041. According to Elihu, where can evildoers hide from God?

A). In deep caves B). In the darkness of night C). In faraway lands D). Nowhere

3042. What did Elihu say about Job's words at the end of Job 34?

A). Job speaks without knowledge and his words lack insight
B). Job's words were full of wisdom C). Job spoke only the truth
D). Job's words should be written down

3043. In Job 35:2, what did Elihu say Job was claiming?

A). "My friends are in the right, not I." B). "God has forgotten me."
C). "I am in the right, not God." D). "I deserve my suffering."

3044. In Job 35:5, where did Elihu tell Job to look?

A). Up at the heavens and the clouds B). Down at the sea C). Out at the fields
D). Into his own heart

3045. What did Elihu ask about how a person's sin affects God?

A). Whether God laughs at it B). Whether God forgets it
C). Whether God sends angels to fix it D). Whether it affects God at all

3046. Complete the verse: "Where is God my Maker, who gives ___ in the night?"

A). light B). songs C). dreams D). rest

3047. According to Job 35:11, God makes people wiser than what?

A). The birds in the sky B). The kings of the earth C). The angels D). Their parents

3048. According to Elihu, to what kind of plea does God not listen?

A). A child's plea B). A humble plea C). A loud plea D). An empty plea

3049. At the start of Job 36, why did Elihu ask Job to bear with him a little longer?

A). He wanted to tell a story about his family B). He wanted to say goodbye
C). He wanted to ask Job for help
D). He wanted to show there was more to be said in God's behalf

3050. Complete Elihu's words: "God is mighty, but ___ no one."

A). fears B). despises C). needs D). forgets

3051. According to Elihu in Job 36:7, God does not take His eyes off whom?

A). The righteous B). The kings C). The animals D). The wicked

3052. According to Elihu, what does God command people to do when He corrects them?

A). Build an altar B). Leave their homes C). Repent of their evil
D). Give away their riches

3053. What did Elihu say God does for those who suffer?

A). He delivers them in their suffering and speaks to them in their affliction
B). He leaves them alone until they stop complaining C). He punishes them more
D). He takes them out of the world

3054. Complete Elihu's words: "God is exalted in his power. Who is a ___ like him?"

A). king B). father C). friend D). teacher

3055. What did Elihu say about the number of God's years?

A). It is written in a book B). It is past finding out C). It is the same as Abraham's
D). It is known by the angels

3056. According to Elihu, God draws up drops of water, which then become what?

A). Snow on the mountains B). The sea C). Rain to the streams
D). Dew on the grass

3057. What did Elihu say God's voice does in marvelous ways?

A). Whispers B). Sings C). Thunders D). Weeps

3058. According to Job 37:6, what does God say to the snow?

A). "Fall on the earth" B). "Stay in the clouds" C). "Melt away" D). "Cover the sea"

3059. According to Elihu, what does the breath of God produce?

A). Fire B). Clouds C). Wind D). Ice

3060. Complete Elihu's words: "Listen to this, Job; stop and consider God's ___."

A). laws B). wonders C). words D). anger

3061. Elihu asked whether Job could help God spread out the skies, which are as hard as what?

A). Stone B). Iron C). A mirror of cast bronze D). A wall of gold

3062. According to Job 37:22, from which direction does God come in golden splendor?

A). Out of the north B). Out of the east C). Out of the south D). Out of the west

3063. What did Elihu say God does not do, because of His justice and great righteousness?

A). He does not speak B). He does not rest C). He does not forgive
D). He does not oppress

Elijah

3064. Which prophet told King Ahab there would be no dew or rain for the next few years?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Ahijah D). Jehu

3065. Elijah the Tishbite was from Tishbe in which region?

A). Galilee B). Samaria C). Gilead D). Judah

3066. Where did the LORD tell Elijah to hide at first?

A). In the Kerith Ravine, east of the Jordan B). In a cave on Mount Horeb
C). In the city of Zarephath D). In Ahab's palace

3067. What birds brought Elijah food while he hid by the brook?

A). Doves B). Eagles C). Sparrows D). Ravens

3068. What did the ravens bring Elijah each morning and evening?

A). Bread and meat B). Fish and honey C). Figs and grapes D). Water and oil

3069. Why did the brook where Elijah stayed dry up?

A). The ravens drank it all B). There had been no rain in the land C). Ahab blocked it
D). An earthquake stopped it

3070. To which town in the region of Sidon did the LORD send Elijah?

A). Tyre B). Bethel C). Samaria D). Zarephath

3071. What was the widow doing when Elijah met her at the town gate?

A). Drawing water from a well B). Selling bread C). Gathering sticks
D). Washing clothes

3072. What did the widow say she had left when Elijah asked her for bread?

A). A full jar of flour B). Some fish and bread
C). Only a handful of flour and a little olive oil D). Nothing at all

3073. Elijah said to the widow, "Don't be _____. Go home and do as you have said."

A). afraid B). sad C). angry D). tired

3074. What did the LORD promise about the widow's flour and oil?

A). They would last for seven days B). They would turn into gold
C). They would be doubled once
D). The flour would not be used up and the oil would not run dry until the LORD sent rain

3075. Where did Elijah take the widow's son after the boy stopped breathing?

A). To the town gate B). To the brook C). To the upper room where Elijah was staying
D). To the temple of Baal

3076. How many times did Elijah stretch himself out on the boy as he cried to the LORD?

A). Once B). Three times C). Seven times D). Twelve times

3077. After her son came back to life, what did the widow say she now knew about Elijah?

A). That he was a king in disguise B). That he would stay with her forever
C). That he came from Egypt
D). That he was a man of God, and the word of the LORD from his mouth was the truth

3078. In which year of the drought did the LORD tell Elijah to go to Ahab because He would send rain?

A). The third year B). The first year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

3079. When Ahab saw Elijah, he said, "Is that you, you _____ of Israel?"

A). friend B). prophet C). enemy D). troubler

3080. According to Elijah, who had really brought trouble on Israel?

A). Ahab and his father's family, who abandoned the LORD's commands and followed the Baals
B). Elijah himself C). Obadiah D). The people of Judah

3081. On which mountain did Elijah challenge the prophets of Baal?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Zion D). Mount of Olives

3082. How many prophets of Baal were summoned to Mount Carmel?

A). One hundred B). Four hundred C). Four hundred and fifty D). Seven thousand

3083. Elijah asked the people, "How long will you waver between two _____?"

A). kings B). roads C). nations D). opinions

3084. How did the people answer when Elijah asked them to choose between the LORD and Baal?

A). They said nothing B). They shouted for Baal C). They chose the LORD at once
D). They ran away

3085. Elijah said, "The god who answers by _____—he is God."

A). water B). fire C). wind D). thunder

3086. What did Elijah say at noon to mock the prophets of Baal?

A). That Baal was too far away to hear B). That they should bring more bulls
C). That they should go home
D). "Shout louder!" Maybe Baal was busy, traveling or sleeping

3087. How many stones did Elijah use to repair the altar of the LORD?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Four D). Ten

3088. What did the twelve stones of Elijah's altar stand for?

A). The twelve months of the year B). The twelve tribes descended from Jacob
C). Twelve prophets of the LORD D). Twelve years of drought

3089. What did Elijah have poured on the offering and the wood three times?

A). Oil B). Wine C). Water D). Sand

3090. In his prayer, why did Elijah ask the LORD to answer him?

A). So that Elijah would become king B). So that Ahab would give him gold
C). So that the rain would stop
D). So the people would know the LORD is God and that He was turning their hearts back

3091. When the fire of the LORD fell, what did it burn up?

A). The sacrifice, the wood, the stones and the soil, and it licked up the water in the trench
B). Only the bull C). Only the wood D). The altar of Baal

3092. After the servant looked toward the sea seven times, what did he finally see?

A). A great storm B). A flock of birds C). A cloud as small as a man's hand
D). A ship

3093. How did Elijah pray on top of Mount Carmel before the rain came?

A). Standing with his hands raised B). Lying on the altar
C). Walking around the mountain
D). Bending down to the ground with his face between his knees

3094. What amazing thing did Elijah do when the power of the LORD came on him as the rain began?

A). He ran ahead of Ahab's chariot all the way to Jezreel B). He flew up to heaven
C). He stopped the rain D). He called fire down again

3095. Who threatened to kill Elijah after she heard what he had done on Mount Carmel?

A). Jezebel B). Maakah C). Naamah D). Athaliah

3096. How did Elijah respond to Jezebel's threat?

A). He went back to Mount Carmel B). He was afraid and ran for his life
C). He hid in Ahab's palace D). He sent her a letter

3097. Under what did Elijah sit down in the wilderness and pray that he might die?

A). An oak tree B). A fig tree C). A broom bush D). A palm tree

3098. Elijah prayed, "I have had _____, LORD. Take my life."

A). a dream B). my reward C). too little D). enough

3099. What did the angel give Elijah when he woke up under the bush?

A). Bread baked over hot coals and a jar of water B). Meat and wine C). Fish and honey
D). Figs and milk

3100. Why did the angel tell Elijah to eat a second time?

A). Because he was still sick B). Because the journey was too much for him
C). Because he had to fight Jezebel D). Because it was a feast day

3101. How long did Elijah travel on the strength of that food?

A). Three days and three nights B). Seven days C). Forty days and forty nights
D). One year

3102. Which place, called the mountain of God, did Elijah reach after his long journey?

A). Mount Zion B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Gerizim D). Horeb

3103. What question did the LORD ask Elijah at Horeb?

A). "What are you doing here, Elijah?" B). "Why did you leave your servant?"
C). "Where is Ahab?" D). "Who sent you?"

3104. What did Elijah tell the LORD about himself at Horeb?

A). That he wanted to be king
B). That he was the only one left, and they were trying to kill him too
C). That he had defeated all his enemies D). That he was ready to go back to Samaria

3105. In what order did things pass by Elijah at the mountain?

A). Earthquake, fire, wind, gentle whisper B). Fire, wind, earthquake, gentle whisper
C). Wind, earthquake, fire, gentle whisper D). Gentle whisper, wind, earthquake, fire

3106. Was the LORD in the powerful wind, the earthquake or the fire?

A). He was in the wind B). He was in the earthquake C). He was in the fire
D). He was not in any of them

3107. What did Elijah do when he heard the gentle whisper?

A). He pulled his cloak over his face and stood at the mouth of the cave
B). He ran down the mountain C). He fell asleep D). He built an altar

3108. Whom did the LORD tell Elijah to anoint as king over Aram?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Hazael C). Rezon D). Jehu

3109. Whom did the LORD tell Elijah to anoint to succeed him as prophet?

A). Obadiah B). Jehu C). Elisha D). Micaiah

3110. How many people in Israel did the LORD say had not bowed down to Baal?

A). One hundred B). Four hundred and fifty C). Twelve D). Seven thousand

3111. What was Elisha doing when Elijah found him?

A). Plowing with twelve pairs of oxen B). Fishing in the Jordan C). Watching sheep

D). Building a house

3112. What did Elijah throw around Elisha?

A). A rope B). His cloak C). A crown D). A belt

3113. What did Elisha do with his oxen before following Elijah?

A). He sold them B). He gave them to his father

C). He slaughtered them, cooked them on his plowing equipment, and gave the meat to the people

D). He left them in the field

3114. Whom did the LORD send to meet Ahab in Naboth's vineyard?

A). Elijah the Tishbite B). Elisha C). Micaiah D). Obadiah

3115. What did Elijah say would happen to Ahab's blood?

A). It would be poured on the altar B). It would be kept in the palace

C). Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood

D). It would be washed away by the rain

3116. Ahab said to Elijah, "So you have found me, my _____!"

A). friend B). enemy C). master D). servant

3117. Complete Elijah's message: "Is it because there is no _____ in Israel that you are going off to consult Baal-Zebub, the god of Ekron?"

A). prophet B). God C). king D). priest

3118. Who told Elijah to go and meet the messengers of the king?

A). The angel of the LORD B). Elisha C). A captain of fifty D). King Jehoshaphat

3119. What did Elijah say would happen to King Ahaziah?

A). He would be healed in three days B). He would lose his kingdom to Moab

C). He would not leave his bed and would certainly die

D). He would be taken captive to Ekron

3120. The messengers described the man they met: "He had a garment of hair and had a _____ around his waist."

A). gold chain B). linen sash C). rope D). leather belt

3121. How did King Ahaziah know that the man who met his messengers was Elijah?

A). The man told them his name

B). From the description of his hair garment and leather belt

C). The messengers had seen him before in Samaria

D). The man gave them a letter signed by Elijah

3122. How many men did the king send with each captain to bring Elijah?

A). Twelve B). Forty C). Fifty D). One hundred

3123. Where was Elijah sitting when the first captain came to him?

A). On the top of a hill B). By the Jordan River C). In a cave

D). At the gate of Samaria

3124. What happened to the first two captains and their men?

A). They were struck blind B). Fire came down from heaven and consumed them

C). The ground opened and swallowed them D). They were chased away by lions

3125. How was the third captain different from the first two?

A). He brought more soldiers B). He came at night

C). He fell on his knees and begged Elijah to spare his life

D). He brought a gift from the king

3126. What did the angel of the LORD tell Elijah about going with the third captain?

A). Go down with him; do not be afraid of him B). Stay on the hill until the king comes

C). Send Elisha instead D). Call down fire a third time

3127. What happened right after Elijah gave his message to King Ahaziah in person?

A). Moab rebelled against Israel B). Ahaziah sent messengers to Ekron

C). Ahaziah died, as Elijah had said D). A third captain was sent to Elijah

3128. How did the LORD take Elijah up to heaven?

A). In a whirlwind B). In a cloud C). On a mountain in a bright light D). In a dream

3129. From which place were Elijah and Elisha setting out at the start of the chapter?

A). Bethel B). Jericho C). Samaria D). Gilgal

3130. In what order did Elijah and Elisha travel after leaving Gilgal?

A). Jericho, Bethel, the Jordan B). The Jordan, Jericho, Bethel

C). Bethel, Jericho, the Jordan D). Bethel, the Jordan, Jericho

3131. Complete Elisha's words to Elijah: "As surely as the LORD lives and as you live, I will not _____ you."

A). forget B). leave C). fail D). doubt

3132. What did the company of the prophets at Bethel and Jericho already know?

A). That the LORD was going to take Elijah away that day B). That Elisha would become king
C). That Elijah would divide the Jordan D). That bears would come out of the woods

3133. How many men from the company of the prophets stood at a distance watching at the Jordan?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Forty D). Fifty

3134. What did Elijah use to strike the water of the Jordan so that it divided?

A). His staff B). A branch C). His cloak D). His hand

3135. What did Elisha ask to receive from Elijah?

A). His cloak and staff B). A double portion of his spirit C). A blessing for his family
D). The power to call down fire

3136. According to Elijah, how would Elisha know his request had been granted?

A). If he saw Elijah when he was taken away B). If he could divide the Jordan by himself
C). If the prophets bowed to him D). If fire came down from heaven

3137. What appeared and separated Elijah and Elisha?

A). A pillar of cloud B). An angel with a sword C). A great wind that split the rocks
D). A chariot of fire and horses of fire

3138. As Elijah went up, Elisha cried out: "My father! My father! The chariots and _____ of Israel!"

A). soldiers B). kings C). horsemen D). prophets

3139. Elisha struck the water with Elijah's cloak and said: "Where now is the LORD, the God of _____?"

A). Elijah B). Abraham C). Israel D). Moses

3140. When the prophets from Jericho saw Elisha cross the Jordan, what did they say?

A). "Elijah has come back to us" B). "Elisha is the new king of Israel"
C). "The Jordan has dried up forever" D). "The spirit of Elijah is resting on Elisha"

3141. How long did the fifty men search for Elijah?

A). One day B). Seven days C). Three days D). Forty days

3142. An officer described a prophet as the man who "used to pour water on the hands of Elijah." Who was he?

A). Micaiah B). Gehazi C). Obadiah D). Elisha

3143. Why was there almost nothing of Jezebel left to bury?

A). It fulfilled the word of the LORD spoken through Elijah
B). Her body was taken by her family C). Jehu burned her body
D). She was buried in secret

3144. Which prophet sent Jehoram a letter of judgment?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Micaiah D). Jehu

3145. Which of these was a reason Elijah gave for the LORD's judgment on Jehoram?

A). He had not built enough forts B). He had lost the war with Edom
C). He had murdered his own brothers, who were better than he
D). He had refused to marry

3146. Which prophet did God promise to send before the great and dreadful day of the LORD?

A). Elisha B). Isaiah C). Jeremiah D). Elijah

3147. Complete the verse: "He will turn the hearts of the parents to their _____."

A). God B). children C). land D). temple

3148. Jesus said John "is the _____ who was to come." Which prophet's name completes this?

A). Elijah B). Elisha C). Isaiah D). Samuel

3149. Which prophet's name did the disciples include when telling Jesus who people said he was?

A). Daniel B). Ezekiel C). Jeremiah D). Jonah

3150. Which two men appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Moses and Elijah B). Abraham and David C). Isaiah and Jeremiah
D). Noah and Daniel

3151. What did Peter offer to put up on the mountain?

A). An altar B). A tent for the crowd C). A stone pillar D). Three shelters

3152. Jesus said Elijah had already come, but people did not recognize him. Whom did the disciples understand him to mean?

A). Moses B). Isaiah C). John the Baptist D). Peter

3153. When Jesus cried out "Eli, Eli," whom did some bystanders think he was calling?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Eli the priest D). Elizabeth

3154. Which of these did the disciples say some people thought Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Samuel D). Daniel

3155. Which two people appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Elijah and Moses B). Abraham and David C). Isaiah and Jeremiah
D). Noah and Elisha

3156. When they heard Jesus cry out, whom did some bystanders think he was calling?

A). Moses B). David C). Abraham D). Elijah

3157. Complete the angel's words: 'He will go on before the Lord, in the spirit and power of ___.'

A). Moses B). Elisha C). Samuel D). Elijah

3158. To a widow in which town was Elijah sent during the famine?

A). Zarephath in Sidon B). Bethel C). Jericho D). Samaria

3159. Which two men appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Abraham and David B). Isaiah and Jeremiah C). Noah and Daniel
D). Moses and Elijah

3160. What did Moses and Elijah talk with Jesus about?

A). His departure, which he was about to fulfill at Jerusalem B). The building of the temple
C). The coming of John D). The law given at Sinai

3161. Which prophet complained to God that he was the only one left?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Jonah D). Jeremiah

3162. How many people did God say He had reserved who had not bowed the knee to Baal?

A). Seven thousand B). Seven hundred C). Twelve thousand D). Four hundred

3163. Which prophet prayed that it would not rain, and it did not rain for three and a half years?

A). Elisha B). Isaiah C). Elijah D). Jeremiah

Elimelek

3164. What problem was in the land when Elimelek's family left Bethlehem?

A). A war B). A famine C). A flood D). A plague of locusts

3165. Where did Elimelek take his family to live during the famine?

A). Egypt B). Edom C). Moab D). Philistia

3166. What was the name of Elimelek's wife?

A). Ruth B). Orpah C). Hannah D). Naomi

3167. Which happened first to Naomi in Moab?

A). Mahlon and Kilion died B). Her sons married Moabite women
C). Her husband Elimelek died D). She heard the Lord had given His people food

3168. Who was the relative of Naomi's husband, a man of standing from Elimelek's clan?

A). Boaz B). Obed C). Jesse D). Salmon

3169. What was Naomi selling?

A). Her house in Moab B). A flock of sheep C). Her husband's tools
D). The piece of land that belonged to Elimelek

Eliphaz

3170. Which of these was one of Job's three friends who came to comfort him?

A). Elihu B). Eliphaz C). Elkanah D). Eliab

3171. Why did Job's three friends come to see him?

A). To take his remaining property B). To judge him before the elders

C). To sympathize with him and comfort him D). To bring him news of his children

3172. What did the three friends do when they saw Job from a distance?

A). They laughed at him B). They turned back home C). They sang psalms

D). They wept aloud, tore their robes and sprinkled dust on their heads

3173. How long did Job's friends sit with him on the ground without saying a word?

A). Seven days and seven nights B). Three days and three nights C). Forty days

D). One day

3174. Which friend was the first to reply to Job?

A). Bildad B). Zophar C). Elihu D). Eliphaz

3175. According to Eliphaz, what had Job done for others in the past?

A). He had built cities for them

B). He had instructed many and strengthened those who were weak

C). He had led armies to protect them D). He had given all his land away

3176. What did Eliphaz say happened to Job now that trouble had come to him?

A). He became discouraged and dismayed B). He became proud

C). He ran away from God D). He became angry with his children

3177. What idea did Eliphaz suggest in Job 4:7?

A). All people suffer the same amount B). Suffering comes only from Satan

C). The innocent do not perish and the upright are not destroyed

D). God never speaks to people

3178. Complete Eliphaz's words: "Those who plow evil and those who sow trouble ___ it."

A). reap B). hide C). fear D). hate

3179. How did Eliphaz say a message came to him?

A). Through a letter from a prophet B). Through a voice from a burning bush

C). Through an angel at the city gate D). In the night, when a spirit glided past his face

3180. What happened to Eliphaz when the spirit glided past his face?

A). He fell asleep B). The hair on his body stood on end C). He saw a bright light

D). He heard thunder

3181. Complete the verse: "Can a mortal be more righteous than God? Can even a strong man be more pure than his ___?"

A). Father B). King C). Maker D). Teacher

3182. Complete the verse: "Resentment kills a fool, and ___ slays the simple."

A). pride B). envy C). anger D). greed

3183. Complete the verse: "Yet man is born to trouble as surely as ___ fly upward."

A). birds B). clouds C). sparks D). arrows

3184. What did Eliphaz say he would do if he were in Job's place?

A). Appeal to God and lay his cause before Him B). Leave the land of Uz
C). Ask the elders to judge him D). Stay silent and wait

3185. According to Eliphaz, what does God provide for the earth?

A). Gold B). Light from the moon C). Wild animals D). Rain

3186. Complete the verse: "He catches the wise in their ___."

A). words B). craftiness C). traps D). sleep

3187. Complete the verse: "Blessed is the one whom God ___; so do not despise the discipline of the Almighty."

A). corrects B). chooses C). blesses D). hears

3188. What does Job 5:18 say about the way God deals with people?

A). He only rewards and never disciplines B). He never notices human pain
C). He wounds, but He also binds up and heals D). He heals only the rich

3189. According to Eliphaz, from how many calamities would God rescue a person, so that in seven no harm would touch him?

A). Three B). Five C). Ten D). Six

3190. Eliphaz said a person God protects will come to the grave in full vigor like what?

A). Sheaves gathered in season B). Leaves in autumn C). Stars at dawn
D). Rivers into the sea

3191. Complete Eliphaz's question: "Would a wise person answer with empty notions or fill their belly with the hot ___ wind?"

A). north B). west C). east D). south

3192. What did Eliphaz accuse Job of doing to devotion to God?

A). Hindering it B). Teaching it to his children C). Writing it in a book
D). Praising it before the elders

3193. Complete Eliphaz's words: "Your own ___ condemns you, not mine; your own lips testify against you."

A). heart B). hand C). wife D). mouth

3194. Eliphaz asked Job, "Are you the first man ever ___?"

A). chosen B). born C). blessed D). called

3195. Whom did Eliphaz say were on the side of Job's friends?

A). The kings of the East B). The priests C). The gray-haired and the aged
D). The angels

3196. In Job 15:15, what did Eliphaz say is not pure in God's eyes?

A). The heavens B). The oceans C). The temple D). The mountains

3197. Eliphaz said vile and corrupt people drink up evil like what?

A). Wine B). Milk C). Honey D). Water

3198. Eliphaz said the wicked will be like an olive tree doing what?

A). Growing taller each year B). Shedding its blossoms C). Giving shade to travelers
D). Bearing much fruit

3199. What did Eliphaz ask about people and God in Job 22:2?

A). Whether people can see God B). Whether a man can be of benefit to God
C). Whether God needs a temple D). Whether God speaks to animals

3200. Complete Eliphaz's question: "Is not your wickedness great? Are not your sins ___?"

A). forgiven B). small C). hidden D). endless

3201. Eliphaz accused Job of withholding food from whom?

A). The hungry B). His children C). The priests D). His servants

3202. According to Eliphaz, whom had Job sent away empty-handed?

A). Strangers B). Kings C). Widows D). Merchants

3203. In Job 22:12, where did Eliphaz say God is?

A). In the heights of heaven B). In the deep sea C). In the land of Uz
D). In the city gate

3204. Complete Eliphaz's words: "Submit to God and be at ___ with him."

A). rest B). war C). home D). peace

3205. Where did Eliphaz tell Job to lay up God's words?

A). In a scroll B). In his heart C). In the temple D). On his doorposts

3206. Eliphaz spoke of throwing away gold from which place?

A). Sheba B). Tarshish C). Ophir D). Egypt

3207. Why did Job's three friends stop answering him?

A). Because Job had become sick again B). Because God told them to be quiet

C). Because they had to go home D). Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

3208. Why was Elihu angry with Job's three friends?

A). Because they had left Job alone B). Because they arrived too late

C). Because they spoke too softly

D). Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

3209. To which of Job's friends did the LORD speak after speaking to Job?

A). Elihu B). Bildad C). Zophar D). Eliphaz

3210. Why was the LORD angry with Eliphaz and his two friends?

A). They had left Job too soon B). They had stolen Job's flocks

C). They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had D). They had refused to visit Job

3211. What did the LORD tell the three friends to take to Job for a burnt offering?

A). Seven bulls and seven rams B). Ten lambs and two goats

C). Three oxen and three sheep D). Twelve doves

3212. Who prayed for Job's three friends, and whose prayer did the LORD accept?

A). Elihu B). Job C). Job's wife D). Eliphaz

Elisha

3213. Whom did the LORD tell Elijah to anoint to succeed him as prophet?

A). Obadiah B). Jehu C). Elisha D). Micaiah

3214. What was Elisha doing when Elijah found him?

A). Plowing with twelve pairs of oxen B). Fishing in the Jordan C). Watching sheep

D). Building a house

3215. What did Elijah throw around Elisha?

A). A rope B). His cloak C). A crown D). A belt

3216. What did Elisha do with his oxen before following Elijah?

A). He sold them B). He gave them to his father

C). He slaughtered them, cooked them on his plowing equipment, and gave the meat to the people

D). He left them in the field

3217. From which place were Elijah and Elisha setting out at the start of the chapter?

A). Bethel B). Jericho C). Samaria D). Gilgal

3218. In what order did Elijah and Elisha travel after leaving Gilgal?

A). Jericho, Bethel, the Jordan B). The Jordan, Jericho, Bethel
C). Bethel, Jericho, the Jordan D). Bethel, the Jordan, Jericho

3219. Complete Elisha's words to Elijah: "As surely as the LORD lives and as you live, I will not _____ you."

A). forget B). leave C). fail D). doubt

3220. What did the company of the prophets at Bethel and Jericho already know?

A). That the LORD was going to take Elijah away that day B). That Elisha would become king
C). That Elijah would divide the Jordan D). That bears would come out of the woods

3221. How many men from the company of the prophets stood at a distance watching at the Jordan?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Forty D). Fifty

3222. What did Elisha ask to receive from Elijah?

A). His cloak and staff B). A double portion of his spirit C). A blessing for his family
D). The power to call down fire

3223. According to Elijah, how would Elisha know his request had been granted?

A). If he saw Elijah when he was taken away B). If he could divide the Jordan by himself
C). If the prophets bowed to him D). If fire came down from heaven

3224. What appeared and separated Elijah and Elisha?

A). A pillar of cloud B). An angel with a sword C). A great wind that split the rocks
D). A chariot of fire and horses of fire

3225. As Elijah went up, Elisha cried out: "My father! My father! The chariots and _____ of Israel!"

A). soldiers B). kings C). horsemen D). prophets

3226. What did Elisha do with his own garment after Elijah was taken up?

A). He gave it to the prophets B). He tore it in two C). He threw it into the Jordan
D). He burned it

3227. Elisha struck the water with Elijah's cloak and said: "Where now is the LORD, the God of _____?"

A). Elijah B). Abraham C). Israel D). Moses

3228. When the prophets from Jericho saw Elisha cross the Jordan, what did they say?

A). "Elijah has come back to us" B). "Elisha is the new king of Israel"
C). "The Jordan has dried up forever" D). "The spirit of Elijah is resting on Elisha"

3229. How long did the fifty men search for Elijah?

A). One day B). Seven days C). Three days D). Forty days

3230. In which city was the water bad and the land unproductive?

A). Bethel B). Jericho C). Samaria D). Gilgal

3231. What did Elisha throw into the spring to heal the water?

A). Salt B). Flour C). A branch D). Oil

3232. Who did Elisha say healed the water of Jericho?

A). Elisha himself B). Elijah C). The company of the prophets D). The LORD

3233. On the road to Bethel, who jeered at Elisha and called him "baldy"?

A). Some soldiers B). The prophets of Baal C). Some boys D). The men of Jericho

3234. What came out of the woods after Elisha cursed the boys in the name of the LORD?

A). Two lions B). Two bears C). A pack of wolves D). A swarm of hornets

3235. After leaving Bethel, where did Elisha go before returning to Samaria?

A). Mount Carmel B). Jericho C). Gilgal D). The Jordan

3236. An officer described a prophet as the man who "used to pour water on the hands of Elijah." Who was he?

A). Micaiah B). Gehazi C). Obadiah D). Elisha

3237. Why did Elisha agree to help the kings?

A). Because Joram promised to destroy Baal worship B). Because the king of Edom paid him
C). Because he respected King Jehoshaphat of Judah D). Because Elijah had told him to

3238. What did Elisha ask for before the hand of the LORD came on him?

A). A priest B). A harpist C). An offering D). A new bowl

3239. What did the LORD promise to do for the thirsty armies?

A). Fill the valley with pools of water without wind or rain B). Send a heavy storm of rain
C). Open a spring from a rock D). Lead them to a river in Moab

3240. When did the water come flowing into the valley?

A). At midnight that same day B). After three days C). At sunset, during a storm
D). The next morning, about the time of the sacrifice

3241. Why did the widow from the company of the prophets cry out to Elisha?

A). Her house had been burned down B). Her sons were sick with fever
C). Soldiers had taken her land
D). Her husband's creditor was coming to take her two boys as slaves

3242. What did the widow have in her house when Elisha asked her?

A). A handful of flour B). Two loaves of bread C). A small jar of olive oil
D). A few silver coins

3243. What did Elisha tell the widow to collect from her neighbours?

A). Pieces of silver B). Empty jars C). Loaves of bread D). Bundles of wool

3244. When did the oil stop flowing?

A). When there were no more jars left B). After seven days

C). When her sons went to sleep D). When the creditor arrived

3245. What did Elisha tell the widow to do with the oil?

A). Give it to the company of the prophets B). Offer it at the temple

C). Keep it for the coming famine D). Sell it, pay her debts, and live on what was left

3246. In which town did a well-to-do woman often give Elisha a meal?

A). Jericho B). Bethel C). Shunem D). Gilgal

3247. What did the Shunammite woman and her husband make for Elisha?

A). A new cloak B). A small room on the roof C). A tent in their field D). A chariot

3248. What was the name of Elisha's servant?

A). Gehazi B). Obadiah C). Naaman D). Baruch

3249. What did Elisha promise the Shunammite woman?

A). Her husband would become rich B). Her land would never have famine

C). She would hold a son in her arms about that time next year D). She would see the king

3250. Where did the Shunammite woman lay her dead son?

A). On the bed of the man of God B). At the city gate C). In the field with the reapers

D). In the tomb of his father

3251. Where did the Shunammite woman go to find Elisha?

A). Samaria B). The Jordan C). Jericho D). Mount Carmel

3252. When the woman took hold of Elisha's feet, who came to push her away?

A). Her husband B). Gehazi C). A company of prophets D). Her servant

3253. What did Gehazi lay on the boy's face?

A). Elisha's staff B). Elisha's cloak C). A cloth with oil D). A loaf of bread

3254. What did Elisha do first when he entered the room with the dead boy?

A). He called the boy's name B). He anointed him with oil

C). He sent for the boy's father D). He shut the door and prayed to the LORD

3255. What did the boy do before he opened his eyes?

A). He cried out loud B). He asked for water C). He sneezed seven times

D). He called for his mother

3256. When the prophets ate the stew, they cried out: "Man of God, there is _____ in the pot!"

A). poison B). death C). sand D). a snake

3257. What did Elisha put into the pot to make the stew safe to eat?

A). Flour B). Salt C). Oil D). Water

3258. Where did the man come from who brought Elisha twenty loaves of barley bread?

A). Shunem B). Gilgal C). Jericho D). Baal Shalishah

3259. What happened when twenty loaves were set before a hundred men?

A). There was only enough for half of them B). The bread turned into fish

C). They ate and had some left over, as the LORD said D). The men refused to eat

3260. Why did Elisha tell the king to send Naaman to him?

A). So Elisha could receive his gifts B). So Elisha could punish Naaman

C). So Naaman would make peace with Israel

D). So Naaman would know there is a prophet in Israel

3261. How many times did Elisha tell Naaman to wash in the Jordan?

A). Three times B). Twelve times C). Seven times D). Once

3262. Why did Naaman go away angry at first?

A). Elisha asked him for too much money

B). He expected Elisha to come out and heal him with a wave of his hand

C). Elisha refused to see him at all D). The king of Israel insulted him

3263. What did Elisha do when Naaman offered him a gift?

A). He refused to accept anything B). He took only the silver C). He gave it to the poor

D). He sent it to the king of Israel

3264. When Elisha asked where he had been, Gehazi answered: "Your servant didn't go _____."

A). far B). to Naaman C). out D). anywhere

3265. What happened to Gehazi because of his greed and lies?

A). He was put in prison B). He was sent back to Aram

C). Naaman's leprosy came upon him D). He lost all his money

3266. Why did the company of the prophets want to go to the Jordan?

A). They wanted to be baptised

B). Their meeting place was too small, so they wanted to cut poles to build a new one

C). They were escaping the army of Aram D). They wanted to fish for food

3267. What fell into the water while one of the prophets was cutting down a tree?

A). The iron axe head B). His cloak C). A bag of silver D). His sandal

3268. The prophet cried out about the axe head: "Oh no, my lord! It was _____!"

A). new B). my father's C). expensive D). borrowed

3269. What did Elisha throw into the water to make the iron float?

A). A stone B). Salt C). A stick D). His cloak

3270. How did Elisha help the king of Israel during the war with Aram?

A). He led the army into battle

B). He warned him where the Arameans were setting up camp

C). He called down fire on Aram D). He made peace with the king of Aram

3271. According to one of his officers, how did the king of Israel know the plans of the king of Aram?

A). Elisha told him the very words the king of Aram spoke in his bedroom

B). A spy in Aram's army sent him messages C). He captured Aram's letters

D). An angel appeared to him

3272. In which town was Elisha when the army of Aram surrounded it?

A). Samaria B). Jericho C). Shunem D). Dothan

3273. Elisha told his frightened servant: "Don't be afraid. Those who are with us are _____ than those who are with them."

A). stronger B). braver C). more D). wiser

3274. After Elisha prayed, what did his servant see on the hills?

A). An army of angels with swords B). Horses and chariots of fire C). A pillar of cloud

D). A great flood

3275. What did Elisha ask the LORD to do for his servant?

A). Open his eyes so he could see B). Give him courage to fight

C). Make the enemy go away D). Hide them from the army

3276. What did the LORD do to the Aramean soldiers when Elisha prayed?

A). He sent fire on them B). He made them fall asleep

C). He scattered them with a storm D). He struck them with blindness

3277. Where did Elisha lead the blinded Aramean army?

A). Dothan B). Damascus C). Samaria D). Jericho

3278. What did Elisha tell the king of Israel to do with the captured Aramean soldiers?

A). Kill them with the sword

B). Give them food and water and send them back to their master C). Keep them as slaves

D). Put them in prison

3279. During the famine, what did the king of Israel want to do to Elisha?

A). Make him the leader of the army B). Cut off his head C). Send him to Ben-Hadad
D). Put him in prison

3280. Who was sitting with Elisha in his house when the king's messenger was coming?

A). The elders B). The company of the prophets C). Gehazi and his family
D). The Shunammite woman

3281. What did Elisha say would happen at the gate of Samaria about that time the next day?

A). The king of Aram would surrender B). Rain would fall and end the famine
C). Fine flour and barley would sell for a shekel D). The city walls would fall

3282. Who doubted Elisha's word, asking whether it could happen even if the LORD opened the floodgates of heaven?

A). The king of Israel B). The officer on whose arm the king was leaning
C). One of the men with leprosy D). Gehazi

3283. Elisha told the doubting officer: "You will see it with your own eyes, but you will not _____ any of it!"

A). eat B). buy C). touch D). sell

3284. After the people plundered the camp, how was Elisha's prophecy fulfilled?

A). The king of Aram was captured B). The officer became rich
C). Flour and barley sold for a shekel, as the LORD had said D). The lepers were healed

3285. What happened to the officer who doubted Elisha's word?

A). He became the new king B). The people trampled him in the gateway and he died
C). He was taken captive by Aram D). He repented and was forgiven

3286. How long did Elisha say the famine decreed by the LORD would last?

A). Three years B). Forty days C). Twelve years D). Seven years

3287. Where did the Shunammite woman go to live during the famine?

A). Egypt B). Moab C). The land of the Philistines D). Aram

3288. Who was telling the king about Elisha's great deeds when the Shunammite woman arrived?

A). Gehazi B). Hazael C). Naaman D). The captain of fifty

3289. Which king of Aram was ill when Elisha went to Damascus?

A). Hazael B). Rezin C). Ben-Hadad D). Mesha

3290. Whom did Ben-Hadad send to Elisha to ask if he would recover?

A). Naaman B). Hazael C). Gehazi D). Jehu

3291. How many camel-loads of gifts did Hazael take to Elisha?

A). Forty B). Seven C). Twelve D). Ten

3292. Why did Elisha weep when he looked at Hazael?

A). He was sad that Ben-Hadad would die B). Hazael had insulted him
C). He missed Elijah D). He knew the harm Hazael would do to the Israelites

3293. What did the LORD show Elisha about Hazael's future?

A). He would become a prophet B). He would be killed in battle
C). He would become king of Aram D). He would move to Israel

3294. Where did Elisha send a young prophet to anoint Jehu?

A). Ramoth Gilead B). Jezreel C). Samaria D). Dothan

3295. What was the young prophet told to do right after anointing Jehu?

A). Stay and eat with Jehu B). Announce it to the army C). Open the door and run
D). Go straight to Jezreel

3296. When Elisha was ill, King Jehoash wept over him and said: "My father! My father! The chariots and _____ of Israel!"

A). soldiers B). prophets C). kings D). horsemen

3297. What did Elisha tell King Jehoash to get?

A). A sword and a shield B). A jar of oil C). A bow and some arrows D). A trumpet

3298. After the arrow was shot through the east window, what did Elisha call it?

A). The arrow of judgment on Israel B). The LORD's arrow of victory over Aram
C). The sign of peace D). The arrow of Elijah

3299. How many times did Jehoash strike the ground with the arrows?

A). Three times B). Five times C). Seven times D). Once

3300. Why was Elisha angry with Jehoash?

A). He shot the arrow the wrong way B). He did not bring enough arrows
C). He refused to strike the ground
D). He should have struck the ground five or six times to completely destroy Aram

3301. What happened when a dead man's body touched Elisha's bones?

A). The tomb was filled with light B). The bones turned to dust
C). The man came to life and stood up D). The raiders ran away

3302. Why did the Israelites throw a man's body into Elisha's tomb?

A). Elisha had asked for it B). They saw a band of Moabite raiders coming
C). It was the family tomb D). The priests told them to

3303. Which leper did Jesus say was cleansed in the time of Elisha?

A). Gehazi B). Uzziah C). Naaman the Syrian D). Miriam

Elisheba

3304. Whom did Aaron marry?

A). Zipporah B). Elisheba C). Jochebed D). Miriam

Elizabeth

3305. What was the name of Zechariah's wife?

A). Mary B). Anna C). Hannah D). Elizabeth

3306. Why did Zechariah and Elizabeth have no children?

A). They had disobeyed God B). Elizabeth was not able to conceive and both were very old

C). They lived far from the temple D). Zechariah was always away serving

3307. What did the angel tell Zechariah to name his son?

A). John B). Jesus C). Samuel D). Zechariah

3308. In which month of Elizabeth's pregnancy was Gabriel sent to Mary?

A). The third month B). The sixth month C). The ninth month D). The first month

3309. What happened when Elizabeth heard Mary's greeting?

A). Elizabeth began to cry

B). The baby leaped in her womb and she was filled with the Holy Spirit

C). Zechariah could speak again D). An angel appeared

3310. About how long did Mary stay with Elizabeth?

A). One week B). About three months C). About six months D). One year

3311. What name did the neighbors want to give Elizabeth's baby?

A). Aaron B). Levi C). Elijah D). Zechariah

Elkanah

3312. Who was Hannah's husband?

A). Eli B). Jeroham C). Elkanah D). Phinehas

3313. What was the name of Elkanah's other wife, who had children?

A). Peninnah B). Rachel C). Leah D). Orpah

3314. Where did Elkanah go each year to worship and sacrifice to the LORD?

A). Bethel B). Jerusalem C). Gilgal D). Shiloh

3315. What did Elkanah give Hannah at the yearly sacrifice because he loved her?

A). A new robe B). A double portion C). A silver ring D). A lamb of her own

3316. Elkanah asked Hannah, "Don't I mean more to you than ___ sons?"

A). two B). seven C). twelve D). ten

3317. After Elkanah went home to Ramah, what did the boy Samuel do?

A). He went back with his family B). He tended sheep C). He studied with the prophets D). He ministered before the LORD under Eli

Elnathan

3318. Which officials urged the king not to burn the scroll?

A). Pashhur, Hananiah and Shemaiah B). Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah C). Baruch, Seraiah and Neriah D). Ahikam, Gedaliah and Ishmael

Elon

3319. Elon, who led Israel ten years, was from which tribe?

A). Naphtali B). Issachar C). Asher D). Zebulun

3320. In what order did these judges lead Israel?

A). Ibzan, Jephthah, Abdon, Elon B). Elon, Abdon, Jephthah, Ibzan C). Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon D). Abdon, Elon, Ibzan, Jephthah

Elymas

3321. Which sorcerer and false prophet opposed Barnabas and Saul at Paphos?

A). Simon B). Demetrius C). Sceva D). Bar-Jesus, also called Elymas

3322. "Then Saul, who was also called _____, filled with the Holy Spirit, looked straight at Elymas."

A). Peter B). Silas C). Paul D). Barnabas

3323. What happened to Elymas after Paul rebuked him?

A). He became blind for a time B). He fell down dead C). He was taken to prison D). He was healed

Enoch

3324. Which man walked faithfully with God and was taken away so that he did not experience death?

A). Methuselah B). Lamech C). Enoch D). Jared

3325. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Noah?

A). Shem B). Ham C). Japheth D). Enoch

3326. Who was taken from this life by faith, so that he did not experience death?

A). Elijah B). Noah C). Methuselah D). Enoch

3327. Which man, described as "the seventh from Adam," prophesied about the Lord coming with thousands of His holy ones?

A). Noah B). Methuselah C). Enoch D). Seth

Epaphras

3328. From whom did the Colossians learn the gospel?

A). Apollos B). Epaphras C). Tychicus D). Onesimus

3329. What did Paul say Epaphras was always doing for the Colossians?

A). Writing them letters B). Wrestling in prayer for them C). Collecting money for them
D). Building a church for them

3330. Who did Paul call his "fellow prisoner in Christ Jesus" in this letter?

A). Epaphras B). Demas C). Luke D). Mark

Epaphroditus

3331. Which messenger from the Philippians did Paul send back to them?

A). Epaphroditus B). Epaphras C). Onesimus D). Tychicus

3332. What happened to Epaphroditus, and how did God respond?

A). He was imprisoned, and God freed him
B). He became ill almost to death, and God had mercy on him
C). He was shipwrecked, and God saved him D). He was stoned, and God healed him

3333. Who brought the gifts from the Philippians to Paul?

A). Epaphroditus B). Timothy C). Silas D). Luke

Epenetus

3334. Who does Paul call the first convert to Christ in the province of Asia?

A). Rufus B). Epenetus C). Gaius D). Erastus

Ephraim

3335. What were the names of the two sons born to Joseph in Egypt?

A). Perez and Zerah B). Gershom and Eliezer C). Ephraim and Manasseh
D). Dan and Naphtali

3336. Which two sons did Joseph bring to his father Jacob to be blessed?

A). Ephraim and Manasseh B). Perez and Zerah C). Reuben and Simeon
D). Dan and Gad

3337. What did Jacob declare about Joseph's sons Ephraim and Manasseh?

A). That they would return to Canaan alone B). That they would serve their uncles
C). That they would receive no inheritance
D). That they would be counted as his own sons, like Reuben and Simeon

3338. What unusual thing did Jacob do with his hands when blessing the boys?

A). He held them behind his back
B). He crossed his arms, putting his right hand on the younger son
C). He raised both hands over his head D). He placed both hands on the older son

3339. How did Jacob respond when Joseph tried to move his right hand to the older son?

A). He refused, saying the younger would become greater
B). He agreed and switched his hands C). He stopped the blessing
D). He blessed only the older son

3340. Why were Ezer and Elead, sons of Ephraim, killed by the men of Gath?

A). They refused to pay tribute B). They attacked the city walls
C). They went down to seize the livestock of Gath D). They worshiped the gods of Gath

3341. What did Ephraim do after his sons Ezer and Elead were killed?

A). He went to war against Gath B). He moved to Egypt C). He offered sacrifices
D). He mourned for many days

3342. Why did Ephraim name his new son Beriah?

A). Because there had been misfortune in his family
B). Because God had answered his prayer C). Because the boy was born in a strange land
D). Because the boy was very strong

3343. What is Sheerah, Ephraim's daughter, remembered for?

A). Hiding the spies B). Building Lower and Upper Beth Horon and Uzzen Sheerah
C). Leading Israel as a judge D). Singing a song of victory

3344. Which famous leader from the tribe of Ephraim is named as the son of Nun?

A). Caleb B). Gideon C). Joshua D). Samuel

Ephron

3345. What specific property did Abraham ask to buy for a burial site?

A). The cave of Machpelah B). A field near Bethel C). A well at Beersheba
D). A hillside in Moriah

3346. Who owned the cave that Abraham wanted to buy?

A). Abimelek B). Mamre the Amorite C). Lot D). Ephron the Hittite

3347. How much silver did Abraham pay Ephron for the field and cave?

A). One hundred shekels B). Two hundred shekels C). Four hundred shekels
D). One thousand shekels

Er

3348. Who was Tamar first given to as a wife?

A). Onan B). Shelah C). Er D). Perez

3349. Why did Er, Judah's firstborn, die?

A). He was killed in battle
B). He was wicked in the Lord's sight, so the Lord put him to death C). He died of an illness
D). He was struck by an accident

3350. Why did the LORD put Er, Judah's firstborn, to death?

A). He refused to obey his father B). He was wicked in the LORD's sight
C). He married a foreign woman D). He worshiped idols in Egypt

Erastus

3351. Which person, the city's director of public works, sent greetings?

A). Gaius B). Erastus C). Quartus D). Tertius

Esarhaddon

3352. The enemies said they had been sacrificing to God since the time of which king of Assyria?

A). Sennacherib B). Esarhaddon C). Tiglath-Pileser D). Shalmaneser

3353. Who killed Sennacherib while he was worshiping in the temple of his god Nisrok?

A). His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer B). The king of Babylon C). Hezekiah's soldiers
D). His own servants from Egypt

Esau

3354. What were the names of Isaac and Rebekah's twin sons?

A). Cain and Abel B). Esau and Jacob C). Perez and Zerah
D). Ephraim and Manasseh

3355. How were Esau and Jacob different from each other?

A). Esau was a farmer, and Jacob was a fisherman
B). Esau was a shepherd, and Jacob was a builder
C). Esau was a priest, and Jacob was a soldier
D). Esau was a skillful hunter, and Jacob stayed among the tents

3356. What did Esau trade to Jacob for a meal of bread and lentil stew?

A). His flock of sheep B). His birthright C). His father's blessing
D). His hunting bow

3357. What did Isaac ask Esau to do before receiving his blessing?

A). Bring water from the well B). Gather the flocks C). Build an altar
D). Hunt wild game and prepare a tasty meal

3358. Who planned for Jacob to receive the blessing meant for Esau?

A). Rebekah, his mother B). Isaac, his father C). Laban, his uncle D). A servant

3359. Why was Jacob worried about pretending to be Esau?

A). Esau was taller than him B). Esau spoke differently
C). Esau was a hairy man while Jacob had smooth skin D). Esau was older

3360. What did Rebekah use to make Jacob feel like Esau to his father?

A). Wool blankets B). A false beard C). Sheep's clothing
D). Goatskins on his hands and neck, and Esau's clothes

3361. What did Isaac say when he noticed something strange about the son before him?

A). The voice is Jacob's, but the hands are Esau's B). You do not sound like my son
C). Your clothes smell wrong D). You have come too soon

3362. How did Esau react when he learned Jacob had taken his blessing?

A). He laughed it off B). He cried out with a loud and bitter cry C). He said nothing
D). He left quietly

3363. Why did Esau hold a grudge against Jacob?

A). Jacob had stolen his flocks B). Jacob had insulted their mother
C). Jacob had left without saying goodbye D). Jacob had taken the blessing their father gave

3364. What did Rebekah tell Jacob to do because Esau planned to kill him?

A). Flee to her brother Laban in Harran B). Hide in the fields
C). Ask Esau for forgiveness D). Go down to Egypt

3365. What did Esau do when he saw that Canaanite wives displeased his father?

A). He sent his wives away B). He followed Jacob to Harran C). He built an altar
D). He married a daughter of Ishmael

3366. To whom did Jacob send messengers ahead of him?

A). His father Isaac B). Laban C). The king of Edom D). His brother Esau

3367. What news did the messengers bring back about Esau?

A). Esau had already left the region B). Esau refused to see Jacob
C). Esau was coming with four hundred men D). Esau had sent gifts to Jacob

3368. In his prayer, what did Jacob ask God to do?

A). To destroy Esau's men B). To send him back to Laban C). To give him more flocks
D). To save him from the hand of his brother Esau

3369. What did Jacob prepare to send to Esau to win his favor?

A). Gold and silver B). His finest clothing C). Grain and wine
D). A gift of livestock from his herds

3370. Whom did Jacob see coming toward him with four hundred men?

A). Laban B). Isaac C). The king of Shechem D). Esau

3371. What did Jacob do as he approached his brother Esau?

A). He bowed down to the ground seven times B). He ran away in fear
C). He sent a servant to speak for him D). He offered Esau his flocks first

3372. How did Esau respond when he met Jacob?

A). He attacked him B). He turned away in anger C). He demanded payment
D). He ran to meet him and embraced him

3373. What was Esau's first response to the gift of animals Jacob sent?

A). He refused, saying he already had plenty B). He demanded more
C). He took them and left D). He gave them to his men

3374. Why did Jacob urge Esau to accept his gift?

A). Because God had been gracious to him and he had all he needed
B). To repay a debt he owed C). To buy back his birthright
D). Because Esau demanded it

3375. Why did Jacob decline to travel at Esau's pace?

A). He wanted to stay away from Esau
B). The children were tender and the young animals needed a gentle pace
C). He feared Esau's men D). He was too tired to travel

3376. Who died at the end of this chapter and was buried by Esau and Jacob?

A). Abraham B). Laban C). Isaac D). Ishmael

3377. Esau, whose descendants are listed in this chapter, is also known by what other name?

A). Israel B). Edom C). Seir D). Moab

3378. In what hill country did Esau settle, away from his brother Jacob?

A). Canaan B). Goshen C). Moriah D). Seir

3379. Why did Esau move away from Jacob to a separate land?

A). Jacob forced him to leave B). God commanded him to go

C). Their possessions were too great for the land to support them both

D). He wanted to avoid the people of Canaan

3380. Esau is named in this chapter as the father of which people?

A). The Moabites B). The Ammonites C). The Edomites D). The Ishmaelites

3381. What does the chapter note about the kings of Edom listed here?

A). They ruled before any king reigned over the Israelites

B). They were all descendants of Jacob C). They ruled at the same time as King David

D). They were appointed by Esau himself

3382. God told Israel not to provoke the people of Seir because that land had been given to the descendants of whom?

A). Lot B). Ishmael C). Nahor D). Esau

3383. The sons of Isaac are listed as Esau and who?

A). Israel B). Ishmael C). Reuben D). Joseph

3384. In which land did kings reign before any Israelite king reigned?

A). Egypt B). Moab C). Edom D). Assyria

3385. What does 1 Chronicles 1 mainly record?

A). The laws God gave at Mount Sinai

B). Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel

C). The battles of King David D). The building of the temple

3386. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Israel listed in 1 Chronicles 2?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Esau D). Benjamin

3387. Why would Edom be covered with shame?

A). Because it refused to pay tribute to Assyria

B). Because of the violence against its brother Jacob C). Because it built altars to Baal

D). Because it attacked Egypt

3388. In Obadiah 18, the house of Jacob is a fire and the house of Joseph a flame. What is the house of Esau?

A). Ashes B). Water C). Smoke D). Stubble

3389. God said, "I have loved Jacob, but ___ I have hated." Who completes this?

A). Laban B). Ishmael C). Lot D). Esau

3390. When Israel asked, "How have you loved us?", what did God point to as proof?

A). The fall of Babylon B). His choice of Jacob over Esau

C). The rebuilding of the temple D). The gift of rain

3391. According to Hebrews 11:20, by faith Isaac blessed which two sons in regard to their future?

A). Ephraim and Manasseh B). Cain and Abel C). Jacob and Esau
D). Moses and Aaron

3392. According to Hebrews 12:16, who sold his inheritance rights as the oldest son for a single meal?

A). Jacob B). Reuben C). Ishmael D). Esau

Esh-Baal

3393. Which of these is NOT listed as a son of Saul in 1 Chronicles 8:33?

A). Jonathan B). Malki-Shua C). Abinadab D). Abner

Esther

3394. What was Esther's other name?

A). Hadassah B). Abigail C). Naomi D). Zeresh

3395. Who raised Esther because she had no father or mother?

A). Hegai B). Mordecai C). King Xerxes D). Abihail

3396. How was Mordecai related to Esther?

A). He was her uncle B). He was her brother C). He was her cousin
D). He was her grandfather

3397. Why did Esther not reveal her nationality and family background?

A). She had forgotten them B). Hegai told her to keep them secret
C). She was ashamed of her family D). Mordecai had forbidden her to tell

3398. When Esther's turn came to go to the king, what did she ask for?

A). Fine jewels and robes B). Nothing other than what Hegai suggested
C). Her cousin Mordecai to go with her D). Seven maids to walk beside her

3399. What did King Xerxes do because he was attracted to Esther more than to any of the other women?

A). He sent her back to Mordecai B). He gave her a province to rule
C). He set a royal crown on her head and made her queen
D). He made her one of his advisers

3400. What did King Xerxes give to celebrate Esther becoming queen?

A). A great banquet called Esther's banquet B). A new palace in Susa
C). A parade through all 127 provinces D). A gift of land to Mordecai

3401. After Mordecai learned about the plot to kill the king, what happened next?

A). He told the king himself at the gate

B). He told Queen Esther, who reported it to the king and gave Mordecai credit

C). He told Hegai, who arrested the men D). He kept it secret until later

3402. What did Esther send to Mordecai when she heard he was in sackcloth?

A). Food and water B). A letter from the king C). Money for a lawyer

D). Clothes to put on instead of sackcloth

3403. Which of the king's eunuchs did Esther send to find out what was troubling Mordecai?

A). Hathak B). Hegai C). Harbona D). Shaashgaz

3404. What did Mordecai give Hathak to show to Esther?

A). The king's signet ring B). A copy of the text of the edict to destroy the Jews

C). A letter from Haman D). A list of the Jews in Susa

3405. What did Mordecai urge Esther to do?

A). Leave the palace and hide B). Write a letter to Haman

C). Go to the king, beg for mercy and plead for her people D). Pray in the temple

3406. What would happen to anyone who went to the king in the inner court without being called, unless the king spared them?

A). They would be put in prison B). They would lose their position

C). They would be sent away from Susa D). They would be put to death

3407. How long had it been since Esther had been called to go to the king?

A). Seven days B). Thirty days C). Three months D). One year

3408. And who knows but that you have come to your royal position for such a ___ as this?

A). day B). reason C). time D). purpose

3409. What did Mordecai warn Esther would happen if she stayed silent?

A). The king would remove her crown B). Haman would find out she was a Jew

C). Mordecai would go to the king himself

D). Relief would come for the Jews from another place, but she and her family would perish

3410. For how many days did Esther ask the Jews in Susa to fast for her?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). One day D). Forty days

3411. I will go to the king, even though it is against the law. And if I ___, I ___.

A). fall B). perish C). fail D). die

3412. On which day of the fast did Esther put on her royal robes and stand in the king's inner court?

A). The first day B). The third day C). The seventh day D). The tenth day

3413. What did King Xerxes hold out to Esther when he saw her standing in the court?

A). His signet ring B). His royal crown C). The gold scepter D). A cup of wine

3414. What did Esther do after the king held out the gold scepter to her?

A). She approached and touched the tip of the scepter B). She bowed and left the court
C). She knelt and kissed the king's feet D). She handed him a letter

3415. What is your request? Even up to ___ the kingdom, it will be given you.

A). all of B). a third of C). a province of D). half

3416. What did Esther first ask the king to do?

A). Remove Haman from power B). Come with Haman to a banquet she had prepared
C). Cancel the edict against the Jews D). Honor Mordecai

3417. When the king asked Esther for her request at the first banquet, what did she do?

A). She told him everything about Haman's plot
B). She asked him to make Mordecai a noble
C). She invited the king and Haman to another banquet the next day
D). She asked for the gold scepter

3418. What happened while Zeresh and the advisers were still talking with Haman?

A). The king's eunuchs came and hurried him to Esther's banquet
B). Mordecai came to his house C). The pole fell down
D). A letter arrived from the king

3419. What did Queen Esther ask the king for at the second banquet?

A). A new palace B). Her life and the lives of her people C). Riches for Mordecai
D). Half the kingdom

3420. Esther said she would have kept quiet if her people had only been sold as what?

A). Servants in the palace B). Soldiers for the king C). Male and female slaves
D). Workers in the fields

3421. How did King Xerxes react when Esther told him her people were to be destroyed?

A). He asked who had dared to do such a thing B). He said the law could not be changed
C). He blamed Esther D). He sent for Mordecai

3422. Whom did Esther name as the enemy of her people?

A). Memukan B). Hathak C). Bigthana D). Haman

3423. What was Haman doing when the king came back from the palace garden?

A). Running away from the palace B). Writing a new decree
C). Falling on the couch where Esther was reclining, begging for his life
D). Talking with his wife Zeresh

3424. What did King Xerxes give to Queen Esther on the day Haman died?

A). A new crown B). Haman's estate C). A province to rule D). The gold scepter

3425. Whom did Esther appoint over Haman's estate?

A). Hathak B). Harbona C). Mordecai D). Hegai

3426. Why did Esther fall at the king's feet weeping, even after Haman was dead?

A). She wanted Haman's sons punished B). She was afraid the king was angry with her
C). She wanted Mordecai to be made king
D). She begged him to put an end to Haman's evil plan against the Jews

3427. Why could the king not simply cancel Haman's first decree?

A). A document written in the king's name and sealed with his ring could not be revoked
B). Haman's sons still had the signet ring C). The decree had already been carried out
D). The nobles refused to allow it

3428. What did Esther ask the king for after the first day of fighting?

A). Mercy for Haman's family B). A new palace in Susa
C). Another day in Susa for the Jews and Haman's ten sons impaled on poles
D). Freedom for all the Jews to return to Jerusalem

3429. Who, along with Mordecai, wrote with full authority to confirm the letter about Purim?

A). Queen Esther B). King Xerxes C). Hathak D). Harbona

Ethan

3430. Solomon was wiser than which famous wise man, who is named as an Ezrahite?

A). Ethan B). Nathan C). Asaph D). Ahithophel

3431. Which of these was NOT one of the three musicians named to sound the bronze cymbals?

A). Heman B). Asaph C). Ethan D). Kenaniah

3432. According to the title of Psalm 89, who wrote this maskil?

A). Heman the Ezrahite B). Asaph C). Ethan the Ezrahite D). Solomon

3433. Complete the verse: "I will sing of the LORD's great ___ forever."

A). love B). power C). name D). works

3434. According to Psalm 89:3-4, with which servant did God make a covenant to establish his line forever?

A). Moses B). David C). Abraham D). Solomon

3435. According to Psalm 89:9, what does God do when the waves of the sea mount up?

A). He makes them higher B). He sends them to the land C). He hides from them
D). He stills them

3436. According to Psalm 89:12, which two mountains sing for joy at God's name?

A). Tabor and Hermon B). Sinai and Horeb C). Zion and Moriah
D). Ebal and Gerizim

3437. According to Psalm 89:14, what two things are the foundation of God's throne?

A). Power and glory B). Love and mercy C). Righteousness and justice
D). Wisdom and strength

3438. In Psalm 89:20, God says He anointed David with what?

A). His sacred oil B). Fresh water C). Royal wine D). Holy fire

3439. According to Psalm 89:26, what will David call out to God?

A). "You are my King and my Judge" B). "You are my Father, my God, the Rock my Savior"
C). "You are my Shepherd and my Light" D). "You are my Shield and my Sword"

3440. According to Psalm 89:30-32, what will God do if David's sons forsake His law?

A). Forget His covenant forever B). Choose another family C). Destroy all of Israel
D). Punish their sin with the rod

3441. Complete the verse: "I will not violate my ___ or alter what my lips have uttered."

A). law B). covenant C). throne D). temple

3442. In Psalm 89:37, what is called the faithful witness in the sky?

A). The sun B). The stars C). The rainbow D). The moon

3443. What are the last words of Psalm 89?

A). "Amen and Amen" B). "Hallelujah" C). "Selah" D). "The LORD reigns"

Ethiopian eunuch

3444. Whom did Philip meet on the desert road?

A). A Roman centurion B). A priest from Jerusalem
C). An Ethiopian eunuch, an official of Queen Candace D). A merchant from Damascus

3445. Which prophet's book was the Ethiopian reading in his chariot?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Daniel D). Ezekiel

3446. Philip asked if he understood what he was reading. He said, "How can I, unless someone _____ me?"

A). explains it to B). reads it to C). teaches it to D). shows it to

3447. The passage he was reading said: "He was led like a _____ to the slaughter."

A). lamb B). goat C). calf D). sheep

3448. Starting with that Scripture, what did Philip tell the Ethiopian?

A). The history of Ethiopia B). The rules of the temple C). The good news about Jesus
D). The story of Moses

3449. What happened when they came to some water?

A). The chariot broke down B). Philip baptized the Ethiopian C). They washed their feet
D). The Ethiopian gave Philip water

3450. What happened to Philip when they came up out of the water?

A). The Spirit of the Lord suddenly took him away B). He went with the Ethiopian to Africa
C). He returned to Jerusalem D). He fell asleep

Eunice

3451. Who was Timothy's mother?

A). Eunice B). Lois C). Mary D). Dorcas

Euodia

3452. Which two women did Paul plead with to be of the same mind in the Lord?

A). Mary and Martha B). Euodia and Syntyche C). Lydia and Priscilla
D). Phoebe and Dorcas

Eutychus

3453. Which young man fell asleep and fell from a window while Paul talked?

A). Tychicus B). Eutychus C). Timothy D). Trophimus

3454. From which story of the building did Eutychus fall?

A). The second story B). The roof C). The tenth story D). The third story

3455. Paul threw himself on the young man and said, "Don't be alarmed. He's _____!"

A). asleep B). healed C). alive D). breathing

Eve

3456. What did God use to make the first woman?

A). The dust of the ground B). A handful of clay C). One of the man's ribs
D). A breath of wind

3457. What did the woman do with the fruit from the forbidden tree?

A). She threw it away B). She gave it to the serpent
C). She ate it and gave some to her husband D). She buried it in the garden

3458. What did Adam and Eve use to cover themselves after they sinned?

A). Animal skins B). Fig leaves C). Grass and straw D). Palm branches

3459. Why did Adam and Eve hide when they heard God in the garden?

A). They were tired and resting B). They were afraid because they were naked
C). They were playing a game D). They were looking for the serpent

3460. When God questioned them, whom did the man and the woman each blame?

A). The man blamed the woman, and the woman blamed the serpent
B). They both blamed the serpent
C). The man blamed God, and the woman blamed the man
D). They both admitted their own guilt

3461. What name did Adam give his wife?

A). Sarah B). Hannah C). Eve D). Miriam

3462. What did God make to clothe Adam and Eve?

A). Garments of fig leaves B). Robes of fine linen C). Garments of skin
D). Cloaks of wool

3463. What did God do after sending Adam and Eve out of the Garden of Eden?

A). He destroyed the garden with fire
B). He placed cherubim and a flaming sword to guard the way to the tree of life
C). He allowed them to return each day D). He planted a new garden for them

3464. Who were the first two sons of Adam and Eve?

A). Seth and Enosh B). Shem and Ham C). Jacob and Esau D). Cain and Abel

3465. What son did God give Adam and Eve in place of Abel?

A). Enoch B). Lamech C). Seth D). Jabal

3466. Paul feared the Corinthians might be led astray, just as who was deceived by the serpent?

A). Sarah B). Rebekah C). Eve D). Rachel

3467. Which person did Paul say was formed first?

A). Eve B). Adam C). Abel D). Seth

Ezekiel

3468. Where was Ezekiel among the exiles when the heavens were opened and he saw visions of God?

A). Jordan River B). Kebar River C). Euphrates River D). Nile River

3469. In which year of King Jehoiachin's exile did Ezekiel receive this vision?

A). The third year B). The seventh year C). The fifth year D). The tenth year

3470. Who was Ezekiel's father?

A). Buzi B). Hilkiah C). Amoz D). Shaphan

3471. What was Ezekiel's role before he is described receiving God's word?

A). A king B). A shepherd C). A scribe D). A priest

3472. From which direction did Ezekiel see a windstorm coming?

A). From the south B). From the north C). From the east D). From the west

3473. How many living creatures did Ezekiel see in the storm?

A). Two B). Seven C). Four D). Twelve

3474. Which list gives the four faces each living creature had?

A). Human, lion, ox and eagle B). Human, bear, ox and dove
C). Lion, horse, ox and eagle D). Human, lion, lamb and eagle

3475. How did the wheels beside the living creatures look as if they were made?

A). Like a wheel standing on a pillar B). Like a wheel inside a wheel
C). Like a wheel made of fire D). Like a wheel covered with wings

3476. What were the rims of the wheels full of?

A). Feathers B). Jewels C). Flames D). Eyes

3477. What did the sound of the creatures' wings sound like?

A). The roar of rushing waters B). The blast of a trumpet C). A gentle whisper
D). The sound of a harp

3478. Above the vault over the creatures, what did Ezekiel see that looked like it was made of lapis lazuli?

A). An altar B). A throne C). A chariot D). An ark

3479. The radiance around the figure on the throne looked like what?

A). A burning bush B). A pillar of cloud C). A rainbow in the clouds
D). The full moon

3480. What did Ezekiel do when he saw the likeness of the glory of the LORD?

A). He ran away B). He sang a song C). He built an altar D). He fell facedown

3481. What name did God use when He spoke to Ezekiel?

A). Son of David B). Son of man C). Servant of the LORD D). Man of God

3482. Who came into Ezekiel and raised him to his feet?

A). An angel B). Elijah C). The Spirit D). A living creature

3483. How did God describe the Israelites to whom He was sending Ezekiel?

A). A rebellious nation B). A faithful nation C). A humble nation
D). A forgotten nation

3484. Whether the people listened or not, what did God say they would know?

A). That the exile was over B). That the temple would be rebuilt
C). That God had forgiven them D). That a prophet had been among them

3485. God told Ezekiel not to be afraid even though he lived among what creatures?

A). Scorpions B). Lions C). Snakes D). Wolves

3486. What did God warn Ezekiel not to be like?

A). Proud like the kings of Judah B). Rebellious like the people C). Lazy like a sluggard
D). Fearful like the false prophets

3487. What did Ezekiel see in the hand stretched out to him?

A). A sword B). A golden lamp C). A scroll D). A staff

3488. What was written on both sides of the scroll?

A). Words of praise and joy B). The names of the tribes of Israel C). The law of Moses
D). Words of lament and mourning and woe

3489. What did God tell Ezekiel to eat?

A). Bread B). Honey C). A scroll D). Locusts

3490. How did the scroll taste when Ezekiel ate it?

A). Sweet as honey B). Bitter as gall C). Salty as the sea D). Sour as vinegar

3491. God said that if He had sent Ezekiel to foreign peoples, what would they have done?

A). Attacked him B). Ignored him C). Laughed at him D). Listened to him

3492. God said He would make Ezekiel's forehead like the hardest stone, harder than what?

A). Iron B). Flint C). Bronze D). Granite

3493. At which place near the Kebar River did Ezekiel come to the exiles?

A). Tel Aviv B). Babylon C). Nineveh D). Tahpanhes

3494. How long did Ezekiel sit among the exiles, deeply distressed?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Seven days D). Ten days

3495. Complete God's words: "Son of man, I have made you a _____ for the people of Israel."

A). shepherd B). judge C). king D). watchman

3496. If Ezekiel did not warn a wicked person who then died in their sin, what did God say would happen?

A). The person would be forgiven B). God would hold Ezekiel accountable for their blood
C). Ezekiel would lose his voice D). The city would be destroyed

3497. If Ezekiel warned a wicked person and they did not turn from their wickedness, what would happen to Ezekiel?

A). He would die with them B). He would be sent to another nation
C). He would save himself D). He would be punished

3498. Where did God tell Ezekiel to go so He could speak to him, and where Ezekiel saw the glory of the LORD?

A). To the temple B). To the plain C). To the mountain D). To the riverbank

3499. What did God say He would do to Ezekiel's tongue so that he would be silent?

A). Make it stick to the roof of his mouth B). Touch it with a burning coal C). Cut it out
D). Make it speak only in songs

3500. When would Ezekiel be able to speak to the people again?

A). After seven days B). When the exile ended C). When the people repented
D). When God spoke to him and opened his mouth

3501. Which city did God tell Ezekiel to draw on a clay tablet?

A). Babylon B). Samaria C). Jerusalem D). Nineveh

3502. What did God tell Ezekiel to put between himself and the drawn city, like a wall?

A). An iron pan B). A wooden shield C). A stone slab D). A bronze basin

3503. How many days was Ezekiel to lie on his left side, bearing the sin of Israel?

A). 40 days B). 70 days C). 120 days D). 390 days

3504. How many days was Ezekiel to lie on his right side, bearing the sin of Judah?

A). 7 days B). 40 days C). 12 days D). 100 days

3505. In this sign, what did each day Ezekiel lay on his side stand for?

A). A week B). A month C). A year D). A generation

3506. What did God say He would tie Ezekiel up with so that he could not turn from one side to the other?

A). Chains B). Ropes C). Vines D). Leather straps

3507. Which list gives some of the foods God told Ezekiel to put in a jar to make bread?

A). Corn, rice, oats and peas B). Figs, dates, raisins and olives
C). Wheat, barley, beans and lentils D). Wheat, honey, oil and salt

3508. When Ezekiel objected that he had never defiled himself, what did God let him use instead of human excrement to bake his bread?

A). Cow dung B). Olive wood C). Charcoal D). Dried grass

3509. What did these signs show would happen in Jerusalem?

A). The city would have a great harvest B). The people would flee to Egypt
C). The walls would be rebuilt D). Food and water would become scarce

3510. What did God tell Ezekiel to use as a barber's razor?

A). A knife B). A sharp sword C). A sharp stone D). A spear

3511. What did God tell Ezekiel to use to divide the hair he had shaved off?

A). A basket B). A measuring line C). A set of scales D). A sieve

3512. What was Ezekiel to do with the three parts of his hair?

A). Burn a third, strike a third with the sword, scatter a third to the wind
B). Bury a third, burn a third, throw a third into the river C). Burn all of it inside the city
D). Give a third to the priests, burn a third, keep a third

3513. Where did God tell Ezekiel to tuck a few strands of hair?

A). Under a stone B). Inside a jar C). In his sandals D). In the folds of his garment

3514. Against what did God tell Ezekiel to set his face and prophesy?

A). The mountains of Israel B). The rivers of Babylon C). The walls of Jerusalem
D). The sea of Galilee

3515. What did God tell Ezekiel to do while crying out "Alas!"?

A). Tear his clothes and weep B). Lift his hands to heaven
C). Strike his hands together and stamp his feet D). Bow down to the ground

3516. What did God tell Ezekiel to prepare, because the land was full of bloodshed?

A). Swords B). Chains C). Sackcloth D). Ropes

3517. Who were sitting in front of Ezekiel in his house when the hand of the Sovereign LORD came on him?

A). The priests of Babylon B). The elders of Judah C). The princes of Egypt
D). The sons of the prophets

3518. How did God bring Ezekiel to Jerusalem in this vision?

A). On a chariot of fire B). On the back of a living creature
C). The Spirit lifted him by his hair between earth and heaven
D). An angel carried him on its wings

3519. What stood at the north gate of the inner court of the temple?

A). The idol that provokes to jealousy B). The bronze altar C). A golden lampstand
D). The ark of the covenant

3520. What did God tell Ezekiel to do when he saw a hole in the wall?

A). Look through it B). Close it with stones C). Call the priests D). Dig into the wall

3521. What did Ezekiel see portrayed on the walls inside the room?

A). Crawling things, unclean animals and idols B). Angels, cherubim and palm trees
C). Lions, oxen and eagles D). Kings, warriors and chariots

3522. What did Ezekiel ask God as he fell facedown?

A). When will the exile end? B). Why have You left the temple?
C). Who will rebuild Jerusalem? D). Will You destroy the entire remnant of Israel?

3523. Above the heads of the cherubim, what did Ezekiel see that looked like lapis lazuli?

A). A crown B). A throne C). A cloud D). A lampstand

3524. What did Ezekiel hear the wheels being called?

A). Wheels of fire B). Wheels of glory C). The whirling wheels
D). The living wheels

3525. What did Ezekiel realize about the living creatures he had seen by the Kebar River?

A). They were angels of judgment B). They were cherubim C). They were seraphim
D). They were idols

3526. Who died while Ezekiel was prophesying?

A). Jaazaniah B). Benaiah C). Pelatiah D). Azzur

3527. What did Ezekiel do when Pelatiah died?

A). He ran out of the temple B). He tore his clothes C). He sang a lament
D). He fell facedown and cried out to God

3528. Where did the Spirit bring Ezekiel at the end of the vision?

A). To Jerusalem B). To the exiles in Babylonia C). To the land of Egypt
D). To the Kebar desert

3529. What did God tell Ezekiel to pack, as a sign to the people?

A). Food for a feast B). His belongings for exile C). Weapons for war
D). Gifts for the king

3530. What did God tell Ezekiel to dig through while the people watched?

A). The ground B). A rock C). The wall D). A door

3531. Why did God tell Ezekiel to cover his face as he carried his belongings out at dusk?

A). So he could not see the land B). So no one would know him
C). Because the sun was bright D). Because he was ashamed of his sin

3532. Complete Ezekiel's words to the people: "I am a _____ to you."

A). warning B). prophet C). watchman D). sign

3533. How did God tell Ezekiel to eat his food and drink his water?

A). With trembling and shuddering B). With singing and joy C). In secret at night
D). Only once a day

3534. What did God say about His words when people claimed Ezekiel's visions were for many years ahead?

A). They would come true in a hundred years B). They were only for the nations
C). None of His words would be delayed any longer D). They would be forgotten

3535. Besides the false prophets, who else did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy against?

A). The elders of Judah B). The priests of Baal
C). The daughters of his people who prophesied out of their own imagination
D). The princes of Babylon

3536. Who came to Ezekiel and sat down in front of him at the start of Ezekiel 14?

A). Some of the elders of Israel B). The priests of the temple C). The king's officials
D). The false prophets

3537. What did God tell Ezekiel to set forth to the Israelites in Ezekiel 17?

A). A song and a prayer B). An allegory and a parable C). A law and a decree
D). A vision and a dream

3538. For whom did God tell Ezekiel to take up a lament in Ezekiel 19?

A). The princes of Israel B). The prophets of Judah C). The priests of the temple
D). The people of Babylon

3539. Why did some of the elders of Israel come to Ezekiel in Ezekiel 20?

A). To inquire of the LORD B). To make him king C). To bring him a gift
D). To ask him to leave

3540. Against what did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy at the end of Ezekiel 20?

A). The rivers of Babylon B). The cedars of Lebanon C). The vineyards of Egypt
D). The forest of the southland

3541. What were people saying about Ezekiel at the end of chapter 20?

A). 'Isn't he just telling parables?' B). 'He is a true prophet.' C). 'He must be king.'
D). 'He speaks for Babylon.'

3542. Against which city did God tell Ezekiel to set his face at the start of Ezekiel 21?

A). Babylon B). Jerusalem C). Samaria D). Tyre

3543. Why did God tell Ezekiel to groan with a broken heart in front of the people?

A). Because he was sick B). Because he missed his home
C). Because of the news that was coming D). Because the king had died

3544. What did God call Jerusalem when He told Ezekiel to judge her?

A). The city of peace B). The city of bloodshed C). The city of David
D). The faithful city

3545. Why did God tell Ezekiel to write down the date in Ezekiel 24?

A). It was the day Ezekiel became a prophet
B). The king of Babylon had laid siege to Jerusalem that very day
C). It was the day the exiles returned home D). It was the day the temple was finished

3546. What did God tell Ezekiel to put on the fire in the parable of Ezekiel 24?

A). A lamp B). A bronze altar C). A cooking pot D). A golden bowl

3547. What did God call Ezekiel's wife when He told him He was about to take her away?

A). The crown of your head B). The delight of your eyes C). The joy of your house
D). The light of your home

3548. What did God tell Ezekiel to do when his wife died?

A). Weep loudly and tear his clothes B). Not lament or weep, but groan quietly
C). Leave the city and live in the desert D). Fast for forty days

3549. When did Ezekiel's wife die?

A). The next morning B). Seven days later C). At midnight
D). In the evening after he spoke to the people in the morning

3550. Complete God's words: "Ezekiel will be a _____ to you; you will do just as he has done."

A). prophet B). sign C). watchman D). king

3551. What would happen to Ezekiel's mouth on the day a fugitive came with the news?

A). It would be closed forever B). It would speak only to the king
C). It would be opened, and he would no longer be silent D). It would sing a new song

3552. After Tyre, against which nearby city did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy?

A). Damascus B). Sidon C). Gaza D). Nineveh

3553. Against which ruler did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy in Ezekiel 29?

A). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). The king of Tyre
D). The king of Assyria

3554. To whom did God tell Ezekiel to speak the message of Ezekiel 31?

A). Pharaoh king of Egypt and his hordes B). The king of Assyria
C). The princes of Lebanon D). The king of Tyre

3555. Where did God tell Ezekiel to consign the hordes of Egypt?

A). To the islands of the sea B). To the earth below, with those who go down to the pit
C). To the deserts of Arabia D). To the land of Babylon

3556. What news did the man who escaped from Jerusalem bring to Ezekiel?

A). "The king has repented!" B). "The temple is rebuilt!" C). "The city has fallen!"
D). "Babylon has fled!"

3557. What happened to Ezekiel's mouth the evening before the man from Jerusalem arrived?

A). It was closed for seven days B). He began to sing C). He lost his voice
D). The LORD opened his mouth and he was no longer silent

3558. What did God say the people did with Ezekiel's words?

A). They wrote them on their doors
B). They heard his words but did not put them into practice
C). They taught them to their children D). They burned them

3559. Against which mountain did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy in Ezekiel 35?

A). Mount Seir B). Mount Sinai C). Mount Carmel D). Mount Zion

3560. What was the valley full of when the Spirit of the LORD set Ezekiel there?

A). Water B). Bones C). Sheep D). Flowers

3561. When God asked, "Son of man, can these bones live?" what did Ezekiel answer?

A). "No, they are too dry." B). "Yes, if they are buried."
C). "Sovereign LORD, you alone know." D). "Only if a prophet prays."

3562. Complete what God told Ezekiel to say: "Dry bones, hear the word of the _____!"

A). prophet B). king C). angel D). LORD

3563. What sound did Ezekiel hear as he prophesied to the bones?

A). A rattling sound B). A trumpet blast C). A roar of thunder D). A song of praise

3564. After the bones came together and tendons, flesh and skin covered them, what was still missing?

A). Their eyes B). Their clothes C). Breath D). Their names

3565. From where did God tell Ezekiel to call the breath to come?

A). From heaven above B). From the sea C). From the temple
D). From the four winds

3566. What did God tell Ezekiel to do with the two sticks?

A). Burn them B). Break them C). Plant them
D). Join them into one stick in his hand

3567. What names were written on the two sticks?

A). Judah, and Joseph (Ephraim) B). Israel and Egypt C). Jerusalem and Samaria
D). Levi and Benjamin

3568. Against whom did God tell Ezekiel to set his face in Ezekiel 38?

A). Gog, of the land of Magog B). Pharaoh of Egypt C). The king of Tyre
D). Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon

3569. How long after the city of Jerusalem fell did Ezekiel receive the vision of the temple?

A). Seven years B). Fourteen years C). Twenty-five years D). Forty years

3570. In the visions of God, where did God set Ezekiel down?

A). By the Kebar River B). In the courts of Babylon
C). On a very high mountain in the land of Israel D). In the valley of dry bones

3571. What did the man tell Ezekiel to do with everything he saw?

A). Tell the people of Israel B). Keep it secret C). Write it on the temple wall
D). Tell only the priests

3572. What did Ezekiel see surrounding the temple area?

A). A river B). A wall C). A forest D). A moat of fire

3573. From which direction did Ezekiel see the glory of the God of Israel coming?

A). From the north B). From the east C). From the south D). From the west

3574. What did Ezekiel do when he saw this vision, like the one by the Kebar River?

A). He sang a song B). He ran to tell the priests C). He wrote it on a scroll
D). He fell facedown

3575. After the glory of the LORD entered the temple through the east gate, what happened?

A). The glory of the LORD filled the temple B). The temple doors were shut forever
C). Fire came down on the altar D). The priests began to sing

3576. Why did God tell Ezekiel to describe the temple to the people of Israel?

A). So they would build it in Babylon B). So they would be ashamed of their sins
C). So they would pay for it D). So they would forget the old temple

3577. What did Ezekiel see coming out from under the threshold of the temple?

A). Fire B). Water C). Smoke D). Light

3578. As the man measured further, how did the depth of the water change?

A). Waist-deep, then knee-deep, then ankle-deep B). It stayed ankle-deep
C). Ankle-deep, then knee-deep, then waist-deep, then too deep to cross D). It dried up

3579. What did Ezekiel see on each side of the river?

A). Tall walls B). Large rocks C). Many houses D). A great number of trees

Ezer

3580. Why were Ezer and Elead, sons of Ephraim, killed by the men of Gath?

A). They refused to pay tribute B). They attacked the city walls
C). They went down to seize the livestock of Gath D). They worshiped the gods of Gath

Ezra

3581. During the reign of which king did Ezra come up from Babylon?

A). Cyrus B). Darius C). Artaxerxes D). Nebuchadnezzar

3582. Ezra was a descendant of which chief priest?

A). Eli B). Aaron C). Zadok D). Jeshua

3583. What was Ezra well versed in?

A). The Law of Moses B). The songs of David C). The laws of Persia
D). The wisdom of Babylon

3584. Why did the king grant Ezra everything he asked?

A). Ezra paid the king much gold B). Ezra had saved the king's life
C). The king was afraid of Ezra D). The hand of the LORD his God was on him

3585. In which month did Ezra arrive in Jerusalem after beginning his journey in the first month?

A). The second month B). The fifth month C). The seventh month
D). The tenth month

3586. To what three things had Ezra devoted himself?

A). Fighting, ruling and building B). Singing, feasting and praying
C). Studying, observing and teaching the Law of the LORD
D). Travelling, trading and writing letters

3587. What did King Artaxerxes allow any Israelite in his kingdom to do?

A). Go to Jerusalem with Ezra B). Build a new palace C). Become a Persian official
D). Stop paying the king's taxes

3588. What did Artaxerxes tell Ezra to appoint for the people of Trans-Euphrates?

A). Priests and prophets B). Magistrates and judges C). Soldiers and captains
D). Builders and carpenters

3589. Why did Ezra praise the LORD at the end of the chapter?

A). God had defeated Israel's enemies B). God had given Ezra great riches
C). God had put it into the king's heart to honour the house of the LORD
D). God had made Ezra king

3590. At which canal did Ezra gather the people before the journey to Jerusalem?

A). The Kebar River B). The Ahava Canal C). The Jordan River
D). The Euphrates River

3591. While checking the people at the canal, which group did Ezra find missing?

A). The priests B). The singers C). The Levites D). The family heads

3592. To whom did Ezra send men to ask for ministers for the house of God?

A). Iddo B). Tattenai C). Rehum D). Shecaniah

3593. What did Ezra proclaim at the Ahava Canal before the journey?

A). A great feast B). A census of the people C). A day of singing

D). A fast to humble themselves before God

3594. Why was Ezra ashamed to ask the king for soldiers to protect them?

A). He had told the king God's hand is on those who look to him

B). The king had no soldiers to give C). The soldiers were needed in Egypt

D). The people wanted to travel alone

3595. What happened after the people fasted and prayed about their journey?

A). God sent them a sign in the sky B). God answered their prayer

C). The king sent them an army D). They decided not to go

3596. To whom did Ezra give the silver, gold and articles to carry?

A). Soldiers from the king B). The temple servants C). Twelve leading priests

D). Merchants from Babylon

3597. Complete Ezra's words: "You as well as these articles are _____ to the LORD."

A). given B). promised C). sent D). consecrated

3598. How did the travellers stay safe from enemies and bandits on the way?

A). The hand of their God was on them and protected them B). They travelled only at night

C). The king's army guarded them D). They hid the gold in the ground

3599. What problem did the leaders report to Ezra?

A). The people had stopped building the temple

B). The people had not kept themselves separate from the neighbouring peoples

C). The people had refused to pay taxes D). The people had gone back to Babylon

3600. What did Ezra do when he heard this report?

A). He called for a great feast B). He left Jerusalem at once

C). He tore his clothes and pulled hair from his head and beard

D). He wrote a letter to the king

3601. Who gathered around Ezra as he sat appalled?

A). The king's soldiers B). The neighbouring peoples

C). The prophets Haggai and Zechariah D). Everyone who trembled at the words of God

3602. At what time did Ezra rise and fall on his knees to pray?

A). At the morning sacrifice B). At the evening sacrifice C). At midnight
D). On the Sabbath day

3603. Complete Ezra's prayer: "Our sins are higher than our heads and our guilt has reached to the _____."

A). mountains B). clouds C). heavens D). stars

3604. How did Ezra feel as he began to pray?

A). Too ashamed to lift up his face to God B). Proud of what the people had done
C). Angry with God D). Happy and full of joy

3605. What did Ezra say God had not done, even though the people were slaves?

A). Given them a land B). Sent them prophets C). Heard their prayers
D). Forsaken them

3606. What did Ezra say about the way God had punished his people?

A). God had punished them less than their sins deserved
B). God had punished them too harshly C). God had not punished them at all
D). God had punished only their enemies

3607. What did a large crowd do while Ezra prayed and wept before the house of God?

A). They laughed at him B). They gathered and wept bitterly too C). They went home
D). They ran to tell the king

3608. Complete Shecaniah's words to Ezra: "We will support you, so take _____ and do it."

A). courage B). time C). care D). charge

3609. What did Ezra do in the room of Jehohanan?

A). He wrote to the king B). He counted the gold C). He slept for three days
D). He ate no food and drank no water while he mourned

3610. How did the whole assembly answer Ezra when he told them to confess and separate themselves?

A). They refused to listen B). They asked for more time to think
C). They said, "You are right! We must do as you say." D). They went back to their towns

3611. Whom did the people ask to bring out the Book of the Law of Moses?

A). Nehemiah B). Ezra C). Hanani D). Eliashib

3612. Where did all the people gather to hear the Law read?

A). In the square before the Water Gate B). In the temple courts
C). On the plain of Ono D). By the Pool of Siloam

3613. For how long did Ezra read the Law aloud to the people that day?

A). For one hour B). All night C). From daybreak till noon
D). For seven hours after sunset

3614. What did Ezra stand on while reading the Law?

A). The steps of the temple B). A large rock C). The top of the city wall
D). A high wooden platform built for the occasion

3615. What did all the people do when Ezra opened the book?

A). They stood up B). They sat down C). They shouted D). They left

3616. Complete Nehemiah 8:6: "...and all the people lifted their hands and responded, '_____! _____!'"

A). Hallelujah B). Amen C). Hosanna D). Glory

3617. Why did Nehemiah, Ezra and the Levites tell the people not to mourn or weep?

A). Because the wall was finished B). Because enemies were watching
C). Because the king had sent gifts D). Because the day was holy to the LORD

3618. What did the leaders find written in the Law about the festival of the seventh month?

A). They were to fast for seven days B). They were to offer a lamb each day
C). They were to stay inside their homes D). They were to live in temporary shelters

3619. How many days did they celebrate the festival?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Twelve days D). Forty days

3620. Who led the first procession on the wall?

A). Nehemiah the governor B). Eliashib the high priest C). Ezra the teacher of the Law
D). Hanani

Felix

3621. To which governor was Paul sent?

A). Festus B). Felix C). Pilate D). Gallio

3622. What was the name of the commander who wrote the letter to Felix?

A). Julius B). Cornelius C). Claudius Lysias D). Sergius Paulus

3623. When Felix asked Paul's home province, what did he learn?

A). Galatia B). Cilicia C). Judea D). Asia

3624. Where did Felix order Paul to be kept under guard?

A). The city jail B). Philip's house C). Herod's palace D). The temple

3625. Why did Felix adjourn the case?

A). He was going to Rome B). He was sick C). The accusers left
D). He was well acquainted with the Way and wanted to hear from Lysias

3626. What orders did Felix give the centurion about Paul?

A). Keep him under guard but give him some freedom and let his friends help him
B). Put him in chains in the deepest cell C). Send him to Jerusalem
D). Flog him every day

3627. Who was Felix's wife?

A). Bernice B). Drusilla C). Herodias D). Priscilla

3628. What did Felix and Drusilla listen to Paul speak about?

A). The history of Rome B). The rules of the temple C). Faith in Christ Jesus
D). The prophecy of Agabus

3629. When Paul talked about righteousness, self-control and judgment, how did Felix react?

A). He believed and was baptized B). He became angry and struck Paul
C). He set Paul free D). He was afraid and said, 'That's enough for now!'

3630. Why did Felix often send for Paul?

A). He was hoping Paul would offer him a bribe B). He wanted to become a Christian
C). He liked Paul's stories D). He needed advice

3631. How long did Paul remain in prison under Felix?

A). Six months B). Two years C). Five years D). Forty days

3632. Who succeeded Felix as governor?

A). Herod Agrippa B). Pontius Pilate C). Porcius Festus D). Gallio

Festus

3633. Who succeeded Felix as governor?

A). Herod Agrippa B). Pontius Pilate C). Porcius Festus D). Gallio

3634. How many days after arriving in the province did Festus go up to Jerusalem?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Ten days D). Forty days

3635. Why did the chief priests ask Festus to transfer Paul to Jerusalem?

A). They wanted to set him free B). They were preparing an ambush to kill him on the way
C). They wanted him to preach in the temple D). They wanted to send him to Rome

3636. Where did Festus say Paul was being held, and where the accusers should come?

A). Jerusalem B). Rome C). Caesarea D). Antioch

3637. How long did Festus spend in Jerusalem before going back to Caesarea?

A). Two or three days B). Three months C). One day D). Eight or ten days

3638. What was true of the charges the Jews brought against Paul before Festus?

A). They could not prove them B). They were all proven true C). Paul admitted them
D). They were about money only

3639. What did Festus, wishing to do the Jews a favor, ask Paul?

A). Will you pay a fine? B). Will you leave the province?
C). Are you willing to go up to Jerusalem and stand trial there? D). Will you deny Jesus?

3640. After Festus conferred with his council, he said, "You have appealed to Caesar. To Caesar you will _____!"

A). speak B). go C). answer D). be sent

3641. Which king arrived at Caesarea with Bernice to pay respects to Festus?

A). King Herod Antipas B). King Aretas C). King Agrippa D). King Claudius

3642. What did Festus tell Agrippa was the Roman custom about accused people?

A). They must be handed over at once B). They must pay before trial
C). They must be tried in Jerusalem
D). They must face their accusers and have a chance to defend themselves

3643. According to Festus, the dispute was about a dead man named Jesus whom Paul claimed was what?

A). Alive B). A king C). A prophet D). A Roman

3644. What did Festus say he found about Paul?

A). He was guilty of treason B). He had stolen from the temple
C). He was a danger to Rome D). He had done nothing deserving death

3645. Why did Festus want Agrippa to examine Paul?

A). He had nothing definite to write to His Majesty about him B). Agrippa was Paul's judge
C). Paul asked for Agrippa D). Caesar had ordered it

3646. What did Festus shout during Paul's defense?

A). You are a true prophet! B). Take him away! C). You are out of your mind, Paul!
D). Great is your God!

3647. How did Paul answer Festus?

A). You are right, I am tired B). What I am saying is true and reasonable
C). I will be quiet now D). Ask King Agrippa to decide

3648. What did the rulers agree after Paul's defense?

A). He should be flogged

B). He was not doing anything that deserved death or imprisonment

C). He was a danger to Rome D). He should be sent back to Jerusalem

3649. What did Agrippa say to Festus about Paul?

A). He could have been set free if he had not appealed to Caesar B). He should be killed

C). He should stay in Caesarea forever D). He should become a ruler

Fortunatus

3650. Which three men came to Paul and refreshed his spirit?

A). Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus B). Timothy, Titus and Silas

C). Aquila, Apollos and Erastus D). Crispus, Gaius and Sosthenes

Gaal

3651. Who moved into Shechem and won the trust of its citizens against Abimelek?

A). Gaal son of Ebed B). Zebul C). Jotham D). Purah

3652. Who was the governor of Shechem who secretly warned Abimelek about Gaal?

A). Gaal B). Jether C). Zebul D). Hamor

3653. Complete what Zebul said to Gaal: "You mistake the ___ of the mountains for men."

A). trees B). shadows C). rocks D). clouds

Gabriel

3654. Which angel was told to explain the vision to Daniel?

A). Michael B). Gabriel C). Raphael D). Abaddon

3655. What did Gabriel say the vision was about?

A). The time of Moses B). The building of Babylon C). The time of the end

D). The flood of Noah

3656. How did Daniel react when Gabriel came near him?

A). He ran away B). He laughed C). He asked for a sign

D). He was terrified and fell face down

3657. According to Gabriel, what did the two-horned ram stand for?

A). The kings of Media and Persia B). The kings of Egypt and Assyria

C). The kings of Israel and Judah D). The kings of Babylon and Greece

3658. According to Gabriel, what did the shaggy goat stand for?

A). The king of Persia B). The king of Greece C). The king of Egypt

D). The king of Babylon

3659. What did the four horns that replaced the large horn represent?

A). Four seasons B). Four angels
C). Four kingdoms that would not have the same power
D). Four armies that would conquer the world

3660. How did Gabriel say the fierce king would be destroyed?

A). By the king of Persia B). By a great flood C). By his own soldiers
D). Not by human power

3661. About what time did Gabriel come to Daniel while he was praying?

A). At midnight B). At sunrise C). At noon
D). About the time of the evening sacrifice

3662. What did Gabriel say happened as soon as Daniel began to pray?

A). A word went out, and Gabriel came to tell him B). The temple was rebuilt
C). The king set the Jews free D). Jerusalem was destroyed

3663. How did Gabriel describe Daniel?

A). As a great king B). As highly esteemed C). As a sinner D). As a stranger

3664. How many 'sevens' did Gabriel say were decreed for Daniel's people and the holy city?

A). Seven 'sevens' B). Sixty-two 'sevens' C). Seventy 'sevens' D). Ten 'sevens'

3665. According to Gabriel, the time would be counted from the decree to do what?

A). Destroy Babylon B). Build a palace for Darius C). Free the Jews from Egypt
D). Restore and rebuild Jerusalem

3666. What was the name of the angel who spoke to Zechariah?

A). Michael B). Gabriel C). Raphael D). Uriel

3667. Why was Zechariah unable to speak until John was born?

A). He was sick from the incense B). He made a foolish vow
C). He did not believe the angel's words D). He was afraid of the people

3668. To which town did God send the angel Gabriel to visit Mary?

A). Bethlehem B). Jerusalem C). Capernaum D). Nazareth

3669. In which month of Elizabeth's pregnancy was Gabriel sent to Mary?

A). The third month B). The sixth month C). The ninth month D). The first month

3670. What name did Gabriel tell Mary to give her son?

A). John B). Emmanuel C). Jesus D). David

3671. Gabriel said God would give Jesus the throne of which ancestor?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Solomon D). David

3672. How did Gabriel say Mary would conceive?

A). Through Joseph after the wedding B). The Holy Spirit would come on her
C). Through a special offering D). By praying in the temple

3673. Complete Gabriel's words: 'For no word from God will ever ___.'

A). fail B). change C). end D). pass

3674. How did Mary answer Gabriel's message?

A). She asked for a sign from heaven B). She ran to tell Joseph
C). She laughed in disbelief
D). She said, 'I am the Lord's servant. May your word to me be fulfilled.'

Gad

3675. Which prophet told David to leave the stronghold and go into Judah?

A). Samuel B). Nathan C). Ahijah D). Gad

3676. Which prophet, David's seer, brought the LORD's message to David?

A). Nathan B). Gad C). Samuel D). Ahijah

3677. Which of these was one of the three choices of judgment Gad offered David?

A). Three days of plague B). Seven years of drought C). Forty days of darkness
D). Losing Jerusalem to the Philistines

3678. Where did Gad tell David to build an altar to the LORD?

A). On Mount Zion B). At Gibeon C). On the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite
D). At Bethlehem

3679. Which seer did the LORD use to give David three choices of punishment?

A). Nathan B). Samuel C). Gad D). Asaph

3680. Which of these was NOT one of the three punishments offered to David?

A). Three years of famine B). Three months of being swept away before enemies
C). Three days of plague D). Three years of exile

3681. What did the angel tell Gad that David must build on Araunah's threshing floor?

A). A tower B). A palace C). A house for the ark D). An altar to the LORD

3682. Which of these is NOT named as recording the events of King David's reign?

A). Samuel the seer B). Nathan the prophet C). Gad the seer
D). Elijah the prophet

3683. According to whose command did Hezekiah station the Levites with cymbals, harps and lyres?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Solomon and Zadok
C). David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet D). Elijah and Elisha

Gaius

3684. Which two traveling companions of Paul did the crowd seize?

A). Timothy and Erastus B). Gaius and Aristarchus C). Silas and Luke
D). Titus and Tychicus

3685. Which two people did Paul say he personally baptized in Corinth?

A). Crispus and Gaius B). Aquila and Priscilla C). Titus and Timothy
D). Erastus and Silas

3686. To whom did the elder write the letter of 3 John?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Gaius D). Philemon

3687. What did the elder pray for Gaius in verse 2?

A). That he would enjoy good health and all would go well with him
B). That he would become a church leader C). That he would travel to Jerusalem
D). That he would write a letter to the church

3688. Why did the elder praise Gaius in verses 5–8?

A). He had built a new church building
B). He showed hospitality to traveling believers, even strangers
C). He had stopped false teachers from preaching D). He gave all his money to the poor

3689. Complete the verse: "Dear friend, do not imitate what is evil but what is ___."

A). holy B). right C). good D). true

3690. Instead of writing more, how did the elder hope to talk with Gaius?

A). By sending Demetrius B). By another long letter
C). Through a messenger in Ephesus D). Face to face

Gallio

3691. Who was the proconsul of Achaia when the Jews brought Paul to court?

A). Gallio B). Sergius Paulus C). Felix D). Festus

3692. Why did Gallio refuse to judge the case against Paul?

A). Paul was a Roman citizen B). It was a question of words, names and their own law
C). He was afraid of the crowd D). He believed in Jesus

3693. Which synagogue leader was beaten in front of the court while Gallio showed no concern?

A). Crispus B). Titius Justus C). Alexander D). Sosthenes

Gamaliel

3694. Which Pharisee and teacher of the law told the Sanhedrin to leave the apostles alone?

A). Nicodemus B). Gamaliel C). Caiaphas D). Saul

3695. Which two men did Gamaliel name as leaders whose followers were scattered?

A). Simon and Barabbas B). Ananias and Annas C). Theudas and Judas the Galilean
D). Herod and Pilate

3696. What was Gamaliel's main warning to the Sanhedrin?

A). The Romans will punish them B). The apostles are too many to stop
C). The people will riot D). If this is from God, they will find themselves fighting against God

3697. Under which teacher did Paul say he studied in Jerusalem?

A). Annas B). Gamaliel C). Nicodemus D). Caiaphas

Gedaliah

3698. Who did Nebuchadnezzar appoint to be over the people left in Judah?

A). Ishmael son of Nethaniah B). Seraiah the chief priest C). Gedaliah son of Ahikam
D). Jehoiachin

3699. What did Gedaliah tell the army officers at Mizpah?

A). Gather an army and fight Babylon
B). Do not be afraid; settle down in the land and serve the king of Babylon
C). Flee quickly to Egypt D). Rebuild the temple at once

3700. Who killed Gedaliah at Mizpah?

A). Ishmael son of Nethaniah B). Nebuzaradan C). Zedekiah D). Awel-Marduk

3701. To whom was Jeremiah handed over after he was taken out of the courtyard of the guard?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Gedaliah son of Ahikam, the son of Shaphan
C). Ebed-Melek the Cushite D). Ishmael son of Nethaniah

3702. Whom had the king of Babylon appointed over the towns of Judah?

A). Ishmael son of Nethaniah B). Johanan son of Kareah C). Baruch son of Neriah
D). Gedaliah son of Ahikam

3703. Where did Jeremiah go to stay with Gedaliah?

A). Mizpah B). Jerusalem C). Hebron D). Ramah

3704. What did Gedaliah tell the army officers and their men?

A). "Flee to Egypt." B). "Fight against Babylon."
C). "Do not be afraid to serve the Babylonians. Settle down in the land."
D). "Go back to Jerusalem."

3705. According to Johanan, which king had sent Ishmael son of Nethaniah to kill Gedaliah?

A). Pharaoh Hophra B). Baalis king of the Ammonites C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Edom

3706. How did Gedaliah respond when Johanan offered to kill Ishmael secretly?

A). He agreed to the plan B). He fled to Babylon
C). He told him not to do it, saying what he said about Ishmael was not true
D). He put Ishmael in prison

3707. Who killed Gedaliah son of Ahikam at Mizpah?

A). Johanan son of Kareah B). Ishmael son of Nethaniah
C). Baalis king of the Ammonites D). Nebuzaradan

3708. What were Ishmael and his men doing with Gedaliah just before they killed him?

A). Praying in the temple B). Fighting a battle C). Eating together at Mizpah
D). Traveling to Babylon

3709. How did Ishmael trick the eighty men?

A). He offered them gold B). He went out weeping and invited them to come to Gedaliah
C). He pretended to be a priest D). He sent them a letter from the king

3710. Why did Johanan and the people stop near Bethlehem on their way to Egypt?

A). To worship at the temple B). To bury Gedaliah C). To meet Nebuchadnezzar
D). They were afraid of the Babylonians because Ishmael had killed the governor

Gehazi

3711. What was the name of Elisha's servant?

A). Gehazi B). Obadiah C). Naaman D). Baruch

3712. What did Gehazi point out about the Shunammite woman?

A). She was very poor B). She was a widow C). She was sick
D). She had no son, and her husband was old

3713. When Gehazi asked if everything was all right, what did the woman answer?

A). "My son is dead" B). "Where is the man of God?" C). "Everything is all right"
D). "I need help at once"

3714. When the woman took hold of Elisha's feet, who came to push her away?

A). Her husband B). Gehazi C). A company of prophets D). Her servant

3715. What did Gehazi lay on the boy's face?

A). Elisha's staff B). Elisha's cloak C). A cloth with oil D). A loaf of bread

3716. Who ran after Naaman to get some of his gifts?

A). The captive girl B). Gehazi C). A man from the company of prophets
D). The king of Israel

3717. What lie did Gehazi tell Naaman?

A). That two young prophets had come and needed silver and clothing
B). That Elisha had changed his mind and wanted all the gifts
C). That the king of Israel needed money D). That Naaman had not paid for his healing

3718. When Elisha asked where he had been, Gehazi answered: "Your servant didn't go _____."

A). far B). to Naaman C). out D). anywhere

3719. What happened to Gehazi because of his greed and lies?

A). He was put in prison B). He was sent back to Aram
C). Naaman's leprosy came upon him D). He lost all his money

3720. Who was telling the king about Elisha's great deeds when the Shunammite woman arrived?

A). Gehazi B). Hazael C). Naaman D). The captain of fifty

Gemariah

3721. Who carried Jeremiah's letter to Babylon?

A). Baruch son of Neriah and Seraiah B). Pashhur and Zephaniah
C). Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah D). Ahikam and Gedaliah

3722. From whose room in the temple did Baruch read the scroll?

A). The room of Gemariah son of Shaphan the secretary B). The room of the high priest
C). The room of the king D). The room of Pashhur

3723. Which officials urged the king not to burn the scroll?

A). Pashhur, Hananiah and Shemaiah B). Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah
C). Baruch, Seraiah and Neriah D). Ahikam, Gedaliah and Ishmael

Gershom

3724. What was the name of Moses' first son born in Midian?

A). Gershom B). Aaron C). Eliezer D). Joshua

3725. Who became priest for the tribe of Dan along with his sons?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar B). Eli C). Samuel
D). Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

Gershon

3726. Who were the three sons of Levi, whose families formed the Levite clans?

A). Nadab, Abihu, and Eleazar B). Reuben, Simeon, and Judah

C). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari D). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam

3727. What were the Gershonites responsible for carrying?

A). The ark and the altar B). The frames, bars, and posts

C). The curtains, coverings, and hangings of the tabernacle D). The gold lampstand only

3728. Which of these was NOT a son of Levi?

A). Gershon B). Kohath C). Merari D). Korah

Geshem

3729. Besides Sanballat and Tobiah, who mocked the Jews for planning to rebuild the wall?

A). Rehum the commanding officer B). Asaph the keeper C). Geshem the Arab

D). Tattenai the governor

3730. How did Nehemiah answer those who mocked him?

A). He promised to stop the work B). He asked them to join the work

C). He reported them to the king D). He said the God of heaven would give them success

3731. Where did Sanballat and Geshem ask Nehemiah to meet them?

A). In the Valley of Hinnom B). On the plain of Ono C). At the Pool of Siloam

D). In the city of Samaria

3732. How many times did Nehemiah's enemies send him the same message asking him to meet them?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Four times D). Ten times

Gideon

3733. Where did the angel of the LORD sit down under the oak before speaking to Gideon?

A). Shiloh B). Bethel C). Gilgal D). Ophrah

3734. What was Gideon doing when the angel of the LORD came to him?

A). Threshing wheat in a winepress B). Hiding in a cave C). Plowing with oxen

D). Watering sheep at a well

3735. Complete what the angel said to Gideon: "The LORD is with you, mighty ___."

A). man B). servant C). warrior D). judge

3736. Who was Gideon's father?

A). Kenaz B). Joash C). Abinoam D). Gera

3737. When the LORD sent Gideon to save Israel, what reason did Gideon give for why he could not do it?

A). He was too old to fight B). He could not speak well C). He was only a child
D). His clan was the weakest in Manasseh and he was the least in his family

3738. What happened when the angel touched Gideon's meat and bread with the tip of his staff?

A). Fire flared from the rock and burned up the meat and bread B). Rain fell from the sky
C). The angel ate the food D). The bread turned into stone

3739. What did Gideon call the altar he built to the LORD in Ophrah?

A). The LORD Will Provide B). The LORD Is My Banner C). The LORD Is Peace
D). Ebenezer

3740. What did the LORD tell Gideon to do to his father's altar to Baal?

A). Offer a sacrifice on it B). Tear it down and cut down the Asherah pole beside it
C). Cover it with gold D). Carry it away to Shiloh

3741. Why did Gideon tear down the altar to Baal at night instead of in the daytime?

A). He wanted to hide it from the Midianites B). His servants only worked at night
C). The moon gave him a sign D). He was afraid of his family and the townspeople

3742. Who said, "If Baal really is a god, he can defend himself when someone breaks down his altar"?

A). Joash B). Purah C). Heber D). Othniel

3743. What name was Gideon given after he broke down Baal's altar?

A). Abimelek B). Baal-Berith C). Jerub-Baal D). Ben-Hadad

3744. What did Gideon do after the Spirit of the LORD came on him?

A). He built a second altar B). He went to talk with the Midianites
C). He hid in the winepress again D). He blew a trumpet, calling the Abiezrites to follow him

3745. To which tribes did Gideon send messengers, calling them to battle?

A). Manasseh, Asher, Zebulun and Naphtali B). Judah, Simeon, Benjamin and Dan
C). Reuben, Gad, Levi and Issachar D). Ephraim, Benjamin, Judah and Dan

3746. What sign did Gideon ask for the first time he put out the wool fleece?

A). The fleece dry and all the ground covered with dew B). Fire to come down on the fleece
C). Dew only on the fleece and all the ground dry D). The fleece to turn white as snow

3747. What sign did Gideon ask for the second time he put out the fleece?

A). Dew only on the fleece and the ground dry
B). The fleece dry and the ground covered with dew C). Rain to fall only on the fleece
D). The fleece to burn without being burned up

3748. Which order of events in Gideon's story is correct?

A). Gideon tears down Baal's altar → the angel appears → he is named Jerub-Baal → he builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace

B). Gideon is named Jerub-Baal → the angel appears → he tears down Baal's altar → he builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace

C). Gideon builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace → he is named Jerub-Baal → the angel appears → he tears down Baal's altar

D). The angel appears → Gideon builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace → Gideon tears down Baal's altar → he is named Jerub-Baal

3749. Where did Gideon and his men camp before the battle with Midian?

A). At the Gihon Spring B). At the spring of En Gedi C). At the spring of Harod

D). At the well of Beersheba

3750. Why did the LORD say Gideon had too many men?

A). Israel would boast that its own strength had saved it

B). There was not enough food for them C). The Midianites would run away

D). The camp was too small for them

3751. Which men did Gideon first allow to go home?

A). Anyone who was too old B). Anyone from the tribe of Asher

C). Anyone who had no sword D). Anyone who trembled with fear

3752. How many men left when Gideon told the fearful to go home?

A). Ten thousand B). Twenty-two thousand C). Twelve thousand

D). Twenty thousand

3753. At the water, which men did the LORD choose to go with Gideon?

A). The men who knelt down to drink B). The men who did not drink at all

C). The men who lapped the water with their hands to their mouths

D). The men who drank from their helmets

3754. How many men did the LORD say He would use to save Israel from Midian?

A). Three hundred B). Seven hundred C). One thousand D). Three thousand

3755. Which servant went down with Gideon to the Midianite camp at night?

A). Jether B). Joash C). Abinoam D). Purah

3756. In the Midianite's dream, what came tumbling into the camp and knocked over a tent?

A). A large stone B). A wild bull C). A round loaf of barley bread

D). A great wave of water

3757. What did the Midianite's friend say the dream meant?

A). It was the sword of Gideon, and God had given the Midianites into his hands

B). A great famine was coming to Midian C). Rain would soon fall on the camp

D). The king of Moab would help them win

3758. What did Gideon do right after he heard the dream and what it meant?

A). He laughed and ran back to camp B). He attacked the Midianites alone

C). He went home to sleep D). He bowed down and worshiped

3759. What did Gideon put in the hands of his three hundred men?

A). Swords and shields B). Trumpets and empty jars with torches inside

C). Bows and arrows D). Slings and stones

3760. Into how many companies did Gideon divide his three hundred men?

A). Two B). Seven C). Three D). Twelve

3761. Complete the battle cry of Gideon's men: "A sword for the LORD and for ___!"

A). Gideon B). Israel C). Joash D). Judah

3762. At what time did Gideon and his men reach the edge of the Midianite camp?

A). At sunrise B). At noon C). At sunset D). At the beginning of the middle watch

3763. Which tribe did Gideon call to seize the waters of the Jordan ahead of the Midianites?

A). The Danites B). The Reubenites C). The Ephraimites D). The Benjamites

3764. Which order of events in Judges 7 is correct?

A). The water test → fearful men go home → trumpets and jars → Gideon hears the dream

B). Fearful men go home → the water test → Gideon hears the dream → trumpets and jars

C). Gideon hears the dream → fearful men go home → the water test → trumpets and jars

D). Trumpets and jars → Gideon hears the dream → the water test → fearful men go home

3765. Which tribe sharply criticized Gideon for not calling them when he went to fight Midian?

A). The Danites B). The Benjamites C). The Reubenites D). The Ephraimites

3766. How did Gideon calm the anger of the Ephraimites?

A). He gave them gold from the plunder

B). He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb

C). He threatened to fight them D). He made their leader a judge

3767. What did Gideon ask the men of Sukkoth to give his tired troops?

A). Swords B). Camels C). Bread D). A place to sleep

3768. Which two Midianite kings was Gideon chasing when he crossed the Jordan?

A). Zebah and Zalmunna B). Oreb and Zeeb C). Sisera and Jabin D). Og and Sihon

3769. How did Gideon punish the officials of Sukkoth for refusing to help him?

A). He burned their city B). He sold them as slaves C). He made them pay him gold
D). He punished them with desert thorns and briers

3770. After Sukkoth refused, which other town did Gideon ask for bread, and received the same answer?

A). Karkor B). Peniel C). Ophrah D). Shechem

3771. What did Gideon tear down in Peniel when he returned?

A). The altar B). The city gate C). The tower D). The well

3772. A young man of Sukkoth wrote down the names of Sukkoth's officials and elders for Gideon. How many were there?

A). Seventy-seven B). Seventy C). Twelve D). Three hundred

3773. Which of Gideon's sons was told to kill Zebah and Zalmunna but was afraid to do it?

A). Abimelek B). Purah C). Joash D). Jether

3774. Why did Gideon say he would not spare Zebah and Zalmunna?

A). They had stolen his gold
B). They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor
C). They had insulted his father D). They had burned Ophrah

3775. After the victory over Midian, what did the Israelites ask Gideon to do?

A). Build an altar at Shiloh B). Lead them against Moab
C). Rule over them, and his son and grandson after him
D). Give them the gold from the plunder

3776. Complete what Gideon said: "I will not rule over you, nor will my son rule over you. The ___ will rule over you."

A). LORD B). elders C). priests D). judges

3777. What did Gideon ask each Israelite to give him from their share of the plunder?

A). A sword B). A sheep C). A silver coin D). An earring

3778. What did Gideon make from the gold he collected?

A). A golden calf B). An ephod C). An altar D). A crown

3779. What happened because of the ephod Gideon placed in Ophrah?

A). The Midianites captured it B). It was placed inside the ark
C). Israel worshiped it, and it became a snare to Gideon and his family
D). It was used to choose Israel's first king

3780. After Midian was subdued, how long did the land have peace during Gideon's lifetime?

A). Forty years B). Eighty years C). Twenty years D). Seven years

3781. How many sons of his own did Gideon have?

A). Thirty B). Forty C). Twelve D). Seventy

3782. What was the name of the son born to Gideon's concubine in Shechem?

A). Jether B). Abimelek C). Purah D). Gaal

3783. Where was Gideon buried?

A). In Shechem B). In Shiloh C). In the tomb of his father Joash in Ophrah
D). At Timnath Heres

3784. How did the Israelites treat Gideon's family after his death?

A). They made his son Jether their king B). They gave his family the land of Midian
C). They built a tomb for each of his sons
D). They failed to show kindness to his family for all the good he had done

3785. Which of these people is NOT named in Hebrews 11:32?

A). Gideon B). Samson C). David D). Elijah

God

3786. In the beginning God created the heavens and the _____.

A). sea B). earth C). sky D). light

3787. What did God create on the first day?

A). Light B). The stars C). The animals D). Dry land

3788. What names did God give to the light and the darkness?

A). Morning and evening B). Sun and moon C). Day and night
D). Heaven and earth

3789. According to Genesis 1, what did God make to govern the day and the night?

A). The clouds and the wind B). Two great lights C). The angels D). The seasons

3790. What living creatures did God create on the fifth day?

A). Cattle and creeping things B). Trees and plants
C). Fish in the water and birds in the sky D). People

3791. In whose image did God create human beings?

A). In the image of the animals B). In His own image C). In the image of the angels
D). In the image of the earth

3792. What did God give the people for food when He created them?

A). Every seed-bearing plant and fruit tree B). The animals of the field
C). The fish of the sea D). Bread from heaven

3793. After God finished His creation, how did He describe everything He had made?

A). Good B). Complete C). Very good D). Finished

3794. What did God do on the seventh day?

A). He created the animals B). He rested from all His work C). He made the stars
D). He planted a garden

3795. What did God use to form the first man?

A). The dust of the ground B). A rib C). Clay from the river
D). The waters of the deep

3796. Where did God place the man He had formed?

A). In the land of Nod B). On Mount Sinai C). In a garden in Eden
D). By the Jordan River

3797. Which two special trees were in the middle of the garden?

A). The fig tree and the olive tree
B). The tree of life and the tree of the knowledge of good and evil
C). The vine and the cedar D). The palm tree and the almond tree

3798. Which tree did God command the man not to eat from?

A). The tree of life B). Every tree in the garden
C). The tree of the knowledge of good and evil D). The fig tree

3799. What did God use to make the first woman?

A). The dust of the ground B). A handful of clay C). One of the man's ribs
D). A breath of wind

3800. Why did Adam and Eve hide when they heard God in the garden?

A). They were tired and resting B). They were afraid because they were naked
C). They were playing a game D). They were looking for the serpent

3801. What did God say the serpent would do as part of its curse?

A). Fly above the trees B). Crawl on its belly and eat dust C). Live only in the water
D). Lose its voice

3802. What did God make to clothe Adam and Eve?

A). Garments of fig leaves B). Robes of fine linen C). Garments of skin
D). Cloaks of wool

3803. What did God do after sending Adam and Eve out of the Garden of Eden?

A). He destroyed the garden with fire

B). He placed cherubim and a flaming sword to guard the way to the tree of life

C). He allowed them to return each day D). He planted a new garden for them

3804. When God asked Cain where his brother was, Cain replied, 'Am I my brother's _____?'

A). keeper B). helper C). servant D). friend

3805. What does Genesis 5 say God made mankind in the likeness of?

A). The animals B). God Himself C). The angels D). The earth

3806. Why was the Lord grieved that He had made human beings on the earth?

A). Their wickedness had become very great B). They had forgotten His name

C). They refused to farm the land D). They had left the garden

3807. What material did God tell Noah to use to build the ark?

A). Cedar wood B). Stone and mortar C). Reeds and tar D). Cypress wood

3808. What did God say He would bring on the earth to destroy all life?

A). A great fire B). A great flood C). A famine D). An earthquake

3809. How many of each kind of living creature did God tell Noah to bring into the ark?

A). Seven of every kind B). One of every kind C). Two of every kind, male and female

D). As many as would fit

3810. How many of each kind of clean animal did God tell Noah to take into the ark?

A). Seven pairs B). Two C). One pair D). Ten

3811. Who shut Noah inside the ark?

A). Noah himself B). His sons C). The Lord D). An angel

3812. What did God do to make the floodwaters go down?

A). He sent a wind over the earth B). He opened a great hole in the ground

C). He commanded the sun to dry the land D). He sent an angel to gather the waters

3813. What did the Lord promise in His heart after Noah's offering?

A). Never again to curse the ground because of humans, or destroy all living creatures as He had done

B). To make Noah the ruler of all nations C). To remove all animals from the earth

D). To bring another flood in a hundred years

3814. What did God command Noah and his sons to do after the flood?

A). To build a great city B). To be fruitful and increase in number and fill the earth

C). To stay near the ark D). To offer sacrifices every day

3815. What did God promise in His covenant with Noah?

A). Never again to send rain on the earth B). To give Noah a long life
C). Never again to destroy all life with a flood D). To make the earth free of animals

3816. What sign did God give as the mark of His covenant with the earth?

A). A rainbow in the clouds B). A bright star C). A pillar of cloud
D). A burning bush

3817. How did God stop the people from building the tower?

A). He sent a flood upon the city B). He knocked the tower down
C). He confused their language so they could not understand each other
D). He made them fall asleep

3818. What did God tell Abram to do at the beginning of Genesis 12?

A). To build an altar in Harran B). To leave his country and go to a land God would show him
C). To count the stars in the sky D). To offer a sacrifice

3819. What did God promise to make of Abram?

A). A wealthy trader B). A mighty warrior
C). A great nation, and a blessing to all peoples on earth D). A king over many lands

3820. What did God promise to give Abram and his offspring after Lot left?

A). Great riches in Egypt B). All the land he could see, forever C). A kingdom in Harran
D). A city with strong walls

3821. God said to Abram in a vision, 'Do not be afraid, Abram. I am your shield, your very great _____.'

A). reward B). helper C). refuge D). friend

3822. To what did God compare the number of Abram's future offspring?

A). The grains of sand on the shore B). The stars in the sky C). The leaves on the trees
D). The drops of rain

3823. What happened when Abram believed the Lord?

A). He was given great riches B). It was credited to him as righteousness
C). He was made a king D). He received a new name

3824. What did God tell Abram would happen to his descendants for four hundred years?

A). They would rule over many nations B). They would wander in the desert
C). They would be strangers and slaves in a country not their own
D). They would live in peace and safety

3825. Out of what did the LORD speak to Job in Job 38:1?

A). A burning bush B). The storm C). A dream D). A cloud of smoke

3826. When the LORD first answered Job, what did He ask?

A). Who is this that obscures my plans with words without knowledge?

B). Why have you lost your riches? C). Where are your three friends?

D). Why did you curse your birth?

3827. What did the LORD tell Job to do before He questioned him?

A). Kneel and pray B). Offer a sacrifice C). Call his friends

D). Brace himself like a man

3828. Complete the LORD's question: "Where were you when I laid the earth's ___?"

A). mountains B). seas C). foundation D). stones

3829. According to Job 38:7, who shouted for joy when God laid the earth's foundation?

A). All the angels B). The people of the East C). The prophets D). Job's children

3830. What did God say to the sea when He set its limits?

A). "Cover the whole earth." B). "Rise up to the heavens." C). "Dry up and disappear."

D). "This far you may come and no farther; here is where your proud waves halt."

3831. The LORD asked Job if he had ever given orders to what?

A). The moon B). The morning C). The wind D). The rivers

3832. The LORD asked Job if he had entered the storehouses of what?

A). Gold and silver B). Grain and wine C). The snow and the hail D). The stars

3833. What does the LORD ask Job about lightning bolts in Job 38:35?

A). Whether he can send them and they will report, "Here we are"

B). Whether he has ever been struck by one C). Whether he knows how hot they are

D). Whether he can count them in one storm

3834. For which animal did the LORD ask Job if he hunts prey?

A). The eagle B). The wolf C). The bear D). The lioness

3835. According to Job 38:41, God provides food for which bird when its young cry out to Him?

A). The dove B). The raven C). The sparrow D). The owl

3836. In Job 39:1, the LORD asked Job if he knew when which animals give birth?

A). Sheep B). Camels C). Mountain goats D). Lions

3837. The LORD asked, "Who let the wild ___ go free?"

A). donkey B). horse C). ox D). goat

3838. What did the LORD ask Job about the wild ox?

A). Whether he had ever eaten one B). Whether he knew its name
C). Whether he could count its young
D). Whether it would agree to serve him and stay by his manger

3839. According to Job 39, where does the ostrich lay her eggs?

A). In a high nest B). On the ground C). In a cave D). In the water

3840. Why does the ostrich treat her young harshly, according to Job 39:17?

A). She is afraid of them B). She is too busy running
C). God did not give her wisdom or a share of good sense D). She has too many eggs

3841. When the ostrich spreads her feathers to run, what does she laugh at?

A). Horse and rider B). The lion C). The hunter's bow D). The wind

3842. The LORD asked Job if he gives the horse its strength and clothes its neck with what?

A). A golden chain B). A leather strap C). A bell D). A flowing mane

3843. The LORD asked whether the hawk spreads its wings toward which direction by Job's wisdom?

A). The north B). The south C). The east D). The west

3844. Which bird did the LORD ask about soaring at Job's command and building its nest on high?

A). The dove B). The owl C). The eagle D). The stork

3845. What did the LORD ask Job in Job 40:2?

A). Whether he wanted his riches back
B). Whether the one who contends with the Almighty will correct Him
C). Whether he knew Elihu D). Whether he would offer a sacrifice

3846. When Job first answered the LORD, what did he do with his hand?

A). He raised it to heaven B). He struck his chest C). He tore his robe
D). He put it over his mouth

3847. Complete Job's words to the LORD: "I am ___—how can I reply to you?"

A). unworthy B). afraid C). innocent D). tired

3848. What did Job say he would do after speaking once and twice?

A). Keep arguing his case B). Ask his friends to speak C). Say no more
D). Go back to the city gate

3849. What did the LORD ask Job about His justice in Job 40:8?

A). Whether Job would discredit His justice to justify himself

B). Whether Job had written down His laws

C). Whether Job had taught justice to his children D). Whether Job would judge his friends

3850. The LORD asked Job if his voice could do what like God's?

A). Sing B). Whisper C). Command the sea D). Thunder

3851. Which great animal did the LORD say feeds on grass like an ox?

A). Leviathan B). Behemoth C). The wild donkey D). The lion

3852. Which river did the LORD mention surging against the mouth of Behemoth?

A). The Nile B). The Euphrates C). The Jordan D). The Tigris

3853. Which great creature did the LORD ask Job if he could pull in with a fishhook?

A). Behemoth B). Leviathan C). Rahab D). The wild ox

3854. What did the LORD ask Job about making Leviathan a pet?

A). Whether he could feed it bread B). Whether he could ride it to the sea

C). Whether he could teach it to speak D). Whether he could make a pet of it like a bird

3855. What did the LORD say would happen if someone laid a hand on Leviathan?

A). They would remember the struggle and never do it again

B). They would become famous C). They would tame it forever

D). They would be made king

3856. Complete the LORD's words: "Who has a claim against me that I must pay? Everything under ___ belongs to me."

A). the sun B). the sea C). heaven D). the earth

3857. According to Job 41:19, what streams from Leviathan's mouth?

A). Water B). Smoke only C). Flames D). Songs

3858. According to Job 41:27, Leviathan treats iron like what?

A). Straw B). Gold C). Glass D). Water

3859. What did the LORD say about Leviathan's equal on earth?

A). The lion is its equal B). Behemoth is its equal C). Many creatures are its equal

D). Nothing on earth is its equal

3860. According to Job 41:34, Leviathan is king over whom?

A). All that live in the sea B). All that are proud C). All the birds

D). All the kings of the earth

3861. Complete Job's words to the LORD: "I know that you can do all things; no ___ of yours can be thwarted."

A). word B). purpose C). promise D). law

3862. Complete Job's words: "My ears had heard of you but now my ___ have seen you."

A). friends B). children C). eyes D). servants

3863. What did Job say he would do after the LORD spoke to him?

A). Repent in dust and ashes B). Leave the land of Uz C). Build a new house
D). Argue his case again

3864. To which of Job's friends did the LORD speak after speaking to Job?

A). Elihu B). Bildad C). Zophar D). Eliphaz

3865. Why was the LORD angry with Eliphaz and his two friends?

A). They had left Job too soon B). They had stolen Job's flocks
C). They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had D). They had refused to visit Job

3866. What did the LORD tell the three friends to take to Job for a burnt offering?

A). Seven bulls and seven rams B). Ten lambs and two goats
C). Three oxen and three sheep D). Twelve doves

3867. Who prayed for Job's three friends, and whose prayer did the LORD accept?

A). Elihu B). Job C). Job's wife D). Eliphaz

3868. When did the LORD restore Job's fortunes?

A). As soon as Elihu finished speaking B). After Job built a new altar
C). After Job's friends left D). After Job prayed for his friends

3869. How much did the LORD give Job compared with what he had before?

A). The same amount B). Half as much C). Twice as much D). Ten times as much

3870. How does Psalm 1 end by contrasting the two ways?

A). The LORD watches over the way of the righteous, but the way of the wicked leads to destruction
B). The righteous become rich, but the wicked become poor
C). The righteous live long, but the wicked die young
D). The righteous rule the land, but the wicked serve them

3871. In Psalm 2, the kings of the earth rise up against the LORD and against whom?

A). His prophets B). His anointed C). His priests D). His people Israel

3872. The rulers say, "Let us break their chains and throw off their shackles." What do they want?

A). To set prisoners free from jail B). To escape from slavery in Egypt
C). To throw off the rule of the LORD and his anointed
D). To break down the walls of Jerusalem

3873. What does the One enthroned in heaven do when the nations plot against him?

A). He weeps B). He hides C). He sleeps D). He laughs

3874. Where did the LORD say he had installed his king?

A). On Zion, his holy mountain B). On Mount Sinai C). In Bethlehem
D). By the Jordan River

3875. Complete the verse: "He said to me, 'You are my ___; today I have become your father.'"

A). servant B). son C). friend D). chosen one

3876. What does the LORD promise to give his son as an inheritance if he asks?

A). The temple B). The land of Canaan C). The nations D). Silver and gold

3877. Complete the verse: "Serve the LORD with ___ and celebrate his rule with trembling."

A). fear B). joy C). songs D). gifts

3878. Complete the verse: "But you, LORD, are a ___ around me, my glory, the One who lifts my head high."

A). wall B). tower C). fortress D). shield

3879. When David called out to the LORD, where did the LORD answer him from?

A). From the burning bush B). From his holy mountain C). From the clouds
D). From the tabernacle

3880. Why could David lie down, sleep and wake again, even with enemies around him?

A). His soldiers guarded him B). He was hidden in a cave C). The LORD sustained him
D). His enemies had gone home

3881. Complete the verse: "From the LORD comes ___."

A). wisdom B). peace C). rain D). deliverance

3882. In Psalm 4:1, what does David ask God to do when he calls?

A). Answer him B). Punish his enemies C). Make him rich D). Give him a son

3883. Why could David be sure the LORD would hear him?

A). He had offered many sacrifices B). He was a king C). He prayed in the temple
D). The LORD has set apart his faithful servant for himself

3884. Besides offering the sacrifices of the righteous, what does Psalm 4:5 tell people to do?

A). Trust in the LORD B). Build an altar C). Fast for seven days
D). Go up to Jerusalem

3885. Many were asking, "Who will bring us prosperity?" What did David ask God to fill his heart with?

A). Riches B). Courage C). Joy D). Wisdom

3886. Complete the verse: "In ___ I will lie down and sleep, for you alone, LORD, make me dwell in safety."

A). comfort B). silence C). darkness D). peace

3887. In Psalm 5, at what time of day does David say the LORD hears his voice?

A). In the morning B). At noon C). In the evening D). At midnight

3888. After laying his requests before the LORD, what does David do?

A). He goes to sleep B). He waits expectantly C). He offers a sacrifice
D). He sings a new song

3889. Complete the verse: "For you are not a God who is pleased with ___; with you, evil people are not welcome."

A). sacrifice B). foolishness C). wickedness D). sorrow

3890. According to Psalm 5:6, who does the LORD destroy?

A). The poor B). Foreigners C). Those who are weak D). Those who tell lies

3891. How does David say he is able to come into God's house?

A). By his great love B). By his own good deeds C). Because he is the king
D). By bringing many gifts

3892. What does David ask the LORD to do because of his enemies?

A). Destroy them at once B). Lead him in his righteousness C). Give him a great army
D). Hide him in a cave

3893. According to Psalm 5:11, who should be glad and sing for joy?

A). The kings of the earth B). The priests only C). The rich and strong
D). All who take refuge in the LORD

3894. Complete the verse: "You surround them with your favor as with a ___."

A). shield B). wall C). cloud D). robe

3895. In Psalm 6:1, what does David ask the LORD not to do in his anger?

A). Rebuke him B). Forget him C). Leave him alone D). Take his kingdom

3896. Why does David ask the LORD to heal him in Psalm 6:2?

A). His eyes were blind B). His bones were in agony C). He had a fever
D). He was wounded in battle

3897. Complete the verse: "My soul is in deep anguish. How long, LORD, how ___?"

A). far B). much C). long D). soon

3898. In Psalm 6:4, on what basis does David ask the LORD to save him?

A). Because he is the king B). Because of his good deeds
C). Because of his many sacrifices D). Because of the LORD's unfailing love

3899. Why could David tell evildoers, "Away from me"?

A). His army had arrived B). His enemies had run away
C). The LORD had heard his weeping D). He had become stronger

3900. According to Psalm 7:9, what does the righteous God probe?

A). Minds and hearts B). Words and deeds C). Gifts and offerings
D). Homes and cities

3901. Complete the verse: "My shield is God Most High, who saves the ___ in heart."

A). pure B). humble C). brave D). upright

3902. Complete the verse: "God is a righteous ___."

A). judge B). king C). shepherd D). father

3903. According to Psalm 7:12, what will God do if a person does not relent?

A). Send a flood B). Sharpen his sword C). Close his ears D). Send a famine

3904. Why does David say he will give thanks to the LORD at the end of Psalm 7?

A). Because he won a battle B). Because his enemy died C). Because he became rich
D). Because of the LORD's righteousness

3905. Complete the verse: "LORD, our Lord, how ___ is your name in all the earth!"

A). holy B). great C). majestic D). wonderful

3906. According to Psalm 8:2, through whose praise has God established a stronghold against his enemies?

A). Children and infants B). Priests and Levites C). Kings and rulers
D). Angels in heaven

3907. In Psalm 8:3, what does David call the heavens?

A). The throne of God B). The work of God's fingers C). The home of the angels
D). The roof of the earth

3908. After looking at the moon and the stars, what does David wonder about in Psalm 8:4?

A). How far away the stars are B). When the world will end
C). Why the sun rises each day D). Why God is mindful of and cares for human beings

3909. According to Psalm 8:5, God has made human beings a little lower than whom?

A). The angels B). The kings C). The animals D). The prophets

3910. Complete the verse: "...and crowned them with glory and ___."

A). power B). wisdom C). honor D). riches

3911. According to Psalm 8:6, over what did God make human beings rulers?

A). The other nations B). The works of his hands C). The angels D). The heavens

3912. Complete the verse: "I will give thanks to you, LORD, with all my ___."

A). strength B). soul C). heart D). voice

3913. In Psalm 9:1, what does David say he will tell about?

A). All the LORD's wonderful deeds B). The battles he has won C). The history of Israel
D). The riches of his kingdom

3914. According to Psalm 9:7-8, how does the LORD rule the world and judge the peoples?

A). With fear and anger B). In righteousness and with equity
C). With gifts and rewards D). Through kings and priests

3915. According to Psalm 9:9, the LORD is a refuge for whom?

A). The rich B). The strong C). The priests D). The oppressed

3916. Why do those who know the LORD's name trust in him?

A). He has never forsaken those who seek him B). He gives them great riches
C). He makes them kings D). He keeps them from all hard work

3917. In Psalm 9:11, where is the LORD described as being enthroned?

A). In Bethel B). In Zion C). On Mount Sinai D). In Hebron

3918. Complete the verse: "But God will never forget the needy; the hope of the ___ will never perish."

A). faithful B). righteous C). children D). afflicted

3919. At the end of Psalm 9, what does David want the nations to know?

A). That Israel is strong B). That David is king C). That they are only mortal
D). That the land belongs to Israel

3920. What question does the writer ask the LORD at the start of Psalm 10?

A). Why do the righteous suffer? B). Why do you stand far off?
C). When will you send rain? D). Who will be the next king?

3921. According to Psalm 10:4, why does the wicked man not seek God?

A). Because of his pride B). Because he is too busy C). Because he lives far away
D). Because he is afraid

3922. What does the wicked man say to himself in Psalm 10:11?

A). "God will help me" B). "I will repent tomorrow" C). "The king will punish me"
D). "God will never notice"

3923. Complete the verse: "Arise, LORD! Lift up your hand, O God. Do not forget the ___."

A). helpless B). faithful C). priests D). children

3924. According to Psalm 10:14, God is the helper of whom?

A). The rich B). The fatherless C). The strong D). The proud

3925. Complete the verse: "The LORD is ___ for ever and ever."

A). good B). holy C). King D). Judge

3926. According to Psalm 10:17, what does the LORD do for the afflicted?

A). He makes them rich B). He sends them away C). He gives them land
D). He hears their desire and listens to their cry

3927. According to Psalm 11:4, where is the LORD's throne?

A). In Jerusalem B). On Mount Sinai C). In the tabernacle D). In heaven

3928. What does Psalm 11:4 say the LORD does from his throne?

A). He sleeps and rests B). He observes everyone on earth C). He writes the law
D). He sends angels to fight

3929. According to Psalm 11:5, who does the LORD hate with a passion?

A). Those who are poor B). Those who doubt C). The wicked who love violence
D). The people of other nations

3930. Complete the verse: "For the LORD is righteous, he loves ___."

A). justice B). peace C). children D). music

3931. According to Psalm 11:7, what will the upright see?

A). The promised land B). A great light C). The new temple D). The LORD's face

3932. Why does David cry out, "Help, LORD," at the start of Psalm 12?

A). Because his army was defeated B). Because no one is faithful anymore
C). Because there was a famine D). Because he was sick

3933. Why does the LORD say, "I will now arise," in Psalm 12:5?

A). Because the temple was destroyed B). Because the people stopped praying
C). Because the kings rebelled D). Because the poor are plundered and the needy groan

3934. Complete the verse: "And the words of the LORD are ___."

A). flawless B). mighty C). ancient D). gentle

3935. According to Psalm 12:6, the words of the LORD are like gold refined how many times?

A). Three times B). Seven times C). Ten times D). Twelve times

3936. According to Psalm 12:7, whom will the LORD keep safe?

A). The kings B). The priests C). The needy D). The strong

3937. Which question does David ask the LORD four times in Psalm 13:1-2?

A). "Why?" B). "Where are you?" C). "How long?" D). "Who will help me?"

3938. In Psalm 13:1, what does David ask how long the LORD will hide from him?

A). His face B). His hand C). His word D). His temple

3939. In Psalm 13:3, what does David ask the LORD to give to his eyes?

A). Tears B). Light C). Sleep D). Healing

3940. Complete the verse: "But I trust in your ___ love; my heart rejoices in your salvation."

A). great B). eternal C). gentle D). unfailing

3941. Why does David say he will sing the LORD's praise at the end of Psalm 13?

A). Because his enemy has died B). Because he became king
C). Because the LORD has been good to him D). Because the temple was finished

3942. According to Psalm 14:2, why does the LORD look down from heaven on all mankind?

A). To see if any understand and seek God B). To count the people
C). To find a new king D). To see who is rich

3943. According to Psalm 14:6, the LORD is the refuge of whom?

A). The poor B). The kings C). The soldiers D). The priests

3944. According to Psalm 14:7, salvation for Israel will come out of where?

A). Egypt B). Bethlehem C). Zion D). Sinai

3945. What question does David ask the LORD at the start of Psalm 15?

A). Who may dwell in your sacred tent? B). When will you save us?
C). Why do the wicked prosper? D). Where is your throne?

3946. Complete the verse: "I say to the LORD, 'You are my Lord; apart from you I have no ___ thing.'"

A). good B). other C). great D). holy

3947. Why does David say he will not be shaken in Psalm 16:8?

A). Because he has a strong army B). Because he lives in a fortress
C). Because he is wise D). Because the LORD is at his right hand

3948. According to Psalm 16:10, what will God not let his faithful one see?

A). Decay B). Sorrow C). War D). Darkness

3949. Complete the verse: "You make known to me the path of ___."

A). peace B). life C). wisdom D). truth

3950. According to Psalm 16:11, what will God fill David with in his presence?

A). Fear B). Strength C). Joy D). Wisdom

3951. In Psalm 17:3, when does David say God examines him?

A). At night B). At dawn C). On the Sabbath D). At the feasts

3952. What does David say about his steps and feet in Psalm 17:5?

A). They are tired and weak B). They have walked far from home
C). They have held to God's paths and not stumbled D). They have run from his enemies

3953. Why does David call on God in Psalm 17:6?

A). Because the priests told him to B). Because he is afraid of the dark
C). Because it is the law D). Because God will answer him

3954. Complete the verse: "Keep me as the ___ of your eye."

A). apple B). light C). joy D). child

3955. In Psalm 17:8, where does David ask God to hide him?

A). In a cave B). In the shadow of his wings C). Behind a strong wall
D). In the temple

3956. According to Psalm 17:15, what will satisfy David when he awakes?

A). A great feast B). Victory over his enemies C). Seeing God's likeness
D). A new day of work

3957. Complete the verse: "I love you, LORD, my ___."

A). strength B). shepherd C). king D). friend

3958. Which of these is one of the names David gives the LORD in Psalm 18:2?

A). My lamp B). My rock C). My bread D). My river

3959. In Psalm 18:6, where did the LORD hear David's voice from when he called in distress?

A). From the mountain B). From the clouds C). From the sea D). From his temple

3960. In Psalm 18:10, what did the LORD mount and fly on?

A). The cherubim B). A chariot of fire C). A white horse D). A cloud of smoke

3961. In Psalm 18:16, what did the LORD draw David out of?

A). A deep pit B). A burning fire C). Deep waters D). A lion's den

3962. According to Psalm 18:19, why did the LORD rescue David?

A). Because David was a king B). Because David paid him
C). Because David was strong D). Because the LORD delighted in him

3963. Complete the verse: "My God turns my darkness into ___."

A). day B). light C). joy D). gold

3964. In Psalm 18:29, what does David say he can do with his God?

A). Scale a wall B). Cross the sea C). Move a mountain D). Stop the sun

3965. In Psalm 18:33, God makes David's feet like the feet of what animal?

A). A lion B). A horse C). A deer D). An eagle

3966. According to Psalm 18:34, what kind of bow can David's arms bend?

A). A bow of iron B). A bow of gold C). A bow of wood D). A bow of bronze

3967. According to Psalm 18:50, to whom does God show unfailing love forever?

A). To the priests and Levites B). To David and his descendants C). To all the nations
D). To the prophets

3968. Complete the verse: "The heavens declare the ___ of God."

A). power B). glory C). love D). name

3969. According to Psalm 19:4, for what has God pitched a tent in the heavens?

A). For the moon B). For the angels C). For the sun D). For the stars

3970. Complete the verse: "The law of the LORD is perfect, refreshing the ___."

A). heart B). mind C). body D). soul

3971. According to Psalm 19:7, what do the trustworthy statutes of the LORD do for the simple?

A). Make them rich B). Make them wise C). Make them strong
D). Make them famous

3972. According to Psalm 19:10, God's decrees are sweeter than what?

A). Grapes B). Milk C). Wine D). Honey

3973. In Psalm 19:12, after asking "Who can discern their own errors?", what does David ask God to forgive?

A). His hidden faults B). His father's sins C). The sins of Israel D). His enemies

3974. In Psalm 19:14, what does David want to be pleasing in God's sight?

A). His sacrifices and gifts B). His army and his kingdom
C). The words of his mouth and the meditation of his heart D). His songs and his harp

3975. In Psalm 20:1, the people pray that the name of the God of whom will protect the king?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Jacob D). Isaac

3976. According to Psalm 20:2, from where do the people pray that the LORD will grant the king support?

A). From Zion B). From Bethel C). From Egypt D). From Sinai

3977. Complete the verse: "May he give you the desire of your ___ and make all your plans succeed."

A). soul B). heart C). life D). home

3978. In Psalm 20:5, what will the people lift up in the name of their God?

A). Their hands B). Their swords C). Their voices D). Their banners

3979. According to Psalm 20:6, to whom does the LORD give victory?

A). His anointed B). The strongest army C). The richest king D). The priests

3980. Some trust in chariots and some in horses. What does Psalm 20:7 say "we" trust in?

A). Our strong walls B). Our many soldiers C). The name of the LORD our God
D). Our wise king

3981. According to Psalm 21:1, what does the king rejoice in?

A). His great army B). The LORD's strength C). His riches D). His wise counselors

3982. In Psalm 21:3, what did the LORD place on the king's head?

A). A crown of pure gold B). A crown of thorns C). A royal robe D). A silver helmet

3983. According to Psalm 21:4, what did the king ask the LORD for?

A). Wisdom B). Riches C). Life D). Victory

3984. According to Psalm 21:6, the LORD made the king glad with the joy of what?

A). His palace B). His feasts C). His children D). The LORD's presence

3985. According to Psalm 21:7, why will the king not be shaken?

A). Because he trusts in the LORD B). Because his walls are strong
C). Because he has many horses D). Because his people love him

3986. Complete the verse: "My God, my God, why have you ___ me?"

A). forsaken B). forgotten C). rejected D). punished

3987. In Psalm 22:3, how does David describe God even while he is suffering?

A). As far away and silent B). As angry with Israel C). As enthroned as the Holy One
D). As sleeping in heaven

3988. According to Psalm 22:22, where will David praise God?

A). On the mountaintop B). In the assembly C). In the wilderness D). By the river

3989. According to Psalm 22:27, who will remember and turn to the LORD?

A). Only the people of Judah B). Only the priests C). All the ends of the earth
D). Only the kings of Israel

3990. Complete the verse: "They will proclaim his righteousness, declaring to a people yet unborn: He has ___ it!"

A). seen B). said C). planned D). done

3991. Complete the verse: "The LORD is my ___, I lack nothing."

A). king B). shepherd C). father D). rock

3992. Because the LORD is his shepherd, what does David say he lacks?

A). Nothing B). Only food C). Only water D). Only friends

3993. According to Psalm 23:2, where does the LORD make David lie down?

A). On the mountains B). In the desert C). In green pastures D). By the sea

3994. According to Psalm 23:2, what does the LORD lead David beside?

A). Rushing rivers B). Deep wells C). High walls D). Quiet waters

3995. According to Psalm 23:3, why does the LORD guide David along the right paths?

A). For his name's sake B). Because David is a king C). Because David is strong
D). So David will become rich

3996. Why will David fear no evil even in the darkest valley?

A). Because he has a sword B). Because the LORD is with him
C). Because the valley is short D). Because his friends are near

3997. According to Psalm 23:4, what two things comfort David?

A). The LORD's songs and prayers B). The LORD's bread and water
C). The LORD's rod and staff D). The LORD's sword and shield

3998. In Psalm 23:5, the LORD prepares a table before David in the presence of whom?

A). His family B). The priests C). The angels D). His enemies

3999. Complete the verse: "You anoint my head with oil; my cup ___."

A). overflows B). is clean C). is gold D). is blessed

4000. At the end of Psalm 23, where does David say he will dwell forever?

A). In Jerusalem B). In the house of the LORD C). In a royal palace
D). In the promised land

4001. Complete the verse: "The earth is the LORD's, and ___ in it."

A). everything B). all the kings C). the people D). the animals

4002. According to Psalm 24:2, on what did the LORD found the earth?

A). On the mountains B). On the seas C). On pillars of stone D). On the clouds

4003. According to Psalm 24:4, who may ascend the mountain of the LORD?

A). The one who brings the biggest gift B). The one who is a priest
C). The one who has clean hands and a pure heart D). The one who was born in Jerusalem

4004. In Psalm 24:7, the gates and ancient doors are told to lift up their heads so that who may come in?

A). The King of glory B). The army of Israel C). The high priest
D). The people of Judah

4005. How does Psalm 24:8 answer the question "Who is this King of glory?"

A). A great prophet from Israel B). The LORD strong and mighty, mighty in battle
C). King David returning from war D). The angel of the LORD

4006. Complete the verse: "Who is he, this King of glory? The LORD ___ — he is the King of glory."

A). Most High B). our God C). Almighty D). of Israel

4007. In Psalm 25:2, what does David ask the LORD not to let happen to him?

A). Be put to shame B). Grow old C). Lose his kingdom D). Become poor

4008. Complete the verse: "Show me your ways, LORD, teach me your ___."

A). songs B). paths C). laws D). words

4009. According to Psalm 25:5, when is David's hope in God?

A). Only in the morning B). Only in times of war C). All day long
D). Only on the Sabbath

4010. In Psalm 25:7, what does David ask the LORD not to remember?

A). His enemies' names B). His father's mistakes C). The wars he fought
D). The sins of his youth

4011. According to Psalm 25:9, whom does the LORD guide in what is right?

A). The humble B). The strong C). The rich D). The kings

4012. In Psalm 25:11, for whose sake does David ask the LORD to forgive his great iniquity?

A). For the sake of Israel B). For the sake of the LORD's name
C). For the sake of his children D). For the sake of the temple

4013. According to Psalm 25:14, what does the LORD make known to those who fear him?

A). The future B). Hidden treasure C). His covenant D). The names of the angels

4014. In Psalm 25:16, why does David ask the LORD to turn to him and be gracious?

A). Because he is tired B). Because he is old C). Because he is hungry
D). Because he is lonely and afflicted

4015. In Psalm 26:1, why does David ask the LORD to vindicate him?

A). Because he has won many battles B). Because he has led a blameless life
C). Because he is the king D). Because his enemies are stronger

4016. In Psalm 26:2, what does David ask the LORD to examine?

A). His heart and his mind B). His house and his land C). His army and his weapons
D). His words and his songs

4017. Complete the verse: "I wash my hands in ___, and go about your altar, LORD."

A). water B). oil C). silence D). innocence

4018. In Psalm 26:8, what does David say he loves?

A). The house where the LORD lives B). The city of Hebron C). His royal palace
D). The fields of Bethlehem

4019. According to Psalm 26:12, where will David praise the LORD?

A). In the wilderness B). In the great congregation C). On the mountaintop
D). In his palace

4020. Complete the verse: "The LORD is my light and my ___ — whom shall I fear?"

A). strength B). shield C). salvation D). song

4021. In Psalm 27:4, what is the one thing David asks of the LORD?

A). To defeat all his enemies B). To dwell in the house of the LORD all the days of his life
C). To have a long and rich life D). To build a great palace

4022. According to Psalm 27:5, where will the LORD set David high in the day of trouble?

A). Upon a tower B). Upon a throne C). Upon a mountain D). Upon a rock

4023. According to Psalm 27:10, even if who forsakes David, the LORD will receive him?

A). His brothers B). His father and mother C). His friends D). His people

4024. According to Psalm 27:13, where is David confident he will see the goodness of the LORD?

A). In heaven B). In the temple C). In the land of the living D). In Jerusalem

4025. Complete the verse: "___ for the LORD; be strong and take heart."

A). Wait B). Pray C). Sing D). Look

4026. In Psalm 28:1, what does David ask the LORD not to turn to him?

A). His back B). A deaf ear C). His anger D). His face

4027. In Psalm 28:2, toward what place does David lift up his hands?

A). The Most Holy Place B). The Jordan River C). The city gate D). The mountains

4028. In Psalm 28:6, why does David say, "Praise be to the LORD"?

A). Because he won a war B). Because it rained C). Because the temple was built
D). Because the LORD heard his cry for mercy

4029. Complete the verse: "The LORD is my strength and my ___; my heart trusts in him, and he helps me."

A). king B). song C). shield D). light

4030. According to Psalm 28:7, what does David's heart do because the LORD helps him?

A). Leaps for joy B). Grows quiet C). Becomes afraid D). Feels tired

4031. In Psalm 28:9, David asks the LORD to be what for his people?

A). Their king B). Their shepherd C). Their judge D). Their builder

4032. Complete the verse: "Worship the LORD in the splendor of his ___."

A). power B). kingdom C). holiness D). temple

4033. Which phrase is repeated again and again in Psalm 29?

A). "The voice of the LORD" B). "The hand of the LORD" C). "The love of the LORD"
D). "The word of the LORD"

4034. According to Psalm 29:5, the LORD breaks in pieces the cedars of which place?

A). Bashan B). Gilead C). Carmel D). Lebanon

4035. In Psalm 29:6, the LORD makes Lebanon leap like what?

A). A deer B). A calf C). A goat D). A lamb

4036. According to Psalm 29:8, which desert does the LORD shake?

A). The Desert of Kadesh B). The Desert of Sinai C). The Desert of Zin
D). The Desert of Paran

4037. According to Psalm 29:9, what does everyone in the LORD's temple cry?

A). "Holy!" B). "Amen!" C). "Glory!" D). "Hosanna!"

4038. According to Psalm 29:10, over what does the LORD sit enthroned?

A). The mountains B). The nations C). The heavens D). The flood

4039. According to Psalm 29:11, with what does the LORD bless his people?

A). Peace B). Gold C). Rain D). Land

4040. In Psalm 30:2, what did the LORD do when David called to him for help?

A). Healed him B). Gave him riches C). Sent an army D). Made him king

4041. According to Psalm 30:5, how long does the LORD's anger last compared to his favor?

A). His anger lasts a year, but his favor a day B). His anger and favor last the same time
C). His anger lasts only a moment, but his favor lasts a lifetime D). His anger lasts forever

4042. Complete the verse: "You turned my wailing into ___."

A). singing B). dancing C). laughing D). praying

4043. According to Psalm 30:11, what did the LORD remove from David before clothing him with joy?

A). His crown B). His armor C). His sackcloth D). His sandals

4044. At the end of Psalm 30, how long does David say he will praise the LORD?

A). Until morning B). For seven days C). Until he is old D). Forever

4045. In Psalm 31:4, what does David ask the LORD to keep him free from?

A). The trap set for him B). Sickness and pain C). Hunger and thirst
D). The heat of the sun

4046. Complete the verse: "Into your hands I commit my ___."

A). life B). spirit C). family D). future

4047. In Psalm 31:14, what does David say to the LORD while enemies plot against him?

A). "You are my God" B). "Why have you left me?" C). "I will fight alone"
D). "Send me away"

4048. Complete the verse: "My ___ are in your hands."

A). days B). times C). ways D). plans

4049. According to Psalm 31:19, for whom has the LORD stored up abundant good things?

A). For the kings of the earth B). For the strongest people C). For those who fear him
D). For those who give the most

4050. According to Psalm 31:23, whom does the LORD preserve?

A). Those who are rich B). Those who are wise C). Those who are strong
D). Those who are true to him

4051. In Psalm 32:4, David says his strength was sapped as in the heat of what?

A). A fire B). The desert C). Summer D). Battle

4052. According to Psalm 32:5, what happened after David confessed his transgressions to the LORD?

A). The LORD punished him B). The LORD stayed silent C). He was made king
D). The LORD forgave the guilt of his sin

4053. Complete the verse: "You are my ___ place; you will protect me from trouble."

A). hiding B). resting C). dwelling D). holy

4054. In Psalm 32:8, what does the LORD promise to do?

A). Give riches and land B). Instruct and teach in the way to go
C). Defeat every enemy at once D). Make the person famous

4055. According to Psalm 32:10, whom does the LORD's unfailing love surround?

A). The one who is rich B). The one who is strong C). The one who is a priest
D). The one who trusts in him

4056. According to Psalm 33:2, on what instrument with ten strings should people make music to the LORD?

A). The cymbals B). The lyre C). The flute D). The trumpet

4057. Complete the verse: "Sing to him a ___ song; play skillfully, and shout for joy."

A). new B). happy C). holy D). loud

4058. According to Psalm 33:6, how were the heavens made?

A). By the hands of angels B). Over seven long years C). By the word of the LORD
D). From the waters of the sea

4059. According to Psalm 33:7, into what does the LORD gather the waters of the sea?

A). Rivers B). Clouds C). Wells D). Jars

4060. What does Psalm 33:9 teach about how God created?

A). He spoke, and it came to be B). He worked for many years
C). He needed help from others D). He built it with tools

4061. According to Psalm 33:12, which nation is blessed?

A). The nation with the biggest army B). The nation whose God is the LORD
C). The nation with the most gold D). The nation with the oldest king

4062. According to Psalm 33:18, the eyes of the LORD are on whom?

A). The kings of the earth B). The strong warriors C). The wise teachers
D). Those who fear him

4063. According to Psalm 34:1, when will David extol the LORD?

A). At all times B). Only on feast days C). Only in the morning
D). Only when things go well

4064. According to Psalm 34:4, what did the LORD deliver David from when he sought him?

A). All his debts B). All his sickness C). All his fears D). All his work

4065. According to Psalm 34:7, who encamps around those who fear the LORD?

A). The army of Israel B). The priests C). The prophets D). The angel of the LORD

4066. Complete the verse: "___ and see that the LORD is good."

A). Taste B). Come C). Look D). Wait

4067. Psalm 34:10 says the lions may grow weak and hungry. What does it say about those who seek the LORD?

A). They will become as strong as lions B). They lack no good thing
C). They will never be tired D). They will hunt like lions

4068. According to Psalm 34:18, the LORD is close to whom?

A). The rich B). The powerful C). The proud D). The brokenhearted

4069. According to Psalm 34:20, what does the LORD protect so that not one of them will be broken?

A). The righteous person's bones B). The walls of Jerusalem C). The tablets of the law
D). The jars in the temple

4070. In Psalm 35:1, what does David ask the LORD to do to those who fight against him?

A). Forgive them B). Fight against them C). Make peace with them
D). Send them away to Egypt

4071. In Psalm 35:2, what does David ask the LORD to take up?

A). Shield and armor B). Bow and arrows C). Sword and spear D). Staff and rod

4072. Complete the verse: "Say to me, 'I am your ___.'"

A). shepherd B). father C). salvation D). king

4073. In Psalm 35:10, what does David say the LORD does that makes him ask, "Who is like you, LORD?"

A). He builds great cities B). He makes kings rich C). He sends rain on the land
D). He rescues the poor from those too strong for them

4074. According to Psalm 35:27, the LORD delights in what for his servant?

A). His riches B). His strength C). His well-being D). His fame

4075. According to Psalm 35:28, when will David's tongue proclaim God's praises?

A). Only on the Sabbath B). Only in the temple C). Only in the morning
D). All day long

4076. According to Psalm 36:1, what is missing before the eyes of the wicked?

A). Light B). The fear of God C). Tears D). The law

4077. Complete the verse: "Your love, LORD, reaches to the ___, your faithfulness to the skies."

A). mountains B). nations C). heavens D). seas

4078. In Psalm 36:6, God's righteousness is compared to what?

A). The rising sun B). A flowing river C). A strong tower
D). The highest mountains

4079. According to Psalm 36:6, whom does the LORD preserve?

A). Both people and animals B). Only the kings C). Only the priests
D). Only the people of Israel

4080. According to Psalm 36:8, what does God give people to drink from?

A). A deep well B). His river of delights C). A golden cup D). A mountain spring

4081. Complete the verse: "For with you is the fountain of life; in your light we see ___."

A). truth B). joy C). light D). you

4082. Complete the verse: "Take ___ in the LORD, and he will give you the desires of your heart."

A). refuge B). joy C). delight D). rest

4083. According to Psalm 37:5, what should we commit to the LORD?

A). Our money B). Our children C). Our land D). Our way

4084. According to Psalm 37:7, how should we wait for the LORD?

A). Patiently B). Angrily C). Fearfully D). Quickly

4085. According to Psalm 37:24, why will the one who delights in the LORD not fall, even if he stumbles?

A). The LORD upholds him with his hand B). He is very careful C). He has strong legs
D). His friends catch him

4086. According to Psalm 37:39, where does the salvation of the righteous come from?

A). From their good deeds B). From their kings C). From the LORD
D). From their army

4087. In Psalm 38:2, what does David say has pierced him?

A). Thorns B). The LORD's arrows C). A soldier's spear D). Sharp stones

4088. According to Psalm 38:9, what is not hidden from the Lord?

A). David's treasure B). David's plans for war C). David's enemies
D). David's sighing

4089. Complete the verse: "Come quickly to help me, my Lord and my ___."

A). King B). Shepherd C). Friend D). Savior

4090. In Psalm 39:4, what does David ask the LORD to let him know?

A). Who his enemies are B). How fleeting his life is C). Where to build the temple
D). When the rain will come

4091. According to Psalm 39:5, God has made David's days a mere what?

A). Shadow B). Season C). Moment D). Handbreadth

4092. Complete the verse: "But now, Lord, what do I look for? My ___ is in you."

A). joy B). hope C). life D). strength

4093. In Psalm 39:12, how does David say he dwells with God?

A). As a king and a priest B). As a son and an heir C). As a foreigner and a stranger
D). As a soldier and a guard

4094. In Psalm 40:2, what did the LORD lift David out of?

A). A lion's den B). A deep river C). A slimy pit D). A dark prison

4095. According to Psalm 40:2, where did the LORD set David's feet?

A). On a rock B). On a mountain C). On a road D). On a throne

4096. According to Psalm 40:3, what will many people do when they see the new song God put in David's mouth?

A). Sing it in the temple B). Fear the LORD and put their trust in him
C). Write it on a scroll D). Laugh at David

4097. In Psalm 40:5, why does David say he cannot declare all the LORD's wonders?

A). He has forgotten them B). They are a secret C). No one would listen
D). They would be too many to declare

4098. According to Psalm 40:6, what did God not desire?

A). Prayer and praise B). Sacrifice and offering C). Songs and music
D). Obedience and trust

4099. Complete the verse: "I desire to do your will, my God; your law is within my ___."

A). mind B). home C). heart D). hands

4100. According to Psalm 41:3, where does the LORD sustain those who care for the weak?

A). On the battlefield B). On their sickbed C). In the desert D). On a long journey

4101. In Psalm 41:4, what reason does David give when he asks the LORD to heal him?

A). "For I am the king" B). "For I am old" C). "For I have sinned against you"
D). "For my enemies are strong"

4102. According to Psalm 41:12, because of what does the LORD uphold David?

A). His great wealth B). His integrity C). His strong army D). His royal family

4103. Complete the verse: "Praise be to the LORD, the God of Israel, from everlasting to ___. Amen and Amen."

A). the heavens B). all nations C). everlasting D). the sea

4104. Complete the verse: "As the ___ pants for streams of water, so my soul pants for you, my God."

A). deer B). lamb C). dove D). horse

4105. According to Psalm 42:2, what does the writer's soul thirst for?

A). Water from the river B). The living God C). Wine at the feast
D). Rest from work

4106. In Psalm 42:5, what does the writer tell his downcast soul to do?

A). Go back to sleep B). Put its hope in God C). Run away D). Forget the past

4107. Which of these places is named in Psalm 42:6, where the writer says he will remember God?

A). Mount Carmel B). Mount Sinai C). The heights of Hermon
D). The hills of Bethel

4108. According to Psalm 42:8, when is God's song with the writer?

A). At dawn B). At noon C). On feast days D). At night

4109. In Psalm 43:1, the writer asks God to plead his cause against what?

A). A foreign army B). An unfaithful nation C). His own family D). The priests

4110. In Psalm 43:3, what two things does the writer ask God to send to lead him?

A). His angels and his prophets B). His rain and his sun
C). His light and his faithful care D). His army and his chariots

4111. According to Psalm 43:3, where does the writer want God's light to bring him?

A). To his holy mountain B). To the river Jordan C). To the land of Egypt
D). To his father's house

4112. Complete the verse: "Then I will go to the altar of God, to God, my joy and my ___."

A). strength B). song C). hope D). delight

4113. In Psalm 43:4, with what instrument will the writer praise God?

A). The trumpet B). The lyre C). The drum D). The flute

4114. According to Psalm 44:1, who told the people what God did in days long ago?

A). The prophets B). Their ancestors C). The kings D). The angels

4115. According to Psalm 44:3, how did the ancestors win the land?

A). By their sword B). By their strong arm
C). By God's right hand and the light of his face D). By making a treaty

4116. Complete the verse: "In God we make our ___ all day long, and we will praise your name forever."

A). prayer B). home C). song D). boast

4117. According to Psalm 44:17, what had the people NOT done, even though trouble came upon them?

A). Forgotten God or been false to his covenant B). Built a temple C). Gone to war
D). Planted their fields

4118. According to Psalm 44:21, what does God know?

A). The number of the stars B). The secrets of the heart C). The names of all kings
D). The day of every battle

4119. In Psalm 44:22, the people say they are considered as what?

A). Lost children B). Foreigners in the land C). Sheep to be slaughtered
D). Dust in the wind

4120. At the end of Psalm 44, on what basis do the people ask God to rescue them?

A). Because of their good deeds B). Because of their sacrifices
C). Because they are strong D). Because of his unfailing love

4121. Complete the verse: "Your throne, O God, will last for ever and ever; a scepter of ___ will be the scepter of your kingdom."

A). justice B). gold C). power D). peace

4122. According to Psalm 45:7, why did God anoint the king with the oil of joy?

A). Because he was the oldest son B). Because he won a great battle
C). Because he was very rich D). Because he loves righteousness and hates wickedness

4123. Complete the verse: "God is our refuge and strength, an ever-present ___ in trouble."

A). friend B). help C). light D). shield

4124. According to Psalm 46:2, when will God's people not fear?

A). Even if the earth gives way and the mountains fall into the sea
B). Only when the sun is shining C). Only when their army is strong
D). Only when they are at home

4125. According to Psalm 46:4, what makes glad the city of God?

A). A golden temple B). A great wall C). A river and its streams D). A mighty army

4126. According to Psalm 46:5, when will God help the city?

A). At midnight B). At the end of the year C). On the Sabbath D). At break of day

4127. According to Psalm 46:6, what happens when God lifts his voice?

A). The earth melts B). The rain falls C). The sun stands still D). The sea divides

4128. According to Psalm 46:9, what does God do to the bow and spear?

A). He gives them to Israel B). He breaks the bow and shatters the spear
C). He hides them in the temple D). He makes them stronger

4129. Complete the verse: "Be ___, and know that I am God."

A). strong B). glad C). still D). ready

4130. Complete the verse: "___ your hands, all you nations; shout to God with cries of joy."

A). Lift B). Raise C). Clap D). Fold

4131. According to Psalm 47:2, the LORD Most High is the great King over what?

A). All the earth B). Only Israel C). Only Jerusalem D). Only the heavens

4132. According to Psalm 47:5, God ascended amid the sounding of what?

A). Harps B). Drums C). Bells D). Trumpets

4133. Which words are repeated four times in Psalm 47:6?

A). "Clap your hands" B). "Sing praises" C). "Shout for joy" D). "Praise the LORD"

4134. According to Psalm 47:8, where is God seated?

A). On Mount Sinai B). In the clouds C). On his holy throne D). By the river

4135. According to Psalm 47:9, the nobles of the nations assemble as the people of the God of whom?

A). Moses B). David C). Joshua D). Abraham

4136. Complete the verse: "Great is the LORD, and most worthy of ___, in the city of our God."

A). praise B). gifts C). silence D). fear

4137. According to Psalm 48:2, Mount Zion is the city of whom?

A). The great prophet B). The Great King C). The high priest D). The first king

4138. In Psalm 48:7, God destroyed the enemy kings like ships of Tarshish shattered by what?

A). A great storm B). A west wind C). Rocks in the sea D). An east wind

4139. According to Psalm 48:9, where do the people meditate on God's unfailing love?

A). Within his temple B). In the wilderness C). By the sea D). In their homes

4140. According to Psalm 48:14, how long will God be the people's guide?

A). Until they reach Zion B). For forty years C). Even to the end
D). Only in times of war

4141. According to Psalm 49:7, what can no one do for another person?

A). Teach them B). Feed them C). Pray for them
D). Redeem their life or pay God a ransom for them

4142. According to Psalm 49:15, what will God redeem the writer from?

A). Slavery in Egypt B). His debts C). His enemies' hands
D). The realm of the dead

4143. According to Psalm 50:1, from where to where does God summon the earth?

A). From the rising of the sun to where it sets B). From the mountains to the sea
C). From Dan to Beersheba D). From the river to the desert

4144. According to Psalm 50:2, from where does God shine forth?

A). From Sinai B). From Bethel C). From Zion D). From Hebron

4145. Complete the verse: "For every animal of the forest is mine, and the cattle on a thousand ___."

A). fields B). farms C). plains D). hills

4146. In Psalm 50:9-12, why does God say he has no need of the people's bulls and goats?

A). Because the world and all that is in it is his B). Because he only wants gold
C). Because the animals are sick D). Because he eats only bread

4147. According to Psalm 50:14, what kind of offerings should people sacrifice to God?

A). Burnt offerings B). Thank offerings C). Grain offerings D). Drink offerings

4148. According to Psalm 50:15, what will God do if people call on him in the day of trouble?

A). Send them away B). Give them riches C). Deliver them D). Make them kings

4149. Complete the verse: "The LORD is slow to _____ but great in power."

A). speak B). judge C). anger D). act

4150. According to Nahum 1:3, what will the LORD not do with the guilty?

A). Forget them B). Leave them unpunished C). Speak to them D). Warn them

4151. What does Nahum say the clouds are?

A). The dust of the LORD's feet B). The LORD's chariots C). The LORD's robe
D). The LORD's tent

4152. Which places does Nahum say wither or fade when the LORD acts?

A). Sinai, Horeb and Zion B). Bashan, Carmel and Lebanon C). Gilead, Moab and Edom
D). Jordan, Hermon and Tabor

4153. Complete the verse: "The LORD is good, a _____ in times of trouble."

A). light B). refuge C). shepherd D). king

4154. For whom does the LORD care, according to Nahum 1:7?

A). Those who are strong B). Those who are rich C). Those who trust in him
D). Those who live in Nineveh

4155. With what does Nahum say the LORD will make an end of Nineveh?

A). A great fire B). An overwhelming flood C). A terrible famine
D). A plague of locusts

4156. What did the LORD promise to break from Judah's neck?

A). Their yoke B). Their chains of gold C). Their idols D). Their armor

4157. What did the LORD Almighty declare to Nineveh in Nahum 2:13?

A). "I will forgive you" B). "I am against you" C). "I will protect you"
D). "I will make you great"

4158. God's voice said: 'This is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well ___.'

A). known B). glorified C). honored D). pleased

4159. According to John, which senses had he and others used to know the Word of life?

A). Smell and taste only B). Hearing, seeing and touching C). Dreams and visions
D). Reading old scrolls

4160. "That which was from the _____, which we have heard, which we have seen with our eyes..."

A). beginning B). mountain C). temple D). prophets

4161. John says the life that appeared was with whom before it appeared to them?

A). Moses B). The angels C). The Father D). John the Baptist

4162. Why did John proclaim what he had seen and heard?

A). So readers could fear the apostles B). So readers could have fellowship with them
C). So readers could avoid the law D). So readers could become rich

4163. John says true fellowship is with the Father and with whom?

A). Abraham B). Paul C). Moses D). His Son, Jesus Christ

4164. Why did John write these things?

A). To make their joy complete B). To warn of famine C). To list the kings
D). To plan a journey

4165. "God is _____; in him there is no darkness at all."

A). love B). light C). holy D). great

4166. What does John say about someone who claims fellowship with God but walks in darkness?

A). They are very wise B). They are a prophet C). They lie and do not live out the truth
D). They will become a leader

4167. If we walk in the light, what does the blood of Jesus do?

A). Makes us famous B). Purifies us from all sin C). Gives us long life on earth
D). Makes us stronger than others

4168. What happens if we claim to be without sin?

A). We become holy B). We please God

C). We deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us D). We are made apostles

4169. "If we _____ our sins, he is faithful and just and will forgive us our sins."

A). hide B). forget C). count D). confess

4170. When we confess our sins, God forgives us and purifies us from what?

A). All unrighteousness B). All sickness C). All enemies D). All hard work

4171. If we claim we have not sinned, what does John say we make God out to be?

A). A judge B). A liar C). A king D). A stranger

4172. How can we know that we have come to know God?

A). If we keep his commands B). If we see a vision C). If we fast often

D). If we become rich

4173. What does John say about the person who does the will of God?

A). They will be famous B). They will never be tired C). They live forever

D). They will rule a city

4174. What did God promise us, according to John?

A). Great riches B). A long journey C). A new kingdom on earth D). Eternal life

4175. Because of the Father's great love, what does John say we are called?

A). Servants of God B). Children of God C). Friends of the world

D). Prophets of God

4176. What two things does John say make up God's command?

A). Fast and give offerings

B). Believe in the name of his Son, Jesus Christ, and love one another

C). Keep the Sabbath and visit the temple D). Pray and sing psalms

4177. How do we know that God lives in us, according to John?

A). By the dreams we have B). By the Spirit he gave us

C). By how much money we give D). By our good health

4178. Why does John say we should love one another?

A). Because it makes us famous B). Because the law of Moses says so

C). Because others will pay us D). Because love comes from God

4179. "Whoever does not love does not know God, because God is _____."

A). love B). light C). holy D). great

4180. How did God show his love among us?

A). He gave the law on Mount Sinai B). He sent his one and only Son into the world
C). He built a great temple D). He sent a flood

4181. What does John say love truly is?

A). That we loved God first B). That we kept all the commands
C). Not that we loved God, but that he loved us and sent his Son as an atoning sacrifice
D). That we gave money to the poor

4182. What does John say no one has ever seen?

A). An angel B). Heaven C). The devil D). God

4183. John says the Father sent his Son to be what?

A). The Saviour of the world B). A priest of the temple C). A king of Rome
D). A teacher of the law

4184. Why do we love, according to John?

A). Because we are good people B). Because we want a reward
C). Because he first loved us D). Because the world tells us to

4185. What command has God given, according to the end of this chapter?

A). Anyone who loves God must also love their brother and sister
B). Anyone who loves God must leave their family
C). Anyone who loves God must live in Jerusalem
D). Anyone who loves God must never work

4186. "In fact, this is love for God: to keep his commands. And his commands are not _____."

A). new B). burdensome C). written D). secret

4187. What has God given us, and where is it found?

A). Great riches, found in the temple B). Eternal life, found in his Son
C). A new law, found in Egypt D). A kingdom, found in Rome

4188. What confidence do we have when we ask God anything according to his will?

A). He hears us B). He sends an angel C). He gives us gold
D). He makes us famous

4189. What should someone do if they see a brother or sister commit a sin that does not lead to death?

A). Report them to the leaders B). Pray, and God will give them life
C). Stay away from them D). Tell them to leave the church

Gog

4190. Against whom did God tell Ezekiel to set his face in Ezekiel 38?

A). Gog, of the land of Magog B). Pharaoh of Egypt C). The king of Tyre
D). Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon

4191. Complete the verse: "Gog, of the land of Magog, the chief prince of Meshek and _____."

A). Togarmah B). Tubal C). Gomer D). Persia

4192. Which of these nations does Ezekiel 38:5 say would be with Gog?

A). Egypt B). Assyria C). Persia D). Babylon

4193. When did God say Gog would invade the land?

A). In the days of Hezekiah B). During the reign of David C). Before the exile
D). After many days, in future years

4194. How did God describe Gog's advance against the land?

A). Like a storm and a cloud covering the land B). Like a lion leaping from the thicket
C). Like a flood from the river D). Like locusts eating the fields

4195. What kind of land did Gog plan to attack?

A). A land of tall walls and strong gates B). A land of unwalled villages and peaceful people
C). A land of mighty soldiers D). A land with no people at all

4196. What did Sheba, Dedan and the merchants of Tarshish ask Gog?

A). "Will you trade with us?" B). "Will you make peace?"
C). "Have you come to plunder?" D). "Where is your king?"

4197. Which of these did God say He would pour down on Gog and his troops?

A). Torrents of rain, hailstones and burning sulfur B). Frogs, gnats and flies
C). Manna and quail D). Snow and frost

4198. What was God's purpose in judging Gog?

A). To give Israel more land
B). To show His greatness and holiness and make Himself known C). To punish Israel
D). To make Babylon strong

4199. What did God say He would strike from Gog's left hand?

A). His shield B). His bow C). His sword D). His spear

4200. Where did God say Gog and his troops would fall?

A). In the land of Magog B). By the Nile River C). On the mountains of Israel
D). In the sea

4201. What would the valley where Gog was buried be called?

A). The Valley of Jezreel B). The Valley of Elah C). The Valley of Hamon Gog
D). The Valley of Achor

Goliath

4202. Which city was Goliath from?

A). Ashdod B). Ekron C). Gath D). Gaza

4203. What was the shaft of Goliath's spear like?

A). A weaver's rod B). A tree trunk C). A shepherd's staff D). A tent pole

4204. Goliath shouted, "This day I defy the ___ of Israel!"

A). God B). king C). people D). armies

4205. For how many days did Goliath come forward and take his stand?

A). Seven days B). Three days C). Forty days D). Ten days

4206. Why was David upset about Goliath's challenge?

A). Goliath was defying the armies of the living God B). Goliath insulted Jesse
C). Goliath stole his sheep D). Saul would not let him watch

4207. Goliath said, "Am I a ___, that you come at me with sticks?"

A). dog B). lion C). bear D). child

4208. David said he came against Goliath in the name of whom?

A). King Saul B). The LORD Almighty C). The armies of Judah D). Jesse his father

4209. Where did David's stone hit Goliath?

A). In his forehead B). In his chest C). In his leg D). In his hand

4210. How did David finish off Goliath, since he had no sword of his own?

A). He used Saul's sword B). He used a second stone C). He took Goliath's own sword
D). Jonathan gave him a spear

4211. Where did David take Goliath's head?

A). Bethlehem B). Jerusalem C). Gibeah D). Ramah

4212. Whose sword did Ahimelek give to David?

A). Saul's sword B). Jonathan's sword C). Abner's sword D). Goliath's sword

4213. Where was Goliath's sword kept at Nob?

A). Buried under the altar B). In the ark of the covenant
C). Wrapped in a cloth behind the ephod D). Hanging on the city gate

4214. Who killed Lahmi, the brother of Goliath the Gittite?

A). David B). Elhanan son of Jair C). Jonathan son of Shimea D). Joab

4215. Whose brother is described as having a spear with a shaft like a weaver's rod?

A). Goliath's brother Lahmi B). Saul's brother C). Joab's brother
D). Hanun's brother

Gomer

4216. What was the name of the woman Hosea married?

A). Gomer B). Rahab C). Hannah D). Michal

4217. Why did God tell Hosea to marry a promiscuous woman?

A). To reward Hosea for his faithfulness

B). Because the land was guilty of unfaithfulness to the LORD

C). To make peace with a neighbouring nation D). Because Hosea asked for a wife

4218. What did God tell Hosea to name his daughter?

A). Lo-Ammi B). Hephzibah C). Lo-Ruhamah D). Beulah

4219. In what order were Gomer's three children born?

A). Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel, Lo-Ammi B). Jezreel, Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah

C). Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi D). Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel

Habakkuk

4220. Which prophet received the prophecy in the book of Habakkuk?

A). Nahum B). Micah C). Habakkuk D). Zephaniah

4221. Complete Habakkuk's cry: "How long, LORD, must I call for ___, but you do not listen?"

A). mercy B). help C). rain D). peace

4222. What was Habakkuk's first complaint to God?

A). God let violence and injustice go on without stopping it

B). God had sent too much rain on the land C). The people would not let him preach

D). The temple had been destroyed

4223. Because of the wrongdoing, what did Habakkuk say had happened to the law?

A). It was burned B). It was lost in the temple C). It was paralyzed

D). It was rewritten

4224. What did God tell Habakkuk he was going to do in his days?

A). Something he would not believe even if he were told B). Bring the exiles home at once

C). Rebuild the walls of Jerusalem D). Send a flood on the earth

4225. Complete Habakkuk's words: "LORD, are you not from ___? My God, my Holy One, you will never die."

A). the beginning B). heaven C). everlasting D). Zion

4226. What did Habakkuk say God's eyes are too pure to do?

A). Look on evil B). Look on the nations C). Look on suffering D). Look on idols

4227. What was Habakkuk's second question to God?

A). Why God would use the wicked to swallow up people more righteous than themselves
B). Why God would not let him become king C). Why God chose Moses to lead Israel
D). Why the temple had no priests

4228. Habakkuk compared people caught by the wicked enemy to what creatures?

A). Birds in a trap B). Sheep without a shepherd C). Fish in the sea
D). Locusts in a field

4229. While waiting for God's answer, where did Habakkuk say he would station himself?

A). On the ramparts B). In the temple courts C). By the river D). On Mount Zion

4230. Complete God's command: "Write down the revelation and make it plain on ___ so that a herald may run with it."

A). scrolls B). walls C). tablets D). stones

4231. What did God tell Habakkuk to do if the revelation seemed slow to come?

A). Stop praying about it B). Wait for it, because it would certainly come
C). Write a new one D). Go and tell the king

4232. What kind of writing is Habakkuk 3?

A). A letter to the king B). A prayer of Habakkuk C). A list of laws
D). A story about a battle

4233. Complete Habakkuk's prayer: "Repeat them in our day, in our time make them known; in wrath remember ___."

A). justice B). mercy C). Israel D). your covenant

4234. Why did Habakkuk say he stood in awe?

A). Because of the king's army B). Because of the beauty of the temple
C). Because of the LORD's deeds D). Because of the Babylonians' strength

4235. After trembling at what he heard, what did Habakkuk decide to do?

A). Run away to another land B). Fight the invaders himself
C). Wait patiently for the day of calamity on the invading nation
D). Ask God to change His plan

4236. Which of these did Habakkuk list as something that might fail?

A). The olive crop B). The rivers of Babylon C). The temple walls
D). The king's treasury

4237. What did Habakkuk say he would do even if crops failed and there were no sheep or cattle?

A). Complain to God B). Leave the land C). Rejoice in the LORD D). Stop praying

4238. Complete the verse: "Yet I will rejoice in the LORD, I will be joyful in God my ___."

A). King B). Shepherd C). Savior D). Rock

4239. Complete the verse: "The Sovereign LORD is my strength; he makes my feet like the feet of a ___."

A). lion B). deer C). eagle D). horse

Hadad

4240. Which Edomite did the LORD raise up as an adversary against Solomon?

A). Rezon B). Hadad C). Achish D). Jeroboam

Hadadezer

4241. Which king of Zobah did David fight when that king went to restore his monument at the Euphrates River?

A). Hadadezer son of Rehob B). Tou king of Hamath C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). Nahash king of Ammon

4242. What did David do with the chariot horses he captured from Hadadezer?

A). He kept all of them B). He gave them to Tou C). He hamstrung all but a hundred
D). He sacrificed them

4243. Which people came to help Hadadezer, and 22,000 of them were struck down by David?

A). The Hittites B). The Edomites C). The Philistines
D). The Arameans of Damascus

4244. What did David take from Hadadezer's officers and bring to Jerusalem?

A). Their swords B). Their gold shields C). Their crowns D). Their horses

4245. Where did David cross the Jordan to fight the regrouped Arameans?

A). Gibeon B). Helam C). Mahanaim D). Aphek

4246. What was the result for the Arameans after David's victory at Helam?

A). They conquered Israel later B). They joined the Ammonites again
C). They made peace with Israel and were afraid to help the Ammonites again
D). They moved to Egypt

4247. Which king of Zobah did David fight when that king went to set up his control along the Euphrates River?

A). Tou B). Hadoram C). Hadadezer D). Nahash

4248. What did David do with the chariot horses he captured from Hadadezer?

A). He kept them all for his army B). He gave them to Tou
C). He sacrificed them to the LORD D). He hamstrung all but a hundred of them

4249. Who was the commander of Hadadezer's army who led the Arameans from beyond the Euphrates?

A). Hadoram B). Shophak C). Hanun D). Tou

4250. What was the result for the Arameans after David defeated them?

A). They made peace with David and would not help the Ammonites anymore

B). They attacked Israel again the next year

C). They joined the Ammonites in a stronger alliance D). They fled to Egypt

Hadoram

4251. Which king sent his son Hadoram to greet and congratulate David?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Tou king of Hamath C). Hadadezer king of Zobah

D). Pharaoh king of Egypt

4252. Which official in charge of forced labor did the Israelites stone to death?

A). Zadok B). Jeroboam C). Ahijah D). Hadoram

Hagar

4253. Who was Sarai's Egyptian slave?

A). Keturah B). Hagar C). Rebekah D). Milkah

4254. Why did Sarai give Hagar to Abram as a wife?

A). Hagar asked to marry Abram B). God commanded Sarai to do it

C). Sarai had not been able to have children D). Abram wanted a second wife

4255. How long had Abram lived in Canaan when Sarai gave him Hagar?

A). Ten years B). Five years C). Twenty years D). Forty years

4256. How did Hagar act toward Sarai after she became pregnant?

A). She began to despise Sarai B). She thanked Sarai kindly C). She ran away at once

D). She grew afraid of Sarai

4257. Where did the angel of the LORD find Hagar after she fled?

A). In the land of Egypt B). At the city of Hebron C). On a mountain in Moriah

D). By a spring in the desert

4258. What did the angel of the LORD tell Hagar to do?

A). Continue on to Egypt B). Go back and submit to Sarai C). Stay in the desert

D). Travel to Canaan alone

4259. The angel said Hagar would have a son and she was to name him _____.

A). Isaac B). Ishmael C). Jacob D). Esau

4260. What name did Hagar give to the LORD who spoke to her?

A). You are the God who sees me B). The LORD Will Provide C). The LORD is my Banner
D). The LORD is Peace

4261. Who was the mother of Abram's son Ishmael?

A). Sarai B). Hagar C). Keturah D). Rebekah

4262. How old was Abram when Hagar gave birth to Ishmael?

A). Seventy-five B). Ninety-nine C). One hundred D). Eighty-six

4263. Why did Sarah ask Abraham to send Hagar and her son away?

A). Hagar had stolen from her B). She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac
C). Hagar wanted to leave D). Abraham asked her to

4264. Where did Hagar wander after Abraham sent her away?

A). In the Desert of Beersheba B). In the land of Egypt C). By the Jordan River
D). On Mount Moriah

4265. How did God save Hagar and her son in the desert?

A). He sent rain to fill the streams B). He opened her eyes to see a well of water
C). He led them back to Abraham D). He gave them food from heaven

4266. What did Ishmael become as he grew up in the desert?

A). A shepherd B). A farmer C). An archer D). A trader

4267. Hagar stands for which mountain in Arabia?

A). Mount Zion B). Mount Carmel C). Mount of Olives D). Mount Sinai

4268. What did Scripture say should be done with the slave woman and her son?

A). Give them the inheritance B). Make them leaders C). Get rid of them
D). Send them to Jerusalem

Haggai

4269. Which two prophets prophesied to the Jews in Judah and Jerusalem?

A). Isaiah and Jeremiah B). Haggai and Zechariah C). Elijah and Elisha
D). Ezekiel and Daniel

4270. What did Zerubbabel and Jeshua do after the prophets spoke?

A). They returned to Babylon B). They wrote to King Darius
C). They began rebuilding the house of God D). They built walls around Jerusalem

4271. Through whose preaching did the elders of the Jews prosper as they built?

A). Haggai and Zechariah B). Ezra and Nehemiah C). Jeremiah and Ezekiel
D). Jeshua and Zerubbabel

4272. In the reign of which king did the word of the LORD come through Haggai?

A). Cyrus B). Artaxerxes C). Darius D). Nebuchadnezzar

4273. Who was the governor of Judah when Haggai gave this message?

A). Zerubbabel B). Nehemiah C). Ezra D). Joshua

4274. Who was the high priest that received Haggai's message?

A). Eliashib B). Joshua son of Jozadak C). Zadok D). Ezra

4275. How did Zerubbabel, Joshua and the remnant respond to Haggai's message?

A). They mocked Haggai B). They left Jerusalem
C). They obeyed the voice of the LORD and feared Him
D). They asked the king for permission

4276. Haggai, the LORD's messenger, gave this message: "I am ___ you," declares the LORD.

A). with B). near C). for D). above

4277. What did the priests say happens when a person defiled by touching a dead body touches food?

A). The food becomes holy B). Nothing changes C). The food becomes defiled
D). The person becomes clean

4278. To whom was Haggai's last message in this book given?

A). Joshua the high priest B). Darius the king C). The priests
D). Zerubbabel, governor of Judah

4279. On which day of the ninth month did Haggai receive two messages from the LORD?

A). The first day B). The tenth day C). The twenty-first day
D). The twenty-fourth day

Hakaliah

4280. Who was Nehemiah's father?

A). Hilkiah B). Hakaliah C). Jozadak D). Seraiah

Ham

4281. Who were the three sons of Noah listed at the end of Genesis 5?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob C). Shem, Ham, and Japheth
D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

4282. Which sons of Noah covered their father without looking at him when he lay uncovered?

A). Shem and Japheth B). Ham and Shem C). Ham and Japheth D). Cain and Abel

4283. Genesis 10 records the descendants of which three men, whose families spread out after the flood?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Shem, Ham, and Japheth C). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

4284. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Noah?

A). Shem B). Ham C). Japheth D). Enoch

Haman

4285. Which man did King Xerxes honor by giving him a seat higher than all the other nobles?

A). Mordecai B). Haman C). Memukan D). Hegai

4286. What people group did Haman come from?

A). A Philistine B). A Mede C). An Agagite D). A Moabite

4287. What did Mordecai refuse to do when Haman passed by at the king's gate?

A). Kneel down and pay him honor B). Open the gate for him C). Give him a gift
D). Speak to him

4288. What did Haman plan to do after he learned who Mordecai's people were?

A). Punish only Mordecai B). Send Mordecai out of Persia
C). Destroy all the Jews throughout the kingdom D). Ask Mordecai to apologize

4289. They cast the ___ (that is, the lot) in the presence of Haman to select a day and month.

A). urim B). pur C). sword D). scroll

4290. Which month did the lot fall on for Haman's plan?

A). Nisan B). Tebeth C). Sivan D). Adar

4291. What did Haman accuse the Jews of when he spoke to the king?

A). Not obeying the king's laws B). Stealing from the treasury C). Planning a war
D). Refusing to pay for the banquet

4292. How much silver did Haman offer to put into the royal treasury?

A). One thousand talents B). Ten thousand talents C). A hundred talents
D). Five thousand talents

4293. What did King Xerxes take off his finger and give to Haman?

A). His royal crown B). His scepter C). His signet ring D). His robe

4294. How did the city of Susa react while the king and Haman sat down to drink after the decree?

A). The city was bewildered B). The city celebrated C). The city held a feast
D). The city prepared for war

4295. What did Esther first ask the king to do?

A). Remove Haman from power B). Come with Haman to a banquet she had prepared
C). Cancel the edict against the Jews D). Honor Mordecai

4296. When the king asked Esther for her request at the first banquet, what did she do?

A). She told him everything about Haman's plot
B). She asked him to make Mordecai a noble
C). She invited the king and Haman to another banquet the next day
D). She asked for the gold scepter

4297. Why was Haman filled with rage as he left the first banquet?

A). Mordecai did not rise or show fear of him at the king's gate
B). The king had ignored him C). Esther had insulted him
D). He had not been given enough wine

4298. What was the name of Haman's wife?

A). Vashti B). Jezebel C). Zeresh D). Abihail

4299. Which of these did Haman NOT boast about to his friends and wife?

A). His vast wealth B). His many sons
C). Being the only person Esther invited with the king to the banquet
D). His victories in battle

4300. Why did Haman say that all his honor gave him no satisfaction?

A). The king had not given him a province
B). He still saw Mordecai the Jew sitting at the king's gate C). His sons did not respect him
D). Esther had not invited his wife

4301. What did Zeresh and Haman's friends suggest he do to Mordecai?

A). Set up a pole and ask the king to have Mordecai impaled on it
B). Send Mordecai out of Susa C). Take away Mordecai's job at the gate
D). Put Mordecai in prison

4302. How high was the pole that Haman had set up for Mordecai?

A). Ten cubits B). Thirty cubits C). Seventy cubits D). Fifty cubits

4303. Why had Haman come into the palace's outer court that night?

A). To ask for Esther's help B). To speak to the king about impaling Mordecai on the pole
C). To report a new plot D). To bring a gift to the king

4304. When the king asked what should be done for the man he delighted to honor, who did Haman think the king meant?

A). Mordecai B). Memukan C). Himself D). One of the king's sons

4305. What did Haman suggest for the man the king delighted to honor?

A). A royal robe the king had worn and a horse the king had ridden

B). A new house and servants C). A seat above all the nobles

D). A bag of silver and a gold chain

4306. This is what is done for the man the king ___ to honor!

A). wishes B). chooses C). promises D). delights

4307. Who did the king order Haman to honor in the way Haman had suggested?

A). Hegai B). Mordecai C). Hathak D). Esther

4308. Who led Mordecai on horseback through the city streets, proclaiming honor before him?

A). Haman B). King Xerxes C). Hathak D). Hegai

4309. What did Haman do right after leading Mordecai through the city?

A). He went to Esther's banquet B). He went back to the king to complain

C). He rushed home with his head covered in grief D). He left Susa

4310. What did Zeresh and Haman's advisers tell him after he was forced to honor Mordecai?

A). That the king would soon forget about it B). That he should try again tomorrow

C). That Esther would help him

D). That since Mordecai was Jewish, Haman could not stand against him and would surely come to ruin

4311. What happened while Zeresh and the advisers were still talking with Haman?

A). The king's eunuchs came and hurried him to Esther's banquet

B). Mordecai came to his house C). The pole fell down

D). A letter arrived from the king

4312. Whom did Esther name as the enemy of her people?

A). Memukan B). Hathak C). Bigthana D). Haman

4313. What was Haman doing when the king came back from the palace garden?

A). Running away from the palace B). Writing a new decree

C). Falling on the couch where Esther was reclining, begging for his life

D). Talking with his wife Zeresh

4314. Which of the king's eunuchs told the king about the pole Haman had set up for Mordecai?

A). Hegai B). Harbona C). Hathak D). Mehuman

4315. What happened to Haman at the end of Esther 7?

A). He was sent into exile B). He was put in prison C). He was forgiven by the king
D). He was impaled on the pole he had set up for Mordecai

4316. What did King Xerxes give to Queen Esther on the day Haman died?

A). A new crown B). Haman's estate C). A province to rule D). The gold scepter

4317. What did the king give to Mordecai after taking it back from Haman?

A). His signet ring B). His royal horse C). His royal robe D). The key to the treasury

4318. Why did Esther fall at the king's feet weeping, even after Haman was dead?

A). She wanted Haman's sons punished B). She was afraid the king was angry with her
C). She wanted Mordecai to be made king
D). She begged him to put an end to Haman's evil plan against the Jews

4319. How many sons of Haman were killed?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Twelve D). Five

4320. What did Esther ask the king for after the first day of fighting?

A). Mercy for Haman's family B). A new palace in Susa
C). Another day in Susa for the Jews and Haman's ten sons impaled on poles
D). Freedom for all the Jews to return to Jerusalem

4321. Why were these days called Purim?

A). Because Esther named them after her home B). Because the Jews were purified
C). Because the king chose the name D). Because of the word pur, the lot Haman had cast

Hamor

4322. Who was Shechem, the man who wronged Dinah?

A). A servant of Jacob B). The son of Hamor the Hivite, ruler of that area
C). A brother of Esau D). A trader passing through the land

4323. What did Shechem ask his father Hamor to do for him?

A). To send Dinah away B). To give him land near Jacob C). To get Dinah as his wife
D). To make peace with Esau

4324. What condition did Jacob's sons deceitfully set before agreeing to the marriage?

A). That every male in the city be circumcised B). That Shechem pay a large sum of silver
C). That Hamor give them half his land D). That the city worship the God of Jacob

Hanamel

4325. Which relative came to Jeremiah asking him to buy a field?

A). Hanamel, his cousin B). Baruch, his scribe C). Hilkiah, his father
D). Shallum, his brother

4326. In which town was the field Jeremiah bought?

A). Bethlehem B). Shiloh C). Ramah D). Anathoth

4327. How much silver did Jeremiah weigh out for the field?

A). Thirty shekels B). Seventeen shekels C). Fifty shekels D). Seven shekels

Hanani

4328. Which seer came to rebuke Asa?

A). Hanani B). Azariah C). Iddo D). Shemaiah

4329. What did Hanani say Asa had done wrong?

A). He built too many cities B). He had too many wives

C). He relied on the king of Aram and not on the LORD D). He did not pay his soldiers

4330. Which earlier victory did Hanani remind Asa of, when he relied on the LORD?

A). The victory over the Philistines B). The victory over Jeroboam

C). The victory over Egypt D). The victory over the Cushites and Libyans

4331. Complete the verse: "For the eyes of the LORD range throughout the earth to strengthen those whose hearts are fully _____ to him."

A). committed B). given C). open D). turned

4332. What did Asa do to Hanani the seer?

A). He thanked him B). He put him in prison C). He made him a priest

D). He sent him to Aram

4333. Which of Nehemiah's brothers came from Judah with some other men?

A). Hanani B). Ezra C). Zerubbabel D). Shemaiah

4334. What news did Nehemiah hear about the wall of Jerusalem?

A). It had been rebuilt higher B). It was guarded by soldiers C). It was being repaired

D). It was broken down and its gates burned

4335. Which of his brothers did Nehemiah put in charge of Jerusalem?

A). Hanani B). Shemaiah C). Eliashib D). Malkijah

Hananiah

4336. Which of his brothers did Nehemiah put in charge of Jerusalem?

A). Hanani B). Shemaiah C). Eliashib D). Malkijah

4337. Why was Hananiah, the commander of the citadel, chosen to help lead Jerusalem?

A). He was the richest man in the city B). He was related to the king

C). He was a man of integrity and feared God more than most people do

D). He had built the most of the wall

4338. Which prophet opposed Jeremiah in the temple in chapter 28?

A). Pashhur B). Uriah C). Hananiah D). Shemaiah

4339. Which town was the prophet Hananiah from?

A). Gibeon B). Anathoth C). Bethel D). Ramah

4340. What did Hananiah say the LORD would break?

A). The walls of Jerusalem B). The power of Egypt C). The idols of Baal
D). The yoke of the king of Babylon

4341. Within how many years did Hananiah say the temple articles would be brought back?

A). Seventy years B). Two years C). Ten years D). One year

4342. How did Jeremiah first respond to Hananiah's prophecy?

A). "Amen! May the LORD do so!" B). "You are a liar!" C). "I will tell the king!"
D). "Leave the temple!"

4343. What did Hananiah take off Jeremiah's neck and break?

A). A gold chain B). A rope C). A wooden yoke D). An iron collar

4344. God said Hananiah had broken a wooden yoke. What would replace it?

A). A yoke of iron B). A yoke of bronze C). A yoke of gold D). A yoke of stone

4345. Why did Jeremiah say Hananiah would die that very year?

A). Because he was old
B). Because he had made the nation trust in lies and preached rebellion against the LORD
C). Because he had stolen from the temple D). Because he had fled to Egypt

4346. When did Hananiah die?

A). The same day B). After two years C). After seventy years
D). In the seventh month of that same year

4347. From which tribe did Daniel, Hananiah, Mishael and Azariah come?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Levi D). Ephraim

4348. How many days did Daniel ask the guard to test them?

A). Ten days B). Three days C). Seven days D). Forty days

4349. What happened after the ten-day test ended?

A). The four men were sent back to Judah
B). The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables
C). The king punished the guard D). Daniel began eating the royal food

4350. The king found the four young men how many times better than all his magicians and enchanters?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Ten times D). Twelve times

4351. What did Daniel ask his friends to do after he was given time?

A). Run away from Babylon B). Study the stars C). Find another wise man
D). Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

4352. At Daniel's request, who were made administrators over the province of Babylon?

A). Arioch and Ashpenaz B). The magicians and astrologers
C). Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego D). Daniel's family from Judah

Hannah

4353. Who was Hannah's husband?

A). Eli B). Jeroham C). Elkanah D). Phinehas

4354. What was the name of Elkanah's other wife, who had children?

A). Peninnah B). Rachel C). Leah D). Orpah

4355. What did Elkanah give Hannah at the yearly sacrifice because he loved her?

A). A new robe B). A double portion C). A silver ring D). A lamb of her own

4356. Why did Hannah weep and not eat when the family went up to the house of the LORD?

A). She was ill B). Eli had sent her away C). Her rival Peninnah kept provoking her
D). Elkanah was angry with her

4357. Elkanah asked Hannah, "Don't I mean more to you than ___ sons?"

A). two B). seven C). twelve D). ten

4358. In her vow, what did Hannah promise would never be used on her son's head?

A). A razor B). A crown C). Oil D). A helmet

4359. Why did Eli think Hannah was drunk?

A). She was singing loudly B). Her lips were moving but her voice was not heard
C). She fell asleep at the doorpost D). She was carrying a skin of wine

4360. Hannah told Eli, "I was pouring out my ___ to the LORD."

A). heart B). tears C). soul D). prayer

4361. After Eli blessed her, what changed about Hannah?

A). She went home without eating B). She stayed in the temple
C). She told Peninnah she was sorry D). Her face was no longer downcast

4362. Why did Hannah name her son Samuel?

A). Because he was born at Shiloh B). Because she asked the LORD for him
C). Because Eli chose the name D). Because it was his grandfather's name

4363. When did Hannah take Samuel to the house of the LORD at Shiloh?

A). On the day he was born B). When he was twelve years old C). After he was weaned
D). After Eli died

4364. Which event happened LAST in 1 Samuel 1?

A). Hannah brought Samuel to Eli and gave him to the LORD
B). Hannah named her son Samuel C). The family returned home to Ramah
D). Hannah weaned Samuel

4365. How did Hannah keep the vow she made in her prayer?

A). She sacrificed a bull every year B). She gave Samuel to the LORD for his whole life
C). She stayed at Shiloh as a servant D). She named him after Eli

4366. Who prayed, "My heart rejoices in the LORD"?

A). Peninnah B). Miriam C). Hannah D). Deborah

4367. Hannah prayed, "There is no Rock like our ___."

A). God B). King C). Father D). Lord of Israel

4368. According to Hannah's prayer, what does the LORD do for the poor and needy?

A). He leaves them in the dust B). He raises them up and seats them with princes
C). He makes them serve the rich D). He sends them to other lands

4369. What did Hannah make for Samuel each year?

A). A pair of sandals B). A little robe C). A wooden toy D). A leather belt

4370. How many more children did the LORD give Hannah after Samuel?

A). Two sons and one daughter B). Three sons and two daughters C). Four sons
D). Seven sons

Hanun

4371. Who became king of the Ammonites, and David sent men to express sympathy to him?

A). Nahash B). Shobak C). Hadadezer D). Hanun

4372. Why did David want to show kindness to Hanun?

A). Hanun had helped David fight Saul
B). Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David C). Hanun was David's cousin
D). Hanun had paid David tribute

4373. What did the Ammonite commanders tell Hanun about David's men?

A). That David sent them to spy out the city and overthrow it

B). That they had come to bring gifts C). That they wanted to make a treaty

D). That they were running away from David

4374. How did Hanun humiliate David's envoys?

A). He threw them in prison B). He made them walk barefoot to Jerusalem

C). He shaved off half of each man's beard and cut their garments at the buttocks

D). He took their horses and weapons

4375. What did the Ammonites do when they realised they had become obnoxious to David?

A). They hired Aramean soldiers to fight for them B). They apologised to David

C). They fled their land D). They sent Hanun to Jerusalem

4376. Which new Ammonite king did David want to show kindness to?

A). Nahash B). Hanun C). Shobi D). Hadadezer

4377. Why did David want to show kindness to Hanun?

A). Hanun had helped David fight the Philistines B). Hanun was David's relative

C). Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David D). Hanun had sent David gifts

4378. What did the Ammonite commanders tell Hanun about David's envoys?

A). That they had come to spy out the country and overthrow it

B). That they had come to ask for a wife C). That they had come to buy land

D). That they had come to worship Ammonite gods

4379. How did Hanun treat David's envoys?

A). He gave them a feast B). He put them in prison C). He sent them home with gifts

D). He shaved them and cut off their garments at the buttocks

4380. When the Ammonites realized they had become obnoxious to David, what did they do?

A). They apologized to David

B). They hired chariots and charioteers with a thousand talents of silver

C). They moved their capital city D). They asked Egypt to make peace

4381. Besides repairing the Valley Gate, how much of the wall did Hanun and the residents of Zanoah repair?

A). A hundred cubits B). A thousand cubits C). Fifty cubits D). Five hundred cubits

Harbona

4382. Which of the king's eunuchs told the king about the pole Haman had set up for Mordecai?

A). Hegai B). Harbona C). Hathak D). Mehuman

Hasshub

4383. Where did several people, including the priests above the Horse Gate, repair the wall?

A). Next to the temple treasury B). Beside the king's palace C). Outside the city
D). In front of their own houses

Hathak

4384. Which of the king's eunuchs did Esther send to find out what was troubling Mordecai?

A). Hathak B). Hegai C). Harbona D). Shaashgaz

4385. What did Mordecai give Hathak to show to Esther?

A). The king's signet ring B). A copy of the text of the edict to destroy the Jews
C). A letter from Haman D). A list of the Jews in Susa

Hazael

4386. Whom did the LORD tell Elijah to anoint as king over Aram?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Hazael C). Rezon D). Jehu

4387. Whom did Ben-Hadad send to Elisha to ask if he would recover?

A). Naaman B). Hazael C). Gehazi D). Jehu

4388. How many camel-loads of gifts did Hazael take to Elisha?

A). Forty B). Seven C). Twelve D). Ten

4389. Why did Elisha weep when he looked at Hazael?

A). He was sad that Ben-Hadad would die B). Hazael had insulted him
C). He missed Elijah D). He knew the harm Hazael would do to the Israelites

4390. What did the LORD show Elisha about Hazael's future?

A). He would become a prophet B). He would be killed in battle
C). He would become king of Aram D). He would move to Israel

4391. How did Ben-Hadad die?

A). He died from his illness B). Hazael spread a soaked cloth over his face
C). He was killed in battle with Israel D). He was struck down by fire

4392. Where did King Joram of Israel go to recover from wounds he received at Ramoth Gilead?

A). Samaria B). Jezreel C). Jerusalem D). Bethel

4393. Who overpowered the Israelites when the LORD began to reduce the size of Israel?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Mesha C). Jehonadab D). Hazael

4394. Which city did Hazael capture before turning to attack Jerusalem?

A). Gath B). Libnah C). Ekron D). Samaria

4395. How did Joash stop Hazael from attacking Jerusalem?

A). His army defeated Hazael B). Elisha prayed and Hazael was blinded
C). He gave his daughter in marriage
D). He sent him the sacred objects and gold from the temple and palace

4396. Why did the LORD keep Israel under the power of Hazael and Ben-Hadad?

A). They refused to pay tribute B). They had made a treaty with Judah
C). Elisha asked Him to D). His anger burned because they kept doing evil

4397. Against which king of Aram did Ahaziah go to war with Joram son of Ahab?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Zerah C). Hazael D). Rezin

4398. Whose house would God send fire on in his judgment of Damascus?

A). Hazael B). Ahab C). Jehu D). Rezin

Heber

4399. Why did Sisera run to the tent of Jael?

A). Jael was Sisera's sister B). He was lost and saw the tent
C). Barak had told him to hide there
D). There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

4400. Jael was the wife of which man?

A). Hobab B). Lappidoth C). Abinoam D). Heber the Kenite

4401. Who does Deborah's song call "most blessed of women"?

A). Deborah B). Jael C). Sisera's mother D). Aksah

Hegai

4402. Who was the king's eunuch in charge of the women in the harem?

A). Hegai B). Memukan C). Haman D). Shaashgaz

4403. When Esther's turn came to go to the king, what did she ask for?

A). Fine jewels and robes B). Nothing other than what Hegai suggested
C). Her cousin Mordecai to go with her D). Seven maids to walk beside her

Heman

4404. Heman the musician was the grandson of which famous man?

A). Samuel B). Moses C). Aaron D). David

4405. Which of Heman's associates served at his right hand?

A). Ethan B). Jeduthun C). Korah D). Asaph

4406. Which of these was NOT one of the three musicians named to sound the bronze cymbals?

A). Heman B). Asaph C). Ethan D). Kenaniah

4407. For what ministry did David set apart some of the sons of Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun?

A). The ministry of guarding the gates

B). The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals

C). The ministry of baking bread D). The ministry of judging the people

4408. Which musician is called "the king's seer"?

A). Asaph B). Jeduthun C). Kenaniah D). Heman

4409. How many sons and daughters did God give Heman?

A). Fourteen sons and three daughters B). Seven sons and three daughters

C). Twelve sons and two daughters D). Ten sons and five daughters

4410. Which Levite musicians are named as leading the music with their sons and relatives?

A). Zadok, Abiathar and Nathan B). Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun

C). Aaron, Eleazar and Phinehas D). Korah, Dathan and Abiram

4411. According to the title of Psalm 88, which man wrote this maskil?

A). Ethan the Ezrahite B). Heman the Ezrahite C). Asaph son of Berekiah

D). Jeduthun

4412. Complete the verse: "LORD, you are the God who saves me; day and ___ I cry out to you."

A). morning B). noon C). night D). evening

4413. In Psalm 88:8, what does the psalmist say has been taken from him?

A). His house B). His land C). His wealth D). His closest friends

4414. According to Psalm 88:13, when does the psalmist's prayer come before the LORD?

A). In the morning B). At midday C). At sunset D). At midnight

4415. What does the psalmist keep doing all through Psalm 88, even though he feels troubled and alone?

A). He gives up on God B). He blames his friends

C). He keeps crying out to the LORD in prayer D). He goes to another god

Hermogenes

4416. Which two men did Paul name among those in the province of Asia who deserted him?

A). Phygelus and Hermogenes B). Hymenaeus and Alexander C). Aquila and Apollos
D). Titus and Luke

Herod

4417. Who was king of Judea when Jesus was born?

A). King Herod B). Caesar Augustus C). Pontius Pilate D). King David

4418. How did King Herod feel when he heard about the one born king of the Jews?

A). Disturbed B). Joyful C). Thankful D). Calm

4419. Herod asked the chief priests and teachers of the law where the Messiah was to be born. How did they know the answer?

A). An angel told them B). The prophet had written it C). They saw the star
D). The Magi told them

4420. What did Herod say he wanted to do after the Magi found the child?

A). Give him gifts B). Make him king C). Go and worship him
D). Send him to Egypt

4421. Why did the Magi go home by another route?

A). The roads were flooded B). They were warned in a dream not to go back to Herod
C). Joseph told them to D). They were lost

4422. When Herod realized the Magi had outwitted him, what did he order?

A). To kill all boys in Bethlehem two years old and under B). To arrest the Magi
C). To close the city gates D). To burn the town

4423. What happened that allowed Joseph to bring his family back to Israel?

A). Herod died B). The Magi returned C). A new temple was built
D). The Romans left

4424. When Herod the tetrarch heard reports about Jesus, who did he think Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). An angel D). John the Baptist risen from the dead

4425. Herod had arrested John the Baptist because of whom?

A). His own mother B). A Roman governor C). Herodias, his brother Philip's wife
D). The chief priests

4426. Complete what John had said to Herod: "It is not _____ for you to have her."

A). wise B). lawful C). safe D). kind

4427. Why did Herod not kill John at first, even though he wanted to?

A). He was afraid of the people, because they considered John a prophet
B). John was a Roman citizen C). The priests would not allow it
D). John escaped from prison

4428. On what occasion did the daughter of Herodias dance for Herod?

A). A wedding feast B). Passover C). The new moon festival D). Herod's birthday

4429. Prompted by her mother, what did the girl ask Herod to give her?

A). Half of his kingdom B). A golden crown
C). The head of John the Baptist on a platter D). John's freedom

4430. Why did Herod grant the girl's request even though he was distressed?

A). Because John had insulted him B). Because of his oaths and his dinner guests
C). Because the priests asked him D). Because Rome ordered it

4431. Who was king of Judea when Zechariah served as priest?

A). Herod B). Caesar Augustus C). Pilate D). David

4432. Why did Herod the tetrarch lock John up in prison?

A). John refused to pay taxes
B). John had rebuked him over Herodias and his other evil deeds
C). John spoke against Caesar D). John healed on the Sabbath

4433. Who said, 'I beheaded John. Who, then, is this I hear such things about?'

A). Herod the tetrarch B). Pilate C). Caiaphas D). Caesar

4434. What did Jesus call Herod when the Pharisees warned that Herod wanted to kill him?

A). That snake B). That fox C). That wolf D). That lion

4435. Why did Pilate send Jesus to Herod?

A). Because Jesus was a Galilean under Herod's jurisdiction
B). Because Herod was the high priest C). Because Jesus asked to see Herod
D). Because the crowd demanded it

4436. What did Herod hope Jesus would do, and how did Jesus respond?

A). Pay a fine; Jesus refused B). Perform a sign; Jesus gave him no answer
C). Bow to him; Jesus walked away D). Heal his son; Jesus agreed

4437. What did Herod and his soldiers dress Jesus in before sending him back to Pilate?

A). A crown of gold B). Sackcloth C). An elegant robe D). A soldier's cloak

4438. Which two rulers became friends on the day Jesus was tried?

A). Caiaphas and Annas B). Caesar and Pilate C). Herod and Caiaphas
D). Herod and Pilate

4439. Which apostle did King Herod put to death with the sword?

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Thomas D). James the brother of John

4440. During which festival did Herod seize Peter?

A). Pentecost B). The Festival of Unleavened Bread C). The Festival of Tabernacles
D). The Day of Atonement

4441. What did Herod do after he could not find Peter?

A). He set all the prisoners free
B). He cross-examined the guards and ordered their execution C). He repented
D). He went looking for Peter himself

4442. The people of which two cities sought peace with Herod because they depended on his country for food?

A). Joppa and Lydda B). Gaza and Azotus C). Tyre and Sidon
D). Antioch and Tarsus

4443. What did the people shout when Herod gave a speech in his royal robes?

A). This is the voice of a god, not of a man B). Long live the emperor C). Crucify him
D). Peace be with you

4444. Why did an angel of the Lord strike Herod down?

A). He arrested Peter B). He killed the guards C). He went to Caesarea
D). He did not give praise to God

4445. Which leader at Antioch had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch?

A). Manaen B). Lucius C). Simeon D). Barnabas

Herod Antipas

4446. When King Herod heard about Jesus, who did he think Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Jeremiah
D). John, whom he had beheaded, raised from the dead

4447. Why had Herod put John the Baptist in prison?

A). John refused to pay taxes
B). John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife
C). John led a revolt in the desert D). John cursed the emperor

4448. How did Herod feel about John the Baptist?

A). He feared John, knowing him to be a righteous and holy man B). He laughed at John
C). He did not know who John was D). He wanted John to be king

4449. After the daughter of Herodias danced, what did Herod promise her?

A). A golden crown B). A new palace C). Whatever she asked, up to half his kingdom
D). Freedom for John

4450. Why did Herod not refuse the girl's request even though he was greatly distressed?

A). Because John had insulted him B). Because the law required it
C). Because the girl threatened him D). Because of his oaths and his dinner guests

4451. Complete Jesus' warning: "Be careful. Watch out for the yeast of the Pharisees and that of ___."

A). Caesar B). Herod C). Pilate D). the Sadducees

Herodias

4452. Herod had arrested John the Baptist because of whom?

A). His own mother B). A Roman governor C). Herodias, his brother Philip's wife
D). The chief priests

4453. On what occasion did the daughter of Herodias dance for Herod?

A). A wedding feast B). Passover C). The new moon festival D). Herod's birthday

4454. Prompted by her mother, what did the girl ask Herod to give her?

A). Half of his kingdom B). A golden crown
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4455. Why had Herod put John the Baptist in prison?

A). John refused to pay taxes
B). John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife
C). John led a revolt in the desert D). John cursed the emperor

4456. Whom did the girl ask about what she should request from Herod?

A). Her father B). Her mother C). John's disciples D). The guests

4457. Why did Herod the tetrarch lock John up in prison?

A). John refused to pay taxes
B). John had rebuked him over Herodias and his other evil deeds
C). John spoke against Caesar D). John healed on the Sabbath

Hezekiah

4458. Which son of Ahaz became king of Judah after him?

A). Manasseh B). Jotham C). Josiah D). Hezekiah

4459. Which son of Ahaz became king of Judah at twenty-five and reigned twenty-nine years?

A). Manasseh B). Hezekiah C). Josiah D). Jotham

4460. How is Hezekiah's reign compared with King David's?

A). He did what was right, just as David had done B). He was worse than David
C). He was like Ahab D). He did right only in his old age

4461. Which object made by Moses did Hezekiah break into pieces?

A). The golden calf B). The ark of the covenant C). The stone tablets
D). The bronze snake

4462. What was the bronze snake called?

A). Asherah B). Molek C). Nehushtan D). Dagon

4463. What made Hezekiah special among all the kings of Judah?

A). He had the largest army
B). He trusted in the LORD like no other king before or after him
C). He built the first temple D). He lived the longest

4464. As far as which city did Hezekiah defeat the Philistines?

A). Gaza B). Gath C). Ekron D). Ashdod

4465. Which king of Assyria attacked the fortified cities of Judah in Hezekiah's fourteenth year?

A). Shalmaneser B). Tiglath-Pileser C). Pul D). Sennacherib

4466. What did Hezekiah strip from the doors of the temple to pay Sennacherib?

A). Bronze B). Silver C). Gold D). Cedar wood

4467. The field commander shouted to the people: "Do not let Hezekiah _____ you."

A). lead B). deceive C). rule D). frighten

4468. What did the people do when the field commander finished speaking?

A). They shouted back at him B). They opened the gates C). They ran away
D). They remained silent, because the king had said not to answer

4469. What did Hezekiah do when he heard the field commander's message?

A). He prepared his army for battle B). He fled to Lachish
C). He tore his clothes, put on sackcloth and went into the temple
D). He sent more gold to Assyria

4470. To which prophet did Hezekiah send his officials for help?

A). Elisha B). Isaiah son of Amoz C). Jeremiah D). Jonah

4471. Isaiah gave Hezekiah this message from the LORD: "Do not be _____ of what you have heard."

A). afraid B). ashamed C). proud D). careless

4472. What did Hezekiah do with Sennacherib's letter?

A). He burned it B). He sent it to Egypt
C). He spread it out before the LORD in the temple D). He read it to the people on the wall

4473. Hezekiah prayed: "LORD, the God of Israel, enthroned between the _____, you alone are God over all the kingdoms of the earth."

A). stars B). cherubim C). clouds D). nations

4474. What reason did Hezekiah give for asking God to deliver Judah?

A). So all the kingdoms of the earth may know that the LORD alone is God

B). So Judah could become a great empire C). So Hezekiah could take revenge on Assyria

D). So the people would pay more taxes

4475. In the sign the LORD gave Hezekiah, when would the people sow and reap again?

A). In the second year B). After seven years C). In the third year

D). That same year

4476. What did Isaiah first tell Hezekiah when he was ill?

A). You will be healed in three days B). Go and wash in the Jordan

C). Your son will be king tomorrow

D). Put your house in order, because you are going to die

4477. What did Hezekiah do after hearing he would die?

A). He called for doctors from Egypt B). He gave his throne to Manasseh

C). He turned his face to the wall and prayed to the LORD

D). He went to the temple to offer sacrifices

4478. When did the LORD's word come to Isaiah telling him to go back to Hezekiah?

A). The next morning B). Before Isaiah had left the middle court C). After three days

D). When Hezekiah went up to the temple

4479. The LORD said to Hezekiah: "I have heard your prayer and seen your _____; I will heal you."

A). tears B). faith C). sacrifice D). works

4480. How many years did the LORD add to Hezekiah's life?

A). Ten years B). Seven years C). Twenty years D). Fifteen years

4481. What did Isaiah tell them to put on Hezekiah's boil?

A). Olive oil B). Salt C). A poultice of figs D). A cloth soaked in water

4482. Why did Hezekiah choose for the shadow to go back ten steps as his sign?

A). Going back meant he would live longer

B). It is easy for a shadow to go forward, so going back would be a true sign

C). Isaiah told him to choose that D). Going forward would bring bad luck

4483. On what did the shadow go back ten steps?

A). The stairway of Ahaz B). The temple steps C). The palace wall D). The city gate

4484. Which king of Babylon sent letters and a gift to Hezekiah when he was ill?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Sennacherib C). Evil-Merodak D). Marduk-Baladan

4485. What did Hezekiah show the envoys from Babylon?

A). Only the temple B). Only his army

C). Everything in his storehouses and his whole kingdom D). Nothing at all

4486. What did Isaiah say would one day happen to everything in Hezekiah's palace?

A). It would be burned by Assyria B). It would be carried off to Babylon

C). It would be given to Egypt D). It would be kept safe forever

4487. How did Hezekiah respond to Isaiah's prophecy about Babylon?

A). He called it good, thinking there would be peace in his own lifetime

B). He wept and tore his clothes C). He sent an army to Babylon

D). He asked Isaiah to pray again

4488. What did Hezekiah build to bring water into Jerusalem?

A). A well and a tower B). A dam and a canal C). An aqueduct from the Jordan

D). A pool and a tunnel

4489. Which son of Hezekiah became king after him?

A). Josiah B). Amon C). Manasseh D). Ahaz

4490. What did Manasseh rebuild that his father Hezekiah had destroyed?

A). The walls of Samaria B). The bronze altar C). The high places

D). The city of Lachish

4491. Which order of kings in Solomon's line is correct?

A). Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah B). Josiah, Amon, Manasseh, Hezekiah

C). Manasseh, Hezekiah, Josiah, Amon D). Hezekiah, Josiah, Manasseh, Amon

4492. During the days of which king did the Simeonites attack the Hamites and Meunites near Gedor?

A). David B). Solomon C). Jehoshaphat D). Hezekiah

4493. Who succeeded Ahaz as king?

A). Jotham B). Manasseh C). Hezekiah D). Josiah

4494. What kind of king was Hezekiah?

A). He did evil like Ahaz B). He did what was right, just as David had done

C). He worshiped the gods of Damascus D). He was lazy and did nothing

4495. When did Hezekiah open the doors of the temple and repair them?

A). In his tenth year B). After the Passover

C). In the first month of the first year of his reign D). In his old age

4496. What did Hezekiah tell the priests and Levites to do first?

A). Build a new altar B). Go to war C). Collect money

D). Consecrate themselves and the temple

4497. What had their parents done that Hezekiah described as unfaithful?

A). Shut the doors of the portico and put out the lamps B). Built too many towers

C). Went to war with Egypt D). Gave too many offerings

4498. Why did Hezekiah intend to make a covenant with the LORD?

A). To gain more land B). So that His fierce anger would turn away from them

C). To become rich D). To defeat Assyria at once

4499. Complete Hezekiah's words: "My sons, do not be _____ now, for the LORD has chosen you to stand before him and serve him."

A). afraid B). proud C). negligent D). silent

4500. How many of each animal did they bring as a sin offering for the kingdom, the sanctuary and Judah?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Three D). Ten

4501. According to whose command did Hezekiah station the Levites with cymbals, harps and lyres?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Solomon and Zadok

C). David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet D). Elijah and Elisha

4502. When did the singing to the LORD begin?

A). After the offering was finished B). At the end of the day C). The next morning

D). As the burnt offering began

4503. With whose words did Hezekiah order the Levites to praise the LORD?

A). The words of David and Asaph the seer B). The words of Moses and Miriam

C). The words of Solomon D). The words of Isaiah

4504. Why did Hezekiah and all the people rejoice?

A). They had won a war B). Assyria had left C). God had brought it about so quickly

D). They had found gold

4505. Which festival did Hezekiah invite all Israel and Judah to celebrate in Jerusalem?

A). The Festival of Tabernacles B). The Passover C). The Festival of Weeks

D). The New Moon

4506. Why did they decide to celebrate the Passover in the second month?

A). The first month was too cold B). The king was sick

C). Not enough priests had consecrated themselves and the people had not gathered

D). Assyria was attacking

4507. From where to where did they send the proclamation throughout Israel?

A). From Jericho to Samaria B). From Egypt to Assyria C). From Jerusalem to Bethel
D). From Beersheba to Dan

4508. Complete the letter: "People of Israel, _____ to the LORD, the God of Abraham, Isaac and Israel."

A). return B). sing C). give D). listen

4509. What did Hezekiah's letter say God would do if the people returned to Him?

A). Make them rich B). Not turn His face from them, for He is gracious and compassionate
C). Give them a new king D). Destroy Assyria at once

4510. Complete Hezekiah's prayer: "May the LORD, who is good, _____ everyone who sets their heart on seeking God."

A). bless B). judge C). pardon D). reward

4511. What did the LORD do after hearing Hezekiah's prayer?

A). He sent fire B). He punished the unclean C). He sent a prophet
D). He healed the people

4512. What did the whole assembly agree to do after the seven days of the festival?

A). Celebrate seven more days B). Go home immediately C). Go to war against Assyria
D). Build a new altar

4513. Where did the king get the offerings he contributed for the burnt offerings?

A). From the people's taxes B). From Assyria C). From his own possessions
D). From the temple treasury

4514. Why did Hezekiah order the people to give the portion due to the priests and Levites?

A). So the priests could become rich B). So they could build more towers
C). So they could pay Assyria D). So they could devote themselves to the Law of the LORD

4515. What did Hezekiah and his officials do when they saw the heaps?

A). They took some for themselves B). They sent them to Assyria
C). They burned them D). They praised the LORD and blessed His people Israel

4516. What did Hezekiah order to be prepared in the temple for the extra offerings?

A). A new altar B). Towers C). Storerooms D). A bigger courtyard

4517. Why did Hezekiah prosper?

A). He sought his God and worked wholeheartedly B). He had a strong army
C). He made friends with Assyria D). He collected many taxes

4518. Which king of Assyria invaded Judah in Hezekiah's days?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Sennacherib C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Shalmaneser

4519. Why did Hezekiah and the people block the springs outside the city?

A). To keep the water clean B). To build a new pool

C). So the kings of Assyria would not find plenty of water D). To stop a flood

4520. Which of these did Hezekiah do to prepare Jerusalem for the attack?

A). He sent gold to Assyria B). He fled to Egypt C). He opened the city gates

D). He repaired the broken walls and made many weapons and shields

4521. Complete Hezekiah's words: "Be strong and _____. Do not be afraid or discouraged because of the king of Assyria."

A). courageous B). quiet C). patient D). ready

4522. What did Hezekiah say was with the king of Assyria, compared with what was with Judah?

A). Only chariots, but with us are horses

B). Only the arm of flesh, but with us is the LORD our God

C). Only a few soldiers, but with us is a great army D). Only gold, but with us is silver

4523. Which prophet cried out in prayer to heaven with Hezekiah about this?

A). Isaiah son of Amoz B). Micah C). Elisha D). Oded

4524. What did the LORD give Hezekiah when he prayed during his illness?

A). A new son B). More gold C). A great army D). A miraculous sign

4525. Why did the LORD's wrath not come on Jerusalem in Hezekiah's days?

A). Hezekiah repented of the pride of his heart, as did the people

B). Hezekiah paid tribute to Babylon C). Isaiah hid the city

D). Hezekiah built stronger walls

4526. What did Hezekiah block and channel down to the west side of the City of David?

A). The Jordan River B). The upper outlet of the Gihon spring C). The Pool of Siloam

D). The Kidron brook

4527. Why did God leave Hezekiah when the envoys from Babylon came?

A). To punish him for his illness B). To give the envoys a sign

C). To test him and to know everything in his heart D). To let Babylon conquer Judah

4528. Who succeeded Hezekiah as king?

A). Josiah B). Amon C). Jotham D). Manasseh

4529. What did Manasseh rebuild that his father Hezekiah had demolished?

A). The high places B). The city walls C). The temple doors D). The bronze altar

4530. According to Proverbs 25:1, whose men compiled these further proverbs of Solomon?

A). Josiah B). David C). Hezekiah D). Rehoboam

4531. Which group of kings ruled Judah during the time of Isaiah's vision?

A). Saul, David, Solomon and Rehoboam B). Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Asa, Jehoshaphat, Joash and Amaziah D). Manasseh, Amon, Josiah and Jehoiakim

4532. In which year of King Hezekiah's reign did Sennacherib attack the fortified cities of Judah?

A). The fourth year B). The tenth year C). The fourteenth year
D). The twentieth year

4533. Which king of Assyria attacked the fortified cities of Judah in Hezekiah's time?

A). Sennacherib B). Sargon C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Tiglath-Pileser

4534. What did the field commander call Egypt, warning Judah not to depend on it?

A). A broken wall B). A splintered reed of a staff C). A dry well D). A sleeping lion

4535. What did the field commander tell the people not to let Hezekiah persuade them to do?

A). Pay taxes B). Trust in the LORD C). Go to Egypt D). Build higher walls

4536. How did the people respond to the field commander's words?

A). They remained silent, because the king had commanded them not to answer
B). They shouted back at him C). They opened the gates D). They ran away to the hills

4537. What did Eliakim, Shebna and Joah do before going to Hezekiah?

A). They wrote a letter B). They hid in the temple C). They tore their clothes
D). They put on armor

4538. When Hezekiah heard the field commander's words, what did he put on before going into the temple?

A). His royal robe B). Armor C). Sackcloth D). A crown

4539. To which prophet did Hezekiah send Eliakim, Shebna and the leading priests?

A). Isaiah son of Amoz B). Jeremiah C). Micah D). Elisha

4540. Isaiah's message to Hezekiah began: 'This is what the LORD says: Do not be _____ of what you have heard.'

A). ashamed B). afraid C). sorry D). angry

4541. What did Hezekiah do with the threatening letter he received from Sennacherib's messengers?

A). Burned it B). Sent it to Egypt C). Hid it from the people
D). Spread it out before the LORD in the temple

4542. Why did Hezekiah ask the LORD to deliver them from Sennacherib's hand?

A). So all the kingdoms of the earth may know that the LORD alone is God
B). So he could become richer C). So Judah could conquer Assyria
D). So he could live longer

4543. When Hezekiah was ill and at the point of death, what did Isaiah tell him?

A). Put your house in order, because you are going to die B). Go to Egypt for a doctor
C). You will be healed today D). Offer a sacrifice in the temple

4544. Which way did Hezekiah turn his face when he prayed to the LORD?

A). Toward Jerusalem B). Toward the temple C). Toward the wall
D). Toward heaven

4545. How many years did the LORD add to Hezekiah's life?

A). Ten years B). Fifteen years C). Twenty years D). Seven years

4546. What did the LORD say He had heard and seen before He answered Hezekiah?

A). His songs and his sacrifices B). His letters and his gifts C). His army and his wealth
D). His prayer and his tears

4547. What sign did the LORD give Hezekiah that He would do what He promised?

A). Fire fell from heaven B). Rain fell on a dry fleece C). The moon turned red
D). The sun's shadow went back ten steps on the stairway of Ahaz

4548. In his writing after his recovery, Hezekiah said: 'You have put all my sins behind your _____.'

A). back B). throne C). altar D). door

4549. What did Isaiah say should be applied to Hezekiah's boil so he would recover?

A). Olive oil B). A poultice of figs C). Honey and wine D). Hyssop

4550. Which king of Babylon sent Hezekiah letters and a gift after hearing of his illness and recovery?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Marduk-Baladan son of Baladan C). Belshazzar
D). Esarhaddon

4551. What did Hezekiah show the envoys from Babylon?

A). Only the temple B). Only his army C). Nothing at all
D). Everything in his storehouses and his whole kingdom

4552. What did Isaiah prophesy would one day be carried off to Babylon?

A). Everything in Hezekiah's palace B). Only the temple doors
C). The ark of the covenant only D). The city walls

4553. According to Isaiah 39:7, who would become eunuchs in the palace of the king of Babylon?

A). Isaiah's sons B). The priests of Judah C). Some of Hezekiah's descendants
D). The soldiers of Jerusalem

4554. Why did Hezekiah call the word of the LORD 'good'?

A). Because Babylon would be destroyed
B). Because he thought there would be peace and security in his lifetime
C). Because he would live forever D). Because his sons would be kings of Babylon

4555. Because of what which king of Judah did in Jerusalem did God say He would make the people abhorrent to all the kingdoms of the earth?

A). Ahaz B). Jehoiakim C). Amon D). Manasseh

4556. Some elders reminded the people of which prophet who had prophesied in the days of King Hezekiah?

A). Micah of Moresheth B). Isaiah son of Amoz C). Hosea D). Amos of Tekoa

4557. How did King Hezekiah respond to Micah's warning?

A). He put Micah to death B). He ignored it C). He fled to Egypt
D). He feared the LORD and sought His favor, and the LORD relented

4558. During the reigns of which kings of Judah did Micah prophesy?

A). Uzziah, Jotham and Ahaz B). Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Ahaz, Hezekiah and Manasseh D). Hezekiah, Manasseh and Josiah

4559. Which well-known name appears in Zephaniah's family line, four generations back?

A). David B). Solomon C). Josiah D). Hezekiah

Hiel

4560. Which man rebuilt Jericho at the cost of his firstborn and youngest sons, as the LORD had spoken through Joshua?

A). Shemer B). Arza C). Hiel of Bethel D). Tibni

Hilkiah

4561. What was the money in the temple to be used for in Josiah's time?

A). To pay tribute to Egypt B). To pay workers to repair the temple
C). To build a new palace D). To buy weapons

4562. Who found the Book of the Law in the temple?

A). Shaphan the secretary B). King Josiah C). Huldah the prophet
D). Hilkiah the high priest

4563. What important book was found in the temple during Josiah's reign?

A). The Book of Psalms B). The Book of Kings C). The Book of the Law
D). The Book of Isaiah

4564. To which high priest did Josiah's officials give the money for repairing the temple?

A). Azariah B). Zadok C). Hilkiah D). Jehoiada

4565. What did Hilkiah the priest find in the temple?

A). A golden crown B). The ark of the covenant C). A hidden treasure
D). The Book of the Law of the LORD given through Moses

4566. To which prophet did Hilkiah and the others go to inquire of the LORD?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Zephaniah D). Huldah

4567. Whom did the LORD summon to replace Shebna?

A). Eliakim son of Hilkiah B). Hezekiah son of Ahaz C). Uriah the priest
D). Zechariah son of Jeberekiah

4568. Which man was the palace administrator who went out to meet the field commander?

A). Shebna B). Joah C). Eliakim son of Hilkiah D). Isaiah son of Amoz

4569. Who was the father of Jeremiah?

A). Hilkiah B). Shaphan C). Amoz D). Zadok

Hiram

4570. Which king sent cedar logs, carpenters and stonemasons to build David a palace?

A). Nahash king of Ammon B). Achish king of Gath C). Talmai king of Geshur
D). Hiram king of Tyre

4571. Which king of Tyre sent messengers to Solomon when he heard Solomon had become king?

A). Hiram B). Achish C). Pharaoh D). Hadad

4572. What kind of trees did Solomon ask Hiram to cut down for him?

A). Oak trees B). Olive trees C). Cedars of Lebanon D). Palm trees

4573. Hiram said, "Praise be to the LORD today, for he has given David a _____ son to rule over this great nation."

A). strong B). brave C). rich D). wise

4574. How did Hiram say he would send the logs to Solomon?

A). On camels across the desert B). In carts pulled by oxen C). Floated in rafts by sea
D). Carried by Israelite workers over the mountains

4575. What did Solomon give Hiram each year in return for the timber?

A). Gold and silver B). Wheat and pressed olive oil C). Horses and chariots
D). Sheep and cattle

4576. What does the Bible say the LORD gave Solomon, just as He had promised?

A). Wisdom B). A long life C). Victory in war D). A son

4577. Craftsmen from which place worked with Solomon's and Hiram's workers to prepare the timber and stone?

A). Byblos B). Damascus C). Gaza D). Nineveh

4578. What did Solomon give Hiram king of Tyre?

A). A thousand horses B). Twenty towns in Galilee C). The city of Jerusalem
D). His daughter in marriage

4579. How did Hiram feel about the towns Solomon gave him?

A). He was very pleased B). He gave them back as a gift
C). He was not pleased with them D). He built a temple in them

4580. To which place did Solomon's and Hiram's sailors sail to bring back gold?

A). Ophir B). Sheba C). Tarshish D). Egypt

4581. What did Solomon make from the almugwood brought from Ophir?

A). Ships and oars B). Doors for the palace gate
C). Supports for the temple and palace, and harps and lyres D). A new ark

4582. Every three years, what did Solomon's trading ships bring back?

A). Wheat, wine and oil B). Gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons
C). Horses and chariots D). Cedar and pine logs

4583. Which king sent cedar logs, stonemasons and carpenters to build a palace for David?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Achish king of Gath C). Talmai king of Geshur
D). Nahash king of Ammon

4584. Which king did Solomon send a message to, asking for help to build the temple?

A). Pharaoh B). The king of Moab C). Hiram king of Tyre D). The queen of Sheba

4585. Why did Solomon remind Hiram about his father David?

A). Hiram had sent David cedar to build his palace B). David had defeated Hiram in battle
C). Hiram had married David's daughter D). David had given Hiram a city

4586. What kind of man did Solomon ask Hiram to send him?

A). A priest to lead worship
B). A man skilled in working with gold, silver, bronze, iron and cloth
C). A soldier to train his army D). A prophet to give advice

4587. Where did Solomon ask Hiram to send cedar, juniper and algum logs from?

A). Lebanon B). Egypt C). Moab D). Edom

4588. What did Solomon promise to give Hiram's woodsmen?

A). Gold and silver B). Horses and chariots C). Wheat, barley, wine and olive oil D). Land and cities

4589. Complete Hiram's reply: "Because the LORD _____ his people, he has made you their king."

A). protects B). loves C). chose D). blesses

4590. What was the name of the skilled man Hiram sent to Solomon?

A). Bezalel B). Oholiab C). Huram-Abi D). Zadok

4591. To which place would Hiram float the logs by sea in rafts?

A). Joppa B). Tyre C). Gaza D). Ashkelon

4592. Who had given Solomon the villages that Solomon rebuilt and settled with Israelites?

A). Pharaoh B). The queen of Sheba C). Hiram D). David

4593. Where did Solomon's and Hiram's ships sail to bring back gold?

A). Ophir B). Tarshish C). Egypt D). Sheba

4594. How much gold did the ships bring back from Ophir?

A). 120 talents B). 450 talents C). 666 talents D). 1,000 talents

4595. What did Solomon make from the algumwood brought from Ophir?

A). Ships and oars B). Steps, harps and lyres C). Doors and gates D). Tables and chairs

4596. How often did Solomon's trading ships return with gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons?

A). Once every three years B). Every month C). Once a year D). Every seven years

Hobab

4597. Whom did Moses invite to travel with Israel to help guide them?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Caleb D). Hobab

Hophni

4598. Who were the two sons of Eli who served as priests at Shiloh?

A). Nadab and Abihu B). Hophni and Phinehas C). Joel and Abijah D). Eleazar and Ithamar

4599. What does the Bible say about Eli's sons?

A). They were brave warriors B). They were faithful priests
C). They were scoundrels with no regard for the LORD D). They were wise judges

4600. What did the priest's servant use to take meat out of the pot while it was boiling?

A). A three-pronged fork B). A bronze knife C). A long spear D). A wooden spoon

4601. Why was the sin of Eli's sons very great in the LORD's sight?

A). They refused to live at Shiloh B). They married foreign women
C). They stopped offering sacrifices D). They treated the LORD's offering with contempt

4602. How did Eli's sons respond when Eli warned them about their sin?

A). They repented and changed B). They left Shiloh
C). They asked Samuel to pray for them D). They did not listen to their father

4603. What sign did the man of God give Eli about his sons Hophni and Phinehas?

A). They would both die on the same day B). They would be taken captive
C). They would become blind D). They would be removed from Shiloh

4604. According to the LORD, why would He judge Eli's family?

A). Eli knew his sons were sinning but failed to restrain them B). Eli had worshiped idols
C). Eli refused to raise Samuel D). Eli left the house of the LORD

4605. Which two men came with the ark of the covenant to the army camp?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Samuel and Elkanah C). Joshua and Caleb
D). Hophni and Phinehas

4606. Why did bringing the ark not save Israel in the battle?

A). The ark was carried by the wrong tribe B). The ark was left outside the camp
C). Samuel refused to come D). Israel was defeated and the ark itself was captured

Hophra

4607. As a sign, God said He would hand over which Pharaoh to his enemies, just as He handed Zedekiah to Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Pharaoh Necho B). Pharaoh Shishak C). Pharaoh Hophra D). Pharaoh So

Horam

4608. Which king came up to help Lachish but was defeated by Joshua?

A). Japhia king of Lachish B). Adoni-Zedek king of Jerusalem C). Horam king of Gezer
D). Debir king of Eglon

Hosea

4609. Who was Hosea's father?

A). Amoz B). Beeri C). Hilkiah D). Buzi

4610. Which king of Israel was ruling when the word of the LORD came to Hosea?

A). Ahab son of Omri B). Jehu son of Jehoshaphat C). Jeroboam son of Jehoash
D). Pekah son of Remaliah

4611. What was the name of the woman Hosea married?

A). Gomer B). Rahab C). Hannah D). Michal

4612. Why did God tell Hosea to marry a promiscuous woman?

A). To reward Hosea for his faithfulness
B). Because the land was guilty of unfaithfulness to the LORD
C). To make peace with a neighbouring nation D). Because Hosea asked for a wife

4613. What name did God tell Hosea to give his first son?

A). Lo-Ammi B). Immanuel C). Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz D). Jezreel

4614. What did God tell Hosea to name his daughter?

A). Lo-Ammi B). Hephzibah C). Lo-Ruhamah D). Beulah

4615. What does the name Lo-Ammi mean?

A). Not my people B). Not loved C). God will sow D). God is with us

4616. God told Hosea to love his wife again in the same way the LORD loves whom?

A). The Egyptians B). The Israelites C). The prophets D). The angels

4617. How much silver did Hosea pay to buy his wife back?

A). Thirty shekels B). Ten shekels C). Fifteen shekels D). Fifty shekels

4618. Along with silver, what grain did Hosea give to buy his wife back?

A). Wheat B). Millet C). Oats D). Barley

4619. Which prophet does Paul quote: "I will call them 'my people' who are not my people"?

A). Isaiah B). Hosea C). Jeremiah D). Joel

Hoshea

4620. Who conspired against Pekah and killed him?

A). Menahem son of Gadi B). Rezin king of Aram C). Jotham
D). Hoshea son of Elah

4621. Who was the last king of Israel, who reigned nine years in Samaria?

A). Hoshea B). Pekah C). Menahem D). Jeroboam

4622. Which king of Assyria put Hoshea in prison?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Sennacherib C). Esarhaddon D). Shalmaneser

4623. Why did the king of Assyria put Hoshea in prison?

A). Hoshea killed Assyrian soldiers B). Hoshea refused to worship Assyria's gods
C). Hoshea sent envoys to So king of Egypt and stopped paying tribute
D). Hoshea attacked Judah

Huldah

4624. To which prophet did Josiah's officials go to inquire of the LORD?

A). Isaiah B). Jeremiah C). Huldah D). Deborah

4625. What did Huldah say the LORD would bring on Jerusalem and its people?

A). Peace for a thousand years B). Disaster, because they had forsaken Him
C). A great harvest D). Victory over Babylon

4626. Why did the LORD say He had heard King Josiah?

A). His heart was responsive and he humbled himself before the LORD
B). He paid for the temple repairs C). He defeated many enemies
D). He was the son of Amon

4627. What did the LORD promise Josiah through Huldah?

A). He would never die B). Judah would never be punished
C). He would rule for another fifty years
D). His eyes would not see the disaster, and he would be buried in peace

4628. To which prophet did Hilkiah and the others go to inquire of the LORD?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Zephaniah D). Huldah

4629. Why did Huldah say disaster would come on Jerusalem?

A). Because the people had forsaken the LORD and burned incense to other gods
B). Because the walls were weak C). Because Josiah was too young
D). Because they had no army

4630. What did the LORD promise Josiah because his heart was responsive and he humbled himself?

A). He would live forever B). He would be buried in peace and not see the disaster
C). He would conquer Assyria D). His sons would never sin

Hur

4631. Who held up Moses' hands when they grew tired during the battle?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Aaron and Miriam C). Hur and Joshua D). Aaron and Hur

4632. Whom did Moses leave in charge of the people while he was on the mountain?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Jethro and Eleazar
D). Aaron and Hur

4633. Who was the son of Uri and grandson of Hur?

A). Bezalel B). Caleb C). Oholiab D). Nahshon

Huram

4634. Which skilled bronze worker from Tyre did Solomon bring to make the temple's bronze work?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Bezalel C). Huram D). Adoniram

4635. Huram's mother was a widow from which tribe of Israel?

A). Judah B). Naphtali C). Dan D). Benjamin

4636. What did Huram make out of bronze and set up at the portico of the temple?

A). Two pillars B). Two lions C). Two altars D). Two thrones

4637. What were the names of the two bronze pillars at the temple?

A). Ebenezer and Gilgal B). Shiloh and Bethel C). Hiram and Huram
D). Jakin and Boaz

4638. The large round bronze water basin called "the Sea" stood on the backs of what?

A). Twelve lions B). Twelve bulls C). Four cherubim D). Seven pillars

Huram-Abi

4639. What was the name of the skilled man Hiram sent to Solomon?

A). Bezalel B). Oholiab C). Huram-Abi D). Zadok

4640. Who made the pots, shovels and sprinkling bowls and finished the work for Solomon?

A). Bezalel B). Zadok C). Huram D). Hiram king of Tyre

Hushai

4641. Whom did David send back to Jerusalem to frustrate Ahithophel's advice?

A). Hushai the Arkite B). Ittai C). Abiathar D). Joab

4642. When Hushai came to Absalom, what did he shout?

A). "Long live the king!" B). "Peace to Israel!" C). "The LORD is with you!"
D). "David has fled!"

4643. What did Absalom ask Hushai when he came to him?

A). "Where is my father hiding?" B). "Why didn't you go with your friend?"
C). "Have you brought the ark?" D). "Will you lead my army?"

4644. Hushai said: "The advice Ahithophel has given is not _____ this time."

A). wise B). safe C). true D). good

4645. To what animal did Hushai compare David and his men?

A). A lion in the forest B). A wild bear robbed of her cubs C). A wolf at night
D). A charging bull

4646. What did Hushai advise Absalom to do instead?

A). Attack at once with a small group B). Send Ahithophel to fight
C). Gather all Israel from Dan to Beersheba and lead them himself D). Return to Geshur

4647. Why did Absalom choose Hushai's advice over Ahithophel's?

A). Hushai was older B). The people voted for Hushai C). Ahithophel had left Jerusalem
D). The LORD had determined to frustrate Ahithophel's good advice to bring disaster on Absalom

4648. Who is described as the king's confidant?

A). Ahithophel B). Nathan C). Hushai the Arkite D). Zadok

Hymenaeus

4649. Who did Paul name with Alexander as men he handed over to Satan?

A). Demas B). Hymenaeus C). Onesimus D). Apollos

4650. Which two men said the resurrection had already taken place?

A). Hymenaeus and Philetus B). Phygelus and Hermogenes C). Demas and Crescens
D). Alexander and Demas

Ibzan

4651. What does the Bible say about the children of Ibzan of Bethlehem?

A). He had forty sons and thirty grandsons B). He had thirty sons and thirty daughters
C). He had seventy sons D). He had twelve sons and twelve daughters

4652. In what order did these judges lead Israel?

A). Ibzan, Jephthah, Abdon, Elon B). Elon, Abdon, Jephthah, Ibzan
C). Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon D). Abdon, Elon, Ibzan, Jephthah

Ichabod

4653. What name did the wife of Phinehas give her son, saying "The Glory has departed from Israel"?

A). Ahitub B). Ichabod C). Ahijah D). Obed

Iddo

4654. Which of these prophets is named as writing records of Solomon's reign?

A). Elijah B). Samuel C). Gad D). Nathan

4655. In whose writings were the other events of Abijah's reign recorded?

A). Nathan B). Shemaiah C). Iddo D). Ahijah

4656. To whom did Ezra send men to ask for ministers for the house of God?

A). Iddo B). Tattenai C). Rehum D). Shecaniah

4657. Who was Zechariah's father?

A). Iddo B). Berekiah C). Haggai D). Hilkiah

Immanuel

4658. Complete the verse: 'The virgin will conceive and give birth to a son, and will call him _____.'

A). Solomon B). Immanuel C). Jesse D). David

4659. What would the child eat when he knew enough to reject the wrong and choose the right?

A). Bread and fish B). Figs and grapes C). Curds and honey D). Manna and quail

Immer

4660. Who was the priest and official in charge of the temple who heard Jeremiah prophesying?

A). Hilkiah B). Pashhur C). Zephaniah D). Hananiah

Ira

4661. Who were the priests listed at the end of this chapter, along with Ira the Jairite?

A). Eli and Phinehas B). Zadok and Abiathar C). Nathan and Gad
D). Ahimaaz and Jonathan

Irijah

4662. Who arrested Jeremiah at the Benjamin Gate?

A). Irijah son of Shelemiah B). Jehudi C). Pashhur son of Immer
D). Ishmael son of Nethaniah

4663. What did Irijah accuse Jeremiah of doing?

A). Stealing from the temple B). Plotting to kill the king
C). Deserting to the Babylonians D). Worshiping Baal

Isaac

4664. What did God say Abraham should name the son Sarah would bear?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Isaac D). Esau

4665. With which son did God say He would establish His covenant?

A). With Ishmael B). With Isaac C). With both sons equally D). With neither son

4666. What did Abraham name the son Sarah bore to him?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Esau D). Isaac

4667. At what age was Isaac circumcised, as God had commanded?

A). Eight days old B). One month old C). One year old D). Thirteen years old

4668. How old was Abraham when Isaac was born?

A). Eighty-six B). Ninety-nine C). One hundred D). One hundred seventy-five

4669. What did Sarah mean when she said God had brought her laughter?

A). She was laughing at Abraham B). God had given her joy through Isaac's birth
C). The neighbors were mocking her D). She had told a funny story

4670. Why did Sarah ask Abraham to send Hagar and her son away?

A). Hagar had stolen from her B). She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac
C). Hagar wanted to leave D). Abraham asked her to

4671. What did God promise Abraham about Ishmael when Abraham was distressed?

A). Ishmael would return to him B). Ishmael would inherit with Isaac
C). God would make Ishmael into a nation D). Ishmael would rule over Isaac

4672. What did God test Abraham by asking him to do?

A). To leave his home country B). To give away all his flocks
C). To build a great altar in the city D). To offer his son Isaac as a sacrifice

4673. In which region did God tell Abraham to offer Isaac?

A). The region of Moriah B). The plain of Mamre C). The land of Goshen
D). The valley of Hebron

4674. Who carried the wood for the burnt offering up the mountain?

A). Abraham B). A servant C). Isaac D). An angel

4675. What did Abraham answer when Isaac asked where the lamb for the offering was?

A). That there was no lamb B). That they would buy one later
C). That Isaac should not ask D). That God Himself would provide the lamb

4676. What did Abraham do just before the angel called out to stop him?

A). He tied up Isaac and reached for the knife B). He set the wood on fire
C). He sent the servants away D). He bought a ram

4677. Who called out from heaven to stop Abraham from harming Isaac?

A). Sarah B). A servant C). The angel of the LORD D). Isaac himself

4678. What did Abraham offer in place of his son Isaac?

A). A young goat B). A dove C). A calf D). A ram caught in a thicket

4679. What task did Abraham give to his senior servant?

A). To sell his flocks B). To build a new house C). To dig more wells
D). To find a wife for Isaac

4680. Why did Abraham not want Isaac to marry a Canaanite woman?

A). The Canaanites were poor B). He wanted a wife from his own people and country
C). The Canaanites lived too far away D). Isaac had already chosen someone

4681. What was Isaac doing in the field when Rebekah arrived?

A). Tending his sheep B). Building an altar C). Meditating in the evening
D). Digging a well

4682. What happened when Isaac and Rebekah were brought together?

A). Rebekah returned home B). Isaac married her and she became his wife
C). They waited seven years D). Isaac sent her away

4683. To whom did Abraham leave everything he owned?

A). To Ishmael B). To the sons of Keturah C). To Isaac D). To his servant

4684. Which two sons buried Abraham together?

A). Isaac and Ishmael B). Jacob and Esau C). Isaac and Jacob
D). Ishmael and Midian

4685. What did Isaac do because Rebekah was unable to have children?

A). He prayed to the LORD for her B). He married another wife C). He sent her away
D). He built an altar

4686. What were the names of Isaac and Rebekah's twin sons?

A). Cain and Abel B). Esau and Jacob C). Perez and Zerah
D). Ephraim and Manasseh

4687. Why did Isaac go to Gerar during a famine?

A). The LORD told him not to go to Egypt but to stay in that land
B). He was looking for new flocks C). He wanted to visit his brother
D). He was fleeing from enemies

4688. What promise did God repeat to Isaac that He had made to Abraham?

A). That he would build a great city
B). That his descendants would be as many as the stars and inherit the land
C). That he would live forever D). That he would rule over Egypt

4689. What did Isaac say about his wife Rebekah to the men of Gerar?

A). That she was his sister B). That she was a servant C). That she was from Egypt
D). That she was a widow

4690. Which king discovered that Rebekah was really Isaac's wife?

A). Pharaoh B). Melchizedek C). Ephron D). Abimelek

4691. How much did Isaac's crops yield the year he planted in that land?

A). Twofold B). Tenfold C). A hundredfold D). A thousandfold

4692. Why did Abimelek ask Isaac to move away from Gerar?

A). Isaac had broken a law B). Isaac had become too powerful and wealthy
C). Isaac had refused to pay taxes D). Isaac had insulted the king

4693. What did Isaac and his servants dig that caused disputes with the herders of Gerar?

A). Wells of water B). Deep pits for grain C). Ditches for planting
D). Foundations for houses

4694. Why did Isaac name the well where there was no dispute Rehoboth?

A). It was the deepest well B). It was near his father's grave
C). The LORD had given them room and they would flourish D). It belonged to Abimelek

4695. At Beersheba the LORD said to Isaac, "Do not be afraid, for I am _____ you."

A). watching B). with C). testing D). sending

4696. What did Abimelek and Isaac make with each other at Beersheba?

A). A trade agreement B). A marriage arrangement C). A plan for war
D). A peace treaty

4697. Why was Isaac unable to tell which son stood before him?

A). It was dark in the tent B). His eyes were too weak to see C). He was asleep
D). He was confused by age

4698. What did Isaac ask Esau to do before receiving his blessing?

A). Bring water from the well B). Gather the flocks C). Build an altar
D). Hunt wild game and prepare a tasty meal

4699. What did Isaac say when he noticed something strange about the son before him?

A). The voice is Jacob's, but the hands are Esau's B). You do not sound like my son
C). Your clothes smell wrong D). You have come too soon

4700. What did Isaac's blessing promise to the son he thought was Esau?

A). A long life free of trouble B). Great skill in hunting
C). Plenty of grain and wine, and rule over nations and his brothers
D). Safe travels to a far land

4701. How did Esau react when he learned Jacob had taken his blessing?

A). He laughed it off B). He cried out with a loud and bitter cry C). He said nothing
D). He left quietly

4702. Where did Isaac send Jacob to find a wife?

A). To Paddan Aram, to the family of Laban B). To Egypt C). To the land of Canaan D). To Beersheba

4703. What did Isaac tell Jacob NOT to do when sending him away?

A). Not to travel at night B). Not to take any servants C). Not to speak to Esau D). Not to marry a Canaanite woman

4704. What blessing did Isaac speak over Jacob before he left?

A). That he would be a great hunter

B). That God would give him the blessing of Abraham and the land

C). That he would rule over Egypt D). That he would return with gold

4705. Who died at the end of this chapter and was buried by Esau and Jacob?

A). Abraham B). Laban C). Isaac D). Ishmael

4706. Where did Jacob ask to be buried with his ancestors?

A). In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre B). In Egypt beside Joseph C). In Bethlehem near Rachel D). In Bethel

4707. How did God identify Himself to Moses at the bush?

A). The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob B). The God of Noah and Enoch C). The God of the Egyptians D). The God of Adam and Eve

4708. By what name did God say He appeared to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?

A). The LORD B). God Almighty C). The Everlasting God D). The Holy One

4709. What did God promise to remember even after punishing the people, if they confessed their sin?

A). His covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob B). The wealth of Egypt C). The strength of their armies D). The size of their harvests

4710. In his prayer, what reason did Moses give the Lord for not destroying Israel?

A). That Israel had become righteous

B). That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation

C). That the nations would help Israel D). That Israel would build a temple

4711. What did the Lord tell Moses about the land He showed him?

A). That he would conquer it himself B). That it belonged to the nations forever

C). That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

D). That he would return to it later

4712. Why was the LORD gracious to Israel and did not destroy them?

A). Because of His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

B). Because Jehoash was righteous C). Because Aram repented

D). Because they rebuilt the temple

4713. Who were the two sons of Abraham named in 1 Chronicles 1:28?

A). Esau and Jacob B). Shem and Ham C). Isaac and Ishmael

D). Medan and Midian

4714. The sons of Isaac are listed as Esau and who?

A). Israel B). Ishmael C). Reuben D). Joseph

4715. What does 1 Chronicles 1 mainly record?

A). The laws God gave at Mount Sinai

B). Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel

C). The battles of King David D). The building of the temple

4716. David's song says God made His covenant with Abraham, swore an oath to whom, and confirmed it to Jacob?

A). Joseph B). Moses C). Isaac D). Noah

4717. In what order does Psalm 105 name the three men connected with God's covenant?

A). Jacob, Isaac, Abraham B). Abraham, Isaac, Jacob C). Isaac, Abraham, Jacob

D). Abraham, Jacob, Isaac

4718. Jesus said many will come from the east and west and take their places at the feast with whom in the kingdom of heaven?

A). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob B). Moses, Aaron and Miriam

C). David, Solomon and Hezekiah D). Elijah, Elisha and Isaiah

4719. Complete Jesus' words about God: "He is not the God of the dead but of the _____."

A). faithful B). righteous C). chosen D). living

4720. What did Jesus point to in the book of Moses to show the dead rise?

A). The parting of the Red Sea B). The giving of manna

C). The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

D). The flood of Noah

4721. Which three men did Jesus say people would see in the kingdom of God?

A). Moses, Aaron and Joshua B). David, Solomon and Elijah

C). Noah, Shem and Japheth D). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

4722. What covenant did God give Abraham, according to Stephen?

A). The covenant of the rainbow B). The covenant of the Sabbath

C). The covenant of circumcision D). The covenant of the kingdom

4723. Paul quotes God saying Abraham's offspring would be reckoned through whom?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Isaac D). Esau

4724. Before her twins were born, who was told, "The older will serve the younger"?

A). Rebekah B). Sarah C). Leah D). Rachel

4725. Paul said believers, like whom, are children of promise?

A). Ishmael B). Isaac C). Esau D). Joseph

4726. According to Hebrews 11:9, Abraham lived in the promised land like a stranger. What did he live in?

A). A palace B). Tents C). Caves D). A walled city

4727. When Abraham offered Isaac as a sacrifice, what did he reason that God could do?

A). Send a lamb from Egypt B). Even raise the dead C). Give him another son
D). Stop time

4728. According to Hebrews 11:20, by faith Isaac blessed which two sons in regard to their future?

A). Ephraim and Manasseh B). Cain and Abel C). Jacob and Esau
D). Moses and Aaron

4729. Which man was considered righteous for what he did when he offered his son on the altar?

A). Abraham B). Isaac C). Jacob D). Moses

Isaiah

4730. To which prophet did Hezekiah send his officials for help?

A). Elisha B). Isaiah son of Amoz C). Jeremiah D). Jonah

4731. Isaiah gave Hezekiah this message from the LORD: "Do not be _____ of what you have heard."

A). afraid B). ashamed C). proud D). careless

4732. In the sign the LORD gave Hezekiah, when would the people sow and reap again?

A). In the second year B). After seven years C). In the third year
D). That same year

4733. What did Isaiah first tell Hezekiah when he was ill?

A). You will be healed in three days B). Go and wash in the Jordan
C). Your son will be king tomorrow
D). Put your house in order, because you are going to die

4734. When did the LORD's word come to Isaiah telling him to go back to Hezekiah?

A). The next morning B). Before Isaiah had left the middle court C). After three days
D). When Hezekiah went up to the temple

4735. What did Isaiah tell them to put on Hezekiah's boil?

A). Olive oil B). Salt C). A poultice of figs D). A cloth soaked in water

4736. Why did Hezekiah choose for the shadow to go back ten steps as his sign?

A). Going back meant he would live longer
B). It is easy for a shadow to go forward, so going back would be a true sign
C). Isaiah told him to choose that D). Going forward would bring bad luck

4737. On what did the shadow go back ten steps?

A). The stairway of Ahaz B). The temple steps C). The palace wall D). The city gate

4738. What did Isaiah say would one day happen to everything in Hezekiah's palace?

A). It would be burned by Assyria B). It would be carried off to Babylon
C). It would be given to Egypt D). It would be kept safe forever

4739. How did Hezekiah respond to Isaiah's prophecy about Babylon?

A). He called it good, thinking there would be peace in his own lifetime
B). He wept and tore his clothes C). He sent an army to Babylon
D). He asked Isaiah to pray again

4740. Which prophet recorded the other events of Uzziah's reign?

A). Jeremiah B). Micah C). Hosea D). Isaiah son of Amoz

4741. Which prophet cried out in prayer to heaven with Hezekiah about this?

A). Isaiah son of Amoz B). Micah C). Elisha D). Oded

4742. Whose father was Amoz, according to the first verse of Isaiah?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Hosea D). Micah

4743. Which group of kings ruled Judah during the time of Isaiah's vision?

A). Saul, David, Solomon and Rehoboam B). Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Asa, Jehoshaphat, Joash and Amaziah D). Manasseh, Amon, Josiah and Jehoiakim

4744. In which year did Isaiah see the Lord seated on a throne?

A). The year King Hezekiah was born B). The year King Uzziah died
C). The year Jerusalem was destroyed D). The year King Ahaz became king

4745. What filled the temple when Isaiah saw the Lord on His throne?

A). A bright rainbow B). Fresh water C). The train of His robe D). Golden lamps

4746. Why did Isaiah cry, 'Woe to me! I am ruined!'?

A). Because he was a man of unclean lips and had seen the King, the LORD Almighty
B). Because the temple was on fire C). Because King Uzziah had died
D). Because the seraphim were angry with him

4747. What did a seraph touch Isaiah's mouth with?

A). A drop of oil B). A branch of hyssop C). A golden cup
D). A live coal from the altar

4748. After the coal touched Isaiah's lips, what did the seraph say had happened?

A). His enemies were defeated B). His guilt was taken away and his sin atoned for
C). He would become king D). He would live forever

4749. When the Lord asked, 'Whom shall I send?', Isaiah answered: 'Here am I. _____!'

A). Use me B). Help me C). Send me D). Choose me

4750. When Isaiah asked, 'For how long, Lord?', what was the answer?

A). Until the cities lie ruined and the land is utterly forsaken B). Until the temple is rebuilt
C). Until a new king is born D). Until forty years have passed

4751. Which son did the LORD tell Isaiah to take with him to meet Ahaz?

A). Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz B). Immanuel C). Shear-Jashub D). Amoz

4752. Where did Isaiah go to meet Ahaz?

A). At the city gate of Samaria B). Inside the temple courts C). At the Pool of Siloam
D). At the end of the aqueduct of the Upper Pool

4753. What name did the LORD tell Isaiah to give his son born to the prophetess?

A). Shear-Jashub B). Immanuel C). Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz D). Hezekiah

4754. Who did Isaiah call as reliable witnesses when he wrote on the large scroll?

A). Uriah the priest and Zechariah son of Jeberekiah B). Hilkiah and Shebna
C). Eliakim and Joah D). Ahaz and Hezekiah

4755. Complete the verse: 'Here am I, and the children the LORD has given me. We are signs and _____ in Israel.'

A). wonders B). witnesses C). lights D). symbols

4756. Isaiah 13 begins a prophecy against which city?

A). Nineveh B). Babylon C). Damascus D). Tyre

4757. What did the LORD tell Isaiah to take off?

A). His crown and robe B). The sackcloth from his body and the sandals from his feet
C). His belt and cloak D). His priestly garments

4758. For how long did Isaiah go around stripped and barefoot?

A). Three years B). Forty days C). Seven months D). One year

4759. What was Isaiah going stripped and barefoot a sign of?

A). That Judah would win a great battle B). That a famine was coming

C). That the king of Assyria would lead Egyptian and Cushite captives away stripped and barefoot

D). That Isaiah had become poor

4760. Whom did the Lord tell Isaiah to post to report what he saw?

A). A lookout B). A priest C). A messenger on a camel D). A soldier

4761. Who was the palace administrator that the LORD sent Isaiah to rebuke?

A). Eliakim B). Hilkiah C). Joah D). Shebna

4762. To which prophet did Hezekiah send Eliakim, Shebna and the leading priests?

A). Isaiah son of Amoz B). Jeremiah C). Micah D). Elisha

4763. Isaiah's message to Hezekiah began: 'This is what the LORD says: Do not be _____ of what you have heard.'

A). ashamed B). afraid C). sorry D). angry

4764. When Hezekiah was ill and at the point of death, what did Isaiah tell him?

A). Put your house in order, because you are going to die B). Go to Egypt for a doctor

C). You will be healed today D). Offer a sacrifice in the temple

4765. What did Isaiah say should be applied to Hezekiah's boil so he would recover?

A). Olive oil B). A poultice of figs C). Honey and wine D). Hyssop

4766. What did Isaiah prophesy would one day be carried off to Babylon?

A). Everything in Hezekiah's palace B). Only the temple doors

C). The ark of the covenant only D). The city walls

4767. Matthew says John was the one spoken of through which prophet as "a voice of one calling in the wilderness"?

A). Jeremiah B). Malachi C). Elijah D). Isaiah

4768. Complete the prophecy fulfilled in Galilee: "The people living in darkness have seen a great _____."

A). king B). light C). star D). sign

4769. Matthew says Jesus' healing fulfilled the words of which prophet: "He took up our infirmities and bore our diseases"?

A). Isaiah B). Jeremiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

4770. Complete Isaiah's words fulfilled in Jesus: "A bruised _____ he will not break."

A). reed B). heart C). branch D). vine

4771. According to the prophecy quoted in Matthew 12, who will put their hope in his name?

A). The priests B). The kings of Judah C). The angels D). The nations

4772. Jesus said the people fulfilled the prophecy, "You will be ever hearing but never understanding." Which prophet spoke it?

A). Isaiah B). Jeremiah C). Micah D). Hosea

4773. Complete the words from Isaiah that Jesus quoted: "These people honor me with their lips, but their _____ are far from me."

A). feet B). hearts C). eyes D). hands

4774. Which prophet's words does Mark quote about a messenger who would prepare the way?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

4775. Jesus quoted Isaiah: "These people honor me with their lips, but their ___ are far from me."

A). feet B). eyes C). hearts D). minds

4776. John's ministry fulfilled words written in the book of which prophet?

A). Jeremiah B). Malachi C). Isaiah D). Daniel

4777. Which prophet's scroll was handed to Jesus in the synagogue at Nazareth?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

4778. When John the Baptist described himself as "the voice of one calling in the wilderness," whose words was he using?

A). Jeremiah B). Elijah C). Malachi D). Isaiah

4779. Which prophet's words were fulfilled when people still would not believe in Jesus after so many signs?

A). Jeremiah B). Malachi C). Isaiah D). Daniel

4780. Which prophet did Paul quote when some of the Jewish leaders would not believe?

A). Jeremiah B). Joel C). Isaiah D). Daniel

4781. According to Isaiah, as quoted in Romans 9:27, who among the Israelites will be saved?

A). Every single one B). Only the priests C). Only the remnant D). Only the kings

4782. Which prophet does Paul quote asking, "Lord, who has believed our message?"

A). Isaiah B). Jeremiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

4783. How does God describe Israel in Romans 10:21?

A). A faithful and humble people B). A disobedient and obstinate people

C). A weak and forgotten people D). A wise and holy people

4784. Quoting Isaiah, Paul says the Root of whom will spring up to rule over the nations?

A). Jesse B). Abraham C). Jacob D). Aaron

Ish-Bosheth

4785. Which son of Saul did Abner make king over Israel?

A). Jonathan B). Mephibosheth C). Ish-Bosheth D). Malki-Shua

4786. Where did Abner take Ish-Bosheth to make him king?

A). Mahanaim B). Shiloh C). Gibeah D). Ramah

4787. How old was Ish-Bosheth when he became king, and how long did he reign?

A). 30 years old; seven years B). 40 years old; seven years C). 25 years old; four years
D). 40 years old; two years

4788. What did Ish-Bosheth accuse Abner of?

A). Stealing Saul's crown B). Sleeping with Saul's concubine Rizpah
C). Making a secret treaty with the Philistines D). Killing Asahel without cause

4789. After Ish-Bosheth's accusation, what did Abner angrily promise to do?

A). Leave Israel forever B). Make himself king
C). Transfer the kingdom from Saul's house to David D). Fight David until he died

4790. How did Ish-Bosheth respond to Abner's angry words?

A). He was afraid and did not dare say another word B). He ordered Abner arrested
C). He apologised and gave Abner gifts D). He went to fight David himself

4791. How did Ish-Bosheth react when he heard that Abner had died in Hebron?

A). He celebrated B). He fled to Egypt C). He declared war on David
D). He lost courage

4792. Who were the two leaders of raiding bands who killed Ish-Bosheth?

A). Joab and Abishai B). Baanah and Rekab C). Ziba and Mephibosheth
D). Hanun and Shobi

4793. When did Rekab and Baanah go into Ish-Bosheth's house to kill him?

A). In the heat of the day while he was resting B). At dawn before he woke
C). At midnight while he slept D). During a feast

4794. What did Rekab and Baanah bring to David at Hebron?

A). Saul's crown B). The head of Ish-Bosheth C). A letter from Ish-Bosheth
D). Gold and silver

4795. Why did David say the crime of Rekab and Baanah was even more wicked?

A). They killed a king in battle B). They lied about who sent them
C). They stole from the Lord's house
D). They killed an innocent man in his own house on his own bed

4796. Where was the head of Ish-Bosheth buried?

A). In Abner's tomb at Hebron B). In Gibeon C). In Saul's tomb at Zela
D). In Bethlehem

Ishbi-Benob

4797. Who rescued David when he became exhausted and Ishbi-Benob tried to kill him?

A). Joab B). Elhanan C). Benaiah D). Abishai

Ishmael

4798. The angel said Hagar would have a son and she was to name him _____.

A). Isaac B). Ishmael C). Jacob D). Esau

4799. Who was the mother of Abram's son Ishmael?

A). Sarai B). Hagar C). Keturah D). Rebekah

4800. How old was Abram when Hagar gave birth to Ishmael?

A). Seventy-five B). Ninety-nine C). One hundred D). Eighty-six

4801. About which son did God promise to make him fruitful and the father of twelve rulers?

A). Isaac B). Jacob C). Lot D). Ishmael

4802. With which son did God say He would establish His covenant?

A). With Ishmael B). With Isaac C). With both sons equally D). With neither son

4803. How old was Ishmael when he was circumcised?

A). Eight days old B). Nine years old C). Thirteen years old D). Twenty years old

4804. Why did Sarah ask Abraham to send Hagar and her son away?

A). Hagar had stolen from her B). She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac
C). Hagar wanted to leave D). Abraham asked her to

4805. What did God promise Abraham about Ishmael when Abraham was distressed?

A). Ishmael would return to him B). Ishmael would inherit with Isaac
C). God would make Ishmael into a nation D). Ishmael would rule over Isaac

4806. Where did Hagar wander after Abraham sent her away?

A). In the Desert of Beersheba B). In the land of Egypt C). By the Jordan River
D). On Mount Moriah

4807. How did God save Hagar and her son in the desert?

A). He sent rain to fill the streams B). He opened her eyes to see a well of water
C). He led them back to Abraham D). He gave them food from heaven

4808. What did Ishmael become as he grew up in the desert?

A). A shepherd B). A farmer C). An archer D). A trader

4809. Which two sons buried Abraham together?

A). Isaac and Ishmael B). Jacob and Esau C). Isaac and Jacob
D). Ishmael and Midian

4810. How many rulers came from Ishmael, according to God's earlier promise?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Twelve D). Twenty

4811. What did Esau do when he saw that Canaanite wives displeased his father?

A). He sent his wives away B). He followed Jacob to Harran C). He built an altar
D). He married a daughter of Ishmael

4812. Who killed Gedaliah at Mizpah?

A). Ishmael son of Nethaniah B). Nebuzaradan C). Zedekiah D). Awel-Marduk

4813. Who were the two sons of Abraham named in 1 Chronicles 1:28?

A). Esau and Jacob B). Shem and Ham C). Isaac and Ishmael
D). Medan and Midian

4814. According to Johanan, which king had sent Ishmael son of Nethaniah to kill Gedaliah?

A). Pharaoh Hophra B). Baalis king of the Ammonites C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Edom

4815. How did Gedaliah respond when Johanan offered to kill Ishmael secretly?

A). He agreed to the plan B). He fled to Babylon
C). He told him not to do it, saying what he said about Ishmael was not true
D). He put Ishmael in prison

4816. Who killed Gedaliah son of Ahikam at Mizpah?

A). Johanan son of Kareah B). Ishmael son of Nethaniah
C). Baalis king of the Ammonites D). Nebuzaradan

4817. What were Ishmael and his men doing with Gedaliah just before they killed him?

A). Praying in the temple B). Fighting a battle C). Eating together at Mizpah
D). Traveling to Babylon

4818. What family background did Ishmael son of Nethaniah have?

A). He was a priest B). He was a prophet C). He was a Babylonian officer
D). He was of royal blood and had been one of the king's officers

4819. How did Ishmael trick the eighty men?

A). He offered them gold B). He went out weeping and invited them to come to Gedaliah
C). He pretended to be a priest D). He sent them a letter from the king

4820. Why did Ishmael spare ten of the men?

A). They were his relatives B). They were priests
C). They said they had wheat, barley, olive oil and honey hidden in a field
D). They promised to serve Baal

4821. Which king of Judah had made the cistern into which Ishmael threw the bodies?

A). Hezekiah B). Solomon C). Uzziah D). Asa

4822. Where was Ishmael heading with the people he had taken captive, including the king's daughters?

A). To the Ammonites B). To Egypt C). To Babylon D). To Moab

4823. Where did Johanan son of Kareah catch up with Ishmael?

A). At the Jordan River B). Near the great pool in Gibeon C). At Ramah
D). At the Benjamin Gate

4824. What happened to Ishmael after Johanan caught up with him?

A). He was killed B). He surrendered to Johanan
C). He escaped with eight men and went to the Ammonites D). He fled to Egypt

4825. What did Scripture say should be done with the slave woman and her son?

A). Give them the inheritance B). Make them leaders C). Get rid of them
D). Send them to Jerusalem

Israel

4826. The sons of Isaac are listed as Esau and who?

A). Israel B). Ishmael C). Reuben D). Joseph

4827. What does 1 Chronicles 1 mainly record?

A). The laws God gave at Mount Sinai
B). Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel
C). The battles of King David D). The building of the temple

4828. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Israel listed in 1 Chronicles 2?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Esau D). Benjamin

4829. Who was the firstborn son of Israel?

A). Judah B). Reuben C). Joseph D). Simeon

4830. Why did Reuben lose his rights as firstborn?

A). He sold them for a meal B). He ran away to Egypt
C). He defiled his father's marriage bed D). He refused to go to war

Issachar

4831. Which tribe's men understood the times and knew what Israel should do?

A). Zebulun B). Judah C). Levi D). Issachar

Ithamar

4832. Who were the sons of Aaron?

A). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari B). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam
C). Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar D). Shem, Ham, and Japheth

4833. Which of these was NOT a son of Aaron?

A). Nadab B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

4834. Why did only Eleazar and Ithamar serve as priests among Aaron's sons?

A). Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons
B). Nadab and Abihu became kings C). Nadab and Abihu moved to Egypt
D). Nadab and Abihu chose to be musicians

4835. Why were there sixteen heads of families from Eleazar but only eight from Ithamar?

A). Ithamar's family had sinned
B). A larger number of leaders were found among Eleazar's descendants
C). Ithamar's family refused to serve D). David liked Eleazar's family more

Ittai

4836. Which foreigner said, "Wherever my lord the king may be, whether it means life or death, there will your servant be"?

A). Doeg the Edomite B). Uriah the Hittite C). Hushai the Arkite D). Ittai the Gittite

4837. Which three men each commanded a third of David's troops?

A). Joab, Abner and Ittai B). Joab, Amasa and Benaiah C). Abishai, Hushai and Zadok
D). Joab, Abishai and Ittai

4838. David commanded his commanders: "Be _____ with the young man Absalom for my sake."

A). gentle B). strict C). quick D). fair

Jaazaniah

4839. Which son of Shaphan was standing among the seventy elders?

A). Jaazaniah B). Gedaliah C). Pelatiah D). Ahikam

4840. Which two leaders of the people did Ezekiel see among the twenty-five men at the east gate?

A). Jaazaniah son of Azzur and Pelatiah son of Benaiah

B). Jaazaniah son of Shaphan and Gedaliah son of Ahikam

C). Hananiah son of Azzur and Pashhur son of Immer

D). Zedekiah son of Josiah and Seraiah son of Neriah

Jabez

4841. Which man was more honorable than his brothers?

A). Caleb B). Othniel C). Hur D). Jabez

4842. Why did the mother of Jabez give him that name?

A). Because he was her firstborn B). Because she gave birth to him in pain

C). Because he was born in a far country D). Because God spoke to her in a dream

4843. Complete Jabez's prayer: "Oh, that you would bless me and enlarge my _____!"

A). territory B). family C). wealth D). wisdom

4844. How did God answer Jabez's prayer?

A). God told him to wait B). God sent a prophet to him C). God granted his request

D). God said no

4845. In his prayer, what did Jabez ask God to keep him from?

A). Enemies and war B). Sickness and hunger C). Pride and sin

D). Harm, so that he would be free from pain

Jabin

4846. Which king of Hazor gathered the northern kings to fight against Israel?

A). Adoni-Zedek B). Og C). Sihon D). Jabin

4847. Why was Hazor an important city?

A). It was the head of all these kingdoms B). It was the oldest city in Canaan

C). It had the tallest walls D). It was on the seashore

4848. After Ehud died and Israel did evil again, which king did the LORD sell them to?

A). Jabin king of Canaan B). Eglon king of Moab C). Cushan-Rishathaim

D). Og king of Bashan

4849. In which city did Jabin king of Canaan reign?

A). Jericho B). Hazor C). Ai D). Gezer

4850. Who was the commander of Jabin's army?

A). Goliath B). Oreb C). Sisera D). Adoni-Bezek

4851. Why did Sisera run to the tent of Jael?

A). Jael was Sisera's sister B). He was lost and saw the tent

C). Barak had told him to hide there

D). There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

4852. What happened to Jabin king of Canaan after Sisera died?

A). He made peace with Israel

B). God subdued him, and Israel grew stronger against him until they destroyed him

C). He fled to Egypt D). He became Israel's servant for forty years

4853. In Psalm 83:9, at which river did God defeat Sisera and Jabin?

A). The Jordan B). The Kishon C). The Nile D). The Euphrates

Jacob

4854. What were the names of Isaac and Rebekah's twin sons?

A). Cain and Abel B). Esau and Jacob C). Perez and Zerah

D). Ephraim and Manasseh

4855. How were Esau and Jacob different from each other?

A). Esau was a farmer, and Jacob was a fisherman

B). Esau was a shepherd, and Jacob was a builder

C). Esau was a priest, and Jacob was a soldier

D). Esau was a skillful hunter, and Jacob stayed among the tents

4856. What did Esau trade to Jacob for a meal of bread and lentil stew?

A). His flock of sheep B). His birthright C). His father's blessing

D). His hunting bow

4857. Who planned for Jacob to receive the blessing meant for Esau?

A). Rebekah, his mother B). Isaac, his father C). Laban, his uncle D). A servant

4858. Why was Jacob worried about pretending to be Esau?

A). Esau was taller than him B). Esau spoke differently

C). Esau was a hairy man while Jacob had smooth skin D). Esau was older

4859. What did Rebekah use to make Jacob feel like Esau to his father?

A). Wool blankets B). A false beard C). Sheep's clothing

D). Goatskins on his hands and neck, and Esau's clothes

4860. What did Isaac say when he noticed something strange about the son before him?

A). The voice is Jacob's, but the hands are Esau's B). You do not sound like my son

C). Your clothes smell wrong D). You have come too soon

4861. What did Isaac's blessing promise to the son he thought was Esau?

A). A long life free of trouble B). Great skill in hunting

C). Plenty of grain and wine, and rule over nations and his brothers

D). Safe travels to a far land

4862. How did Esau react when he learned Jacob had taken his blessing?

A). He laughed it off B). He cried out with a loud and bitter cry C). He said nothing

D). He left quietly

4863. Why did Esau hold a grudge against Jacob?

A). Jacob had stolen his flocks B). Jacob had insulted their mother

C). Jacob had left without saying goodbye D). Jacob had taken the blessing their father gave

4864. What did Rebekah tell Jacob to do because Esau planned to kill him?

A). Flee to her brother Laban in Harran B). Hide in the fields

C). Ask Esau for forgiveness D). Go down to Egypt

4865. Where did Isaac send Jacob to find a wife?

A). To Paddan Aram, to the family of Laban B). To Egypt C). To the land of Canaan

D). To Beersheba

4866. What did Isaac tell Jacob NOT to do when sending him away?

A). Not to travel at night B). Not to take any servants C). Not to speak to Esau

D). Not to marry a Canaanite woman

4867. What blessing did Isaac speak over Jacob before he left?

A). That he would be a great hunter

B). That God would give him the blessing of Abraham and the land

C). That he would rule over Egypt D). That he would return with gold

4868. What did Jacob use for a pillow when he stopped for the night?

A). A folded cloak B). A stone C). A bundle of grain D). His traveling bag

4869. What did Jacob see in his dream at that place?

A). A burning bush B). A great flood

C). A stairway reaching to heaven with angels on it D). A city of gold

4870. Who stood above the stairway and spoke to Jacob?

A). The LORD B). An angel C). Abraham D). Isaac

4871. God promised Jacob, "I am _____ you and will watch over you wherever you go."

A). testing B). with C). sending D). leaving

4872. What name did Jacob give to the place where he had the dream?

A). Beersheba B). Peniel C). Bethel D). Mahanaim

4873. What vow did Jacob make at Bethel?

A). To never return home B). To give God a tenth of all he received if God kept him safe
C). To build a great city there D). To fast for many days

4874. Whom did Jacob meet at the well as she came with her father's sheep?

A). Leah B). Rachel C). Rebekah D). Dinah

4875. What did Jacob do at the well when he saw Rachel?

A). He rolled the stone away and watered Laban's sheep B). He gave her gold
C). He asked her for water D). He rested in the shade

4876. Who was Rachel's father, who welcomed Jacob into his home?

A). Bethuel B). Nahor C). Laban D). Esau

4877. How many years did Jacob agree to work for Laban in order to marry Rachel?

A). Three years B). Ten years C). Fourteen years D). Seven years

4878. How did the seven years of work seem to Jacob?

A). Like a long and painful time B). Like only a few days because of his love for Rachel
C). Like an unfair burden D). Like a test from God

4879. What did Laban do on the wedding night instead of giving Rachel to Jacob?

A). He canceled the wedding B). He asked for more years of work first
C). He sent Jacob away D). He gave Jacob Leah

4880. What reason did Laban give for tricking Jacob into marrying Leah first?

A). Rachel had refused Jacob
B). It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older
C). Leah had asked to marry first D). Jacob had not worked long enough

4881. In total, how many years did Jacob work for Laban to marry both daughters?

A). Seven years B). Ten years C). Fourteen years D). Twenty years

4882. Why did the LORD enable Leah to have children?

A). Because she was the older sister B). Because she was not loved
C). Because Jacob asked God D). Because Laban prayed

4883. What was the order of the first four sons Leah bore to Jacob?

A). Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah B). Judah, Levi, Simeon, Reuben
C). Levi, Reuben, Judah, Simeon D). Simeon, Judah, Reuben, Levi

4884. What was the name of the daughter Leah bore to Jacob?

A). Dinah B). Rachel C). Zilpah D). Bilhah

4885. What did Jacob ask Laban for after Joseph was born?

A). More land B). A share of the harvest C). To be sent home to his own country
D). A new tent

4886. Why did Laban want Jacob to stay with him?

A). Jacob owed him money B). Jacob had no place to go C). Laban needed a guard
D). Laban had learned the LORD had blessed him because of Jacob

4887. What animals did Jacob ask to take as his wages from Laban's flocks?

A). All the white sheep B). The speckled, spotted, and dark-colored animals
C). The strongest rams D). Half of every kind

4888. What was the result for Jacob after his agreement with Laban?

A). He lost his flocks B). He returned home poor
C). He grew very wealthy with large flocks, servants, and camels D). He stayed the same

4889. Who told Jacob to go back to the land of his fathers and relatives?

A). The Lord B). Laban C). Isaac D). Rachel

4890. How many days after Jacob fled was Laban told about it?

A). One day B). Three days C). Seven days D). Ten days

4891. What did God warn Laban in a dream not to do to Jacob?

A). Take back his flocks B). Follow him any further C). Tell his brothers
D). Say anything to him, good or bad

4892. What did Jacob and his relatives set up as a sign of their agreement?

A). An altar of gold B). A heap of stones C). A wooden pole D). A tent of meeting

4893. What was the meaning behind the name Mizpah given to the place?

A). A place of rest
B). A watchtower where the Lord watches between two parties when they are apart
C). A house of God D). A well of water

4894. How many years did Jacob say he had served Laban in total?

A). Seven years B). Fourteen years C). Twenty years D). Forty years

4895. Why did Rachel and Leah agree to leave with Jacob?

A). They wanted to visit Isaac
B). They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs
C). They were afraid of Esau D). They wished to return the household gods

4896. What kind of object was Galeed, the witness between Jacob and Laban?

A). A heap of stones B). A large tree C). A river D). A city gate

4897. Who met Jacob as he went on his way after leaving Laban?

A). The angels of God B). Esau's servants C). The men of Seir D). His brother Esau

4898. To whom did Jacob send messengers ahead of him?

A). His father Isaac B). Laban C). The king of Edom D). His brother Esau

4899. What news did the messengers bring back about Esau?

A). Esau had already left the region B). Esau refused to see Jacob

C). Esau was coming with four hundred men D). Esau had sent gifts to Jacob

4900. Why did Jacob divide his people and animals into two groups?

A). To travel faster through the land

B). So that if Esau attacked one group, the other might escape

C). To offer half of them to Esau D). To separate his wives from his servants

4901. In his prayer, what did Jacob ask God to do?

A). To destroy Esau's men B). To send him back to Laban C). To give him more flocks

D). To save him from the hand of his brother Esau

4902. What did Jacob prepare to send to Esau to win his favor?

A). Gold and silver B). His finest clothing C). Grain and wine

D). A gift of livestock from his herds

4903. What happened to Jacob when he was left alone at night?

A). He had a dream of a ladder B). Esau came to meet him

C). A man wrestled with him until daybreak D). An angel gave him food

4904. What part of Jacob's body was injured during the wrestling?

A). His hip B). His shoulder C). His hand D). His knee

4905. Jacob said to the man, "I will not let you go unless you ____ me."

A). bless B). release C). answer D). forgive

4906. What new name was Jacob given after the wrestling?

A). Abraham B). Israel C). Edom D). Peniel

4907. What did Jacob name the place where he wrestled, and why?

A). Bethel, because God spoke to him there B). Mahanaim, because he saw two camps

C). Peniel, because he saw God face to face D). Mizpah, because God kept watch there

4908. Whom did Jacob see coming toward him with four hundred men?

A). Laban B). Isaac C). The king of Shechem D). Esau

4909. How did Jacob arrange his family as they approached Esau?

A). He put Rachel and Joseph in the front

B). He placed all the children together in the middle

C). He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

D). He sent his wives back and went alone

4910. What did Jacob do as he approached his brother Esau?

A). He bowed down to the ground seven times B). He ran away in fear

C). He sent a servant to speak for him D). He offered Esau his flocks first

4911. How did Esau respond when he met Jacob?

A). He attacked him B). He turned away in anger C). He demanded payment

D). He ran to meet him and embraced him

4912. What was Esau's first response to the gift of animals Jacob sent?

A). He refused, saying he already had plenty B). He demanded more

C). He took them and left D). He gave them to his men

4913. Why did Jacob urge Esau to accept his gift?

A). Because God had been gracious to him and he had all he needed

B). To repay a debt he owed C). To buy back his birthright

D). Because Esau demanded it

4914. Why did Jacob decline to travel at Esau's pace?

A). He wanted to stay away from Esau

B). The children were tender and the young animals needed a gentle pace

C). He feared Esau's men D). He was too tired to travel

4915. What did Jacob build at the place he named Sukkoth?

A). An altar of stone B). A well C). A house for himself and shelters for his livestock

D). A city wall

4916. What did Jacob do with the plot of ground he acquired near Shechem?

A). He built a city on it B). He bought it and pitched his tent there C). He gave it to Esau

D). He dug a well on it

4917. What did Jacob set up on the land he bought near Shechem?

A). A stone pillar B). A watchtower C). An altar D). A heap of stones

4918. Who was the daughter of Leah and Jacob mentioned at the start of this chapter?

A). Rachel B). Rebekah C). Bilhah D). Dinah

4919. What did Jacob fear would happen because of his sons' actions?

A). That God would abandon him B). That Esau would return to fight him
C). That the people of the land would join together and attack him
D). That his flocks would be taken away

4920. Where did God tell Jacob to go and build an altar?

A). Bethel B). Shechem C). Hebron D). Sukkoth

4921. What did Jacob tell his household to get rid of before going to Bethel?

A). Their weapons B). The foreign gods among them C). Their extra flocks
D). Their tents

4922. Why were the surrounding towns not able to pursue Jacob and his family?

A). Jacob's men were too strong B). The land was too rough to travel
C). The terror of God fell on the towns around them D). Esau protected them

4923. What name did God confirm for Jacob at Bethel?

A). Abraham B). Israel C). Isaac D). Edom

4924. What did God promise Jacob at Bethel?

A). That Esau would serve him B). That he would never leave the land
C). That a nation and kings would come from him, and the land would be his
D). That he would live for two hundred years

4925. What name did Rachel give her son as she was dying, and what did Jacob call him instead?

A). She called him Ben-Oni, but Jacob named him Benjamin
B). She called him Joseph, but Jacob named him Israel
C). She called him Benjamin, but Jacob named him Ben-Oni
D). She called him Reuben, but Jacob named him Levi

4926. Near which town was Rachel buried?

A). Hebron B). Bethlehem (Ephrath) C). Bethel D). Shechem

4927. How many sons of Jacob are listed in this chapter?

A). Ten B). Twelve C). Fourteen D). Seven

4928. Who died at the end of this chapter and was buried by Esau and Jacob?

A). Abraham B). Laban C). Isaac D). Ishmael

4929. In what hill country did Esau settle, away from his brother Jacob?

A). Canaan B). Goshen C). Moriah D). Seir

4930. Why did Esau move away from Jacob to a separate land?

A). Jacob forced him to leave B). God commanded him to go
C). Their possessions were too great for the land to support them both
D). He wanted to avoid the people of Canaan

4931. Why did Israel (Jacob) love Joseph more than his other sons?

A). Joseph was the strongest B). Joseph was born to him in his old age
C). Joseph was the eldest D). Joseph worked the hardest

4932. What special gift did Jacob give to Joseph?

A). An ornate robe B). A flock of sheep C). A ring of gold D). A sword

4933. Where did Jacob send Joseph to check on his brothers?

A). To Shechem B). To Bethel C). To Hebron D). To Egypt

4934. How did the brothers deceive their father about Joseph?

A). They said Joseph had run away B). They told him Joseph was working in Egypt
C). They dipped his robe in goat's blood and showed it to Jacob
D). They claimed Joseph had drowned in a river

4935. Why did Jacob send his sons to Egypt?

A). To find Joseph B). To buy grain because of the famine
C). To make peace with Pharaoh D). To sell their flocks

4936. Which son did Jacob keep at home instead of sending to Egypt?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Benjamin D). Simeon

4937. How did Jacob react when he heard he might lose Benjamin too?

A). He said everything was against him B). He agreed at once
C). He sent them back immediately D). He rejoiced

4938. What was Jacob's decision about letting Benjamin go to Egypt at the end of the chapter?

A). He agreed to send him with Reuben B). He let him go with Judah
C). He refused to let Benjamin go D). He decided to go himself

4939. Why did Jacob tell his sons to go back to Egypt again?

A). To rescue Simeon B). Because the grain they had bought was used up
C). To find Joseph D). To pay Pharaoh a visit

4940. What did Jacob tell his sons to take as a gift to the man in Egypt?

A). Gold and jewels B). Fine clothing C). Live animals
D). The best products of the land, such as balm, honey, spices, and nuts

4941. How much silver did Jacob tell his sons to take on this journey?

A). Double the amount, plus the silver returned in their sacks B). Only enough for the grain
C). Half as much as before D). No silver at all

4942. In his plea, what did Judah explain about Benjamin and their father?

A). That Benjamin wished to stay in Egypt
B). That their father loved Benjamin deeply and might die if he was lost
C). That Benjamin had done nothing wrong D). That their father had many other sons

4943. Where did Joseph tell his family to come and settle in Egypt?

A). In the city of On B). In the palace of Pharaoh C). By the Red Sea
D). In the region of Goshen

4944. How did Jacob react when he learned that Joseph was still alive?

A). He refused to believe and stayed sad
B). He was stunned at first, then his spirit revived when he believed
C). He immediately fell ill D). He sent the brothers back to Egypt alone

4945. Where did Jacob stop and offer sacrifices on his way to Egypt?

A). Bethel B). Hebron C). Shechem D). Beersheba

4946. What did God promise Jacob in the vision at night?

A). That he would never see Joseph
B). That He would go with him to Egypt and make him into a great nation there
C). That he would return home the next year D). That the famine would soon end

4947. How many members of Jacob's family were in Egypt in all, according to this chapter?

A). Fifty B). Sixty C). Seventy D). Eighty

4948. Whom did Jacob send ahead to Joseph to get directions to Goshen?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Simeon D). Benjamin

4949. What happened when Joseph and his father Jacob finally met in Goshen?

A). Joseph did not recognize him B). Jacob was too weak to speak
C). They quickly went to Pharaoh D). Joseph embraced him and wept for a long time

4950. Which region did Pharaoh allow Jacob's family to settle in?

A). Goshen B). On C). Memphis D). Thebes

4951. What did Jacob do when he was brought before Pharaoh?

A). He blessed Pharaoh B). He bowed silently C). He asked for gold
D). He refused to speak

4952. How old did Jacob tell Pharaoh he was?

A). One hundred and thirty years B). One hundred years
C). One hundred and forty-seven years D). Ninety years

4953. What did Jacob make Joseph promise before he died?

A). To care for his brothers B). To give up his position

C). Not to bury him in Egypt, but with his fathers in Canaan

D). To return all the land to the people

4954. At what place did Jacob say God had appeared to him and blessed him?

A). Beersheba B). Hebron C). Luz (Bethel) D). Shechem

4955. What did Jacob declare about Joseph's sons Ephraim and Manasseh?

A). That they would return to Canaan alone B). That they would serve their uncles

C). That they would receive no inheritance

D). That they would be counted as his own sons, like Reuben and Simeon

4956. Which loved one did Jacob remember had died and been buried near Ephrath?

A). Leah B). Rebekah C). Rachel D). Deborah

4957. Why did Jacob have trouble seeing his grandsons clearly?

A). It was dark in the tent B). The boys stood too far away

C). He was weeping too much D). His eyes were failing because of old age

4958. What unusual thing did Jacob do with his hands when blessing the boys?

A). He held them behind his back

B). He crossed his arms, putting his right hand on the younger son

C). He raised both hands over his head D). He placed both hands on the older son

4959. How did Jacob respond when Joseph tried to move his right hand to the older son?

A). He refused, saying the younger would become greater

B). He agreed and switched his hands C). He stopped the blessing

D). He blessed only the older son

4960. What did Jacob gather his sons to do before he died?

A). To divide his flocks B). To tell them what would happen to them in days to come

C). To send them back to Canaan D). To choose a new leader

4961. Which son was called Jacob's firstborn but would no longer excel because of his sin?

A). Reuben B). Simeon C). Levi D). Judah

4962. Which two brothers did Jacob rebuke together for their anger and violence?

A). Reuben and Judah B). Dan and Gad C). Simeon and Levi

D). Issachar and Zebulun

4963. What did Jacob prophesy about Judah?

A). That he would be scattered B). That he would live by the sea

C). That he would receive no blessing

D). That his brothers would praise him and the scepter would not depart from him

4964. To what animal did Jacob compare Judah in his blessing?

A). An eagle B). A wolf C). A lion D). An ox

4965. Which son did Jacob describe as a fruitful vine near a spring, richly blessed?

A). Joseph B). Benjamin C). Judah D). Dan

4966. Which son did Jacob compare to a ravenous wolf?

A). Dan B). Gad C). Naphtali D). Benjamin

4967. How many tribes of Israel came from the sons Jacob blessed?

A). Ten B). Twelve C). Seven D). Fourteen

4968. Where did Jacob ask to be buried with his ancestors?

A). In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre B). In Egypt beside Joseph
C). In Bethlehem near Rachel D). In Bethel

4969. What happened to Jacob after he finished giving instructions to his sons?

A). He traveled back to Canaan B). He fell asleep and recovered
C). He breathed his last and died D). He blessed Pharaoh again

4970. What did Joseph have done to his father's body after he died?

A). He had it buried at once in Egypt B). He had the physicians embalm it
C). He had it burned D). He sent it straight to Canaan

4971. Why did Joseph ask Pharaoh's permission to leave Egypt for a time?

A). To find more grain B). To visit his brothers' homes C). To escape a new famine
D). To bury his father in Canaan as he had promised

4972. Where did Joseph and his brothers bury Jacob?

A). In Bethlehem near Rachel B). In Bethel
C). In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre D). In Goshen

4973. How did God identify Himself to Moses at the bush?

A). The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob B). The God of Noah and Enoch
C). The God of the Egyptians D). The God of Adam and Eve

4974. By what name did God say He appeared to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?

A). The LORD B). God Almighty C). The Everlasting God D). The Holy One

4975. What did God promise to remember even after punishing the people, if they confessed their sin?

A). His covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob B). The wealth of Egypt
C). The strength of their armies D). The size of their harvests

4976. In his prayer, what reason did Moses give the Lord for not destroying Israel?

A). That Israel had become righteous

B). That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation

C). That the nations would help Israel D). That Israel would build a temple

4977. What did the Lord tell Moses about the land He showed him?

A). That he would conquer it himself B). That it belonged to the nations forever

C). That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

D). That he would return to it later

4978. Whose bones, brought up from Egypt, were buried at Shechem?

A). Jacob's B). Joseph's C). Moses' D). Aaron's

4979. How many stones did Elijah use to repair the altar of the LORD?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Four D). Ten

4980. What did the twelve stones of Elijah's altar stand for?

A). The twelve months of the year B). The twelve tribes descended from Jacob

C). Twelve prophets of the LORD D). Twelve years of drought

4981. Why was the LORD gracious to Israel and did not destroy them?

A). Because of His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

B). Because Jehoash was righteous C). Because Aram repented

D). Because they rebuilt the temple

4982. David's song says God made His covenant with Abraham, swore an oath to whom, and confirmed it to Jacob?

A). Joseph B). Moses C). Isaac D). Noah

4983. In Psalm 20:1, the people pray that the name of the God of whom will protect the king?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Jacob D). Isaac

4984. In what order does Psalm 105 name the three men connected with God's covenant?

A). Jacob, Isaac, Abraham B). Abraham, Isaac, Jacob C). Isaac, Abraham, Jacob

D). Abraham, Jacob, Isaac

4985. Psalm 105 says Jacob lived as a foreigner in the land of whom?

A). Ham B). Shem C). Esau D). Laban

4986. Why does Psalm 114 tell the earth to tremble?

A). Because of the presence of the Lord B). Because of a great earthquake

C). Because enemies are coming D). Because of a famine

4987. According to Psalm 135, the LORD has chosen Israel to be His what?

A). Servant nation B). Treasured possession C). Mighty army D). Holy city

4988. According to Psalm 146, those are blessed whose help is the God of whom?

A). David B). Moses C). Jacob D). Solomon

4989. According to Psalm 147, what did God reveal to Jacob and Israel that He did not do for any other nation?

A). His word, laws and decrees B). The location of Eden C). The day of judgment

D). The names of all the angels

4990. Why will many peoples want to go up to the house of the God of Jacob?

A). To trade gold and silver

B). So He may teach them His ways and they may walk in His paths

C). To make war against Israel D). To see the king's palace

4991. Complete the verse: 'Come, descendants of Jacob, let us walk in the _____ of the LORD.'

A). light B). house C). path D). name

4992. Complete the verse: 'A remnant will return, a remnant of Jacob will return to the _____.'

A). Promised Land B). Mighty God C). holy city D). house of David

4993. What did the LORD promise to do for Jacob and Israel in Isaiah 14:1?

A). Send them to Babylon forever

B). Have compassion on them and settle them in their own land

C). Give them a new language D). Make them rulers of Egypt

4994. Isaiah 29:22 speaks of the LORD who redeemed which person?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). Joseph

4995. In Isaiah 41:8, whom does God call 'my friend'?

A). Moses B). David C). Jacob D). Abraham

4996. What did God call Jacob in Isaiah 41:14, before promising to help him?

A). Little lamb B). Small sparrow C). Little worm D). Tiny seed

4997. According to Isaiah 42:24, why did the LORD give Jacob over to plunderers?

A). Because their army was too small B). Because they lived too far away

C). Because they sinned and would not follow His ways D). Because they were too rich

4998. In Isaiah 44:2, by what special name does God call Israel along with Jacob?

A). Ariel B). Hephzibah C). Jeshurun D). Beulah

4999. According to Isaiah 59:20, the Redeemer will come to Zion, to whom in Jacob?

A). The rich B). The strong C). Those who repent of their sins D). The kings

5000. In Jeremiah 10:16, God is called the Portion of whom?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). David D). Jacob

5001. God spoke of a time of trouble so awful that none would be like it. For whom was this a time of trouble, though he would be saved out of it?

A). Moab B). Babylon C). Jacob D). Egypt

5002. Complete the verse: "So do not be afraid, Jacob my ___; do not be dismayed, Israel."

A). son B). servant C). friend D). people

5003. Which man grasped his brother's heel in the womb?

A). Jacob B). Esau C). Isaac D). Joseph

5004. As a man, who did Jacob struggle with?

A). His brother B). Laban C). God D). A Philistine

5005. Where did Jacob find God and talk with Him?

A). Hebron B). Beersheba C). Shechem D). Bethel

5006. To which country did Jacob flee?

A). Aram B). Egypt C). Moab D). Edom

5007. Why would Edom be covered with shame?

A). Because it refused to pay tribute to Assyria

B). Because of the violence against its brother Jacob C). Because it built altars to Baal

D). Because it attacked Egypt

5008. In Obadiah 18, the house of Jacob is a fire and the house of Joseph a flame. What is the house of Esau?

A). Ashes B). Water C). Smoke D). Stubble

5009. To which two ancestors did Micah say God would be faithful and show love, as He pledged on oath?

A). Moses and Aaron B). David and Solomon C). Noah and Shem

D). Jacob and Abraham

5010. According to Nahum 2:2, what will the LORD restore?

A). The walls of Nineveh B). The splendor of Jacob C). The kingdom of Assyria

D). The riches of Egypt

5011. God said, "I have loved Jacob, but ___ I have hated." Who completes this?

A). Laban B). Ishmael C). Lot D). Esau

5012. When Israel asked, "How have you loved us?", what did God point to as proof?

A). The fall of Babylon B). His choice of Jacob over Esau

C). The rebuilding of the temple D). The gift of rain

5013. Jesus said many will come from the east and west and take their places at the feast with whom in the kingdom of heaven?

A). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob B). Moses, Aaron and Miriam

C). David, Solomon and Hezekiah D). Elijah, Elisha and Isaiah

5014. Complete Jesus' words about God: "He is not the God of the dead but of the _____."

A). faithful B). righteous C). chosen D). living

5015. What did Jesus point to in the book of Moses to show the dead rise?

A). The parting of the Red Sea B). The giving of manna

C). The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

D). The flood of Noah

5016. Which three men did Jesus say people would see in the kingdom of God?

A). Moses, Aaron and Joshua B). David, Solomon and Elijah

C). Noah, Shem and Japheth D). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

5017. At which well did Jesus sit down to rest near the town of Sychar?

A). Jacob's well B). Abraham's well C). The pool of Siloam D). David's well

5018. According to Stephen, how many people were in Jacob's family that Joseph sent for?

A). Seventy B). Seventy-five C). Twelve D). Two hundred

5019. According to Hebrews 11:9, Abraham lived in the promised land like a stranger. What did he live in?

A). A palace B). Tents C). Caves D). A walled city

5020. According to Hebrews 11:20, by faith Isaac blessed which two sons in regard to their future?

A). Ephraim and Manasseh B). Cain and Abel C). Jacob and Esau

D). Moses and Aaron

5021. According to Hebrews 11:21, what did Jacob do when he was dying?

A). He blessed each of Joseph's sons and worshiped as he leaned on the top of his staff

B). He built an altar at Bethel C). He wrestled with an angel

D). He went back to Canaan

Jael

5022. Why did Sisera run to the tent of Jael?

A). Jael was Sisera's sister B). He was lost and saw the tent
C). Barak had told him to hide there
D). There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

5023. Sisera asked Jael for water. What did she give him to drink?

A). Water B). Milk C). Wine D). Honey

5024. What did Jael use to kill Sisera?

A). A sword B). A spear C). A tent peg and a hammer D). A millstone

5025. Jael was the wife of which man?

A). Hobab B). Lappidoth C). Abinoam D). Heber the Kenite

5026. According to Deborah's song, what was life like in the days of Shamgar and Jael?

A). No rain fell for many years B). All the cities were burned
C). The highways were abandoned and travelers took winding paths
D). The people lived in caves

5027. Who does Deborah's song call "most blessed of women"?

A). Deborah B). Jael C). Sisera's mother D). Aksah

5028. According to Deborah's song, in what did Jael bring Sisera curdled milk?

A). A golden cup B). A clay jar C). A leather bag D). A bowl fit for nobles

Jahaziel

5029. On whom did the Spirit of the LORD come in the assembly?

A). Jehu son of Hanani B). Eliezer son of Dodavahu C). Jahaziel son of Zechariah
D). Azariah son of Oded

5030. Complete the verse: "Do not be afraid or discouraged because of this vast army. For the battle is not yours, but _____."

A). the king's B). the army's C). Judah's D). God's

5031. What were the people told to do instead of fighting?

A). Take their positions, stand firm and see the LORD's deliverance
B). Run to the mountains C). Build a wall around Jerusalem
D). Send gifts to the enemy

5032. Where would Judah find the enemy army, according to Jahaziel?

A). At the Jordan River B). At the end of the gorge in the Desert of Jeruel
C). At the gate of Jerusalem D). In the Valley of Elah

Jahzeiah

5033. Which two men opposed the plan to deal with the matter?

A). Jonathan son of Asahel and Jahzeiah son of Tikvah B). Zerubbabel and Jeshua
C). Haggai and Zechariah D). Rehum and Shimshai

Jair

5034. Who led Israel after Tola?

A). Jephthah of Gilead B). Jair of Gilead C). Ibzan of Bethlehem
D). Elon the Zebulunite

5035. How many sons did Jair have, each riding his own donkey?

A). Seventy B). Twelve C). Thirty D). Forty

5036. What were the thirty towns in Gilead controlled by Jair's sons called?

A). Beth Millo B). Kiriath Arba C). Hormah D). Havvoth Jair

Jairus

5037. Which synagogue leader fell at Jesus' feet and begged him to heal his dying daughter?

A). Nicodemus B). Zacchaeus C). Jairus D). Simon the Pharisee

5038. After hearing that Jairus's daughter had died, Jesus told him, "Don't be afraid; just ___."

A). pray B). wait C). go home D). believe

5039. How old was Jairus's daughter?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Fifteen D). Twelve

5040. Which synagogue leader begged Jesus to come to his house?

A). Jairus B). Nicodemus C). Simon D). Zacchaeus

5041. What age was Jairus's daughter, and how long had the woman in the crowd been bleeding?

A). Ten years and ten years B). About twelve years old, and twelve years
C). Twelve years old, and seven years D). Seven years old, and twelve years

5042. When Jairus heard his daughter had died, Jesus said: 'Don't be afraid; just ___, and she will be healed.'

A). believe B). pray C). wait D). hope

5043. After the girl stood up, what did Jesus tell them to do?

A). Take her to the temple B). Tell everyone in town C). Give her something to eat
D). Let her sleep

Jakeh

5044. According to Proverbs 30:1, whose sayings are found in this chapter?

A). Lemuel B). Agur son of Jakeh C). Solomon son of David D). Hezekiah

Jambres

5045. Which two men did Paul say opposed Moses?

A). Hymenaeus and Philetus B). Jannes and Jambres C). Korah and Dathan
D). Phygelus and Hermogenes

James

5046. James and John were in a boat with their father when Jesus called them. What was their father's name?

A). Zebedee B). Jonah C). Alphaeus D). Joseph

5047. How did the four fishermen respond when Jesus called them?

A). They asked for time to think B). At once they left and followed him C). They refused
D). They asked to bring their boats

5048. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain with him?

A). Peter, Andrew and Philip B). James, Thomas and Matthew C). Peter, James and John
D). John, Judas and Simon

5049. When Jesus was transfigured, his face shone like what?

A). The moon B). The sun C). A lamp D). Fire

5050. What covered them on the mountain while Peter was still speaking?

A). Thick darkness B). A strong wind C). A bright cloud D). A pillar of fire

5051. Complete the end of what the voice from the cloud said: "This is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well pleased. _____ to him!"

A). Bow B). Listen C). Sing D). Pray

5052. When the disciples fell facedown in terror, what did Jesus do?

A). He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid." B). He left them on the mountain
C). He called Moses back D). He told them to keep praying

5053. Until when did Jesus tell the three disciples not to tell anyone what they had seen?

A). Until they reached Jerusalem B). Until the next Passover
C). Until John the Baptist was freed D). Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

5054. Who came to Jesus kneeling with her sons to ask a favor?

A). The mother of Zebedee's sons B). Mary Magdalene C). Peter's mother-in-law
D). Martha

5055. What did the mother of Zebedee's sons ask Jesus?

A). That her sons be healed B). That Jesus visit her home
C). That her sons become priests
D). That her two sons sit at his right and left in his kingdom

5056. Complete Jesus' question to James and John: "Can you drink the _____ I am going to drink?"

A). wine B). water C). cup D). bitter herbs

5057. Jesus said the places at his right and left belong to whom?

A). Peter and Andrew B). Those for whom they have been prepared by his Father
C). Moses and Elijah D). Whoever asks first

5058. How did the other ten disciples feel when they heard what James and John asked?

A). Indignant B). Happy C). Afraid D). Confused

5059. Which two sons of Zebedee were Simon's partners?

A). Andrew and Philip B). Matthew and Thomas C). James and John
D). Peter and Andrew

5060. What did the fishermen do after they pulled their boats up on shore?

A). They left everything and followed Jesus B). They sold the fish at the market
C). They went home to their families D). They mended their nets

5061. Which disciples did Jesus allow into Jairus's house with the girl's parents?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, John and Judas

5062. Which three disciples went up the mountain with Jesus to pray?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James C). Peter, Andrew and Levi
D). James, John and Matthew

5063. When a Samaritan village did not welcome Jesus, what did James and John want to do?

A). Go around it quietly B). Pray for the people C). Ask for food anyway
D). Call fire down from heaven to destroy them

5064. Which apostle did King Herod put to death with the sword?

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Thomas D). James the brother of John

5065. Peter asked the believers to tell about his escape to which man?

A). John B). Barnabas C). Saul D). James

5066. Who spoke up after Barnabas and Paul finished and gave his judgment?

A). Peter B). John C). James D). Silas

5067. James quoted the prophets: "After this I will return and rebuild David's fallen _____."

A). house B). city C). throne D). tent

5068. What was James's judgment about the Gentiles who were turning to God?

A). They must be circumcised B). We should not make it difficult for them
C). They must move to Jerusalem D). They must offer sacrifices

5069. Which of these was NOT among the things the Gentiles were asked to abstain from?

A). Working on the Sabbath B). Food polluted by idols C). Sexual immorality
D). Blood

5070. In Jerusalem, Paul went to see which leader along with all the elders?

A). James B). Peter C). John D). Barnabas

5071. What false report about Paul had the Jewish believers in Jerusalem heard?

A). That he had stolen from the temple B). That he had denied Jesus
C). That he taught Jews living among Gentiles to turn away from Moses
D). That he was a Roman spy

5072. What did James and the elders ask Paul to do to show he lived in obedience to the law?

A). Offer a lamb on the altar B). Fast for forty days C). Leave Jerusalem at once
D). Join four men under a vow, purify himself and pay their expenses

5073. Besides Cephas, which apostle did Paul see in Jerusalem?

A). John B). Andrew C). Barnabas D). James, the Lord's brother

5074. Which three men were known as pillars of the church?

A). Peter, Andrew and Philip B). James, Cephas and John C). Barnabas, Silas and Mark
D). Matthew, Thomas and James

5075. Who wrote the letter of James to the twelve tribes scattered among the nations?

A). Peter B). John C). James D). Paul

5076. According to Jude 1, whose brother was Jude?

A). Peter B). John C). James D). Paul

James son of Zebedee

5077. When James and John followed Jesus, whom did they leave in the boat with the hired men?

A). Their brother Andrew B). Their father Zebedee C). Simon Peter
D). Their mother

5078. What name did Jesus give to James and John, the sons of Zebedee?

A). Boanerges B). Bartimaeus C). Barabbas D). Bethsaida

5079. Which three disciples did Jesus let follow him to Jairus's house?

A). Peter, James and John B). Andrew, Philip and Thomas C). Matthew, Peter and Judas
D). James, John and Andrew

5080. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain where he was transfigured?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, James and John
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, Judas and John

5081. Which two brothers asked to sit at Jesus' right and left in his glory?

A). James and John B). Peter and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Thomas and Matthew

5082. Which four disciples asked Jesus privately when these things would happen?

A). Peter, James, John and Andrew B). Peter, Thomas, Philip and Matthew
C). James, John, Judas and Simon D). Andrew, Philip, Bartholomew and Thomas

Jannes

5083. Which two men did Paul say opposed Moses?

A). Hymenaeus and Philetus B). Jannes and Jambres C). Korah and Dathan
D). Phygelus and Hermogenes

Japheth

5084. Who were the three sons of Noah listed at the end of Genesis 5?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob C). Shem, Ham, and Japheth
D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

5085. Which sons of Noah covered their father without looking at him when he lay uncovered?

A). Shem and Japheth B). Ham and Shem C). Ham and Japheth D). Cain and Abel

5086. Genesis 10 records the descendants of which three men, whose families spread out after the flood?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Shem, Ham, and Japheth C). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

5087. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Noah?

A). Shem B). Ham C). Japheth D). Enoch

Jarha

5088. Sheshan had no sons. What did he do?

A). He adopted his nephew B). He gave his land to the Levites
C). He gave his daughter in marriage to his Egyptian servant Jarha
D). He asked the priest to pray for a son

Jashobeam

5089. Which chief of David's officers raised his spear against three hundred men and killed them in one encounter?

A). Jashobeam B). Eleazar C). Shammah D). Asahel

5090. Who was in charge of the first division, for the first month?

A). Benaiah B). Asahel C). Jashobeam D). Dodai

Jason

5091. Whose house did the jealous mob rush to while searching for Paul and Silas?

A). Lydia's house B). Jason's house C). Titius Justus's house D). Mary's house

5092. They shouted: "These men who have caused trouble all over the _____ have now come here."

A). world B). land C). empire D). city

5093. What did the accusers say Paul's group was teaching against Caesar's decrees?

A). That taxes should not be paid B). That Rome would fall
C). That there is another king, one called Jesus D). That soldiers should desert

Jeconiah

5094. To which place were the people deported during the time of Jeconiah?

A). Egypt B). Babylon C). Assyria D). Persia

Jeduthun

5095. For what ministry did David set apart some of the sons of Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun?

A). The ministry of guarding the gates
B). The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals
C). The ministry of baking bread D). The ministry of judging the people

5096. Which instrument did Jeduthun use as he prophesied in thanking and praising the LORD?

A). The trumpet B). The cymbals C). The harp D). The flute

5097. Which Levite musicians are named as leading the music with their sons and relatives?

A). Zadok, Abiathar and Nathan B). Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun
C). Aaron, Eleazar and Phinehas D). Korah, Dathan and Abiram

5098. According to its title, Psalm 39 was written for which director of music?

A). Asaph B). Heman C). Jeduthun D). Ethan

5099. According to the title of Psalm 62, for whom was this psalm written?

A). Asaph B). Heman C). Jeduthun D). Ethan

Jehoahaz

5100. How long did Jehu reign over Israel in Samaria?

A). Twelve years B). Forty years C). Twenty-eight years D). Eight years

5101. Which son of Jehu became king of Israel in Samaria and reigned seventeen years?

A). Jehoahaz B). Jehoash C). Jeroboam D). Joram

5102. What happened when Jehoahaz sought the LORD's favour?

A). The LORD refused to listen B). Hazael died that same day

C). The LORD listened and gave Israel a deliverer D). Elisha was sent to anoint a new king

5103. How small had Jehoahaz's army become?

A). Five hundred chariots B). Fifty horsemen, ten chariots and ten thousand foot soldiers

C). Only three hundred men D). Twelve thousand horsemen

5104. Which son of Jehoahaz became king of Israel and reigned sixteen years?

A). Jehoash B). Jeroboam C). Amaziah D). Jehu

5105. How long did Jehoahaz son of Josiah reign?

A). Three years B). Three months C). Eleven years D). One year

5106. How long did Jehoahaz reign in Jerusalem?

A). Three years B). Eleven years C). Three months D). One year

5107. Where did Necho carry Jehoahaz away to?

A). Egypt B). Babylon C). Assyria D). Persia

Jehoash

5108. Which son of Jehoahaz became king of Israel and reigned sixteen years?

A). Jehoash B). Jeroboam C). Amaziah D). Jehu

5109. When Elisha was ill, King Jehoash wept over him and said: "My father! My father! The chariots and _____ of Israel!"

A). soldiers B). prophets C). kings D). horsemen

5110. What did Elisha tell King Jehoash to get?

A). A sword and a shield B). A jar of oil C). A bow and some arrows D). A trumpet

5111. After the arrow was shot through the east window, what did Elisha call it?

A). The arrow of judgment on Israel B). The LORD's arrow of victory over Aram

C). The sign of peace D). The arrow of Elijah

5112. How many times did Jehoash strike the ground with the arrows?

A). Three times B). Five times C). Seven times D). Once

5113. Why was Elisha angry with Jehoash?

A). He shot the arrow the wrong way B). He did not bring enough arrows
C). He refused to strike the ground
D). He should have struck the ground five or six times to completely destroy Aram

5114. How many times did Jehoash defeat Ben-Hadad and recapture Israel's towns?

A). Five times B). Seven times C). Once D). Three times

5115. In Jehoash's story, what did the thistle ask the cedar of Lebanon?

A). To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage B). To give it water
C). To move out of the forest D). To make it a king

5116. What was Jehoash warning Amaziah about with his story of the thistle?

A). That Edom would attack Judah B). That Amaziah's daughter should marry his son
C). That the cedars of Lebanon were valuable
D). That Amaziah had become proud after defeating Edom

5117. Where did Israel and Judah fight, and Judah was routed?

A). Lachish B). Megiddo C). Beth Shemesh D). Ramoth Gilead

5118. What did Jehoash do to Jerusalem after capturing Amaziah?

A). Burned the temple B). Broke down part of its wall and took its treasures and hostages
C). Made Jerusalem Israel's capital D). Returned it untouched

5119. Which son of Jehoash became king of Israel in Samaria and reigned forty-one years?

A). Zechariah B). Jehoahaz C). Jeroboam D). Jehu

5120. In Jehoash's parable, what did the thistle ask the cedar in Lebanon?

A). To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage B). To lend it water
C). To move to another place D). To bow down

5121. Why would Amaziah not listen to Jehoash's warning?

A). He was sure Egypt would help him
B). God so worked to hand Judah over, because they sought the gods of Edom
C). His army was bigger D). His advisers told him to wait

5122. Where did Jehoash capture Amaziah?

A). Jerusalem B). Lachish C). Samaria D). Beth Shemesh

5123. What did Jehoash break down in Jerusalem?

A). The temple B). The royal palace
C). A section of the wall from the Ephraim Gate to the Corner Gate D). The bronze altar

Jehohanan

5124. What did Ezra do in the room of Jehohanan?

A). He wrote to the king B). He counted the gold C). He slept for three days
D). He ate no food and drank no water while he mourned

Jehoiachin

5125. How long did Jehoiachin reign in Jerusalem?

A). Three years B). Eleven years C). Three months D). Eighteen years

5126. What did Jehoiachin do when Nebuchadnezzar besieged Jerusalem?

A). He fled to Egypt B). He surrendered with his mother and officials
C). He fought and won D). He hid in the temple

5127. Where was King Jehoiachin taken as a captive?

A). Egypt B). Assyria C). Babylon D). Damascus

5128. Who did Nebuchadnezzar make king in place of Jehoiachin?

A). Mattaniah, Jehoiachin's uncle B). Jehoahaz, his brother C). Eliakim, his cousin
D). Gedaliah, his son

5129. Which king of Babylon released Jehoiachin from prison?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Marduk-Baladan C). Awel-Marduk D). Nebuzaradan

5130. How is Jehoiachin treated at the very end of 2 Kings?

A). He is put back in chains
B). He is given a seat of honour and eats at the king's table for the rest of his life
C). He is sent home to rule Judah D). He is sold as a slave

5131. How is Jehoiachin described in 1 Chronicles 3:17?

A). The captive B). The builder C). The prophet D). The shepherd

5132. Whom did Nebuchadnezzar make king after taking Jehoiachin to Babylon?

A). Jehoahaz B). Josiah C). Gedaliah D). Zedekiah

5133. God said even if Jehoiachin were a signet ring on His right hand, He would still do what?

A). Polish it B). Give it to Babylon C). Hide it D). Pull him off

5134. How did God say Jehoiachin should be recorded?

A). As the greatest king of Judah
B). As if childless, with none of his offspring sitting on David's throne
C). As the king who rebuilt the temple D). As a prophet

5135. The vision of the figs came after Nebuchadnezzar carried which king of Judah into exile?

A). Zedekiah B). Jehoiachin C). Josiah D). Hezekiah

5136. Whom did Nebuchadnezzar make king of Judah in place of Jehoiachin?

A). Jehoiakim B). Gedaliah C). Zedekiah D). Shallum

5137. Which king of Babylon released Jehoiachin king of Judah from prison?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Nabonidus D). Awel-Marduk

5138. In which year of his exile was Jehoiachin released from prison?

A). The thirty-seventh year B). The seventieth year C). The tenth year
D). The twentieth year

5139. How was Jehoiachin treated after he was released?

A). He was sent back to Judah as king
B). He was given a seat of honor and ate regularly at the king's table
C). He was made a servant in the palace D). He was sent to Egypt

5140. In which year of King Jehoiachin's exile did Ezekiel receive this vision?

A). The third year B). The seventh year C). The fifth year D). The tenth year

Jehoiada

5141. In which year did Jehoiada the priest show the king's son to the commanders?

A). The third year B). The tenth year C). The first year D). The seventh year

5142. Which priest planned to make Joash king?

A). Mattan B). Zadok C). Jehoiada D). Abiathar

5143. Whose spears and shields did Jehoiada give to the commanders?

A). King Solomon's B). King David's C). King Saul's D). Jehu's

5144. What did Jehoiada put on Joash when he brought him out?

A). The crown B). A priest's robe C). Elijah's cloak D). A golden belt

5145. Why did Jehoiada order that Athaliah be taken out before she was put to death?

A). He wanted her to see the people
B). She must not be put to death in the temple of the LORD
C). The king wanted to speak with her D). The guards were outside

5146. What covenant did Jehoiada make between the LORD, the king and the people?

A). That they would be the LORD's people B). That Judah would never go to war
C). That Joash would build a new temple D). That they would pay tribute to Israel

5147. During which years did Joash do what was right in the eyes of the LORD?

A). Only in his old age B). All the years Jehoiada the priest instructed him
C). Only in his first year D). After Hazael attacked

5148. What did Jehoiada use to collect money for the temple repairs?

A). A large clay jar B). A chest with a hole in its lid C). A leather bag
D). A golden bowl

5149. Where did Jehoiada place the chest for the money?

A). Beside the altar, on the right side as one enters the temple B). At the city gate
C). In the king's palace D). In the Most Holy Place

5150. Who hid baby Joash from Athaliah?

A). Athaliah's servant B). Jehosheba, wife of the priest Jehoiada C). The prophet Elisha
D). Jehu son of Nimshi

5151. In which year did Jehoiada show his strength and act to make Joash king?

A). The third year B). The sixth year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

5152. Which priest led the plan to make Joash king?

A). Zadok B). Jehoiada C). Amariah D). Azariah

5153. Complete Jehoiada's words: "The king's son shall reign, as the LORD promised concerning the descendants of _____."

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Solomon D). David

5154. Who alone was allowed to enter the temple of the LORD during this time?

A). The priests and Levites on duty B). The soldiers C). All the people of Judah
D). The king's officials

5155. What did Jehoiada give the commanders that had belonged to King David?

A). His crown and throne B). Spears and large and small shields C). His harp and lyre
D). Chariots and horses

5156. What did Jehoiada and his sons do after bringing out the king's son?

A). They sent him to Egypt B). They hid him again
C). They crowned him, gave him the covenant and anointed him
D). They gave him a sword to fight

5157. Why did Jehoiada order that Athaliah be taken out before she was put to death?

A). So the people could see her
B). He said she must not be put to death at the temple of the LORD
C). So she could have a trial D). So she could say goodbye

5158. What covenant did Jehoiada make with the people and the king?

A). That they would never go to war B). That they would pay taxes to the temple
C). That Jehoiada would be king D). That they would be the LORD's people

5159. Why did Jehoiada station gatekeepers at the gates of the temple?

A). To collect money B). So that no one who was unclean would enter
C). To keep out the king's soldiers D). To welcome the foreigners

5160. For how long did Joash do what was right in the eyes of the LORD?

A). All his life B). All the years of Jehoiada the priest C). Only for seven years
D). Until he built the temple

5161. Whom did the king and Jehoiada hire with the money?

A). Soldiers from Aram B). Singers and musicians
C). Masons, carpenters and workers in iron and bronze D). Priests from other lands

5162. How old was Jehoiada when he died?

A). Seventy B). One hundred C). One hundred and twenty
D). One hundred and thirty

5163. Why was Jehoiada buried with the kings in the City of David?

A). Because of the good he had done in Israel for God and His temple
B). Because he was a king's son C). Because Joash was his son
D). Because he had defeated Aram

5164. What did King Joash fail to remember when he had Zechariah killed?

A). The laws of Moses B). The kindness Zechariah's father Jehoiada had shown him
C). The promise to David D). The words of Elijah

Jehoiakim

5165. What new name did Pharaoh Necho give to Eliakim son of Josiah?

A). Jehoiakim B). Jehoiachin C). Zedekiah D). Jehoahaz

5166. Which king of Babylon invaded Judah during Jehoiakim's reign?

A). Sennacherib B). Marduk-Baladan C). Tiglath-Pileser D). Nebuchadnezzar

5167. How long was Jehoiakim Nebuchadnezzar's vassal before he rebelled?

A). Eleven years B). Seven years C). Three years D). Three months

5168. What new name did the king of Egypt give Eliakim when he made him king?

A). Jehoiachin B). Zedekiah C). Jehoahaz D). Jehoiakim

5169. Which king of Babylon attacked Jehoiakim and bound him with bronze shackles?

A). Sennacherib B). Nebuchadnezzar C). Cyrus D). Tiglath-Pileser

5170. Why did God pronounce woe on the king who built his palace?

A). He used too much gold B). He built it too slowly C). He built it in a foreign land
D). He built it by unrighteousness and did not pay his workers

5171. What kind of wood did the king use to panel his great palace?

A). Olive B). Acacia C). Cedar D). Cypress

5172. God spoke of the king's father, who defended the cause of the poor and needy. What did God say this meant?

A). That he was rich B). That this is what it means to know the LORD
C). That he was a great soldier D). That he was a priest

5173. God said Jehoiakim would have the burial of which animal?

A). A donkey B). A dog C). A goat D). An ox

5174. The vision of the figs came after Nebuchadnezzar carried which king of Judah into exile?

A). Zedekiah B). Jehoiachin C). Josiah D). Hezekiah

5175. The word in Jeremiah 25 came in the fourth year of Jehoiakim. Which year of Nebuchadnezzar's reign was this?

A). The first year B). The third year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

5176. When did the word of the LORD in Jeremiah 26 come?

A). Early in the reign of Jehoiakim B). In the last year of Josiah
C). In the ninth year of Zedekiah D). After the fall of Jerusalem

5177. Which other prophet prophesied like Jeremiah, then fled to Egypt when King Jehoiakim sought to kill him?

A). Hananiah B). Uriah son of Shemaiah C). Zephaniah D). Baruch

5178. What happened to Uriah after he was brought back from Egypt?

A). He was set free B). He became a priest
C). King Jehoiakim had him struck down with a sword D). He was sent to Babylon

5179. During which king's reign did the LORD send Jeremiah to the Rekabite family?

A). Josiah B). Jehoiakim C). Zedekiah D). Hezekiah

5180. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to write all His words on?

A). A clay tablet B). A scroll C). A stone wall D). A wooden board

5181. Who read the scroll to King Jehoiakim?

A). Baruch B). Jehudi C). Jeremiah D). Elishama

5182. Where was King Jehoiakim sitting when the scroll was read to him?

A). On his throne in the temple B). In the courtyard of the guard
C). In his winter apartment, with a fire burning in a firepot D). At the city gate

5183. What did King Jehoiakim do with the scroll as it was read?

A). Cut it with a scribe's knife and threw it into the fire B). Kissed it and wept
C). Put it in the temple D). Gave it back to Baruch

5184. Which officials urged the king not to burn the scroll?

A). Pashhur, Hananiah and Shemaiah B). Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah
C). Baruch, Seraiah and Neriah D). Ahikam, Gedaliah and Ishmael

5185. Why were Baruch and Jeremiah not arrested when the king ordered it?

A). They had fled to Egypt B). The officials refused C). The king changed his mind
D). The LORD had hidden them

5186. What did the LORD say would happen to Jehoiakim's body because he burned the scroll?

A). It would be buried in the temple B). It would be taken to Egypt
C). It would be thrown out and exposed to the heat by day and the frost by night
D). It would be placed in David's tomb

5187. When did Jeremiah give his message to Baruch in Jeremiah 45?

A). After Jerusalem fell B). In the fourth year of Jehoiakim, after Baruch wrote the scroll
C). When they reached Egypt D). In the first year of Zedekiah

5188. How did Jeremiah 52 describe Zedekiah's reign?

A). He did what was right like David
B). He did evil in the eyes of the LORD, just as Jehoiakim had done C). He rebuilt the temple
D). He destroyed all the idols

5189. Which king of Judah did the Lord deliver into Nebuchadnezzar's hand?

A). Jehoiakim B). Hezekiah C). Josiah D). Zedekiah

Jehoiarib

5190. To whom did the first lot fall?

A). Abijah B). Maaziah C). Jedaiah D). Jehoiarib

Jehonadab

5191. Which man did Jehu take up into his chariot on the way to Samaria?

A). Elisha B). Jehonadab son of Rekab C). Hazael D). Bidkar

5192. Jehu said to Jehonadab: "Come with me and see my _____ for the LORD."

A). zeal B). love C). faith D). sacrifice

Jehoram

5193. Which son of Jehoshaphat became king of Judah and reigned eight years in Jerusalem?

A). Jehoram B). Ahaziah C). Joash D). Amaziah

5194. Why did Jehoram king of Judah follow the ways of the kings of Israel?

A). Elisha told him to B). He had grown up in Samaria C). He was afraid of Aram
D). He had married a daughter of Ahab

5195. Why was the LORD not willing to destroy Judah even though Jehoram did evil?

A). Because Judah offered many sacrifices B). Because Elisha prayed for them
C). For the sake of His servant David D). Because Jehoram later repented

5196. What did Edom do during the reign of Jehoram?

A). Joined Judah against Aram B). Rebelled against Judah and set up its own king
C). Paid double tribute D). Destroyed Jerusalem

5197. Besides Edom, which town revolted against Judah at the same time?

A). Libnah B). Hebron C). Gath D). Bethel

5198. Who succeeded Jehoshaphat as king of Judah?

A). Ahaziah B). Jehoram C). Joash D). Amaziah

5199. Why did Jehoshaphat give the kingdom to Jehoram?

A). Jehoram was the strongest B). Jehoram was chosen by a prophet
C). Jehoram was his firstborn son D). Jehoram asked for it

5200. What evil thing did Jehoram do after he established himself as king?

A). He burned the temple B). He sold Judah to Egypt C). He killed the prophets
D). He put all his brothers to death

5201. How many years did Jehoram reign in Jerusalem?

A). Eight B). Twenty-five C). Three D). Seventeen

5202. Why did Jehoram follow the ways of the kings of Israel, as the house of Ahab had done?

A). He was raised in Samaria B). He had married a daughter of Ahab
C). Ahab was his grandfather D). Israel had conquered Judah

5203. Why was the LORD not willing to destroy the house of David, even though Jehoram was evil?

A). Because Judah had a strong army B). Because Jehoram repented
C). Because of the covenant the LORD had made with David
D). Because Elijah prayed for him

5204. Which nation rebelled against Judah and set up its own king?

A). Moab B). Aram C). Ammon D). Edom

5205. Why did Libnah revolt at the same time?

A). Because Jehoram had forsaken the LORD B). Because of heavy taxes

C). Because of a famine D). Because Edom forced them

5206. Which prophet sent Jehoram a letter of judgment?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Micaiah D). Jehu

5207. Which of these was a reason Elijah gave for the LORD's judgment on Jehoram?

A). He had not built enough forts B). He had lost the war with Edom

C). He had murdered his own brothers, who were better than he

D). He had refused to marry

5208. Which peoples attacked Judah and carried off Jehoram's goods, sons and wives?

A). The Egyptians and Cushites B). The Moabites and Ammonites

C). The Arameans and Assyrians D). The Philistines and Arabs

5209. Which son of Jehoram was the only one left after the attack?

A). Ahaziah, the youngest B). Joash, the oldest C). Amaziah D). Jehoiada

5210. How did Jehoram die?

A). In battle against Edom B). From an incurable disease of the bowels

C). From a fall in his palace D). By the sword of his servants

5211. What shows that Jehoram was not honored at his death?

A). He was buried in the tombs of the kings B). The people held a great feast

C). There was no funeral fire and he died to no one's regret

D). His sons mourned for forty days

Jehoshaphat

5212. Who succeeded Asa as king of Judah?

A). Abijah B). Nadab C). Jehoshaphat D). Ahab

5213. Which king of Judah went with the king of Israel to fight against Ramoth Gilead?

A). Asa B). Jehoshaphat C). Rehoboam D). Ahaziah

5214. What did Jehoshaphat ask the king of Israel to do before going to battle?

A). Seek the counsel of the LORD first B). Gather more chariots C). Send gifts to Aram

D). Build a new altar

5215. Which prophet did the king of Israel say he hated because he never prophesied anything good about him?

A). Micaiah son of Imlah B). Elijah C). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah
D). Jehu son of Hanani

5216. How did the king of Israel go into the battle?

A). In a golden chariot B). Hidden in the back of the army
C). Wearing Jehoshaphat's robes D). In disguise

5217. In whose ways did Jehoshaphat, king of Judah, walk?

A). The ways of his father Asa, doing right in the LORD's eyes B). The ways of Jeroboam
C). The ways of Ahab D). The ways of Rehoboam

5218. Where were Jehoshaphat's trading ships wrecked before they could sail to Ophir for gold?

A). Joppa B). Ezion Geber C). Tyre D). Sidon

5219. Which king of Judah agreed to go with Joram to fight Moab?

A). Hezekiah B). Asa C). Rehoboam D). Jehoshaphat

5220. By which route did the kings decide to attack Moab?

A). Across the Jordan at Jericho B). Along the Great Sea
C). Through the Desert of Edom D). Through the Valley of Jezreel

5221. What problem did the three armies face after marching seven days?

A). Their horses died of sickness B). There was no water
C). The Moabites surrounded them D). Their supplies were stolen

5222. Who asked, "Is there no prophet of the LORD here, through whom we may inquire of the LORD?"

A). Jehoshaphat B). Joram C). The king of Edom D). Elisha

5223. Why did Elisha agree to help the kings?

A). Because Joram promised to destroy Baal worship B). Because the king of Edom paid him
C). Because he respected King Jehoshaphat of Judah D). Because Elijah had told him to

5224. Which son of Jehoshaphat became king of Judah and reigned eight years in Jerusalem?

A). Jehoram B). Ahaziah C). Joash D). Amaziah

5225. Who succeeded Asa as king of Judah?

A). Jehoram B). Jehoshaphat C). Joash D). Ahaziah

5226. Why was the LORD with Jehoshaphat?

A). He had a large army B). He married a princess
C). In his early years he walked in the ways of his father David D). He built many forts

5227. Whom did Jehoshaphat not consult?

A). The priests B). The Levites C). The elders D). The Baals

5228. What did all Judah bring to Jehoshaphat?

A). Gifts B). Weapons C). Horses D). Complaints

5229. What did Jehoshaphat remove from Judah because his heart was devoted to the LORD?

A). The city walls B). The high places and the Asherah poles C). The bronze shields
D). The fortified cities

5230. What did Jehoshaphat send officials, Levites and priests to do in the towns of Judah?

A). Collect taxes B). Build altars C). Teach the people D). Count the soldiers

5231. What book did the teachers take with them as they taught the people?

A). The Book of Kings B). The Book of Songs C). The records of Nathan
D). The Book of the Law of the LORD

5232. Why did the surrounding kingdoms not go to war against Jehoshaphat?

A). The fear of the LORD fell on them B). They were at war with Egypt
C). Jehoshaphat paid them silver D). They had no soldiers

5233. Which people brought Jehoshaphat gifts and silver as tribute?

A). The Moabites B). The Philistines C). The Edomites D). The Egyptians

5234. What did the Arabs bring to Jehoshaphat?

A). Gold and spices B). Horses and chariots C). 7,700 rams and 7,700 goats
D). Camels and donkeys

5235. What did Jehoshaphat build in Judah as he became more and more powerful?

A). Temples B). Ships C). Palaces D). Forts and store cities

5236. With which king of Israel did Jehoshaphat ally himself by marriage?

A). Baasha B). Jeroboam C). Ahab D). Omri

5237. Which city did Ahab urge Jehoshaphat to attack?

A). Damascus B). Ramah C). Jericho D). Ramoth Gilead

5238. What did Jehoshaphat ask Ahab to do first before going to battle?

A). Seek the counsel of the LORD B). Gather more soldiers C). Send gifts to Aram
D). Build a fort

5239. What did Ahab do before going into battle?

A). He prayed to the LORD B). He stayed in Samaria C). He wore his royal robes
D). He disguised himself

5240. What happened when the Aramean chariot commanders turned to attack Jehoshaphat?

A). Jehoshaphat cried out, and God drew them away from him B). He ran back to Jerusalem
C). He fought them all alone D). Ahab came to rescue him

5241. Which seer went out to meet Jehoshaphat when he returned safely to Jerusalem?

A). Micaiah son of Imlah B). Jehu son of Hanani C). Azariah son of Oded
D). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

5242. Why did Jehu say the wrath of the LORD was on Jehoshaphat?

A). He had not paid tribute B). He had built too many forts
C). He had helped the wicked and loved those who hate the LORD
D). He had removed the Asherah poles

5243. What good did Jehu say was in Jehoshaphat?

A). He had rid the land of Asherah poles and set his heart on seeking God
B). He had defeated Aram C). He had made peace with Ahab
D). He had built a new temple

5244. What did Jehoshaphat do as he went out among the people from Beersheba to the hill country of Ephraim?

A). He collected taxes B). He counted his soldiers C). He built altars
D). He turned them back to the LORD

5245. Whom did Jehoshaphat appoint in each of the fortified cities of Judah?

A). Priests B). Soldiers C). Judges D). Singers

5246. Why did Jehoshaphat tell the judges to consider carefully what they did?

A). They were judging for the LORD, not for mere mortals B). They would be paid well
C). The king would check their work D). The people were very angry

5247. According to Jehoshaphat, which of these is never found with the LORD our God?

A). Mercy B). Bribery C). Patience D). Kindness

5248. Complete Jehoshaphat's charge: "You must serve faithfully and wholeheartedly in the _____ of the LORD."

A). house B). name C). love D). fear

5249. Complete Jehoshaphat's final words: "Act with _____, and may the LORD be with those who do well."

A). kindness B). speed C). wisdom D). courage

5250. Which peoples came to make war on Jehoshaphat, along with some of the Meunites?

A). The Philistines and Arabs B). The Moabites and Ammonites
C). The Egyptians and Cushites D). The Arameans and Israelites

5251. What did Jehoshaphat proclaim for all Judah when he was alarmed?

A). A feast B). A census C). A fast D). A holiday

5252. The vast army had already reached Hazezon Tamar. What is another name for that place?

A). Beersheba B). Jericho C). Tekoa D). En Gedi

5253. Complete Jehoshaphat's prayer: "We do not know what to do, but our eyes are on _____."

A). you B). the hills C). the army D). the temple

5254. Complete Jehoshaphat's words: "Have faith in the LORD your God and you will be _____."

A). rich B). famous C). upheld D). free

5255. Whom did Jehoshaphat put at the head of the army?

A). His strongest soldiers B). The chariots C). The priests carrying the ark
D). Men appointed to sing and praise the LORD

5256. How long did it take Judah to collect all the plunder?

A). One day B). Seven days C). Three days D). Forty days

5257. How many years did Jehoshaphat reign in Jerusalem?

A). Twenty-five B). Thirty-five C). Forty D). Seventeen

5258. Why were the trading ships Jehoshaphat built at Ezion Geber wrecked?

A). A great storm came by chance B). He made an alliance with wicked King Ahaziah
C). The sailors were not trained D). Egypt attacked the port

5259. Who succeeded Jehoshaphat as king of Judah?

A). Ahaziah B). Jehoram C). Joash D). Amaziah

5260. Why did Jehoshaphat give the kingdom to Jehoram?

A). Jehoram was the strongest B). Jehoram was chosen by a prophet
C). Jehoram was his firstborn son D). Jehoram asked for it

5261. Why did Jehu's men give Ahaziah a burial?

A). He was a king of Judah B). He had asked for mercy
C). He was a son of Jehoshaphat, who sought the LORD with all his heart
D). Jehu respected his mother

Jehosheba

5262. Who rescued the young prince Joash and hid him from Athaliah?

A). The Shunammite woman B). Jehosheba C). Athaliah's servant
D). Jehoiada's wife

5263. Where was Joash kept hidden for six years?

A). At the temple of the LORD B). In the palace of Samaria C). In a cave near Jericho
D). In the land of Edom

5264. Which baby prince was rescued and hidden from Athaliah?

A). Joash B). Amaziah C). Uzziah D). Hezekiah

5265. Who hid baby Joash from Athaliah?

A). Athaliah's servant B). Jehosheba, wife of the priest Jehoiada C). The prophet Elisha
D). Jehu son of Nimshi

Jehozadak

5266. By whose hand did the LORD send Judah and Jerusalem into exile?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Nebuchadnezzar C). Sennacherib D). Cyrus

Jehu

5267. Where did Elisha send a young prophet to anoint Jehu?

A). Ramoth Gilead B). Jezreel C). Samaria D). Dothan

5268. What did the young prophet pour on Jehu's head?

A). Water B). Wine C). Ashes D). Olive oil

5269. What was the young prophet told to do right after anointing Jehu?

A). Stay and eat with Jehu B). Announce it to the army C). Open the door and run
D). Go straight to Jezreel

5270. According to the prophet, whose blood was the LORD avenging through Jehu?

A). The soldiers killed at Ramoth Gilead B). His servants the prophets, shed by Jezebel
C). The people of Samaria in the famine D). The men killed by the bears

5271. Jehu's fellow officers asked: "Why did this _____ come to you?"

A). stranger B). servant C). beggar D). maniac

5272. What did the officers do when they heard Jehu was anointed king?

A). Arrested him and sent him to Joram B). Laughed and went away
C). Spread their cloaks under him, blew the trumpet and shouted, "Jehu is king!"
D). Asked Elisha to confirm it

5273. The lookout at Jezreel said a man was driving "like a maniac." Who was it?

A). Joram B). Jehu C). Ahaziah D). Elisha

5274. When Joram asked, "Have you come in peace?", what did Jehu say stopped peace?

A). The idolatry and witchcraft of Jezebel B). The war with Aram
C). The famine in Samaria D). Joram's harsh taxes

5275. How did Jehu kill King Joram?

A). He struck him with a sword B). He had him thrown from a window
C). He shot him with an arrow between the shoulders D). His horses trampled him

5276. On whose field did Jehu have Joram's body thrown?

A). Ahab B). Naboth the Jezreelite C). Elijah D). The Shunammite woman

5277. Where did Ahaziah king of Judah die after he was wounded?

A). Megiddo B). Jezreel C). Jerusalem D). Samaria

5278. What did Jezebel do when she heard Jehu was coming?

A). She ran away to Sidon B). She hid in the temple
C). She painted her eyes, arranged her hair and looked out of a window
D). She called her soldiers to fight

5279. Who threw Jezebel down from the window?

A). Jehu himself B). Two or three eunuchs C). The young prophet
D). Soldiers from Aram

5280. What did Jehu's first letter challenge the leaders of Samaria to do?

A). Choose the best of Ahab's sons, make him king and fight B). Surrender the city at once
C). Send all their gold to Jezreel D). Destroy the temple of Baal

5281. The leaders of Samaria were terrified and said: "If two _____ could not resist him, how can we?"

A). armies B). prophets C). cities D). kings

5282. Whose relatives did Jehu meet and kill at Beth Eked of the Shepherds?

A). Hazael king of Aram B). Jehonadab son of Rekab C). Ahaziah king of Judah
D). Elisha

5283. Which man did Jehu take up into his chariot on the way to Samaria?

A). Elisha B). Jehonadab son of Rekab C). Hazael D). Bidkar

5284. Jehu said to Jehonadab: "Come with me and see my _____ for the LORD."

A). zeal B). love C). faith D). sacrifice

5285. How did Jehu gather all the servants of Baal?

A). He threatened to burn their houses B). He offered them gold
C). He asked Elisha to call them
D). He pretended he would serve Baal much more than Ahab did

5286. How full was the temple of Baal when Baal's servants came?

A). Only half full B). Only the priests came C). Full from one end to the other
D). It was empty

5287. Why did Jehu tell the servants of Baal to check that no servants of the LORD were among them?

A). So the LORD's servants would not be offended

B). So that only servants of Baal would be there when he destroyed them

C). Because Baal priests asked him to D). So he could count the people

5288. What did Jehu's men do to the sacred stone and temple of Baal?

A). Burned the stone and tore down the temple B). Moved them to Jerusalem

C). Gave them to Jehonadab D). Covered them with gold

5289. What false worship did Jehu destroy in Israel?

A). The worship of the LORD B). The worship of Dagon C). The worship of Molek

D). The worship of Baal

5290. Which sin did Jehu NOT turn away from?

A). The worship of Baal B). Killing the prophets

C). The worship of the golden calves at Bethel and Dan D). Marrying foreign wives

5291. What did the LORD promise Jehu because he had done what was right in His eyes?

A). He would live to be a hundred

B). His descendants would sit on the throne of Israel to the fourth generation

C). He would rule over Judah as well D). He would defeat Aram completely

5292. What weakness did Jehu have, even after destroying Baal worship?

A). He was not careful to keep the law of the LORD with all his heart

B). He refused to fight Aram C). He married Jezebel's daughter D). He mocked Elisha

5293. How long did Jehu reign over Israel in Samaria?

A). Twelve years B). Forty years C). Twenty-eight years D). Eight years

5294. Which son of Jehu became king of Israel in Samaria and reigned seventeen years?

A). Jehoahaz B). Jehoash C). Jeroboam D). Joram

5295. How did Zechariah's death fulfil the word of the LORD spoken to Jehu?

A). Jehu's family would rule forever B). Zechariah would die in Jezreel

C). Jehu's descendants sat on the throne only to the fourth generation

D). Aram would destroy Jehu's house

5296. Which seer went out to meet Jehoshaphat when he returned safely to Jerusalem?

A). Micaiah son of Imlah B). Jehu son of Hanani C). Azariah son of Oded

D). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

5297. Why did Jehu say the wrath of the LORD was on Jehoshaphat?

A). He had not paid tribute B). He had built too many forts
C). He had helped the wicked and loved those who hate the LORD
D). He had removed the Asherah poles

5298. What good did Jehu say was in Jehoshaphat?

A). He had rid the land of Asherah poles and set his heart on seeking God
B). He had defeated Aram C). He had made peace with Ahab
D). He had built a new temple

5299. Whom had the LORD anointed to destroy the house of Ahab?

A). Jehu son of Nimshi B). Elisha C). Jehoiada D). Hazael

5300. Where was Ahaziah hiding when Jehu's men captured him?

A). Jerusalem B). Samaria C). Jezreel D). Megiddo

5301. Whose house would God punish for the massacre at Jezreel?

A). The house of Ahab B). The house of Jehu C). The house of Saul
D). The house of David

Jehu son of Hanani

5302. Which prophet, the son of Hanani, brought the word of the LORD against King Baasha?

A). Ahijah B). Jehu C). Elijah D). Shemaiah

5303. What did the LORD say He would do to Baasha's family, because Baasha walked in the ways of Jeroboam?

A). Make it the greatest family in Israel B). Send it to Egypt
C). Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam D). Give it the tribe of Judah

Jehudi

5304. Who read the scroll to King Jehoiakim?

A). Baruch B). Jehudi C). Jeremiah D). Elishama

Jeiel

5305. Where did Jeiel, the father of Gibeon, live?

A). Jerusalem B). Gibeah C). Gibeon D). Ramah

Jemimah

5306. What was the name of Job's first daughter born after his restoration?

A). Keturah B). Jemimah C). Jochebed D). Jerusha

Jephthah

5307. Jephthah the Gileadite was a mighty warrior. What was his father's name?

A). Joash B). Gilead C). Jair D). Tola

5308. Why did Gilead's other sons drive Jephthah away?

A). He was lazy and refused to work B). He had stolen from their father

C). He was the son of another woman, so they would not let him share the family inheritance

D). He worshiped Baal

5309. Where did Jephthah settle after his brothers drove him away?

A). The land of Moab B). The land of Midian C). The land of the Hittites

D). The land of Tob

5310. When the Ammonites attacked Israel, who went to bring Jephthah back to be their commander?

A). The elders of Gilead B). His brothers C). The king of Ammon

D). The priests of Shiloh

5311. Complete what Jephthah said to the elders: "Why do you come to me now, when you're in ___?"

A). sorrow B). trouble C). darkness D). battle

5312. Where did Jephthah repeat all his words before the LORD after the people made him their head and commander?

A). Shiloh B). Ramah C). Mizpah D). Tob

5313. What complaint did the king of the Ammonites make against Israel?

A). Israel had killed his son B). Israel had stolen his gold

C). Israel had destroyed the temple of Chemosh

D). Israel took his land from the Arnon to the Jabbok when they came up out of Egypt

5314. In Jephthah's message, which Amorite king did the LORD give into Israel's hands when he refused to let Israel pass?

A). Sihon B). Og C). Balak D). Eglon

5315. Which god did Jephthah name when he spoke to the king of the Ammonites?

A). Dagon B). Chemosh C). Baal-Berith D). Ashtoreth

5316. According to Jephthah, for how long had Israel occupied Heshbon, Aroer and the surrounding land?

A). Forty years B). Four hundred eighty years C). Three hundred years

D). Seventy years

5317. Complete what Jephthah said: "Let the LORD, the ___, decide the dispute this day between the Israelites and the Ammonites."

A). King B). Warrior C). Shepherd D). Judge

5318. What vow did Jephthah make to the LORD before fighting the Ammonites?

A). Whatever came out of his door to meet him when he returned would be the LORD's, as a burnt offering

B). He would build a temple for the LORD C). He would give a tenth of the plunder

D). He would never cut his hair

5319. How many Ammonite towns did Jephthah devastate from Aroer to Minnith?

A). Seventy B). Twenty C). Thirty D). Seven

5320. Who came out to meet Jephthah when he returned home to Mizpah?

A). His wife B). His son C). His daughter D). His servant

5321. What was Jephthah's daughter doing when she came out to meet him?

A). Carrying a basket of bread B). Leading a flock of sheep C). Waving palm branches

D). Dancing to the sound of timbrels

5322. What does the Bible say about Jephthah's daughter and his family?

A). She was his only child B). She had seven brothers

C). She was the youngest of twelve children D). She had a twin brother

5323. Why did Jephthah tear his clothes when he saw his daughter?

A). He had lost the battle B). He had made a vow to the LORD that he could not break

C). His daughter was very sick D). The Ammonites had burned his house

5324. How did Jephthah's daughter respond when she heard about his vow?

A). She ran away to the land of Tob B). She asked the elders to cancel the vow

C). She told him to do to her just as he had promised the LORD

D). She blamed the people of Gilead

5325. What did Jephthah's daughter ask for before the vow was carried out?

A). Seven days to pray at Shiloh B). One year to live with her mother

C). Forty days to fast D). Two months to roam the hills and weep with her friends

5326. What custom began in Israel because of Jephthah's daughter?

A). Each year the young women of Israel went out for four days to commemorate her

B). A feast was held at Shiloh every spring C). A stone pillar was set up at Mizpah

D). A town was named after her

5327. After the victory over Ammon, what did the Ephraimites threaten to do to Jephthah?

A). Take away all his cattle B). Make him their slave

C). Drive him back to the land of Tob D). Burn down his house over his head

5328. How did Jephthah answer the Ephraimites' complaint?

A). He said he had called them, but they did not save him

B). He apologized and gave them gold C). He said God had told him not to call them

D). He said they lived too far away to call

5329. What did the Gileadites capture to stop the Ephraimites from escaping home?

A). The gates of Mizpah B). The walls of Shechem C). The fords of the Jordan

D). The wells of Beersheba

5330. How many years did Jephthah lead Israel?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Six D). Eight

5331. In what order did these judges lead Israel?

A). Ibzan, Jephthah, Abdon, Elon B). Elon, Abdon, Jephthah, Ibzan

C). Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon D). Abdon, Elon, Ibzan, Jephthah

5332. Which of these did Samuel name among the leaders the LORD sent to deliver Israel?

A). Jephthah B). Joshua C). Moses D). Eli

5333. Which of these people is NOT named in Hebrews 11:32?

A). Gideon B). Samson C). David D). Elijah

Jeremiah

5334. Which prophet composed laments for Josiah?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Huldah D). Ezekiel

5335. Before which prophet did Zedekiah not humble himself?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Ezekiel D). Huldah

5336. How many years did the land rest while it lay desolate?

A). Seventy B). Forty C). Twelve D). One hundred

5337. The seventy years of desolation fulfilled the word of the LORD spoken by which prophet?

A). Isaiah B). Jeremiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

5338. Cyrus's proclamation fulfilled the word of the LORD spoken by which prophet?

A). Isaiah B). Ezekiel C). Jeremiah D). Daniel

5339. Who was the father of Jeremiah?

A). Hilkiah B). Shaphan C). Amoz D). Zadok

5340. In which town did Jeremiah's family of priests live?

A). Bethlehem B). Shiloh C). Anathoth D). Gibeah

5341. In which year of King Josiah's reign did the word of the LORD first come to Jeremiah?

A). The first year B). The eighth year C). The eighteenth year
D). The thirteenth year

5342. Jeremiah's ministry continued until what event?

A). The people of Jerusalem went into exile B). Josiah repaired the temple
C). The walls of Jerusalem were rebuilt D). Sennacherib attacked Judah

5343. Complete the verse: "Before I formed you in the ___ I knew you."

A). dust B). womb C). world D). garden

5344. What did God appoint Jeremiah to be?

A). A priest in the temple B). A king over Judah C). A prophet to the nations
D). A judge over Israel

5345. What excuse did Jeremiah give when God called him?

A). He was too old B). He was too young C). He was sick D). He was too poor

5346. Why did God tell Jeremiah not to be afraid?

A). Because God was with him and would rescue him
B). Because the people would welcome him C). Because the king would protect him
D). Because he would never have to speak

5347. What part of Jeremiah's body did the LORD touch?

A). His eyes B). His ears C). His hands D). His mouth

5348. God appointed Jeremiah over nations to uproot and tear down, destroy and overthrow, and also to do what?

A). Rule and judge B). Fight and conquer C). Build and plant D). Teach and heal

5349. What was the first thing God showed Jeremiah in a vision?

A). A boiling pot B). The branch of an almond tree C). A basket of figs
D). A clay jar

5350. What did the boiling pot tilting from the north show?

A). Disaster would come from the north on the land B). A great feast was coming
C). The temple would be rebuilt D). Rain would end a drought

5351. God said He had made Jeremiah a fortified city, an iron pillar and a what?

A). Bronze wall B). Stone tower C). Golden gate D). Strong rock

5352. What did God promise about those who would fight against Jeremiah?

A). They would become his friends B). They would run away
C). They would not overcome him D). They would never find him

5353. During which king's reign did the LORD speak to Jeremiah about faithless Israel?

A). Zedekiah B). Hezekiah C). Josiah D). Jehoiakim

5354. Why did Jeremiah cry, "Oh, my anguish, my anguish!"?

A). Because he was in prison B). Because his family had rejected him
C). Because he heard the trumpet and the battle cry of coming war
D). Because the king had burned his scroll

5355. Jeremiah said, "I looked at the earth, and it was ___ and empty."

A). dark B). dry C). broken D). formless

5356. God told Jeremiah He would make His words in his mouth like what?

A). A sharp sword B). A hammer C). A fire D). A flood

5357. How did the people feel about the word of the LORD?

A). They found it offensive B). They found it sweet C). They wrote it on their doors
D). They learned it by heart

5358. God made Jeremiah a tester of metals. What were the people finally called?

A). Pure gold B). Rejected silver C). Polished bronze D). Strong iron

5359. Where did God tell Jeremiah to stand and proclaim His message in Jeremiah 7?

A). At the gate of the LORD's house B). At the city wall C). In the king's palace
D). By the Jordan River

5360. What did God tell Jeremiah NOT to do for the people?

A). Not to eat with them B). Not to speak to them C). Not to pray for them
D). Not to visit the temple

5361. Jeremiah asked, "Is there no balm in ___?"

A). Egypt B). Bethlehem C). Lebanon D). Gilead

5362. Jeremiah wished his eyes were a fountain of tears. Why?

A). So he could weep for the slain of his people B). So he could wash the temple
C). So he could water the fields D). So he could show the king his sorrow

5363. Where did Jeremiah wish he had a lodging place, so he could leave his people?

A). In the mountains B). In the desert C). By the sea D). In Egypt

5364. Complete the verse: "No one is like you, LORD; you are ___, and your name is mighty in power."

A). holy B). great C). good D). faithful

5365. Complete Jeremiah's prayer: "LORD, I know that people's lives are not their own; it is not for them to direct their ___."

A). hearts B). paths C). steps D). ways

5366. How did Jeremiah answer when God spoke about His covenant promise?

A). "Send someone else." B). "I am too young." C). "Why, LORD?"
D). "Amen, LORD."

5367. Jeremiah said he had been like what animal led to the slaughter?

A). A gentle lamb B). A young goat C). A wild ox D). A dove

5368. Men from which town threatened to kill Jeremiah if he kept prophesying?

A). Bethlehem B). Jerusalem C). Shiloh D). Anathoth

5369. What did God say would happen to the men of Anathoth who plotted against Jeremiah?

A). They would become prophets B). They would be forgiven at once
C). Disaster would come on them, and not even a remnant would be left
D). They would move to Babylon in peace

5370. What question did Jeremiah ask God about the wicked?

A). "Why does the way of the wicked prosper?" B). "Why are the wicked so few?"
C). "Why do the wicked pray?" D). "Why do the wicked live so long?"

5371. Jeremiah said God was always on the lips of the wicked. Where was God far from?

A). Their homes B). Their hearts C). Their cities D). Their altars

5372. God asked Jeremiah, "If you have raced with men on foot and they have worn you out, how can you compete with ___?"

A). lions B). chariots C). horses D). eagles

5373. God asked Jeremiah how he would manage in the thickets by which river, if he stumbled in safe country?

A). The Nile B). The Euphrates C). The Kishon D). The Jordan

5374. According to God, who had betrayed Jeremiah?

A). The king of Babylon B). The priests in Jerusalem C). His own relatives and family
D). The prophets of Baal

5375. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to buy and put around his waist?

A). A leather sandal B). A linen belt C). A silver ring D). A wool cloak

5376. Where did God tell Jeremiah to go and hide the belt?

A). Perath B). Bethel C). Gilgal D). Mizpah

5377. What had happened to the belt when Jeremiah went back to dig it up?

A). It was stolen B). It had turned to gold C). It was ruined and completely useless
D). It had grown larger

5378. God told Jeremiah to say every wineskin should be filled with wine. What would God fill the people with?

A). Joy B). Drunkenness C). Strength D). Wisdom

5379. What did Jeremiah tell the people to give to the LORD before He brought darkness?

A). Gold B). Burnt offerings C). Glory D). Their firstborn

5380. The word of the LORD in Jeremiah 14 came to Jeremiah about what disaster?

A). An earthquake B). A flood C). A drought D). A plague of locusts

5381. Complete the prayer: "Although our sins testify against us, do something, LORD, for the sake of your ___."

A). people B). city C). temple D). name

5382. What were the false prophets telling the people?

A). "Repent before it is too late!" B). "Go to Egypt for help!" C). "Babylon is coming!"
D). "You will not see the sword or suffer famine."

5383. What did Jeremiah ask about the worthless idols of the nations?

A). "Can they bring rain?" B). "Can they walk?" C). "Can they eat?"
D). "Can they sing?"

5384. Why did Jeremiah say, "Alas, my mother, that you gave me birth"?

A). Because he was poor B). Because he was sick
C). Because the whole land fought against him and cursed him
D). Because he had no children

5385. Complete the verse: "When your words came, I ate them; they were my ___ and my heart's delight."

A). joy B). food C). strength D). song

5386. Whose company did Jeremiah say he never sat in?

A). The priests B). The elders C). The prophets D). The revelers

5387. In his pain, Jeremiah asked if God would be to him like what?

A). A deceptive brook, like a spring that fails B). A shady tree C). A strong tower
D). A burning fire

5388. God told Jeremiah he would be His spokesman if he spoke what kind of words?

A). Loud, not soft words B). Worthy, not worthless words C). Old, not new words
D). Short, not long words

5389. What did God promise to do for Jeremiah at the end of chapter 15?

A). Make him king B). Give him great riches C). Save him from the hands of the wicked
D). Send him to Babylon

5390. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah he must not do in that place?

A). Eat meat B). Marry and have sons or daughters C). Build a house
D). Speak to the king

5391. God told Jeremiah not to enter a house where there was a funeral meal. What reason did He give?

A). He had withdrawn His blessing, love and pity from this people B). Jeremiah was a priest
C). The food was unclean D). Jeremiah was too busy

5392. Besides a house of mourning, what other kind of house did God tell Jeremiah not to enter?

A). A house of prayer B). A house of feasting C). A house of a priest
D). A house of a soldier

5393. When the people asked why disaster had come, what did God tell Jeremiah to say about their ancestors?

A). They had forsaken God and followed other gods B). They had been too poor
C). They had left Egypt too early D). They had lost too many battles

5394. Complete Jeremiah's prayer: "LORD, my strength and my fortress, my ___ in time of distress."

A). light B). refuge C). shield D). song

5395. Jeremiah said the nations would come to the LORD and admit what about the gods people make?

A). They are very old B). They are made of gold C). They are too small
D). They are not gods at all

5396. Complete Jeremiah's prayer: "Heal me, LORD, and I will be healed; save me and I will be ___."

A). blessed B). saved C). free D). strong

5397. Where did the LORD tell Jeremiah to go to receive His message?

A). The temple B). The potter's house C). The king's palace D). The city gate

5398. What was the potter doing when Jeremiah arrived?

A). Working at the wheel B). Selling jars in the market C). Digging clay by the river
D). Breaking old pots

5399. What did the potter do when the pot he was shaping was marred?

A). Threw it away B). Sold it anyway
C). Formed it into another pot as seemed best to him D). Gave it to Jeremiah

5400. How did the people plan to attack Jeremiah?

A). With swords B). With stones C). With fire D). With their tongues

5401. Jeremiah said the people had repaid his good with evil. What had they dug for him?

A). A grave B). A pit C). A well D). A trench

5402. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to buy from a potter?

A). A clay jar B). A wooden bowl C). A bronze cup D). A stone lamp

5403. Whom did God tell Jeremiah to take with him when he went out with the clay jar?

A). His family and servants B). Some of the elders of the people and of the priests
C). The king and his officials D). The prophets of Baal

5404. Near which gate of Jerusalem did Jeremiah go out to the Valley of Ben Hinnom?

A). The Fish Gate B). The Sheep Gate C). The Potsherd Gate D). The Water Gate

5405. What did God tell Jeremiah to do with the clay jar in front of the men?

A). Fill it with water B). Bury it C). Give it to the king D). Break it

5406. What did the broken jar show?

A). God would build a new temple
B). God would smash the nation and city, and it could not be repaired
C). God would give them a new king D). God would send rain

5407. After returning from Topheth, where did Jeremiah stand to speak to all the people?

A). At the king's palace B). At the city wall C). In the court of the LORD's temple
D). By the river

5408. According to Jeremiah 19:15, why would God bring disaster on Jerusalem and its villages?

A). Because they were stiff-necked and would not listen to His words
B). Because they had no army C). Because they were too poor
D). Because their king was young

5409. Who was the priest and official in charge of the temple who heard Jeremiah prophesying?

A). Hilkiah B). Pashhur C). Zephaniah D). Hananiah

5410. Where did Pashhur put Jeremiah in the stocks?

A). At the Upper Gate of Benjamin B). At the Potsherd Gate C). In the king's prison
D). At the Fish Gate

5411. What did Pashhur do to Jeremiah before putting him in the stocks?

A). Gave him a feast B). Sent him to Egypt C). Had him beaten
D). Made him a priest

5412. When Pashhur released him, what new name did Jeremiah say the LORD had given Pashhur?

A). Man of Sorrows B). Lo-Ammi C). Ichabod D). Terror on Every Side

5413. Where did Jeremiah say Pashhur would die and be buried?

A). In Egypt B). In Babylon C). In Jerusalem D). In Moab

5414. Why did Jeremiah say the word of the LORD had brought him insult and reproach?

A). Because he had to proclaim violence and destruction all day long

B). Because he spoke too quietly C). Because he could not read

D). Because the king liked him

5415. Complete the verse: "His word is in my heart like a ___, a fire shut up in my bones."

A). light B). song C). river D). fire

5416. In Jeremiah 20:11, Jeremiah said the LORD was with him like what?

A). A gentle shepherd B). A mighty warrior C). A strong tower D). A shining star

5417. In his deep sorrow at the end of chapter 20, what did Jeremiah curse?

A). The king of Judah B). The city of Jerusalem C). The day he was born

D). The false prophets

5418. Which king of Judah sent messengers to Jeremiah in chapter 21?

A). Josiah B). Jehoiakim C). Zedekiah D). Jehoiachin

5419. Which two men did King Zedekiah send to Jeremiah?

A). Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah

B). Pashhur son of Immer and Hananiah C). Baruch and Seraiah

D). Hilkiah and Shaphan

5420. What surprising answer did the LORD give about the battle?

A). He would fight for Judah B). He Himself would fight against them in anger

C). He would make peace D). He would send angels to help

5421. What two ways did God set before the people?

A). The way of life and the way of death B). The way of peace and the way of war

C). The way of the north and the way of the south

D). The way of the rich and the way of the poor

5422. What did the LORD show Jeremiah in front of the temple?

A). Two baskets of figs B). Two jars of oil C). Two loaves of bread

D). Two bunches of grapes

5423. How were the figs in the two baskets different?

A). One had big figs and one had small figs B). One had green figs and one had purple figs

C). One had very good figs and one had very bad figs

D). One had dried figs and one had fresh figs

5424. The word in Jeremiah 25 came in the fourth year of Jehoiakim. Which year of Nebuchadnezzar's reign was this?

A). The first year B). The third year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

5425. For how many years had Jeremiah been speaking the word of the LORD to the people by this time?

A). Thirteen years B). Forty years C). Twenty-three years D). Seven years

5426. How had the people responded to Jeremiah and the other prophets?

A). They repented quickly B). They had not listened C). They made them kings
D). They sent them gifts

5427. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to take from His hand and make the nations drink?

A). A cup of water B). A cup of blessing C). A cup filled with the wine of His wrath
D). A bowl of oil

5428. How did Jeremiah describe the LORD speaking from on high against the earth?

A). He will roar B). He will whisper C). He will sing D). He will weep

5429. When did the word of the LORD in Jeremiah 26 come?

A). Early in the reign of Jehoiakim B). In the last year of Josiah
C). In the ninth year of Zedekiah D). After the fall of Jerusalem

5430. What did God tell Jeremiah about the words He commanded him to speak?

A). Speak only the pleasant parts B). Speak only to the king C). Do not omit a word
D). Write them but do not speak

5431. When Jeremiah finished speaking, what did the priests, prophets and people say?

A). "You are a true prophet!" B). "You must die!" C). "We will repent!"
D). "Speak again tomorrow!"

5432. At which gate of the LORD's house did the officials of Judah take their places to hear Jeremiah's case?

A). The Potsherd Gate B). The Sheep Gate C). The Fish Gate D). The New Gate

5433. What did Jeremiah say to the officials and people who wanted to kill him?

A). "I take back my words." B). "I will run to Egypt."
C). "I am in your hands... if you put me to death, you will bring innocent blood on yourselves."
D). "The king will punish you."

5434. What did the officials and all the people decide about Jeremiah?

A). He should be put in prison B). He should not be sentenced to death
C). He should be sent to Babylon D). He should be beaten

5435. Who supported Jeremiah so he was not handed over to the people to be put to death?

A). Ahikam son of Shaphan B). Baruch son of Neriah C). Ebed-Melek the Cushite
D). Gedaliah son of Ahikam

5436. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to make and put on his neck?

A). A gold chain B). A yoke out of straps and crossbars C). A crown of thorns
D). A rope of linen

5437. To which king of Judah did Jeremiah say, "Bow your neck under the yoke of the king of Babylon... and you will live"?

A). Jehoiakim B). Zedekiah C). Jehoiachin D). Josiah

5438. Which prophet opposed Jeremiah in the temple in chapter 28?

A). Pashhur B). Uriah C). Hananiah D). Shemaiah

5439. How did Jeremiah first respond to Hananiah's prophecy?

A). "Amen! May the LORD do so!" B). "You are a liar!" C). "I will tell the king!"
D). "Leave the temple!"

5440. According to Jeremiah, how would a prophet who prophesies peace be recognized as truly sent by the LORD?

A). If he spoke loudly B). If he was a priest C). If his prediction came true
D). If the king agreed with him

5441. What did Hananiah take off Jeremiah's neck and break?

A). A gold chain B). A rope C). A wooden yoke D). An iron collar

5442. Why did Jeremiah say Hananiah would die that very year?

A). Because he was old
B). Because he had made the nation trust in lies and preached rebellion against the LORD
C). Because he had stolen from the temple D). Because he had fled to Egypt

5443. What did Jeremiah send from Jerusalem to the exiles in Babylon?

A). A scroll of the law B). A letter C). A gift of gold D). A messenger with a song

5444. Which man in Babylon sent letters to the priest Zephaniah against Jeremiah?

A). Hananiah of Gibeon B). Pashhur son of Immer C). Elnathan son of Akbor
D). Shemaiah the Nehelamite

5445. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to do with all the words He had spoken to him?

A). Sing them in the temple B). Write them in a book C). Tell them only to the king
D). Keep them secret

5446. The word in Jeremiah 32 came in the tenth year of Zedekiah. Which year of Nebuchadnezzar's reign was this?

A). The first year B). The eighteenth year C). The tenth year
D). The twenty-third year

5447. Where was Jeremiah confined while the Babylonian army besieged Jerusalem?

A). In a cistern B). In the temple C). In the courtyard of the guard in the royal palace
D). In Anathoth

5448. Which relative came to Jeremiah asking him to buy a field?

A). Hanamel, his cousin B). Baruch, his scribe C). Hilkiah, his father
D). Shallum, his brother

5449. In which town was the field Jeremiah bought?

A). Bethlehem B). Shiloh C). Ramah D). Anathoth

5450. How much silver did Jeremiah weigh out for the field?

A). Thirty shekels B). Seventeen shekels C). Fifty shekels D). Seven shekels

5451. To whom did Jeremiah give the deed of purchase?

A). Gedaliah son of Ahikam B). Ahikam son of Shaphan C). Pashhur son of Immer
D). Baruch son of Neriah

5452. What did Jeremiah's purchase of the field show?

A). That he was rich B). That he planned to escape the city
C). That houses, fields and vineyards would again be bought in the land
D). That the siege had ended

5453. Complete Jeremiah's prayer: "Ah, Sovereign LORD, you have made the heavens and the earth... Nothing is too ___ for you."

A). big B). hard C). far D). great

5454. What question did the LORD ask Jeremiah in reply?

A). "Is anything too hard for me?" B). "Why did you buy the field?"
C). "Where is your faith?" D). "Who sent you to prison?"

5455. Where was Jeremiah when the word of the LORD came to him a second time in chapter 33?

A). In Anathoth B). Still confined in the courtyard of the guard C). In the temple court
D). In Egypt

5456. Complete the verse: "Call to me and I will answer you and tell you great and ___ things you do not know."

A). hidden B). unsearchable C). wonderful D). secret

5457. To which king did God send Jeremiah to say the city would be handed over to the king of Babylon?

A). Jehoiakim B). Jehoiachin C). Josiah D). Zedekiah

5458. During which king's reign did the LORD send Jeremiah to the Rekabite family?

A). Josiah B). Jehoiakim C). Zedekiah D). Hezekiah

5459. Where did the LORD tell Jeremiah to bring the Rekabites?

A). To a side room of the LORD's house B). To the king's palace C). To the city gate
D). To the Valley of Ben Hinnom

5460. What did Jeremiah set before the Rekabites?

A). Bread and fish B). Gold and silver C). Bowls full of wine and some cups
D). Scrolls of the law

5461. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to write all His words on?

A). A clay tablet B). A scroll C). A stone wall D). A wooden board

5462. Who wrote down the words as Jeremiah dictated them?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Gemariah son of Shaphan C). Ahikam son of Shaphan
D). Seraiah son of Neriah

5463. Why did Jeremiah send Baruch to read the scroll at the temple?

A). Jeremiah was too old B). Jeremiah was in Egypt
C). Jeremiah was restricted and could not go to the LORD's temple
D). Jeremiah could not read

5464. What did the officials tell Baruch to do after hearing the scroll?

A). Read it again in the market B). Take it to Babylon C). Burn it
D). Go and hide with Jeremiah and tell no one where they were

5465. Why were Baruch and Jeremiah not arrested when the king ordered it?

A). They had fled to Egypt B). The officials refused C). The king changed his mind
D). The LORD had hidden them

5466. What did Jeremiah do after the scroll was burned?

A). He gave up prophesying
B). He took another scroll, and Baruch wrote all the words again, with many similar words added
C). He burned the king's palace D). He went to Babylon

5467. What did King Zedekiah's messengers ask Jeremiah to do?

A). Leave the city B). Pray to the LORD for them C). Write a new scroll
D). Speak to Pharaoh

5468. Why did Jeremiah try to leave the city for the territory of Benjamin?

A). To escape to Babylon B). To get his share of the property among the people there
C). To find Baruch D). To visit the king

5469. Who arrested Jeremiah at the Benjamin Gate?

A). Irijah son of Shelemiah B). Jehudi C). Pashhur son of Immer
D). Ishmael son of Nethaniah

5470. What did Irijah accuse Jeremiah of doing?

A). Stealing from the temple B). Plotting to kill the king
C). Deserting to the Babylonians D). Worshiping Baal

5471. Where was Jeremiah put after he was beaten?

A). In the courtyard of the guard
B). In a vaulted cell in a dungeon in the house of Jonathan the secretary C). In a cistern
D). In the temple storeroom

5472. When King Zedekiah secretly asked if there was any word from the LORD, what did Jeremiah say?

A). "No, the LORD is silent" B). "Yes, you will escape to Egypt"
C). "Yes, you will defeat Babylon"
D). "Yes, you will be delivered into the hands of the king of Babylon"

5473. What was Jeremiah given each day while kept in the courtyard of the guard?

A). A loaf of bread from the street of the bakers B). A cup of wine
C). Meat from the king's table D). Nothing at all

5474. Why did the officials say Jeremiah should be put to death?

A). He had stolen gold B). He was discouraging the soldiers and the people
C). He had worshiped idols D). He had insulted the priests

5475. How did King Zedekiah answer the officials who wanted Jeremiah killed?

A). "I will judge him myself." B). "Send him to Babylon."
C). "He is in your hands. The king can do nothing to oppose you." D). "Let him go free."

5476. Where did the officials put Jeremiah?

A). Into a lions' den B). Into a fiery furnace C). Into the sea D). Into a cistern

5477. What was at the bottom of the cistern?

A). Only mud B). Deep water C). Snakes D). Sharp stones

5478. Who went to the king to plead for Jeremiah?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Ebed-Melek the Cushite C). Ahikam son of Shaphan
D). Gedaliah son of Pashhur

5479. How many men did King Zedekiah tell Ebed-Melek to take to lift Jeremiah out of the cistern?

A). Three B). Ten C). Thirty D). One hundred

5480. What did Ebed-Melek give Jeremiah to put under his arms so the ropes would not hurt him?

A). Pillows B). Leather straps C). Linen sheets D). Old rags and worn-out clothes

5481. Where did King Zedekiah meet secretly with Jeremiah in chapter 38?

A). At the third entrance to the temple of the LORD B). In the winter apartment

C). At the Benjamin Gate D). In the Valley of Ben Hinnom

5482. What did Jeremiah say would happen if Zedekiah surrendered to the officers of the king of Babylon?

A). He would be killed immediately

B). His life would be spared and the city would not be burned C). He would become a slave

D). His family would be scattered

5483. What did Zedekiah tell Jeremiah to say if the officials asked about their talk?

A). That they talked about the weather

B). That he had pleaded with the king not to be sent back to Jonathan's house to die

C). That the king had freed him D). That they prayed together

5484. How long did Jeremiah remain in the courtyard of the guard?

A). Until the day Jerusalem was captured B). For seven days C). For one year

D). Until Zedekiah died

5485. What order did Nebuchadnezzar give concerning Jeremiah?

A). Put him in chains B). Bring him to Babylon as a slave C). Kill him

D). Look after him and do for him whatever he asks

5486. To whom was Jeremiah handed over after he was taken out of the courtyard of the guard?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Gedaliah son of Ahikam, the son of Shaphan

C). Ebed-Melek the Cushite D). Ishmael son of Nethaniah

5487. At which town did Nebuzaradan release Jeremiah from his chains?

A). Mizpah B). Ramah C). Anathoth D). Bethel

5488. What did Nebuzaradan say to Jeremiah about the disaster on Jerusalem?

A). That Babylon's gods had won B). That it happened by chance

C). That the LORD Jeremiah's God decreed it because the people sinned and did not obey

D). That Egypt had caused it

5489. What choice did Nebuzaradan give Jeremiah?

A). Come to Babylon, or go wherever he pleased B). Serve in the army or go to prison
C). Live in Egypt or in Moab D). Become a priest or a scribe

5490. What did Nebuzaradan give Jeremiah before letting him go?

A). A sword and a shield B). Provisions and a present C). A horse and a chariot
D). A house in Babylon

5491. Where did Jeremiah go to stay with Gedaliah?

A). Mizpah B). Jerusalem C). Hebron D). Ramah

5492. What did Johanan and all the people ask Jeremiah to do?

A). Lead them to Egypt B). Pray to the LORD for them and ask where they should go
C). Write a letter to Babylon D). Make Johanan king

5493. What did the people promise Jeremiah about God's answer?

A). They would obey only if it was favorable B). They would think about it
C). Whether favorable or unfavorable, they would obey D). They would ask the priests too

5494. How long was it before the word of the LORD came to Jeremiah in answer?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Forty days D). Ten days

5495. What did Jeremiah say the people had done when they sent him to pray?

A). They made a fatal mistake, since they would not obey B). They showed great faith
C). They chose wisely D). They pleased the king of Babylon

5496. How did Azariah, Johanan and the arrogant men respond to Jeremiah's message?

A). "You are lying! The LORD has not sent you" B). "We will obey every word"
C). "Let us pray again" D). "Lead us to Babylon"

5497. Whom did they accuse of inciting Jeremiah against them?

A). Ebed-Melek B). Gedaliah C). Baruch son of Neriah D). Nebuzaradan

5498. Whom did Johanan take with him to Egypt, along with the remnant of Judah?

A). Only the soldiers B). Jeremiah the prophet and Baruch son of Neriah
C). The king's sons D). The priests of the temple

5499. What did the LORD tell Jeremiah to bury at the entrance to Pharaoh's palace in Tahpanhes?

A). A clay jar B). A linen belt C). Large stones in the clay of the brick pavement
D). A broken yoke

5500. What did the buried stones show would happen?

A). Nebuchadnezzar would set his throne over them and spread his royal canopy
B). A new temple would be built there C). Pharaoh would become king of Judah
D). The people would return home

5501. Which of these was one of the places in Egypt where Jews were living when Jeremiah gave the message of chapter 44?

A). Memphis B). Goshen C). Alexandria D). Rameses

5502. How did the people answer Jeremiah's message?

A). "We will not listen to you! We will burn incense to the Queen of Heaven"
B). "We repent and will return to Judah" C). "We will ask Pharaoh"
D). "We will pray with you"

5503. When did Jeremiah give his message to Baruch in Jeremiah 45?

A). After Jerusalem fell B). In the fourth year of Jehoiakim, after Baruch wrote the scroll
C). When they reached Egypt D). In the first year of Zedekiah

5504. Which people was the message of Jeremiah 47 about?

A). The Moabites B). The Edomites C). The Philistines D). The Ammonites

5505. Which nation's capture did God announce in Jeremiah 50?

A). Egypt B). Babylon C). Assyria D). Moab

5506. Who was the staff officer who went to Babylon with King Zedekiah and carried Jeremiah's scroll?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Seraiah son of Neriah C). Gemariah son of Shaphan
D). Ebed-Melek the Cushite

5507. What was Seraiah told to do with the scroll after reading it?

A). Burn it in the fire B). Bury it in the sand
C). Tie a stone to it and throw it into the Euphrates D). Give it to the king of Babylon

5508. Jeremiah 51 ends with the words: "The words of Jeremiah ___ here."

A). begin B). are written C). stop D). end

5509. Through which prophet had the LORD said that Jerusalem's desolation would last seventy years?

A). Isaiah B). Ezekiel C). Elijah D). Jeremiah

5510. How many years did Jeremiah say the desolation of Jerusalem would last?

A). Seventy years B). Forty years C). Seven years D). One hundred years

5511. Matthew says the weeping in Ramah fulfilled words spoken through which prophet?

A). Isaiah B). Micah C). Jeremiah D). Hosea

5512. Which prophet's name did the disciples include when telling Jesus who people said he was?

A). Daniel B). Ezekiel C). Jeremiah D). Jonah

5513. Matthew says the buying of the potter's field fulfilled what was spoken by which prophet?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Zechariah D). Micah

Jeroboam

5514. Which of Solomon's officials, the son of Nebat, rebelled against the king?

A). Adoniram B). Benaiah C). Zadok D). Jeroboam

5515. Which prophet from Shiloh met Jeroboam on the way out of Jerusalem?

A). Ahijah B). Nathan C). Elijah D). Gad

5516. Into how many pieces did the prophet Ahijah tear his new cloak?

A). Two B). Seven C). Twelve D). Ten

5517. Why did Ahijah tell Jeroboam to take ten pieces of the torn cloak?

A). To make a new cloak B). Because God would give him ten tribes
C). To pay for his journey D). To give to Solomon

5518. When Solomon tried to kill Jeroboam, where did Jeroboam flee?

A). To Damascus B). To Tyre C). To Edom D). To Egypt, to King Shishak

5519. What did the people of Israel ask Rehoboam to do?

A). Build a new temple B). Go to war against Egypt
C). Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them
D). Move the capital to Shechem

5520. Why did the king not listen to the people, according to the Bible?

A). This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah
B). Rehoboam was sick C). The elders gave no advice D). Jeroboam tricked him

5521. Whom did the Israelites make king over all Israel?

A). Rehoboam B). Ahijah C). Jeroboam D). Shemaiah

5522. Why was Jeroboam afraid of the people going up to Jerusalem to offer sacrifices?

A). He feared their hearts would turn back to Rehoboam, and they would kill him
B). He feared they would get lost C). He feared the temple would fall
D). He feared Egypt would attack

5523. What did Jeroboam make for the people to worship?

A). Two golden calves B). A bronze snake C). A new ark D). Twelve stone pillars

5524. Where did Jeroboam set up the two golden calves?

A). Shechem and Samaria B). Jerusalem and Hebron C). Bethel and Dan
D). Gilgal and Shiloh

5525. What was wrong with the priests Jeroboam appointed?

A). They were too young B). They were from Egypt C). They were not Levites
D). They could not read

5526. Where was King Jeroboam standing when a man of God from Judah came to speak against the altar?

A). By the altar at Bethel B). In the temple in Jerusalem C). At the gate of Shechem
D). At the high place in Dan

5527. What happened to Jeroboam's hand when he pointed at the man of God and said, "Seize him!"?

A). It started to bleed B). It turned white like snow
C). It shriveled up so he could not pull it back D). It caught fire

5528. How was Jeroboam's hand healed?

A). The man of God prayed to the LORD for him B). A priest put oil on it
C). He washed it in the Jordan D). It healed by itself after seven days

5529. Why did the man of God refuse the king's invitation to eat at his home?

A). He did not like the king's food B). He was in a hurry to see his family
C). The LORD had commanded him not to eat bread or drink water there
D). He was fasting for forty days

5530. After all this, did Jeroboam change his evil ways?

A). Yes, he tore down the golden calves B). Yes, he went to worship in Jerusalem
C). No, he kept appointing priests for the high places from all sorts of people
D). Yes, he made the man of God his adviser

5531. Which son of Jeroboam became ill?

A). Nadab B). Abijah C). Rehoboam D). Josiah

5532. What did Jeroboam tell his wife to do before going to see the prophet Ahijah?

A). Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife B). Bring the golden calves
C). Take a large army D). Wear her royal robes

5533. Why would Jeroboam's sick son be the only one of his family to be buried and mourned?

A). He was the oldest son B). He was the king's favorite
C). In him the LORD had found something good D). He had become a priest

5534. Who succeeded Jeroboam as king of Israel?

A). Abijah B). Nadab C). Rehoboam D). Baasha

5535. When Baasha killed Jeroboam's whole family, whose earlier prophecy was fulfilled?

A). Ahijah the Shilonite B). Nathan C). Shemaiah D). Elijah

5536. What did the LORD say He would do to Baasha's family, because Baasha walked in the ways of Jeroboam?

A). Make it the greatest family in Israel B). Send it to Egypt
C). Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam D). Give it the tribe of Judah

5537. Which sin did Jehu NOT turn away from?

A). The worship of Baal B). Killing the prophets
C). The worship of the golden calves at Bethel and Dan D). Marrying foreign wives

5538. Which son of Jehoash became king of Israel in Samaria and reigned forty-one years?

A). Zechariah B). Jehoahaz C). Jeroboam D). Jehu

5539. Through which prophet had the LORD said Jeroboam would restore Israel's borders?

A). Elisha B). Jonah son of Amittai C). Isaiah D). Amos

5540. Why did the LORD save Israel through Jeroboam, even though he did evil?

A). Jeroboam repented of all his sins B). Jonah prayed for Jeroboam
C). Israel destroyed the golden calves
D). The LORD saw their bitter suffering and had not said He would blot them out

5541. Which king enticed Israel away from following the LORD and caused them to commit a great sin?

A). Ahab B). Hoshea C). Jeroboam son of Nebat D). Jehu

5542. Which altar, set up by Jeroboam, did Josiah demolish?

A). The altar in Samaria B). The altar at Bethel C). The altar at Damascus
D). The altar in Jerusalem's temple

5543. Where had Jeroboam fled from King Solomon?

A). Egypt B). Moab C). Tyre D). Edom

5544. What did the people ask Rehoboam to do?

A). Build them a new temple
B). Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them
C). Go to war against Egypt D). Give them more land

5545. Why did the king not listen to the people, according to the chapter?

A). This turn of events was from God, to fulfill His word through Ahijah
B). He was sick at that time C). He did not hear their request
D). The priests told him not to

5546. What did Rehoboam and his men do when they heard God's word through Shemaiah?

A). They obeyed and turned back B). They fought anyway
C). They asked another prophet D). They waited forty days

5547. Why did the Levites leave Israel and come to Judah?

A). Jeroboam rejected them as priests of the LORD B). There was a famine in Israel
C). Rehoboam paid them more D). They were driven out by Egypt

5548. What idols had Jeroboam made, for which he appointed his own priests?

A). Bronze snakes B). Goat and calf idols C). Asherah poles only D). Idols of Baal

5549. What was there between Rehoboam and Jeroboam throughout their reigns?

A). A peace treaty B). Trade and friendship C). Marriage alliances
D). Continual warfare

5550. How many fighting men did Jeroboam have against Abijah's 400,000?

A). 400,000 B). 800,000 C). 1,000,000 D). 180,000

5551. Where did Abijah stand to speak to Jeroboam and all Israel?

A). Mount Carmel B). Mount Gilboa C). Mount Zemaraim D). Mount Moriah

5552. What did Abijah say Jeroboam had made to be Israel's gods?

A). Golden calves B). Bronze snakes C). Stone pillars D). Wooden Asherah poles

5553. What did Jeroboam do to try to defeat Judah?

A). He sent troops around to set an ambush behind them B). He asked Egypt for help
C). He surrendered D). He attacked at night only

5554. What happened when the men of Judah raised the battle cry?

A). Their enemies surrendered B). The walls fell down
C). God routed Jeroboam and all Israel D). A great storm came

5555. Which town did Abijah take from Jeroboam?

A). Bethel B). Shechem C). Samaria D). Dan

5556. What happened to Jeroboam after the battle?

A). He became king of Judah B). The LORD struck him down and he died
C). He fled to Egypt D). He made peace with Abijah

Jeroboam II

5557. Which king of Israel was ruling when the word of the LORD came to Hosea?

A). Ahab son of Omri B). Jehu son of Jehoshaphat C). Jeroboam son of Jehoash
D). Pekah son of Remaliah

Jeroboam son of Jehoash

5558. Who was king of Israel when Amos saw his vision?

A). Ahab B). Jeroboam son of Jehoash C). Jehu D). Omri

5559. To which king did Amaziah send a message about Amos?

A). Jeroboam B). Ahab C). Uzziah D). Jehu

Jeroboam's wife

5560. What did Jeroboam tell his wife to do before going to see the prophet Ahijah?

A). Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife B). Bring the golden calves

C). Take a large army D). Wear her royal robes

5561. What did Jeroboam's wife take with her as a gift for the prophet?

A). Gold and silver B). A young goat

C). Ten loaves of bread, some cakes and a jar of honey D). A new cloak

5562. How did Ahijah know who his visitor was, even though he could not see?

A). He recognized her voice B). His servant told him C). She told him her name

D). The LORD told him she was coming and would pretend to be someone else

5563. Ahijah said, "Come in, wife of Jeroboam. Why this _____?"

A). pretense B). journey C). gift D). sadness

5564. When did Jeroboam's son die?

A). As soon as his mother stepped over the threshold of the house in Tirzah

B). Seven days after she returned C). While she was still with Ahijah

D). The next morning

Jeshua

5565. Which two men are named first among the leaders who came back with the exiles?

A). Ezra and Nehemiah B). Haggai and Zechariah C). Zerubbabel and Jeshua

D). Sheshbazzar and Mithredath

5566. What did Jeshua and Zerubbabel build first so they could offer burnt offerings?

A). The city walls B). The temple gates C). The altar of the God of Israel

D). A house for the governor

5567. Who were appointed to supervise the building of the house of the LORD?

A). Levites twenty years old and older B). Priests fifty years old and older

C). Men of Tyre and Sidon D). Officials sent by Cyrus

5568. How did Zerubbabel, Jeshua and the family heads answer the offer of help?

A). They accepted it gladly B). They asked for money instead

C). They refused and said they alone would build D). They asked the king to decide

5569. What did Zerubbabel and Jeshua do after the prophets spoke?

A). They returned to Babylon B). They wrote to King Darius

C). They began rebuilding the house of God D). They built walls around Jerusalem

5570. What did the descendants of Jeshua son of Jozadak offer for their guilt?

A). A bull B). A ram C). A lamb D). A pair of doves

Jesse

5571. Obed became the grandfather of which famous king?

A). Saul B). Solomon C). Hezekiah D). David

5572. Which list is in the correct order, from oldest to youngest?

A). Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David B). Obed, Boaz, Jesse, David C). Boaz, Jesse, Obed, David
D). Jesse, Boaz, Obed, David

5573. To which town did the LORD send Samuel to anoint a new king?

A). Bethlehem B). Hebron C). Gibeah D). Jerusalem

5574. Which two sons of Jesse passed before Samuel after Eliab?

A). Abinadab and Shammah B). Joel and Abijah C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Joab and Abishai

5575. How many of Jesse's sons passed before Samuel without being chosen?

A). Three B). Five C). Ten D). Seven

5576. What was David doing when Samuel came to Jesse's house?

A). Tending the sheep B). Fighting the Philistines C). Playing the lyre for Saul
D). Studying with the priests

5577. Which three sons of Jesse had followed Saul to the war?

A). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah B). Joel, Abijah and Eliab
C). Jonathan, Ishvi and Malki-Shua D). David, Eliab and Shammah

5578. Why did Jesse send David to the battle camp?

A). To fight Goliath B). To bring food to his brothers and see how they were
C). To carry a message to Saul D). To take Saul's armor

5579. David told Saul, "I am the son of your servant ___ of Bethlehem."

A). Samuel B). Kish C). Boaz D). Jesse

5580. Which order is correct, from grandfather to grandson?

A). Boaz, Obed, Jesse B). Jesse, Obed, Boaz C). Obed, Boaz, Jesse
D). Boaz, Jesse, Obed

5581. According to 1 Chronicles 2, which son of Jesse was David?

A). The firstborn B). The second C). The seventh D). The youngest of twelve

5582. To whom did the LORD turn over the kingdom after Saul's death?

A). Jonathan B). David son of Jesse C). Abner D). Samuel

5583. What does Psalm 72:20 say has come to an end?

A). The reign of Solomon B). The prayers of David son of Jesse C). The songs of Asaph D). The book of the law

5584. Complete the verse: 'A shoot will come up from the stump of _____; from his roots a Branch will bear fruit.'

A). David B). Jesse C). Abraham D). Judah

5585. What will the Root of Jesse stand as for the peoples?

A). A banner B). A wall C). A tower D). A judge

5586. Quoting Isaiah, Paul says the Root of whom will spring up to rule over the nations?

A). Jesse B). Abraham C). Jacob D). Aaron

Jesus

5587. Matthew begins with a genealogy of Jesus the Messiah. Jesus is called the son of David and the son of whom?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). Adam

5588. Who was the husband of Mary, the mother of Jesus?

A). Joseph B). Zechariah C). Jacob D). Joachim

5589. Why was the baby to be given the name Jesus?

A). Because he would be a great king B). Because he would save his people from their sins C). Because he was born in Bethlehem D). Because he was from David's family

5590. What does the name Immanuel mean?

A). God is great B). God saves C). God with us D). Prince of peace

5591. Matthew says Jesus' birth fulfilled what the Lord said through the prophet. What did the prophecy say the virgin would do?

A). Flee to Egypt B). Conceive and give birth to a son C). Sing a song of praise D). Go to the temple

5592. Who gave the baby the name Jesus?

A). Joseph B). Mary C). The angel D). The priest

5593. In which town was Jesus born?

A). Nazareth B). Bethlehem C). Jerusalem D). Capernaum

5594. Who was king of Judea when Jesus was born?

A). King Herod B). Caesar Augustus C). Pontius Pilate D). King David

5595. Complete the prophecy: "Out of you will come a ruler who will _____ my people Israel."

A). judge B). rule over C). shepherd D). save

5596. Which gifts did the Magi give to Jesus?

A). Gold, silver and bronze B). Bread, wine and oil C). Gold, frankincense and myrrh D). Jewels, cloth and spices

5597. When the Magi saw the child with his mother Mary, what did they do?

A). Bowed down and worshiped him B). Took him to Herod C). Gave him a new name D). Prayed for him

5598. Where did Joseph take Mary and Jesus to escape from Herod?

A). Babylon B). Nazareth C). Egypt D). Syria

5599. Matthew says Jesus' stay in Egypt fulfilled the words: "Out of Egypt I called my _____."

A). people B). servant C). son D). king

5600. In which town did Joseph settle with his family?

A). Bethlehem B). Capernaum C). Jerusalem D). Nazareth

5601. Matthew says it was said through the prophets that Jesus would be called a _____.

A). Galilean B). Nazarene C). Prophet D). Shepherd

5602. John baptized with water. With what did he say the one coming after him would baptize?

A). With oil and water B). With the Holy Spirit and fire C). With blood D). With the river Jordan

5603. John said he was not worthy to do what for the one coming after him?

A). Wash his feet B). Carry his sandals C). Cook his food D). Open his door

5604. From which region did Jesus come to the Jordan to be baptized by John?

A). Judea B). Samaria C). Galilee D). Decapolis

5605. When John tried to stop Jesus from being baptized, what reason did Jesus give for going ahead?

A). To show he was a prophet B). To please the crowd C). To fulfill all righteousness D). To make John famous

5606. After Jesus was baptized, the Spirit of God came down on him like what?

A). A dove B). An eagle C). A flame D). A cloud

5607. Complete the voice from heaven: "This is my _____, whom I love; with him I am well pleased."

A). Servant B). Son C). Prophet D). King

5608. Who led Jesus into the wilderness to be tempted by the devil?

A). An angel B). John the Baptist C). The Spirit D). Peter

5609. For how long did Jesus fast in the wilderness?

A). Seven days and seven nights B). Forty days and forty nights
C). Three days and three nights D). Twelve days

5610. In the first temptation, what did the devil tell Jesus to turn into bread?

A). Stones B). Sand C). Leaves D). Water

5611. Complete Jesus' answer: "Man shall not live on bread alone, but on every _____ that comes from the mouth of God."

A). promise B). word C). blessing D). law

5612. In the second temptation, where did the devil take Jesus and tell him to throw himself down?

A). The top of a mountain B). The highest point of the temple C). A city wall in Galilee
D). A cliff near Nazareth

5613. In the second temptation, what did the devil do to try to persuade Jesus?

A). He offered him a crown B). He quoted Scripture about angels protecting him
C). He showed him the Pharisees D). He promised him bread

5614. Complete Jesus' reply: "Do not put the Lord your God to the _____."

A). test B). side C). shame D). sword

5615. What did the devil offer Jesus if he would bow down and worship him?

A). Long life B). All the kingdoms of the world and their splendor
C). The temple in Jerusalem D). Twelve legions of angels

5616. Complete Jesus' words: "Worship the Lord your God, and serve _____."

A). him only B). the king C). your people D). with joy

5617. After the devil left Jesus, who came and attended him?

A). His disciples B). His mother C). Angels D). John the Baptist

5618. When Jesus heard that John had been put in prison, he left Nazareth and went to live in which town?

A). Bethlehem B). Capernaum C). Jerusalem D). Cana

5619. Complete the prophecy fulfilled in Galilee: "The people living in darkness have seen a great _____."

A). king B). light C). star D). sign

5620. What was the first message Jesus began to preach?

A). Love your enemies B). Repent, for the kingdom of heaven has come near
C). Follow me D). Blessed are the poor in spirit

5621. Which two brothers were the first fishermen Jesus called by the Sea of Galilee?

A). James and John B). Simon Peter and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Matthew and Thomas

5622. Complete Jesus' call: "Come, follow me, and I will send you out to fish for _____."

A). food B). people C). fish D). treasure

5623. As Jesus went throughout Galilee, which three things did he do?

A). Taught, proclaimed the good news and healed B). Fasted, prayed and wrote
C). Built, fished and traded D). Judged, ruled and fought

5624. News about Jesus spread all over which land, where people brought him their sick?

A). Egypt B). Syria C). Persia D). Greece

5625. When Jesus saw the crowds, where did he go to sit down and teach?

A). Up on a mountainside B). Into a boat C). Into the temple D). Beside a well

5626. Complete: "Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of _____."

A). God B). heaven C). Israel D). peace

5627. Jesus said those who mourn are blessed. What will happen to them?

A). They will be rich B). They will be filled C). They will be comforted
D). They will see God

5628. According to Jesus, who will inherit the earth?

A). The strong B). The wise C). The rich D). The meek

5629. Complete: "Blessed are those who hunger and thirst for _____, for they will be filled."

A). righteousness B). bread C). wisdom D). peace

5630. What did Jesus say the pure in heart will do?

A). Inherit the earth B). See God C). Be comforted D). Be shown mercy

5631. According to Jesus, who will be called children of God?

A). The merciful B). The meek C). The peacemakers D). The mourners

5632. Which group did Jesus say will be shown mercy?

A). The peacemakers B). The persecuted C). The meek D). The merciful

5633. Why did Jesus tell people to rejoice when they are insulted and persecuted because of him?

A). Because their reward in heaven is great B). Because their enemies will be punished
C). Because it will soon stop D). Because they will become famous

5634. Complete Jesus' words: "You are the _____ of the earth."

A). light B). salt C). hope D). bread

5635. Jesus said people do not light a lamp and put it where?

A). On a stand B). In the window C). Under a bowl D). On a table

5636. Why should we let our light shine before others?

A). So they will praise us B). So we will be rich C). So we can rule them
D). So they may see our good deeds and glorify our Father in heaven

5637. Jesus said he did not come to abolish the Law or the Prophets. What did he come to do?

A). Fulfill them B). Replace them C). Rewrite them D). Explain them away

5638. Jesus said our righteousness must surpass the righteousness of whom to enter the kingdom of heaven?

A). The Romans B). The Pharisees and the teachers of the law C). The Samaritans
D). The tax collectors

5639. If you remember at the altar that your brother or sister has something against you, what should you do first?

A). Offer your gift quickly B). Pray louder
C). Leave your gift and first go and be reconciled D). Ask the priest to decide

5640. Complete: "All you need to say is simply 'Yes' or '_____.'"

A). Maybe B). Amen C). Later D). No

5641. Jesus said if anyone slaps you on the right cheek, what should you do?

A). Turn to them the other cheek also B). Slap them back C). Report them to the judge
D). Walk away

5642. If someone forces you to go one mile, how far did Jesus say to go with them?

A). Half a mile B). Two miles C). Seven miles D). Not at all

5643. Complete Jesus' command: "Love your _____ and pray for those who persecute you."

A). neighbors B). friends C). enemies D). family

5644. What example from nature did Jesus use to show that God is kind to both the good and the evil?

A). He makes the grass grow for all B). He feeds every bird
C). He gives stars to every land D). He causes his sun to rise and sends rain on both

5645. Complete: "Be _____, therefore, as your heavenly Father is _____."

A). perfect B). holy C). kind D). strong

5646. Jesus warned against doing acts of righteousness for what reason?

A). To be seen by others B). To help the poor C). To please God
D). To obey the law

5647. Complete: "When you give to the needy, do not let your left hand know what your right hand is _____."

A). holding B). giving C). taking D). doing

5648. Jesus told his listeners not to give or pray like whom, who do it to be honored by others?

A). The tax collectors B). The Gentiles C). The hypocrites D). The prophets

5649. Where did Jesus say to go when you pray, so your Father who sees in secret will reward you?

A). To the street corner B). Into your room with the door closed
C). To the top of the temple D). To the marketplace

5650. Why did Jesus say we do not need to babble with many words when we pray?

A). Our Father knows what we need before we ask B). God is too busy
C). Short prayers are holier D). God only hears in the temple

5651. Complete the start of the Lord's Prayer: "Our Father in heaven, hallowed be your _____."

A). kingdom B). will C). word D). name

5652. Complete: "Your kingdom come, your will be done, on earth as it is in _____."

A). glory B). Jerusalem C). heaven D). the temple

5653. In the Lord's Prayer, what do we ask God to give us today?

A). Great riches B). Our daily bread C). A long life D). Many friends

5654. Complete: "And forgive us our debts, as we also have forgiven our _____."

A). debtors B). enemies C). brothers D). sins

5655. Complete: "And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from the evil _____."

A). world B). day C). man D). one

5656. What did Jesus say would happen if we do not forgive others their sins?

A). God will forgive us anyway B). We will be forgotten
C). Our Father will not forgive our sins D). We will lose our money

5657. What did Jesus tell people to do when they fast, so it would not be obvious to others?

A). Wear sackcloth B). Put oil on their head and wash their face
C). Stay home from the synagogue D). Tell only their friends

5658. Where did Jesus tell us to store up treasures, where moths and vermin do not destroy?

A). In heaven B). In a bank C). In the temple D). In the ground

5659. Complete: "For where your treasure is, there your _____ will be also."

A). mind B). home C). eyes D). heart

5660. Complete: "The eye is the _____ of the body."

A). window B). light C). lamp D). door

5661. Jesus said you cannot serve both God and what?

A). Your family B). Money C). The king D). Your neighbor

5662. Jesus said our heavenly Father feeds which creatures, even though they do not sow or reap?

A). The birds of the air B). The fish of the sea C). The lions D). The sheep

5663. What question did Jesus ask about worrying?

A). Can worrying make you rich? B). Can worrying make it rain?
C). Can worrying stop an army? D). Can worrying add a single hour to your life?

5664. Jesus said even which king in all his splendor was not dressed like the flowers of the field?

A). David B). Saul C). Solomon D). Herod

5665. Complete: "But seek first his _____ and his righteousness, and all these things will be given to you as well."

A). temple B). kingdom C). blessing D). word

5666. Why did Jesus say not to worry about tomorrow?

A). Tomorrow will worry about itself B). Tomorrow will never come
C). Someone else will worry for you D). God has no plans for tomorrow

5667. Complete: "Do not _____, or you too will be judged."

A). steal B). judge C). lie D). worry

5668. Jesus said to take what out of your own eye before removing the speck from your brother's eye?

A). The plank B). The dust C). The thorn D). The stone

5669. Jesus said not to throw your pearls to which animals?

A). Dogs B). Goats C). Wolves D). Pigs

5670. Complete: "Ask and it will be given to you; seek and you will find; _____ and the door will be opened to you."

A). call B). wait C). knock D). pray

5671. Jesus asked which father would give his son a snake if he asked for what?

A). Bread B). A fish C). An egg D). Water

5672. What point did Jesus make by comparing earthly fathers with the Father in heaven?

A). The Father in heaven will give good gifts even more to those who ask him
B). Earthly fathers are better givers C). God gives only to the rich
D). We should not ask God for anything

5673. Jesus said, "Do to others what you would have them do to you." What did he say this sums up?

A). The Ten Commandments only B). The psalms of David
C). The words of John the Baptist D). The Law and the Prophets

5674. Jesus said to enter through which gate?

A). The wide gate B). The golden gate C). The narrow gate D). The east gate

5675. Jesus warned against false prophets who come in what kind of clothing?

A). Royal robes B). Sheep's clothing C). Priests' garments D). Camel's hair

5676. Complete: "By their _____ you will recognize them."

A). fruit B). words C). faces D). clothes

5677. What did Jesus say happens to every tree that does not bear good fruit?

A). It is given more water B). It is moved to better soil C). It is left alone for a year
D). It is cut down and thrown into the fire

5678. Jesus said not everyone who says "Lord, Lord" will enter the kingdom of heaven. Who will enter?

A). The one who prays the longest B). The one who knows the most Scripture
C). The one who does the will of my Father who is in heaven D). The one born in Israel

5679. Complete Jesus' words to those who did works in his name but did evil: "I never _____ you. Away from me, you evildoers!"

A). saw B). knew C). called D). sent

5680. In Jesus' parable, the wise man built his house on what?

A). The rock B). The sand C). A hill D). The river bank

5681. In Jesus' parable, who built his house on sand?

A). A rich man B). A lazy servant C). A wise man D). A foolish man

5682. When the rain, streams and wind came, what happened to the house built on sand?

A). It stood firm B). It was washed clean C). It fell with a great crash
D). It moved to the rock

5683. Why were the crowds amazed at Jesus' teaching?

A). He spoke many languages B). He taught as one who had authority
C). He quoted the teachers of the law D). He taught very quietly

5684. Complete the words of the man with leprosy: "Lord, if you are _____, you can make me clean."

A). able B). here C). near D). willing

5685. What did Jesus do before healing the man with leprosy?

A). He spat on the ground B). He sent him to wash in a pool
C). He reached out his hand and touched the man D). He prayed all night

5686. After healing the man with leprosy, Jesus told him to show himself to whom?

A). The king B). The priest C). His family D). The Pharisees

5687. Who came to Jesus in Capernaum asking for help for his servant?

A). A centurion B). A tax collector C). A synagogue leader D). A Pharisee

5688. Why did the centurion say Jesus did not need to come to his house?

A). His house was too far away B). The servant was already better
C). Jesus could just say the word and the servant would be healed
D). Romans did not allow Jews inside

5689. What did Jesus say about the centurion's faith?

A). His faith was too small B). He had not found anyone in Israel with such great faith
C). His faith was like a mustard seed D). He needed to believe more

5690. Jesus said many will come from the east and west and take their places at the feast with whom in the kingdom of heaven?

A). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob B). Moses, Aaron and Miriam
C). David, Solomon and Hezekiah D). Elijah, Elisha and Isaiah

5691. When was the centurion's servant healed?

A). The next morning B). Three days later C). When Jesus reached the house
D). At that moment

5692. Whose mother-in-law did Jesus heal of a fever?

A). John's B). Matthew's C). Peter's D). Andrew's

5693. What did Peter's mother-in-law do after the fever left her?

A). She went to the temple B). She got up and began to wait on him
C). She told the whole town D). She slept

5694. Matthew says Jesus' healing fulfilled the words of which prophet: "He took up our infirmities and bore our diseases"?

A). Isaiah B). Jeremiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

5695. When a teacher of the law offered to follow Jesus, what did Jesus say the Son of Man has no place to do?

A). Eat his bread B). Keep his money C). Hide from enemies D). Lay his head

5696. A disciple asked first to bury his father. Complete Jesus' reply: "Follow me, and let the dead bury their own _____."

A). people B). fathers C). dead D). family

5697. What was Jesus doing in the boat when the furious storm came up?

A). Praying B). Sleeping C). Fishing D). Teaching

5698. Complete the disciples' cry: "Lord, save us! We're going to _____!"

A). drown B). sink C). die D). fall

5699. What did Jesus say to his disciples before he calmed the storm?

A). "Row harder!" B). "Throw out the cargo." C). "Wake me later."
D). "You of little faith, why are you so afraid?"

5700. After Jesus calmed the storm, the amazed men said that even what obey him?

A). The birds and the fish B). The sun and the moon C). The winds and the waves
D). The demons and the angels

5701. Where did Jesus meet two demon-possessed men coming from the tombs?

A). Bethany B). The region of the Gadarenes C). Samaria D). Tyre

5702. According to Matthew, how many demon-possessed men met Jesus in the region of the Gadarenes?

A). Two B). One C). Three D). Seven

5703. Into what did the demons ask Jesus to send them?

A). A flock of sheep B). The lake C). A group of birds D). A herd of pigs

5704. What happened to the herd of pigs after the demons went into them?

A). They ran into the town B). They attacked the herders
C). They rushed down the steep bank into the lake and died D). They fell asleep

5705. How did the people of the town respond to Jesus after this?

A). They asked him to stay B). They pleaded with him to leave their region
C). They made him their king D). They brought him gifts

5706. How was the paralyzed man brought to Jesus?

A). Lying on a mat B). Riding a donkey C). Walking with a stick D). In a boat

5707. When Jesus saw their faith, what did he say to the paralyzed man? "Take heart, son; your _____ are forgiven."

A). debts B). troubles C). fears D). sins

5708. When Jesus forgave the paralyzed man's sins, what did some teachers of the law say to themselves?

A). "This man is a prophet!" B). "He is the son of David!"
C). "This fellow is blaspheming!" D). "He is from Galilee!"

5709. Jesus healed the paralyzed man so that people would know the Son of Man has authority on earth to do what?

A). Rule over Rome B). Forgive sins C). Change the law D). Build the temple

5710. What did the crowd do when the paralyzed man got up and went home?

A). They were filled with awe and praised God B). They ran away
C). They argued with Jesus D). They stayed silent

5711. Which man was sitting at the tax collector's booth when Jesus said to him, "Follow me"?

A). Zacchaeus B). Thomas C). Philip D). Matthew

5712. The Pharisees asked why Jesus ate with whom?

A). Romans and soldiers B). Priests and Levites C). Tax collectors and sinners
D). Samaritans and Greeks

5713. Complete Jesus' answer: "It is not the healthy who need a _____, but the sick."

A). teacher B). doctor C). king D). friend

5714. Complete what Jesus told the Pharisees to learn: "I desire _____, not sacrifice."

A). mercy B). obedience C). worship D). prayer

5715. Jesus said he had not come to call the righteous. Whom did he come to call?

A). Priests B). Kings C). Soldiers D). Sinners

5716. Whose disciples asked Jesus why his disciples did not fast?

A). Herod's servants B). Moses' followers C). John's disciples D). Elijah's students

5717. Jesus said the guests of the bridegroom will fast when?

A). When the wedding begins B). When the bridegroom is taken from them
C). On the Sabbath D). At Passover

5718. Jesus said people pour new wine into what?

A). New wineskins B). Old wineskins C). Clay jars D). Stone pots

5719. Who came to Jesus saying his daughter had just died?

A). A Roman soldier B). A tax collector C). A priest D). A synagogue leader

5720. For how long had the woman who touched Jesus' cloak been subject to bleeding?

A). Seven years B). Thirty-eight years C). Twelve years D). Forty years

5721. What did Jesus tell the woman had healed her?

A). His cloak B). Her faith C). The crowd's prayers D). The priest

5722. What did Jesus say about the synagogue leader's daughter that made people laugh at him?

A). "The girl is not dead but asleep." B). "She will live to be old."
C). "Bring her to the temple." D). "She has a fever."

5723. What did Jesus do to raise the synagogue leader's daughter?

A). He washed her face B). He sang over her C). He called Elijah
D). He took her by the hand

5724. Complete the cry of the two blind men: "Have mercy on us, Son of _____!"

A). Abraham B). Joseph C). David D). Moses

5725. Complete Jesus' words as he touched the blind men's eyes: "According to your _____ let it be done to you."

A). wish B). faith C). prayer D). word

5726. After Jesus drove out the demon, what could the man who had been demon-possessed now do?

A). Speak B). See C). Walk D). Hear

5727. What did the Pharisees claim about how Jesus drove out demons?

A). By the power of Moses B). By the help of angels C). By magic words
D). By the prince of demons

5728. Jesus had compassion on the crowds because they were like what?

A). Birds without nests B). Fish without water C). Sheep without a shepherd
D). Children without bread

5729. Complete: "The harvest is plentiful but the _____ are few."

A). farmers B). workers C). seeds D). days

5730. Jesus called his twelve disciples and gave them authority to do what?

A). Rule over Israel B). Drive out impure spirits and heal every disease C). Collect taxes
D). Build synagogues

5731. When Jesus first sent out the Twelve, to whom did he tell them to go?

A). The lost sheep of Israel B). The Gentiles C). The towns of the Samaritans
D). The people of Rome

5732. What message did Jesus tell the Twelve to proclaim? "The kingdom of heaven has come _____."

A). down B). late C). quietly D). near

5733. Complete: "Freely you have received; freely _____."

A). pray B). speak C). give D). forgive

5734. What did Jesus tell the Twelve not to take in their belts?

A). Bread B). Gold, silver or copper C). Scrolls D). Water

5735. What were the disciples to do when leaving a home or town that would not welcome them?

A). Shake the dust off their feet B). Curse the town C). Burn their sandals
D). Wait seven days

5736. Jesus said it would be more bearable on the day of judgment for which places than for a town that rejects his disciples?

A). Tyre and Sidon B). Egypt and Babylon C). Nineveh and Assyria
D). Sodom and Gomorrah

5737. Complete: "Therefore be as shrewd as snakes and as innocent as _____."

A). lambs B). children C). doves D). sparrows

5738. When disciples are arrested, why should they not worry about what to say?

A). They will be set free at once B). The Spirit of their Father will speak through them
C). An angel will answer for them D). The judges will not ask questions

5739. Jesus said who will be saved?

A). The one who stands firm to the end B). The one who is never hated
C). The one who runs away first D). The one with the most friends

5740. Jesus said not to be afraid of those who can kill the body. Whom should we fear instead?

A). The rulers of the Gentiles B). The teachers of the law C). Our own families
D). The One who can destroy both soul and body in hell

5741. Jesus said two of which birds are sold for a penny, yet none falls to the ground outside the Father's care?

A). Doves B). Ravens C). Sparrows D). Eagles

5742. What did Jesus say are all numbered?

A). The stars in the sky B). The very hairs of your head C). The grains of sand
D). The days of your life

5743. What will Jesus do for whoever acknowledges him before others?

A). Acknowledge them before his Father in heaven B). Give them riches
C). Make them rulers D). Keep them from all trouble

5744. Complete Jesus' words: "I did not come to bring peace, but a _____."

A). crown B). fire C). king D). sword

5745. Jesus said whoever does not take up what and follow him is not worthy of him?

A). Their staff B). Their nets C). Their cross D). Their scroll

5746. According to Jesus, who will find their life?

A). Whoever finds riches B). Whoever loses their life for his sake

C). Whoever avoids all danger D). Whoever keeps the law perfectly

5747. Jesus said anyone who gives even what to one of these little ones will certainly not lose their reward?

A). A cup of cold water B). A loaf of bread C). A gold coin D). A new coat

5748. While in prison, what question did John the Baptist send his disciples to ask Jesus?

A). "When will you set me free?" B). "Where will you preach next?"

C). "Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?"

D). "Why do your disciples not fast?"

5749. How did Jesus answer John's disciples?

A). He told them to ask the priests

B). He told them to report what they heard and saw: the blind see, the lame walk and the dead are raised

C). He said he would visit John in prison D). He gave no answer

5750. Complete: "...and the good news is proclaimed to the _____."

A). poor B). rich C). wise D). kings

5751. Jesus asked the crowd if they had gone into the wilderness to see what, swayed by the wind?

A). A tree B). A flag C). A tent D). A reed

5752. Jesus said John was a prophet, and "more than a _____."

A). king B). priest C). prophet D). teacher

5753. Jesus said no one born of women is greater than John the Baptist. Who did he say is greater than John?

A). Moses B). Whoever is least in the kingdom of heaven C). Elijah

D). The high priest

5754. Jesus said John "is the _____ who was to come." Which prophet's name completes this?

A). Elijah B). Elisha C). Isaiah D). Samuel

5755. Jesus compared his generation to children in the marketplaces. What did those children say?

A). "We gave you bread, and you did not eat" B). "We called you, and you did not come"

C). "We built a house, and you did not live in it"

D). "We played the pipe for you, and you did not dance"

5756. Because John came neither eating nor drinking, what did people say about him?

A). "He is a glutton." B). "He is a king." C). "He has a demon." D). "He is lazy."

5757. People called the Son of Man a friend of whom?

A). Kings and rulers B). Tax collectors and sinners C). Priests and Levites
D). Romans and soldiers

5758. Jesus said "Woe to you" to Chorazin and which other town?

A). Bethsaida B). Nazareth C). Cana D). Jericho

5759. Jesus said if the miracles done in Chorazin and Bethsaida had been done in which cities, they would have repented long ago?

A). Rome and Athens B). Babylon and Nineveh C). Damascus and Gaza
D). Tyre and Sidon

5760. Jesus said which town would go down to Hades instead of being lifted to the heavens?

A). Bethlehem B). Nazareth C). Capernaum D). Jerusalem

5761. Jesus said which city would have remained to this day if it had seen the miracles done in Capernaum?

A). Gomorrah B). Sodom C). Jericho D). Babel

5762. Jesus praised the Father for revealing these things to whom?

A). Little children B). The wise and learned C). The kings of the earth
D). The priests

5763. Jesus said no one knows the Father except whom?

A). The priests and prophets B). The angels only C). Anyone who reads the law
D). The Son and those to whom the Son chooses to reveal him

5764. Complete: "Come to me, all you who are weary and burdened, and I will give you _____."

A). bread B). gold C). rest D). peace

5765. How did Jesus describe himself when he said, "Take my yoke upon you and learn from me"?

A). Strong and mighty B). Gentle and humble in heart C). Rich and powerful
D). Wise and learned

5766. Complete: "For my yoke is easy and my burden is _____."

A). light B). small C). gone D). sweet

5767. Why did the Pharisees complain when Jesus' disciples picked heads of grain and ate them?

A). It was the Sabbath B). The field belonged to the priests
C). They had not washed their hands D). The grain was for the temple

5768. Jesus reminded the Pharisees of which man who ate the consecrated bread when he was hungry?

A). Moses B). Samuel C). Elijah D). David

5769. Complete Jesus' words: "I tell you that something greater than the _____ is here."

A). law B). prophets C). temple D). Sabbath

5770. Complete: "For the Son of Man is Lord of the _____."

A). temple B). Sabbath C). harvest D). nations

5771. In the synagogue, what was wrong with the man the Pharisees used to test Jesus?

A). He had a shriveled hand B). He was blind C). He could not hear
D). He had leprosy

5772. Jesus said if a sheep falls into a pit on the Sabbath, its owner will lift it out. What did he conclude from this?

A). Sheep should not be kept near pits B). No work should be done at all on the Sabbath
C). Only priests may help on the Sabbath
D). A person is much more valuable than a sheep, so it is lawful to do good on the Sabbath

5773. What did Jesus tell the man with the shriveled hand to do?

A). Wash in the river B). Go to the priest C). Stretch out his hand
D). Pray for seven days

5774. After Jesus healed the man's hand, what did the Pharisees do?

A). Praised God B). Plotted how they might kill Jesus C). Became his disciples
D). Asked him to heal others

5775. Complete Isaiah's words fulfilled in Jesus: "A bruised _____ he will not break."

A). reed B). heart C). branch D). vine

5776. According to the prophecy quoted in Matthew 12, who will put their hope in his name?

A). The priests B). The kings of Judah C). The angels D). The nations

5777. After Jesus healed the demon-possessed man who was blind and mute, what could he do?

A). Only walk B). Only hear C). Both talk and see D). Read the law

5778. The Pharisees said Jesus drove out demons by whom?

A). Moses B). Beelzebul, the prince of demons C). An angel D). John the Baptist

5779. What did Jesus say happens to every kingdom divided against itself?

A). It will be ruined B). It will grow stronger C). It will become two kingdoms
D). It will be at peace

5780. Jesus said if he drove out demons by the Spirit of God, then what had come upon them?

A). The day of judgment B). A great famine C). The end of the age
D). The kingdom of God

5781. Complete: "Whoever is not with me is _____ me."

A). behind B). near C). against D). for

5782. Jesus said which sin will not be forgiven?

A). Breaking the Sabbath B). Blasphemy against the Spirit C). Eating with sinners
D). Not fasting

5783. Complete: "For the mouth speaks what the _____ is full of."

A). heart B). mind C). stomach D). house

5784. Jesus said everyone will have to give account on the day of judgment for what?

A). Every coin they have spent B). Every Sabbath they kept C). Every meal they ate
D). Every empty word they have spoken

5785. Jesus said the only sign given to a wicked generation would be the sign of which prophet?

A). Elijah B). Daniel C). Jonah D). Moses

5786. How long did Jesus say the Son of Man would be in the heart of the earth?

A). Forty days B). Three days and three nights C). Seven days
D). One day and one night

5787. The men of which city will stand up at the judgment and condemn this generation, because they repented at Jonah's preaching?

A). Nineveh B). Babylon C). Tarshish D). Sodom

5788. The queen of the South came to listen to whose wisdom?

A). David's B). Daniel's C). Joseph's D). Solomon's

5789. When an impure spirit returns to the person it left, how many other spirits does it bring?

A). Two B). Three C). Seven D). Twelve

5790. Who was standing outside wanting to speak to Jesus while he was talking to the crowd?

A). Peter and John B). His mother and brothers C). The Pharisees
D). John the Baptist's disciples

5791. Jesus said who is his brother and sister and mother?

A). Whoever does the will of his Father in heaven B). Anyone born in Nazareth
C). Only his twelve disciples D). Those who keep the Sabbath

5792. Because the crowd was so large, where did Jesus sit to teach them by the lake?

A). On a rock B). In a boat C). Under a tree D). On a hill

5793. In the parable of the sower, what happened to the seed that fell along the path?

A). Birds came and ate it up B). It grew into a tree C). It was choked by thorns
D). It was washed away

5794. Why did the plants on rocky places wither?

A). They had too much water B). Birds ate them C). Thorns choked them
D). They had no root

5795. How much crop did the seed on good soil produce?

A). Exactly double B). Ten times C). A hundred, sixty or thirty times what was sown
D). Seven times

5796. When the disciples asked why Jesus spoke in parables, what did he say had been given to them?

A). Power over all the nations B). The knowledge of the secrets of the kingdom of heaven
C). The scrolls of the prophets D). Places of honor in the temple

5797. Jesus said the people fulfilled the prophecy, "You will be ever hearing but never understanding." Which prophet spoke it?

A). Isaiah B). Jeremiah C). Micah D). Hosea

5798. Complete Jesus' words to his disciples: "But blessed are your eyes because they _____."

A). weep B). shine C). open D). see

5799. In Jesus' explanation, who snatches away the message sown along the path?

A). The birds of the field B). The Pharisees C). The evil one
D). The farmer's enemy

5800. Jesus explained that the person on rocky ground quickly falls away when what comes?

A). A good harvest B). Trouble or persecution because of the word C). New friends
D). A long journey

5801. What did Jesus say chokes the word in the person who received seed among thorns?

A). The worries of this life and the deceitfulness of wealth B). The heat of the sun
C). The birds of the air D). The hardness of the path

5802. Who is like the seed that fell on good soil?

A). Someone who only hears once B). Someone who is very rich
C). Someone who works in the fields D). Someone who hears the word and understands it

5803. In the parable of the weeds, who sowed weeds among the wheat?

A). The owner's servants B). The harvesters C). An enemy D). A neighbor's child

5804. Why did the owner tell his servants not to pull up the weeds right away?

A). The weeds would die by themselves B). They might root up the wheat with them
C). The weeds could be eaten D). It was the Sabbath

5805. Jesus said the kingdom of heaven is like which seed, the smallest of all seeds?

A). A mustard seed B). A wheat seed C). A fig seed D). A barley seed

5806. Jesus said the kingdom of heaven is like what, mixed into a large amount of flour until it worked all through the dough?

A). Salt B). Oil C). Honey D). Yeast

5807. In Jesus' explanation of the parable of the weeds, who is the enemy who sows the weeds?

A). The Pharisees B). The Romans C). The devil D). False prophets

5808. In the parable of the weeds, who are the harvesters?

A). Apostles B). Angels C). Priests D). Kings

5809. Complete: "Then the righteous will shine like the _____ in the kingdom of their Father."

A). sun B). stars C). moon D). lamp

5810. In the parable of the hidden treasure, what did the man do after finding treasure in a field?

A). Told the owner B). Took the treasure and ran C). Left it there
D). Sold all he had and bought that field

5811. Jesus said the kingdom of heaven is like what kind of person looking for fine pearls?

A). A fisherman B). A king C). A merchant D). A farmer

5812. In the parable of the net, what did the fishermen do with the bad fish?

A). Kept them in baskets B). Threw them away C). Sold them
D). Gave them to the poor

5813. Jesus said at the end of the age, who will separate the wicked from the righteous?

A). The angels B). The disciples C). The priests D). The people themselves

5814. When Jesus taught in his hometown, what did the people ask?

A). "Isn't this the son of a priest?" B). "Isn't this a prophet from Egypt?"
C). "Isn't this the son of Herod?" D). "Isn't this the carpenter's son?"

5815. Which of these names is listed as one of Jesus' brothers in Matthew 13?

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Simon D). Thomas

5816. Complete: "A prophet is not without honor except in his own _____ and in his own home."

A). country B). town C). family D). temple

5817. Why did Jesus not do many miracles in his hometown?

A). Because of their lack of faith B). Because it was the Sabbath
C). Because he was too tired D). Because the disciples were away

5818. When Herod the tetrarch heard reports about Jesus, who did he think Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). An angel D). John the Baptist risen from the dead

5819. After John was beheaded, who took his body and buried it, then went and told Jesus?

A). John's disciples B). Herod's soldiers C). Jesus' disciples D). The chief priests

5820. When the crowds followed Jesus to a solitary place, how did he respond?

A). He sent them away B). He hid from them C). He asked them for food
D). He had compassion on them and healed their sick

5821. When the disciples wanted to send the crowd away, what did Jesus say? "They do not need to go away. You give them something to _____."

A). drink B). wear C). eat D). do

5822. How much food did the disciples have when Jesus fed the five thousand?

A). Two loaves and five fish B). Five loaves of bread and two fish
C). Seven loaves and a few fish D). Twelve loaves and one fish

5823. Before breaking the loaves, what did Jesus do?

A). He looked up to heaven and gave thanks B). He asked the crowd to pay
C). He sent the disciples to buy more D). He washed the bread

5824. How many basketfuls of broken pieces were left over after the five thousand were fed?

A). Seven B). Five C). Two D). Twelve

5825. How does Matthew describe the number of people who ate?

A). Exactly five thousand people in all B). About four thousand families
C). About five thousand men, besides women and children D). Five hundred men

5826. After sending the crowd away, what did Jesus go up on a mountainside to do?

A). Sleep B). Pray by himself C). Meet with Moses D). Teach the disciples

5827. When did Jesus go out to the disciples, walking on the lake?

A). Shortly before dawn B). At noon C). At sunset D). At midnight

5828. When the disciples saw Jesus walking on the lake, what did they think he was?

A). An angel B). A fisherman C). Elijah D). A ghost

5829. Complete Jesus' words to the frightened disciples: "Take courage! It is I. Don't be _____."

A). sad B). late C). afraid D). silent

5830. Which disciple got out of the boat and walked on the water toward Jesus?

A). John B). Peter C). Andrew D). Thomas

5831. Complete Jesus' words to Peter: "You of little faith, why did you _____?"

A). run B). shout C). stop D). doubt

5832. After the wind died down, what did those in the boat say as they worshiped Jesus?

A). "You are the son of David." B). "You are a great prophet."
C). "Truly you are the Son of God." D). "You are Elijah."

5833. After crossing over the lake, where did Jesus and his disciples land?

A). Capernaum B). Gennesaret C). Bethsaida D). Tiberias

5834. At Gennesaret, what did the sick beg to touch?

A). The edge of his cloak B). His hands C). His sandals D). His staff

5835. The Pharisees and teachers of the law from Jerusalem complained that Jesus' disciples did not do what before eating?

A). Wash their hands B). Pray C). Give thanks D). Offer a sacrifice

5836. How did Jesus answer the charge that his disciples broke the tradition of the elders?

A). He told the disciples to wash B). He said traditions are always right
C). He gave no answer
D). He asked why they broke the command of God for the sake of their tradition

5837. Which command did Jesus say the Pharisees set aside by saying a gift was "devoted to God"?

A). Do not steal B). Keep the Sabbath holy C). Honor your father and mother
D). Do not murder

5838. Complete the words from Isaiah that Jesus quoted: "These people honor me with their lips, but their _____ are far from me."

A). feet B). hearts C). eyes D). hands

5839. Jesus said what defiles a person?

A). What comes out of their mouth B). What goes into their mouth
C). Unwashed hands D). Eating with Gentiles

5840. Jesus said if the blind lead the blind, what will happen?

A). They will find the way B). They will reach the city C). One will see again
D). Both will fall into a pit

5841. Jesus said what will happen to every plant his heavenly Father has not planted?

A). It will grow very tall B). It will be watered C). It will be pulled up by the roots
D). It will be moved to good soil

5842. Which disciple asked Jesus, "Explain the parable to us"?

A). John B). Peter C). James D). Philip

5843. Jesus said evil thoughts, murder, theft and slander come out of where?

A). The heart B). The stomach C). The hands D). The eyes

5844. Jesus withdrew to the region of which two cities?

A). Sodom and Gomorrah B). Bethsaida and Chorazin C). Jericho and Bethany
D). Tyre and Sidon

5845. Who cried out to Jesus, "Lord, Son of David, have mercy on me!" in the region of Tyre and Sidon?

A). A Samaritan woman B). A Roman centurion C). A Canaanite woman
D). A blind beggar

5846. How did Jesus first respond to the Canaanite woman's cry?

A). He did not answer a word B). He healed her daughter at once
C). He sent her to the priest D). He told her to go home

5847. What did Jesus say about the Canaanite woman before healing her daughter?

A). "Woman, you have little faith." B). "Woman, go and sin no more."
C). "Woman, you have great faith!" D). "Woman, wait until tomorrow."

5848. When the crowds saw the lame walking and the blind seeing on the mountainside, what did they do?

A). Ran away in fear B). Praised the God of Israel C). Asked Jesus to leave
D). Argued with the Pharisees

5849. Before feeding the four thousand, how long did Jesus say the crowd had already been with him?

A). Three days B). One day C). Seven days D). Forty days

5850. How much food did the disciples have when Jesus fed the four thousand?

A). Five loaves and two fish B). Twelve loaves C). Three loaves and seven fish
D). Seven loaves and a few small fish

5851. How many basketfuls of broken pieces were left over after the four thousand were fed?

A). Twelve B). Four C). Seven D). Five

5852. How many men ate at the second feeding, besides women and children?

A). Five thousand B). Four thousand C). Three thousand D). Seven thousand

5853. After feeding the four thousand, Jesus got into a boat and went to the vicinity of which place?

A). Magadan B). Capernaum C). Gennesaret D). Bethsaida

5854. What did the Pharisees and Sadducees ask Jesus to show them, to test him?

A). A scroll of the law B). A sign from heaven C). His family records
D). A gift of money

5855. Jesus said the Pharisees and Sadducees knew how to interpret the sky. What could they not interpret?

A). The signs of the times B). The law of Moses C). The stars
D). The weather at sea

5856. According to Jesus, what do people say when the sky is red in the evening?

A). "A storm is coming" B). "It will snow" C). "The harvest is ready"
D). "It will be fair weather"

5857. When the disciples crossed the lake, what had they forgotten to take?

A). Their nets B). Water C). Bread D). Their cloaks

5858. Jesus told his disciples to be on guard against the yeast of which groups?

A). The Romans and Greeks B). The Pharisees and Sadducees
C). The tax collectors and sinners D). The Samaritans and Canaanites

5859. What did the disciples finally understand Jesus meant by the "yeast" of the Pharisees and Sadducees?

A). Their teaching B). Their bread C). Their money D). Their clothing

5860. In which region did Jesus ask his disciples, "Who do people say the Son of Man is?"

A). Samaria B). Decapolis C). Judea D). Caesarea Philippi

5861. Which prophet's name did the disciples include when telling Jesus who people said he was?

A). Daniel B). Ezekiel C). Jeremiah D). Jonah

5862. Complete Peter's answer: "You are the Messiah, the Son of the _____ God."

A). holy B). living C). most high D). mighty

5863. Jesus said who had revealed to Peter that Jesus is the Messiah?

A). His Father in heaven B). The other disciples C). John the Baptist
D). The prophets' scrolls

5864. Jesus called Peter "Simon son of" whom?

A). Zebedee B). Alphaeus C). Joseph D). Jonah

5865. Complete: "And I tell you that you are Peter, and on this rock I will build my _____."

A). temple B). kingdom C). church D). house

5866. Jesus said what will not overcome his church?

A). The armies of Rome B). The gates of Hades C). The teachers of the law
D). The storms of the sea

5867. Jesus said he would give Peter the keys of what?

A). The kingdom of heaven B). The temple C). Jerusalem D). The synagogue

5868. After Peter's answer, what did Jesus order his disciples not to tell anyone?

A). Where he was going B). What they had eaten C). Who his family was
D). That he was the Messiah

5869. Jesus explained that he must go to Jerusalem, suffer and be killed. What did he say would happen on the third day?

A). He would leave for Galilee B). He would be crowned king
C). He would be raised to life D). He would build the temple

5870. When Jesus spoke of his death, Peter took him aside and rebuked him. Complete Peter's words: "_____, Lord! This shall never happen to you!"

A). Please B). Never C). Wait D). Surely

5871. Complete Jesus' reply to Peter: "Get behind me, _____!"

A). Satan B). Simon C). Peter D). tempter

5872. Why did Jesus call Peter a stumbling block?

A). He had fallen asleep B). He had denied Jesus C). He wanted to go home
D). He did not have in mind the concerns of God, but merely human concerns

5873. Jesus said whoever wants to be his disciple must do what before taking up their cross?

A). Sell their house B). Leave their country C). Deny themselves
D). Fast forty days

5874. Complete: "What good will it be for someone to gain the whole _____, yet forfeit their soul?"

A). kingdom B). world C). temple D). city

5875. Jesus said when the Son of Man comes in his Father's glory with his angels, what will he do?

A). Reward each person according to what they have done B). Rebuild the temple
C). Free Israel from Rome D). Call new prophets

5876. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain with him?

A). Peter, Andrew and Philip B). James, Thomas and Matthew C). Peter, James and John
D). John, Judas and Simon

5877. When Jesus was transfigured, his face shone like what?

A). The moon B). The sun C). A lamp D). Fire

5878. Which two men appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Moses and Elijah B). Abraham and David C). Isaiah and Jeremiah
D). Noah and Daniel

5879. What did Peter offer to put up on the mountain?

A). An altar B). A tent for the crowd C). A stone pillar D). Three shelters

5880. What covered them on the mountain while Peter was still speaking?

A). Thick darkness B). A strong wind C). A bright cloud D). A pillar of fire

5881. Complete the end of what the voice from the cloud said: "This is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well pleased. _____ to him!"

A). Bow B). Listen C). Sing D). Pray

5882. When the disciples fell facedown in terror, what did Jesus do?

A). He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid." B). He left them on the mountain
C). He called Moses back D). He told them to keep praying

5883. Until when did Jesus tell the three disciples not to tell anyone what they had seen?

A). Until they reached Jerusalem B). Until the next Passover
C). Until John the Baptist was freed D). Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

5884. Jesus said Elijah had already come, but people did not recognize him. Whom did the disciples understand him to mean?

A). Moses B). Isaiah C). John the Baptist D). Peter

5885. The father said his son had seizures and often fell into what?

A). A deep pit B). The fire or the water C). A thorn bush D). The road

5886. Whom had the father first asked to heal his son, without success?

A). Jesus' disciples B). The priests C). A doctor D). The Pharisees

5887. When was the boy healed after Jesus rebuked the demon?

A). The next day B). After seven days C). When he got home D). At that moment

5888. Why did Jesus say the disciples could not drive out the demon?

A). Because it was the Sabbath B). Because they forgot the words
C). Because they had so little faith D). Because the boy was too young

5889. Jesus said with faith as small as a mustard seed, you could say what to a mountain?

A). "Be split in two" B). "Move from here to there" C). "Turn into gold"
D). "Fall into the sea"

5890. When Jesus told them in Galilee that he would be killed and raised on the third day, how did the disciples feel?

A). They were filled with grief B). They were joyful C). They were angry
D). They did not care

5891. In Capernaum, what did the collectors ask Peter about Jesus?

A). Whether he kept the Sabbath B). Whether he was from Nazareth
C). Whether he would heal them D). Whether he paid the temple tax

5892. In Jesus' question about kings collecting taxes, who did he say are exempt?

A). The servants B). The soldiers C). The children D). The foreigners

5893. Where did Jesus tell Peter he would find a coin to pay the tax?

A). Under a rock B). In the mouth of the first fish he caught C). In his own pocket
D). In the temple box

5894. Why did Jesus pay the temple tax even though the children are exempt?

A). So that they may not cause offense B). Because he owed money
C). Because Peter insisted D). Because the law of Rome required it

5895. What question did the disciples ask Jesus at the start of Matthew 18?

A). "When will the kingdom come?" B). "Where should we go next?"
C). "How should we pray?" D). "Who, then, is the greatest in the kingdom of heaven?"

5896. Whom did Jesus call and place among the disciples to answer their question?

A). A tax collector B). A Pharisee C). A little child D). A Roman soldier

5897. Complete: "Unless you change and become like little _____, you will never enter the kingdom of heaven."

A). lambs B). children C). servants D). birds

5898. According to Jesus, who is the greatest in the kingdom of heaven?

A). Whoever takes the lowly position of this child B). Whoever knows the most law
C). Whoever is the oldest D). Whoever has the most followers

5899. Jesus said whoever welcomes one such child in his name welcomes whom?

A). Moses B). The angels C). The prophets D). Jesus himself

5900. Jesus said it would be better for someone who causes a little one to stumble to have what hung around their neck and be drowned?

A). A heavy chain B). A bag of sand C). A large millstone D). An iron bar

5901. What did Jesus say to do if your hand or foot causes you to stumble?

A). Wash it seven times B). Cut it off and throw it away C). Hide it D). Pray over it

5902. Jesus warned not to despise the little ones because their angels in heaven always do what?

A). See the face of his Father in heaven B). Sing praises day and night
C). Write down their deeds D). Guard the gates

5903. In Jesus' parable, how many sheep does the man leave on the hills to look for the one that wandered off?

A). Forty B). Ten C). Twelve D). Ninety-nine

5904. What did Jesus say the Father in heaven is not willing for?

A). That anyone should be poor B). That the sheep be sold
C). That any of these little ones should perish D). That anyone should work

5905. If your brother or sister sins, what is the first step Jesus said to take?

A). Tell the whole church B). Go and point out their fault, just between the two of you
C). Bring them to the judge D). Stop speaking to them

5906. If the person will not listen, what is the second step?

A). Take one or two others along B). Write a letter C). Tell their family
D). Wait seven days

5907. If the person still refuses to listen to the witnesses, whom should you tell next?

A). The king B). The priests C). The Romans D). The church

5908. Complete: "For where two or three gather in my _____, there am I with them."

A). house B). temple C). name D). city

5909. Which disciple asked Jesus how many times he should forgive a brother or sister who sins against him?

A). John B). Peter C). Thomas D). Andrew

5910. How many times did Jesus tell Peter to forgive?

A). Seventy-seven times B). Seven times C). Three times D). Twelve times

5911. In the parable of the unmerciful servant, how much did the first servant owe the king?

A). A hundred silver coins B). One gold coin C). Fifty pieces of silver
D). Ten thousand bags of gold

5912. When the servant begged, "Be patient with me," what did the master do?

A). Gave him more time only B). Threw him into prison
C). Took pity on him, canceled the debt and let him go D). Sold his family

5913. How much did the fellow servant owe the forgiven servant?

A). Ten thousand bags of gold B). A hundred silver coins C). A thousand talents
D). Seven gold rings

5914. What did the forgiven servant do to the fellow servant who could not pay?

A). Had him thrown into prison B). Forgave him C). Gave him a job
D). Took him to the temple

5915. Complete the master's words: "Shouldn't you have had _____ on your fellow servant just as I had on you?"

A). patience B). love C). pity D). mercy

5916. What lesson did Jesus give at the end of the parable of the unmerciful servant?

A). We should never lend money B). Servants must obey their masters
C). The Father will treat us the same way unless we forgive our brother or sister from the heart
D). Debts should be paid quickly

5917. After leaving Galilee, where did Jesus go?

A). The region of Judea to the other side of the Jordan B). Samaria C). Tyre and Sidon
D). Egypt

5918. What question did some Pharisees ask Jesus to test him?

A). Whether to pay taxes to Caesar B). Which commandment is greatest
C). Who is the greatest in the kingdom
D). Whether it is lawful for a man to divorce his wife for any and every reason

5919. In answering about marriage, what did Jesus say the Creator did at the beginning?

A). Gave them the law B). Planted a garden C). Made them male and female
D). Made a covenant with Abraham

5920. Complete: "A man will leave his father and mother and be united to his wife, and the two will become one _____."

A). family B). flesh C). heart D). home

5921. Complete: "Therefore what God has joined together, let no one _____."

A). separate B). forget C). judge D). change

5922. Why did Jesus say Moses permitted divorce?

A). Because God commanded it at creation B). Because the priests asked for it
C). Because of a famine D). Because their hearts were hard

5923. Why were little children brought to Jesus?

A). To be healed of leprosy B). To learn to fish
C). For him to place his hands on them and pray for them D). To be baptized in the Jordan

5924. Who rebuked the people for bringing little children to Jesus?

A). The Pharisees B). The disciples C). The parents D). The soldiers

5925. Complete: "Let the little children come to me, and do not hinder them, for the kingdom of heaven belongs to such as _____."

A). these B). you C). kings D). saints

5926. What did the man who came to Jesus ask him?

A). "Teacher, where do you live?" B). "Teacher, can you heal my son?"
C). "Teacher, should we pay taxes?"
D). "Teacher, what good thing must I do to get eternal life?"

5927. How did Jesus first answer the man's question about what is good?

A). "You are already good." B). "Ask the priests." C). "There is only One who is good."
D). "Goodness comes from riches."

5928. Among the commandments Jesus listed for the young man was: "Love your _____ as yourself."

A). enemy B). neighbor C). brother D). friend

5929. After saying he had kept all the commandments, what did the young man ask?

A). "What do I still lack?" B). "Can I be your disciple?" C). "Where is your home?"
D). "Who is my neighbor?"

5930. What did Jesus tell the young man to do if he wanted to be perfect?

A). Give a tenth of his money B). Fast for forty days C). Build a synagogue
D). Sell his possessions, give to the poor, and follow Jesus

5931. Why did the young man go away sad?

A). His father had died B). Jesus refused to teach him C). He had great wealth
D). He was sick

5932. Jesus said it is easier for what to go through the eye of a needle than for someone rich to enter the kingdom of God?

A). A horse B). A camel C). A donkey D). An elephant

5933. Complete: "With man this is impossible, but with God all things are _____."

A). possible B). good C). known D). new

5934. Who said to Jesus, "We have left everything to follow you! What then will there be for us?"

A). James B). Judas Iscariot C). Matthew D). Peter

5935. Jesus said the disciples would sit on twelve thrones judging whom?

A). The nations of the world B). The angels C). The twelve tribes of Israel
D). The Roman rulers

5936. Jesus said everyone who has left homes or family for his sake will receive how much, and inherit eternal life?

A). Twice as much B). A hundred times as much C). Seven times as much
D). The same amount

5937. Complete: "But many who are first will be last, and many who are last will be _____."

A). first B). lost C). great D). saved

5938. In Jesus' parable, the landowner went out early in the morning to hire workers for what?

A). His fishing boat B). His vineyard C). His house D). His flock

5939. How much did the landowner agree to pay the first workers for the day?

A). A denarius B). Ten silver coins C). A gold coin D). Half a shekel

5940. Where did the landowner find other workers standing around doing nothing?

A). At the temple B). By the lake C). At the city gate D). In the marketplace

5941. When the landowner asked the last workers why they had been standing all day doing nothing, what did they answer?

A). "Because we were tired." B). "Because it was too hot."
C). "Because no one has hired us." D). "Because we were waiting for you."

5942. When evening came, in what order did the foreman pay the workers?

A). Beginning with the first ones hired
B). Beginning with the last ones hired and going on to the first C). All at the same time
D). By age, oldest first

5943. How much did the workers who started at five in the afternoon receive?

A). A denarius B). Nothing C). A tenth of a denarius D). Half a denarius

5944. Why did the first workers grumble against the landowner?

A). They were paid less than agreed B). They were not paid at all
C). The landowner was late
D). They had worked all day in the heat but were paid the same as those who worked one hour

5945. Complete the landowner's question: "Or are you envious because I am _____?"

A). rich B). kind C). generous D). fair

5946. On the way up to Jerusalem, Jesus said the Son of Man would be handed over to the Gentiles to be mocked, flogged and what?

A). Stoned B). Crucified C). Imprisoned D). Exiled

5947. Who came to Jesus kneeling with her sons to ask a favor?

A). The mother of Zebedee's sons B). Mary Magdalene C). Peter's mother-in-law
D). Martha

5948. What did the mother of Zebedee's sons ask Jesus?

A). That her sons be healed B). That Jesus visit her home
C). That her sons become priests
D). That her two sons sit at his right and left in his kingdom

5949. Complete Jesus' question to James and John: "Can you drink the _____ I am going to drink?"

A). wine B). water C). cup D). bitter herbs

5950. Jesus said the places at his right and left belong to whom?

A). Peter and Andrew B). Those for whom they have been prepared by his Father
C). Moses and Elijah D). Whoever asks first

5951. Complete: "Whoever wants to become great among you must be your _____."

A). leader B). teacher C). king D). servant

5952. Jesus said the Son of Man did not come to be served, but to serve and to give his life as what?

A). An example for kings B). A gift to the temple C). A ransom for many
D). A sign to the Pharisees

5953. As Jesus and his disciples were leaving which city did two blind men call out to him from the roadside?

A). Bethany B). Jericho C). Capernaum D). Nazareth

5954. When the crowd rebuked the two blind men and told them to be quiet, what did they do?

A). Shouted all the louder B). Went home C). Stopped calling
D). Followed the crowd

5955. When Jesus asked, "What do you want me to do for you?" the blind men answered, "Lord, we want our _____."

A). bread B). freedom C). money D). sight

5956. What did the two men do immediately after they received their sight?

A). They went to the temple B). They returned home C). They followed Jesus
D). They told the priests

5957. As Jesus approached Jerusalem, he came to Bethphage on which mountain?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Carmel C). The Mount of Olives D). Mount Zion

5958. What did Jesus tell two disciples they would find tied in the village ahead?

A). A horse B). A donkey with her colt C). A camel D). Two oxen

5959. What were the disciples to say if anyone questioned them? "The Lord _____ them."

A). needs B). wants C). owns D). blesses

5960. According to the prophecy Matthew quotes, how does the king come to Daughter Zion?

A). Mighty and riding a war horse B). With an army of angels C). In a golden chariot
D). Gentle and riding on a donkey

5961. What did the very large crowd spread on the road as Jesus rode into Jerusalem?

A). Flowers and gold B). Carpets and silk C). Their cloaks and branches from the trees
D). Sand and stones

5962. Complete the crowd's shout: "Hosanna to the Son of David! Blessed is he who comes in the _____ of the Lord!"

A). power B). name C). house D). glory

5963. When the whole city asked, "Who is this?" what did the crowds answer?

A). "This is Jesus, the prophet from Nazareth in Galilee." B). "This is the son of Herod."
C). "This is Elijah come back." D). "This is a teacher from Egypt."

5964. At the temple courts, whose tables did Jesus overturn?

A). The priests' B). The Pharisees' C). The tax collectors' D). The money changers'

5965. Complete: "My house will be called a house of _____, but you are making it 'a den of robbers.'"

A). praise B). peace C). prayer D). worship

5966. The chief priests were indignant when children shouted praise in the temple. What Scripture did Jesus quote in reply?

A). "Train up a child in the way he should go"
B). "From the lips of children and infants you, Lord, have called forth your praise"
C). "Let the little children come to me" D). "A child is born to us"

5967. After leaving the temple, where did Jesus go to spend the night?

A). Bethany B). Bethlehem C). Jericho D). Emmaus

5968. When Jesus found nothing but leaves on a fig tree, what happened after he spoke to it?

A). It grew fruit at once B). It was cut down C). It fell over
D). It withered immediately

5969. Complete: "If you believe, you will receive whatever you ask for in _____."

A). faith B). heaven C). prayer D). time

5970. What did the chief priests and elders ask Jesus in the temple courts?

A). "Where were you born?" B). "By what authority are you doing these things?"
C). "Who are your parents?" D). "Why do you not fast?"

5971. What question did Jesus ask the chief priests and elders in return?

A). Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin
B). Whether Moses wrote the law C). Who built the temple
D). Whether they kept the Sabbath

5972. How did the leaders answer Jesus' question about John's baptism?

A). "From heaven." B). "Of human origin." C). "From Moses."
D). "We don't know."

5973. In the parable of the two sons, which son did what his father wanted?

A). The second, who said "I will" but did not go B). Neither son
C). The first, who said "I will not" but later changed his mind and went D). Both sons

5974. Jesus told the chief priests and elders that which people were entering the kingdom of God ahead of them?

A). The Romans and the Greeks B). The tax collectors and the prostitutes
C). The Samaritans D). The priests and the Levites

5975. In the parable of the tenants, what did the landowner build in his vineyard?

A). A watchtower B). A synagogue C). A palace D). A stable

5976. What did the tenants do to the servants the landowner sent to collect his fruit?

A). Welcomed them B). Paid them C). Sent them away with gifts
D). Beat one, killed another and stoned a third

5977. Last of all, whom did the landowner send to the tenants?

A). His wife B). His steward C). His son D). His soldiers

5978. Complete: "The stone the builders rejected has become the _____."

A). foundation B). cornerstone C). altar D). gate

5979. Jesus said the kingdom of God would be taken away from the leaders and given to whom?

A). A people who will produce its fruit B). The Roman rulers C). The angels
D). Jesus' family

5980. Why did the chief priests and Pharisees not arrest Jesus after these parables?

A). They agreed with him B). They could not find him C). It was the Sabbath
D). They were afraid of the crowd, who held that he was a prophet

5981. In Jesus' parable, the kingdom of heaven is like a king who prepared what for his son?

A). A new palace B). A great army C). A birthday feast D). A wedding banquet

5982. What did the invited guests do when the king's servants called them to the banquet?

A). They came at once B). They sent gifts C). They refused to come
D). They asked for more time

5983. Where did some of the invited guests go instead of coming to the banquet?

A). To the temple B). One to his field, another to his business C). To another wedding
D). To the market and the lake

5984. How did the king respond after the invited guests mistreated and killed his servants?

A). He sent his army, destroyed those murderers and burned their city B). He forgave them
C). He canceled the wedding D). He invited them again

5985. Where did the king send his servants to invite anyone they could find?

A). The temple courts B). The royal palace C). The fishing villages
D). The street corners

5986. What was wrong with one man the king saw at the wedding banquet?

A). He came without a gift B). He arrived late C). He was not wearing wedding clothes
D). He sat in the king's seat

5987. Complete: "For many are invited, but few are _____."

A). saved B). chosen C). ready D). worthy

5988. The Pharisees sent their disciples to Jesus along with which other group?

A). The Herodians B). The Sadducees C). The Zealots D). The priests

5989. What question did they ask to trap Jesus?

A). Whether to keep the Sabbath B). Who is the greatest prophet
C). Where the Messiah would be born
D). Whether it is right to pay the imperial tax to Caesar

5990. What did Jesus ask them to show him?

A). The scroll of the law B). Their tax records C). The coin used for paying the tax
D). Caesar's letter

5991. Whose image and inscription were on the coin?

A). Herod's B). Caesar's C). Pilate's D). David's

5992. Complete: "So give back to Caesar what is Caesar's, and to _____ what is God's."

A). God B). the poor C). the temple D). the priests

5993. Which group, who say there is no resurrection, came to Jesus with a question?

A). The Pharisees B). The Herodians C). The scribes D). The Sadducees

5994. In the Sadducees' question, how many brothers had married the same woman?

A). Three B). Five C). Seven D). Twelve

5995. Jesus told the Sadducees they were in error because they did not know what?

A). The law of Rome B). The Scriptures or the power of God
C). Their own family history D). The prophets' names

5996. Jesus said at the resurrection people will neither marry nor be given in marriage. What will they be like?

A). The angels in heaven B). Little children C). The prophets D). The stars

5997. Complete Jesus' words about God: "He is not the God of the dead but of the _____."

A). faithful B). righteous C). chosen D). living

5998. What did an expert in the law ask Jesus to test him?

A). "Teacher, who wrote the Law?" B). "Teacher, how often should we pray?"
C). "Teacher, which is the greatest commandment in the Law?"
D). "Teacher, what is the Sabbath for?"

5999. Complete the greatest commandment: "Love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your _____."

A). strength B). mind C). family D). money

6000. Jesus said what hangs on the two greatest commandments?

A). All the Law and the Prophets B). The temple and its sacrifices
C). The kingdom of Israel D). The traditions of the elders

6001. When Jesus asked the Pharisees, "Whose son is the Messiah?" what did they answer?

A). The son of Abraham B). The son of Moses C). The son of Joseph
D). The son of David

6002. What question did Jesus ask about David calling the Messiah "Lord"?

A). Why did David build the temple? B). Why did David fight Goliath?
C). If David calls him 'Lord,' how can he be his son? D). Who anointed David?

6003. What happened after Jesus asked the Pharisees about David's son?

A). They all became his disciples
B). No one could say a word, and no one dared ask him any more questions
C). They arrested him D). They praised his wisdom and left Jerusalem

6004. Jesus said the teachers of the law and the Pharisees sit in whose seat?

A). Moses' seat B). David's seat C). Aaron's seat D). Solomon's seat

6005. Why did Jesus tell people not to do what the teachers of the law and Pharisees do?

A). They teach too slowly B). They speak a different language C). They are too young
D). They do not practice what they preach

6006. Jesus said the teachers of the law and Pharisees tie up heavy loads and put them on people's shoulders. What do they themselves not do?

A). Read the law B). Go to the synagogue C). Lift a finger to move them
D). Pay their taxes

6007. Why did Jesus say the Pharisees make their phylacteries wide and the tassels on their garments long?

A). To keep them warm B). For people to see C). Because Moses commanded it
D). To carry money

6008. What did the Pharisees love to be called when greeted in the marketplaces?

A). Rabbi B). King C). Prophet D). Master of Israel

6009. Why did Jesus tell his followers not to be called 'Rabbi'?

A). Rabbis must be older B). It is a Roman title C). Only priests may use it
D). They have one Teacher, and they are all brothers

6010. Complete: "And do not call anyone on earth 'father,' for you have one Father, and he is in _____."

A). Jerusalem B). the temple C). heaven D). glory

6011. Jesus said his followers have one Instructor. Who is it?

A). Moses B). The Messiah C). The high priest D). John the Baptist

6012. Complete: "For those who exalt themselves will be humbled, and those who humble themselves will be _____."

A). exalted B). forgotten C). rich D). rewarded

6013. In his first woe, what did Jesus say the teachers of the law and Pharisees do to the kingdom of heaven?

A). Open it to everyone B). Build its walls C). Count its people
D). Shut the door in people's faces

6014. Jesus said the teachers of the law and Pharisees travel over land and sea to do what?

A). Collect taxes B). Find the lost tribes C). Win a single convert D). Buy spices

6015. The blind guides said swearing by the temple means nothing, but anyone who swears by what is bound by the oath?

A). The altar's stones B). The gold of the temple C). The priest's robe
D). The temple doors

6016. Jesus said the Pharisees give a tenth of which spices?

A). Mint, dill and cumin B). Salt, pepper and garlic C). Myrrh, aloes and cinnamon
D). Saffron, ginger and cloves

6017. What more important matters of the law did Jesus say the Pharisees had neglected?

A). Fasting, prayer and tithing B). Sabbath, feasts and sacrifices
C). Washing, dress and diet D). Justice, mercy and faithfulness

6018. Complete: "You blind guides! You strain out a gnat but swallow a _____."

A). horse B). fish C). camel D). lion

6019. Jesus said the Pharisees clean the outside of the cup and dish. What are they full of inside?

A). Water and wine B). Greed and self-indulgence C). Dust and dirt
D). Bread and oil

6020. Jesus compared the teachers of the law and Pharisees to what, beautiful outside but full of dead bones inside?

A). Whitewashed tombs B). Painted walls C). Golden boxes D). Empty jars

6021. Jesus spoke of righteous blood shed on earth, from the blood of righteous Abel to the blood of whom?

A). John the Baptist B). Isaiah son of Amoz C). Uriah the Hittite
D). Zechariah son of Berekiah

6022. Jesus cried out, "you who kill the prophets and stone those sent to you," to which city?

A). Capernaum B). Rome C). Jerusalem D). Babylon

6023. Jesus said he longed to gather Jerusalem's children together, as a _____ gathers her chicks under her wings.

A). dove B). hen C). eagle D). sparrow

6024. Complete: "Look, your house is left to you _____."

A). desolate B). empty C). broken D). forever

6025. When the disciples pointed out the temple buildings, what did Jesus say would happen to them?

A). They would be made of gold B). Not one stone would be left on another

C). They would last forever D). They would be moved to Galilee

6026. Where was Jesus sitting when the disciples asked him about the sign of his coming and the end of the age?

A). On the Mount of Olives B). In the temple courts C). In a boat D). At Bethany

6027. Complete Jesus' first warning: "Watch out that no one _____ you."

A). hurts B). follows C). judges D). deceives

6028. Jesus warned that many would come in his name claiming what?

A). "I am Elijah" B). "I am a king" C). "I am the Messiah" D). "I am an angel"

6029. What did Jesus say about hearing of wars and rumors of wars?

A). The end has come at once B). Such things must happen, but the end is still to come

C). They will never happen D). The disciples should join the armies

6030. Jesus called famines and earthquakes in various places the beginning of what?

A). Birth pains B). The harvest C). The new temple D). The kingdom

6031. Jesus said because of the increase of wickedness, what will happen to the love of most?

A). It will grow stronger B). It will stay the same C). It will turn to joy

D). It will grow cold

6032. What did Jesus say must happen before the end comes?

A). The temple will be rebuilt B). Every person will become rich

C). This gospel of the kingdom will be preached in the whole world

D). The disciples will rule Rome

6033. Jesus said 'the abomination that causes desolation' was spoken of through which prophet?

A). Ezekiel B). Daniel C). Isaiah D). Zechariah

6034. Jesus said those in Judea should flee to where?

A). The mountains B). The sea C). The desert of Egypt D). The temple

6035. Jesus told them to pray that their flight would not take place when?

A). At night or at dawn B). In summer or at Passover C). In spring or at harvest

D). In winter or on the Sabbath

6036. What did Jesus say false messiahs and false prophets would do to deceive, if possible, even the elect?

A). Build great temples B). Write new scriptures C). Perform great signs and wonders D). Lead great armies

6037. Jesus compared the coming of the Son of Man to what, coming from the east and visible in the west?

A). The sunrise B). Lightning C). A shooting star D). A great fire

6038. What did Jesus say would happen to the sun after the distress of those days?

A). It will be darkened B). It will burn hotter C). It will stand still D). It will turn blue

6039. Jesus said people will see the Son of Man coming on what, with power and great glory?

A). A white horse B). A chariot of fire C). The waves of the sea D). The clouds of heaven

6040. Jesus said he will send his angels with a loud trumpet call to do what?

A). Destroy the temple B). Announce a new king C). Gather his elect from the four winds D). Open the gates of Hades

6041. What lesson did Jesus tell them to learn from the fig tree?

A). Figs ripen in winter B). When its leaves come out, summer is near C). Fig trees never die D). Fig trees need much water

6042. Complete: "Heaven and earth will pass away, but my _____ will never pass away."

A). words B). kingdom C). love D). people

6043. Jesus said who knows the day or hour of his coming?

A). The angels in heaven B). The Son C). The prophets D). Only the Father

6044. Jesus said the coming of the Son of Man will be like the days of whom?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Noah D). Lot

6045. Jesus said two women will be grinding with a hand mill. What will happen?

A). One will be taken and the other left B). Both will be taken C). Both will be left D). They will both run away

6046. Complete: "Therefore keep _____, because you do not know on what day your Lord will come."

A). praying B). working C). quiet D). watch

6047. Jesus said the Son of Man will come like a thief. When will he come?

A). At midnight on the Sabbath B). At the next Passover C). At an hour when you do not expect him D). At dawn on the first day

6048. What will the master do for the faithful and wise servant he finds doing his work when he returns?

A). Give him a day off B). Put him in charge of all his possessions C). Send him home
D). Make him a priest

6049. What did the wicked servant say to himself that led him to beat his fellow servants?

A). "My master is staying away a long time." B). "My master will never find out."
C). "My master has died." D). "My master is poor."

6050. In Jesus' parable, how many of the ten virgins were wise?

A). Three B). Seven C). Five D). Two

6051. What did the wise virgins take that the foolish ones did not?

A). Extra bread B). Oil in jars along with their lamps C). New clothes
D). Gifts for the bridegroom

6052. What happened to all ten virgins while the bridegroom was a long time in coming?

A). They became drowsy and fell asleep B). They went home C). They ate a meal
D). They sang songs

6053. At what time was the cry heard: "Here's the bridegroom! Come out to meet him!"?

A). At dawn B). At noon C). At sunset D). At midnight

6054. When the foolish virgins asked for oil, what did the wise virgins tell them to do?

A). Share one lamp together B). Wait in the dark
C). Go to those who sell oil and buy some D). Borrow from the bridegroom

6055. What happened while the foolish virgins were on their way to buy oil?

A). The bridegroom waited for them
B). The bridegroom arrived, the ready ones went in, and the door was shut
C). The wedding was canceled D). The wise virgins went with them

6056. When the foolish virgins cried, "Lord, Lord, open the door for us!" he replied, "Truly I tell you, I don't _____ you."

A). know B). see C). need D). want

6057. In the parable of the bags of gold, how many bags did the master give to the first servant?

A). Two B). One C). Ten D). Five

6058. On what basis did the master give each servant a different amount?

A). By drawing lots B). By their age C). According to each one's ability
D). By how long they had served

6059. What did the servant with two bags of gold do with them?

A). Hid them in the ground B). Gained two more C). Spent them
D). Gave them to the poor

6060. What did the servant who received one bag of gold do with it?

A). Dug a hole in the ground and hid it B). Put it in the bank C). Gave it to a friend
D). Lost it at sea

6061. Complete the master's praise: "Well done, good and _____ servant!"

A). wise B). strong C). humble D). faithful

6062. Because the servant was faithful with a few things, what did the master say he would do?

A). Let him go free B). Give him a house C). Put him in charge of many things
D). Send him on a journey

6063. Why did the servant with one bag say he hid the gold?

A). He said he forgot about it B). He said the master was a hard man and he was afraid
C). He said a thief was coming D). He said the bank was closed

6064. Complete the master's reply to the servant who hid the gold: "You wicked, _____ servant!"

A). lazy B). foolish C). proud D). sinful

6065. The master said the servant should at least have put his money on deposit with whom, to earn interest?

A). The priests B). The tax collectors C). His neighbors D). The bankers

6066. To whom did the master give the one bag of gold taken from the lazy servant?

A). The one who had four bags B). The poor C). The one who had ten bags
D). The bankers

6067. Jesus said the Son of Man will separate the nations as a shepherd separates what?

A). The lambs from the wolves B). The sheep from the goats
C). The wheat from the weeds D). The fish from the net

6068. On which side will the Son of Man put the sheep?

A). On his right B). On his left C). Behind him D). In front of him

6069. What did the King say had been prepared for the blessed since the creation of the world?

A). A new temple B). A great city C). A golden throne D). The kingdom

6070. Which of these did the King NOT list among the things the righteous did for him?

A). Gave him something to eat B). Looked after him when he was sick
C). Built him a house D). Visited him in prison

6071. Complete: "Whatever you did for one of the _____ of these brothers and sisters of mine, you did for me."

A). best B). least C). oldest D). first

6072. For whom did the King say the eternal fire was prepared?

A). The devil and his angels B). The goats only C). The kings of the earth
D). The Romans

6073. According to the last verse of Matthew 25, where will the righteous go?

A). To a new earth only B). To the temple C). To the wilderness D). To eternal life

6074. Jesus told his disciples that the Son of Man would be handed over to be crucified when which festival was two days away?

A). Festival of Tabernacles B). Pentecost C). Day of Atonement D). Passover

6075. What was the name of the high priest in whose palace the chief priests and elders schemed against Jesus?

A). Annas B). Eli C). Caiaphas D). Zadok

6076. In whose home in Bethany was Jesus when a woman poured perfume on his head?

A). Simon the Leper B). Lazarus C). Zacchaeus D). Simon the Pharisee

6077. What did the woman pour on Jesus' head?

A). Olive oil from a lamp B). Water from a well C). Wine from a cup
D). Very expensive perfume from an alabaster jar

6078. Why were the disciples indignant about the perfume?

A). They said it smelled bad B). They wanted it for themselves
C). They said it could have been sold and the money given to the poor
D). They said only priests could use it

6079. What did Jesus say the woman had done by pouring perfume on his body?

A). Made him king B). Prepared him for burial C). Healed his wounds
D). Cleansed the house

6080. How much did the chief priests pay Judas Iscariot to hand Jesus over?

A). Thirty pieces of silver B). Forty pieces of gold C). Ten silver coins
D). A hundred denarii

6081. Complete Jesus' message to the man in the city: "The Teacher says: My appointed _____ is near."

A). day B). place C). hour D). time

6082. When Jesus said, "One of you will betray me," what did the disciples begin to say one after the other?

A). "It must be Judas!" B). "We will fight for you!"
C). "Surely you don't mean me, Lord?" D). "Let us leave this place."

6083. How did Jesus describe the one who would betray him?

A). The one sitting at his right B). The one who dipped his hand into the bowl with him
C). The one who arrived last D). The one holding the money bag

6084. When Jesus broke the bread and gave it to his disciples, he said, "Take and eat; this is my _____."

A). body B). bread C). life D). gift

6085. Jesus said the cup was his blood of the covenant, poured out for many for what?

A). A long life B). The healing of Israel C). The building of the temple
D). The forgiveness of sins

6086. What did Jesus and his disciples do before going out to the Mount of Olives?

A). Washed their feet B). Fasted C). Sang a hymn D). Counted the money

6087. Complete the Scripture Jesus quoted: "I will strike the shepherd, and the _____ of the flock will be scattered."

A). lambs B). sheep C). goats D). shepherds

6088. Jesus told Peter that before the rooster crowed, Peter would disown him how many times?

A). Three B). Two C). Seven D). Once

6089. To which place did Jesus go with his disciples to pray?

A). Golgotha B). Bethany C). Emmaus D). Gethsemane

6090. Complete Jesus' words in Gethsemane: "My soul is overwhelmed with _____ to the point of death."

A). fear B). anger C). sorrow D). pain

6091. What did Jesus pray after asking that the cup be taken from him?

A). "Send your angels now." B). "Yet not as I will, but as you will."
C). "Give me strength to fight." D). "Let my disciples go free."

6092. Finding the disciples sleeping, Jesus said, "Watch and pray so that you will not fall into temptation. The spirit is willing, but the _____ is weak."

A). flesh B). heart C). mind D). body

6093. How many times did Jesus go away and pray in Gethsemane?

A). Two B). Four C). Seven D). Three

6094. What sign did Judas use to show the crowd which man was Jesus?

A). A wave of his hand B). Pointing with a torch C). A kiss

D). Calling his name loudly

6095. What did one of Jesus' companions cut off with his sword?

A). The hand of a soldier B). The ear of the high priest's servant

C). The rope binding Jesus D). The cloak of Judas

6096. Complete: "Put your sword back in its place, for all who draw the sword will _____ by the sword."

A). die B). win C). live D). rule

6097. Jesus said his Father would put at his disposal more than how many legions of angels?

A). Seven B). Three C). Forty D). Twelve

6098. What did all the disciples do after Jesus was arrested?

A). Fought the crowd B). Went with him to the trial C). Deserted him and fled

D). Hid in the garden and prayed

6099. What did two false witnesses claim Jesus had said?

A). "I will overthrow Caesar."

B). "I am able to destroy the temple of God and rebuild it in three days."

C). "I will burn Jerusalem." D). "I am greater than Moses."

6100. When the high priest charged Jesus under oath to say if he was the Messiah, how did Jesus answer?

A). "You have said so." B). "I am not." C). He remained silent

D). "Ask my disciples."

6101. What did the high priest do when he declared that Jesus had spoken blasphemy?

A). Threw down his staff B). Covered his face C). Left the room

D). Tore his clothes

6102. Who first said to Peter in the courtyard, "You also were with Jesus of Galilee"?

A). A soldier B). The high priest C). A servant girl D). A fisherman

6103. The people standing near Peter said they knew he was one of Jesus' followers because of what?

A). His clothes B). His accent C). His sword D). His fishing nets

6104. What happened immediately after Peter's third denial, and what did Peter do?

A). A rooster crowed, and Peter went outside and wept bitterly

B). An angel appeared, and Peter ran away C). The soldiers arrested Peter

D). Jesus called Peter by name

6105. To which governor did the chief priests and elders hand Jesus over?

A). Pilate B). Herod C). Felix D). Festus

6106. Pilate asked Jesus, "Are you the king of the _____?"

A). Galileans B). Romans C). nations D). Jews

6107. Why was Pilate greatly amazed?

A). Jesus called down angels B). The crowd defended Jesus

C). Jesus made no reply, not even to a single charge D). Jesus spoke Latin

6108. Why did Pilate know the leaders had handed Jesus over?

A). Out of self-interest B). Because Jesus broke Roman law

C). Because Herod ordered it D). Because Jesus wanted it

6109. When Pilate asked what to do with Jesus, what did the crowd answer? "_____ him!"

A). Release B). Crown C). Crucify D). Stone

6110. What did Pilate do in front of the crowd to show he was innocent of Jesus' blood?

A). Tore his robe B). Washed his hands with water C). Threw down his staff

D). Wrote a letter

6111. What did the soldiers twist together and set on Jesus' head?

A). A crown of thorns B). A crown of gold C). A cloth of linen

D). A wreath of olive leaves

6112. What color robe did the soldiers put on Jesus?

A). White B). Purple C). Black D). Scarlet

6113. Who was forced to carry Jesus' cross?

A). Joseph of Arimathea B). Peter C). Simon from Cyrene D). A Roman soldier

6114. What does the name Golgotha mean?

A). The hill of olives B). The place of the skull C). The valley of tears

D). The garden of sorrow

6115. What did Jesus do when he was offered wine mixed with gall?

A). After tasting it, he refused to drink it B). He drank it all

C). He poured it on the ground D). He gave it to the soldiers

6116. How did the soldiers divide Jesus' clothes?

A). By age B). By tearing them C). By asking Pilate D). By casting lots

6117. Complete the written charge placed above Jesus' head: "THIS IS JESUS, THE _____ OF THE JEWS."

A). PROPHET B). SAVIOR C). KING D). TEACHER

6118. Who were crucified with Jesus, one on his right and one on his left?

A). Two disciples B). Two rebels C). Two Pharisees D). Two soldiers

6119. How did the chief priests mock Jesus on the cross?

A). "He saved others, but he can't save himself!" B). "He never healed anyone!"
C). "He is not from Galilee!" D). "He broke the Sabbath!"

6120. From what time until what time did darkness come over all the land?

A). From dawn until noon B). From three until sunset C). All night long
D). From noon until three in the afternoon

6121. Complete Jesus' cry: "My God, my God, why have you _____ me?"

A). forgotten B). rejected C). forsaken D). left

6122. When Jesus cried out "Eli, Eli," whom did some bystanders think he was calling?

A). Elisha B). Elijah C). Eli the priest D). Elizabeth

6123. At the moment Jesus died, what happened to the curtain of the temple?

A). It was torn in two from top to bottom B). It caught fire C). It fell to the ground
D). It turned black

6124. Complete the centurion's words after the earthquake: "Surely he was the _____ of God!"

A). Servant B). Prophet C). Lamb D). Son

6125. Why did the chief priests and Pharisees ask Pilate to make the tomb secure?

A). They feared robbers B). Pilate's wife had asked
C). They wanted to bury others there D). Jesus had said he would rise again after three days

6126. How did they make the tomb secure?

A). By burying it in sand B). By chaining the door
C). By sealing the stone and posting the guard D). By building a wall

6127. What did the angel of the Lord do when he came down from heaven?

A). Broke the seal and left B). Opened the gates of Jerusalem C). Woke the guards
D). Rolled back the stone and sat on it

6128. How did the angel's clothes look?

A). Red as fire B). Gold like the sun C). White as snow D). Blue like the sky

6129. How did the guards react when they saw the angel?

A). They attacked the angel B). They shook with fear and became like dead men
C). They ran to tell Pilate D). They worshiped the angel

6130. Complete the angel's words: "He is not here; he has _____, just as he said."

A). risen B). gone C). left D). hidden

6131. The angel told the women that Jesus was going ahead of the disciples into which region?

A). Judea B). Samaria C). Decapolis D). Galilee

6132. When Jesus suddenly met the women and greeted them, what did they do?

A). Ran back to the tomb B). Clasped his feet and worshiped him
C). Asked him for a sign D). Told him to wait

6133. Complete Jesus' words to the women: "Go and tell my _____ to go to Galilee; there they will see me."

A). brothers B). friends C). servants D). family

6134. What story did the chief priests pay the soldiers to tell?

A). An angel took him away B). He was never buried C). The Romans moved his body
D). His disciples came during the night and stole him away while they were asleep

6135. Where did the eleven disciples go to meet Jesus?

A). To the temple in Jerusalem B). To the tomb
C). To the mountain in Galilee where Jesus told them to go D). To Bethany

6136. When the eleven saw Jesus on the mountain, what does Matthew say about their response?

A). They all ran away B). They worshiped him, but some doubted
C). They did not recognize him at all D). They asked him to stay forever

6137. Complete: "All _____ in heaven and on earth has been given to me."

A). authority B). glory C). power D). wisdom

6138. Jesus told his disciples to go and make disciples of whom?

A). Only Israel B). Only Galilee C). Only the poor D). All nations

6139. In whose name did Jesus tell the disciples to baptize?

A). Moses and Elijah B). Peter and the apostles
C). The Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit D). John the Baptist

6140. What did Jesus tell the disciples to teach the new disciples?

A). To keep all the traditions of the elders B). To obey everything he had commanded them
C). To build a new temple D). To fast every week

6141. Complete the last words of Matthew: "And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the _____."

A). age B). world C). day D). road

6142. Complete John's words: "After me comes the one more powerful than I, the straps of whose sandals I am not worthy to stoop down and ___."

A). carry B). untie C). wash D). polish

6143. John baptized with water. What did he say the one coming after him would baptize with?

A). Fire only B). Oil C). The Holy Spirit D). Blood

6144. In which river was Jesus baptized by John?

A). Jordan B). Nile C). Euphrates D). Kishon

6145. As Jesus came up out of the water, what came down on him like a dove?

A). An angel B). The Spirit C). A bright cloud D). Fire from heaven

6146. Complete the voice from heaven: "You are my Son, whom I love; with you I am well ___."

A). known B). pleased C). satisfied D). joined

6147. How long was Jesus in the wilderness being tempted by Satan?

A). Seven days B). Three days C). Forty days D). Twelve days

6148. Who attended Jesus while he was in the wilderness?

A). His disciples B). John the Baptist C). Angels D). His mother Mary

6149. When did Jesus go into Galilee proclaiming the good news of God?

A). After John was put in prison B). Before John began baptizing
C). After Jesus fed the five thousand D). After the Passover in Jerusalem

6150. Complete Jesus' words: "The time has come. The kingdom of God has come near. Repent and ___ the good news!"

A). hear B). believe C). share D). obey

6151. Which two brothers were casting a net into the lake when Jesus called them to follow him?

A). James and John B). Simon and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Matthew and Thomas

6152. Complete Jesus' words: "Come, follow me, and I will send you out to fish for ___."

A). food B). people C). treasure D). fish

6153. Why were the people in the Capernaum synagogue amazed at Jesus' teaching?

A). He taught as one who had authority, not as the teachers of the law
B). He read from a scroll no one had seen C). He spoke in many languages
D). He taught only in parables

6154. In the synagogue, what did the man with an impure spirit call Jesus?

A). The Son of David B). The Holy One of God C). The King of the Jews
D). The Lamb of God

6155. Whose mother-in-law did Jesus heal of a fever?

A). Simon's B). Jairus's C). Zebedee's D). Levi's

6156. Why did Jesus not let the demons speak?

A). They spoke in a strange language B). They knew who he was
C). They were telling lies about the disciples D). It was the Sabbath

6157. What did Jesus do very early in the morning in a solitary place?

A). He fished B). He slept C). He prayed D). He fasted

6158. When everyone was looking for Jesus, what did he say was the reason he had come?

A). To heal everyone in Capernaum B). To preach in the nearby villages also
C). To rest from the crowds D). To go up to Jerusalem

6159. Complete the words of the man with leprosy: "If you are ___, you can make me clean."

A). able B). willing C). holy D). here

6160. After healing the man with leprosy, what did Jesus tell him to do?

A). Tell everyone in the town B). Follow him as a disciple
C). Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded
D). Wash in the Jordan seven times

6161. What happened after the healed man began to spread the news freely?

A). Jesus went up to the temple B). The Pharisees arrested Jesus
C). Jesus could no longer enter a town openly D). The man was sent away by the priest

6162. In which town was Jesus preaching in a house so crowded there was no room even outside the door?

A). Nazareth B). Bethany C). Jericho D). Capernaum

6163. How many men carried the paralyzed man to Jesus?

A). Two B). Three C). Four D). Six

6164. How did the men get the paralyzed man to Jesus through the crowd?

A). They made an opening in the roof and lowered his mat
B). They pushed through the front door C). They waited until evening
D). They called Jesus outside

6165. When Jesus saw the men's faith, what did he first say to the paralyzed man?

A). Get up and walk B). Go, show yourself to the priest C). Your faith has healed you
D). Son, your sins are forgiven

6166. Why did some teachers of the law think Jesus was blaspheming?

A). He healed on the Sabbath B). He touched a sick man C). He ate with sinners
D). They believed only God can forgive sins

6167. Why did Jesus heal the paralyzed man in front of the teachers of the law?

A). To prove the man had faith B). To show the roof could be fixed
C). So the man could go to the temple
D). So they would know the Son of Man has authority on earth to forgive sins

6168. What did the healed man do in front of everyone?

A). He got up, took his mat and walked out B). He danced in the street
C). He climbed back onto the roof D). He followed Jesus to the lake

6169. Which tax collector did Jesus call while he was sitting at the tax collector's booth?

A). Zacchaeus B). Simon the Zealot C). Levi son of Alphaeus D). Nathanael

6170. What did the Pharisee teachers of the law complain about at Levi's house?

A). Jesus ate with tax collectors and sinners B). Jesus did not wash his hands
C). Jesus healed a man there D). Jesus sat at the head of the table

6171. Complete Jesus' words: "It is not the healthy who need a doctor, but the sick. I have not come to call the righteous, but ___."

A). the poor B). sinners C). the children D). the faithful

6172. Why did Jesus say his disciples did not fast while he was with them?

A). Fasting was no longer allowed B). Guests do not fast while the bridegroom is with them
C). They were too busy traveling D). They had already fasted forty days

6173. According to Jesus, what happens if new wine is poured into old wineskins?

A). The wine turns sour B). The wine bursts the skins and both are ruined
C). The skins become new D). The wine tastes better

6174. What did the Pharisees say the disciples were doing that was unlawful on the Sabbath?

A). Picking heads of grain B). Carrying their mats C). Fishing on the lake
D). Healing the sick

6175. Which Old Testament king did Jesus mention who ate the consecrated bread when he and his companions were hungry?

A). Saul B). Solomon C). David D). Hezekiah

6176. Complete Jesus' words: "The Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath. So the Son of Man is Lord even of the ___."

A). temple B). law C). Sabbath D). priests

6177. In the synagogue, what was wrong with the man Jesus healed on the Sabbath?

A). He was blind B). He could not hear C). He had a shriveled hand
D). He had leprosy

6178. Why were some people in the synagogue watching Jesus closely?

A). To see if he would heal on the Sabbath so they could accuse him B). To learn how to heal
C). To hear him read the scroll D). To ask him to stay in their town

6179. Complete Jesus' question: "Which is lawful on the Sabbath: to do good or to do evil, to save life or to ___?"

A). rest B). work C). fast D). kill

6180. How did Jesus feel when the people in the synagogue stayed silent?

A). Happy and joyful B). Angry and deeply distressed at their stubborn hearts
C). Afraid of the Pharisees D). Tired and wanting to rest

6181. After the healing, with whom did the Pharisees begin to plot how they might kill Jesus?

A). The Romans B). The priests of Samaria C). The tax collectors
D). The Herodians

6182. Why did Jesus ask his disciples to have a small boat ready?

A). To go fishing B). To escape the Pharisees C). To keep the crowd from crowding him
D). To cross to Jerusalem

6183. When impure spirits saw Jesus, what did they cry out?

A). You are the Son of God B). You are the son of Joseph
C). You are a prophet like Elijah D). You are the king of Galilee

6184. How many apostles did Jesus appoint on the mountainside?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Seventy D). Three

6185. For what purposes did Jesus appoint the twelve?

A). To collect taxes and guard the temple B). To write down his teachings in books
C). To be with him, to preach, and to have authority to drive out demons
D). To lead the synagogues of Galilee

6186. What new name did Jesus give to Simon?

A). Andrew B). Thaddaeus C). Barnabas D). Peter

6187. What name did Jesus give to James and John, the sons of Zebedee?

A). Boanerges B). Bartimaeus C). Barabbas D). Bethsaida

6188. Which of the twelve apostles later betrayed Jesus?

A). Thomas B). Judas Iscariot C). Matthew D). Philip

6189. Who went to take charge of Jesus because they said, "He is out of his mind"?

A). The Pharisees B). The Roman soldiers C). His disciples D). His family

6190. The teachers of the law from Jerusalem said Jesus drove out demons by the prince of demons. What name did they use?

A). Beelzebul B). Baal C). Legion D). Dagon

6191. What point did Jesus make by saying a kingdom divided against itself cannot stand?

A). Israel would split into two kingdoms B). His disciples should not argue
C). Satan would not drive out Satan D). Rome would soon fall

6192. According to Jesus, what must someone do before they can plunder a strong man's house?

A). Wait until night B). Tie up the strong man C). Bring many friends
D). Pay the strong man

6193. What did Jesus say would never be forgiven?

A). Blasphemy against the Holy Spirit B). Breaking the Sabbath C). Eating with sinners
D). Doubting a prophet

6194. Complete Jesus' words: "Whoever does God's ___ is my brother and sister and mother."

A). work B). law C). service D). will

6195. Where did Jesus sit to teach the large crowd by the lake?

A). On top of a hill B). In a boat on the lake C). Inside the synagogue
D). Under a fig tree

6196. In the parable of the sower, what ate the seed that fell along the path?

A). Goats B). Locusts C). Mice D). Birds

6197. Why did the seed on rocky places wither?

A). It had no root B). The birds ate it C). The thorns choked it
D). It was planted too late

6198. In the parable of the sower, what choked the seed so that it bore no grain?

A). Rocks B). Weeds of the wheat C). Thorns D). Hot wind

6199. How much did the seed on good soil produce?

A). Two or three times B). Seven times C). Exactly one thousand times
D). Thirty, sixty, or even a hundred times

6200. What did Jesus say had been given to his disciples?

A). The keys to the temple B). The secret of the kingdom of God
C). Power over the Roman rulers D). The writings of Moses

6201. In Jesus' explanation of the parable of the sower, what does the seed stand for?

A). Money B). Good deeds C). The word D). Prayer

6202. In Jesus' explanation, who takes away the word sown along the path?

A). Satan B). The Pharisees C). The Romans D). False prophets

6203. What makes people like the rocky soil quickly fall away?

A). Too much rain B). Having too many friends C). Living far from the temple
D). Trouble or persecution because of the word

6204. According to Jesus, what choke the word in people like the thorny soil?

A). Fasting and prayer B). Long journeys to Jerusalem
C). The worries of this life, the deceitfulness of wealth and the desires for other things
D). Too many parables

6205. Where did Jesus say a lamp should be put, instead of under a bowl or a bed?

A). In the ground B). On its stand C). Inside a chest D). On the roof

6206. Complete Jesus' words: "With the measure you use, it will be ___ to you—and even more."

A). measured B). returned C). given D). taken

6207. In the parable of the growing seed, what does the man know about how the seed grows?

A). He knows exactly how B). He learned it from a teacher C). He does not know how
D). He makes it grow by watering it

6208. Jesus compared the kingdom of God to what kind of seed?

A). A wheat seed B). A fig seed C). A barley seed D). A mustard seed

6209. What happens after the mustard seed is planted?

A). It becomes the largest of all garden plants and birds perch in its shade
B). It stays small forever C). It dies in the winter D). It turns into a vine

6210. What did Jesus do when he was alone with his own disciples?

A). He sent them home B). He explained everything
C). He told them new parables only D). He asked them to fast

6211. What was Jesus doing in the boat during the furious storm?

A). Rowing the boat B). Praying on his knees C). Bailing out water
D). Sleeping on a cushion

6212. Complete the disciples' words to Jesus in the storm: "Teacher, don't you care if we ___?"

A). sink B). die C). drown D). perish

6213. Complete Jesus' words to the waves: "Quiet! Be ___!"

A). still B). calm C). silent D). gone

6214. After calming the storm, what did Jesus ask the disciples?

A). Why did you wake me? B). Why are you so afraid? Do you still have no faith?
C). Who told you to cross the lake? D). Where are your nets?

6215. What did the terrified disciples ask one another after the storm was calmed?

A). Where will we land? B). Should we go back to shore? C). Why did the storm come?
D). Who is this? Even the wind and the waves obey him!

6216. Where did the man with an impure spirit live?

A). In the temple B). In a cave by the sea C). In the tombs D). In the marketplace

6217. What did the man with the impure spirit do night and day?

A). Cried out and cut himself with stones B). Slept in the fields C). Begged for food
D). Fished in the lake

6218. What did the man shout when he saw Jesus?

A). Have mercy on me, Son of David! B). Teacher, come to my house!
C). Lord, save me from the storm!
D). What do you want with me, Jesus, Son of the Most High God?

6219. What name did the impure spirit give when Jesus asked, "What is your name?"

A). Beelzebul B). Legion C). Abaddon D). Lucifer

6220. Into which animals did Jesus allow the impure spirits to go?

A). Pigs B). Goats C). Sheep D). Camels

6221. About how many pigs rushed down the steep bank into the lake?

A). About two hundred B). About five thousand C). About two thousand
D). About forty

6222. How did the people find the man after the spirits left him?

A). Running through the hills B). Still chained among the tombs
C). Asleep on the shore D). Sitting there, dressed and in his right mind

6223. How did the people of the region respond after hearing what happened?

A). They asked him to stay forever B). They pleaded with Jesus to leave their region
C). They made him their king D). They brought all their sick to him

6224. When the healed man begged to go with Jesus, what did Jesus tell him to do?

A). Go home to his own people and tell them how much the Lord had done for him
B). Follow him to Jerusalem C). Become one of the twelve
D). Stay quiet and tell no one

6225. Where did the healed man go to tell how much Jesus had done for him?

A). Judea B). Samaria C). Jerusalem D). The Decapolis

6226. Which synagogue leader fell at Jesus' feet and begged him to heal his dying daughter?

A). Nicodemus B). Zacchaeus C). Jairus D). Simon the Pharisee

6227. How many years had the woman in the crowd suffered from bleeding?

A). Eighteen B). Twelve C). Seven D). Thirty-eight

6228. What happened to the woman after she spent all she had on many doctors?

A). She was healed slowly B). She became a doctor herself
C). She was given money back D). Instead of getting better she grew worse

6229. Complete the woman's thought: "If I just touch his ___, I will be healed."

A). clothes B). hand C). feet D). staff

6230. Why did Jesus ask, "Who touched my clothes?"

A). Someone had stolen from him B). His cloak had been torn
C). He realized that power had gone out from him D). He wanted to rebuke the crowd

6231. Complete Jesus' words to the woman: "Daughter, your ___ has healed you. Go in peace."

A). touch B). faith C). prayer D). courage

6232. After hearing that Jairus's daughter had died, Jesus told him, "Don't be afraid; just ___."

A). pray B). wait C). go home D). believe

6233. Which three disciples did Jesus let follow him to Jairus's house?

A). Peter, James and John B). Andrew, Philip and Thomas C). Matthew, Peter and Judas
D). James, John and Andrew

6234. How did the people at Jairus's house react when Jesus said the child was not dead but asleep?

A). They praised God B). They laughed at him C). They ran away
D). They began to pray

6235. What words did Jesus speak when he took the girl by the hand?

A). Ephphatha B). Eloi, Eloi C). Talitha koum D). Maranatha

6236. After raising the girl, what did Jesus tell them to give her?

A). Something to eat B). New clothes C). A blessing from the priest
D). Water from the well

6237. In his hometown, what work did the people say Jesus did?

A). Fisherman B). Shepherd C). Tax collector D). Carpenter

6238. Which of these did the people of Nazareth name as one of Jesus' brothers?

A). Andrew B). James C). Bartholomew D). Thaddaeus

6239. Complete Jesus' words: "A prophet is not without honor except in his own town, among his relatives and in his own ____."

A). home B). country C). temple D). family

6240. What amazed Jesus in his hometown?

A). Their great wealth B). Their large synagogue C). Their lack of faith
D). Their love for him

6241. How did Jesus send out the twelve?

A). One by one B). Two by two C). In groups of four D). All together

6242. What was the only thing Jesus told the twelve to take for the journey, besides sandals?

A). A bag of bread B). Money in their belts C). An extra shirt D). A staff

6243. What did Jesus tell the twelve to do if a place would not welcome them?

A). Stay until the people listened B). Call down fire from heaven
C). Shake the dust off their feet as a testimony against them D). Go back to Jesus right away

6244. What did the twelve use to anoint many sick people and heal them?

A). Oil B). Water C). Mud D). Wine

6245. When King Herod heard about Jesus, who did he think Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Jeremiah
D). John, whom he had beheaded, raised from the dead

6246. Why did Jesus have compassion on the large crowd?

A). They had come a long way B). They were all sick
C). They were like sheep without a shepherd D). They had no money

6247. When Jesus told the disciples, "You give them something to eat," how much did they say it would cost?

A). Thirty pieces of silver B). Two coins C). A day's wages
D). More than half a year's wages

6248. How much food did the disciples find when Jesus asked how many loaves they had?

A). Two loaves and five fish B). Five loaves and two fish C). Seven loaves and a few fish
D). Twelve loaves and one fish

6249. How did the people sit down before Jesus fed them?

A). In twelve rows by the lake B). On the sand in a circle
C). In groups of hundreds and fifties on the green grass D). Inside the synagogue

6250. What did Jesus do right after taking the five loaves and two fish?

A). He looked up to heaven and gave thanks B). He gave them to a child
C). He hid them in a basket D). He asked the crowd to pay

6251. How many basketfuls of broken pieces were picked up after the people ate?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Five D). Three

6252. How many men had eaten the bread?

A). Four thousand B). Three thousand C). Ten thousand D). Five thousand

6253. After sending the crowd away, where did Jesus go?

A). Up on a mountainside to pray B). Into the boat with the disciples
C). Back to Nazareth D). To the synagogue

6254. When the disciples saw Jesus walking on the lake, what did they think he was?

A). An angel B). Elijah C). A ghost D). A big fish

6255. Complete Jesus' words to the frightened disciples: "Take courage! It is I. Don't be ___."

A). troubled B). sad C). silent D). afraid

6256. Why were the disciples completely amazed when the wind died down?

A). They had never seen wind before
B). They had not understood about the loaves; their hearts were hardened
C). They thought Jesus had stayed on land D). They had lost their oars

6257. Where did Jesus and the disciples land, where people brought the sick to touch even the edge of his cloak?

A). Gennesaret B). Capernaum C). Tyre D). Jericho

6258. What did the Pharisees see some of Jesus' disciples doing that upset them?

A). Working on the Sabbath B). Eating with unwashed hands
C). Eating with tax collectors D). Skipping the synagogue

6259. Why did the Pharisees and all the Jews wash their hands in a special way before eating?

A). Because Moses commanded it on Mount Sinai B). To keep away sickness
C). Because the Romans required it D). To hold to the tradition of the elders

6260. Jesus quoted Isaiah: "These people honor me with their lips, but their ___ are far from me."

A). feet B). eyes C). hearts D). minds

6261. What did Jesus say the Pharisees were doing with God's commands?

A). Letting them go and holding on to human traditions B). Teaching them to the Gentiles
C). Writing them on their doors D). Keeping them better than anyone

6262. Whom did Jesus say gave the command "Honor your father and mother"?

A). David B). Abraham C). Solomon D). Moses

6263. What word did people use to say their help for their parents was "devoted to God," so they no longer had to help them?

A). Shalom B). Corban C). Hosanna D). Amen

6264. What did Jesus teach makes a person unclean?

A). What comes out of a person B). What a person eats C). Touching a sick person
D). Walking on a dusty road

6265. By teaching that food does not go into the heart but into the stomach, what did Jesus declare?

A). Fasting was required B). Only bread was clean C). All foods clean
D). Meat was forbidden

6266. According to Jesus, where do evil thoughts and sins like theft, greed and deceit come from?

A). From eating unclean food B). From inside, out of a person's heart
C). From the devil only D). From other nations

6267. To which area did Jesus go, where he did not want anyone to know he was in a house?

A). Samaria B). Bethlehem C). Jericho D). The vicinity of Tyre

6268. The woman who begged Jesus to drive a demon out of her daughter was a Greek, born in what place?

A). Syrian Phoenicia B). Egypt C). Galilee D). Babylon

6269. Complete the woman's reply: "Lord, even the dogs under the table eat the children's ___."

A). bread B). bones C). crumbs D). food

6270. What did the woman find when she went home?

A). Her child waiting at the door B). Her house empty C). Her child still sick
D). Her child lying on the bed, and the demon gone

6271. In the Decapolis, what man did people bring to Jesus?

A). A man who was blind from birth B). A man who was deaf and could hardly talk
C). A man with leprosy D). A man who could not walk

6272. After taking the deaf man aside, what did Jesus do?

A). Washed him in the lake B). Laid him on a mat
C). Put his fingers into the man's ears, then spat and touched his tongue
D). Asked the man to pray

6273. What word did Jesus say to the deaf man, which means "Be opened!"?

A). Ephphatha B). Talitha koum C). Abba D). Hosanna

6274. What happened when Jesus told the people not to tell anyone?

A). They kept it a secret B). They forgot about it C). They asked him to leave

D). The more he did so, the more they kept talking about it

6275. Complete the amazed people's words: "He has done everything ___. He even makes the deaf hear and the mute speak."

A). quickly B). well C). quietly D). perfectly

6276. Why did Jesus have compassion on the crowd before feeding the four thousand?

A). They were all sick B). They had lost their way home

C). They had been with him three days and had nothing to eat

D). Their houses had burned down

6277. How many loaves did the disciples have when Jesus fed the four thousand?

A). Seven B). Five C). Two D). Twelve

6278. How many basketfuls of broken pieces were left after feeding the four thousand?

A). Twelve B). Five C). Three D). Seven

6279. About how many people were present at this second feeding?

A). Five thousand B). Four thousand C). Two thousand D). Ten thousand

6280. To which region did Jesus go by boat after feeding the four thousand?

A). Gennesaret B). Tyre C). Dalmanutha D). Bethany

6281. How did Jesus respond when the Pharisees asked him for a sign from heaven to test him?

A). He called down fire B). He healed a man in front of them

C). He sent his disciples to show them

D). He sighed deeply and said no sign would be given to that generation

6282. How much bread did the disciples have with them in the boat?

A). One loaf B). Seven loaves C). Five loaves D). No bread at all

6283. Complete Jesus' warning: "Be careful. Watch out for the yeast of the Pharisees and that of ___."

A). Caesar B). Herod C). Pilate D). the Sadducees

6284. When the disciples worried about having no bread, what did Jesus remind them of?

A). The manna in the wilderness B). The bread in the temple

C). Elijah and the widow's flour

D). The basketfuls left over when he fed the five thousand and the four thousand

6285. In which village did Jesus heal a blind man in two stages?

A). Nazareth B). Cana C). Bethsaida D). Emmaus

6286. After Jesus first touched the blind man's eyes, what did the man say he saw?

A). People who looked like trees walking around B). A bright light C). Nothing at all
D). Angels in the sky

6287. What happened after Jesus put his hands on the man's eyes a second time?

A). He saw only shadows B). His eyes were opened and he saw everything clearly
C). He became blind again D). He saw only Jesus

6288. Near which villages did Jesus ask his disciples, "Who do people say I am?"

A). Bethlehem B). Capernaum C). Jericho D). Caesarea Philippi

6289. Which of these did the disciples say some people thought Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Samuel D). Daniel

6290. Complete Peter's answer to Jesus: "You are the ___."

A). Teacher B). Prophet C). Messiah D). King of Israel

6291. What did Jesus begin to teach would happen to the Son of Man?

A). He would rule over Rome
B). He must suffer, be rejected, be killed and after three days rise again
C). He would never die D). He would leave Israel forever

6292. When Peter rebuked Jesus, Jesus said, "Get behind me, ___!"

A). Peter B). tempter C). deceiver D). Satan

6293. What did Jesus say whoever wants to be his disciple must do?

A). Sell their fishing boats B). Live in the wilderness
C). Deny themselves, take up their cross and follow him D). Fast every day

6294. Complete Jesus' question: "What good is it for someone to gain the whole world, yet forfeit their ___?"

A). soul B). money C). family D). home

6295. What did Jesus say the Son of Man will do with those who are ashamed of him and his words?

A). He will forget them B). He will be ashamed of them when he comes in his Father's glory
C). He will make them prophets D). He will give them more time

6296. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain where he was transfigured?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, James and John
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, Judas and John

6297. What happened to Jesus' clothes on the mountain?

A). They turned purple like a king's B). They became torn and dirty
C). They shone like gold
D). They became dazzling white, whiter than anyone could bleach them

6298. Which two people appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Elijah and Moses B). Abraham and David C). Isaiah and Jeremiah
D). Noah and Elisha

6299. What did Peter offer to put up on the mountain?

A). An altar of stones B). A tent for the crowd C). Three shelters D). A temple

6300. Complete the voice from the cloud: "This is my Son, whom I love. ___ to him!"

A). Bow B). Pray C). Sing D). Listen

6301. Until when did Jesus tell the three disciples not to tell anyone what they had seen?

A). Until they reached Jerusalem B). Until the Son of Man had risen from the dead
C). Until the next Passover D). Until Elijah came again

6302. Why did the father bring his son to Jesus' disciples?

A). The boy was blind B). The boy had died
C). The boy was possessed by a spirit that robbed him of speech D). The boy had leprosy

6303. How long had the boy been like this, according to his father?

A). From childhood B). For one week C). Since he was twelve D). For forty days

6304. According to the father, what had the spirit often done to try to kill the boy?

A). Thrown him off a cliff B). Thrown him into fire or water C). Made him stop eating
D). Sent him into the desert

6305. Complete Jesus' words: "Everything is possible for one who ___."

A). prays B). obeys C). asks D). believes

6306. Complete the father's cry: "I do believe; help me overcome my ___!"

A). unbelief B). fear C). sin D). weakness

6307. When the disciples asked why they could not drive out the spirit, what did Jesus answer?

A). You did not use oil B). You were too young
C). This kind can come out only by prayer D). You needed more people

6308. How did the disciples respond when Jesus taught that he would be killed and rise after three days?

A). They cheered loudly B). They told the crowds C). They wrote it down
D). They did not understand and were afraid to ask him

6309. What had the disciples argued about on the road to Capernaum?

A). Where to eat B). Who was the greatest C). Who would carry the bag
D). Which way to go

6310. Complete Jesus' words: "Anyone who wants to be first must be the very last, and the ___ of all."

A). servant B). friend C). leader D). teacher

6311. Whom did Jesus take in his arms to teach about welcoming him?

A). An old man B). A lamb C). A little child D). A blind beggar

6312. Which disciple told Jesus they had stopped someone driving out demons in Jesus' name?

A). Peter B). John C). Thomas D). Judas Iscariot

6313. Complete Jesus' words: "Whoever is not against us is ___ us."

A). with B). near C). like D). for

6314. Jesus said anyone who gives you what, in his name because you belong to the Messiah, will not lose their reward?

A). A cup of water B). A loaf of bread C). A coin D). A new coat

6315. What did Jesus say would be better for someone who causes a little one who believes in him to stumble?

A). To be sent out of town B). To fast for forty days
C). To be thrown into the sea with a large millstone tied around their neck
D). To give away all their money

6316. Complete Jesus' words: "Have salt among yourselves, and be at ___ with each other."

A). rest B). work C). home D). peace

6317. Where did Jesus go when he left Capernaum, where crowds came to him again?

A). Tyre and Sidon B). Samaria C). The Decapolis
D). The region of Judea and across the Jordan

6318. What did the Pharisees say Moses permitted a man to do?

A). Marry two wives B). Write a certificate of divorce and send his wife away
C). Never marry again D). Leave his parents' house

6319. Why did Jesus say Moses wrote the law about divorce?

A). Because their hearts were hard B). Because there were too many people
C). Because the priests asked him D). Because of the war with Egypt

6320. Complete Jesus' words about marriage: "The two will become one ___."

A). family B). heart C). flesh D). house

6321. Complete Jesus' words: "Therefore what God has joined together, let no one ___."

A). forget B). separate C). judge D). change

6322. How did Jesus feel when the disciples rebuked the people bringing little children to him?

A). Pleased B). Tired C). Afraid D). Indignant

6323. Complete Jesus' words: "Let the little children come to me... for the kingdom of God belongs to such as ___."

A). you B). the rich C). these D). the wise

6324. How did Jesus say a person must receive the kingdom of God in order to enter it?

A). Like a little child B). Like a wise teacher C). Like a rich king
D). Like a strong soldier

6325. What did Jesus do with the little children?

A). Sent them home to their mothers B). Asked them to sing C). Gave them bread
D). Took them in his arms, put his hands on them and blessed them

6326. What did the man who ran up and knelt before Jesus ask him?

A). Where do you live? B). What must I do to inherit eternal life?
C). Can you heal my son? D). Who is my neighbor?

6327. Complete Jesus' reply: "Why do you call me good? No one is good—except God ___."

A). alone B). above C). in heaven D). the Father

6328. What did Jesus tell the man was the one thing he lacked?

A). To keep the Sabbath B). To pray more often
C). To sell everything, give to the poor, and follow Jesus D). To offer a sacrifice at the temple

6329. What did Jesus say is easier than for someone who is rich to enter the kingdom of God?

A). For a fish to fly B). For a mountain to move C). For a sheep to swim
D). For a camel to go through the eye of a needle

6330. Complete Jesus' words: "With man this is impossible, but not with God; all things are ___ with God."

A). simple B). known C). possible D). good

6331. Along with receiving a hundred times as much, what did Jesus say those who leave everything for him would also receive in this age?

A). Persecutions B). Riches without trouble C). A crown of gold
D). Rest from all work

6332. Complete Jesus' words: "Many who are first will be last, and the last ___."

A). forgotten B). rich C). strong D). first

6333. On the way to Jerusalem, what did Jesus say would happen to the Son of Man after three days?

A). He would be set free from prison B). He would rise C). He would return to Galilee
D). He would become king in Rome

6334. Which two brothers asked to sit at Jesus' right and left in his glory?

A). James and John B). Peter and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Thomas and Matthew

6335. According to Jesus, what must whoever wants to become great among his followers do?

A). Be the richest B). Lead the strongest army C). Be their servant
D). Know the most scripture

6336. Complete Jesus' words: "For even the Son of Man did not come to be served, but to serve, and to give his life as a ___ for many."

A). gift B). lesson C). sign D). ransom

6337. What was the name of the blind beggar sitting by the roadside near Jericho?

A). Lazarus B). Bartimaeus C). Zacchaeus D). Malchus

6338. Complete what Bartimaeus shouted: "Jesus, Son of ___, have mercy on me!"

A). God B). Joseph C). David D). Abraham

6339. What did Bartimaeus do when he was told Jesus was calling him?

A). Threw his cloak aside, jumped to his feet and came to Jesus B). Stayed where he was
C). Asked for money first D). Ran away in fear

6340. What did Bartimaeus do immediately after he received his sight?

A). He went home to his family B). He went to the temple C). He went back to begging
D). He followed Jesus along the road

6341. Near which mountain were Bethphage and Bethany, where Jesus sent two disciples ahead?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Carmel C). Mount of Olives D). Mount Zion

6342. What did Jesus tell two disciples they would find tied in the village ahead?

A). A colt that no one had ever ridden B). A white horse C). A camel D). A chariot

6343. If anyone asked why they were untying the colt, the disciples were to say: "The Lord ___ it and will send it back here shortly."

A). owns B). bought C). borrowed D). needs

6344. What did many people spread on the road as Jesus rode toward Jerusalem?

A). Flowers and gold coins B). Their cloaks and branches from the fields
C). Carpets and silk D). Sand and stones

6345. Complete what the crowd shouted: "Hosanna! Blessed is he who comes in the name of the ___!"

A). Lord B). King C). Prophet D). Father

6346. Whose coming kingdom did the crowd bless as Jesus entered Jerusalem?

A). The kingdom of Caesar B). The kingdom of Solomon
C). The kingdom of our father David D). The kingdom of Herod

6347. What did Jesus do after entering Jerusalem and looking around at everything in the temple courts?

A). He stayed the night in the temple B). He drove out the sellers that night
C). He went up to the Mount of Olives to pray
D). Since it was late, he went out to Bethany with the twelve

6348. Why did Jesus find nothing but leaves on the fig tree?

A). Birds had eaten the figs B). It was not the season for figs C). The tree was dead
D). Someone had picked the figs

6349. What did Jesus say to the fig tree?

A). Grow and bear fruit B). Be pulled up by the roots
C). May no one ever eat fruit from you again D). Be planted in the sea

6350. What did Jesus do in the temple courts?

A). Drove out those buying and selling and overturned the tables of the money changers
B). Sold doves to the people C). Counted the offerings D). Lit the lamps

6351. Jesus quoted Scripture: "My house will be called a house of ___ for all nations."

A). praise B). peace C). worship D). prayer

6352. What did Jesus say the people had made God's house into?

A). A marketplace for kings B). A den of robbers C). A house of idols
D). A place of war

6353. Why were the chief priests and teachers of the law afraid of Jesus?

A). He had an army B). He was rich C). The whole crowd was amazed at his teaching
D). Caesar supported him

6354. Which disciple remembered and pointed out that the fig tree had withered?

A). John B). Thomas C). Andrew D). Peter

6355. Complete Jesus' answer about the withered fig tree: "Have ___ in God."

A). faith B). hope C). peace D). joy

6356. What did Jesus say could be thrown into the sea if someone does not doubt in their heart?

A). A tree B). A mountain C). A city D). A ship

6357. Complete Jesus' words: "Whatever you ask for in prayer, believe that you have ___ it, and it will be yours."

A). seen B). earned C). found D). received

6358. What did Jesus say to do when you stand praying and hold anything against anyone?

A). Forgive them B). Go and argue with them C). Stop praying
D). Ask a priest to judge

6359. What did the chief priests, teachers of the law and elders ask Jesus in the temple courts?

A). Where he was born B). Why he rode a colt
C). By what authority he was doing these things D). Who his disciples were

6360. What question did Jesus ask the leaders in return?

A). Who wrote the law of Moses? B). Was John's baptism from heaven, or of human origin?
C). Why do you fast? D). Who is the greatest prophet?

6361. Why did the leaders answer, "We don't know," to Jesus' question about John?

A). They had never heard of John B). They were not allowed to speak
C). They agreed with Jesus
D). They feared the people, who held that John really was a prophet

6362. In the parable of the tenants, what did the man plant before renting it to farmers?

A). A vineyard B). A wheat field C). An olive grove D). A fig orchard

6363. What did the tenants do to the servants the owner sent to collect fruit?

A). Paid them in full B). Gave them gifts C). Beat some and killed others
D). Invited them to stay

6364. Complete the owner's words when he sent his son: "They will ___ my son."

A). welcome B). obey C). fear D). respect

6365. Why did the tenants kill the owner's son?

A). He refused to pay them B). They thought the inheritance would then be theirs
C). He damaged the vineyard D). He was a stranger to them

6366. Jesus quoted Scripture: "The stone the builders rejected has become the ___."

A). foundation B). wall C). cornerstone D). altar

6367. Why did the leaders look for a way to arrest Jesus after this parable?

A). They knew he had spoken the parable against them B). He had insulted Caesar
C). He had broken the Sabbath D). He had refused to pay taxes

6368. Who were sent to catch Jesus with a question about paying taxes to Caesar?

A). Sadducees and priests B). Roman soldiers C). Tax collectors
D). Some Pharisees and Herodians

6369. What coin did Jesus ask to be brought to him?

A). A shekel B). A denarius C). A gold talent D). A drachma

6370. Whose image and inscription were on the coin?

A). Caesar's B). Herod's C). Moses' D). David's

6371. Complete Jesus' words: "Give back to Caesar what is Caesar's and to God what is ___."

A). yours B). the temple's C). Israel's D). God's

6372. Which group, who say there is no resurrection, asked Jesus about a woman who married seven brothers?

A). The Pharisees B). The Herodians C). The Sadducees D). The scribes

6373. In the Sadducees' question, how many brothers married the same woman?

A). Three B). Seven C). Five D). Twelve

6374. What did Jesus say was the reason the Sadducees were in error?

A). They did not keep the Sabbath B). They did not pay their taxes C). They did not fast
D). They did not know the Scriptures or the power of God

6375. According to Jesus, what will people be like when the dead rise?

A). Like the angels in heaven, neither marrying nor being given in marriage
B). Like kings on thrones C). Like they were as children D). Like the stars

6376. What did Jesus point to in the book of Moses to show the dead rise?

A). The parting of the Red Sea B). The giving of manna
C). The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob
D). The flood of Noah

6377. Complete the most important commandment: "Love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your mind and with all your ___."

A). love B). strength C). time D). money

6378. What did Jesus say is the second commandment?

A). Keep the Sabbath holy B). Honor your father and mother C). Do not steal
D). Love your neighbor as yourself

6379. When the teacher of the law answered wisely, Jesus said, "You are not far from the ___ of God."

A). kingdom B). house C). temple D). word

6380. What question did Jesus raise about David calling the Messiah "Lord"?

A). Why did David build the temple? B). Who anointed David king?
C). How can the Messiah then be David's son? D). Why did David write psalms?

6381. Why did Jesus warn people to watch out for the teachers of the law?

A). They refused to read Scripture
B). They liked honor and devoured widows' houses while making lengthy prayers for show
C). They worked for the Romans D). They never went to the temple

6382. What did the poor widow put into the temple treasury?

A). Two very small copper coins B). A gold coin C). A bag of silver D). A lamb

6383. Why did Jesus say the widow put in more than all the others?

A). Her coins were worth more B). She gave every day C). She was the first to give
D). They gave out of their wealth, but she gave all she had to live on

6384. When a disciple admired the temple's massive stones, what did Jesus say would happen?

A). It would be made even bigger B). It would stand forever
C). It would be moved to Galilee D). Not one stone would be left on another

6385. Where was Jesus sitting, opposite the temple, when four disciples asked him privately about the end?

A). In the upper room B). On the Mount of Olives C). By the Jordan River
D). In a boat on the lake

6386. Which four disciples asked Jesus privately when these things would happen?

A). Peter, James, John and Andrew B). Peter, Thomas, Philip and Matthew
C). James, John, Judas and Simon D). Andrew, Philip, Bartholomew and Thomas

6387. Complete Jesus' first warning: "Watch out that no one ___ you."

A). hurts B). follows C). deceives D). forgets

6388. What did Jesus call wars, earthquakes and famines?

A). The end of the world B). The beginning of birth pains C). Signs of peace
D). Punishment for the Romans

6389. According to Jesus, where would his followers be handed over and flogged?

A). The temple courts only B). Caesar's palace in Rome C). The Jordan River
D). Local councils and synagogues

6390. Complete Jesus' words: "And the gospel must first be preached to all ___."

A). cities B). people of Israel C). nations D). synagogues

6391. When his followers were arrested, who did Jesus say would be speaking through them?

A). The Holy Spirit B). An angel C). Moses D). Their parents

6392. Complete Jesus' words: "Everyone will hate you because of me, but the one who stands firm to the end will be ___."

A). rewarded B). honored C). healed D). saved

6393. When they see "the abomination that causes desolation," what did Jesus tell those in Judea to do?

A). Go to the temple B). Flee to the mountains C). Stay in their houses
D). Gather an army

6394. What did Jesus tell them to pray that this would not take place in?

A). Winter B). Summer C). The night D). The Sabbath

6395. Who did Jesus warn would appear and perform signs and wonders to deceive the elect?

A). Angels from heaven B). The twelve apostles C). False messiahs and false prophets
D). Roman emperors

6396. According to Jesus, what will happen to the sun and moon after that distress?

A). They will shine brighter B). The sun will be darkened and the moon will not give its light
C). They will stand still D). They will turn into stars

6397. How did Jesus say people will see the Son of Man coming?

A). Riding a white donkey B). In a fiery chariot C). Walking across the sea
D). In clouds with great power and glory

6398. Whom did Jesus say the Son of Man will send to gather his elect from the four winds?

A). His angels B). His apostles C). The prophets D). Kings of the earth

6399. What lesson did Jesus teach from the fig tree?

A). It never bears fruit in winter B). Its roots go very deep
C). When its twigs get tender and leaves come out, summer is near
D). It grows only near water

6400. Complete Jesus' words: "Heaven and earth will pass away, but my ___ will never pass away."

A). kingdom B). love C). people D). words

6401. According to Jesus, who knows the day or hour of these things?

A). The angels in heaven B). Only the Father C). The Son D). The prophets

6402. In Jesus' story of a man going away, whom did he tell to keep watch?

A). His wife B). The cook C). The one at the door D). His oldest son

6403. Complete Jesus' final words in this chapter: "What I say to you, I say to everyone: '___!'"

A). Watch B). Pray C). Run D). Listen

6404. How many days before the Passover were the chief priests looking for a sly way to arrest Jesus?

A). Seven days B). One day C). Two days D). Ten days

6405. In whose home in Bethany was Jesus when a woman poured perfume on his head?

A). Lazarus B). Martha C). Simon the Leper D). Simon Peter

6406. What kind of jar held the very expensive perfume, made of pure nard?

A). An alabaster jar B). A clay pot C). A silver cup D). A glass bottle

6407. For how much did some say the perfume could have been sold?

A). Thirty pieces of silver B). More than a year's wages C). Two copper coins
D). Five loaves of bread

6408. Complete Jesus' words about the woman: "Leave her alone... She has done a ___ thing to me."

A). foolish B). costly C). kind D). beautiful

6409. What did Jesus say the woman had done by pouring perfume on him?

A). She crowned him as king
B). She poured perfume on his body beforehand to prepare for his burial
C). She healed him of sickness D). She paid for the Passover meal

6410. Which of the twelve went to the chief priests to betray Jesus?

A). Judas Iscariot B). Peter C). Thomas D). Matthew

6411. What sign did Jesus give the two disciples to find the place for the Passover?

A). A woman at a well B). A star over a house C). A boy with a lamb
D). A man carrying a jar of water

6412. Where did Jesus say the owner would show them to prepare the Passover?

A). A courtyard by the temple B). A large room upstairs, furnished and ready
C). A tent outside the city D). A boat on the lake

6413. How did Jesus describe the one who would betray him?

A). A stranger from another town
B). One of the twelve, who dips bread into the bowl with him C). One of the Pharisees
D). A Roman soldier

6414. When Jesus took bread, gave thanks and broke it, he said, "Take it; this is my ___."

A). bread B). body C). gift D). life

6415. Complete Jesus' words about the cup: "This is my blood of the ___, which is poured out for many."

A). covenant B). kingdom C). temple D). promise

6416. What did Jesus and the disciples do before going out to the Mount of Olives?

A). They washed their feet B). They sang a hymn C). They went to the temple
D). They slept

6417. After he had risen, where did Jesus say he would go ahead of the disciples?

A). To Bethany B). To Emmaus C). To Rome D). Into Galilee

6418. What did Jesus say Peter would do before the rooster crowed twice?

A). Cut off a servant's ear B). Run away to Galilee C). Disown him three times
D). Fall asleep twice

6419. What was the name of the place where Jesus went to pray before his arrest?

A). Gethsemane B). Golgotha C). Gennesaret D). Gilgal

6420. Complete Jesus' prayer: "Abba, Father... Take this cup from me. Yet not what I will, but what ___ will."

A). they B). Moses C). you D). the people

6421. When Jesus came back from praying, what were Peter, James and John doing?

A). Praying B). Sleeping C). Keeping watch D). Singing

6422. Complete Jesus' words: "Watch and pray so that you will not fall into temptation. The spirit is willing, but the flesh is ___."

A). strong B). tired C). weak D). sinful

6423. What signal did Judas use to show the crowd which man was Jesus?

A). A handshake B). Pointing his finger C). A kiss D). Calling his name loudly

6424. What happened to the servant of the high priest when Jesus was arrested?

A). He was healed of blindness B). One of those standing near cut off his ear
C). He ran away naked D). He became a disciple

6425. What did all the disciples do when Jesus was arrested?

A). Fought the crowd B). Went with him to the high priest C). Prayed for him
D). Deserted him and fled

6426. Who fled naked, leaving his garment behind, when the crowd seized him?

A). A young man wearing nothing but a linen garment B). Peter C). John
D). The high priest's servant

6427. Why could the Sanhedrin not find evidence to put Jesus to death?

A). No one came to speak B). Jesus refused to come C). Pilate stopped the trial
D). Many testified falsely, but their statements did not agree

6428. When the high priest asked, "Are you the Messiah, the Son of the Blessed One?" Jesus answered, "I ___."

A). am B). know C). will be D). was

6429. What did the high priest do after Jesus' answer?

A). Tore his clothes and called it blasphemy B). Set Jesus free
C). Bowed down to worship him D). Sent him back to Galilee

6430. After condemning Jesus, what did some begin to do to him?

A). Spit at him, blindfold him and strike him, saying "Prophesy!"
B). Give him a crown of gold C). Wash his feet D). Carry him on their shoulders

6431. What happened right after the rooster crowed the second time?

A). Peter ran to the temple B). Peter fought the guards C). Peter fell asleep
D). Peter remembered Jesus' words, broke down and wept

6432. To which Roman governor did the chief priests hand Jesus over?

A). Herod B). Caesar C). Pilate D). Felix

6433. What did Pilate ask Jesus first?

A). Are you the king of the Jews? B). Where are your disciples? C). Are you a prophet?
D). Why did you enter the temple?

6434. Why was Pilate amazed while the chief priests accused Jesus of many things?

A). Jesus called down angels B). Jesus still made no reply C). The crowd defended Jesus
D). Jesus confessed everything

6435. What did Pilate know about why the chief priests had handed Jesus over?

A). Jesus had broken Roman law B). Jesus had stolen from the temple
C). It was out of self-interest D). Caesar had ordered it

6436. Who stirred up the crowd to have Pilate release Barabbas instead?

A). The chief priests B). The Roman soldiers C). The disciples D). Herod's servants

6437. When Pilate asked what to do with Jesus, the crowd shouted, "___ him!"

A). Release B). Crown C). Banish D). Crucify

6438. Why did Pilate release Barabbas and hand Jesus over to be crucified?

A). He believed Jesus was guilty B). Caesar sent him a letter
C). He wanted to satisfy the crowd D). Herod commanded him

6439. What did the soldiers twist together and put on Jesus' head?

A). A crown of thorns B). A crown of gold C). A wreath of flowers
D). A crown of olive leaves

6440. What color robe did the soldiers put on Jesus as they mocked him?

A). White B). Purple C). Black D). Blue

6441. Who was forced to carry Jesus' cross?

A). Simon from Cyrene B). Simon Peter C). Joseph of Arimathea D). Nicodemus

6442. What does the name Golgotha mean?

A). The hill of olives B). The place of the skull C). The valley of death
D). The garden of stones

6443. What did they offer Jesus to drink before crucifying him, which he did not take?

A). Water from a well B). Milk and honey C). Wine mixed with myrrh
D). Vinegar and salt

6444. How did the soldiers divide Jesus' clothes?

A). By cutting them up equally B). By casting lots C). By giving them to the poor
D). By selling them

6445. At what time was Jesus crucified?

A). Noon B). Three in the afternoon C). Nine in the morning D). Sunset

6446. The written notice of the charge against Jesus read: "THE KING OF THE ___."

A). ISRAELITES B). ROMANS C). NATIONS D). JEWS

6447. Who were crucified with Jesus, one on his right and one on his left?

A). Two of his disciples B). Two Roman soldiers C). Two rebels D). Two priests

6448. The chief priests mocked Jesus: "He saved others, but he can't ___ himself!"

A). help B). free C). heal D). save

6449. From what time to what time was there darkness over the whole land?

A). From noon until three in the afternoon B). From sunrise until noon
C). From sunset until midnight D). For three whole days

6450. What do the words Jesus cried out, "Eloi, Eloi, lema sabachthani?" mean?

A). My God, my God, why have you forsaken me? B). Father, forgive them
C). It is finished D). Into your hands I commit my spirit

6451. When they heard Jesus cry out, whom did some bystanders think he was calling?

A). Moses B). David C). Abraham D). Elijah

6452. What happened to the curtain of the temple when Jesus breathed his last?

A). It caught fire B). It was taken down C). It turned white
D). It was torn in two from top to bottom

6453. The centurion who saw how Jesus died said, "Surely this man was the ___ of God!"

A). Prophet B). Son C). Servant D). Lamb

6454. Which of these women was watching the crucifixion from a distance?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Lydia D). Elizabeth

6455. Who went boldly to Pilate and asked for Jesus' body?

A). Simon of Cyrene B). Nicodemus C). John D). Joseph of Arimathea

6456. What did Pilate do when he was surprised to hear Jesus was already dead?

A). He summoned the centurion to confirm it B). He sent soldiers to the tomb
C). He refused to give up the body D). He asked the chief priests

6457. What did Joseph do to close the tomb after laying Jesus in it?

A). Rolled a stone against the entrance B). Sealed it with wax C). Posted his servants
D). Locked a wooden door

6458. Which two women saw where Jesus was laid?

A). Mary and Martha B). Salome and Joanna
C). Mary Magdalene and Mary the mother of Joseph D). Elizabeth and Mary

6459. Complete the young man's words: "You are looking for Jesus the Nazarene, who was crucified. He has ___! He is not here."

A). risen B). left C). hidden D). gone home

6460. Which disciple did the young man mention by name when telling the women to go and tell the disciples?

A). John B). Thomas C). James D). Peter

6461. Where did the young man say Jesus was going ahead of the disciples, where they would see him?

A). Jerusalem B). Bethany C). Emmaus D). Galilee

6462. In Mark 16:9, to whom did Jesus appear first after he rose?

A). Mary Magdalene B). Peter C). His mother Mary D). Thomas

6463. In Mark 16:14, why did Jesus rebuke the eleven when he appeared to them?

A). For their lack of faith and refusal to believe those who had seen him
B). For falling asleep in Gethsemane C). For not fasting D). For leaving Jerusalem

6464. In Mark 16:15, Jesus said, "Go into all the world and preach the gospel to all ___."

A). Israel B). the rulers C). the cities D). creation

6465. In Mark 16:19, what happened to the Lord Jesus after he spoke to the disciples?

A). He went back to Nazareth

B). He was taken up into heaven and sat at the right hand of God

C). He sailed across the lake D). He went into the temple

6466. What name did Gabriel tell Mary to give her son?

A). John B). Emmanuel C). Jesus D). David

6467. Gabriel said God would give Jesus the throne of which ancestor?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Solomon D). David

6468. Where did Mary place baby Jesus after he was born?

A). In a basket B). In a cradle C). In a boat D). In a manger

6469. Why did Mary place Jesus in a manger?

A). The shepherds asked her to B). There was no guest room available for them

C). It was the custom for firstborn sons D). Joseph built it for him

6470. What three titles did the angel give the newborn baby?

A). King, Priest, Prophet B). Lamb, Shepherd, Lord C). Son of David, Rabbi, King

D). Savior, Messiah, the Lord

6471. What sign did the angel give the shepherds?

A). A baby wrapped in cloths and lying in a manger B). A bright star over a house

C). A dove resting on a roof D). A light in the temple

6472. What did the shepherds do after they saw baby Jesus?

A). They went back to sleep B). They spread the word about what they had been told

C). They took Jesus to the temple D). They stayed in Bethlehem for a month

6473. On which day after his birth was Jesus circumcised and named?

A). The eighth day B). The third day C). The fortieth day D). The seventh day

6474. Simeon said Jesus would be a light for revelation to whom?

A). The Gentiles B). The priests only C). The Romans only D). The angels

6475. What did Anna do when she saw the child Jesus?

A). She asked Mary to stay B). She gave thanks to God and spoke about the child

C). She sang a new song in the temple D). She blessed Joseph

6476. Where did Jesus grow up after the family finished everything required by the Law?

A). Jerusalem B). Bethlehem C). Nazareth D). Capernaum

6477. How old was Jesus when he stayed behind in Jerusalem?

A). Ten B). Thirty C). Eight D). Twelve

6478. After how many days did Jesus' parents find him in the temple courts?

A). One day B). Seven days C). Three days D). Two days

6479. What was Jesus doing when his parents found him in the temple?

A). Sitting among the teachers, listening and asking questions B). Offering a sacrifice
C). Selling doves D). Reading from the scroll of Isaiah

6480. Complete Jesus' words: 'Didn't you know I had to be in my ___ house?'

A). Lord's B). Father's C). teacher's D). God's holy

6481. How did Jesus treat his parents after they returned to Nazareth?

A). He left to live in the temple B). He traveled alone C). He was obedient to them
D). He became a priest

6482. In which four areas does Luke say Jesus grew?

A). Strength, riches, fame and power B). Wisdom, stature, and favor with God and man
C). Faith, hope, love and joy D). Height, skill, knowledge and courage

6483. John said the one coming after him would baptize with what?

A). Water and oil B). Fire and stones C). The Holy Spirit and fire D). Wind and rain

6484. What was Jesus doing when heaven was opened after his baptism?

A). Praying B). Teaching the crowds C). Walking out of the river
D). Eating with John

6485. In what form did the Holy Spirit descend on Jesus?

A). Like tongues of fire B). Like a strong wind C). Like a bright cloud
D). In bodily form like a dove

6486. Complete the voice from heaven: 'You are my Son, whom I love; with you I am well ___.'

A). known B). pleased C). blessed D). satisfied

6487. About how old was Jesus when he began his ministry?

A). Twelve B). Twenty C). Thirty D). Forty

6488. How does Luke describe Jesus' relationship to Joseph at the start of the genealogy?

A). He was the son, so it was thought, of Joseph B). He was Joseph's nephew
C). He was Joseph's brother D). He was Joseph's adopted servant

6489. Which famous king appears in Luke's genealogy of Jesus?

A). Saul B). Solomon's son Rehoboam C). Ahab D). David

6490. With whom does Luke's genealogy of Jesus end?

A). Abraham, the father of Israel B). Adam, the son of God
C). Noah, the son of Lamech D). David, the son of Jesse

6491. Where did the Holy Spirit lead Jesus to be tempted by the devil?

A). Into the wilderness B). Up a mountain in Galilee C). Into the temple
D). To the Jordan River

6492. For how many days was Jesus tempted by the devil in the wilderness?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Forty D). Three

6493. What did the devil first tell Jesus to turn into bread?

A). Sand B). Water C). Leaves D). A stone

6494. Complete Jesus' reply: 'It is written: Man shall not live on ___ alone.'

A). water B). bread C). food D). wine

6495. What did the devil offer Jesus if he would worship him?

A). Authority and splendor over all the kingdoms of the world B). A crown of gold
C). The temple in Jerusalem D). Victory over Rome

6496. Complete Jesus' answer: 'Worship the Lord your God and serve him ___.'

A). daily B). always C). only D). faithfully

6497. Where did the devil take Jesus and tell him to throw himself down?

A). A cliff near Nazareth B). The roof of a palace C). A mountain in Samaria
D). The highest point of the temple in Jerusalem

6498. What Scripture did Jesus quote when the devil told him to throw himself from the temple?

A). Do not put the Lord your God to the test B). Man shall not live on bread alone
C). Love the Lord your God with all your heart D). The Lord is my shepherd

6499. How long did the devil leave Jesus after the temptations?

A). Forever B). For forty days C). Until an opportune time D). Until the Passover

6500. Which prophet's scroll was handed to Jesus in the synagogue at Nazareth?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

6501. Complete the scroll Jesus read: 'He has anointed me to proclaim good news to the ___.'

A). rich B). righteous C). poor D). priests

6502. What did Jesus mean when he said, 'Today this scripture is fulfilled in your hearing'?

A). The prophecy would come true many years later B). Isaiah was still alive
C). The scroll was newly written D). He himself was the one Isaiah wrote about

6503. What did the people in Nazareth ask about Jesus after he spoke?

A). 'Isn't this Joseph's son?' B). 'Isn't this a priest?' C). 'Isn't this Elijah?'
D). 'Isn't this John?'

6504. Complete Jesus' words: 'Truly I tell you, no prophet is accepted in his ___.'

A). temple B). hometown C). family D). nation

6505. What did the people in the synagogue try to do to Jesus when they became furious?

A). Stone him in the street B). Throw him off a cliff C). Send him to Herod
D). Lock him in prison

6506. How did Jesus escape the angry crowd at Nazareth?

A). An angel carried him away B). He hid in a cave C). His disciples fought them
D). He walked right through the crowd and went on his way

6507. To which town in Galilee did Jesus go after leaving Nazareth?

A). Bethsaida B). Capernaum C). Cana D). Nain

6508. Why were the people in Capernaum amazed at Jesus' teaching?

A). His words had authority B). He spoke very loudly C). He taught in Greek
D). He brought a new scroll

6509. What did the man with an impure spirit call Jesus in the synagogue?

A). The Son of David B). The Lamb of God C). The Holy One of God
D). The prophet from Nazareth

6510. Whose mother-in-law did Jesus heal of a high fever?

A). Simon's B). Andrew's C). John's D). Levi's

6511. How did Jesus heal the sick people brought to him at sunset?

A). By sending them to wash B). By laying his hands on each one
C). By speaking from a boat D). By praying in the temple

6512. Why did Jesus not allow the demons to speak?

A). They knew he was the Messiah B). They spoke false things
C). The Sabbath had begun D). The crowd was afraid of them

6513. Why did Jesus say he had to go to other towns instead of staying in Capernaum?

A). The people there had rejected him B). He wanted to rest
C). He had to proclaim the good news of the kingdom of God there too
D). Herod was looking for him

6514. By which lake was Jesus standing when the crowd pressed around him?

A). Dead Sea B). Lake of Gennesaret C). Lake Huleh D). Red Sea

6515. Why did Jesus get into Simon's boat?

A). To sit down and teach the people from the boat B). To cross to the other side
C). To hide from the crowd D). To go fishing alone

6516. Complete Jesus' words to Simon: 'Put out into ___ water, and let down the nets for a catch.'

A). calm B). shallow C). deep D). clear

6517. What did Simon tell Jesus about their fishing the night before?

A). They had caught too many fish B). Their boat had sunk C). Their nets were stolen
D). They had worked hard all night and caught nothing

6518. Complete Simon Peter's words: 'Go away from me, Lord; I am a ___ man!'

A). poor B). sinful C). simple D). weak

6519. Complete Jesus' words to Simon: 'Don't be afraid; from now on you will fish for ___.'

A). food B). money C). fish D). people

6520. Complete the leper's words: 'Lord, if you are ___, you can make me clean.'

A). able B). willing C). here D). near

6521. What did Jesus do when he healed the man with leprosy?

A). He sent him to wash in the Jordan B). He spat on the ground
C). He reached out his hand and touched the man D). He spoke from far away

6522. After healing the leper, what did Jesus tell him to do?

A). Tell everyone in town B). Follow him as a disciple C). Go back to his family at once
D). Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded

6523. What did Jesus often do even as the crowds grew larger?

A). Withdrew to lonely places and prayed B). Went to Jerusalem
C). Hid in Simon's house D). Fasted for forty days

6524. How did the men get the paralyzed man to Jesus through the crowd?

A). They broke down the door B). They lowered him through the roof tiles
C). They called Jesus outside D). They carried him through a window

6525. When Jesus saw the faith of the men, what did he first say to the paralyzed man?

A). 'Get up and walk.' B). 'Go and wash.' C). 'Friend, your sins are forgiven.'
D). 'Be clean.'

6526. Why did Jesus heal the paralyzed man in front of the Pharisees?

A). So they would know the Son of Man has authority on earth to forgive sins
B). To show the Law of Moses was wrong C). Because they asked him for a sign
D). To prove the man's friends were right

6527. What did the healed man do right after he stood up?

A). He thanked his friends at the door B). He took his mat and went home praising God
C). He ran to the temple D). He asked to follow Jesus

6528. Which tax collector was sitting at his tax booth when Jesus said, 'Follow me'?

A). Zacchaeus B). Simon C). Levi D). Bartholomew

6529. What did Levi hold for Jesus at his house?

A). A prayer meeting B). A Passover meal C). A wedding feast D). A great banquet

6530. Complete Jesus' words: 'It is not the healthy who need a doctor, but the ___.'

A). sick B). poor C). young D). weak

6531. Whom did Jesus say he came to call to repentance?

A). The righteous B). Sinners C). The priests D). The Romans

6532. Why did Jesus say his disciples were not fasting?

A). Fasting was no longer allowed B). They were too poor
C). The bridegroom was still with them D). It was the Sabbath

6533. In Jesus' parable, what happens when new wine is poured into old wineskins?

A). The wine becomes old B). The wine tastes better C). The wineskins become new
D). The new wine bursts the skins

6534. Complete Jesus' words: 'No, new wine must be poured into ___ wineskins.'

A). new B). old C). clean D). strong

6535. What were Jesus' disciples doing on the Sabbath that upset some Pharisees?

A). Picking heads of grain, rubbing them and eating B). Fishing on the lake
C). Carrying mats through town D). Selling food at the market

6536. Which Old Testament figure did Jesus say ate the consecrated bread?

A). Moses B). David C). Elijah D). Samuel

6537. Complete Jesus' words: 'The Son of Man is Lord of the ___.'

A). temple B). harvest C). Sabbath D). law

6538. What was wrong with the man Jesus healed in the synagogue on another Sabbath?

A). He was blind B). He could not hear C). He had leprosy
D). His right hand was shriveled

6539. What question did Jesus ask before healing the man with the shriveled hand?

A). Which is lawful on the Sabbath: to do good or to do evil, to save life or to destroy it?
B). Who among you has never sinned? C). Is it right to pay taxes to Caesar?
D). Who is the greatest in the kingdom?

6540. Complete what Jesus said to the man with the shriveled hand: 'Stretch out your ___.'

A). arm B). hand C). fingers D). palm

6541. What did Jesus do the whole night before choosing the twelve apostles?

A). Taught the crowds B). Walked to Jerusalem C). Fasted in the synagogue
D). Prayed to God on a mountainside

6542. How many disciples did Jesus choose and name apostles?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Seventy D). Three

6543. What new name did Jesus give to Simon?

A). Andrew B). Peter C). Thomas D). Levi

6544. Complete Jesus' words: 'Blessed are you who are poor, for yours is the ___ of God.'

A). kingdom B). love C). house D). mercy

6545. What did Jesus promise to those who weep now?

A). They will be rich B). They will laugh C). They will rule
D). They will never be hungry

6546. To whom did Jesus say, 'Woe to you... for you have already received your comfort'?

A). The hungry B). The priests C). The rich D). The sick

6547. Complete Jesus' command: 'Love your ___, do good to those who hate you.'

A). friends B). family C). neighbors D). enemies

6548. Complete Jesus' words: 'Do to others as you would have them do to ___.'

A). you B). them C). God D). your family

6549. What did Jesus say about lending to others?

A). Only lend to friends B). Lend without expecting to get anything back
C). Charge fair interest D). Never lend money

6550. Complete Jesus' words: 'Be ___, just as your Father is ___.'

A). holy B). perfect C). merciful D). faithful

6551. How did Jesus describe what will be given back to those who give?

A). A small but fair amount B). A gift from the temple C). Gold and silver
D). A good measure, pressed down, shaken together and running over

6552. In Jesus' parable, what happens when the blind lead the blind?

A). They both fall into a pit B). They find the way home C). They reach the city
D). They meet a guide

6553. What did Jesus say to remove from your own eye before helping your brother?

A). A speck of dust B). The plank C). A grain of sand D). A tear

6554. How did Jesus say each tree is recognized?

A). By its height B). By its leaves C). By its own fruit D). By its roots

6555. Complete Jesus' words: 'For the mouth speaks what the ___ is full of.'

A). mind B). stomach C). soul D). heart

6556. What did Jesus ask those who called him 'Lord, Lord'?

A). Why they did not do what he said B). Why they did not go to the temple
C). Why they did not fast D). Why they did not give money

6557. In Jesus' parable, where did the wise man lay the foundation of his house?

A). On sand B). On rock C). On a hill D). By the river

6558. In the parable, what happened to the house built without a foundation when the torrent struck?

A). It stood firm B). It was washed out to sea
C). It collapsed and was completely destroyed D). It lost only its roof

6559. Whose servant was sick and about to die in Capernaum?

A). A priest's B). A centurion's C). A tax collector's D). A fisherman's

6560. Why did the centurion send friends to tell Jesus not to come to his house?

A). He did not deserve to have Jesus come under his roof B). He was afraid of the crowd
C). His servant had already died D). He was going to visit Jesus himself

6561. What did Jesus say about the centurion's faith?

A). It was very small B). He had not found such great faith even in Israel
C). It needed to grow D). It was like a mustard seed

6562. In which town did Jesus raise a widow's only son from the dead?

A). Bethany B). Cana C). Nain D). Jericho

6563. When the Lord saw the widow of Nain, his heart went out to her and he said, 'Don't ___.'

A). cry B). worry C). fear D). go

6564. What happened after Jesus said, 'Young man, I say to you, get up!'?

A). The crowd ran away B). The mother fainted
C). The young man stood and walked to the temple
D). The dead man sat up and began to talk

6565. What did the people of Nain say after the young man was raised?

A). 'This is the son of David!' B). 'A great prophet has appeared among us.'
C). 'This must be Elijah.' D). 'Herod will be angry.'

6566. What question did John the Baptist send his disciples to ask Jesus?

A). 'Where will you go next?' B). 'When will you come to Jerusalem?'
C). 'Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?'
D). 'Why do your disciples not fast?'

6567. How did Jesus answer John's disciples?

A). He told them to report what they had seen and heard: the blind see, the lame walk, the dead are raised

B). He told them he was not the Messiah C). He sent them to the temple priests

D). He told them to wait for a sign

6568. What did Jesus say about John and the one who is least in the kingdom of God?

A). John was the least in the kingdom B). No one in the kingdom would be like John

C). The least in the kingdom of God is greater than John

D). John was greater than the angels

6569. What did people call the Son of Man because he came eating and drinking?

A). A teacher of the law B). A friend of the Pharisees C). A false prophet

D). A glutton and a drunkard, a friend of tax collectors and sinners

6570. What did the sinful woman bring to the Pharisee's house where Jesus was eating?

A). An alabaster jar of perfume B). A basket of bread C). A jar of wine

D). A bag of coins

6571. How did the woman wipe Jesus' feet after wetting them with her tears?

A). With a towel B). With her hair C). With her robe D). With oil

6572. What was the name of the Pharisee who invited Jesus to eat with him?

A). Nicodemus B). Gamaliel C). Simon D). Joseph

6573. In Jesus' story, how much did the two people owe the moneylender?

A). One hundred and ten denarii B). A thousand and a hundred denarii

C). Ten and one talent D). Five hundred and fifty denarii

6574. In Jesus' story, which person would love the moneylender more?

A). The one who had the bigger debt forgiven B). The one who had the smaller debt

C). Neither of them D). The one who paid first

6575. What did Jesus point out that Simon had not done for him?

A). Paid for the meal B). Given him water for his feet, a kiss, or oil for his head

C). Invited his disciples D). Prayed before eating

6576. Complete Jesus' words: 'But whoever has been forgiven little loves ___.'

A). much B). more C). little D). none

6577. What did Jesus tell the woman at the end?

A). 'Go and wash yourself.' B). 'Follow me.' C). 'Go to the priest.'

D). 'Your faith has saved you; go in peace.'

6578. In the parable of the sower, what happened to the seed that fell along the path?

A). It grew tall B). It was choked by thorns

C). It was trampled on, and the birds ate it up D). It withered from heat

6579. Why did the seed on the rocky ground wither?

A). The birds ate it B). Thorns grew around it C). It was planted too deep

D). The plants had no moisture

6580. How much did the seed on good soil yield in Jesus' parable?

A). A hundred times more than was sown B). Ten times more C). Twice as much

D). Thirty times more

6581. Complete Jesus' explanation: 'This is the meaning of the parable: The seed is the ___ of God.'

A). kingdom B). word C). love D). Spirit

6582. In Jesus' explanation, who takes away the word from those along the path?

A). The rich B). The priests C). The devil D). The rulers

6583. What chokes those represented by the seed among thorns?

A). Fear of the Romans B). Persecution and hunger C). Lack of teaching

D). Life's worries, riches and pleasures

6584. How does the seed on good soil produce a crop?

A). By hearing the word, keeping it, and persevering B). By being planted twice

C). By growing near the path D). By having no roots

6585. According to Jesus, where does someone put a lamp after lighting it?

A). Under a jar B). On a stand C). Under a bed D). In a cupboard

6586. Whom did Jesus call his mother and brothers?

A). Only his family in Nazareth B). The twelve apostles only

C). Those who hear God's word and put it into practice D). The people of Israel

6587. What was Jesus doing when the storm came down on the lake?

A). Praying B). Rowing the boat C). Teaching D). Sleeping

6588. Complete the disciples' cry: 'Master, Master, we're going to ___!'

A). drown B). sink C). die D). lose

6589. After calming the storm, what did Jesus ask his disciples?

A). 'Why did you wake me?' B). 'Where is your faith?' C). 'Who rowed the boat?'

D). 'Are you hungry?'

6590. Where did Jesus meet the man possessed by many demons?

A). Capernaum B). Bethsaida C). The region of the Gerasenes D). Samaria

6591. Where had the demon-possessed man been living?

A). In a cave by the sea B). In the synagogue C). In the wilderness market
D). In the tombs

6592. What name did the man give when Jesus asked him?

A). Legion B). Beelzebul C). Abaddon D). Lucifer

6593. Into what did the demons go when they came out of the man?

A). A flock of sheep B). A large herd of pigs C). A herd of goats D). A pack of dogs

6594. How did the people of the region respond after the man was healed?

A). They asked Jesus to stay B). They brought him their sick
C). They asked Jesus to leave because they were afraid D). They made him their king

6595. Complete what Jesus told the healed man: 'Return home and tell how much ___ has done for you.'

A). Jesus B). the Lord C). your faith D). God

6596. Which synagogue leader begged Jesus to come to his house?

A). Jairus B). Nicodemus C). Simon D). Zacchaeus

6597. What did the bleeding woman touch to be healed?

A). Jesus' hand B). Jesus' sandals C). The edge of Jesus' cloak D). Jesus' head

6598. Complete Jesus' words to the woman: 'Daughter, your ___ has healed you. Go in peace.'

A). prayer B). touch C). courage D). faith

6599. When Jairus heard his daughter had died, Jesus said: 'Don't be afraid; just ___, and she will be healed.'

A). believe B). pray C). wait D). hope

6600. Which disciples did Jesus allow into Jairus's house with the girl's parents?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, John and Judas

6601. After the girl stood up, what did Jesus tell them to do?

A). Take her to the temple B). Tell everyone in town C). Give her something to eat
D). Let her sleep

6602. What did Jesus give the Twelve when he sent them out?

A). Money and food for the journey
B). Power and authority to drive out demons and cure diseases
C). Letters to the synagogues D). Swords for protection

6603. What did Jesus tell the Twelve to take for their journey?

A). A staff and a bag B). Bread and money C). Nothing at all D). An extra shirt

6604. What were the Twelve to do when leaving a town that did not welcome them?

A). Pray for rain on it B). Call down fire C). Return the next day

D). Shake the dust off their feet as a testimony against them

6605. Near which town did Jesus feed the five thousand?

A). Capernaum B). Bethsaida C). Nain D). Cana

6606. How much food did the disciples have when Jesus told them to feed the crowd?

A). Seven loaves and a few fish B). Twelve loaves C). Five loaves of bread and two fish

D). Three loaves and five fish

6607. About how many men were fed with the five loaves and two fish?

A). Five hundred B). Four thousand C). Ten thousand D). Five thousand

6608. How many basketfuls of broken pieces were left over?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Five D). Two

6609. When Jesus asked, 'Who do you say I am?', Peter answered: 'God's ___.'

A). Prophet B). Messiah C). Servant D). Lamb

6610. What did Jesus say must happen to the Son of Man?

A). He must become king in Jerusalem B). He must defeat the Romans

C). He must suffer, be killed and on the third day be raised to life

D). He must build a new temple

6611. Complete Jesus' words: 'Whoever wants to be my disciple must deny themselves and take up their ___ daily and follow me.'

A). burden B). staff C). mat D). cross

6612. What did Jesus ask about gaining the whole world?

A). What good is it to gain the whole world and lose or forfeit your very self?

B). Who can gain the whole world? C). Why do rulers want the whole world?

D). When will the world be gained?

6613. Which three disciples went up the mountain with Jesus to pray?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James C). Peter, Andrew and Levi

D). James, John and Matthew

6614. What happened to Jesus' clothes while he was praying on the mountain?

A). They turned red B). They were torn

C). They became as bright as a flash of lightning D). They became wet with dew

6615. Which two men appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Abraham and David B). Isaiah and Jeremiah C). Noah and Daniel
D). Moses and Elijah

6616. What did Moses and Elijah talk with Jesus about?

A). His departure, which he was about to fulfill at Jerusalem B). The building of the temple
C). The coming of John D). The law given at Sinai

6617. Complete the voice from the cloud: 'This is my Son, whom I have chosen; ___ to him.'

A). pray B). sing C). listen D). bow

6618. What problem had the father of the boy with an evil spirit faced before coming to Jesus?

A). The priests refused to help B). The boy ran away C). Herod forbade healing
D). Jesus' disciples could not drive the spirit out

6619. When the disciples argued about who would be greatest, what did Jesus teach?

A). Whoever is least among you all is the greatest B). The oldest is the greatest
C). The one who prays most is the greatest D). The first one chosen is the greatest

6620. Complete Jesus' words: 'Whoever is not against you is ___ you.'

A). with B). for C). like D). near

6621. Toward which city did Jesus resolutely set out as the time approached for him to be taken up?

A). Nazareth B). Capernaum C). Jerusalem D). Samaria

6622. When a Samaritan village did not welcome Jesus, what did James and John want to do?

A). Go around it quietly B). Pray for the people C). Ask for food anyway
D). Call fire down from heaven to destroy them

6623. Complete Jesus' words: 'Foxes have dens and birds have nests, but the Son of Man has no place to lay his ___.'

A). head B). bed C). tent D). feet

6624. What did Jesus say about someone who puts a hand to the plow and looks back?

A). They will plow a straight line B). They are not fit for service in the kingdom of God
C). They will reap a great harvest D). They must start again

6625. How many others did the Lord appoint and send out two by two?

A). Twelve B). Forty C). Seventy-two D). One hundred

6626. Complete Jesus' words: 'The harvest is plentiful, but the ___ are few.'

A). workers B). fields C). seeds D). days

6627. Jesus said he was sending the seventy-two out like what?

A). Sheep with a shepherd B). Lambs among wolves C). Birds in the air
D). Soldiers into battle

6628. What were the seventy-two to say first when entering a house? '___ to this house.'

A). Blessing B). Joy C). Grace D). Peace

6629. Which two towns did Jesus say would have repented long ago if they had seen the miracles done in Chorazin and Bethsaida?

A). Tyre and Sidon B). Sodom and Gomorrah C). Nineveh and Babylon
D). Jericho and Samaria

6630. To which town did Jesus say, 'Will you be lifted to the heavens? No, you will go down to Hades'?

A). Nazareth B). Jerusalem C). Capernaum D). Bethany

6631. What did the seventy-two report with joy when they returned?

A). Many people gave them money B). The priests welcomed them
C). No one listened to them D). Even the demons submitted to them in Jesus' name

6632. Complete Jesus' words: 'I saw Satan fall like ___ from heaven.'

A). rain B). lightning C). a star D). fire

6633. What did Jesus tell the seventy-two to rejoice about instead of spirits submitting to them?

A). That their names are written in heaven B). That they had great power
C). That they would become rulers D). That they would never suffer

6634. To whom did Jesus say the Father had revealed these things?

A). The wise and learned B). Little children C). The priests and Levites
D). The rulers of Rome

6635. What did the expert in the law ask Jesus to test him?

A). Is it right to pay taxes? B). Which is the greatest prophet?
C). What must I do to inherit eternal life? D). When will the kingdom come?

6636. Complete the expert's answer: 'Love the Lord your God with all your heart... and, Love your neighbor as ___.'

A). your brother B). your friend C). your family D). yourself

6637. What question did the expert in the law ask to justify himself?

A). 'And who is my neighbor?' B). 'Who is my God?' C). 'Where is the kingdom?'
D). 'Why should I love?'

6638. In the parable, the man was going down from Jerusalem to which city when robbers attacked him?

A). Bethlehem B). Jericho C). Samaria D). Joppa

6639. Which two men passed by on the other side and did not help the wounded man?

A). A Pharisee and a scribe B). A soldier and a tax collector C). A priest and a Levite
D). A merchant and a farmer

6640. Who took pity on the wounded man in Jesus' parable?

A). A Roman B). A Pharisee C). A shepherd D). A Samaritan

6641. What did the Samaritan pour on the man's wounds?

A). Oil and wine B). Water and salt C). Honey and milk D). Myrrh and spices

6642. Where did the Samaritan take the wounded man to be cared for?

A). To the temple B). To an inn C). To his own house D). To Jericho's synagogue

6643. How much did the Samaritan give the innkeeper the next day?

A). Ten silver coins B). Thirty pieces of silver C). Two denarii D). One gold coin

6644. After the parable, what did Jesus tell the expert in the law to do?

A). Go and offer a sacrifice B). Go and read the law again
C). Go and give away everything D). Go and do likewise

6645. Which sister sat at the Lord's feet listening to what he said?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Joanna D). Salome

6646. What did Jesus say about Mary's choice?

A). She should help Martha B). She had chosen the wrong thing
C). She had chosen what is better, and it would not be taken from her
D). She should come back later

6647. What did one of Jesus' disciples ask him after he finished praying?

A). 'Lord, teach us to pray.' B). 'Lord, teach us to fast.' C). 'Lord, show us the Father.'
D). 'Lord, where are you going?'

6648. Complete the prayer Jesus taught: 'Father, hallowed be your ___, your kingdom come.'

A). house B). name C). word D). law

6649. Complete the prayer: 'Give us each day our daily ___.'

A). water B). work C). bread D). blessing

6650. In the prayer Jesus taught, why do we ask God to forgive our sins?

A). Because we have kept the law B). Because we pray often
C). Because we give to the poor D). For we also forgive everyone who sins against us

6651. In Jesus' story, how many loaves did the man ask his friend for at midnight?

A). Three B). Two C). Five D). Seven

6652. Why did the friend finally get up and give the man the bread?

A). Because they were brothers B). Because of the man's shameless audacity
C). Because the children woke up D). Because he was paid

6653. Complete Jesus' words: 'Ask and it will be given to you; seek and you will find; ___ and the door will be opened to you.'

A). wait B). call C). knock D). pray

6654. Jesus asked which father would give his son a snake instead of what?

A). Bread B). An egg C). A coat D). A fish

6655. What did Jesus say the Father in heaven will give to those who ask him?

A). The Holy Spirit B). Great riches C). Long life D). A new house

6656. By whom did some people claim Jesus was driving out demons?

A). By Moses B). By Beelzebul, the prince of demons C). By the high priest
D). By the Roman gods

6657. Complete Jesus' words: 'Any kingdom divided against itself will be ___.'

A). saved B). strong C). ruined D). healed

6658. Complete Jesus' words: 'But if I drive out demons by the ___ of God, then the kingdom of God has come upon you.'

A). hand B). power C). name D). finger

6659. Complete Jesus' words: 'Whoever is not with me is ___ me.'

A). against B). behind C). before D). beside

6660. According to Jesus, how many other spirits does the impure spirit bring back with it?

A). Three B). Seven C). Twelve D). Two

6661. When a woman called Jesus' mother blessed, what did Jesus say?

A). Yes, she is the most blessed of all B). Only my disciples are blessed
C). Blessed rather are those who hear the word of God and obey it D). No one is blessed

6662. What sign did Jesus say would be given to this wicked generation?

A). The sign of Moses B). The sign of Elijah C). The sign of a dove
D). The sign of Jonah

6663. Who came from the ends of the earth to listen to Solomon's wisdom?

A). The Queen of the South B). The king of Tyre C). The Pharaoh of Egypt
D). The prophet Jonah

6664. Which people repented at the preaching of Jonah?

A). The Egyptians B). The men of Nineveh C). The men of Babylon
D). The Samaritans

6665. Complete Jesus' words: 'Your ___ is the lamp of your body.'

A). heart B). mouth C). eye D). mind

6666. Why was the Pharisee surprised when Jesus ate at his house?

A). Jesus brought his disciples B). Jesus did not eat C). Jesus sat in the wrong seat
D). Jesus did not first wash before the meal

6667. What did Jesus say the Pharisees cleaned while being full of greed inside?

A). The outside of the cup and dish B). Their hands only C). The temple steps
D). Their sandals

6668. What did Jesus say the Pharisees neglected while giving a tenth of their mint and rue?

A). Fasting and prayer B). Justice and the love of God C). Sacrifices and offerings
D). The Sabbath and festivals

6669. What did Jesus say the Pharisees loved in the synagogues?

A). The scrolls of the law B). The singing of psalms C). The most important seats
D). The offering boxes

6670. Jesus spoke of the blood of the prophets from the blood of which man to the blood of Zechariah?

A). Isaiah B). Moses C). Noah D). Abel

6671. What did Jesus say the experts in the law had taken away?

A). The key to knowledge B). The scrolls of Moses C). The temple keys
D). The people's money

6672. Complete Jesus' warning: 'Be on your guard against the yeast of the Pharisees, which is ___.'

A). pride B). greed C). hypocrisy D). anger

6673. Whom did Jesus say his friends should fear?

A). Those who kill the body B). Kings and rulers C). The Pharisees
D). The One who has authority to throw you into hell

6674. According to Jesus, how many sparrows are sold for two pennies?

A). Five B). Three C). Ten D). Two

6675. What did Jesus say about the hairs of your head?

A). They will turn white B). They are all numbered C). They show your age
D). They are not important

6676. According to Jesus, which sin will not be forgiven?

A). Speaking a word against the Son of Man B). Breaking the Sabbath
C). Blaspheming against the Holy Spirit D). Doubting God

6677. Who did Jesus say would teach his followers what to say when brought before rulers?

A). Their teachers B). The apostles C). An angel D). The Holy Spirit

6678. What did a man in the crowd ask Jesus to tell his brother to do?

A). Divide the inheritance with him B). Pay back a debt C). Leave their father's house
D). Sell the family land

6679. Complete Jesus' warning: 'Be on your guard against all kinds of greed; life does not consist in an abundance of ___.'

A). food B). possessions C). friends D). years

6680. In Jesus' parable, what did the rich man plan to do with his barns?

A). Sell them B). Give them to the poor C). Tear them down and build bigger ones
D). Lend them to his neighbors

6681. What did God call the rich man who stored up things for himself?

A). Wise man B). Servant C). Faithful steward D). You fool

6682. What is the lesson Jesus gave at the end of the parable of the rich fool?

A). It is the same for whoever stores up things for themselves but is not rich toward God
B). Barns should always be small C). Farmers should not grow too much grain
D). The rich will always live long

6683. Which birds did Jesus tell his disciples to consider, since God feeds them?

A). Sparrows B). Ravens C). Doves D). Eagles

6684. What question did Jesus ask about worrying?

A). Who can stop the rain by worrying? B). Who can grow taller by praying?
C). Who of you by worrying can add a single hour to your life?
D). Who can feed the birds by worrying?

6685. Which king did Jesus say was not dressed like one of the wild flowers?

A). David B). Saul C). Herod D). Solomon

6686. Complete Jesus' words: 'But seek his ___, and these things will be given to you as well.'

A). kingdom B). face C). mercy D). help

6687. Complete Jesus' words: 'Do not be afraid, little ___, for your Father has been pleased to give you the kingdom.'

A). children B). flock C). ones D). sheep

6688. Complete Jesus' words: 'For where your treasure is, there your ___ will be also.'

A). mind B). money C). heart D). home

6689. In Jesus' story, from where were the servants waiting for their master to return?

A). A long journey B). The temple C). The market D). A wedding banquet

6690. Why did Jesus tell his followers to be ready?

A). The Son of Man will come at an hour when you do not expect him

B). A thief will come tonight C). The master is in the next room

D). The wedding begins soon

6691. Complete Jesus' words: 'From everyone who has been given much, much will be ___.'

A). given B). demanded C). taken D). added

6692. What did Jesus say he came to bring instead of peace on earth?

A). War B). Riches C). Division D). Silence

6693. Why did Jesus call the crowd hypocrites when talking about the weather?

A). They worked on the Sabbath B). They feared the rain C). They grew too much grain

D). They could read the weather but not interpret the present time

6694. Whose blood did Pilate mix with their sacrifices, according to the people who spoke to Jesus?

A). Some Samaritans B). Some Galileans C). Some priests D). Some Romans

6695. Complete Jesus' warning: 'But unless you ___, you too will all perish.'

A). pray B). believe C). repent D). obey

6696. How many people died when the tower in Siloam fell on them?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Forty D). Eighteen

6697. In Jesus' parable, how long had the owner been looking for fruit on the fig tree?

A). Three years B). One year C). Seven years D). Ten years

6698. What did the man who took care of the vineyard ask the owner to do with the fig tree?

A). Cut it down at once B). Leave it alone for one more year C). Move it to a new place

D). Sell its wood

6699. How long had the woman in the synagogue been crippled by a spirit?

A). Twelve years B). Thirty-eight years C). Eighteen years D). Seven years

6700. Complete Jesus' words to the bent-over woman: 'Woman, you are set ___ from your infirmity.'

A). right B). apart C). aside D). free

6701. What did the woman do immediately after Jesus put his hands on her?

A). She straightened up and praised God B). She ran out of the synagogue
C). She sat down to rest D). She told the priest

6702. Who was indignant because Jesus healed on the Sabbath?

A). The woman's husband B). The synagogue leader C). A Roman soldier
D). Peter

6703. How did Jesus answer the synagogue leader about healing on the Sabbath?

A). He said the Sabbath was no longer needed B). He said he would heal only on weekdays
C). He said they untie their animals on the Sabbath, so this daughter of Abraham should be set free
D). He said the woman had broken the law

6704. What did Jesus call the woman he healed in the synagogue?

A). A child of light B). A servant of God C). A sister of Israel
D). A daughter of Abraham

6705. Jesus said the kingdom of God is like which seed that grew into a tree?

A). A mustard seed B). A fig seed C). A wheat seed D). An olive seed

6706. Jesus also compared the kingdom of God to what, mixed into about sixty pounds of flour?

A). Salt B). Yeast C). Oil D). Water

6707. Complete Jesus' words: 'Make every effort to enter through the ___ door.'

A). open B). golden C). narrow D). temple

6708. Which three men did Jesus say people would see in the kingdom of God?

A). Moses, Aaron and Joshua B). David, Solomon and Elijah
C). Noah, Shem and Japheth D). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

6709. Complete Jesus' words: 'Indeed there are those who are last who will be ___, and first who will be last.'

A). first B). great C). saved D). rich

6710. What did Jesus call Herod when the Pharisees warned that Herod wanted to kill him?

A). That snake B). That fox C). That wolf D). That lion

6711. Jesus said no prophet can die outside which city?

A). Nazareth B). Bethlehem C). Jerusalem D). Samaria

6712. Jesus said he longed to gather Jerusalem's children together like what?

A). A shepherd gathers sheep B). A king gathers soldiers C). A fisherman gathers fish
D). A hen gathers her chicks under her wings

6713. Complete Jesus' words to Jerusalem: 'You will not see me again until you say, Blessed is he who comes in the ___ of the Lord.'

A). name B). power C). house D). glory

6714. Where was Jesus eating on the Sabbath when he was being carefully watched?

A). At Levi's house B). At the house of a prominent Pharisee C). At Martha's home
D). In the temple courts

6715. What was the man in front of Jesus suffering from at the Pharisee's house?

A). Blindness B). Leprosy C). Abnormal swelling of his body D). A fever

6716. What did Jesus ask the Pharisees to show that healing on the Sabbath was right?

A). Would you not fast on the Sabbath? B). Would you not light a lamp?
C). Would you not go to the synagogue?
D). If your child or ox falls into a well on the Sabbath, will you not pull it out?

6717. Where did Jesus tell guests to sit when invited to a wedding feast?

A). In the lowest place B). In the place of honor C). Next to the host
D). Near the door

6718. Complete Jesus' words: 'For all those who exalt themselves will be humbled, and those who humble themselves will be ___.'

A). forgiven B). exalted C). blessed D). rewarded

6719. Whom did Jesus tell his host to invite when giving a banquet?

A). Friends and relatives B). Rich neighbors
C). The poor, the crippled, the lame and the blind D). The priests and Levites

6720. When did Jesus say those who invite the poor would be repaid?

A). The next day B). When they grow old C). At the next feast
D). At the resurrection of the righteous

6721. Complete what a guest said: 'Blessed is the one who will eat at the feast in the ___ of God.'

A). kingdom B). house C). temple D). city

6722. In the parable of the great banquet, what was the first guest's excuse?

A). He was sick B). He had just bought a field and had to see it C). He was traveling
D). He had to work in the temple

6723. What had the second guest bought that he said he needed to try out?

A). A new house B). A donkey C). Five yoke of oxen D). Ten sheep

6724. What excuse did the third guest give for not coming to the banquet?

A). He had no clothes B). He had a field to plow C). He was too tired
D). He had just gotten married

6725. Whom did the master tell his servant to bring in from the streets and alleys?

A). The poor, the crippled, the blind and the lame B). The soldiers

C). The rich merchants D). The children

6726. When there was still room, where did the master send his servant next?

A). To the temple courts B). To the roads and country lanes C). To the king's palace

D). To the sea shore

6727. What did the master say about those who were first invited?

A). They could come later B). They would sit in the best places

C). Not one of them would get a taste of his banquet D). They would be forgiven

6728. Complete Jesus' words: 'And whoever does not carry their ___ and follow me cannot be my disciple.'

A). staff B). bag C). burden D). cross

6729. What did Jesus say a person should do before building a tower?

A). Sit down and estimate the cost B). Ask the king C). Pray for forty days

D). Hire many workers

6730. In Jesus' example, a king with ten thousand men must consider whether he can face how many?

A). Fifteen thousand B). Twenty thousand C). Fifty thousand D). Five thousand

6731. According to Jesus, what must his followers give up to be his disciples?

A). Only their bad habits B). Half of what they have C). Everything they have

D). Their homes only

6732. What did Jesus say happens to salt that loses its saltiness?

A). It becomes sugar B). It can be made salty again C). It is used for the garden

D). It is thrown out

6733. What did the Pharisees and teachers of the law mutter about Jesus?

A). 'This man breaks the Sabbath.' B). 'This man welcomes sinners and eats with them.'

C). 'This man speaks against Moses.' D). 'This man does not pray.'

6734. In Jesus' parable, how many sheep did the man have before one was lost?

A). Ten B). Fifty C). One hundred D). Ninety-nine

6735. What does the shepherd do when he finds the lost sheep?

A). He scolds it B). He sells it C). He ties it to a tree

D). He joyfully puts it on his shoulders

6736. According to Jesus, what causes more rejoicing in heaven than ninety-nine righteous persons?

A). One sinner who repents B). One new temple C). One great sacrifice
D). One long prayer

6737. How many silver coins did the woman have before she lost one?

A). Five B). Ten C). Seven D). Twelve

6738. What did the woman do to find her lost coin?

A). Asked her neighbors to look B). Waited until morning
C). Lit a lamp, swept the house and searched carefully D). Went to the market

6739. Complete Jesus' words: 'There is rejoicing in the presence of the ___ of God over one sinner who repents.'

A). people B). prophets C). saints D). angels

6740. What did the younger son ask his father for?

A). His share of the estate B). A new robe C). A job on the farm
D). Permission to marry

6741. What did the younger son do with his wealth in the distant country?

A). He bought a farm B). He squandered it in wild living C). He gave it to the poor
D). He saved it

6742. What job did the younger son take after a severe famine came?

A). Fishing B). Building houses C). Feeding pigs D). Selling bread

6743. What did the younger son long to fill his stomach with?

A). Bread from the master's table B). Fish from the river C). Grapes from the vineyard
D). The pods that the pigs were eating

6744. What did the younger son realize when he came to his senses?

A). His father's hired servants had food to spare B). His brother was poor too
C). The famine had ended D). He could become rich again

6745. Complete what the son planned to say: 'Father, I have ___ against heaven and against you.'

A). worked B). sinned C). spoken D). failed

6746. What did the son plan to ask his father to make him?

A). A manager of the estate B). A son again C). Like one of his hired servants
D). A guard at the gate

6747. What did the father do when he saw his son a long way off?

A). He waited at the door B). He sent a servant C). He turned away
D). He ran to his son, threw his arms around him and kissed him

6748. What did the father tell his servants to put on his son?

A). The best robe, a ring and sandals B). A crown and a cloak C). A belt and a staff
D). New shoes only

6749. What animal did the father tell them to kill for the celebration?

A). A lamb B). The fattened calf C). A goat D). A young bull

6750. Complete the father's words: 'For this son of mine was dead and is alive again; he was ___ and is found.'

A). gone B). far C). lost D). poor

6751. Where was the older son when the celebration began?

A). In the city B). At the temple C). Asleep in the house D). In the field

6752. How did the older son react when he heard about the celebration?

A). He became angry and refused to go in B). He joined the dancing
C). He ran to hug his brother D). He asked for his own share

6753. What did the older son say his father had never given him?

A). A fattened calf B). Even a young goat to celebrate with his friends C). A new robe
D). A share of the estate

6754. Complete the father's words to the older son: 'My son, you are always with me, and everything I have is ___.'

A). mine B). enough C). yours D). waiting

6755. In Jesus' parable, what was the rich man's manager accused of?

A). Stealing a donkey B). Wasting the rich man's possessions C). Lying to the priests
D). Breaking the Sabbath

6756. Why did the manager say he could not dig or beg?

A). He was too old and too rich B). He was sick and alone
C). He was not strong enough to dig and was ashamed to beg
D). He had no tools or friends

6757. How much did the manager tell the first debtor to write on his bill instead of nine hundred gallons of olive oil?

A). Eight hundred B). Six hundred C). One hundred D). Four hundred fifty

6758. The second debtor owed a thousand bushels of wheat. What did the manager tell him to write?

A). Eight hundred B). Five hundred C). Nine hundred D). Six hundred

6759. Why did the master commend the dishonest manager?

A). Because he was honest at last B). Because he had acted shrewdly
C). Because he paid back all the money D). Because he prayed

6760. Complete Jesus' words: 'Whoever can be trusted with very little can also be trusted with ____.'

A). more B). some C). much D). nothing

6761. Complete Jesus' words: 'You cannot serve both God and ____.'

A). people B). Caesar C). yourself D). money

6762. Who loved money and were sneering at Jesus when they heard his teaching?

A). The Pharisees B). The tax collectors C). The disciples D). The Samaritans

6763. What did Jesus say about what people value highly?

A). It pleases God B). It is detestable in God's sight C). It lasts forever
D). It should be shared

6764. What did Jesus say is easier than for the least stroke of a pen to drop out of the Law?

A). For a camel to go through a needle B). For the sea to dry up
C). For heaven and earth to disappear D). For a stone to become bread

6765. How was the rich man in the story dressed?

A). In purple and fine linen B). In sackcloth C). In camel's hair
D). In a soldier's armor

6766. Where was the rich man in torment after he died?

A). In the sea B). In prison C). In the desert D). In Hades

6767. Jesus said it would be better to be thrown into the sea with what tied around the neck than to cause a little one to stumble?

A). A heavy chain B). A millstone C). A large stone jar D). An anchor

6768. What did Jesus say to do if your brother or sister sins and then repents?

A). Report them to the elders B). Avoid them C). Forgive them D). Make them pay

6769. How many times in a day did Jesus say to forgive someone who comes back and says, 'I repent'?

A). Three times B). Twelve times C). Once D). Seven times

6770. The apostles said to the Lord, 'Increase our ____!'

A). faith B). strength C). joy D). wisdom

6771. Jesus said faith as small as a mustard seed could tell which tree to be uprooted and planted in the sea?

A). A fig tree B). A mulberry tree C). An olive tree D). A cedar tree

6772. Complete what Jesus said servants should say: 'We are unworthy servants; we have only done our ___.'

A). best B). work C). duty D). part

6773. Along which border was Jesus traveling when he met the ten men with leprosy?

A). Between Judea and Egypt B). Between Galilee and Syria
C). Between Judea and Perea D). Between Samaria and Galilee

6774. How many men with leprosy met Jesus as he entered a village?

A). Ten B). Two C). Seven D). Twelve

6775. Complete what the men with leprosy called out: 'Jesus, Master, have ___ on us!'

A). mercy B). pity C). grace D). peace

6776. What did Jesus tell the ten men with leprosy to do?

A). Wash in the Jordan B). Wait outside the village
C). Go, show yourselves to the priests D). Follow him to Jerusalem

6777. When were the ten men cleansed of leprosy?

A). Before Jesus spoke to them B). After they reached the temple
C). When Jesus touched them D). As they went

6778. What did one of the healed men do when he saw he was healed?

A). He came back praising God and fell at Jesus' feet B). He ran home
C). He went to the market D). He hid from the crowd

6779. Who was the one man who came back to thank Jesus?

A). A priest B). A Samaritan C). A Roman D). A Pharisee

6780. Complete Jesus' question: 'Were not all ten cleansed? Where are the other ___?'

A). seven B). eight C). nine D). five

6781. Complete Jesus' words to the Samaritan: 'Rise and go; your ___ has made you well.'

A). prayer B). thanks C). worship D). faith

6782. What did Jesus tell the Pharisees about the coming of the kingdom of God?

A). It is not something that can be observed; it is in your midst B). It will come next year
C). It will come with a great army D). It has already ended

6783. Jesus compared the days of the Son of Man to the days of which man, when people ate and drank until the flood came?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). Jonah

6784. In whose days did fire and sulfur rain down from heaven after people went on with ordinary life?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Lot D). David

6785. Complete Jesus' warning: 'Remember ___!'

A). Noah's ark B). Jonah's whale C). Abraham's tent D). Lot's wife

6786. What did Jesus say happens to whoever tries to keep their life?

A). They will lose it B). They will keep it forever C). They will become rich
D). They will be honored

6787. Why did Jesus tell the parable of the persistent widow?

A). To show that judges are unfair B). To show that they should always pray and not give up
C). To teach about money D). To warn against widows

6788. How did Jesus describe the judge in the parable?

A). He was wise and kind B). He was a priest
C). He neither feared God nor cared what people thought D). He was the widow's brother

6789. Complete the widow's plea: 'Grant me ___ against my adversary.'

A). mercy B). peace C). money D). justice

6790. Why did the judge finally decide to help the widow?

A). Because she kept bothering him B). Because God told him
C). Because she paid him D). Because the king ordered it

6791. Complete Jesus' question: 'However, when the Son of Man comes, will he find ___ on the earth?'

A). love B). faith C). peace D). joy

6792. To whom did Jesus tell the parable of the Pharisee and the tax collector?

A). To the twelve apostles only B). To little children
C). To some who were confident of their own righteousness and looked down on others
D). To the Roman soldiers

6793. Where did the Pharisee and the tax collector go to pray?

A). To the synagogue B). To a mountain C). To the river D). To the temple

6794. How often did the Pharisee say he fasted?

A). Twice a week B). Once a month C). Every day D). Once a year

6795. Complete the tax collector's prayer: 'God, have mercy on me, a ___.'

A). servant B). sinner C). beggar D). stranger

6796. Which man did Jesus say went home justified before God?

A). The Pharisee B). Both men C). The tax collector D). Neither man

6797. Complete Jesus' words: 'Let the little ___ come to me, and do not hinder them.'

A). lambs B). ones C). people D). children

6798. How did Jesus say a person must receive the kingdom of God?

A). Like a little child B). Like a king C). Like a soldier D). Like a teacher

6799. Who asked Jesus, 'Good teacher, what must I do to inherit eternal life?'

A). A Pharisee in the temple B). A certain ruler C). A Roman soldier
D). A blind beggar

6800. What one thing did Jesus tell the ruler he still lacked?

A). To fast more often B). To go to the temple
C). To sell everything, give to the poor, and follow Jesus D). To keep the Sabbath

6801. Why did the ruler become very sad after Jesus spoke to him?

A). He was sick B). He had no family C). He could not keep the law
D). He was very wealthy

6802. Jesus said it is easier for which animal to go through the eye of a needle than for someone rich to enter the kingdom?

A). A camel B). A horse C). An ox D). A donkey

6803. Complete Jesus' words: 'What is impossible with man is ___ with God.'

A). hidden B). possible C). forgiven D). known

6804. On which day did Jesus say he would rise again after being killed?

A). The first day B). The seventh day C). The third day D). The fortieth day

6805. How did the disciples respond when Jesus spoke about his death and rising?

A). They wept loudly B). They told others C). They argued with him
D). They did not understand, because its meaning was hidden from them

6806. Near which city was the blind man sitting by the roadside begging?

A). Jericho B). Bethany C). Nazareth D). Capernaum

6807. Complete the blind man's cry: 'Jesus, Son of ___, have mercy on me!'

A). God B). David C). Abraham D). Joseph

6808. What did the blind man do when those in front rebuked him and told him to be quiet?

A). He went home B). He stopped calling C). He shouted all the more
D). He followed silently

6809. What did the man do immediately after he received his sight?

A). He ran into Jericho B). He washed his eyes C). He went to the priest
D). He followed Jesus, praising God

6810. Which chief tax collector in Jericho wanted to see Jesus?

A). Levi B). Zacchaeus C). Simon D). Matthias

6811. Complete Jesus' words: 'Zacchaeus, come down immediately. I must stay at your ___ today.'

A). house B). table C). town D). side

6812. What did the people mutter when Jesus went to Zacchaeus's house?

A). 'He is going to collect taxes.' B). 'He has gone to be the guest of a sinner.'
C). 'He will be arrested.' D). 'He is going to rest.'

6813. Complete Jesus' words: 'For the Son of Man came to seek and to save the ___.'

A). poor B). sick C). righteous D). lost

6814. In the parable, how many minas did the man of noble birth give to his ten servants?

A). Ten minas B). One hundred minas C). Five minas D). Twelve minas

6815. What did the man's subjects send a delegation to say?

A). 'We want you to come back soon.' B). 'We don't want this man to be our king.'
C). 'We will pay more taxes.' D). 'We will serve you.'

6816. What reward did the servant who earned ten more minas receive?

A). A new house B). Ten more minas C). Charge of ten cities
D). A seat at the king's table

6817. Where did the third servant keep his mina?

A). In a jar B). Under his bed C). Buried in a field D). Laid away in a piece of cloth

6818. What did the king say happens to everyone who has?

A). More will be given B). It will be taken away C). They will be judged
D). They must give it away

6819. Near which hill were Bethphage and Bethany when Jesus sent two disciples ahead?

A). Mount Sinai B). The Mount of Olives C). Mount Zion D). Mount Carmel

6820. What animal did Jesus tell his disciples to bring to him?

A). A white horse B). A camel C). A colt that no one had ever ridden
D). A young ox

6821. What were the disciples to say if anyone asked why they were untying the colt? 'The ___ needs it.'

A). Teacher B). Master C). King D). Lord

6822. What did people spread on the road as Jesus rode along?

A). Their cloaks B). Palm leaves C). Flowers D). Gold coins

6823. Complete the disciples' praise: 'Blessed is the ___ who comes in the name of the Lord!'

A). prophet B). king C). priest D). son

6824. Jesus told the Pharisees: 'I tell you, if they keep quiet, the ___ will cry out.'

A). trees B). angels C). stones D). birds

6825. What did Jesus do as he approached Jerusalem and saw the city?

A). He laughed B). He sang a psalm C). He turned back D). He wept over it

6826. Why did Jesus say Jerusalem's enemies would not leave one stone on another?

A). Because the city did not recognize the time of God's coming to it

B). Because the walls were weak C). Because the people were poor

D). Because the Romans hated the temple

6827. Complete what Jesus said in the temple: 'My house will be a house of ___; but you have made it a den of robbers.'

A). worship B). prayer C). peace D). praise

6828. Why could the chief priests and leaders not find a way to kill Jesus?

A). The Romans protected him B). He was hiding C). All the people hung on his words

D). He left the city

6829. What did the chief priests, teachers of the law and elders ask Jesus in the temple courts?

A). 'Where were you born?' B). 'By what authority are you doing these things?'

C). 'Why do you heal on the Sabbath?' D). 'Who are your disciples?'

6830. What question did Jesus ask them in return?

A). Whether Moses was a prophet B). Whether the temple was holy

C). Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin

D). Whether Caesar was king

6831. What did the leaders finally answer, and how did Jesus respond?

A). They said they did not know, so Jesus would not tell them his authority

B). They said 'from heaven,' and Jesus praised them C). They said 'from men,' and Jesus left

D). They stayed silent, and Jesus explained everything

6832. In the parable, what did the tenants do to the servants the owner sent?

A). They paid them fairly B). They beat, insulted and wounded them and sent them away

C). They made them tenants too D). They gave them part of the harvest

6833. Complete the owner's words: 'I will send my ___, whom I love; perhaps they will respect him.'

A). servant B). friend C). son D). brother

6834. What did the tenants do to the owner's son?

A). They welcomed him B). They made him their king C). They sent him back

D). They threw him out of the vineyard and killed him

6835. Complete the Scripture Jesus quoted: 'The stone the builders rejected has become the ___.'

A). cornerstone B). foundation C). altar D). gate

6836. Why did the teachers of the law and chief priests want to arrest Jesus after this parable?

A). He had broken the Sabbath B). They knew he had spoken this parable against them
C). He refused to pay taxes D). He had entered the temple

6837. What tricky question did the spies ask Jesus?

A). Who is the greatest prophet? B). Should we fast on feast days?
C). Is it right for us to pay taxes to Caesar or not? D). Where should we worship?

6838. What coin did Jesus ask them to show him?

A). A shekel B). A mina C). A talent D). A denarius

6839. Whose image and inscription were on the coin?

A). Caesar's B). Herod's C). Pilate's D). Solomon's

6840. Complete Jesus' answer: 'Then give back to Caesar what is Caesar's, and to ___ what is God's.'

A). the temple B). God C). the priests D). the poor

6841. Which group said there is no resurrection?

A). The Pharisees B). The Zealots C). The Sadducees D). The Samaritans

6842. What did Jesus say about those who take part in the resurrection from the dead?

A). They will neither marry nor be given in marriage, and they are like the angels
B). They will marry again C). They will live in the temple
D). They will have new families on earth

6843. In which account did Moses show that the dead rise, according to Jesus?

A). The parting of the sea B). The account of the burning bush C). The giving of manna
D). The bronze snake

6844. Complete Jesus' words: 'He is not the God of the dead, but of the ___, for to him all are alive.'

A). righteous B). faithful C). living D). chosen

6845. Which writer in the Book of Psalms called the Messiah 'Lord'?

A). Solomon B). Moses C). Asaph D). David

6846. What did Jesus warn about the teachers of the law?

A). They like to walk in flowing robes and devour widows' houses
B). They never read the Scriptures C). They give too much to the poor
D). They fast too often

6847. What did the poor widow put into the temple treasury?

A). One gold coin B). Two very small copper coins C). Five silver coins
D). A bag of grain

6848. Why did Jesus say the poor widow put in more than all the others?

A). Her coins were worth the most B). She gave every day
C). She gave out of her poverty all she had to live on D). She gave in secret

6849. What did Jesus say would happen to the beautiful temple?

A). It would be made larger B). It would be covered in gold C). It would last forever
D). Not one stone would be left on another

6850. What warning did Jesus give about people who come claiming, 'I am he'?

A). Watch out that you are not deceived; do not follow them B). Follow them to the desert
C). Listen to them carefully D). Ask them for a sign

6851. Complete Jesus' words: 'When you hear of wars and uprisings, do not be ___.'

A). surprised B). frightened C). silent D). angry

6852. Which of these did Jesus say would happen in various places?

A). Great floods covering the earth B). The sun stopping in the sky
C). Great earthquakes, famines and pestilences D). The rivers turning to blood

6853. Before the signs of the end, what did Jesus say would happen to his followers?

A). They would become rulers B). They would all become rich
C). They would never suffer
D). They would be persecuted and brought before kings and governors

6854. What did Jesus promise to give his followers when they had to defend themselves?

A). Words and wisdom that no adversary could resist B). Swords to defend themselves
C). Money for a lawyer D). A way to escape

6855. Who did Jesus say would betray his followers?

A). Only the Romans B). Even parents, brothers and sisters, relatives and friends
C). Only the priests D). Only strangers

6856. Complete Jesus' promise: 'But not a ___ of your head will perish.'

A). part B). thought C). hair D). drop

6857. Complete Jesus' words: 'Stand ___, and you will win life.'

A). tall B). together C). still D). firm

6858. What did Jesus tell people in Judea to do when they saw Jerusalem surrounded by armies?

A). Flee to the mountains B). Go into the city C). Fight the armies
D). Stay in the temple

6859. Until when did Jesus say Jerusalem would be trampled on by the Gentiles?

A). Until the temple is rebuilt B). Until the times of the Gentiles are fulfilled
C). Until the king returns D). Until the harvest

6860. How did Jesus say people will see the Son of Man coming?

A). Riding a white horse B). Walking on the sea
C). In a cloud with power and great glory D). With an army of soldiers

6861. Complete Jesus' words: 'Stand up and lift up your heads, because your ___ is drawing near.'

A). king B). judgment C). reward D). redemption

6862. What did Jesus say the leaves on the fig tree show?

A). That summer is near B). That winter is coming C). That the fruit is ripe
D). That rain will come

6863. Complete Jesus' words: 'Heaven and earth will pass away, but my ___ will never pass away.'

A). love B). words C). kingdom D). people

6864. What did Jesus warn could weigh down his followers' hearts?

A). Too much prayer B). Hard work
C). Carousing, drunkenness and the anxieties of life D). Helping the poor

6865. Complete Jesus' command: 'Be always on the watch, and ___.'

A). fast B). work C). wait D). pray

6866. Where did Jesus spend each night while he was teaching in the temple during the day?

A). On the hill called the Mount of Olives B). In Bethlehem C). In Peter's house
D). In the temple courts

6867. Which two disciples did Jesus send to prepare the Passover?

A). Peter and John B). James and John C). Andrew and Philip
D). Peter and Andrew

6868. Where did Jesus eat the Passover with his apostles?

A). In the temple courts B). At Martha's house
C). In a large room upstairs, all furnished D). On the Mount of Olives

6869. Complete Jesus' words over the bread: 'This is my body given for you; do this in ___ of me.'

A). honor B). praise C). memory D). remembrance

6870. Complete Jesus' words over the cup: 'This cup is the new ___ in my blood, which is poured out for you.'

A). covenant B). promise C). law D). kingdom

6871. When the disciples argued about who was the greatest, what did Jesus say?

A). The oldest should be greatest

B). The greatest should be like the youngest, and the one who rules like the one who serves

C). The richest should lead D). Peter would be the greatest

6872. Complete Jesus' words: 'But I am among you as one who ___.'

A). rules B). teaches C). serves D). judges

6873. What did Jesus tell Simon that Satan had asked to do?

A). Take him to Rome B). Make him a king C). Close his mouth

D). Sift all of them as wheat

6874. What did Jesus pray for Simon?

A). That his faith may not fail B). That he would become rich

C). That he would never be afraid D). That he would not be arrested

6875. How many times did Jesus say Peter would deny knowing him before the rooster crowed?

A). Two times B). Three times C). Seven times D). Once

6876. On the Mount of Olives, Jesus told his disciples: 'Pray that you will not fall into ___.'

A). sleep B). fear C). temptation D). darkness

6877. Complete Jesus' prayer: 'Father, if you are willing, take this cup from me; yet not my will, but ___ be done.'

A). theirs B). ours C). God's D). yours

6878. What appeared to Jesus as he prayed, and what was his sweat like?

A). An angel strengthened him, and his sweat was like drops of blood

B). Moses appeared, and his sweat was like rain

C). A dove came down, and his sweat was like oil

D). A bright light appeared, and his sweat was like tears

6879. Why did Jesus find his disciples asleep when he rose from prayer?

A). They were lazy B). They were exhausted from sorrow C). They had eaten too much

D). They did not care

6880. How did Judas betray Jesus, according to Jesus' own words?

A). With a letter B). With a shout C). With a kiss D). With a sign of his hand

6881. What did Jesus do after one of his followers cut off the right ear of the high priest's servant?

A). He told him to run B). He asked for another sword C). He told the soldiers to leave
D). He touched the man's ear and healed him

6882. Where did they take Jesus after arresting him?

A). Into the house of the high priest B). To Pilate's palace C). To Herod's court
D). To the temple treasury

6883. What happened right after the rooster crowed during Peter's third denial?

A). Peter ran to Jesus B). Peter hid in the house
C). The Lord turned and looked straight at Peter, and Peter went out and wept bitterly
D). Peter was arrested

6884. What did the men guarding Jesus do?

A). They gave him water B). They prayed with him C). They asked to be his disciples
D). They mocked and beat him, blindfolded him and said, 'Prophesy! Who hit you?'

6885. When the council asked, 'Are you then the Son of God?', what did Jesus answer?

A). 'You say that I am.' B). 'I am only a prophet.' C). 'I will not answer you.'
D). 'Ask my disciples.'

6886. Which of these was one of the charges brought against Jesus before Pilate?

A). He had stolen from the temple B). He opposed payment of taxes to Caesar
C). He had killed a man D). He had broken out of prison

6887. Pilate asked Jesus, 'Are you the king of the ___?'

A). world B). Romans C). Jews D). Galileans

6888. What did Pilate say to the chief priests and the crowd after questioning Jesus?

A). 'He must die at once.' B). 'Send him to Rome.' C). 'He is a dangerous man.'
D). 'I find no basis for a charge against this man.'

6889. Why did Pilate send Jesus to Herod?

A). Because Jesus was a Galilean under Herod's jurisdiction
B). Because Herod was the high priest C). Because Jesus asked to see Herod
D). Because the crowd demanded it

6890. What did Herod hope Jesus would do, and how did Jesus respond?

A). Pay a fine; Jesus refused B). Perform a sign; Jesus gave him no answer
C). Bow to him; Jesus walked away D). Heal his son; Jesus agreed

6891. What did Herod and his soldiers dress Jesus in before sending him back to Pilate?

A). A crown of gold B). Sackcloth C). An elegant robe D). A soldier's cloak

6892. What did the crowd keep shouting about Jesus? '___ him! ___ him!'

A). Release B). Crucify C). Stone D). Free

6893. Who was forced to carry the cross behind Jesus?

A). Joseph of Arimathea B). Peter C). Simon from Cyrene D). Lazarus

6894. Complete Jesus' words to the mourning women: 'Daughters of Jerusalem, do not weep for me; weep for ___.'

A). the temple B). Israel C). the city D). yourselves and for your children

6895. What was the name of the place where Jesus was crucified?

A). The Skull B). Bethany C). Gethsemane D). The Valley of Kidron

6896. Complete Jesus' words on the cross: 'Father, ___ them, for they do not know what they are doing.'

A). punish B). forgive C). save D). bless

6897. How did the soldiers divide Jesus' clothes?

A). They burned them B). They gave them to his mother C). By casting lots
D). They tore them into pieces

6898. What did the written notice above Jesus on the cross say?

A). THIS IS JESUS OF NAZARETH B). HE SAVED OTHERS C). THE SON OF GOD
D). THIS IS THE KING OF THE JEWS

6899. Complete what the second criminal said: 'Jesus, ___ me when you come into your kingdom.'

A). remember B). save C). forgive D). take

6900. What did Jesus promise the criminal who asked to be remembered?

A). 'You will be freed tomorrow.' B). 'Truly I tell you, today you will be with me in paradise.'
C). 'You will be forgiven later.' D). 'Your family will be blessed.'

6901. Between which hours did darkness come over the whole land?

A). From dawn until noon B). From three until sunset
C). From about noon until three in the afternoon D). All through the night

6902. What happened to the curtain of the temple when the sun stopped shining?

A). It caught fire B). It fell down C). It was taken away D). It was torn in two

6903. Complete Jesus' last words in Luke: 'Father, into your hands I commit my ___.'

A). spirit B). life C). soul D). body

6904. What did the centurion say after seeing what happened?

A). 'This man was a prophet.' B). 'Surely this was a righteous man.'
C). 'He has saved us all.' D). 'He was the king of Rome.'

6905. Which member of the Council asked Pilate for Jesus' body?

A). Nicodemus B). Caiaphas C). Joseph from Arimathea D). Gamaliel

6906. Where was Jesus' body placed?

A). In a family grave B). In the temple courts C). In a cave near Bethany
D). In a tomb cut in the rock where no one had yet been laid

6907. Why did the women from Galilee wait to bring the spices to the tomb?

A). They rested on the Sabbath in obedience to the commandment
B). They were afraid of the soldiers C). They had no money D). The tomb was locked

6908. Complete the men's words: 'Why do you look for the living among the dead? He is not here; he has ___!'

A). risen B). gone C). left D). hidden

6909. To which village were two of them going when Jesus joined them on the road?

A). Emmaus B). Bethany C). Nain D). Cana

6910. Why did the two travelers not recognize Jesus?

A). It was too dark B). He was wearing a disguise
C). They were kept from recognizing him D). They had never seen him before

6911. Complete what the travelers said: 'But we had hoped that he was the one who was going to ___ Israel.'

A). redeem B). rule C). teach D). judge

6912. How did Jesus explain what was said about himself to the travelers?

A). He told them a new parable
B). Beginning with Moses and all the Prophets, he explained what the Scriptures said about him
C). He showed them a sign in the sky D). He sent them to the priests

6913. When were the travelers' eyes opened so they recognized Jesus?

A). When he showed them his hands B). When they reached the temple
C). When he took bread, gave thanks, broke it and gave it to them
D). When he called them by name

6914. According to those gathered in Jerusalem, to whom had the Lord appeared?

A). Simon B). James C). Mary D). John

6915. Complete Jesus' first words when he stood among his disciples: '___ be with you.'

A). Grace B). Peace C). Joy D). Love

6916. What did the frightened disciples think they were seeing?

A). An angel B). A vision C). A ghost D). A stranger

6917. What did Jesus say to prove he was not a ghost?

A). 'Ghosts cannot speak.' B). 'I am wearing my old clothes.' C). 'Ask my mother.'
D). 'Look at my hands and my feet... a ghost does not have flesh and bones.'

6918. What did Jesus eat in front of the disciples?

A). A piece of broiled fish B). Bread and honey C). A bowl of lentils
D). Figs and grapes

6919. Which three parts of Scripture did Jesus say were written about him?

A). Genesis, Exodus and Isaiah B). The Law of Moses, the Prophets and the Psalms
C). The Kings, the Chronicles and Daniel D). Proverbs, Job and Ruth

6920. What did Jesus say would be preached in his name to all nations, beginning at Jerusalem?

A). Rules for keeping the Sabbath B). How to build a new temple
C). Repentance for the forgiveness of sins D). The coming war with Rome

6921. Complete Jesus' words: 'Stay in the city until you have been clothed with ___ from on high.'

A). glory B). light C). wisdom D). power

6922. Near which village was Jesus taken up into heaven while blessing his disciples?

A). Bethany B). Bethlehem C). Nazareth D). Emmaus

6923. Complete the verse: "In the beginning was the ___, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God."

A). Light B). Word C). Spirit D). Lamb

6924. According to John 1, what was made through the Word?

A). Only the heavens B). Only people C). All things D). Only the angels

6925. What does John 1 say about the light shining in the darkness?

A). The darkness has not overcome it B). The darkness put it out
C). It shone only for one day D). It was hidden under a bowl

6926. What right did God give to those who received Jesus and believed in his name?

A). To become children of God B). To become kings C). To rule over angels
D). To never be tested

6927. Complete the verse: "The Word became ___ and made his dwelling among us."

A). light B). flesh C). a prophet D). a king

6928. According to John 1, through whom was the law given?

A). Abraham B). Elijah C). Moses D). David

6929. What did John the Baptist say he was not worthy to do for the one coming after him?

A). Wash his feet B). Carry his cloak C). Untie his sandals
D). Pour water on his head

6930. Complete John's words about Jesus: "Look, the ___ of God, who takes away the sin of the world!"

A). Son B). Shepherd C). Lamb D). Light

6931. John the Baptist saw the Spirit come down from heaven and remain on Jesus. What did the Spirit come down as?

A). A dove B). A cloud C). A flame of fire D). An eagle

6932. The two disciples called Jesus "Rabbi." What does Rabbi mean?

A). Master B). Teacher C). Lord D). Prophet

6933. When Andrew brought Simon to Jesus, what new name did Jesus give him?

A). Thomas B). Cephas C). Barnabas D). Nathanael

6934. In John 1, what is the correct order of these events?

A). Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon
B). Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael
C). Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip
D). Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

6935. Where did Jesus say he saw Nathanael before Philip called him?

A). By the well B). Under the fig tree C). At the Jordan River D). In the synagogue

6936. After Jesus said he saw him under the fig tree, what did Nathanael declare about Jesus?

A). You are Elijah who was to come B). You are a great prophet from Galilee
C). You are the Son of God; you are the king of Israel
D). You are the son of Joseph from Nazareth

6937. What did Jesus tell Nathanael he would see?

A). Fire coming down from heaven
B). Heaven open and angels going up and down on the Son of Man
C). Moses and Elijah on a mountain D). The temple torn down

6938. Where was the wedding that Jesus and his disciples attended?

A). Nazareth B). Cana in Galilee C). Capernaum D). Bethany

6939. What ran out at the wedding in Cana?

A). Bread B). Oil C). Wine D). Water

6940. Who told Jesus that the wine had run out?

A). Peter B). The master of the banquet C). The bridegroom D). His mother

6941. What did Jesus tell the servants to fill with water?

A). Six stone water jars B). Twelve baskets C). Seven wineskins D). The well

6942. According to John 2:11, what happened because of the first sign at Cana?

A). The Pharisees believed B). The crowd tried to make Jesus king

C). The servants left their work D). Jesus revealed his glory and his disciples believed in him

6943. After the wedding, which town did Jesus go down to with his family and disciples?

A). Capernaum B). Jericho C). Bethlehem D). Samaria

6944. Which Jewish festival was near when Jesus went to Jerusalem in John 2?

A). Festival of Tabernacles B). Passover C). Pentecost D). Festival of Dedication

6945. What did Jesus make to drive the sellers and animals out of the temple courts?

A). A wooden staff B). A sling C). A whip out of cords D). A sword

6946. Complete Jesus' words to those selling doves: "Stop turning my Father's house into a ___!"

A). den of robbers B). prison C). palace D). market

6947. When Jesus cleared the temple, what Scripture did his disciples remember?

A). Zeal for your house will consume me B). My house will be called a house of prayer

C). The Lord is in his holy temple

D). Unless the Lord builds the house, the builders labor in vain

6948. Jesus said, "Destroy this temple, and I will raise it again in ___." How long did he say?

A). Forty days B). Three days C). Seven days D). One day

6949. When Jesus spoke of raising the temple in three days, what temple did he mean?

A). The temple in Jerusalem B). A new temple in Galilee C). The heavenly temple

D). His body

6950. Why would Jesus not entrust himself to the many people who believed in him at the Passover?

A). He knew all people and what was in each person B). He was afraid of them

C). They had not been baptized D). His disciples told him not to

6951. Which Pharisee came to Jesus at night?

A). Joseph of Arimathea B). Nicodemus C). Zacchaeus D). Gamaliel

6952. At what time of day did Nicodemus come to Jesus?

A). At night B). At dawn C). At noon D). In the evening at the temple

6953. Complete Jesus' words: "No one can see the kingdom of God unless they are born ___."

A). of water B). into Israel C). again D). of Abraham

6954. Jesus said no one can enter the kingdom of God unless they are born of what?

A). Water and the Spirit B). Fire and the Spirit C). Faith and works
D). Abraham and Sarah

6955. What did Jesus compare to everyone born of the Spirit?

A). A seed in the ground B). A flowing river C). A burning lamp
D). The wind blowing wherever it pleases

6956. Jesus said the Son of Man must be lifted up, just as who lifted up the snake in the wilderness?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Moses D). Elijah

6957. Complete the verse: "For God so loved the world that he gave his one and only Son, that whoever believes in him shall not perish but have ___."

A). peace on earth B). eternal life C). great riches D). a long life

6958. According to John 3:17, why did God send his Son into the world?

A). To condemn the world B). To rule over Rome C). To build a new temple
D). To save the world through him

6959. John the Baptist compared himself to whom, who is full of joy when he hears the bridegroom's voice?

A). The master of the banquet B). A servant at the wedding C). The father of the bride
D). The friend who attends the bridegroom

6960. Complete John the Baptist's words about Jesus: "He must become greater; I must become ___."

A). less B). greater too C). silent D). his servant

6961. According to John 3:35, what has the Father placed in the Son's hands?

A). The temple B). The law of Moses C). Everything D). The keys of David

6962. According to John 3:36, who has eternal life?

A). Whoever keeps the Sabbath B). Whoever believes in the Son
C). Whoever is born in Israel D). Whoever is baptized by John

6963. On his way from Judea to Galilee, which region did Jesus have to go through?

A). Decapolis B). Perea C). Samaria D). Phoenicia

6964. At which well did Jesus sit down to rest near the town of Sychar?

A). Jacob's well B). Abraham's well C). The pool of Siloam D). David's well

6965. What did Jesus ask the Samaritan woman to give him?

A). Bread B). A place to stay C). A drink D). Directions to the town

6966. Why were Jesus' disciples not with him when he spoke to the woman at the well?

A). They had gone into town to buy food B). They were praying on a mountain
C). They were baptizing people D). They had gone back to Judea

6967. Why was the Samaritan woman surprised that Jesus asked her for a drink?

A). He was a priest B). Jews do not associate with Samaritans C). She had no bucket
D). It was the Sabbath

6968. What did Jesus say the water he gives will become in a person?

A). A pool of healing B). A river of Jordan C). A spring of water welling up to eternal life
D). A cup that never empties

6969. What did Jesus reveal about the Samaritan woman that she had not told him?

A). She was from Jerusalem
B). She had five husbands, and the man she had now was not her husband
C). She was a widow D). She was a priest's daughter

6970. Complete Jesus' words: "God is spirit, and his worshipers must worship in the Spirit and in ___."

A). the temple B). fear C). truth D). silence

6971. When the woman spoke about the coming Messiah, what did Jesus tell her?

A). The Messiah will come in three days B). John the Baptist is the Messiah
C). The Messiah will come from Samaria D). I, the one speaking to you—I am he

6972. Complete Jesus' words: "My food is to do the will of him who sent me and to ___ his work."

A). begin B). finish C). teach D). bless

6973. When Jesus told his disciples to open their eyes and look at the fields, what did he say the fields were ready for?

A). Planting B). Rest C). Harvest D). Rain

6974. After Jesus stayed two days in their town, what did many Samaritans tell the woman?

A). We still do not believe B). We will follow him to Jerusalem
C). We believe because of your words alone
D). We have heard for ourselves, and we know this man really is the Savior of the world

6975. In John 4, who came to Jesus at Cana asking him to heal his son?

A). A royal official B). A centurion C). A synagogue leader D). A tax collector

6976. What did the royal official do after Jesus said, "Go, your son will live"?

A). He asked Jesus to come with him B). He took Jesus at his word and left
C). He stayed in Cana for a week D). He asked for a sign

6977. How did the royal official know Jesus had healed his son?

A). The boy's fever left at the exact time Jesus said, "Your son will live"
B). His servants saw Jesus at the house C). An angel told him D). Jesus sent a letter

6978. According to John 4:54, healing the royal official's son was which sign Jesus performed after coming from Judea to Galilee?

A). The first B). The second C). The third D). The seventh

6979. What question did Jesus ask the man lying by the pool?

A). Do you want to get well? B). Who are your parents? C). Why are you here?
D). Do you believe in me?

6980. Complete Jesus' words to the man: "Get up! Pick up your ___ and walk."

A). cloak B). staff C). mat D). bed of straw

6981. On what day did Jesus heal the man at the pool?

A). On the Passover B). On the first day of the week C). On the Day of Atonement
D). On the Sabbath

6982. Why could the healed man not tell who had healed him?

A). Jesus was wearing a disguise B). He was still blind
C). Jesus had slipped away into the crowd D). He had fallen asleep

6983. Where did Jesus later find the man he had healed?

A). At his home B). At the temple C). At the Sheep Gate D). At the Jordan River

6984. Besides breaking the Sabbath, why did the Jewish leaders try all the more to kill Jesus?

A). He called himself a priest B). He refused to pay taxes C). He spoke against Moses
D). He called God his own Father, making himself equal with God

6985. According to John 5:24, what has the person who hears Jesus' word and believes him who sent him?

A). Eternal life B). Great riches C). A place in the temple D). Long life on earth

6986. Jesus said a time is coming when all who are in their graves will do what?

A). Sleep forever B). Hear his voice and come out C). Become angels
D). Return to the dust

6987. Jesus described one witness as "a lamp that burned and gave light." Who was he speaking about?

A). Moses B). Elijah C). John D). Isaiah

6988. What did Jesus say the Scriptures testify about?

A). The kings of Israel B). The building of the temple C). The law only D). Him

6989. Jesus said one person the Jewish leaders had set their hopes on would accuse them, because he wrote about Jesus. Who?

A). Moses B). Abraham C). David D). Elijah

6990. In John 6, what other name is given for the Sea of Galilee?

A). The Dead Sea B). The Great Sea C). The Sea of Tiberias D). The Red Sea

6991. Which Jewish festival was near when Jesus fed the five thousand?

A). Passover B). Pentecost C). Festival of Tabernacles D). Purim

6992. Which disciple did Jesus ask, "Where shall we buy bread for these people to eat?"

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Philip D). Thomas

6993. About how many men were there when Jesus fed the crowd in John 6?

A). Four thousand B). Three thousand C). Ten thousand D). Five thousand

6994. What did Jesus do before he gave out the loaves?

A). He gave thanks B). He washed his hands C). He sent the people away
D). He broke them into twelve pieces

6995. How many baskets were filled with the leftover pieces?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Five D). Three

6996. Why did Jesus withdraw to a mountain by himself after feeding the crowd?

A). He wanted to pray for his disciples B). He was tired from walking
C). He knew they intended to make him king by force D). He was hiding from the Pharisees

6997. What did the disciples see Jesus doing when they were rowing on the lake?

A). Sleeping in the boat B). Walking on the water C). Standing on the shore
D). Fishing from another boat

6998. Complete what Jesus said to the frightened disciples: "It is I; don't be ___."

A). afraid B). troubled C). doubtful D). worried

6999. What happened right after the disciples took Jesus into the boat?

A). The storm grew worse B). The boat sank C). They rowed for another hour
D). The boat reached the shore where they were heading

7000. Jesus told the crowd not to work for food that spoils. What should they work for instead?

A). Food that lasts a week B). Food that endures to eternal life
C). Bread from the temple D). Manna from heaven

7001. When the crowd asked what works God requires, what did Jesus answer?

A). To keep the whole law B). To give money to the poor

C). To believe in the one he has sent D). To pray three times a day

7002. The crowd said their ancestors ate manna in the wilderness. Who did Jesus say gave them true bread from heaven?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Elijah D). His Father

7003. Complete Jesus' words: "I am the ___ of life. Whoever comes to me will never go hungry."

A). bread B). water C). light D). tree

7004. Why did the Jews grumble when Jesus said he came down from heaven?

A). They said he was from Bethlehem

B). They knew his father and mother, and called him the son of Joseph

C). They said he was a Samaritan D). They said he had a demon

7005. Where did Jesus teach about the bread of life?

A). In the temple courts in Jerusalem B). On a mountainside

C). In the synagogue in Capernaum D). By Jacob's well

7006. What happened after Jesus' hard teaching about the bread of life?

A). Many disciples turned back and no longer followed him B). The whole town believed

C). The Pharisees were baptized D). The crowd made him king

7007. When Jesus asked the Twelve if they wanted to leave too, Simon Peter said: "Lord, to whom shall we go? You have the words of ___."

A). wisdom B). truth C). comfort D). eternal life

7008. When Jesus said one of the Twelve was a devil, whom did he mean?

A). Thomas B). Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot C). Simon the Zealot D). Matthew

7009. Why did Jesus stay away from Judea at the start of John 7?

A). He was sick B). The Jewish leaders there were looking for a way to kill him

C). His family lived in Judea D). There was a famine in Judea

7010. Which Jewish festival was near in John 7?

A). Passover B). Pentecost C). Festival of Tabernacles D). Festival of Dedication

7011. What does John 7:5 say about Jesus' brothers?

A). They were his first disciples B). They were priests in the temple

C). They lived in Bethlehem D). Even they did not believe in him

7012. How did Jesus go up to the festival after his brothers had left?

A). Not publicly, but in secret B). With a great crowd C). Riding on a donkey

D). On a boat

7013. What did the crowds whisper about Jesus at the festival?

A). Some said he was a good man; others said he deceived the people

B). All said he was Elijah C). All said he was the Messiah

D). They said he was a Roman spy

7014. Why were the Jews amazed when Jesus taught in the temple courts?

A). He spoke in Greek B). He taught for three days C). He had not been taught

D). He was a child

7015. Complete Jesus' words: "My teaching is not my own. It comes from the one who ___ me."

A). taught B). sent C). raised D). chose

7016. Jesus said people circumcise a boy on the Sabbath. Why did he say they should not be angry with him?

A). He had healed a whole man on the Sabbath B). He had kept the Sabbath perfectly

C). He was a priest D). He was from Galilee

7017. Complete Jesus' words: "Stop judging by mere appearances, but instead judge ___."

A). quickly B). with mercy C). yourselves D). correctly

7018. Who sent temple guards to arrest Jesus in John 7?

A). Herod and Pilate B). The chief priests and the Pharisees C). The Roman soldiers

D). The Samaritans

7019. On which day of the festival did Jesus stand and say, "Let anyone who is thirsty come to me and drink"?

A). The first day B). The third day C). The last and greatest day

D). The Sabbath before the festival

7020. When Jesus spoke of rivers of living water, what did he mean?

A). The Jordan River B). The water from Jacob's well C). Water for baptism

D). The Spirit, whom those who believed would later receive

7021. After hearing Jesus, what did some people in the crowd say?

A). He is the Messiah B). He is a Samaritan C). He is the son of Herod

D). He is an angel

7022. Why did the temple guards return without arresting Jesus?

A). They were afraid of the Romans B). Jesus had disappeared

C). They said no one ever spoke the way this man does D). The festival was over

7023. Where did Jesus go before he returned to the temple courts at dawn?

A). The Mount of Olives B). Bethany C). The Jordan River D). Mount Zion

7024. What did the teachers of the law and the Pharisees say Moses commanded about the woman caught in adultery?

A). To send her away B). To stone her C). To make her pay a fine
D). To take her to the priest

7025. What did Jesus do when they kept questioning him about the woman?

A). He walked away B). He called the guards
C). He bent down and wrote on the ground with his finger
D). He read from the scroll of Moses

7026. Complete Jesus' words: "Let any one of you who is without ___ be the first to throw a stone at her."

A). fear B). doubt C). shame D). sin

7027. After Jesus spoke, in what order did the accusers go away?

A). One at a time, the older ones first B). All at once C). The youngest first
D). The Pharisees first, then the teachers

7028. Complete Jesus' words to the woman: "Then neither do I condemn you. Go now and leave your life of ___."

A). fear B). sin C). sorrow D). shame

7029. Complete Jesus' words: "I am the ___ of the world."

A). bread B). king C). light D). door

7030. Where in the temple courts was Jesus speaking when he talked about being the light of the world and his testimony?

A). At Solomon's Colonnade B). At the Beautiful Gate C). In the Most Holy Place
D). Near the place where the offerings were put

7031. Why did no one seize Jesus while he taught in the temple courts in John 8?

A). His hour had not yet come B). The guards were afraid of the crowd
C). It was the Sabbath D). He was hidden by his disciples

7032. Complete Jesus' words: "Then you will know the truth, and the truth will set you ___."

A). apart B). free C). right D). at peace

7033. According to Jesus in John 8:34, who is a slave to sin?

A). Only the Gentiles B). Only the Pharisees C). Only those who break the Sabbath
D). Everyone who sins

7034. What did Jesus say happens if the Son sets you free?

A). You will be free indeed B). You will become a priest C). You will rule Israel
D). You will never grow old

7035. Jesus described someone as "a liar and the father of lies." Whom was he speaking about?

A). Judas B). The devil C). Pharaoh D). Cain

7036. What insult did the Jews say to Jesus in John 8:48?

A). That he was a tax collector B). That he was a Roman
C). That he was a Samaritan and demon-possessed D). That he was a false priest

7037. What did Jesus say Abraham did at the thought of seeing his day?

A). He wept B). He built an altar C). He feared D). He rejoiced

7038. Complete Jesus' words: "Very truly I tell you, before Abraham was born, ___!"

A). I am B). I was chosen C). I was sent D). I knew him

7039. How did the people respond when Jesus said, "Before Abraham was born, I am"?

A). They worshiped him B). They picked up stones to stone him
C). They asked to be baptized D). They went home quietly

7040. In John 9, Jesus saw a man who had been blind since when?

A). Since he was a boy B). Since birth C). Since an accident D). For three years

7041. What question did the disciples ask Jesus about the man born blind?

A). Who sinned, this man or his parents, that he was born blind?
B). How long has he been blind? C). Can anyone heal him? D). Where does he live?

7042. According to Jesus, why was the man born blind?

A). Because his parents sinned B). Because he sinned
C). So that the works of God might be displayed in him D). Because of a curse on Israel

7043. Complete Jesus' words: "While I am in the world, I am the ___ of the world."

A). bread B). shepherd C). king D). light

7044. What did Jesus put on the blind man's eyes?

A). Mud made with saliva B). Oil C). Water from the Jordan D). Ashes

7045. Where did Jesus tell the blind man to go and wash?

A). The Jordan River B). The Pool of Siloam C). The pool of Bethesda
D). Jacob's well

7046. On what day did Jesus make the mud and open the man's eyes?

A). The first day of the week B). The Passover C). The Day of Atonement
D). The Sabbath

7047. Why did some Pharisees say Jesus was not from God?

A). He did not keep the Sabbath B). He did not pay the temple tax
C). He was from Galilee D). He ate with sinners

7048. When the Pharisees asked the healed man what he said about Jesus, what did he answer?

A). He is a sinner B). He is a prophet C). He is Elijah D). He is a Samaritan

7049. After Jesus found the healed man again, what did the man finally do?

A). He went back to the Pharisees B). He went home to his parents

C). He asked for money D). He said, "Lord, I believe," and worshiped Jesus

7050. What did Jesus tell the Pharisees who asked, "Are we blind too?"

A). Now that you claim you can see, your guilt remains B). You are not blind

C). You will see in three days D). Go and wash in Siloam

7051. According to Jesus, what is a person who climbs into the sheep pen by some other way instead of the gate?

A). A shepherd B). A gatekeeper C). A thief and a robber D). A hired hand

7052. Why do the sheep follow their shepherd?

A). He gives them food B). They know his voice C). He carries a staff

D). They are afraid of him

7053. Complete Jesus' words: "Very truly I tell you, I am the ___ for the sheep."

A). gate B). shepherd C). pen D). light

7054. Jesus said the thief comes only to steal, kill and destroy. Why did Jesus say he came?

A). To judge the world B). To build a new temple C). To rule over Israel

D). That they may have life, and have it to the full

7055. Complete Jesus' words: "I am the good ___. The good ___ lays down his life for the sheep."

A). king B). shepherd C). teacher D). servant

7056. What does the hired hand do when he sees the wolf coming?

A). He fights the wolf B). He calls the shepherd

C). He abandons the sheep and runs away D). He hides the sheep in the pen

7057. What did Jesus say about "other sheep that are not of this sheep pen"?

A). He would leave them behind B). They belonged to another shepherd

C). They were lost forever

D). He must bring them also, and there would be one flock and one shepherd

7058. What did Jesus say about laying down his life?

A). No one takes it from him; he lays it down of his own accord

B). The Romans would take it from him C). He would never lay it down

D). Only the high priest could take it

7059. Which festival was taking place in Jerusalem in John 10:22?

A). Passover B). Festival of Dedication C). Festival of Tabernacles D). Pentecost

7060. Where was Jesus walking in the temple courts at the Festival of Dedication?

A). Near the place for offerings B). At the Beautiful Gate C). In Solomon's Colonnade
D). At the Pool of Siloam

7061. Complete Jesus' words: "My sheep listen to my voice; I know them, and they ___ me."

A). fear B). love C). serve D). follow

7062. What did Jesus say no one can do to his sheep?

A). Snatch them out of his hand B). Count them C). Feed them
D). Call their names

7063. Complete Jesus' words: "I and the Father are ___."

A). two B). one C). different D). apart

7064. Why did the Jews pick up stones to stone Jesus in John 10?

A). For healing on the Sabbath B). For entering the temple
C). For blasphemy, because they said he claimed to be God D). For eating with sinners

7065. Where did Jesus go after escaping their grasp at the end of John 10?

A). To Galilee B). To Bethany near Jerusalem C). To Samaria
D). Across the Jordan, to the place where John had been baptizing

7066. What did the people across the Jordan say about John the Baptist?

A). John never performed a sign, but all he said about this man was true
B). John was the Messiah C). John was Elijah who had come back
D). John performed many signs

7067. When Jesus heard that Lazarus was sick, what did he say the sickness was for?

A). To punish Lazarus B). To test Martha C). To end in death
D). For God's glory, so that God's Son may be glorified through it

7068. How long did Jesus stay where he was after hearing Lazarus was sick?

A). Two more days B). One more week C). Three hours D). Forty days

7069. Why did the disciples not want Jesus to go back to Judea?

A). There was a famine there B). The Jews there had tried to stone him
C). It was the Sabbath D). Lazarus had already been buried

7070. Jesus said, "Our friend Lazarus has fallen asleep." What did he mean?

A). Lazarus was resting B). Lazarus was getting better C). Lazarus was dead
D). Lazarus was dreaming

7071. When Jesus arrived, how many days had Lazarus been in the tomb?

A). Four days B). Three days C). Two days D). Seven days

7072. Complete Jesus' words to Martha: "I am the ___ and the life."

A). way B). truth C). resurrection D). light

7073. What did Martha say she believed about Jesus?

A). That he was Elijah B). That he was a prophet like Moses

C). That he was a good teacher

D). That he was the Messiah, the Son of God, who is to come into the world

7074. Complete the verse: "Jesus ___."

A). wept B). prayed C). waited D). smiled

7075. Who objected when Jesus said to take away the stone, saying there would be a bad odor?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Thomas D). A Pharisee

7076. After they took away the stone, what did Jesus do before calling Lazarus out?

A). He anointed the body B). He touched the tomb

C). He looked up and thanked the Father for hearing him D). He sent everyone away

7077. What did Jesus call out in a loud voice at the tomb?

A). Wake up, my friend! B). Rise and walk! C). Be healed! D). Lazarus, come out!

7078. Why did the chief priests and Pharisees fear letting Jesus go on performing signs?

A). Everyone would believe in him, and the Romans would take away their temple and nation

B). They would lose their money C). Lazarus would become king

D). The people would leave Jerusalem

7079. Which high priest said it was better for one man to die for the people than for the whole nation to perish?

A). Annas B). Caiaphas C). Eli D). Zechariah

7080. Where did Jesus withdraw to after the leaders plotted to kill him?

A). Capernaum B). Nazareth C). A village called Ephraim, near the wilderness

D). Tyre and Sidon

7081. How many days before the Passover did Jesus come to Bethany in John 12?

A). Six days B). Three days C). Two days D). Ten days

7082. At the dinner in Bethany, who served?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Lazarus D). Peter

7083. What did Mary pour on Jesus' feet at Bethany?

A). Olive oil B). Water C). About a pint of pure nard, an expensive perfume
D). Wine

7084. What did the great crowd take to go out and meet Jesus as he came to Jerusalem?

A). Olive branches B). Their cloaks C). Palm branches D). Lamps

7085. Complete what the crowd shouted: "Hosanna! Blessed is he who comes in the name of the Lord! Blessed is the ___!"

A). Son of David B). Prophet C). Holy One D). king of Israel

7086. What did Jesus sit on as he came into Jerusalem in John 12?

A). A young donkey B). A horse C). A camel D). A chariot

7087. Some Greeks who came to worship at the festival asked to see Jesus. Which disciple did they go to first?

A). Andrew B). Philip C). Peter D). John

7088. Jesus said a kernel of wheat must do what in order to produce many seeds?

A). Be kept in a barn B). Be watered every day C). Fall to the ground and die
D). Be ground into flour

7089. When a voice came from heaven, what did some people in the crowd think it was?

A). A trumpet B). An earthquake C). A prophet speaking
D). Thunder, or an angel speaking

7090. When Jesus said, "I, when I am lifted up from the earth, will draw all people to myself," what was he showing?

A). The kind of death he was going to die B). That he would fly into heaven
C). That he would be made king D). That he would climb a mountain

7091. Complete Jesus' words: "Believe in the light while you have the light, so that you may become children of ___."

A). God B). light C). Abraham D). the kingdom

7092. Which prophet's words were fulfilled when people still would not believe in Jesus after so many signs?

A). Jeremiah B). Malachi C). Isaiah D). Daniel

7093. Why would some leaders who believed in Jesus not openly say so?

A). They doubted his signs B). They were away from Jerusalem
C). They had not heard him teach
D). They feared the Pharisees and loved human praise more than praise from God

7094. According to John 12:47, why did Jesus say he came?

A). Not to judge the world, but to save the world B). To judge the world
C). To bring a new law D). To build a kingdom on earth

7095. When did the events of the foot washing in John 13 take place?

A). Just before the Passover Festival B). After the Festival of Tabernacles
C). On the Day of Pentecost D). At the Festival of Dedication

7096. What did Jesus do for his disciples during the evening meal?

A). He gave each one a gift B). He anointed their heads with oil
C). He washed their feet D). He gave each one a new name

7097. Which disciple said to Jesus, "No, you shall never wash my feet"?

A). John B). Andrew C). Thomas D). Peter

7098. After Jesus said, "Unless I wash you, you have no part with me," what did Peter ask?

A). Not just my feet but my hands and my head as well B). Wash the others first
C). Let me wash your feet instead D). Only my hands

7099. Why did Jesus say he washed his disciples' feet?

A). To make them clean for the Passover
B). To set an example, so they should do as he had done
C). Because it was the law of Moses D). Because they asked him to

7100. Complete Jesus' words: "Very truly I tell you, no servant is greater than his ___."

A). brother B). friend C). master D). father

7101. What did Jesus say after he was troubled in spirit at the meal?

A). One of you will deny me B). All of you will fall away C). I will leave you tonight
D). One of you is going to betray me

7102. Simon Peter motioned to which disciple to ask Jesus who would betray him?

A). The disciple whom Jesus loved, reclining next to him B). Andrew C). Philip
D). Judas

7103. How did Jesus show who would betray him?

A). He pointed at him B). He gave him the piece of bread after dipping it in the dish
C). He washed his feet last D). He gave him the money bag

7104. When Jesus told Judas, "What you are about to do, do quickly," what did some disciples think it meant?

A). Judas was going to pray B). Judas was going to fetch water
C). Judas was to buy what was needed for the festival or give to the poor
D). Judas was going home

7105. Complete Jesus' words: "A new command I give you: ___ one another."

A). Love B). Forgive C). Serve D). Pray for

7106. According to Jesus, how will everyone know that we are his disciples?

A). If we keep the Sabbath B). If we love one another C). If we perform miracles
D). If we go to the temple

7107. Jesus told Peter that before the rooster crows, Peter would do what?

A). Betray him for silver B). Fall asleep three times C). Disown him three times
D). Run away to Galilee

7108. Complete Jesus' words: "Do not let your hearts be ___. You believe in God; believe also in me."

A). troubled B). hardened C). broken D). proud

7109. What did Jesus say he was going to do in his Father's house?

A). Build a temple B). Prepare a place for his disciples C). Rest for three days
D). Pray for the world

7110. After preparing a place, what did Jesus promise to do?

A). Send an angel B). Write them a letter C). Come back and take them to be with him
D). Build them houses on earth

7111. Which disciple said, "Lord, we don't know where you are going, so how can we know the way?"

A). Peter B). Philip C). Judas (not Judas Iscariot) D). Thomas

7112. Complete Jesus' words: "I am the way and the truth and the ___. No one comes to the Father except through me."

A). life B). light C). door D). shepherd

7113. Which disciple said, "Lord, show us the Father and that will be enough for us"?

A). Andrew B). Philip C). Thomas D). Peter

7114. Complete Jesus' words to Philip: "Anyone who has seen me has seen the ___."

A). prophet B). Spirit C). Father D). kingdom

7115. What did Jesus say whoever believes in him would do?

A). Never face any trouble B). Never die physically C). Become rulers on earth
D). Do the works he had been doing, and even greater things

7116. What did Jesus promise about asking for anything in his name?

A). He would do it B). It would take a long time C). Only priests could ask
D). It would be refused

7117. Complete Jesus' words: "If you love me, keep my ___."

A). traditions B). commands C). festivals D). Sabbaths

7118. Jesus said the Father would give another advocate to be with them forever. Who is this advocate?

A). An angel B). John the Baptist C). The Spirit of truth D). Moses

7119. Complete Jesus' words: "I will not leave you as ___; I will come to you."

A). strangers B). servants C). sheep D). orphans

7120. Which disciple asked why Jesus would show himself to them and not to the world?

A). Judas (not Judas Iscariot) B). Thomas C). Philip D). Peter

7121. What did Jesus say the Holy Spirit would do for his disciples?

A). Give them riches B). Teach them all things and remind them of everything he had said
C). Make them kings D). Take them to heaven at once

7122. Complete Jesus' words: "___ I leave with you; my ___ I give you."

A). Joy B). Love C). Peace D). Hope

7123. When Jesus spoke of "the prince of this world" who was coming, what did he say about him?

A). He would rule forever B). He was a Roman ruler C). He was the high priest
D). He has no hold over Jesus

7124. Complete Jesus' words: "I am the true ___, and my Father is the gardener."

A). vine B). tree C). seed D). shepherd

7125. What does the gardener do to every branch that does bear fruit?

A). Cuts it off B). Prunes it so that it will be even more fruitful C). Leaves it alone
D). Throws it into the fire

7126. Why must the disciples remain in Jesus?

A). So they can rule the world B). So they can become rich
C). Because a branch cannot bear fruit by itself unless it remains in the vine
D). Because the vine needs the branches

7127. Complete Jesus' words: "I am the vine; you are the branches... apart from me you can do ___."

A). little B). great things C). many things D). nothing

7128. What happens to branches that do not remain in Jesus?

A). They are thrown away, wither, and are burned B). They are planted again
C). They grow stronger D). They become a new vine

7129. According to John 15:8, what brings glory to the Father?

A). Building temples B). Bearing much fruit, showing yourselves to be Jesus' disciples
C). Keeping silent D). Offering sacrifices

7130. Why did Jesus say he told them these things?

A). So they would be afraid B). So they could teach the Pharisees
C). So that his joy might be in them and their joy might be complete
D). So they would leave Jerusalem

7131. Complete Jesus' words: "Greater love has no one than this: to lay down one's life for one's ___."

A). family B). country C). enemies D). friends

7132. Why did Jesus say he no longer called his disciples servants, but friends?

A). Because everything he learned from his Father he made known to them
B). Because they had been with him three years C). Because they were from Galilee
D). Because they had done great miracles

7133. What did Jesus say about who chose whom?

A). The disciples chose Jesus
B). Jesus chose them and appointed them to bear fruit that will last
C). The priests chose them D). They chose each other

7134. What did Jesus tell his disciples to keep in mind if the world hates them?

A). The world will soon love them B). They should hate the world back
C). It hated him first D). They should hide

7135. Complete Jesus' words: "If they persecuted me, they will persecute you ___."

A). never B). less C). later D). also

7136. According to John 15:26-27, who would testify about Jesus?

A). The Advocate, the Spirit of truth, and the disciples B). Only the angels
C). Only the prophets D). Only the priests

7137. What did Jesus warn would happen to his disciples?

A). They would become rulers
B). They would be put out of the synagogue, and some would kill them thinking they were serving God
C). They would be rich D). They would never face trouble

7138. Why did Jesus say it was for the disciples' good that he was going away?

A). So they could rest B). So they could go home
C). Unless he went away, the Advocate would not come to them
D). So they could choose a new leader

7139. Jesus said the Advocate would prove the world to be in the wrong about which three things?

A). Sin, righteousness and judgment B). Law, prophets and temple
C). Faith, hope and love D). Money, power and fame

7140. Complete Jesus' words: "When he, the Spirit of truth, comes, he will guide you into all the ___."

A). world B). nations C). truth D). wisdom

7141. According to John 16:14, whom will the Spirit glorify?

A). The disciples B). The temple C). Moses D). Jesus

7142. Which words of Jesus confused his disciples?

A). In a little while you will see me no more, and then after a little while you will see me
B). I am the bread of life C). Love one another D). Peace I leave with you

7143. Jesus said the disciples would weep and mourn. What did he say their grief would turn into?

A). Anger B). Joy C). Fear D). Silence

7144. What picture did Jesus use to explain grief turning into joy?

A). A farmer harvesting wheat B). A shepherd finding a lost sheep
C). A woman giving birth D). A king returning home

7145. Complete Jesus' words: "Ask and you will receive, and your ___ will be complete."

A). work B). faith C). house D). joy

7146. Why did Jesus say the Father himself loves the disciples?

A). Because they had loved Jesus and believed he came from God
B). Because they kept the Sabbath C). Because they were Israelites
D). Because they gave to the poor

7147. Jesus said his disciples would be scattered and leave him alone. Why did he say he was not alone?

A). Angels were with him B). His Father was with him C). Peter would stay
D). His mother was with him

7148. Complete Jesus' words: "In this world you will have trouble. But take heart! I have ___ the world."

A). left B). judged C). overcome D). created

7149. In John 17, what did Jesus do when he looked toward heaven?

A). He prayed to the Father B). He called down fire C). He sang a psalm
D). He spoke to angels

7150. According to Jesus in John 17:3, what is eternal life?

A). Living a very long time on earth

B). That they know the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom he has sent

C). Keeping all of the law D). Being born in Israel

7151. What did Jesus say he had done on earth to bring the Father glory?

A). Built the temple B). Defeated the Romans

C). Finished the work the Father gave him to do D). Written the Scriptures

7152. Jesus prayed that none of those the Father gave him was lost except one. How did he describe that one?

A). The one who denied me B). The youngest disciple C). The one who doubted

D). The one doomed to destruction

7153. What did Jesus pray for his disciples in John 17:15?

A). Not that the Father take them out of the world, but protect them from the evil one

B). That they be taken out of the world C). That they become kings

D). That they never suffer

7154. What did Jesus say about his disciples and the world?

A). They rule the world B). They are not of the world, even as he is not of it

C). They must leave the world now D). They are like the world

7155. Complete Jesus' prayer: "Sanctify them by the truth; your ___ is truth."

A). law B). Spirit C). word D). name

7156. Besides his disciples, who else did Jesus pray for in John 17?

A). The Roman soldiers B). The Pharisees only C). The angels

D). Those who will believe in him through their message

7157. Jesus prayed that all believers may be one. Why?

A). So that the world may believe that the Father has sent him

B). So they could defeat their enemies C). So they could build one temple

D). So they would not need to pray

7158. What did Jesus want for those the Father had given him?

A). To stay in Jerusalem B). To be with him where he is, and to see his glory

C). To become priests D). To have great wealth

7159. After praying, which valley did Jesus and his disciples cross to reach an olive grove?

A). The Valley of Hinnom B). The Kidron Valley C). The Jezreel Valley

D). The Jordan Valley

7160. Who guided the soldiers and officials to the olive grove to arrest Jesus?

A). Judas B). Peter C). Pilate D). Annas

7161. What happened when Jesus said, "I am he" to those who came to arrest him?

A). They ran away B). They bowed and worshiped
C). They drew back and fell to the ground D). They tied him up at once

7162. After Peter used his sword, what did Jesus say?

A). Put your sword away! Shall I not drink the cup the Father has given me? B). Fight for me!
C). Run and hide! D). Call the other disciples!

7163. To whom did they bring Jesus first after his arrest?

A). Caiaphas B). Annas, the father-in-law of Caiaphas C). Pilate D). Herod

7164. What did Pilate ask Jesus inside the palace?

A). Are you a prophet? B). Where are you from? C). Did you destroy the temple?
D). Are you the king of the Jews?

7165. Complete Jesus' words to Pilate: "My kingdom is not of this ___."

A). world B). nation C). time D). temple

7166. What famous question did Pilate ask Jesus?

A). Who sent you? B). What is truth? C). Why are you silent?
D). Where is your kingdom?

7167. Which prisoner did the crowd ask Pilate to release instead of Jesus?

A). Malchus B). Annas C). Barabbas D). Judas

7168. What did the soldiers twist together and put on Jesus' head?

A). A crown of thorns B). A crown of gold C). A cloth band D). Olive leaves

7169. What did the soldiers put on Jesus as they mocked him?

A). A white robe B). A purple robe C). A linen cloth D). A soldier's cloak

7170. When Jesus came out wearing the crown of thorns, Pilate said to them: "Here is the ___!"

A). king B). prisoner C). man D). prophet

7171. What reason did the Jewish leaders give Pilate for why Jesus must die?

A). He had stolen from the temple B). He had attacked a soldier
C). He refused to pay taxes D). He claimed to be the Son of God

7172. When Pilate spoke of his power, what did Jesus tell him?

A). You would have no power over me if it were not given to you from above
B). You have all power on earth C). Rome will judge you D). I will set you free

7173. What did the Jewish leaders shout to pressure Pilate?

A). Jesus is a Samaritan B). If you let this man go, you are no friend of Caesar
C). Jesus will destroy Rome D). Release Jesus at once

7174. Jesus went out carrying his own cross to which place?

A). The Mount of Olives B). Bethany C). The Kidron Valley
D). Golgotha, the place of the Skull

7175. What did Pilate's notice on the cross say?

A). Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the Jews B). Jesus, a false prophet
C). Jesus, son of Joseph D). King of the world

7176. In which languages was the notice on Jesus' cross written?

A). Hebrew, Egyptian and Greek B). Aramaic, Latin and Greek
C). Aramaic, Persian and Latin D). Only Latin

7177. Why did the soldiers cast lots for Jesus' undergarment instead of tearing it?

A). It was too old B). It belonged to Pilate
C). It was seamless, woven in one piece from top to bottom D). It was made of gold thread

7178. From the cross, whom did Jesus tell his mother to see as her son?

A). Peter B). James C). Lazarus D). The disciple whom he loved

7179. When Jesus said, "I am thirsty," what was he given to drink?

A). Wine vinegar on a sponge on a stalk of hyssop B). Water from a well
C). Milk and honey D). Nothing

7180. Complete Jesus' last words in John 19:30: "It is ___."

A). done B). finished C). over D). time

7181. Why did the soldiers not break Jesus' legs?

A). Pilate ordered them not to B). They were afraid
C). They found that he was already dead D). The Sabbath had begun

7182. Who asked Pilate for the body of Jesus?

A). Nicodemus B). Lazarus C). Peter D). Joseph of Arimathea

7183. Who brought about seventy-five pounds of myrrh and aloes for Jesus' burial?

A). Nicodemus B). Joseph of Arimathea C). Mary Magdalene D). Martha

7184. Where was Jesus' body laid?

A). In a cave in Bethany B). In a new tomb in a garden near where he was crucified
C). In Joseph's house D). In the family tomb of David

7185. When Mary first saw Jesus outside the tomb, who did she think he was?

A). An angel B). The gardener C). Peter D). A soldier

7186. How did Mary recognize Jesus?

A). He showed her his hands B). He broke bread C). He called her by her name
D). She heard him pray

7187. Why were the disciples meeting with the doors locked on the evening of the first day?

A). For fear of the Jewish leaders B). Because of a storm
C). Because it was the Sabbath D). To keep Thomas out

7188. When Jesus stood among the disciples, what did he say? "___ be with you!"

A). Joy B). Peace C). Grace D). Love

7189. What did Jesus do when he said, "Receive the Holy Spirit"?

A). He laid hands on each one B). He poured oil on them C). He breathed on them
D). He baptized them

7190. How long after his first appearance did Jesus come again when Thomas was there?

A). Three days later B). A week later C). Forty days later D). The next morning

7191. After seeing Jesus, Thomas said: "My Lord and my ___!"

A). Master B). Savior C). God D). King

7192. Whom did Jesus call blessed in John 20:29?

A). Those who saw the empty tomb B). Those who touched him C). The disciples only
D). Those who have not seen and yet have believed

7193. According to John 20:31, why were these signs written down?

A). So that you may believe that Jesus is the Messiah, the Son of God, and have life in his name
B). To record the history of Rome C). To give rules for the temple
D). To list the miracles of the prophets

7194. By which sea did Jesus appear again to his disciples in John 21?

A). The Dead Sea B). The Sea of Galilee (Tiberias) C). The Mediterranean Sea
D). The Red Sea

7195. Where did Jesus tell the disciples to throw their net?

A). On the left side of the boat B). Into deeper water C). Near the shore
D). On the right side of the boat

7196. Who first said to Peter, "It is the Lord!"?

A). The disciple whom Jesus loved B). Thomas C). Nathanael D). Andrew

7197. What did the disciples see when they landed on shore?

A). Jesus sitting on a rock B). Two angels
C). A fire of burning coals with fish on it, and some bread D). A crowd of people

7198. According to John 21:14, this was which time Jesus appeared to his disciples after he was raised?

A). The third time B). The first time C). The second time D). The seventh time

7199. How many times did Jesus ask Peter, "Do you love me?"

A). Two times B). Three times C). Four times D). Seven times

7200. Each time Peter said he loved Jesus, what did Jesus tell him to do?

A). Go and preach in Rome B). Go back to fishing

C). Feed or take care of his lambs and sheep D). Build a church

7201. When Jesus spoke of Peter stretching out his hands when he was old, what was he showing?

A). How Peter would catch fish B). How Peter would bless people

C). How long Peter would live D). The kind of death by which Peter would glorify God

7202. After speaking about Peter's death, what did Jesus tell him? "___ me!"

A). Follow B). Remember C). Love D). Wait for

7203. When Peter asked about the disciple whom Jesus loved, what did Jesus say?

A). He will die soon

B). If I want him to remain alive until I return, what is that to you? You must follow me

C). He will be the leader D). He will go with you to Rome

7204. What does the last verse of John say about all the other things Jesus did?

A). They were all written in this book B). They were kept secret C). They were forgotten

D). If every one were written down, the whole world would not have room for the books

7205. For how many days did Jesus appear to the apostles after His suffering?

A). Seven days B). Forty days C). Fifty days D). Twelve days

7206. Which city did Jesus tell the apostles not to leave?

A). Bethlehem B). Nazareth C). Capernaum D). Jerusalem

7207. "For John baptized with water, but in a few days you will be baptized with the _____."

A). Holy Spirit B). fire of God C). living water D). word of God

7208. What did the apostles ask Jesus before He went up to heaven?

A). Who would lead the church B). When the temple would be destroyed

C). If He would now restore the kingdom to Israel D). Where they should preach first

7209. How did Jesus answer the question about restoring the kingdom?

A). He gave them an exact date B). He said it would happen the next day

C). He said only the angels knew

D). He said it was not for them to know the times the Father set

7210. "But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit comes on you; and you will be my _____."

A). witnesses B). servants C). friends D). disciples

7211. According to Jesus, where would the apostles be witnesses, in order?

A). Samaria, Judea, Jerusalem, the ends of the earth

B). Jerusalem, Judea and Samaria, the ends of the earth C). Judea, Jerusalem, Galilee, Rome

D). Galilee, Samaria, Jerusalem, the ends of the earth

7212. What hid Jesus from the apostles' sight as He was taken up?

A). A bright light B). A great wind C). A cloud D). A flock of angels

7213. What did the two men in white say about Jesus?

A). He would never return B). He would come back in the same way they saw Him go

C). He would return in forty days D). He would come back as a baby

7214. According to Peter, what did God do after Jesus was put to death?

A). He sent Him to Egypt B). He hid His body C). He raised Him from the dead

D). He punished Jerusalem

7215. "God has made this Jesus, whom you crucified, both Lord and _____."

A). King B). Messiah C). Prophet D). Judge

7216. Instead of Jesus, whom did Peter say the people asked to be released?

A). A murderer B). A thief C). A tax collector D). A false prophet

7217. "You killed the author of life, but God raised him from the _____."

A). tomb B). earth C). grave D). dead

7218. According to Peter, what made the lame man strong?

A). The temple sacrifices B). Faith in the name of Jesus C). Medicine from a doctor

D). The man's own effort

7219. "Jesus is 'the stone you builders rejected, which has become the _____.'"

A). foundation B). cornerstone C). temple D). rock of salvation

7220. According to the apostles, why did God exalt Jesus to His right hand?

A). To bring Israel to repentance and forgive their sins B). To rule over Rome

C). To judge the apostles D). To rebuild the temple

7221. What did Stephen see when he looked up to heaven?

A). A dove coming down B). The glory of God, and Jesus standing at God's right hand

C). Moses and Elijah D). A ladder reaching to heaven

7222. While they were stoning him, Stephen prayed, "Lord Jesus, receive my _____."

A). spirit B). soul C). body D). prayer

7223. A voice said to him, "Saul, Saul, why do you _____ me?"

A). reject B). forget C). persecute D). hate

7224. Who said, "I am Jesus, whom you are persecuting"?

A). An angel B). Jesus C). Ananias D). Stephen

7225. According to Peter, what did Jesus do after God anointed Him with the Holy Spirit and power?

A). He went around doing good and healing all who were under the power of the devil

B). He became king in Jerusalem C). He built synagogues

D). He ruled over the Romans

7226. Peter said all the prophets testify that everyone who believes in Jesus receives what?

A). Great riches B). A long life on earth C). A place in the temple

D). Forgiveness of sins through His name

7227. When the Spirit came on the Gentiles, which words of the Lord did Peter remember?

A). Go and make disciples of all nations B). Love your enemies

C). John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit

D). I am the light of the world

7228. According to Paul, what did God bring to Israel from David's descendants?

A). A new temple B). The Savior Jesus C). A new law D). A great army

7229. What did Paul proclaim through Jesus?

A). Freedom from Roman rule B). Riches for the faithful

C). The forgiveness of sins, and that everyone who believes is set free

D). A new way to offer sacrifices

7230. What did the accusers say Paul's group was teaching against Caesar's decrees?

A). That taxes should not be paid B). That Rome would fall

C). That there is another king, one called Jesus D). That soldiers should desert

7231. What proof did Paul say God has given that He will judge the world by the man He appointed?

A). He wrote it in the stars B). He raised Him from the dead

C). He sent a great earthquake D). He gave a sign in the temple

7232. Paul reminded them of the words of the Lord Jesus: "It is more blessed to _____ than to receive."

A). serve B). love C). give D). pray

7233. The voice answered Paul, "I am Jesus of _____, whom you are persecuting."

A). Bethlehem B). Galilee C). Nazareth D). Jerusalem

7234. The Lord stood near Paul and said, "Take courage! As you have testified about me in Jerusalem, so you must also testify in _____."

A). Rome B). Athens C). Spain D). Antioch

7235. According to Festus, the dispute was about a dead man named Jesus whom Paul claimed was what?

A). Alive B). A king C). A prophet D). A Roman

7236. The voice said, "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute me? It is hard for you to kick against the _____."

A). walls B). stones C). thorns D). goads

7237. For what purpose did Jesus say He appeared to Paul?

A). To punish him B). To make him a king C). To appoint him as a servant and witness
D). To send him back to Tarsus

7238. Jesus sent Paul "to open their eyes and turn them from darkness to _____."

A). truth B). light C). life D). peace

7239. From whose family line was God's Son descended, as to His earthly life?

A). Abraham's son Isaac B). Moses C). David D). Aaron

7240. What did Paul say appointed (declared) Jesus to be the Son of God in power?

A). His baptism in the Jordan B). His miracles in Galilee
C). His resurrection from the dead D). His teaching in the temple

7241. Through whom does Paul say God will judge people's secrets?

A). Moses B). Jesus Christ C). Abraham D). The angels

7242. How does righteousness from God come to all who believe?

A). Through keeping the Sabbath B). Through offering sacrifices
C). Through faith in Jesus Christ D). Through being born a Jew

7243. According to Romans 3:25, God presented Christ as what?

A). A new lawgiver B). A sacrifice of atonement C). A king of Rome
D). A temple priest

7244. According to Paul, for whom were the words "it was credited to him" also written?

A). Only for Abraham B). For us who believe in God who raised Jesus
C). Only for the priests D). Only for Abraham's servants

7245. According to Romans 4:25, why was Jesus raised to life?

A). To become king of Rome B). To rebuild the temple C). For our justification
D). To give a new law

7246. Since we have been justified through faith, what do we have with God?

A). Peace B). Fear C). A debt D). A contract

7247. Complete the verse: "You see, at just the right time, when we were still _____, Christ died for the ungodly."

A). young B). asleep C). far away D). powerless

7248. Complete the verse: "But God demonstrates his own love for us in this: While we were still _____, Christ died for us."

A). sinners B). children C). strangers D). servants

7249. Having been justified by Christ's blood, from what will we be saved through Him?

A). Hunger B). God's wrath C). Our enemies in battle D). Old age

7250. According to Romans 5:10, how were we reconciled to God while we were His enemies?

A). Through keeping the law B). Through offering sacrifices
C). Through the death of His Son D). Through praying in the temple

7251. Paul says Adam was a pattern of whom?

A). Abraham B). The one to come C). Moses D). The prophets

7252. How does Paul compare the gift of grace with Adam's trespass?

A). The gift is smaller than the trespass B). The gift and the trespass are the same
C). The gift is not like the trespass; it overflows much more
D). The gift cancels only some sins

7253. Through the obedience of one man, what will the many be made?

A). Sinners B). Kings C). Priests D). Righteous

7254. According to Romans 5:21, grace reigns through righteousness to bring what?

A). Earthly riches B). Eternal life C). A long life D). A new kingdom on earth

7255. According to Romans 6:3, those baptized into Christ Jesus were baptized into what?

A). The Jordan River B). The law of Moses C). The temple D). His death

7256. Why were believers buried with Christ through baptism, according to Romans 6:4?

A). So that they may keep the law B). So that they may become priests
C). So that they may live a new life D). So that they may never suffer

7257. According to Romans 6:6, what was crucified with Christ?

A). Our family B). Our old self C). Our enemies D). The law of Moses

7258. Complete the verse: "...since Christ was raised from the dead, he cannot die again; death no longer has _____ over him."

A). mastery B). power to call C). a claim D). a voice

7259. Complete the verse: "In the same way, count yourselves dead to sin but _____ to God in Christ Jesus."

A). close B). known C). loyal D). alive

7260. Complete the verse: "For the wages of sin is _____, but the gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord."

A). death B). sorrow C). sickness D). shame

7261. According to Romans 7:4, why did believers die to the law through the body of Christ?

A). That they might never work again

B). That they might belong to Him and bear fruit for God

C). That they might become Romans D). That they might rebuild the temple

7262. Through whom does Paul thank God for rescuing him?

A). Jesus Christ our Lord B). Moses the lawgiver C). Abraham our father

D). The angel Gabriel

7263. Complete the verse: "Therefore, there is now no _____ for those who are in Christ Jesus."

A). sorrow B). hunger C). condemnation D). fear

7264. According to Romans 8:9, who does not belong to Christ?

A). Anyone who is not Jewish B). Anyone who does not have the Spirit of Christ

C). Anyone who has suffered D). Anyone who lives outside Jerusalem

7265. What will the Spirit of Him who raised Jesus from the dead give to believers' mortal bodies?

A). Riches B). Strength for battle C). Life D). A crown

7266. According to Romans 8:17, if we are God's children, we are heirs of God and co-heirs with whom?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Christ D). David

7267. According to Romans 8:29, God predestined believers to be conformed to the image of whom?

A). His Son B). Abraham C). The angels D). Adam

7268. According to Romans 8:32, whom did God not spare but gave up for us all?

A). His angels B). His prophets C). His temple D). His own Son

7269. Where does Paul say Christ Jesus is now, interceding for us?

A). At the right hand of God B). In the temple at Jerusalem C). On the Mount of Olives

D). In the city of Rome

7270. According to Romans 8:38-39, what can separate us from the love of God in Christ Jesus?

A). Only death B). Only angels C). Nothing in all creation D). Only hard times

7271. Because Israel pursued righteousness by works rather than faith, what did they stumble over?

A). The stumbling stone B). A wall in Jerusalem C). The tablets of the law
D). The temple steps

7272. Complete the verse: "Christ is the _____ of the law so that there may be righteousness for everyone who believes."

A). beginning B). enemy C). servant D). culmination

7273. Complete the verse: "If you declare with your mouth, 'Jesus is _____,' and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead, you will be saved."

A). King B). good C). Lord D). here

7274. According to Romans 13:14, whom should believers clothe themselves with?

A). The prophet Elijah B). King David C). The angel Michael
D). The Lord Jesus Christ

7275. According to Romans 14:9, why did Christ die and return to life?

A). So that He might rule Rome B). So that He might rebuild the temple
C). So that He might write a new law
D). So that He might be the Lord of both the dead and the living

7276. Whom does Paul give as the example of one who did not please himself?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). David D). Christ

7277. Complete the verse: "Accept one another, then, just as Christ _____ you."

A). taught B). accepted C). called D). forgave

7278. Complete the verse: "God is _____, who has called you into fellowship with his Son, Jesus Christ our Lord."

A). holy B). faithful C). merciful D). patient

7279. Which of these names was NOT one the Corinthians used when saying whom they followed?

A). Apollos B). Cephas C). Peter's brother Andrew D). Paul

7280. When Paul asked, "Was Paul crucified for you?", what was he teaching?

A). That he should be honoured as a leader
B). That only Christ died for them, so they should not divide over leaders
C). That baptism saves people D). That the Corinthians should follow Apollos instead

7281. Paul said Christ did not send him mainly to baptize, but to do what?

A). Build churches B). Preach the gospel C). Write letters D). Heal the sick

7282. Complete the verse: "For the message of the cross is foolishness to those who are perishing, but to us who are being saved it is the _____ of God."

A). wisdom B). love C). power D). glory

7283. How did Paul say Christ crucified was seen by Jews and by Gentiles?

A). A victory to Jews and a law to Gentiles B). A mystery to Jews and a sign to Gentiles

C). A stumbling block to Jews and foolishness to Gentiles

D). A prophecy to Jews and a myth to Gentiles

7284. Paul says Christ has become for us wisdom from God — that is, our righteousness, holiness and what else?

A). Peace B). Strength C). Joy D). Redemption

7285. Complete the verse: "For I resolved to know nothing while I was with you except Jesus Christ and him _____."

A). risen B). exalted C). crucified D). glorified

7286. Paul says that if the rulers of this age had understood God's wisdom, what would they not have done?

A). Crucified the Lord of glory B). Built the temple C). Written the law

D). Sent Paul to prison

7287. Complete the verse: "But we have the _____ of Christ."

A). heart B). love C). peace D). mind

7288. Complete the verse: "For no one can lay any foundation other than the one already laid, which is _____."

A). the law B). Jesus Christ C). the gospel D). the church

7289. Until when did Paul tell the Corinthians to wait before judging?

A). Until the next Passover B). Until Paul returned to Corinth

C). Until the apostles met in Jerusalem D). Until the Lord comes

7290. Complete the verse: "For Christ, our _____ lamb, has been sacrificed."

A). Passover B). sacrificial C). holy D). spotless

7291. Complete the verse: "But you were _____, you were sanctified, you were justified in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and by the Spirit of our God."

A). forgiven B). washed C). chosen D). healed

7292. Paul said that by his power God raised the Lord from the dead. What did he say God will also do?

A). Destroy the world B). Rebuild the temple C). Make Paul a king
D). Raise us also

7293. Paul said the command that a wife must not separate from her husband came from whom?

A). The Lord B). Paul himself C). Peter D). The church in Jerusalem

7294. Complete the verse: "Yet for us there is but one God, the Father... and there is but one Lord, _____, through whom all things came and through whom we live."

A). the Holy Spirit B). Moses C). the Son of David D). Jesus Christ

7295. When believers sin against a weaker brother or sister by wounding their conscience, whom does Paul say they sin against?

A). Only the church leaders B). Christ C). The apostles D). The Jewish law

7296. To show he was a true apostle, Paul asked, "Have I not seen whom?"

A). Moses B). Jesus our Lord C). Elijah D). The angel Gabriel

7297. What did Paul say the Lord commanded about those who preach the gospel?

A). They should receive their living from the gospel B). They should never be paid
C). They should live in the temple D). They should be priests

7298. Paul said the Israelites drank from the spiritual rock that went with them. Who did he say that rock was?

A). Christ B). Moses C). An angel D). The Holy Spirit

7299. Complete the verse: "Follow my example, as I follow the example of _____."

A). Moses B). Peter C). Christ D). Abraham

7300. In verse 3, whom did Paul say is the head of every man?

A). Christ B). Moses C). The king D). The apostles

7301. On which night did the Lord Jesus take bread?

A). The night he was betrayed B). The night he was born
C). The night he walked on water D). The night he rose again

7302. Complete Jesus' words: "This is my body, which is for you; do this in _____ of me."

A). honor B). remembrance C). praise D). memory

7303. Complete Jesus' words: "This cup is the new _____ in my blood."

A). promise B). law C). covenant D). life

7304. Each time believers eat this bread and drink this cup, what do they proclaim?

A). The Lord's birth B). The law of Moses C). The Lord's miracles
D). The Lord's death until he comes

7305. What did Paul say about someone who eats the bread or drinks the cup in an unworthy manner?

A). They will be guilty of sinning against the body and blood of the Lord
B). They must leave the church C). They must pay a fine D). They must eat it again

7306. According to Paul, no one can say "Jesus is Lord" except by whom?

A). The apostles B). The Holy Spirit C). The angels D). The prophets

7307. Complete the verse: "Now you are the body of _____, and each one of you is a part of it."

A). Christ B). the church C). God D). the Spirit

7308. On which day was Christ raised, according to the Scriptures?

A). The first day B). The third day C). The seventh day D). The fortieth day

7309. After he rose, to whom did Christ appear first in Paul's list?

A). Cephas B). James C). Paul D). Thomas

7310. To how many brothers and sisters did the risen Christ appear at the same time?

A). Twelve B). Seventy C). Three thousand D). More than five hundred

7311. In Paul's list of resurrection appearances, who was "last of all"?

A). James B). The Twelve C). Paul D). Cephas

7312. What did Paul say would be true if Christ has not been raised?

A). Our preaching and your faith are useless B). The law of Moses would be enough
C). The church would still be strong D). Nothing would change

7313. Complete the verse: "But Christ has indeed been raised from the dead, the _____ of those who have fallen asleep."

A). firstborn B). shepherd C). king D). firstfruits

7314. Complete the verse: "For as in Adam all die, so in _____ all will be made alive."

A). Abraham B). Christ C). Moses D). David

7315. Paul contrasted "the first Adam" with "the last Adam." Who is the last Adam?

A). Noah B). Christ C). Moses D). Paul

7316. Through whom does God give us the victory over death?

A). Our Lord Jesus Christ B). The angels C). The prophets D). The apostles

7317. Complete Paul's short prayer near the end of the letter: "Come, _____!"

A). Spirit B). Savior C). Lord D). King

7318. Paul says that just as the sufferings of Christ flow into our lives, what else also overflows through Christ?

A). Wealth B). Wisdom C). Our comfort D). Our strength

7319. Complete the verse: "For no matter how many promises God has made, they are '_____' in Christ."

A). Yes B). Sure C). True D). Done

7320. Complete the verse: "For we are to God the pleasing _____ of Christ among those who are being saved and those who are perishing."

A). light B). aroma C). word D). image

7321. Paul said the Corinthians were a letter from Christ. What was this letter written with?

A). The Spirit of the living God B). Ink on a scroll C). Gold letters
D). The blood of animals

7322. In this chapter, how does Paul describe Christ?

A). The image of God B). A great prophet like Moses C). A teacher of the law
D). The son of David only

7323. What did Paul say he preached?

A). Himself as an apostle B). The law of Moses C). The wisdom of the Greeks
D). Jesus Christ as Lord

7324. What did Paul know God, who raised the Lord Jesus from the dead, would also do?

A). Make him rich B). Raise us also with Jesus C). Give him a long life on earth
D). Remove all his troubles at once

7325. Before what must we all appear, according to Paul?

A). The judgment seat of Christ B). The council in Jerusalem C). The court of Caesar
D). The altar of the temple

7326. Complete the verse: "For Christ's _____ compels us."

A). power B). love C). word D). grace

7327. Christ died for all, so that those who live should no longer live for whom?

A). The Romans B). Their parents C). Themselves D). Their enemies

7328. If anyone is in Christ, what has come?

A). The end of the world B). A time of rest C). The kingdom of Israel
D). The new creation

7329. Complete the verse: "We are therefore Christ's _____, as though God were making his appeal through us."

A). servants B). ambassadors C). soldiers D). shepherds

7330. Why did God make Christ, who had no sin, to be sin for us?

A). So that the law would end B). So that we would never be tempted
C). So that we might become the righteousness of God
D). So that Christ could become king of Israel

7331. Complete the verse: "Though he was rich, yet for your sake he became _____."

A). poor B). weak C). a servant D). humble

7332. Why did Jesus become poor for our sake, according to this verse?

A). So that we would never work B). So that the rich would be punished
C). So that through His poverty we might become rich
D). So that the temple would have more money

7333. By what qualities of Christ did Paul appeal to the Corinthians?

A). His power and glory B). His humility and gentleness C). His wisdom and knowledge
D). His anger and judgment

7334. Complete the verse: "We take captive every _____ to make it obedient to Christ."

A). enemy B). sinner C). word D). thought

7335. Paul said he promised the Corinthians to one husband. Who was that husband?

A). Paul himself B). Christ C). Abraham D). Moses

7336. Paul said Christ was crucified in weakness, yet how does He live?

A). By God's power B). By the law C). By the help of angels
D). By the strength of His followers

7337. Complete the verse: "May the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the _____ of the Holy Spirit be with you all."

A). power B). fellowship C). peace D). joy

7338. Paul said he was sent as an apostle not by men but by whom?

A). The church in Antioch B). The elders in Jerusalem
C). Jesus Christ and God the Father D). Barnabas and Silas

7339. Why did Jesus give himself for our sins, according to Paul?

A). To become a king on earth B). To rescue us from the present evil age
C). To replace the law of Moses with new rules D). To make the Galatians rich

7340. How did Paul receive the gospel he preached?

A). He learned it from Peter B). He studied it in Jerusalem
C). He was taught it by the Galatians D). By revelation from Jesus Christ

7341. Among whom did God call Paul to preach Jesus?

A). The Gentiles B). The priests C). The Pharisees D). The Romans only

7342. According to Paul, how is a person justified?

A). By faith in Jesus Christ B). By keeping the law C). By being circumcised
D). By going to Jerusalem

7343. "I have been _____ with Christ and I no longer live, but Christ lives in me."

A). buried B). crucified C). raised D). seated

7344. Paul said he lives by faith in the Son of God, who did what for him?

A). Called him in a dream B). Healed his eyes C). Loved him and gave himself for him
D). Sent him to Rome

7345. Paul said that if righteousness could be gained through the law, then what would be true?

A). The temple would be needed again B). The law would end
C). Christ died for nothing D). All people would be saved

7346. How did Christ redeem us from the curse of the law?

A). By becoming a curse for us B). By writing a new law C). By building a new temple
D). By defeating Rome

7347. Paul said the promises were spoken to Abraham and to his "seed." Who is that seed?

A). Isaac B). Jacob C). Moses D). Christ

7348. Paul said the law was put in charge of us for what purpose?

A). To lead us to Christ B). To make us rich C). To keep us from praying
D). To choose our leaders

7349. Through faith in Christ Jesus, what does Paul say believers are?

A). Servants of the law B). Children of God C). Angels D). Prophets

7350. "There is neither Jew nor Gentile, neither slave nor free, nor is there male and female, for you are all _____ in Christ Jesus."

A). one B). holy C). free D). strong

7351. If you belong to Christ, whose seed are you, according to Paul?

A). Moses's B). David's C). Abraham's D). Adam's

7352. When did God send his Son?

A). When the temple was rebuilt B). When the set time had fully come
C). After the flood D). When Abraham was called

7353. Why did God send his Son to redeem those under the law?

A). So that we might receive adoption to sonship B). So that we could keep the Sabbath
C). So that Israel would win wars D). So that the temple would stay open

7354. "It is for _____ that Christ has set us free."

A). freedom B). glory C). peace D). love

7355. Paul warned that if the Galatians let themselves be circumcised, what would happen?

A). They would become apostles B). They would be saved twice
C). Christ would be of no value to them D). They would gain the Spirit

7356. Paul said that in Christ Jesus, what is the only thing that counts?

A). Circumcision B). Keeping feast days C). Faith expressing itself through love
D). Having many followers

7357. What have those who belong to Christ Jesus done with the flesh?

A). Crucified it with its passions and desires B). Ignored it C). Fed it D). Hidden it

7358. "Carry each other's _____, and in this way you will fulfill the law of Christ."

A). burdens B). bags C). crosses D). debts

7359. What was the only thing Paul said he would boast about?

A). His learning B). His travels C). His miracles
D). The cross of our Lord Jesus Christ

7360. Paul said he bore on his body the marks of whom?

A). Rome B). Moses C). Jesus D). Abraham

7361. Complete the verse: God "has blessed us in the heavenly realms with every _____ blessing in Christ."

A). earthly B). golden C). spiritual D). promised

7362. When did God choose believers in Christ, according to Ephesians 1?

A). Before the creation of the world B). At the time of Abraham
C). On the day of Pentecost D). When they were baptized

7363. In love, God predestined believers for what through Jesus Christ?

A). Kingship over nations B). Adoption to sonship C). Service in the temple
D). Life in Jerusalem

7364. Through what do believers have redemption, according to Ephesians 1:7?

A). Through good works B). Through his blood C). Through keeping the law
D). Through sacrifices of animals

7365. Complete the verse: "In him we have redemption through his blood, the _____ of sins."

A). forgiveness B). memory C). punishment D). counting

7366. What is God's purpose that Paul describes in Ephesians 1:10?

A). To bring unity to all things under Christ B). To make Israel rule the world
C). To destroy the heavens D). To give the law again

7367. With what were believers marked in Christ when they believed?

A). A sign on their foreheads B). A seal, the promised Holy Spirit C). A ring of gold
D). Circumcision

7368. Where did God seat Christ after raising him from the dead?

A). On Mount Zion B). At his right hand in the heavenly realms
C). On David's throne in Jerusalem D). Among the angels

7369. For the church, what did God appoint Christ to be?

A). Head over everything B). A servant of the apostles C). A prophet among many
D). A high priest only for Israel

7370. Which is described in Ephesians 1:23 as Christ's body, the fullness of him who fills everything?

A). The temple B). The church C). Israel D). The heavenly realms

7371. Because of his great love and rich mercy, what did God do for us when we were dead in transgressions?

A). Gave us a new law B). Made us alive with Christ C). Sent us to Jerusalem
D). Made us kings

7372. Where does Paul say God seated believers with Christ?

A). In the temple courts B). In the heavenly realms C). On Mount Sinai
D). At the Jordan River

7373. For what were believers created in Christ Jesus, according to Ephesians 2:10?

A). To rule over nations B). To do good works C). To build a temple
D). To keep the Sabbath

7374. By what have those who were once far away been brought near?

A). The blood of Christ B). The law of Moses C). Their good deeds
D). The temple sacrifices

7375. Complete the verse: "For he himself is our _____."

A). king B). peace C). shepherd D). rock

7376. What did Christ destroy to make Jews and Gentiles one?

A). The walls of Jerusalem B). The dividing wall of hostility C). The temple curtain
D). The gates of Babylon

7377. Through what did Christ reconcile both Jews and Gentiles to God in one body?

A). Through the cross B). Through circumcision C). Through the Passover
D). Through the prophets

7378. Through Christ, by whom do both Jews and Gentiles have access to the Father?

A). By one Spirit B). By the high priest C). By the angels D). By the apostles

7379. In Ephesians 2:20, who is called the chief cornerstone?

A). Peter B). Christ Jesus C). Moses D). Paul

7380. What was Paul given grace to preach to the Gentiles?

A). The boundless riches of Christ B). The law of Moses C). The history of Israel
D). The wisdom of Greece

7381. Through faith in Christ, how may believers approach God?

A). Only through a priest B). With freedom and confidence C). Only once a year
D). With fear and silence

7382. Paul prays that Christ may dwell in believers' hearts through what?

A). Faith B). Fasting C). Good deeds D). Sacrifices

7383. What does Paul pray believers would grasp, though it surpasses knowledge?

A). The love of Christ B). The secrets of the law C). The date of Christ's return
D). The names of the angels

7384. Which list matches the people Christ gave in Ephesians 4:11?

A). Kings, judges, priests, Levites, scribes
B). Apostles, prophets, evangelists, pastors and teachers
C). Elders, deacons, widows, servants, singers
D). Pharisees, Sadducees, scribes, rulers, elders

7385. Why did Christ give these leaders to the church?

A). To collect taxes B). To build earthly palaces
C). To equip his people for works of service D). To rule over other nations

7386. Complete the verse: "forgiving each other, just as in Christ God _____ you."

A). called B). forgave C). taught D). chose

7387. How does Paul describe what Christ did when he loved us?

A). He gave himself up as a fragrant offering and sacrifice to God
B). He built a temple for us C). He wrote a new law for us D). He made us rich on earth

7388. For what should believers always give thanks to God the Father?

A). Only for good harvests B). For everything C). Only on the Sabbath
D). Only for healing

7389. Out of reverence for Christ, what should believers do to one another?

A). Judge one another B). Submit to one another C). Compete with one another D). Avoid one another

7390. Complete the verse: "Husbands, love your wives, just as Christ loved the _____."

A). world B). disciples C). church D). nations

7391. Slaves were told to obey their earthly masters as they would obey whom?

A). The emperor B). Their parents C). Christ D). The elders

7392. Whose mindset did Paul tell the Philippians to have in their relationships with one another?

A). Moses B). Abraham C). Christ Jesus D). Timothy

7393. According to Paul, Christ made himself nothing by taking the very nature of what?

A). a king B). a prophet C). an angel D). a servant

7394. Jesus humbled himself and became obedient to death, even what kind of death?

A). death on a cross B). death by stoning C). death in battle D). death in prison

7395. Complete: "At the name of Jesus every _____ should bow."

A). head B). knee C). nation D). angel

7396. How did Paul now consider the things that were once gains to him?

A). As rewards B). As treasures C). As loss for the sake of Christ D). As blessings

7397. What will the Lord Jesus Christ do to the lowly bodies of believers?

A). Leave them in the grave B). Make them younger C). Give them wings D). Transform them to be like his glorious body

7398. Complete the verse: "For he has rescued us from the dominion of ___ and brought us into the kingdom of the Son he loves."

A). darkness B). sin C). death D). fear

7399. According to Colossians 1, what do we have in the Son?

A). A new law to obey B). Redemption, the forgiveness of sins C). A promise of earthly riches D). A place in the temple

7400. Complete the verse: "The Son is the ___ of the invisible God, the firstborn over all creation."

A). servant B). messenger C). image D). shadow

7401. What does Colossians 1 teach about how all things were created?

A). They were created by angels B). They were created through the Son and for him C). They created themselves over time D). They were created only for people

7402. According to Colossians 1, the Son is the head of what?

A). The temple B). The nations C). The body, the church D). The law

7403. How did God make peace and reconcile all things to himself through the Son?

A). Through his blood, shed on the cross B). Through the sacrifices in the temple
C). Through the teaching of the prophets D). Through keeping the Sabbath

7404. The Colossians were once enemies of God. How did God reconcile them?

A). By their good deeds B). By Christ's physical body through death
C). By their journey to Jerusalem D). By the gifts they gave

7405. Complete the verse: "Christ in you, the hope of ___."

A). heaven B). peace C). glory D). life

7406. According to Colossians 2, what is hidden in Christ?

A). The names of all the angels B). The date of the end of the world
C). All the treasures of wisdom and knowledge D). The tablets of the law

7407. Complete the verse: "rooted and built up in him, strengthened in the faith as you were taught, and overflowing with ___."

A). thankfulness B). joy C). love D). power

7408. Complete the verse: "For in Christ all the ___ of the Deity lives in bodily form."

A). glory B). power C). fullness D). wisdom

7409. According to Colossians 2, believers were buried with Christ in what?

A). A tomb B). The sea C). The wilderness D). Baptism

7410. What did God do with the charge of our legal debt against us?

A). He wrote it in a book B). He gave it to the priests C). He nailed it to the cross
D). He kept it until judgment day

7411. What did Christ do to the powers and authorities by the cross?

A). He disarmed them and triumphed over them B). He made peace treaties with them
C). He asked them for help D). He gave them more power

7412. Paul said food laws, festivals and Sabbaths were a shadow of things to come. Where is the reality found?

A). In the temple B). In Christ C). In the law of Moses D). In the angels

7413. According to Colossians 3, where is Christ seated?

A). On a hill in Galilee B). At the right hand of God C). In the temple courts
D). On the throne of David in Jerusalem

7414. Paul said that in the new self there is no Gentile or Jew, slave or free. What does he say instead?

A). Only Jews are part of God's people B). Christ is all, and is in all
C). Everyone must obey the law of Moses D). Only the wise can know God

7415. Complete the verse: "Forgive as the ___ forgave you."

A). Lord B). prophet C). king D). priest

7416. Complete the verse: "Let the ___ of Christ rule in your hearts."

A). love B). joy C). word D). peace

7417. The Thessalonians were waiting for God's Son from heaven, whom God raised from the dead. Who is He?

A). Elijah B). Jesus C). Moses D). The angel Gabriel

7418. What did Paul call the Thessalonian believers when he thought about the coming of the Lord Jesus?

A). His helpers and servants B). His teachers and guides C). His judges and witnesses
D). His glory and joy

7419. Paul prayed that God would strengthen their hearts so they would be blameless and holy when what happens?

A). When they finish building a church B). When Paul returns to visit
C). When our Lord Jesus comes with all his holy ones D). When the Roman rulers believe

7420. When the Lord comes down from heaven, which of these will be heard?

A). The roar of a lion B). The ringing of temple bells C). The sound of many horses
D). The voice of the archangel and the trumpet call of God

7421. When the Lord comes, who will rise first?

A). Those who are still alive B). The dead in Christ C). The angels
D). The prophets only

7422. Where will believers who are still alive be caught up to meet the Lord?

A). On the Mount of Olives B). In the temple courts C). In the clouds, in the air
D). By the Jordan River

7423. Paul said God did not appoint believers to suffer wrath. What did He appoint them to receive?

A). Salvation through our Lord Jesus Christ B). Great riches on earth
C). Power over kings D). A long life without trouble

7424. Paul prayed that which three parts of the believers would be kept blameless at the coming of the Lord Jesus?

A). Mind, strength and hands B). Heart, eyes and ears C). Spirit, soul and body
D). Faith, hope and love

7425. When will God give relief to believers who are troubled?

A). When they leave Thessalonica B). When the Roman rulers change
C). When the temple is rebuilt
D). When the Lord Jesus is revealed from heaven in blazing fire with his powerful angels

7426. Who did Paul say the Lord Jesus will punish when he is revealed from heaven?

A). Those who were baptised late B). Those who travel on the Sabbath
C). Those who do not know God and do not obey the gospel
D). Those who live outside Israel

7427. How will the Lord Jesus overthrow the lawless one?

A). With an army of Roman soldiers B). By a great earthquake C). By sending a flood
D). With the breath of his mouth and the splendour of his coming

7428. What did Paul pray that God would do for the believers' hearts?

A). Make them proud B). Fill them with fear
C). Encourage their hearts and strengthen them in every good deed and word
D). Make them forget their troubles

7429. Complete the verse: "Christ Jesus came into the world to save ___—of whom I am the worst."

A). sinners B). the righteous C). kings D). the Jews

7430. Why did Paul say he was shown mercy as the worst of sinners?

A). So he could become rich B). So Christ could show His immense patience as an example
C). So he could avoid suffering D). So he could rule the church

7431. Complete the verse: "For there is one God and one ___ between God and mankind, the man Christ Jesus."

A). prophet B). priest C). king D). mediator

7432. What did Christ Jesus give Himself as for all people?

A). A teacher B). A ransom C). A judge D). A servant king

7433. Complete the verse: "He appeared in the flesh, was vindicated by the Spirit, was seen by ___."

A). prophets B). angels C). kings D). shepherds

7434. In Paul's statement about the mystery of godliness, what is the last thing said about Jesus?

A). He appeared in the flesh B). He was preached among the nations
C). He was taken up in glory D). He was seen by angels

7435. Before whom did Christ Jesus make the good confession, according to Paul?

A). Herod B). Caiaphas C). Caesar D). Pontius Pilate

7436. What did Paul say Christ Jesus has destroyed?

A). The temple B). Death C). The law D). The Roman Empire

7437. Paul told Timothy to remember Jesus Christ, raised from the dead and descended from whom?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). David D). Aaron

7438. What does Paul say about Christ when we are faithless?

A). He forgets us B). He remains faithful C). He becomes angry
D). He leaves the church

7439. What crown did Paul say was waiting for him?

A). The crown of life B). The crown of righteousness C). The crown of gold
D). The crown of glory

7440. Paul said the Lord stood by him and delivered him from the mouth of what?

A). The bear B). The lion C). The wolf D). The sea

7441. What "blessed hope" does Titus 2 say we wait for?

A). The rebuilding of the temple B). The end of the Roman Empire
C). Paul's return to Crete
D). The appearing of the glory of our great God and Savior, Jesus Christ

7442. Why did Jesus give himself for us, according to Titus 2:14?

A). To redeem us from all wickedness and purify a people eager to do good
B). To make us rulers of Crete C). To start a new law of food
D). To show his power to Rome

7443. Through what did God save us, according to Titus 3:5?

A). The washing of rebirth and renewal by the Holy Spirit
B). Offering sacrifices at the temple C). Going on a long journey
D). Obeying the Cretan elders

7444. In these last days, through whom has God spoken to us?

A). The angels B). The prophets C). His Son D). Moses

7445. According to Hebrews 1, what did God make through his Son?

A). The law B). The temple C). The ark D). The universe

7446. Complete the verse: "The Son is the radiance of God's ___ and the exact representation of his being."

A). power B). glory C). love D). wisdom

7447. What did the Son do after he had provided purification for sins?

A). He sat down at the right hand of the Majesty in heaven

B). He sent the angels to the earth C). He built a new temple

D). He spoke through the prophets

7448. By what does the Son sustain all things?

A). His holy angels B). His powerful word C). His great army

D). His many prophets

7449. What is the main point Hebrews 1 makes about the Son and the angels?

A). The angels are greater than the Son B). The Son and the angels are equal

C). The Son is superior to the angels D). The angels created the Son

7450. Complete the verse: "Let all God's angels ___ him."

A). serve B). follow C). obey D). worship

7451. According to Hebrews 1:8, what kind of scepter will be the scepter of the Son's kingdom?

A). A scepter of gold B). A scepter of justice C). A scepter of peace

D). A scepter of power

7452. With what oil was the Son anointed, according to Hebrews 1:9?

A). The oil of healing B). The oil of holiness C). The oil of joy D). The oil of peace

7453. Hebrews 1:10-12 says the earth and the heavens will wear out like a garment. What does it say about the Lord?

A). He will grow old B). He will make new angels C). He will leave the earth

D). He remains the same and his years never end

7454. Complete the verse: "Sit at my right hand until I make your enemies a ___ for your feet."

A). footstool B). pathway C). throne D). carpet

7455. Who was made lower than the angels for a little while and is now crowned with glory and honor?

A). Moses B). Jesus C). Abraham D). David

7456. According to Hebrews 2:9, for whom did Jesus taste death by the grace of God?

A). Only for the angels B). Only for the priests C). For everyone

D). Only for the prophets

7457. Hebrews 2:10 says God made the pioneer of their salvation perfect through what?

A). Through what he suffered B). Through what he built C). Through what he wrote

D). Through what he owned

7458. According to Hebrews 2:11, what is Jesus not ashamed to call those who are made holy?

A). Servants and slaves B). Friends and neighbors C). Children of the angels
D). Brothers and sisters

7459. According to Hebrews 2:14, who holds the power of death?

A). The devil B). Pharaoh C). Death itself D). The Roman emperor

7460. According to Hebrews 2:16, whom does Jesus help?

A). Angels B). Pharaoh's descendants C). Abraham's descendants
D). Only the Levites

7461. Complete the verse: "...that he might become a merciful and faithful ___ in service to God."

A). king B). prophet C). shepherd D). high priest

7462. Why is Jesus able to help those who are being tempted?

A). Because he is an angel B). Because he himself suffered when he was tempted
C). Because he never met any temptation D). Because he lived in the temple

7463. Hebrews 3:1 tells believers to fix their thoughts on Jesus. What two titles does it give him?

A). King and judge B). Shepherd and teacher C). Apostle and high priest
D). Prophet and servant

7464. Hebrews 3:2 says Jesus was faithful, just as which man was faithful in all God's house?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Joshua D). Elijah

7465. Why does Hebrews 3:3 say Jesus is worthy of greater honor than Moses?

A). Because Jesus lived longer than Moses
B). Just as the builder of a house has greater honor than the house itself
C). Because Moses never spoke with God D). Because Jesus wrote the law

7466. How does Hebrews 3:5-6 compare Moses and Christ in God's house?

A). Moses was faithful as a servant; Christ is faithful as the Son over God's house
B). Moses was the Son; Christ was the servant C). Both were angels in God's house
D). Moses built the house; Christ only lived in it

7467. Who is the great high priest who has ascended into heaven, according to Hebrews 4:14?

A). Aaron B). Melchizedek C). Moses D). Jesus the Son of God

7468. What does Hebrews 4:15 say about Jesus being tempted?

A). He was tempted in every way, just as we are, yet he did not sin

B). He was never tempted at all C). He was tempted only once

D). He was tempted and sometimes gave in

7469. Complete the verse that God spoke to Christ: "You are my ___; today I have become your Father."

A). Son B). servant C). priest D). king

7470. Complete the verse: "You are a priest forever, in the order of ___."

A). Aaron B). Melchizedek C). Levi D). Abraham

7471. According to Hebrews 5:7, why was Jesus heard when he prayed with fervent cries and tears?

A). Because he prayed in the temple B). Because he prayed very long prayers

C). Because of his reverent submission D). Because the angels prayed with him

7472. According to Hebrews 5:8, what did Jesus learn from what he suffered?

A). Wisdom B). Patience C). Humility D). Obedience

7473. According to Hebrews 5:9, Jesus became the source of eternal salvation for whom?

A). For all who obey him B). Only for the priests C). Only for the angels

D). For those who were born rich

7474. What does Hebrews 6:1 encourage believers to move beyond?

A). The elementary teachings about Christ B). The love of God C). The promises of God

D). Prayer and worship

7475. According to Hebrews 6:19-20, where did Jesus enter on our behalf as a forerunner?

A). The inner sanctuary behind the curtain B). The court of the Gentiles

C). The city gate of Jerusalem D). The wilderness of Sinai

7476. According to Hebrews 7:11, why was there a need for a priest in the order of Melchizedek rather than Aaron?

A). Because Aaron had no children B). Because the temple was destroyed

C). Because Melchizedek asked for it

D). Because perfection could not be attained through the Levitical priesthood

7477. According to Hebrews 7:14, our Lord descended from which tribe?

A). Levi B). Judah C). Benjamin D). Ephraim

7478. Complete the verse: Jesus became a priest "on the basis of the power of an ___ life."

A). eternal B). holy C). indestructible D). perfect

7479. Complete the verse: "Jesus has become the guarantor of a better ___."

A). temple B). kingdom C). promise D). covenant

7480. Why were there many priests under the old system, but Jesus has a permanent priesthood?

A). Because the old priests were too busy

B). Because death prevented the old priests from continuing, but Jesus lives forever

C). Because the people kept choosing new priests D). Because the old priests became kings

7481. According to Hebrews 7:25, why is Jesus able to save completely those who come to God through him?

A). Because he was born in Bethlehem B). Because he lived in the temple

C). Because he always lives to intercede for them D). Because he gave them the law

7482. How is Jesus' sacrifice different from the sacrifices of the other high priests, according to Hebrews 7:27?

A). He sacrificed for their sins once for all when he offered himself

B). He offered sacrifices every day C). He offered sacrifices only for his own sins

D). He offered animals every year

7483. According to Hebrews 8:2, who set up the true tabernacle where Jesus serves?

A). Moses B). Solomon C). The Lord D). The priests

7484. What does Hebrews 8:4 say about Jesus if he were on earth?

A). He would not be a priest B). He would be the king of Israel C). He would be a Levite

D). He would serve in the temple every day

7485. According to Hebrews 8:6, Jesus is the mediator of a better covenant, which is established on what?

A). Better promises B). Better sacrifices of animals C). Better buildings

D). Better kings

7486. According to Hebrews 9:12, by what means did Christ enter the Most Holy Place once for all?

A). By his own blood B). By the blood of goats and calves C). By the ashes of a heifer

D). By the blood of a lamb

7487. According to Hebrews 9:14, what will the blood of Christ cleanse?

A). Our houses and fields B). The stones of the temple C). The clothes of the priests

D). Our consciences from acts that lead to death

7488. According to Hebrews 9:24, where did Christ enter to appear for us in God's presence?

A). A man-made sanctuary B). The temple in Jerusalem

C). The tabernacle in the wilderness D). Heaven itself

7489. According to Hebrews 9:28, why will Christ appear a second time?

A). To be sacrificed again B). To build a new temple

C). To bring salvation to those who are waiting for him D). To choose new priests

7490. Complete the verse: "Here I am — it is written about me in the scroll — I have come to do your ___, my God."

A). work B). law C). commands D). will

7491. How is Christ different from the earthly priests, according to Hebrews 10:11-12?

A). The priests stand and offer sacrifices again and again, but Christ offered one sacrifice and sat down

B). The priests sat down, but Christ stands every day

C). The priests offered one sacrifice, but Christ offers many

D). The priests served in heaven, but Christ served on earth

7492. According to Hebrews 10:14, what has Christ done by one sacrifice for those who are being made holy?

A). He has given them a new land B). He has made them perfect forever

C). He has made them priests in the temple D). He has given them riches

7493. According to Hebrews 10:19-20, by what do believers have confidence to enter the Most Holy Place?

A). By the blood of goats B). By being born in Israel C). By the high priest's prayers

D). By the blood of Jesus

7494. According to Hebrews 12:2, on whom should we fix our eyes as the pioneer and perfecter of faith?

A). Jesus B). Moses C). Abraham D). Paul

7495. According to Hebrews 12:2, why did Jesus endure the cross, scorning its shame?

A). Because the soldiers forced him B). Because he could not escape

C). Because the law required it D). For the joy set before him

7496. Why does Hebrews 12:3 tell us to consider Jesus, who endured opposition from sinners?

A). So that we will become famous B). So that we will not grow weary and lose heart

C). So that we will fight back against sinners D). So that we will stay away from people

7497. According to Hebrews 12:24, Jesus' sprinkled blood speaks a better word than whose blood?

A). Abel's B). Isaac's C). the lamb's D). Aaron's

7498. Complete the verse: "Jesus Christ is the same yesterday and today and ___."

A). forever B). tomorrow C). always D). never

7499. According to Hebrews 13:12, where did Jesus suffer to make the people holy through his own blood?

A). Inside the temple B). Outside the city gate C). In the Most Holy Place
D). On Mount Sinai

7500. According to Hebrews 13:15, what sacrifice should believers continually offer to God through Jesus?

A). A sacrifice of lambs B). A sacrifice of grain C). A sacrifice of gold
D). A sacrifice of praise

7501. In Hebrews 13:20, what title is given to the Lord Jesus, whom God brought back from the dead?

A). The Lamb of God B). The King of Kings C). That great Shepherd of the sheep
D). The Bright Morning Star

7502. Complete the verse: "He has given us new birth into a living ___ through the resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead."

A). faith B). joy C). hope D). peace

7503. With what were believers redeemed, according to Peter?

A). Silver and gold B). The blood of bulls and goats C). Good works
D). The precious blood of Christ

7504. Peter compares Christ to what kind of animal without blemish or defect?

A). A lamb B). A dove C). A calf D). A goat

7505. Complete the verse: "See, I lay a stone in Zion, a chosen and precious ___."

A). rock B). foundation C). cornerstone D). altar

7506. What does Peter say happened to the stone the builders rejected?

A). It was thrown away B). It became the cornerstone C). It was broken in pieces
D). It was hidden in the ground

7507. Why does Peter say Christ suffered for believers?

A). To show He was weak B). Leaving an example for them to follow in His steps
C). To win an earthly kingdom D). Because He had sinned

7508. When people insulted Jesus, what did He do?

A). He insulted them back B). He did not retaliate C). He called down fire
D). He ran away

7509. Complete the verse: "By his ___ you have been healed."

A). love B). words C). wounds D). power

7510. Peter says believers were like sheep going astray, but have returned to whom?

A). Moses, the lawgiver B). The Shepherd and Overseer of their souls
C). The elders of Jerusalem D). The prophets of old

7511. Why did Christ suffer once for sins, the righteous for the unrighteous?

A). To bring you to God B). To become a king on earth
C). To prove the prophets wrong D). To teach the Pharisees

7512. Where does Peter say Jesus Christ has gone?

A). Into heaven, at God's right hand B). To Jerusalem C). To Galilee
D). Into the wilderness

7513. Since Christ suffered in His body, how does Peter tell believers to arm themselves?

A). With swords and shields B). With the same attitude C). With money and power
D). With the law of Moses

7514. Why does Peter tell believers to rejoice when they share in Christ's sufferings?

A). Because suffering earns money B). So they may be overjoyed when His glory is revealed
C). Because suffering will make them famous D). So they can avoid their enemies

7515. Peter says if you are insulted because of the name of Christ, who rests on you?

A). An angel of the Lord B). The Spirit of glory and of God C). The prophet Elijah
D). The elders of the church

7516. Peter calls himself a fellow elder and a witness of what?

A). The giving of the law B). The building of the temple C). The flood
D). Christ's sufferings

7517. When the Chief Shepherd appears, what will faithful elders receive?

A). A golden throne B). A crown of glory that will never fade away C). A large field
D). A new name

7518. According to Peter, what has God's divine power given us?

A). Riches and honor in this life B). Everything we need for a godly life
C). Power over all the nations D). Freedom from all suffering

7519. What will these qualities keep believers from being, if they have them in increasing measure?

A). Poor and hungry B). Hated by the world C). Ineffective and unproductive
D). Tempted by Satan

7520. What did Peter mean when he said he would soon put aside 'the tent of this body'?

A). He would move to a new city B). He would soon die C). He would stop preaching
D). He would go to prison

7521. Peter said they did not follow cleverly devised stories. What were they instead?

A). Teachers of the law B). Prophets of old C). Eyewitnesses of his majesty
D). Students of Greek wisdom

7522. God's voice said: 'This is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well ___.'

A). known B). glorified C). honored D). pleased

7523. Where was Peter with Jesus when he heard the voice from heaven?

A). On the sacred mountain B). By the Sea of Galilee C). In the temple courts
D). In the Garden of Gethsemane

7524. What will scoffers mock in the last days?

A). The promise of Jesus' coming B). The building of the temple C). The law of Moses
D). The gift of tongues

7525. But grow in the grace and ___ of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ.

A). love B). power C). truth D). knowledge

7526. According to John, which senses had he and others used to know the Word of life?

A). Smell and taste only B). Hearing, seeing and touching C). Dreams and visions
D). Reading old scrolls

7527. "That which was from the _____, which we have heard, which we have seen with our eyes..."

A). beginning B). mountain C). temple D). prophets

7528. John says the life that appeared was with whom before it appeared to them?

A). Moses B). The angels C). The Father D). John the Baptist

7529. John says true fellowship is with the Father and with whom?

A). Abraham B). Paul C). Moses D). His Son, Jesus Christ

7530. If we walk in the light, what does the blood of Jesus do?

A). Makes us famous B). Purifies us from all sin C). Gives us long life on earth
D). Makes us stronger than others

7531. If anybody sins, who does John say speaks to the Father in our defense?

A). Moses B). Jesus Christ, the Righteous One C). The angel Gabriel D). Abraham

7532. John says Jesus is the atoning sacrifice for whose sins?

A). Only the apostles' sins B). Only the sins of Israel
C). Our sins and the sins of the whole world D). Only the sins of children

7533. "Whoever claims to live in him must live as _____ did."

A). Moses B). David C). Jesus D). Elijah

7534. Who does John call the liar and the antichrist?

A). The one who denies that Jesus is the Christ B). The one who forgets to pray
C). The one who travels far D). The one who is poor

7535. Why does John tell believers to continue in Christ?

A). So they can avoid all work B). So they will become teachers
C). So they can be confident and unashamed when he appears
D). So they will be praised by people

7536. What does John say will happen when Christ appears?

A). We will be like him, for we shall see him as he is B). We will forget the past
C). We will build a new temple D). We will become angels

7537. Why does John say Jesus appeared?

A). To become a king on earth B). To build a church building C). To judge the angels
D). To take away our sins

7538. The Son of God appeared to destroy whose work?

A). The devil's work B). The Romans' work C). The Pharisees' work
D). The prophets' work

7539. How do we know what love is, according to John?

A). By the gifts people give B). By the words of the law C). By the miracles of Moses
D). Jesus Christ laid down his life for us

7540. What two things does John say make up God's command?

A). Fast and give offerings
B). Believe in the name of his Son, Jesus Christ, and love one another
C). Keep the Sabbath and visit the temple D). Pray and sing psalms

7541. How can you recognize the Spirit of God, according to John?

A). Every spirit that performs a miracle is from God
B). Every spirit that acknowledges that Jesus Christ has come in the flesh is from God
C). Every spirit that speaks loudly is from God
D). Every spirit that appears in a dream is from God

7542. How did God show his love among us?

A). He gave the law on Mount Sinai B). He sent his one and only Son into the world
C). He built a great temple D). He sent a flood

7543. What does John say love truly is?

A). That we loved God first B). That we kept all the commands
C). Not that we loved God, but that he loved us and sent his Son as an atoning sacrifice
D). That we gave money to the poor

7544. John says the Father sent his Son to be what?

A). The Saviour of the world B). A priest of the temple C). A king of Rome
D). A teacher of the law

7545. What does John say about everyone who believes that Jesus is the Christ?

A). They are born of God B). They will become a priest C). They will never be sad
D). They must live in Jerusalem

7546. Who does John say overcomes the world?

A). Only those who keep the Sabbath B). Only the apostles
C). Only those who live in Israel D). The one who believes that Jesus is the Son of God

7547. Which three does John say testify and are in agreement?

A). The Spirit, the water and the blood B). The law, the prophets and the psalms
C). Peter, James and John D). Faith, hope and love

7548. What has God given us, and where is it found?

A). Great riches, found in the temple B). Eternal life, found in his Son
C). A new law, found in Egypt D). A kingdom, found in Rome

7549. "Whoever has the _____ has life; whoever does not have the Son of God does not have life."

A). law B). temple C). Son D). sword

7550. Why does John say the Son of God has come?

A). To build a temple B). To gather an army C). To give us gold
D). To give us understanding so that we may know him who is true

7551. Which three blessings does John say will be with his readers from God the Father and Jesus Christ?

A). Faith, hope and love B). Joy, peace and patience C). Wisdom, strength and courage
D). Grace, mercy and peace

7552. What do the many deceivers in 2 John refuse to acknowledge?

A). That God created the world B). That the temple will be destroyed
C). That Jesus will return on the clouds D). Jesus Christ as coming in the flesh

7553. What does John say about anyone who runs ahead and does not continue in the teaching of Christ?

A). They do not have God B). They will become a teacher
C). They are closer to the truth D). They need to be baptised again

7554. According to Revelation 1, in what order was this revelation passed along?

A). Jesus gave it to God, God sent an angel, the angel told John

B). God gave it to Jesus, Jesus sent his angel, the angel made it known to John

C). An angel gave it to John, John gave it to Jesus, Jesus gave it to the churches

D). John received it from Moses, then wrote it for the churches

7555. In Revelation 1:5, Jesus is called the faithful witness, the firstborn from the dead, and the ruler of whom?

A). The angels of heaven B). The twelve tribes C). The kings of the earth

D). The seven churches

7556. According to Revelation 1:5-6, what has Jesus done for those he loves?

A). Freed them from their sins by his blood B). Given them a land of their own

C). Made them rich on earth D). Taken them away from all trouble

7557. According to Revelation 1:7, how will Jesus come?

A). Riding a white donkey B). With the clouds C). Through the temple gate

D). As a small child

7558. When John turned around, what did he see, with someone like a son of man among them?

A). Seven golden lampstands B). Twelve golden thrones C). Seven silver trumpets

D). Four golden altars

7559. How does Revelation 1:14 describe the eyes of the one like a son of man?

A). Like shining stars B). Like deep water C). Like the morning sun

D). Like blazing fire

7560. What came out of the mouth of the one John saw?

A). A flame of fire B). A sharp, double-edged sword C). A river of water

D). A white dove

7561. What did John do when he saw the one like a son of man?

A). He ran away B). He sang a song C). He fell at his feet as though dead

D). He asked his name

7562. What does Jesus say he holds in Revelation 1:18?

A). The keys of death and Hades B). The book of life C). The seven seals

D). The cup of wrath

7563. What did Jesus tell John to write in Revelation 1:19?

A). Only the words of the prophets B). A letter to the emperor C). A new law for Israel

D). What he had seen, what is now and what will take place later

7564. According to Revelation 1:20, what are the seven lampstands?

A). The seven spirits of God B). The seven churches C). The seven angels
D). The seven days of creation

7565. Jesus held seven stars in his right hand. According to Revelation 1:20, what are the seven stars?

A). The seven lampstands B). The seven apostles C). The angels of the seven churches
D). The seven kings

7566. What did Jesus hold against the church in Ephesus?

A). They had forsaken the love they had at first B). They had stopped meeting together
C). They had refused to help the poor D). They had worshipped idols

7567. What did Jesus warn would happen if the church in Ephesus did not repent?

A). Their city would be destroyed by fire B). Their leaders would be put in prison
C). He would remove their lampstand from its place
D). They would be scattered among the nations

7568. Whose practices did both Jesus and the church in Ephesus hate?

A). The Pharisees B). The Samaritans C). The Sadducees D). The Nicolaitans

7569. What did Jesus promise to the one who is victorious in the letter to Ephesus?

A). A crown of gold B). The right to eat from the tree of life C). A home in Jerusalem
D). A new white robe

7570. Jesus said the church in Smyrna was poor. What else did he say about them?

A). They were rich B). They were lazy C). They were proud D). They were lost

7571. For how long did Jesus say the church in Smyrna would suffer persecution?

A). Forty days B). Three years C). Ten days D). Seven weeks

7572. Complete the verse: "Be faithful, even to the point of death, and I will give you life as your victor's ____."

A). reward B). robe C). throne D). crown

7573. In the letter to Smyrna, what did Jesus say would not hurt the one who is victorious?

A). The second death B). The great storm C). The wild beasts
D). The fire of the city

7574. Which city did Jesus describe as the place "where Satan has his throne"?

A). Sardis B). Pergamum C). Laodicea D). Smyrna

7575. Who was Jesus' faithful witness who was put to death in Pergamum?

A). Stephen B). James C). Antipas D). Timothy

7576. What did Jesus promise to give the victorious in Pergamum, along with hidden manna?

A). A white stone with a new name written on it B). A golden key C). A shining lamp
D). A scroll with seven seals

7577. In the letter to Thyatira, Jesus calls himself the Son of God whose eyes are like blazing fire. What are his feet like?

A). Pillars of marble B). Burnished bronze C). Shining silver D). Flowing water

7578. Which woman, who called herself a prophet, did the church in Thyatira tolerate?

A). Delilah B). Herodias C). Jezebel D). Sapphira

7579. Complete the verse: "Then all the churches will know that I am he who searches ___ and minds."

A). souls B). lives C). ways D). hearts

7580. Besides authority over the nations, what did Jesus promise to give the victorious in Thyatira?

A). The morning star B). The tree of life C). A white robe D). A golden lampstand

7581. What did Jesus say about the reputation of the church in Sardis?

A). They were known for being generous, but were greedy
B). They had a reputation of being alive, but were dead
C). They were known as faithful, and truly were D). They were known for great miracles

7582. What did Jesus say he would do if the church in Sardis did not wake up?

A). Send a famine on the city B). Close the door of the church C). Come like a thief
D). Take away their crown

7583. What did Jesus promise to the few people in Sardis who had not soiled their clothes?

A). They would rule over the city B). They would be given gold
C). They would never be sick D). They would walk with him, dressed in white

7584. What did Jesus say he would never blot out for the one who is victorious?

A). Their name from the book of life B). Their sins from his memory
C). Their house from the city D). Their songs from heaven

7585. In the letter to Philadelphia, Jesus holds a key. Whose key is it?

A). The key of Moses B). The key of David C). The key of Abraham
D). The key of Elijah

7586. What had Jesus placed before the church in Philadelphia that no one could shut?

A). A golden table B). A wide road C). An open door D). A bright lamp

7587. Why did Jesus promise to keep the church in Philadelphia from the hour of trial?

A). Because they were very rich B). Because they had built a large temple
C). Because they were few in number
D). Because they had kept his command to endure patiently

7588. Complete the verse: "I am coming soon. Hold on to what you have, so that no one will take your ___."

A). crown B). place C). name D). robe

7589. What did Jesus say he would make the victorious in Philadelphia?

A). A king over the nations B). A pillar in the temple of his God C). A star in the sky
D). A gate of the city

7590. In the letter to Laodicea, Jesus calls himself the Amen, the faithful and true witness, and what else?

A). The Lion of Judah B). The Bread of Life C). The ruler of God's creation
D). The Good Shepherd

7591. Jesus said the church in Laodicea was neither cold nor hot. What word did he use for them?

A). Frozen B). Burning C). Dry D). Lukewarm

7592. The church in Laodicea said, "I am rich and do not need a thing." How did Jesus describe them?

A). Wretched, pitiful, poor, blind and naked B). Wise, strong and faithful
C). Rich in good deeds D). Humble and kind

7593. Which of these did Jesus NOT counsel Laodicea to buy from him?

A). Gold refined in the fire B). Fine wine C). White clothes to wear
D). Salve to put on their eyes

7594. Complete the verse: "Those whom I love I rebuke and ___. So be earnest and repent."

A). forgive B). teach C). discipline D). heal

7595. In Revelation 3:20, what does Jesus say he is doing at the door?

A). Waiting quietly B). Writing a name C). Building a wall
D). Standing and knocking

7596. What did Jesus promise to the victorious in Laodicea?

A). The right to sit with him on his throne B). A house of gold C). A seat at the city gate
D). Long life on earth

7597. One of the elders told John not to weep. Who did he say had triumphed and was able to open the scroll?

A). The Eagle of Israel B). The Prince of Peace C). The Rock of Zion
D). The Lion of the tribe of Judah

7598. Complete the verse: "See, the Lion of the tribe of Judah, the ___ of David, has triumphed."

A). Son B). Root C). King D). Branch

7599. When John looked, what did he see standing at the centre of the throne?

A). A Lamb, looking as if it had been slain B). A great lion with golden mane
C). A mighty angel with a sword D). A king wearing many crowns

7600. The Lamb had seven horns and seven eyes. What are the seven eyes?

A). The seven churches B). The seven angels
C). The seven spirits of God sent out into all the earth D). The seven lampstands

7601. In the new song, why was the Lamb worthy to open the scroll?

A). Because he was the oldest
B). Because he was slain and with his blood purchased people for God
C). Because he defeated the angels D). Because he built the temple

7602. According to the new song, from where did the Lamb purchase people for God?

A). Only from Israel B). Only from the churches of Asia
C). From every tribe and language and people and nation
D). Only from the city of Jerusalem

7603. Complete the angels' song: "Worthy is the ___, who was slain, to receive power and wealth and wisdom and strength."

A). Lamb B). King C). Lion D). Prophet

7604. When the Lamb opened the first seal, what colour was the horse that came out?

A). Red B). Black C). White D). Pale

7605. Why did the kings and all people call on the mountains and rocks to fall on them?

A). To build a new city
B). To hide them from the one on the throne and the wrath of the Lamb
C). To stop the earthquake D). To protect their gold

7606. Complete the cry of the great multitude: "___ belongs to our God, who sits on the throne, and to the Lamb."

A). Glory B). Power C). Wisdom D). Salvation

7607. According to the elder, how had the great multitude made their robes white?

A). By washing them in the river of life B). By wearing them in the sun
C). By washing them in the blood of the Lamb D). By the light of the throne

7608. According to Revelation 7:17, who will be the shepherd of the great multitude?

A). The Lamb B). Moses C). The elders D). King David

7609. What happened in heaven when the Lamb opened the seventh seal?

A). There was loud singing B). There was silence for about half an hour

C). There was a great earthquake D). There was a bright light

7610. The great city where the witnesses' bodies lay is figuratively called by which two names?

A). Sodom and Egypt B). Babylon and Nineveh C). Tyre and Sidon

D). Rome and Athens

7611. Complete the verse: "The kingdom of the world has become the kingdom of our Lord and of his ___, and he will reign for ever and ever."

A). Messiah B). people C). angels D). prophets

7612. According to Revelation 12:11, how did God's people triumph over the accuser?

A). By their own strength B). By building a strong army

C). By the blood of the Lamb and by the word of their testimony

D). By hiding in the wilderness

7613. Against whom did the dragon go off to wage war at the end of Revelation 12?

A). The kings of the earth B). The angels of heaven

C). The rest of the woman's offspring, who keep God's commands and hold fast their testimony about Jesus

D). The people of Babylon

7614. According to Revelation 13:8, which people will worship the beast?

A). All whose names have not been written in the Lamb's book of life

B). Only the kings of the earth C). Only the people of Babylon

D). Only the false prophets

7615. Where did John see the Lamb standing with the 144,000?

A). On Mount Sinai B). On Mount Zion C). On the Mount of Olives

D). By the sea of glass

7616. What was written on the foreheads of the 144,000 who stood with the Lamb?

A). The mark of the beast B). The names of the twelve tribes

C). His name and his Father's name D). The number seven

7617. Complete the verse: "They follow the ___ wherever he goes."

A). Lamb B). angel C). elder D). shepherd

7618. According to Revelation 14:12, what describes the people of God who show patient endurance?

A). They are rich and powerful B). They keep his commands and remain faithful to Jesus
C). They live in the holy city D). They have never suffered

7619. What did the one like a son of man seated on the white cloud hold in his hand?

A). A sharp sickle B). A golden bowl C). A scroll D). A shepherd's staff

7620. Why did the angel call out for the one on the cloud to take his sickle and reap?

A). Because the angels were hungry B). Because the harvest of the earth is ripe
C). Because the winter was coming D). Because the beast was attacking

7621. The victorious sang the song of the Lamb and the song of which servant of God?

A). Moses B). David C). Elijah D). Abraham

7622. Complete the verse: "Look, I come like a ___! Blessed is the one who stays awake."

A). thief B). king C). storm D). lion

7623. Why will the Lamb triumph when the kings wage war against him?

A). Because his army is larger B). Because he is Lord of lords and King of kings
C). Because the beast will run away D). Because the angels will fight alone

7624. According to Revelation 17:14, who will be with the Lamb when he triumphs?

A). The ten kings B). The great prostitute C). His called, chosen and faithful followers
D). The beast and the false prophet

7625. According to Revelation 19:7, what has come?

A). The day of the harvest B). The fall of the dragon C). The end of the night
D). The wedding of the Lamb

7626. Complete the verse: "Blessed are those who are invited to the wedding ___ of the Lamb!"

A). feast B). supper C). day D). song

7627. What is the rider on the white horse called in Revelation 19:11?

A). Mighty and Strong B). Holy and Wise C). Prince of Peace D). Faithful and True

7628. What was on the head of the rider on the white horse?

A). Many crowns B). A helmet of salvation C). A crown of thorns
D). A crown of twelve stars

7629. According to Revelation 19:13, what is the name of the rider on the white horse?

A). The Lion of Judah B). The Word of God C). The Son of David
D). The Bright Morning Star

7630. How were the armies of heaven that followed the rider dressed?

A). In shining armour B). In purple robes C). In fine linen, white and clean

D). In sackcloth

7631. Complete the name written on the rider's robe and thigh: "KING OF KINGS AND LORD OF ___."

A). HEAVEN B). ALL C). NATIONS D). LORDS

7632. What came out of the mouth of the rider on the white horse?

A). A sharp sword B). Fire and smoke C). A trumpet sound D). A river of water

7633. According to Revelation 20:4, who came to life and reigned with Christ for a thousand years?

A). Those who had been beheaded because of their testimony about Jesus and had not worshipped the beast

B). The kings of the earth C). The twenty-four elders only

D). The angels of the seven churches

7634. Why did John not see a temple in the new Jerusalem?

A). Because it had not been built yet B). Because it had been destroyed

C). Because the people did not need to worship

D). Because the Lord God Almighty and the Lamb are its temple

7635. Why does the new Jerusalem not need the sun or the moon?

A). Because the glory of God gives it light, and the Lamb is its lamp

B). Because it is always night C). Because it has many lamps

D). Because the stars shine brightly

7636. According to Revelation 21:27, who will enter the new Jerusalem?

A). Only the kings of the earth B). Everyone who comes to the gate

C). Only those whose names are written in the Lamb's book of life D). Only the angels

7637. What did the angel show John flowing from the throne of God and of the Lamb?

A). A stream of gold B). The river of the water of life C). A river of fire

D). A spring of oil

7638. Complete the verse: "Look, I am coming soon! Blessed is the one who ___ the words of the prophecy written in this scroll."

A). reads B). hears C). writes D). keeps

7639. Complete the verse: "I am the Alpha and the Omega, the First and the Last, the Beginning and the ___."

A). Light B). End C). Truth D). Life

7640. In Revelation 22:16, Jesus calls himself the Root and the Offspring of David, and what else?

A). The Light of the World B). The Good Shepherd C). The Lamb of God
D). The bright Morning Star

7641. Complete the verse: "He who testifies to these things says, 'Yes, I am coming soon.' Amen. Come, Lord ___."

A). God B). Almighty C). King D). Jesus

7642. What are the final words of Revelation and of the Bible?

A). "The grace of the Lord Jesus be with God's people. Amen."
B). "Holy, holy, holy is the Lord God Almighty."
C). "In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth." D). "It is finished."

Jether

7643. Which of Gideon's sons was told to kill Zebah and Zalmunna but was afraid to do it?

A). Abimelek B). Purah C). Joash D). Jether

Jethro

7644. Who was Jethro in relation to Moses?

A). His brother B). His father-in-law C). His uncle D). His son

7645. Whom did Jethro bring with him to Moses?

A). Aaron and Miriam B). The elders of Midian
C). Moses' wife Zipporah and her two sons D). Joshua and Hur

7646. How did Jethro respond when he heard all the LORD had done for Israel?

A). He doubted the story B). He was delighted and praised the LORD
C). He asked to become their leader D). He returned home in anger

7647. What did Jethro see Moses doing all day long?

A). Building an altar B). Leading the people in worship C). Writing down the law
D). Judging the people alone from morning till evening

7648. What warning did Jethro give Moses about judging the people alone?

A). That the people would rebel B). That God would be angry
C). That he would wear himself out D). That the enemies would attack

7649. What kind of men did Jethro tell Moses to appoint as officials?

A). The wealthiest men in the camp
B). Capable men who fear God and are trustworthy and hate dishonest gain
C). The oldest men among the people D). Men chosen by Pharaoh

7650. How did Moses respond to Jethro's advice?

A). He refused to change anything B). He sent Jethro away

C). He listened and did everything Jethro said D). He asked God to remove Jethro

Jezebel

7651. Whom did King Ahab marry?

A). Maakah B). Jezebel C). Naamah D). Abishag

7652. What did Obadiah do while Jezebel was killing the LORD's prophets?

A). He told Ahab where the prophets were B). He left Israel

C). He hid a hundred prophets in two caves and gave them food and water

D). He joined the prophets of Baal

7653. Who threatened to kill Elijah after she heard what he had done on Mount Carmel?

A). Jezebel B). Maakah C). Naamah D). Athaliah

7654. Who told Ahab, "I'll get you the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite"?

A). Jezebel B). Obadiah C). Ben-Hadad D). His servant

7655. How did Jezebel send her orders to the elders and nobles of Naboth's city?

A). She went there herself B). She sent Elijah

C). She wrote letters in Ahab's name and sealed them with his seal

D). She sent soldiers with a spoken message

7656. According to the LORD's word, where would dogs devour Jezebel?

A). In the palace of Samaria B). At Mount Carmel C). In Naboth's vineyard

D). By the wall of Jezreel

7657. How was Joram's reign described?

A). He did what was right like David B). He was the most evil king of Israel

C). He destroyed all idols in Israel D). He did evil, but not as his father and mother had done

7658. According to the prophet, whose blood was the LORD avenging through Jehu?

A). The soldiers killed at Ramoth Gilead B). His servants the prophets, shed by Jezebel

C). The people of Samaria in the famine D). The men killed by the bears

7659. What did the prophet say would happen to Jezebel?

A). Dogs would devour her at Jezreel and no one would bury her

B). She would be taken captive to Aram C). She would be healed and repent

D). She would rule Israel after Joram

7660. When Joram asked, "Have you come in peace?", what did Jehu say stopped peace?

A). The idolatry and witchcraft of Jezebel B). The war with Aram

C). The famine in Samaria D). Joram's harsh taxes

7661. What did Jezebel do when she heard Jehu was coming?

A). She ran away to Sidon B). She hid in the temple
C). She painted her eyes, arranged her hair and looked out of a window
D). She called her soldiers to fight

7662. Who threw Jezebel down from the window?

A). Jehu himself B). Two or three eunuchs C). The young prophet
D). Soldiers from Aram

7663. Why was there almost nothing of Jezebel left to bury?

A). It fulfilled the word of the LORD spoken through Elijah
B). Her body was taken by her family C). Jehu burned her body
D). She was buried in secret

7664. Which woman, who called herself a prophet, did the church in Thyatira tolerate?

A). Delilah B). Herodias C). Jezebel D). Sapphira

Jezreel

7665. What name did God tell Hosea to give his first son?

A). Lo-Ammi B). Immanuel C). Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz D). Jezreel

7666. In what order were Gomer's three children born?

A). Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel, Lo-Ammi B). Jezreel, Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah
C). Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi D). Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel

Joab

7667. Where did Joab's men and Abner's men meet and sit down on opposite sides?

A). The Jordan River B). The pool of Gibeon C). The well of Bethlehem
D). The spring of Harod

7668. What happened when twelve young men from each side fought at Gibeon?

A). Abner's men were all killed B). Joab's men ran away
C). Each man stabbed his opponent and they all fell down together
D). They made peace and returned home

7669. After Abner called out, "Must the sword devour for ever?" what did Joab do?

A). He blew the trumpet and his men stopped chasing Israel B). He attacked Abner at once
C). He asked David what to do D). He made Abner a prisoner

7670. Who was angry with David for letting Abner go away in peace?

A). Abishai B). Asahel C). Benaiah D). Joab

7671. From where did Joab's messengers bring Abner back, without David knowing?

A). The well of Sirah B). The pool of Gibeon C). The Jordan River

D). The cave of Adullam

7672. Why did Joab kill Abner?

A). Abner had insulted David B). Abner had killed Joab's brother Asahel

C). Abner had stolen from Joab D). David ordered him to

7673. What did David say about the sons of Zeruiah?

A). They were his most loyal men B). They would rule after him

C). They were too strong for him D). They must leave Hebron

7674. Who was over David's army?

A). Abner B). Benaiah C). Joab D). Abishai

7675. Whom did David send out with the entire army against the Ammonites?

A). Abner B). Joab C). Benaiah D). Uriah

7676. How did Joab deal with enemy battle lines both in front of him and behind him?

A). He retreated to Jerusalem B). He attacked the Ammonite city at once

C). He took the best troops against the Arameans and put the rest under Abishai against the Ammonites

D). He waited for David to arrive

7677. What plan did Joab and Abishai agree on before the battle?

A). Whoever finished first would go home B). They would surrender if they began to lose

C). Each would fight alone to the end

D). If one side was too strong, the other brother would come to the rescue

7678. Complete Joab's words: "Be strong, and let us fight bravely for our people and the cities of our God. The LORD will do what is _____ in his sight."

A). good B). right C). holy D). best

7679. What happened when Joab and his troops advanced against the Arameans?

A). The Arameans won the battle B). The two sides made peace

C). The Arameans fled, and the Ammonites fled into their city D). Joab was wounded

7680. In the spring, when kings go off to war, where did David stay while Joab and the army went out?

A). Hebron B). Rabbah C). Jerusalem D). Bethlehem

7681. Which Ammonite city did Joab and the Israelite army besiege?

A). Rabbah B). Helam C). Medeba D). Gath

7682. What did David's letter to Joab tell him to do with Uriah?

A). Make him a commander B). Send him home to rest
C). Put him in the fiercest fighting and withdraw from him so he would die
D). Keep him in the camp away from battle

7683. Who carried the letter that ordered Uriah's own death?

A). A messenger from the palace B). Joab C). Nathan D). Uriah himself

7684. Joab expected David to ask about which man who was killed when a woman dropped a millstone on him from a wall?

A). Sisera B). Abimelek C). Goliath D). Eglon

7685. David told the messenger to say to Joab: "Don't let this upset you; the _____ devours one as well as another."

A). sword B). war C). fire D). enemy

7686. Why did Joab tell David to come and capture Rabbah himself?

A). Joab was wounded B). The LORD commanded it through Nathan
C). The army refused to obey Joab D). So the city would not be named after Joab

7687. Who arranged for a wise woman to speak to David about bringing Absalom home?

A). Nathan B). Ahithophel C). Jonadab D). Joab

7688. From which town did Joab bring the wise woman?

A). Bethlehem B). Tekoa C). Abel Beth Maakah D). Endor

7689. What did Joab tell the wise woman to pretend?

A). That she was in mourning B). That she was a prophetess C). That she was a queen
D). That she was ill

7690. What did David suspect about the woman's story?

A). That Nathan had sent her B). That Absalom had written it
C). That Joab was behind it D). That it was a true story

7691. From where did Joab bring Absalom back to Jerusalem?

A). Geshur B). Egypt C). Moab D). Tekoa

7692. What did Absalom do when Joab refused to come to him twice?

A). He had his servants set Joab's barley field on fire B). He went to the king himself
C). He left Jerusalem D). He wrote a letter to Joab

7693. Whom did Absalom appoint over his army in place of Joab?

A). Ahithophel B). Amasa C). Abner D). Shobak

7694. Which three men each commanded a third of David's troops?

A). Joab, Abner and Ittai B). Joab, Amasa and Benaiah C). Abishai, Hushai and Zadok
D). Joab, Abishai and Ittai

7695. David commanded his commanders: "Be _____ with the young man Absalom for my sake."

A). gentle B). strict C). quick D). fair

7696. Why did the soldier refuse to kill Absalom even for a thousand shekels?

A). He had heard the king command that Absalom be protected
B). He was Absalom's friend C). He was afraid of Absalom D). He had no weapon

7697. Who plunged javelins into Absalom's heart while he hung in the oak?

A). Abishai B). Ittai C). Joab D). Ahimaaz

7698. Who told David he had humiliated his men and must go out to encourage them?

A). Joab B). Nathan C). Abishai D). Hushai

7699. What did Joab warn would happen if David did not go out to his men?

A). The Philistines would attack B). The priests would leave
C). Absalom's men would return D). Not a man would be left with him by nightfall

7700. Whom did David promise to make commander of his army in place of Joab?

A). Abishai B). Benaiah C). Amasa D). Ittai

7701. Where did Amasa come to meet Joab and Abishai's men?

A). At the pool of Gibeon B). At the great rock in Gibeon C). At the Jordan River
D). At Abel Beth Maakah

7702. How did Joab deceive Amasa before killing him?

A). He greeted him as a brother and took him by the beard as if to kiss him
B). He invited him to a feast C). He sent him a letter of peace D). He pretended to be ill

7703. In which city did Joab besiege Sheba?

A). Bethlehem B). Beth Shemesh C). Abel Beth Maakah D). Beersheba

7704. Who called out from the city of Abel Beth Maakah to speak with Joab?

A). A prophet B). A young boy C). The city's king D). A wise woman

7705. The wise woman said her city was "a _____ in Israel."

A). mother B). light C). fortress D). jewel

7706. What did Joab say would make him withdraw from the city?

A). A payment of gold B). Handing over the one man, Sheba
C). Surrendering the city walls D). Making the city his home

7707. How was the city of Abel Beth Maakah saved?

A). An army from Judah arrived B). Joab gave up the siege

C). The people followed the wise woman's advice and handed over Sheba's head

D). A great storm drove the army away

7708. Which brother of Joab was chief of the Three and killed three hundred men with his spear?

A). Asahel B). Abishai C). Amasa D). Jonathan

7709. What did David order Joab to do throughout the tribes of Israel?

A). Build an altar B). Gather wood for the temple C). Collect taxes

D). Take a census and count the fighting men

7710. How did Joab respond to David's order to count the people?

A). He obeyed gladly B). He questioned why the king wanted to do such a thing

C). He refused and left D). He asked the priests

7711. How long did it take to count the people?

A). Nine months and twenty days B). Three months C). Forty days D). One year

7712. How many fighting men were counted in Israel and in Judah?

A). 1,000,000 in Israel and 470,000 in Judah B). 500,000 in Israel and 800,000 in Judah

C). 800,000 in Israel and 500,000 in Judah D). 600,000 in Israel and 300,000 in Judah

7713. Which two men supported Adonijah's plan to become king?

A). Zadok and Benaiah B). Nathan and Shimei C). Joab and Abiathar

D). Jonathan and Rei

7714. David reminded Solomon that Joab had killed which two commanders of Israel's armies?

A). Abner and Amasa B). Saul and Jonathan C). Absalom and Amnon

D). Uriah and Benaiah

7715. When Joab heard what was happening, where did he flee?

A). To the land of the Philistines

B). To the tent of the LORD, where he took hold of the horns of the altar

C). To the Jordan River D). To the cave of Adullam

7716. Whom did Solomon put in charge of the army in Joab's place, and whom did he put in Abiathar's place?

A). Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

B). Zadok over the army and Benaiah as priest

C). Nathan over the army and Zadok as priest

D). Benaiah over the army and Nathan as priest

7717. Abishai, Joab and Asahel were the three sons of which sister of David?

A). Abigail B). Zeruiah C). Michal D). Tamar

7718. Who led the attack on the Jebusites and so became commander-in-chief?

A). Abishai B). Joab son of Zeruiah C). Benaiah D). Abner

7719. Who was over David's army?

A). Benaiah B). Abner C). Abishai D). Joab son of Zeruiah

7720. Whom did David send out with the entire army against the Ammonites and their allies?

A). Benaiah B). Abner C). Joab D). Amasa

7721. Who led the troops against the Ammonites while Joab fought the Arameans?

A). Asahel B). Benaiah C). Uriah D). Abishai his brother

7722. Complete what Joab said: "Be strong, and let us fight bravely for our people and the cities of our God. The LORD will do what is _____ in his sight."

A). good B). right C). great D). holy

7723. At what time of year did Joab lead out the armed forces against the Ammonites?

A). In winter B). In spring, when kings go off to war C). At harvest time
D). During the Passover

7724. While Joab besieged Rabbah, where did David remain?

A). Hebron B). Ziklag C). Jerusalem D). Jericho

7725. Who questioned David's command to count the people, asking why he should bring guilt on Israel?

A). Nathan B). Abishai C). Joab D). Zadok

7726. Why did Joab not include Levi and Benjamin in the count?

A). They lived too far away B). The king's command was repulsive to him
C). They refused to be counted D). They had already been counted

7727. Which of these men is NOT named as having dedicated things for the house of God?

A). Samuel the seer B). Saul son of Kish C). Abner son of Ner
D). Absalom son of David

7728. Which brother of Joab was over the fourth division?

A). Abishai B). Amasa C). Asahel D). Uriah

7729. What happened to the count that Joab began?

A). It was written in the book of the law B). It was finished and read to the people
C). He did not finish it, and wrath came on Israel D). It was given to Solomon

7730. According to the title of Psalm 60, who returned and struck down twelve thousand Edomites?

A). Abner B). Joab C). Saul D). Jonathan

7731. According to the title of Psalm 60, where did Joab strike down twelve thousand Edomites?

A). The Valley of Salt B). The Jordan Valley C). The Valley of Elah
D). The Kidron Valley

Joah

7732. Which man was the palace administrator who went out to meet the field commander?

A). Shebna B). Joah C). Eliakim son of Hilkiah D). Isaiah son of Amoz

7733. In which language did Hezekiah's officials ask the field commander to speak to them?

A). Hebrew B). Egyptian C). Greek D). Aramaic

7734. What did Eliakim, Shebna and Joah do before going to Hezekiah?

A). They wrote a letter B). They hid in the temple C). They tore their clothes
D). They put on armor

Joanna

7735. Joanna, who helped support Jesus, was the wife of whom?

A). Herod B). Chuza, the manager of Herod's household C). Jairus D). Zacchaeus

7736. Which of these women does Luke name among those who told the apostles?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Salome D). Elizabeth

Joash

7737. Where did the angel of the LORD sit down under the oak before speaking to Gideon?

A). Shiloh B). Bethel C). Gilgal D). Ophrah

7738. Who was Gideon's father?

A). Kenaz B). Joash C). Abinoam D). Gera

7739. What did the LORD tell Gideon to do to his father's altar to Baal?

A). Offer a sacrifice on it B). Tear it down and cut down the Asherah pole beside it
C). Cover it with gold D). Carry it away to Shiloh

7740. Who said, "If Baal really is a god, he can defend himself when someone breaks down his altar"?

A). Joash B). Purah C). Heber D). Othniel

7741. Where was Gideon buried?

A). In Shechem B). In Shiloh C). In the tomb of his father Joash in Ophrah
D). At Timnath Heres

7742. Who rescued the young prince Joash and hid him from Athaliah?

A). The Shunammite woman B). Jehosheba C). Athaliah's servant
D). Jehoiada's wife

7743. Where was Joash kept hidden for six years?

A). At the temple of the LORD B). In the palace of Samaria C). In a cave near Jericho
D). In the land of Edom

7744. In which year did Jehoiada the priest show the king's son to the commanders?

A). The third year B). The tenth year C). The first year D). The seventh year

7745. Which priest planned to make Joash king?

A). Mattan B). Zadok C). Jehoiada D). Abiathar

7746. What did Jehoiada put on Joash when he brought him out?

A). The crown B). A priest's robe C). Elijah's cloak D). A golden belt

7747. When Joash was made king, the people clapped their hands and shouted: "Long live the _____!"

A). priest B). LORD C). prince D). king

7748. When Athaliah saw the new king, she tore her robes and called out: "_____! _____!"

A). Help B). Murder C). Treason D). Guards

7749. What covenant did Jehoiada make between the LORD, the king and the people?

A). That they would be the LORD's people B). That Judah would never go to war
C). That Joash would build a new temple D). That they would pay tribute to Israel

7750. How old was Joash when he began to reign?

A). Twelve years old B). Seven years old C). Sixteen years old D). Two years old

7751. How many years did Joash reign in Jerusalem?

A). Seven years B). Twenty-eight years C). Twelve years D). Forty years

7752. Joash's mother Zibiah came from which town?

A). Bethlehem B). Hebron C). Beersheba D). Jezreel

7753. During which years did Joash do what was right in the eyes of the LORD?

A). Only in his old age B). All the years Jehoiada the priest instructed him
C). Only in his first year D). After Hazael attacked

7754. What did Joash fail to remove during his reign?

A). The high places B). The temple of Baal C). The golden calves
D). The Asherah pole in Samaria

7755. What did Joash want the money brought to the temple to be used for?

A). To pay Hazael B). To build a palace C). To feed the priests
D). To repair the temple

7756. By what year of Joash's reign had the priests still not repaired the temple?

A). The seventh year B). The fortieth year C). The twenty-third year
D). The tenth year

7757. How did Joash stop Hazael from attacking Jerusalem?

A). His army defeated Hazael B). Elisha prayed and Hazael was blinded
C). He gave his daughter in marriage
D). He sent him the sacred objects and gold from the temple and palace

7758. How did Joash's reign end?

A). He died peacefully in old age B). He was killed in battle with Aram
C). His officials conspired against him and killed him D). He gave the throne to Jehoiada

7759. Which son of Joash became king after him?

A). Jehoahaz B). Amaziah C). Uzziah D). Ahaziah

7760. Which son of Joash became king of Judah at twenty-five and reigned twenty-nine years?

A). Azariah B). Amaziah C). Jehoash D). Jotham

7761. Which baby prince was rescued and hidden from Athaliah?

A). Joash B). Amaziah C). Uzziah D). Hezekiah

7762. Who hid baby Joash from Athaliah?

A). Athaliah's servant B). Jehosheba, wife of the priest Jehoiada C). The prophet Elisha
D). Jehu son of Nimshi

7763. Where did Joash stay hidden for six years?

A). In a cave B). In Samaria C). At the temple of God D). In Egypt

7764. Which priest led the plan to make Joash king?

A). Zadok B). Jehoiada C). Amariah D). Azariah

7765. What did Jehoiada and his sons do after bringing out the king's son?

A). They sent him to Egypt B). They hid him again
C). They crowned him, gave him the covenant and anointed him
D). They gave him a sword to fight

7766. What did the people shout when Joash was made king? "Long live the _____!"

A). priest B). temple C). people D). king

7767. What covenant did Jehoiada make with the people and the king?

A). That they would never go to war B). That they would pay taxes to the temple
C). That Jehoiada would be king D). That they would be the LORD's people

7768. Why was the city calm after these events?

A). Egypt had been defeated B). A new temple had been built
C). Athaliah had been slain D). All the soldiers had gone home

7769. How old was Joash when he became king?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Sixteen D). Eight

7770. For how long did Joash do what was right in the eyes of the LORD?

A). All his life B). All the years of Jehoiada the priest C). Only for seven years
D). Until he built the temple

7771. What did Joash decide to do for the temple of the LORD?

A). Tear it down B). Move it to Samaria C). Restore it D). Close it

7772. What did Joash have made and placed outside the gate of the temple?

A). A chest B). A statue C). A new altar D). A bell

7773. Whom did the king and Jehoiada hire with the money?

A). Soldiers from Aram B). Singers and musicians
C). Masons, carpenters and workers in iron and bronze D). Priests from other lands

7774. What happened after Jehoiada died and Joash listened to the officials of Judah?

A). They built a new city
B). They abandoned the temple and worshiped Asherah poles and idols
C). They went to war with Egypt D). They made a covenant with the LORD

7775. Where was Zechariah stoned to death?

A). In the courtyard of the LORD's temple B). At the city gate C). In the Kidron Valley
D). At the palace

7776. What did King Joash fail to remember when he had Zechariah killed?

A). The laws of Moses B). The kindness Zechariah's father Jehoiada had shown him
C). The promise to David D). The words of Elijah

7777. Why did the LORD give the larger army of Judah into the hands of the small Aramean army?

A). Judah's soldiers were asleep B). Aram had better weapons
C). Judah had forsaken the LORD D). Joash had surrendered

7778. Why did Joash's officials conspire against him and kill him?

A). He had lost the war B). He raised the taxes C). He had married a foreign wife
D). He had murdered the son of Jehoiada the priest

7779. Who succeeded Joash as king?

A). Amaziah B). Uzziah C). Ahaziah D). Jotham

Job

7780. In which land did Job live?

A). Ur B). Uz C). Moab D). Edom

7781. Complete the verse: "This man was blameless and upright; he feared God and ___ evil."

A). hated B). fled C). shunned D). judged

7782. How many sons and daughters did Job have at the beginning of the book?

A). Seven sons and three daughters B). Three sons and seven daughters
C). Ten sons and two daughters D). Twelve sons and one daughter

7783. How many camels did Job own before his troubles began?

A). 500 B). 1,000 C). 7,000 D). 3,000

7784. Which man was called the greatest man among all the people of the East?

A). Job B). Abraham C). Laban D). Jacob

7785. Why did Job sacrifice burnt offerings for his children after their feasts?

A). To thank God for a good harvest
B). In case they had sinned and cursed God in their hearts C). Because a priest told him to
D). To celebrate their birthdays

7786. What was Satan claiming when he asked, "Does Job fear God for nothing?"

A). That Job only served God because God had blessed and protected him
B). That Job did not really exist C). That Job worshiped idols in secret
D). That Job was too poor to serve God

7787. What limit did the LORD place on Satan in Job 1?

A). He could not touch Job's animals B). He could not touch Job's children
C). He could not lay a finger on Job himself D). He could only test Job for seven days

7788. Who attacked and carried off Job's oxen and donkeys?

A). The Chaldeans B). The Sabeans C). The Philistines D). The Amalekites

7789. Which people formed three raiding parties and took Job's camels?

A). The Sabeans B). The Egyptians C). The Moabites D). The Chaldeans

7790. How did Job's sons and daughters die?

A). A fire burned their tents B). Enemies attacked them in a field

C). A mighty wind struck the house and it collapsed on them D). A flood swept them away

7791. Which messenger's report came LAST to Job?

A). The Sabeans took the oxen and donkeys B). The fire of God burned up the sheep

C). The Chaldeans took the camels D). A mighty wind killed his sons and daughters

7792. What did Job do after hearing that all his children had died?

A). He cursed the day he was born

B). He tore his robe, shaved his head and fell to the ground in worship

C). He ran away into the desert D). He blamed his servants

7793. Complete Job's words: "The LORD gave and the LORD has taken away; may the name of the LORD be ___."

A). praised B). feared C). remembered D). honored

7794. What does Job 1:22 say about Job after all these troubles?

A). He sinned by blaming God B). He did not sin by charging God with wrongdoing

C). He stopped praying D). He asked his friends to curse God

7795. What did the LORD say Job was still doing, even after losing everything?

A). Complaining to his friends B). Maintaining his integrity

C). Offering sacrifices every day D). Asking for his wealth back

7796. In Job 2, what was Satan NOT allowed to do to Job?

A). Take his life B). Touch his body C). Speak to him D). Take his possessions

7797. How did Satan afflict Job in chapter 2?

A). He made him blind B). He took away his voice

C). He sent a wild animal against him D). He covered him with painful sores

7798. What did Job use to scrape himself?

A). A sharp stone B). A piece of broken pottery C). A knife D). A rough cloth

7799. Where was Job sitting while he scraped his sores?

A). In the city gate B). In his house C). Among the ashes D). By a river

7800. Who told Job, "Curse God and die!"?

A). His wife B). Eliphaz C). Satan D). His servant

7801. Complete Job's words: "Shall we accept good from God, and not ___?"

A). sorrow B). punishment C). pain D). trouble

7802. How did Job respond to his wife's advice?

A). He agreed and cursed God B). He said she was talking like a foolish woman
C). He left home in anger D). He stayed silent for seven days

7803. Which of these was one of Job's three friends who came to comfort him?

A). Elihu B). Eliphaz C). Elkanah D). Eliab

7804. Why did Job's three friends come to see him?

A). To take his remaining property B). To judge him before the elders
C). To sympathize with him and comfort him D). To bring him news of his children

7805. How long did Job's friends sit with him on the ground without saying a word?

A). Seven days and seven nights B). Three days and three nights C). Forty days
D). One day

7806. After seven days of silence, what did Job curse?

A). His friends B). God C). The day of his birth D). His wife

7807. What happened right after Job and his friends sat in silence for seven days?

A). Eliphaz spoke first B). Job spoke and cursed the day of his birth
C). The LORD spoke from the storm D). Job's wife returned

7808. In Job 3, what did Job wish had happened to him?

A). That he had been born a king B). That he had lived in another land
C). That he had never had children D). That he had died at birth

7809. In Job 3, Job said that if he had died at birth, he would be at rest with whom?

A). Kings and rulers of the earth B). Prophets and priests C). Angels in heaven
D). His seven sons

7810. Complete the verse: "There the wicked cease from turmoil, and there the ___ are at rest."

A). righteous B). weary C). poor D). children

7811. What did Job say had become his daily food?

A). Tears B). Ashes C). Sighing D). Silence

7812. Complete Job's words: "What I ___ has come upon me; what I dreaded has happened to me."

A). feared B). hoped C). prayed D). planned

7813. How did Job describe his condition at the end of chapter 3?

A). He felt strong and hopeful B). He was ready to fight his enemies
C). He was happy his friends had come
D). He had no peace, no quietness and no rest, only turmoil

7814. Which friend was the first to reply to Job?

A). Bildad B). Zophar C). Elihu D). Eliphaz

7815. According to Eliphaz, what had Job done for others in the past?

A). He had built cities for them

B). He had instructed many and strengthened those who were weak

C). He had led armies to protect them D). He had given all his land away

7816. What did Eliphaz say happened to Job now that trouble had come to him?

A). He became discouraged and dismayed B). He became proud

C). He ran away from God D). He became angry with his children

7817. What did Eliphaz say he would do if he were in Job's place?

A). Appeal to God and lay his cause before Him B). Leave the land of Uz

C). Ask the elders to judge him D). Stay silent and wait

7818. Job said that if his anguish could be weighed, it would outweigh what?

A). The mountains B). The sand of the seas C). All the gold in the world

D). The stars in the sky

7819. Complete Job's words: "The ___ of the Almighty are in me, my spirit drinks in their poison."

A). arrows B). swords C). words D). hands

7820. Job asked, "Does a wild donkey bray when it has grass?" What was he showing?

A). That animals are wiser than people B). That he wanted to become a farmer

C). That people do not cry out unless something is really wrong

D). That God cares more for animals

7821. What did Job say he had not done, even in his pain?

A). He had not eaten for seven days B). He had not spoken to his friends

C). He had not left his home D). He had not denied the words of the Holy One

7822. Complete the verse: "Anyone who withholds ___ from a friend forsakes the fear of the Almighty."

A). money B). kindness C). food D). advice

7823. Job said his friends were as undependable as what?

A). Intermittent streams B). Broken bows C). Clouds without rain D). Leaky boats

7824. In Job's picture of travelers looking for water, which two places did the caravans and merchants come from?

A). Egypt and Assyria B). Moab and Edom C). Tema and Sheba D). Ur and Haran

7825. Complete Job's words: "Teach me, and I will be ___; show me where I have been wrong."

A). happy B). strong C). thankful D). quiet

7826. Complete Job's words: "My days are swifter than a weaver's ___, and they come to an end without hope."

A). thread B). needle C). shuttle D). loom

7827. In Job 7:7, what did Job say his life was like?

A). A breath B). A tall tree C). A strong tower D). A long road

7828. Job said that as a cloud vanishes and is gone, so the one who goes down to the grave does what?

A). Returns after three days B). Becomes an angel C). Is soon forgotten by God
D). Does not return

7829. What did Job decide to do in Job 7:11?

A). Stay silent before his friends B). Speak out in the anguish of his spirit
C). Go back to work in his fields D). Offer a burnt offering

7830. Complete Job's question to God: "Am I the sea, or the ___ of the deep, that you put me under guard?"

A). whale B). storm C). monster D). fish

7831. How did Job say God frightened him at night?

A). With loud thunder B). With dreams and visions C). With wild animals
D). With fire from heaven

7832. Complete Job's question: "What is ___ that you make so much of them, that you give them so much attention?"

A). mankind B). the earth C). the sea D). the sky

7833. At the end of Job 7, what did Job ask God?

A). To give him back his wealth B). To send him a new family
C). To take away his friends D). Why He did not pardon his offenses and forgive his sins

7834. Which friend replied to Job in chapter 8?

A). Eliphaz B). Bildad C). Zophar D). Elihu

7835. What did Bildad say Job's words were like?

A). A blustering wind B). A quiet stream C). A sharp sword D). A falling star

7836. What did Bildad claim about why Job's children had died?

A). They were killed by the Sabeans B). They died of old age
C). God took them to test Job's faith
D). They had sinned against God, so He gave them over to the penalty of their sin

7837. What did Bildad say God would do if Job pleaded with Him and was pure and upright?

A). Take away his friends B). Rouse Himself on Job's behalf and restore him
C). Send him to a new land D). Give him a new name

7838. Complete the verse: "Your beginnings will seem ___, so prosperous will your future be."

A). humble B). sad C). dark D). long

7839. Where did Bildad tell Job to look to find wisdom?

A). To the stars in the sky B). To his own heart
C). To the former generation and what their ancestors learned
D). To the priests in the temple

7840. What did Bildad promise God would do for a blameless person?

A). Give them a crown of gold
B). Fill their mouth with laughter and their lips with shouts of joy
C). Make them king over the people of the East D). Give them a long journey

7841. Complete Job's question: "But how can mere mortals prove their ___ before God?"

A). strength B). wisdom C). innocence D). worth

7842. Job said that if someone wished to dispute with God, they could not answer Him how often?

A). One time out of a thousand B). Once in a lifetime C). One day in seven
D). Once a year

7843. How did Job describe God's wisdom and power in Job 9:4?

A). His wisdom is small and His power is weak
B). His wisdom is hidden and His power is borrowed C). His wisdom is like a man's
D). His wisdom is profound and His power is vast

7844. According to Job, what does God alone do with the heavens and the sea?

A). He hides the heavens and dries up the sea
B). He stretches out the heavens and treads on the waves of the sea
C). He paints the heavens and colors the sea
D). He counts the heavens and measures the sea

7845. Which of these constellations does Job name as something God made?

A). Leo B). Draco C). Orion D). Cassiopeia

7846. What did Job say about the miracles God performs?

A). They cannot be counted B). They happen only once C). They are only for kings
D). They stopped long ago

7847. What did Job say happens when God passes by him?

A). He hears loud thunder B). He feels a warm wind C). He sees a bright light
D). He cannot see Him

7848. Job said his days skim past like what?

A). Horses in a race B). Boats of papyrus C). Leaves in the wind
D). Rivers in spring

7849. What did Job wish for in Job 9:33?

A). A new house B). A large army C). Someone to mediate between him and God
D). A long journey

7850. Complete Job's words: "I loathe my very life; therefore I will give free rein to my ___."

A). anger B). complaint C). tears D). songs

7851. What did Job ask God to tell him in Job 10:2?

A). When his suffering would end B). Where his children had gone
C). Who his true friends were D). What charges He had against him

7852. Complete Job's words to God: "Your ___ shaped me and made me."

A). hands B). words C). eyes D). angels

7853. Job reminded God that He had molded him like what?

A). Wood B). Iron C). Clay D). Stone

7854. In Job 10, how did Job describe the way God knit his body together?

A). With iron and bronze B). With bones and sinews C). With gold and silver
D). With roots and branches

7855. What did Job say God had given him and shown him?

A). Riches and fame B). A kingdom and an army C). Wisdom and long years
D). Life and kindness

7856. What troubled Job about God making him with His own hands?

A). He wondered why God would now turn and destroy what He had made
B). He thought God had made him too weak C). He wished God had made him an angel
D). He believed another god had made him

7857. Where did Job say he would soon go, never to return?

A). To a far country B). To a city by the sea C). To the land of gloom and utter darkness
D). To the mountains of the East

7858. Which friend spoke to Job in chapter 11?

A). Eliphaz B). Bildad C). Zophar D). Elihu

7859. What did Zophar call Job's words at the start of his speech?

A). Idle talk B). Wise sayings C). Songs of praise D). Prayers of faith

7860. What did Zophar claim God had done about Job's sin?

A). Punished him far more than he deserved B). Forgiven all of it
C). Written it in a book D). Forgotten some of it

7861. What did Zophar say Job must do to lift up his face without shame?

A). Devote his heart to God and put away his sin B). Leave the land of Uz
C). Offer a thousand sacrifices D). Ask his friends to forgive him

7862. Zophar said Job would forget his trouble and remember it only like what?

A). A bad dream B). A cloud at night C). A cold winter D). Waters gone by

7863. Zophar said Job's life would become brighter than what?

A). The stars B). Noonday C). A lamp D). Fire

7864. What did Job mean when he told his friends, "Wisdom will die with you!"?

A). He truly believed they were the wisest men alive
B). He was warning them they would soon die C). He was praising their kindness
D). He was mocking them for thinking they alone were wise

7865. Complete Job's words: "But I have a mind as well as you; I am not ___ to you."

A). kind B). inferior C). equal D). faithful

7866. What did Job say he had become to his friends?

A). A laughingstock B). A king C). A teacher D). A stranger

7867. Job told his friends to ask whom, saying they would teach them?

A). The priests B). The kings C). The animals D). The elders

7868. Complete the verse: "In his hand is the life of every creature and the ___ of all mankind."

A). hope B). fear C). path D). breath

7869. According to Job 12:12, where is wisdom found?

A). Among the aged B). Among the young C). Among the rich
D). Among the kings

7870. Complete the verse: "To God belong wisdom and ___; counsel and understanding are his."

A). glory B). riches C). power D). mercy

7871. What did Job say about what God tears down?

A). It will rise again in three days B). It cannot be rebuilt C). It becomes a holy place
D). It is given to the poor

7872. In Job 13:3, whom did Job say he wanted to speak to and argue his case with?

A). The Almighty B). His three friends C). The elders of the city D). His wife

7873. What did Job call his friends in Job 13:4?

A). Faithful servants B). Wise teachers C). Worthless physicians D). Brave soldiers

7874. What did Job say would be wisdom for his friends?

A). To leave him alone in Uz B). To offer sacrifices for him C). To call the elders
D). To be altogether silent

7875. Complete Job's words: "Your maxims are proverbs of ___; your defenses are defenses of clay."

A). dust B). ashes C). sand D). smoke

7876. Complete Job's words: "Though he slay me, yet will I ___ in him."

A). hope B). sing C). walk D). rest

7877. According to Job 13:16, who would not dare come before God?

A). A poor person B). A child C). A godless person D). A foreigner

7878. What did Job ask God in Job 13:24?

A). Why He had made the stars B). Why He had sent the Sabeans
C). Why He had given him friends D). Why He hid His face and considered Job His enemy

7879. Job said God was making him reap the sins of what time of his life?

A). His old age B). His youth C). His years as a father D). His time as a rich man

7880. Complete the verse: "Mortals, born of woman, are of few days and full of ___."

A). joy B). trouble C). wisdom D). riches

7881. In Job 14:2, Job said people spring up and wither away like what?

A). Trees B). Grass C). Rivers D). Flowers

7882. What did Job say about the number of a person's days?

A). They are known only to the angels B). They depend on how much money a person has
C). God has determined them and set limits that cannot be passed
D). They can be made longer by sacrifices

7883. In Job 14:7, why did Job say there is hope for a tree?

A). If it is cut down, it will sprout again B). It lives longer than people
C). Birds build nests in it D). It gives shade in the desert

7884. Complete Job's question: "If someone dies, will they ___ again?"

A). speak B). live C). rise D). sing

7885. What did Job say he would wait for during all the days of his hard service?

A). His friends to leave B). His wealth to return C). The rain to come
D). His renewal to come

7886. Job said his offenses would be sealed up in what?

A). A jar B). A scroll C). A bag D). A box

7887. Job said God destroys a person's hope as water wears away what?

A). Stones B). Sand C). Wood D). Iron

7888. Complete Eliphaz's question: "Would a wise person answer with empty notions or fill their belly with the hot ___ wind?"

A). north B). west C). east D). south

7889. What did Eliphaz accuse Job of doing to devotion to God?

A). Hindering it B). Teaching it to his children C). Writing it in a book
D). Praising it before the elders

7890. Complete Eliphaz's words: "Your own ___ condemns you, not mine; your own lips testify against you."

A). heart B). hand C). wife D). mouth

7891. Eliphaz asked Job, "Are you the first man ever ___?"

A). chosen B). born C). blessed D). called

7892. Complete Job's words to his friends: "You are ___ comforters, all of you!"

A). faithful B). kind C). wise D). miserable

7893. What did Job say he would do if his friends were in his place?

A). Mock them the same way B). Encourage them and bring them relief
C). Leave them alone D). Take their possessions

7894. What did Job say he had sewed over his skin?

A). Sackcloth B). Leather C). Fine linen D). Goat hair

7895. In Job 16:16, why was Job's face red?

A). From the hot sun B). From anger C). From weeping
D). From sickness in his eyes

7896. What did Job say about his hands and his prayer in Job 16:17?

A). His hands were weak and his prayer was silent
B). His hands were full of gold and his prayer was long
C). His hands were tied and his prayer was unheard
D). His hands were free of violence and his prayer was pure

7897. Complete Job's words: "Earth, do not cover my ___; may my cry never be laid to rest!"

A). tears B). blood C). name D). grave

7898. Where did Job say his witness was?

A). In heaven B). In the city gate C). In the land of Uz D). Among his friends

7899. In Job 16:20, what did Job say his intercessor is to him?

A). His judge B). His teacher C). His friend D). His servant

7900. Complete Job's words: "My spirit is ___, my days are cut short, the grave awaits me."

A). broken B). strong C). free D). tired

7901. In Job 17:2, who did Job say surrounded him?

A). Angels B). Soldiers C). Mockers D). Wise men

7902. What did Job say God had made him to everyone?

A). A king B). A teacher C). A prophet D). A byword

7903. Why did Job say his eyes had grown dim?

A). Because of old age B). Because of grief C). Because of the smoke
D). Because of the dark night

7904. In Job 17:9, what did Job say those with clean hands would do?

A). Grow stronger B). Become rich C). Live forever D). Rule the land

7905. What did Job say he would not find among his friends?

A). A true brother B). A rich man C). A wise man D). A faithful servant

7906. Complete Job's question: "Where then is my ___? Who can see any for me?"

A). home B). wealth C). friend D). hope

7907. At the start of Job 18, what did Bildad want Job to do?

A). Offer a sacrifice B). End his speeches and be sensible C). Leave the land of Uz
D). Call for Elihu

7908. Bildad complained that Job regarded the friends as what?

A). Enemies B). Children C). Strangers D). Cattle

7909. How did Bildad end his description of the wicked man in Job 18?

A). He promised Job would be restored B). He said God forgives every sin
C). He said such is the place of one who does not know God D). He asked Job to forgive him

7910. In Job 19:2, what did Job say his friends were doing to him with their words?

A). Comforting him B). Teaching him wisdom C). Tormenting and crushing him
D). Praising him

7911. How many times did Job say his friends had reproached him?

A). Ten times B). Three times C). Seven times D). Seventy times

7912. Job said God had removed what from his head?

A). His hair B). His helmet C). His hand D). His crown

7913. In Job 19:17, to whom did Job say his breath was offensive?

A). His servants B). His wife C). His friends D). The elders

7914. According to Job 19:18, who scorned Job?

A). Kings B). Priests C). Little boys D). Old men

7915. Complete Job's words: "I have escaped only by the skin of my ___."

A). teeth B). hands C). feet D). bones

7916. Complete Job's plea: "Have ___ on me, my friends, have ___, for the hand of God has struck me."

A). mercy B). patience C). faith D). pity

7917. What did Job wish would happen to his words?

A). That they would be forgotten

B). That they would be written and engraved in rock forever

C). That they would be sung in the temple D). That his friends would repeat them

7918. Complete Job's words: "I know that my ___ lives, and that in the end he will stand on the earth."

A). father B). friend C). redeemer D). king

7919. In Job 19:26, what did Job say he would see after his skin had been destroyed?

A). God B). His children C). His lost wealth D). The land of Uz

7920. Why did Zophar say he had to answer Job in chapter 20?

A). God told him to speak

B). He was greatly disturbed and heard a rebuke that dishonored him

C). Eliphaz asked him to speak D). Job asked for his advice

7921. In Job 21:2, what did Job say would be the consolation his friends could give him?

A). Bringing him food B). Praying for him C). Listening carefully to his words

D). Leaving him alone

7922. What did Job tell his friends to clap over their mouths?

A). Their hands B). Their robes C). Dust D). Their scrolls

7923. Complete Job's question: "Why do the ___ live on, growing old and increasing in power?"

A). righteous B). poor C). young D). wicked

7924. According to Job, what do the children of the wicked do?

A). Weep in the streets B). Dance and sing to the tambourine and lyre
C). Work in the fields all day D). Hide in caves

7925. What did Job say the wicked say to God?

A). Teach us your ways B). Forgive our sins
C). Leave us alone! We have no desire to know your ways D). Bless our children

7926. In Job 21:17, Job asked, "How often is the lamp of the wicked snuffed out?" Whose words was he answering?

A). Bildad's B). Eliphaz's C). His wife's D). Satan's

7927. What did Job say happens to both the prosperous man and the bitter man when they die?

A). One goes to heaven and one to the grave B). They are both forgotten by God
C). They both become kings D). Side by side they lie in the dust and worms cover them

7928. Complete Job's question: "So how can you console me with your ___?"

A). kindness B). nonsense C). gifts D). prayers

7929. Complete Eliphaz's question: "Is not your wickedness great? Are not your sins ___?"

A). forgiven B). small C). hidden D). endless

7930. Eliphaz accused Job of withholding food from whom?

A). The hungry B). His children C). The priests D). His servants

7931. According to Eliphaz, whom had Job sent away empty-handed?

A). Strangers B). Kings C). Widows D). Merchants

7932. Complete Eliphaz's words: "Submit to God and be at ___ with him."

A). rest B). war C). home D). peace

7933. Where did Eliphaz tell Job to lay up God's words?

A). In a scroll B). In his heart C). In the temple D). On his doorposts

7934. Eliphaz spoke of throwing away gold from which place?

A). Sheba B). Tarshish C). Ophir D). Egypt

7935. Complete Job's words: "Even today my complaint is ___; his hand is heavy in spite of my groaning."

A). bitter B). quiet C). finished D). foolish

7936. What did Job wish he knew in Job 23:3?

A). Where his children were buried B). When his friends would leave
C). Where to find God D). How to get his riches back

7937. What happened when Job went east, west, north and south looking for God?

A). He found God in the south B). An angel met him C). His friends followed him
D). He could not find or see God

7938. Complete Job's words: "But he knows the way that I take; when he has tested me, I will come forth as ___."

A). silver B). gold C). light D). a king

7939. What did Job say about how he had followed God's way?

A). He had closely followed His steps without turning aside
B). He had often wandered away C). He had followed Him only in good times
D). He had never heard of His way

7940. Job said he treasured the words of God's mouth more than what?

A). Gold and silver B). His children C). His daily bread D). His land

7941. What did Job say about anyone opposing God in Job 23:13?

A). Many people can oppose Him B). Only angels can oppose Him
C). Satan always wins against Him D). He stands alone, and no one can oppose Him

7942. What did Job ask about God in Job 24:1?

A). Why He made the stars B). Why He chose Abraham C). Why He gave the law
D). Why He does not set times for judgment

7943. According to Job 24:2, what do some wicked people move?

A). Mountains B). Boundary stones C). Tents D). Altars

7944. Job said the wicked drive away the donkey of whom?

A). The king B). The priest C). The orphan D). The merchant

7945. What did Job say God does when the dying groan and the wounded cry out in the city?

A). He charges no one with wrongdoing B). He sends an army
C). He sends fire from heaven D). He destroys the city

7946. In Job 24:13, what did Job say some people rebel against?

A). The law B). The sea C). The king D). The light

7947. Complete Job's challenge: "If this is not so, who can prove me ___ and reduce my words to nothing?"

A). wise B). false C). guilty D). right

7948. When Job said to Bildad, "How you have helped the powerless!", what did he mean?

A). He was thanking Bildad for his kindness
B). He was mocking Bildad because his words had not helped at all
C). He was asking Bildad to help the poor D). He was praising Bildad's wisdom

7949. What did Job say about the realm of the dead in Job 26:6?

A). It is hidden from God B). It is ruled by Satan C). It is far beyond God's reach
D). It is naked before God

7950. Complete the verse: "He spreads out the northern skies over empty space; he suspends the earth over ___."

A). nothing B). water C). pillars D). mountains

7951. In Job 26:8, what does God wrap up in His clouds?

A). The stars B). The wind C). The waters D). The light

7952. According to Job 26:12, whom did God cut to pieces by His wisdom?

A). Leviathan B). Rahab C). Behemoth D). Goliath

7953. After describing God's great works, what did Job say they were?

A). All of God's works B). The final works of God C). Works done by angels
D). But the outer fringe of His works

7954. What did Job promise his lips and tongue would not do as long as he had life?

A). Sing again B). Speak to his friends C). Say anything wicked or utter lies
D). Pray to God

7955. Complete Job's words: "Till I die, I will not deny my ___."

A). integrity B). friends C). family D). God

7956. What did Job say about his conscience in Job 27:6?

A). It troubled him every night B). It told him to confess his sins
C). It agreed with his friends D). It would not reproach him as long as he lived

7957. Complete Job's question: "For what ___ have the godless when they are cut off, when God takes away their life?"

A). home B). hope C). gold D). friend

7958. According to Job 27:17, who will divide the silver the wicked man heaps up?

A). The innocent B). His sons C). The king D). His enemies

7959. Job said the house a wicked man builds is like a moth's what?

A). Wing B). Nest C). Cocoon D). Shadow

7960. Job said which wind carries the wicked man off?

A). The west wind B). The north wind C). The south wind D). The east wind

7961. According to Job 28:1, there is a mine for which metal?

A). Iron B). Copper C). Bronze D). Silver

7962. Complete the verse: "But where can ___ be found? Where does understanding dwell?"

A). gold B). wisdom C). peace D). water

7963. In Job 28:14, what do the deep and the sea say about wisdom?

A). It is not in them B). It is hidden in them C). It flows from them
D). It was made by them

7964. What does Job 28:15 say about buying wisdom?

A). It can be bought at the city gate B). It costs one talent of silver
C). It cannot be bought with the finest gold D). Only kings can buy it

7965. Complete the verse: "The price of wisdom is beyond ___."

A). silver B). measure C). gold D). rubies

7966. The topaz of which land cannot compare with wisdom?

A). Egypt B). Cush C). Ophir D). Sheba

7967. According to Job 28:23, who alone knows where wisdom dwells?

A). God B). The angels C). The wise men of the East D). The kings of the earth

7968. Complete the verse: "The fear of the Lord—that is wisdom, and to shun evil is ___."

A). holiness B). obedience C). understanding D). peace

7969. In Job 29:2, what did Job long for?

A). The months gone by, when God watched over him B). A new house in another land
C). Riches greater than before D). A chance to leave his friends

7970. Complete Job's words: "When his ___ shone on my head and by his light I walked through darkness."

A). sun B). star C). lamp D). face

7971. Where did Job take his seat in the days he was remembering?

A). In the temple B). By the river C). In the king's palace
D). In the public square at the city gate

7972. According to Job 29:8, what did the old men do when they saw Job?

A). They turned away B). They rose to their feet C). They laughed at him
D). They bowed to the ground

7973. According to Job 29:12, whom did Job rescue?

A). The poor who cried for help and the fatherless B). His enemies in battle
C). The kings of the East D). The merchants of Sheba

7974. Job said he put on righteousness as his clothing. What did he say was his robe and turban?

A). Mercy B). Wisdom C). Justice D). Humility

7975. Complete Job's words: "I was eyes to the blind and ___ to the lame."

A). hands B). a friend C). help D). feet

7976. In Job 29:16, what did Job say he was to the needy?

A). A king B). A father C). A teacher D). A judge

7977. How did Job describe his place among the people in Job 29:25?

A). As a king among his troops B). As a servant among masters
C). As a stranger in the land D). As a child among elders

7978. In Job 30:1, Job said he was mocked by younger men. What would he once have refused to put their fathers with?

A). His servants B). His sheep dogs C). His camels D). His oxen

7979. Job said God had thrown him into the mud and reduced him to what?

A). Silence B). A servant C). A beggar D). Dust and ashes

7980. What did Job say happened when he cried out to God in Job 30:20?

A). God sent an angel B). God answered from a storm C). God did not answer
D). God gave him back his health

7981. In Job 30:25, what did Job say he had done for those in trouble?

A). Wept for them B). Ignored them C). Sent them away D). Judged them

7982. Complete Job's words: "When I looked for light, then came ___."

A). rain B). joy C). help D). darkness

7983. Job said he had become a brother of jackals and a companion of what?

A). Lions B). Owls C). Eagles D). Wolves

7984. In Job 30:31, what did Job say his lyre was tuned to?

A). Mourning B). Praise C). Dancing D). Victory

7985. With what did Job say he had made a covenant, so that he would not look lustfully at a young woman?

A). His heart B). His friends C). His eyes D). His hands

7986. What did Job say God sees and counts in Job 31:4?

A). His ways and his every step B). His sheep and camels C). His sons and daughters
D). The stars in the sky

7987. Job asked God to weigh him in what, so that God would know he was blameless?

A). A balance of gold B). The temple scales C). The hands of angels
D). Honest scales

7988. Why did Job say he had not denied justice to his servants?

A). Because they were his relatives
B). Because the same God who made him in the womb made them too
C). Because the king commanded it D). Because they paid him well

7989. Job said he warmed people who lacked clothing with what?

A). Fire from his hearth B). Robes from the king C). Fleece from his sheep
D). Blankets of camel hair

7990. What did Job say he had never said to pure gold?

A). You are my security B). You belong to God C). You are worthless
D). You are my reward

7991. Why did Job say it would have been a sin to secretly worship the sun or moon?

A). Because they are too far away B). Because the priests forbid it
C). Because the sun is not bright enough
D). Because he would have been unfaithful to God on high

7992. What did Job say about travelers who came by his house?

A). He sent them away B). His door was always open to them
C). He made them pay to stay D). He did not let them in at night

7993. Complete Job's words: "I sign now my defense—let the ___ answer me."

A). elders B). priests C). Almighty D). king

7994. How does Job 31 end?

A). The words of Job are ended B). Job's friends left him C). God spoke from the storm
D). Job offered a sacrifice

7995. Why did Job's three friends stop answering him?

A). Because Job had become sick again B). Because God told them to be quiet
C). Because they had to go home D). Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

7996. Why was Elihu angry with Job?

A). Because Job had lost his wealth B). Because Job had insulted him
C). Because Job was justifying himself rather than God D). Because Job refused to pray

7997. What did Elihu say he had heard Job claim?

A). That he was pure and free from sin B). That he had never been rich
C). That his friends were wise D). That he deserved his suffering

7998. According to Elihu, what had Job said about God and justice?

A). That God always gives justice quickly B). That his friends had denied him justice
C). That justice belongs only to kings D). That he was innocent, but God denied him justice

7999. What did Elihu say about Job's words at the end of Job 34?

A). Job speaks without knowledge and his words lack insight
B). Job's words were full of wisdom C). Job spoke only the truth
D). Job's words should be written down

8000. In Job 35:2, what did Elihu say Job was claiming?

A). "My friends are in the right, not I." B). "God has forgotten me."
C). "I am in the right, not God." D). "I deserve my suffering."

8001. In Job 35:5, where did Elihu tell Job to look?

A). Up at the heavens and the clouds B). Down at the sea C). Out at the fields
D). Into his own heart

8002. At the start of Job 36, why did Elihu ask Job to bear with him a little longer?

A). He wanted to tell a story about his family B). He wanted to say goodbye
C). He wanted to ask Job for help
D). He wanted to show there was more to be said in God's behalf

8003. Complete Elihu's words: "Listen to this, Job; stop and consider God's ___."

A). laws B). wonders C). words D). anger

8004. Elihu asked whether Job could help God spread out the skies, which are as hard as what?

A). Stone B). Iron C). A mirror of cast bronze D). A wall of gold

8005. Out of what did the LORD speak to Job in Job 38:1?

A). A burning bush B). The storm C). A dream D). A cloud of smoke

8006. When the LORD first answered Job, what did He ask?

A). Who is this that obscures my plans with words without knowledge?
B). Why have you lost your riches? C). Where are your three friends?
D). Why did you curse your birth?

8007. What did the LORD tell Job to do before He questioned him?

A). Kneel and pray B). Offer a sacrifice C). Call his friends
D). Brace himself like a man

8008. Complete the LORD's question: "Where were you when I laid the earth's ___?"

A). mountains B). seas C). foundation D). stones

8009. The LORD asked Job if he had ever given orders to what?

A). The moon B). The morning C). The wind D). The rivers

8010. The LORD asked Job if he had entered the storehouses of what?

A). Gold and silver B). Grain and wine C). The snow and the hail D). The stars

8011. What does the LORD ask Job about lightning bolts in Job 38:35?

A). Whether he can send them and they will report, "Here we are"

B). Whether he has ever been struck by one C). Whether he knows how hot they are

D). Whether he can count them in one storm

8012. For which animal did the LORD ask Job if he hunts prey?

A). The eagle B). The wolf C). The bear D). The lioness

8013. In Job 39:1, the LORD asked Job if he knew when which animals give birth?

A). Sheep B). Camels C). Mountain goats D). Lions

8014. The LORD asked, "Who let the wild ___ go free?"

A). donkey B). horse C). ox D). goat

8015. What did the LORD ask Job about the wild ox?

A). Whether he had ever eaten one B). Whether he knew its name

C). Whether he could count its young

D). Whether it would agree to serve him and stay by his manger

8016. The LORD asked Job if he gives the horse its strength and clothes its neck with what?

A). A golden chain B). A leather strap C). A bell D). A flowing mane

8017. The LORD asked whether the hawk spreads its wings toward which direction by Job's wisdom?

A). The north B). The south C). The east D). The west

8018. Which bird did the LORD ask about soaring at Job's command and building its nest on high?

A). The dove B). The owl C). The eagle D). The stork

8019. What did the LORD ask Job in Job 40:2?

A). Whether he wanted his riches back

B). Whether the one who contends with the Almighty will correct Him

C). Whether he knew Elihu D). Whether he would offer a sacrifice

8020. When Job first answered the LORD, what did he do with his hand?

A). He raised it to heaven B). He struck his chest C). He tore his robe

D). He put it over his mouth

8021. Complete Job's words to the LORD: "I am ___—how can I reply to you?"

A). unworthy B). afraid C). innocent D). tired

8022. What did Job say he would do after speaking once and twice?

A). Keep arguing his case B). Ask his friends to speak C). Say no more
D). Go back to the city gate

8023. What did the LORD ask Job about His justice in Job 40:8?

A). Whether Job would discredit His justice to justify himself
B). Whether Job had written down His laws
C). Whether Job had taught justice to his children D). Whether Job would judge his friends

8024. The LORD asked Job if his voice could do what like God's?

A). Sing B). Whisper C). Command the sea D). Thunder

8025. Which great creature did the LORD ask Job if he could pull in with a fishhook?

A). Behemoth B). Leviathan C). Rahab D). The wild ox

8026. What did the LORD ask Job about making Leviathan a pet?

A). Whether he could feed it bread B). Whether he could ride it to the sea
C). Whether he could teach it to speak D). Whether he could make a pet of it like a bird

8027. Complete Job's words to the LORD: "I know that you can do all things; no ___ of yours can be thwarted."

A). word B). purpose C). promise D). law

8028. Complete Job's words: "My ears had heard of you but now my ___ have seen you."

A). friends B). children C). eyes D). servants

8029. What did Job say he would do after the LORD spoke to him?

A). Repent in dust and ashes B). Leave the land of Uz C). Build a new house
D). Argue his case again

8030. Why was the LORD angry with Eliphaz and his two friends?

A). They had left Job too soon B). They had stolen Job's flocks
C). They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had D). They had refused to visit Job

8031. What did the LORD tell the three friends to take to Job for a burnt offering?

A). Seven bulls and seven rams B). Ten lambs and two goats
C). Three oxen and three sheep D). Twelve doves

8032. Who prayed for Job's three friends, and whose prayer did the LORD accept?

A). Elihu B). Job C). Job's wife D). Eliphaz

8033. When did the LORD restore Job's fortunes?

A). As soon as Elihu finished speaking B). After Job built a new altar
C). After Job's friends left D). After Job prayed for his friends

8034. How much did the LORD give Job compared with what he had before?

A). The same amount B). Half as much C). Twice as much D). Ten times as much

8035. What did each of Job's relatives and friends give him when they came to eat with him?

A). A piece of silver and a gold ring B). A sheep and a goat C). A new robe
D). A jar of oil

8036. How many sheep did Job have at the end of his life?

A). 7,000 B). 10,000 C). 12,000 D). 14,000

8037. What was the name of Job's first daughter born after his restoration?

A). Keturah B). Jemimah C). Jochebed D). Jerusha

8038. What did Job give his daughters that was special?

A). An inheritance along with their brothers B). Their own cities C). Positions as judges
D). Camels from the East

8039. How many years did Job live after this?

A). 70 years B). 100 years C). 140 years D). 120 years

8040. Which three righteous men did God say could save only themselves if they were in a sinful land?

A). Abraham, Moses and David B). Elijah, Elisha and Samuel C). Isaac, Jacob and Joseph
D). Noah, Daniel and Job

8041. According to Ezekiel 14, could these righteous men save their own sons or daughters from God's judgment on the land?

A). No, they could save only themselves B). Yes, all their family
C). Yes, but only their sons D). Yes, if they prayed for forty days

8042. Whose perseverance does James mention?

A). Joseph's B). Job's C). Daniel's D). Noah's

Job's wife

8043. Who told Job, "Curse God and die!"?

A). His wife B). Eliphaz C). Satan D). His servant

8044. How did Job respond to his wife's advice?

A). He agreed and cursed God B). He said she was talking like a foolish woman
C). He left home in anger D). He stayed silent for seven days

8045. In Job 19:17, to whom did Job say his breath was offensive?

A). His servants B). His wife C). His friends D). The elders

Jochebed

8046. Who were the parents of Aaron and Moses?

A). Amram and Jochebed B). Kohath and Elisheba C). Levi and Sarah
D). Izhar and Miriam

Joel

8047. What were the names of Samuel's two sons?

A). Hophni and Phinehas B). Joel and Abijah C). Nadab and Abihu
D). Jonathan and Abinadab

8048. Where did Samuel's sons serve as leaders?

A). Ramah B). Shiloh C). Beersheba D). Mizpah

8049. What was wrong with the way Samuel's sons led?

A). They went after dishonest gain, accepted bribes and perverted justice
B). They were too young to lead C). They lived far away in Egypt
D). They refused to judge anyone

8050. Who were the two sons of Samuel?

A). Hophni and Phinehas B). Nadab and Abihu C). Joel and Abijah
D). Eli and Ichabod

8051. Heman the musician was the grandson of which famous man?

A). Samuel B). Moses C). Aaron D). David

8052. Whose son was the prophet Joel?

A). Amoz B). Pethuel C). Buzi D). Hilkiah

8053. Who did Joel tell to wake up and weep because the new wine had been snatched from their lips?

A). The priests B). The farmers C). The drunkards D). The elders

8054. After describing the disaster, what did Joel himself do?

A). He ran away to another land B). He blamed the priests
C). He called out to the LORD D). He built a new altar

8055. Which prophet did Peter quote about God pouring out His Spirit?

A). Joel B). Isaiah C). Jeremiah D). Daniel

Johanan

8056. Which priest is described as the one who served in the temple Solomon built in Jerusalem?

A). Azariah son of Johanan B). Zadok son of Ahitub C). Eli
D). Jehozadak son of Seraiah

8057. According to Johanan, which king had sent Ishmael son of Nethaniah to kill Gedaliah?

A). Pharaoh Hophra B). Baalis king of the Ammonites C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Edom

8058. How did Gedaliah respond when Johanan offered to kill Ishmael secretly?

A). He agreed to the plan B). He fled to Babylon
C). He told him not to do it, saying what he said about Ishmael was not true
D). He put Ishmael in prison

8059. Where did Johanan son of Kareah catch up with Ishmael?

A). At the Jordan River B). Near the great pool in Gibeon C). At Ramah
D). At the Benjamin Gate

8060. What happened to Ishmael after Johanan caught up with him?

A). He was killed B). He surrendered to Johanan
C). He escaped with eight men and went to the Ammonites D). He fled to Egypt

8061. Why did Johanan and the people stop near Bethlehem on their way to Egypt?

A). To worship at the temple B). To bury Gedaliah C). To meet Nebuchadnezzar
D). They were afraid of the Babylonians because Ishmael had killed the governor

8062. What did Johanan and all the people ask Jeremiah to do?

A). Lead them to Egypt B). Pray to the LORD for them and ask where they should go
C). Write a letter to Babylon D). Make Johanan king

8063. What did the people promise Jeremiah about God's answer?

A). They would obey only if it was favorable B). They would think about it
C). Whether favorable or unfavorable, they would obey D). They would ask the priests too

8064. How did Azariah, Johanan and the arrogant men respond to Jeremiah's message?

A). "You are lying! The LORD has not sent you" B). "We will obey every word"
C). "Let us pray again" D). "Lead us to Babylon"

8065. Whom did Johanan take with him to Egypt, along with the remnant of Judah?

A). Only the soldiers B). Jeremiah the prophet and Baruch son of Neriah
C). The king's sons D). The priests of the temple

John

8066. James and John were in a boat with their father when Jesus called them. What was their father's name?

A). Zebedee B). Jonah C). Alphaeus D). Joseph

8067. How did the four fishermen respond when Jesus called them?

A). They asked for time to think B). At once they left and followed him C). They refused
D). They asked to bring their boats

8068. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain with him?

A). Peter, Andrew and Philip B). James, Thomas and Matthew C). Peter, James and John
D). John, Judas and Simon

8069. When Jesus was transfigured, his face shone like what?

A). The moon B). The sun C). A lamp D). Fire

8070. What covered them on the mountain while Peter was still speaking?

A). Thick darkness B). A strong wind C). A bright cloud D). A pillar of fire

8071. Complete the end of what the voice from the cloud said: "This is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well pleased. _____ to him!"

A). Bow B). Listen C). Sing D). Pray

8072. When the disciples fell facedown in terror, what did Jesus do?

A). He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid." B). He left them on the mountain
C). He called Moses back D). He told them to keep praying

8073. Until when did Jesus tell the three disciples not to tell anyone what they had seen?

A). Until they reached Jerusalem B). Until the next Passover
C). Until John the Baptist was freed D). Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

8074. Who came to Jesus kneeling with her sons to ask a favor?

A). The mother of Zebedee's sons B). Mary Magdalene C). Peter's mother-in-law
D). Martha

8075. What did the mother of Zebedee's sons ask Jesus?

A). That her sons be healed B). That Jesus visit her home
C). That her sons become priests
D). That her two sons sit at his right and left in his kingdom

8076. Complete Jesus' question to James and John: "Can you drink the _____ I am going to drink?"

A). wine B). water C). cup D). bitter herbs

8077. Jesus said the places at his right and left belong to whom?

A). Peter and Andrew B). Those for whom they have been prepared by his Father
C). Moses and Elijah D). Whoever asks first

8078. How did the other ten disciples feel when they heard what James and John asked?

A). Indignant B). Happy C). Afraid D). Confused

8079. When James and John followed Jesus, whom did they leave in the boat with the hired men?

A). Their brother Andrew B). Their father Zebedee C). Simon Peter
D). Their mother

8080. What name did Jesus give to James and John, the sons of Zebedee?

A). Boanerges B). Bartimaeus C). Barabbas D). Bethsaida

8081. Which three disciples did Jesus let follow him to Jairus's house?

A). Peter, James and John B). Andrew, Philip and Thomas C). Matthew, Peter and Judas
D). James, John and Andrew

8082. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain where he was transfigured?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, James and John
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, Judas and John

8083. Which disciple told Jesus they had stopped someone driving out demons in Jesus' name?

A). Peter B). John C). Thomas D). Judas Iscariot

8084. Which two brothers asked to sit at Jesus' right and left in his glory?

A). James and John B). Peter and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Thomas and Matthew

8085. Which four disciples asked Jesus privately when these things would happen?

A). Peter, James, John and Andrew B). Peter, Thomas, Philip and Matthew
C). James, John, Judas and Simon D). Andrew, Philip, Bartholomew and Thomas

8086. Which two sons of Zebedee were Simon's partners?

A). Andrew and Philip B). Matthew and Thomas C). James and John
D). Peter and Andrew

8087. What did the fishermen do after they pulled their boats up on shore?

A). They left everything and followed Jesus B). They sold the fish at the market
C). They went home to their families D). They mended their nets

8088. Which disciples did Jesus allow into Jairus's house with the girl's parents?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, John and Judas

8089. Which three disciples went up the mountain with Jesus to pray?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James C). Peter, Andrew and Levi
D). James, John and Matthew

8090. Complete Jesus' words: 'Whoever is not against you is ___ you.'

A). with B). for C). like D). near

8091. When a Samaritan village did not welcome Jesus, what did James and John want to do?

A). Go around it quietly B). Pray for the people C). Ask for food anyway
D). Call fire down from heaven to destroy them

8092. Which two disciples did Jesus send to prepare the Passover?

A). Peter and John B). James and John C). Andrew and Philip
D). Peter and Andrew

8093. Whom would Peter and John meet as they entered the city?

A). A Roman soldier B). A man carrying a jar of water C). A priest with a lamb
D). A woman at a well

8094. Which two apostles went up to the temple at the time of prayer?

A). Peter and John B). James and John C). Peter and Andrew
D). Philip and Thomas

8095. What did the lame man ask Peter and John for?

A). Food B). A ride home C). Money D). Prayer

8096. Where did the astonished people run to meet Peter and John?

A). The Court of the Gentiles B). Solomon's Colonnade C). The Pool of Siloam
D). The Mount of Olives

8097. What happened to Peter and John while they were speaking to the people?

A). They were seized and put in jail B). They were taken up to heaven
C). They were stoned D). They were sent to Rome

8098. Why were the Sadducees greatly disturbed?

A). The apostles refused to pay taxes
B). The apostles were proclaiming the resurrection of the dead in Jesus
C). The apostles broke the Sabbath D). The apostles entered the Most Holy Place

8099. What did the rulers notice about Peter and John?

A). They were trained priests B). They were rich merchants
C). They were Roman citizens
D). They were unschooled, ordinary men who had been with Jesus

8100. Why could the rulers say nothing against Peter and John?

A). The healed man was standing there with them B). The people were armed
C). The Romans protected them D). The apostles had already left

8101. What did the rulers command Peter and John?

A). To leave Jerusalem forever B). Not to speak or teach in the name of Jesus
C). To offer a sacrifice D). To pay a fine

8102. "As for us, we cannot help speaking about what we have seen and _____."

A). known B). believed C). heard D). touched

8103. After being released, what did Peter and John and the believers do together?

A). Raised their voices in prayer to God B). Planned to leave the city
C). Went into hiding D). Complained to the governor

8104. Which two apostles were sent from Jerusalem to Samaria?

A). Peter and John B). James and John C). Peter and Andrew
D). Paul and Barnabas

8105. What happened when Peter and John placed their hands on the Samaritan believers?

A). They were healed of blindness B). They began to see visions of angels
C). They became apostles D). They received the Holy Spirit

8106. Which three men were known as pillars of the church?

A). Peter, Andrew and Philip B). James, Cephas and John C). Barnabas, Silas and Mark
D). Matthew, Thomas and James

8107. According to John, which senses had he and others used to know the Word of life?

A). Smell and taste only B). Hearing, seeing and touching C). Dreams and visions
D). Reading old scrolls

8108. "That which was from the _____, which we have heard, which we have seen with our eyes..."

A). beginning B). mountain C). temple D). prophets

8109. John says the life that appeared was with whom before it appeared to them?

A). Moses B). The angels C). The Father D). John the Baptist

8110. Why did John proclaim what he had seen and heard?

A). So readers could fear the apostles B). So readers could have fellowship with them
C). So readers could avoid the law D). So readers could become rich

8111. John says true fellowship is with the Father and with whom?

A). Abraham B). Paul C). Moses D). His Son, Jesus Christ

8112. Why did John write these things?

A). To make their joy complete B). To warn of famine C). To list the kings
D). To plan a journey

8113. "God is _____; in him there is no darkness at all."

A). love B). light C). holy D). great

8114. What does John say about someone who claims fellowship with God but walks in darkness?

A). They are very wise B). They are a prophet C). They lie and do not live out the truth
D). They will become a leader

8115. If we walk in the light, what does the blood of Jesus do?

A). Makes us famous B). Purifies us from all sin C). Gives us long life on earth
D). Makes us stronger than others

8116. What happens if we claim to be without sin?

A). We become holy B). We please God
C). We deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us D). We are made apostles

8117. "If we _____ our sins, he is faithful and just and will forgive us our sins."

A). hide B). forget C). count D). confess

8118. When we confess our sins, God forgives us and purifies us from what?

A). All unrighteousness B). All sickness C). All enemies D). All hard work

8119. If we claim we have not sinned, what does John say we make God out to be?

A). A judge B). A liar C). A king D). A stranger

8120. Why did John write to his "dear children" in this chapter?

A). So that they will not sin B). So that they will build a temple
C). So that they will leave the church D). So that they will keep the Sabbath

8121. If anybody sins, who does John say speaks to the Father in our defense?

A). Moses B). Jesus Christ, the Righteous One C). The angel Gabriel D). Abraham

8122. John says Jesus is the atoning sacrifice for whose sins?

A). Only the apostles' sins B). Only the sins of Israel
C). Our sins and the sins of the whole world D). Only the sins of children

8123. How can we know that we have come to know God?

A). If we keep his commands B). If we see a vision C). If we fast often
D). If we become rich

8124. "Whoever claims to live in him must live as _____ did."

A). Moses B). David C). Jesus D). Elijah

8125. What does John say about anyone who claims to be in the light but hates a brother or sister?

A). They are a leader B). They are still in the darkness C). They are very holy
D). They will become rich

8126. Where does John say anyone who loves their brother and sister lives?

A). In the light B). In the wilderness C). In Jerusalem D). In the darkness

8127. "Do not love the _____ or anything in the world."

A). church B). world C). truth D). light

8128. Which of these does John list as coming from the world, not from the Father?

A). Love and joy B). Faith and hope C). Patience and kindness
D). The lust of the eyes and the pride of life

8129. What does John say about the person who does the will of God?

A). They will be famous B). They will never be tired C). They live forever
D). They will rule a city

8130. John says many of whom have already come, showing it is the last hour?

A). Prophets B). Antichrists C). Kings D). Angels

8131. Who does John call the liar and the antichrist?

A). The one who denies that Jesus is the Christ B). The one who forgets to pray
C). The one who travels far D). The one who is poor

8132. What did God promise us, according to John?

A). Great riches B). A long journey C). A new kingdom on earth D). Eternal life

8133. Why does John tell believers to continue in Christ?

A). So they can avoid all work B). So they will become teachers
C). So they can be confident and unashamed when he appears
D). So they will be praised by people

8134. Because of the Father's great love, what does John say we are called?

A). Servants of God B). Children of God C). Friends of the world
D). Prophets of God

8135. What does John say will happen when Christ appears?

A). We will be like him, for we shall see him as he is B). We will forget the past
C). We will build a new temple D). We will become angels

8136. "Everyone who sins breaks the law; in fact, sin is _____."

A). weakness B). sadness C). lawlessness D). foolishness

8137. Why does John say Jesus appeared?

A). To become a king on earth B). To build a church building C). To judge the angels
D). To take away our sins

8138. The Son of God appeared to destroy whose work?

A). The devil's work B). The Romans' work C). The Pharisees' work
D). The prophets' work

8139. What is the message John's readers heard from the beginning?

A). We should fast every day B). We should love one another
C). We should leave our homes D). We should offer animal sacrifices

8140. Which man does John say belonged to the evil one and murdered his brother?

A). Esau B). Absalom C). Cain D). Joseph

8141. Why did Cain murder his brother, according to John?

A). Because his brother stole his land
B). Because his own actions were evil and his brother's were righteous
C). Because his brother lied to their father D). Because God told him to

8142. What does John say about anyone who hates a brother or sister?

A). They are a murderer B). They are a prophet C). They are a teacher
D). They are a priest

8143. How do we know what love is, according to John?

A). By the gifts people give B). By the words of the law C). By the miracles of Moses
D). Jesus Christ laid down his life for us

8144. What does John ask about someone who has material things but has no pity on a brother or sister in need?

A). How can they be a prophet? B). How can they be rich?
C). How can the love of God be in that person? D). How can they be a king?

8145. "Dear children, let us not love with words or speech but with actions and in _____."

A). truth B). silence C). prayer D). song

8146. What two things does John say make up God's command?

A). Fast and give offerings
B). Believe in the name of his Son, Jesus Christ, and love one another
C). Keep the Sabbath and visit the temple D). Pray and sing psalms

8147. How do we know that God lives in us, according to John?

A). By the dreams we have B). By the Spirit he gave us
C). By how much money we give D). By our good health

8148. Why does John tell believers to test the spirits?

A). Because many false prophets have gone out into the world
B). Because the temple was destroyed C). Because angels cannot be trusted
D). Because the law was changed

8149. How can you recognize the Spirit of God, according to John?

A). Every spirit that performs a miracle is from God

B). Every spirit that acknowledges that Jesus Christ has come in the flesh is from God

C). Every spirit that speaks loudly is from God

D). Every spirit that appears in a dream is from God

8150. "The one who is in you is _____ than the one who is in the world."

A). older B). wiser C). greater D). kinder

8151. Why does John say we should love one another?

A). Because it makes us famous B). Because the law of Moses says so

C). Because others will pay us D). Because love comes from God

8152. "Whoever does not love does not know God, because God is _____."

A). love B). light C). holy D). great

8153. How did God show his love among us?

A). He gave the law on Mount Sinai B). He sent his one and only Son into the world

C). He built a great temple D). He sent a flood

8154. What does John say love truly is?

A). That we loved God first B). That we kept all the commands

C). Not that we loved God, but that he loved us and sent his Son as an atoning sacrifice

D). That we gave money to the poor

8155. What does John say no one has ever seen?

A). An angel B). Heaven C). The devil D). God

8156. John says the Father sent his Son to be what?

A). The Saviour of the world B). A priest of the temple C). A king of Rome

D). A teacher of the law

8157. "There is no fear in love. But perfect love drives out _____."

A). anger B). fear C). sadness D). sin

8158. Why do we love, according to John?

A). Because we are good people B). Because we want a reward

C). Because he first loved us D). Because the world tells us to

8159. What does John call someone who says they love God but hates a brother or sister?

A). A prophet B). A liar C). A servant D). A teacher

8160. What command has God given, according to the end of this chapter?

A). Anyone who loves God must also love their brother and sister

B). Anyone who loves God must leave their family

C). Anyone who loves God must live in Jerusalem

D). Anyone who loves God must never work

8161. What does John say about everyone who believes that Jesus is the Christ?

A). They are born of God B). They will become a priest C). They will never be sad

D). They must live in Jerusalem

8162. "In fact, this is love for God: to keep his commands. And his commands are not _____."

A). new B). burdensome C). written D). secret

8163. What does John call the victory that has overcome the world?

A). Our strength B). Our wisdom C). Our faith D). Our riches

8164. Who does John say overcomes the world?

A). Only those who keep the Sabbath B). Only the apostles

C). Only those who live in Israel D). The one who believes that Jesus is the Son of God

8165. Which three does John say testify and are in agreement?

A). The Spirit, the water and the blood B). The law, the prophets and the psalms

C). Peter, James and John D). Faith, hope and love

8166. What has God given us, and where is it found?

A). Great riches, found in the temple B). Eternal life, found in his Son

C). A new law, found in Egypt D). A kingdom, found in Rome

8167. "Whoever has the _____ has life; whoever does not have the Son of God does not have life."

A). law B). temple C). Son D). sword

8168. Why did John write these things to those who believe in the name of the Son of God?

A). So they could travel to Jerusalem B). So they could become wealthy

C). So they could argue with others D). So they may know that they have eternal life

8169. What confidence do we have when we ask God anything according to his will?

A). He hears us B). He sends an angel C). He gives us gold

D). He makes us famous

8170. What should someone do if they see a brother or sister commit a sin that does not lead to death?

A). Report them to the leaders B). Pray, and God will give them life

C). Stay away from them D). Tell them to leave the church

8171. What does John say about the whole world?

A). It is ruled by Rome B). It is full of peace C). It is under the control of the evil one
D). It will last forever

8172. Why does John say the Son of God has come?

A). To build a temple B). To gather an army C). To give us gold
D). To give us understanding so that we may know him who is true

8173. "Dear children, keep yourselves from _____."

A). idols B). friends C). work D). travel

8174. How does the writer of 2 John describe himself at the start of the letter?

A). The apostle B). The elder C). The servant D). The prophet

8175. Why did John not want to write more with paper and ink?

A). He had run out of paper B). He hoped to visit and talk face to face
C). He was in prison D). He was too old to write

8176. To whom did the elder write the letter of 3 John?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Gaius D). Philemon

8177. What did the elder pray for Gaius in verse 2?

A). That he would enjoy good health and all would go well with him
B). That he would become a church leader C). That he would travel to Jerusalem
D). That he would write a letter to the church

8178. Complete the verse: "I have no greater joy than to hear that my children are walking in the ___."

A). light B). Spirit C). way D). truth

8179. Instead of writing more, how did the elder hope to talk with Gaius?

A). By sending Demetrius B). By another long letter
C). Through a messenger in Ephesus D). Face to face

8180. According to Revelation 1, in what order was this revelation passed along?

A). Jesus gave it to God, God sent an angel, the angel told John
B). God gave it to Jesus, Jesus sent his angel, the angel made it known to John
C). An angel gave it to John, John gave it to Jesus, Jesus gave it to the churches
D). John received it from Moses, then wrote it for the churches

8181. How many churches was John told to write to in Revelation 1?

A). Three B). Five C). Twelve D). Seven

8182. On which island was John when he received the revelation?

A). Cyprus B). Crete C). Patmos D). Malta

8183. Why was John on the island of Patmos?

A). Because of the word of God and the testimony of Jesus B). Because he was shipwrecked
C). Because he went there to rest D). Because he was sent there to build a church

8184. On what day was John "in the Spirit" when he heard a loud voice?

A). The Day of Atonement B). The Lord's Day C). The Passover
D). The day of Pentecost

8185. What did the loud voice John heard sound like?

A). Thunder B). A roaring lion C). A trumpet D). A rushing wind

8186. When John turned around, what did he see, with someone like a son of man among them?

A). Seven golden lampstands B). Twelve golden thrones C). Seven silver trumpets
D). Four golden altars

8187. What did John do when he saw the one like a son of man?

A). He ran away B). He sang a song C). He fell at his feet as though dead
D). He asked his name

8188. What did Jesus tell John to write in Revelation 1:19?

A). Only the words of the prophets B). A letter to the emperor C). A new law for Israel
D). What he had seen, what is now and what will take place later

8189. What did John see standing open in heaven?

A). A window B). A gate of pearl C). A door D). A scroll

8190. What was around the throne John saw in heaven?

A). A rainbow shining like an emerald B). A wall of fire C). A river of gold
D). A cloud of smoke

8191. What did John do when no one was found worthy to open the scroll?

A). He wept and wept B). He fell asleep C). He sang a song
D). He ran to the throne

8192. One of the elders told John not to weep. Who did he say had triumphed and was able to open the scroll?

A). The Eagle of Israel B). The Prince of Peace C). The Rock of Zion
D). The Lion of the tribe of Judah

8193. How does John describe the number of angels around the throne?

A). Twelve legions B). Seventy times seven C). As many as the sand of the sea
D). Thousands upon thousands, and ten thousand times ten thousand

8194. When the fifth seal was opened, where did John see the souls of those who had been slain for the word of God?

A). Under the altar B). Beside the river C). On the mountain D). At the city gate

8195. Who did John see standing before the throne after the 144,000?

A). A great multitude that no one could count B). Twelve apostles
C). Seven angels with trumpets D). A small group of prophets

8196. When an elder asked John who the people in white robes were, what did John answer?

A). "They are the prophets" B). "Sir, you know" C). "They are the angels"
D). "I do not know them"

8197. After the fourth trumpet, what did John see flying in midair crying "Woe! Woe! Woe"?

A). An angel with a scroll B). A dove C). A great dragon D). An eagle

8198. How many mounted troops did John hear there were?

A). Ten thousand B). Three hundred thousand C). One thousand times one thousand
D). Twice ten thousand times ten thousand

8199. What was John told to do with what the seven thunders said?

A). Write it in a book B). Read it to the churches C). Tell it to the elders
D). Seal it up and not write it down

8200. What did the angel tell John to do with the little scroll?

A). Burn it B). Hide it C). Eat it D). Bury it

8201. How did the little scroll taste in John's mouth?

A). Bitter as wormwood B). Salty as the sea C). Dry as dust D). Sweet as honey

8202. What happened to John's stomach after he ate the little scroll?

A). It turned sour B). It was filled with light C). It was healed
D). It became full and satisfied

8203. After John ate the scroll, what was he told he must do?

A). Return to Patmos B). Prophesy again about many peoples, nations, languages and kings
C). Build an altar D). Write to the seven churches again

8204. What was John given to measure the temple of God and the altar?

A). A golden chain B). A reed like a measuring rod C). A rope of silver
D). A stone tablet

8205. Where did John see the Lamb standing with the 144,000?

A). On Mount Sinai B). On Mount Zion C). On the Mount of Olives
D). By the sea of glass

8206. What was the sea of glass that John saw in Revelation 15 glowing with?

A). Blood B). Water C). Fire D). Gold

8207. One of the seven angels told John he would show him the punishment of the great prostitute. Where did she sit?

A). On a high mountain B). By many waters C). On a golden throne
D). At the city gate

8208. Where was John carried away in the Spirit to see the woman sitting on the beast?

A). To Mount Zion B). To the sea of glass C). Into a wilderness D). To the temple

8209. When John fell at the angel's feet to worship him, what did the angel tell him?

A). "Stand up and write" B). "You are forgiven"
C). "Don't do that! I am a fellow servant with you... Worship God!" D). "Go back to Patmos"

8210. What kind of throne did John see in Revelation 20:11?

A). A golden throne B). A great white throne C). A throne of ivory
D). A throne of fire

8211. What did John see after the first heaven and the first earth had passed away?

A). A great white throne B). A new heaven and a new earth C). A sea of glass
D). A great mountain

8212. Where did the angel carry John to show him the Holy City coming down out of heaven?

A). To a mountain great and high B). Into the wilderness C). To the island of Patmos
D). To the river Euphrates

8213. What did the angel show John flowing from the throne of God and of the Lamb?

A). A stream of gold B). The river of the water of life C). A river of fire
D). A spring of oil

8214. Why was John told NOT to seal up the words of the prophecy of this scroll?

A). Because the time is near B). Because the angels would read it
C). Because it was too long D). Because it was only for John

John Mark

8215. To whose house did Peter go after he was freed?

A). The house of Simon the tanner B). The house of Cornelius
C). The house of Barnabas D). The house of Mary the mother of John, also called Mark

8216. Whom did Barnabas and Saul take with them when they returned from Jerusalem?

A). Silas B). Timothy C). John, also called Mark D). Luke

8217. Who was with Barnabas and Saul as their helper on Cyprus?

A). John B). Silas C). Luke D). Timothy

8218. What did John do when the group reached Perga in Pamphylia?

A). He became sick B). He left them to return to Jerusalem
C). He stayed to preach in Perga D). He went on ahead to Antioch

8219. Why did Paul not want to take John Mark on the next journey?

A). Mark was sick B). Mark was too young C). Mark had deserted them in Pamphylia
D). Mark wanted to stay in Jerusalem

8220. Where did Barnabas sail with Mark?

A). Crete B). Cyprus C). Egypt D). Rome

John the Baptist

8221. Where did John the Baptist preach?

A). In the temple B). In the wilderness of Judea C). In Nazareth
D). On a mountain in Galilee

8222. Complete John's message: "Repent, for the kingdom of heaven has come _____."

A). near B). today C). down D). soon

8223. Matthew says John was the one spoken of through which prophet as "a voice of one calling in the wilderness"?

A). Jeremiah B). Malachi C). Elijah D). Isaiah

8224. What did John the Baptist eat?

A). Bread and fish B). Figs and honey C). Locusts and wild honey
D). Manna and quail

8225. What were John the Baptist's clothes made of?

A). Camel's hair B). Sheep's wool C). Fine linen D). Goat skins

8226. In which river did John baptize the people?

A). The Nile B). The Euphrates C). The Jordan D). The Tigris

8227. John called a group "You brood of vipers!" Which two groups had come to where he was baptizing?

A). Priests and Levites B). Pharisees and Sadducees C). Romans and Greeks
D). Scribes and shepherds

8228. Complete John's words: "Produce fruit in keeping with _____."

A). repentance B). the law C). faith D). righteousness

8229. John warned the Pharisees and Sadducees not to trust in saying, "We have ___ as our father." Whom did they claim?

A). Moses B). David C). Jacob D). Abraham

8230. What did John say would happen to every tree that does not produce good fruit?

A). It will be pruned B). It will be cut down and thrown into the fire

C). It will be watered D). It will be moved

8231. John baptized with water. With what did he say the one coming after him would baptize?

A). With oil and water B). With the Holy Spirit and fire C). With blood

D). With the river Jordan

8232. John said he was not worthy to do what for the one coming after him?

A). Wash his feet B). Carry his sandals C). Cook his food D). Open his door

8233. From which region did Jesus come to the Jordan to be baptized by John?

A). Judea B). Samaria C). Galilee D). Decapolis

8234. When John tried to stop Jesus from being baptized, what reason did Jesus give for going ahead?

A). To show he was a prophet B). To please the crowd C). To fulfill all righteousness

D). To make John famous

8235. When Jesus heard that John had been put in prison, he left Nazareth and went to live in which town?

A). Bethlehem B). Capernaum C). Jerusalem D). Cana

8236. Whose disciples asked Jesus why his disciples did not fast?

A). Herod's servants B). Moses' followers C). John's disciples D). Elijah's students

8237. While in prison, what question did John the Baptist send his disciples to ask Jesus?

A). "When will you set me free?" B). "Where will you preach next?"

C). "Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?"

D). "Why do your disciples not fast?"

8238. How did Jesus answer John's disciples?

A). He told them to ask the priests

B). He told them to report what they heard and saw: the blind see, the lame walk and the dead are raised

C). He said he would visit John in prison D). He gave no answer

8239. Jesus asked the crowd if they had gone into the wilderness to see what, swayed by the wind?

A). A tree B). A flag C). A tent D). A reed

8240. Jesus said John was a prophet, and "more than a _____."

A). king B). priest C). prophet D). teacher

8241. Jesus said no one born of women is greater than John the Baptist. Who did he say is greater than John?

A). Moses B). Whoever is least in the kingdom of heaven C). Elijah
D). The high priest

8242. Jesus said John "is the _____ who was to come." Which prophet's name completes this?

A). Elijah B). Elisha C). Isaiah D). Samuel

8243. Because John came neither eating nor drinking, what did people say about him?

A). "He is a glutton." B). "He is a king." C). "He has a demon." D). "He is lazy."

8244. When Herod the tetrarch heard reports about Jesus, who did he think Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). An angel D). John the Baptist risen from the dead

8245. Herod had arrested John the Baptist because of whom?

A). His own mother B). A Roman governor C). Herodias, his brother Philip's wife
D). The chief priests

8246. Complete what John had said to Herod: "It is not _____ for you to have her."

A). wise B). lawful C). safe D). kind

8247. Why did Herod not kill John at first, even though he wanted to?

A). He was afraid of the people, because they considered John a prophet
B). John was a Roman citizen C). The priests would not allow it
D). John escaped from prison

8248. Prompted by her mother, what did the girl ask Herod to give her?

A). Half of his kingdom B). A golden crown
C). The head of John the Baptist on a platter D). John's freedom

8249. Why did Herod grant the girl's request even though he was distressed?

A). Because John had insulted him B). Because of his oaths and his dinner guests
C). Because the priests asked him D). Because Rome ordered it

8250. After John was beheaded, who took his body and buried it, then went and told Jesus?

A). John's disciples B). Herod's soldiers C). Jesus' disciples D). The chief priests

8251. Which prophet's name did the disciples include when telling Jesus who people said he was?

A). Daniel B). Ezekiel C). Jeremiah D). Jonah

8252. Jesus said Elijah had already come, but people did not recognize him. Whom did the disciples understand him to mean?

A). Moses B). Isaiah C). John the Baptist D). Peter

8253. What question did Jesus ask the chief priests and elders in return?

A). Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin

B). Whether Moses wrote the law C). Who built the temple

D). Whether they kept the Sabbath

8254. How did the leaders answer Jesus' question about John's baptism?

A). "From heaven." B). "Of human origin." C). "From Moses."

D). "We don't know."

8255. Which prophet's words does Mark quote about a messenger who would prepare the way?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Ezekiel D). Daniel

8256. What did John the Baptist preach?

A). A baptism of repentance for the forgiveness of sins B). Keeping the Sabbath strictly

C). Building a new temple D). Fasting for forty days

8257. What did John the Baptist eat?

A). Bread and fish B). Figs and olives C). Locusts and wild honey

D). Manna and quail

8258. What was John the Baptist's clothing made of?

A). Fine linen B). Goat skins C). Wool D). Camel's hair

8259. Complete John's words: "After me comes the one more powerful than I, the straps of whose sandals I am not worthy to stoop down and ___."

A). carry B). untie C). wash D). polish

8260. John baptized with water. What did he say the one coming after him would baptize with?

A). Fire only B). Oil C). The Holy Spirit D). Blood

8261. In which river was Jesus baptized by John?

A). Jordan B). Nile C). Euphrates D). Kishon

8262. When did Jesus go into Galilee proclaiming the good news of God?

A). After John was put in prison B). Before John began baptizing

C). After Jesus fed the five thousand D). After the Passover in Jerusalem

8263. Why did Jesus say his disciples did not fast while he was with them?

A). Fasting was no longer allowed B). Guests do not fast while the bridegroom is with them

C). They were too busy traveling D). They had already fasted forty days

8264. When King Herod heard about Jesus, who did he think Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Jeremiah

D). John, whom he had beheaded, raised from the dead

8265. Why had Herod put John the Baptist in prison?

A). John refused to pay taxes

B). John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife

C). John led a revolt in the desert D). John cursed the emperor

8266. How did Herod feel about John the Baptist?

A). He feared John, knowing him to be a righteous and holy man B). He laughed at John

C). He did not know who John was D). He wanted John to be king

8267. Who came and took John's body and laid it in a tomb?

A). John's disciples B). Jesus' disciples C). Herod's soldiers D). John's family

8268. Which of these did the disciples say some people thought Jesus was?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Samuel D). Daniel

8269. What question did Jesus ask the leaders in return?

A). Who wrote the law of Moses? B). Was John's baptism from heaven, or of human origin?

C). Why do you fast? D). Who is the greatest prophet?

8270. Why did the leaders answer, "We don't know," to Jesus' question about John?

A). They had never heard of John B). They were not allowed to speak

C). They agreed with Jesus

D). They feared the people, who held that John really was a prophet

8271. What did the angel tell Zechariah to name his son?

A). John B). Jesus C). Samuel D). Zechariah

8272. Complete the angel's words: 'He will go on before the Lord, in the spirit and power of ___.'

A). Moses B). Elisha C). Samuel D). Elijah

8273. What did the angel say John must never take?

A). Meat or bread B). Wine or other fermented drink C). Oil or honey

D). Gold or silver

8274. What happened when Elizabeth heard Mary's greeting?

A). Elizabeth began to cry

B). The baby leaped in her womb and she was filled with the Holy Spirit

C). Zechariah could speak again D). An angel appeared

8275. What name did the neighbors want to give Elizabeth's baby?

A). Aaron B). Levi C). Elijah D). Zechariah

8276. What happened right after Zechariah wrote, 'His name is John'?

A). The angel appeared again B). Elizabeth went to Nazareth
C). His mouth was opened and he began praising God
D). The baby was taken to the temple

8277. Throughout which region did people talk about the events of John's birth?

A). The hill country of Judea B). Samaria C). Galilee D). Egypt

8278. In his prophecy, what did Zechariah say his son John would be called?

A). The Son of David B). The prophet of the Most High C). The Lamb of God
D). The high priest

8279. According to Zechariah, John would give people knowledge of salvation through what?

A). The building of the temple B). Keeping the Sabbath
C). The forgiveness of their sins D). Victory over Rome

8280. Where did John live until he appeared publicly to Israel?

A). In Jerusalem B). In the wilderness C). In Nazareth D). In Egypt

8281. In which year of Tiberius Caesar's reign did the word of God come to John?

A). The first year B). The tenth year C). The fifteenth year D). The twentieth year

8282. Where was John when the word of God came to him?

A). In the temple B). In the wilderness C). In Nazareth D). In Jerusalem

8283. What kind of baptism did John preach?

A). A baptism of repentance for the forgiveness of sins B). A baptism of fire for the Gentiles
C). A baptism for priests only D). A baptism to join the temple

8284. John's ministry fulfilled words written in the book of which prophet?

A). Jeremiah B). Malachi C). Isaiah D). Daniel

8285. Complete the prophecy: 'A voice of one calling in the wilderness, Prepare the ___ for the Lord.'

A). house B). way C). road D). people

8286. What did John call the crowds coming to be baptized?

A). Children of light B). Lost sheep C). Sons of Abraham D). Brood of vipers

8287. Why did John warn people not to say, 'We have Abraham as our father'?

A). God could raise up children for Abraham from stones
B). Abraham was not their real ancestor C). Only priests were children of Abraham
D). Abraham was not a righteous man

8288. What did John say would happen to every tree that does not produce good fruit?

A). It will be watered again B). It will be cut down and thrown into the fire
C). It will be moved to a new field D). It will be given more time

8289. What did John tell anyone who has two shirts to do?

A). Sell one B). Wear both C). Share with the one who has none
D). Give one to the temple

8290. Who did John tell, 'Don't collect any more than you are required to'?

A). Tax collectors B). Soldiers C). Priests D). Fishermen

8291. What did John tell the soldiers who asked what they should do?

A). Leave the army B). Pray three times a day C). Go to the temple
D). Don't extort money or accuse people falsely; be content with your pay

8292. When people wondered if John might be the Messiah, what did he say?

A). He said he was the Messiah B). He said one more powerful than he would come
C). He said the Messiah had already died D). He said he did not know

8293. John said the one coming after him would baptize with what?

A). Water and oil B). Fire and stones C). The Holy Spirit and fire D). Wind and rain

8294. Why did Herod the tetrarch lock John up in prison?

A). John refused to pay taxes
B). John had rebuked him over Herodias and his other evil deeds
C). John spoke against Caesar D). John healed on the Sabbath

8295. What question did John the Baptist send his disciples to ask Jesus?

A). 'Where will you go next?' B). 'When will you come to Jerusalem?'
C). 'Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?'
D). 'Why do your disciples not fast?'

8296. How did Jesus answer John's disciples?

A). He told them to report what they had seen and heard: the blind see, the lame walk, the dead are raised
B). He told them he was not the Messiah C). He sent them to the temple priests
D). He told them to wait for a sign

8297. What did Jesus say about John and the one who is least in the kingdom of God?

A). John was the least in the kingdom B). No one in the kingdom would be like John
C). The least in the kingdom of God is greater than John
D). John was greater than the angels

8298. What did people call the Son of Man because he came eating and drinking?

A). A teacher of the law B). A friend of the Pharisees C). A false prophet
D). A glutton and a drunkard, a friend of tax collectors and sinners

8299. Who said, 'I beheaded John. Who, then, is this I hear such things about?'

A). Herod the tetrarch B). Pilate C). Caiaphas D). Caesar

8300. What question did Jesus ask them in return?

A). Whether Moses was a prophet B). Whether the temple was holy
C). Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin
D). Whether Caesar was king

8301. Why were the leaders afraid to say John's baptism was of human origin?

A). The Romans would arrest them B). Their families would leave them
C). They would lose their money
D). All the people would stone them, because they believed John was a prophet

8302. What was the name of the man sent from God to tell about the light?

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Philip D). John

8303. When John the Baptist described himself as "the voice of one calling in the wilderness," whose words was he using?

A). Jeremiah B). Elijah C). Malachi D). Isaiah

8304. When the priests and Levites questioned John the Baptist, what did he say about himself?

A). He was the Messiah B). He was not the Messiah C). He was Elijah
D). He was the Prophet

8305. What did John the Baptist say he was not worthy to do for the one coming after him?

A). Wash his feet B). Carry his cloak C). Untie his sandals
D). Pour water on his head

8306. Where was John baptizing when these things happened?

A). Bethany on the other side of the Jordan B). Bethlehem in Judea
C). Capernaum by the lake D). Cana in Galilee

8307. Complete John's words about Jesus: "Look, the ___ of God, who takes away the sin of the world!"

A). Son B). Shepherd C). Lamb D). Light

8308. John the Baptist saw the Spirit come down from heaven and remain on Jesus. What did the Spirit come down as?

A). A dove B). A cloud C). A flame of fire D). An eagle

8309. One of the two disciples who heard John and followed Jesus was Simon Peter's brother. Who was he?

A). James B). Philip C). Thomas D). Andrew

8310. Where was John the Baptist baptizing, because there was plenty of water there?

A). Aenon near Salim B). Bethsaida C). Cana D). Jericho

8311. John the Baptist compared himself to whom, who is full of joy when he hears the bridegroom's voice?

A). The master of the banquet B). A servant at the wedding C). The father of the bride

D). The friend who attends the bridegroom

8312. Complete John the Baptist's words about Jesus: "He must become greater; I must become ___."

A). less B). greater too C). silent D). his servant

8313. Jesus described one witness as "a lamp that burned and gave light." Who was he speaking about?

A). Moses B). Elijah C). John D). Isaiah

8314. Where did Jesus go after escaping their grasp at the end of John 10?

A). To Galilee B). To Bethany near Jerusalem C). To Samaria

D). Across the Jordan, to the place where John had been baptizing

8315. What did the people across the Jordan say about John the Baptist?

A). John never performed a sign, but all he said about this man was true

B). John was the Messiah C). John was Elijah who had come back

D). John performed many signs

8316. "For John baptized with water, but in a few days you will be baptized with the _____."

A). Holy Spirit B). fire of God C). living water D). word of God

8317. When the Spirit came on the Gentiles, which words of the Lord did Peter remember?

A). Go and make disciples of all nations B). Love your enemies

C). John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit

D). I am the light of the world

8318. Into which baptism had these disciples been baptized?

A). Peter's baptism B). John's baptism C). Baptism in the name of Jesus

D). No baptism at all

Jonadab

8319. Who was Amnon's very shrewd adviser and David's nephew?

A). Jonadab B). Hushai C). Ahithophel D). Joab

8320. What did Jonadab tell Amnon to pretend?

A). That he was going to war B). That he had a message from the king

C). That he was leaving Jerusalem D). That he was ill

8321. Who told David that only Amnon was dead, not all the king's sons?

A). Joab B). Jonadab C). Absalom D). Nathan

8322. Which ancestor had commanded the Rekabites never to drink wine?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Rekab D). Jonadab son of Rekab

8323. Besides not drinking wine, what else had Jonadab commanded the Rekabites?

A). Not to build houses, sow seed or plant vineyards, but always to live in tents

B). Not to marry C). Not to speak to foreigners D). Not to go to Jerusalem

8324. What lesson did God draw from the Rekabites?

A). Wine is always evil

B). They obeyed their ancestor's command, but God's people did not obey Him

C). Tents are better than houses D). Families should not move

8325. What did God promise Jonadab son of Rekab because of his family's obedience?

A). Great riches B). A palace in Jerusalem C). A land in Egypt

D). He would never fail to have a descendant to serve God

Jonah

8326. Through which prophet had the LORD said Jeroboam would restore Israel's borders?

A). Elisha B). Jonah son of Amittai C). Isaiah D). Amos

8327. The prophet Jonah son of Amittai came from which town?

A). Gath Hepher B). Tekoa C). Anathoth D). Tishbe

8328. Who was Jonah's father?

A). Amoz B). Amittai C). Beeri D). Pethuel

8329. To which great city did God tell Jonah to go?

A). Babylon B). Tyre C). Nineveh D). Damascus

8330. Why did God tell Jonah to preach against Nineveh?

A). Its people were building a tower B). Its wickedness had come up before God

C). It had attacked Jerusalem D). Its king had killed a prophet

8331. Where was Jonah trying to go when he ran away from the LORD?

A). Tarshish B). Egypt C). Moab D). Assyria

8332. At which port did Jonah find a ship going to Tarshish?

A). Tyre B). Sidon C). Joppa D). Caesarea

8333. What did the LORD send on the sea while Jonah was on the ship?

A). A great wind B). A thick darkness C). A swarm of locusts D). An earthquake

8334. What was Jonah doing below deck during the storm?

A). Praying B). Writing a letter C). Eating D). Sleeping deeply

8335. Who woke Jonah and told him to call on his god?

A). A sailor B). The captain C). A soldier D). A merchant

8336. How did the sailors find out who was responsible for the storm?

A). They had a dream B). They read a scroll C). They cast lots
D). They asked a prophet

8337. Complete Jonah's words: "I am a Hebrew and I worship the LORD, the God of heaven, who made the sea and the ___."

A). dry land B). stars C). mountains D). rivers

8338. What did Jonah tell the sailors to do so the sea would become calm?

A). Turn back to Joppa B). Pray to their gods C). Throw him into the sea
D). Offer a sacrifice

8339. What did the sailors do right after Jonah told them to throw him into the sea?

A). They threw him in at once B). They tried hard to row back to land
C). They made vows to the LORD D). They tied him to the mast

8340. What happened to the sea after the sailors threw Jonah overboard?

A). It turned to blood B). It became calm C). It dried up D). It grew wilder

8341. What did the LORD provide to swallow Jonah?

A). A sea monster B). A whale-shaped rock C). A large boat D). A huge fish

8342. How long was Jonah inside the fish?

A). Three days and three nights B). Seven days C). Forty days
D). One day and one night

8343. Where was Jonah when he prayed to the LORD in this chapter?

A). In the temple B). On the ship C). Inside the fish D). In Nineveh

8344. What did Jonah say happened when he called to the LORD in his distress?

A). The LORD answered him B). The LORD stayed silent C). The sailors heard him
D). An angel appeared

8345. According to Jonah's prayer, who hurled him into the deep?

A). The captain B). The LORD C). Satan D). The storm

8346. Even though he felt banished from God's sight, what did Jonah say he would look toward again?

A). Jerusalem's walls B). His home C). The heavens D). God's holy temple

8347. In his prayer, what did Jonah say was wrapped around his head?

A). Seaweed B). A rope C). A cloth D). Chains

8348. Complete Jonah's words: "But you, LORD my God, brought my life up from the ___."

A). grave B). pit C). sea D). darkness

8349. When did Jonah say he remembered the LORD?

A). When he boarded the ship B). When the sailors cast lots
C). When his life was ebbing away D). When he reached Nineveh

8350. What did Jonah say happens to those who cling to worthless idols?

A). They become rich B). They turn away from God's love for them C). They grow wiser
D). They are protected from storms

8351. Complete Jonah's words: "___ comes from the LORD."

A). Wisdom B). Strength C). Salvation D). Peace

8352. What did Jonah promise to do with a shout of grateful praise?

A). Sacrifice to the LORD B). Build an altar C). Write a song D). Go home

8353. What did the fish do when the LORD commanded it?

A). Swam to Tarshish B). Swallowed the ship C). Swam to Nineveh
D). Vomited Jonah onto dry land

8354. How many times did the word of the LORD come to Jonah telling him to go to Nineveh?

A). Once B). A second time C). Three times D). Seven times

8355. What did Jonah do this time when God told him to go to Nineveh?

A). He ran to Tarshish B). He hid in the hills C). He obeyed and went to Nineveh
D). He sent a messenger instead

8356. How large was Nineveh, according to Jonah 3?

A). A small village B). It took one hour to cross C). It took three days to go through it
D). It took a month to cross

8357. Complete Jonah's message: "___ more days and Nineveh will be overthrown."

A). Seven B). Three C). Forty D). Ten

8358. How did the people of Nineveh respond to Jonah's message?

A). They believed God, fasted and put on sackcloth B). They threw Jonah out of the city
C). They laughed at Jonah D). They prepared for war

8359. What did God do when He saw that the people of Nineveh turned from their evil ways?

A). He relented and did not bring the destruction B). He destroyed the city anyway
C). He sent Jonah back home D). He gave them another forty days

8360. How did Jonah feel when God did not destroy Nineveh?

A). Happy and thankful B). Greatly displeased and angry C). Afraid D). Confused

8361. Why did Jonah say he had first run away to Tarshish?

A). He was afraid of the Ninevites
B). He knew God was gracious and would relent from sending calamity
C). He wanted to visit his family D). The ship was already leaving

8362. Complete Jonah's words to God: "I knew that you are a gracious and compassionate God, slow to anger and abounding in ___."

A). power B). wisdom C). love D). glory

8363. What did Jonah ask the LORD to do in his anger?

A). Take away his life B). Send fire on Nineveh C). Let him go home
D). Give him a sign

8364. Complete the LORD's question to Jonah: "Is it right for you to be ___?"

A). afraid B). angry C). sad D). proud

8365. Where did Jonah sit to see what would happen to Nineveh?

A). Inside the city gate B). On a hill by the sea C). East of the city in a shelter he made
D). In the king's palace

8366. What did the LORD provide to give Jonah shade?

A). A tent B). A leafy plant C). A cave D). A large tree

8367. What did God send to chew the plant so that it withered?

A). A locust B). A goat C). A worm D). A bird

8368. What did God send along with the blazing sun to make Jonah faint?

A). A scorching east wind B). A heavy rain C). A sandstorm from the south
D). A cold north wind

8369. What point did God make about the plant Jonah cared about?

A). Jonah had worked hard to grow it B). It would grow back the next day
C). Jonah had not tended it or made it grow D). It belonged to the king

8370. How many people did God say lived in Nineveh who could not tell their right hand from their left?

A). More than 12,000 B). More than 40,000 C). More than 120,000
D). More than a million

8371. What is the main lesson of God's final question to Jonah?

A). God cares only for Israel B). God shows concern for people of other nations too
C). Plants matter more than cities D). Prophets should never be angry

8372. Jesus said the only sign given to a wicked generation would be the sign of which prophet?

A). Elijah B). Daniel C). Jonah D). Moses

8373. How long did Jesus say the Son of Man would be in the heart of the earth?

A). Forty days B). Three days and three nights C). Seven days
D). One day and one night

8374. The men of which city will stand up at the judgment and condemn this generation, because they repented at Jonah's preaching?

A). Nineveh B). Babylon C). Tarshish D). Sodom

8375. What sign did Jesus say would be given to this wicked generation?

A). The sign of Moses B). The sign of Elijah C). The sign of a dove
D). The sign of Jonah

8376. Which people repented at the preaching of Jonah?

A). The Egyptians B). The men of Nineveh C). The men of Babylon
D). The Samaritans

Jonathan

8377. Who became priest for the tribe of Dan along with his sons?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar B). Eli C). Samuel
D). Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

8378. Who led the thousand men at Gibeah in Benjamin while Saul had two thousand at Mikmash?

A). Abner B). Jonathan C). Samuel D). David

8379. What did Jonathan attack that made the Philistines gather for war?

A). The Philistine outpost at Geba B). The city of Gath C). The temple of Dagon
D). The Philistine king's palace

8380. On the day of battle, who were the only Israelites with a sword or spear?

A). Saul and Jonathan B). Saul and Samuel C). Jonathan and Abner
D). David and Jonathan

8381. Who went with Jonathan to attack the Philistine outpost?

A). His father Saul B). Abner C). His armor-bearer D). Ahijah the priest

8382. What were the names of the two cliffs on either side of the pass Jonathan crossed?

A). Ebal and Gerizim B). Bozez and Seneh C). Tabor and Hermon
D). Zelzah and Zuph

8383. Jonathan said, "Nothing can hinder the LORD from saving, whether by many or by ___."

A). few B). none C). weak D). one

8384. What sign did Jonathan look for to know the LORD had given the Philistines into their hands?

A). The Philistines running away B). A voice from heaven
C). The Philistines saying, "Come up to us" D). Thunder in the sky

8385. How did Jonathan climb up to the Philistine outpost?

A). Using a rope B). Riding a donkey C). By a hidden staircase
D). Using his hands and feet

8386. What did Jonathan eat in the woods, not knowing about his father's oath?

A). Bread B). Honey C). Figs D). Meat

8387. What did Jonathan say when he learned about Saul's oath?

A). "My father has made trouble for the country" B). "I will ask my father to forgive me"
C). "The oath was from the LORD" D). "I will not eat again"

8388. When lots were cast to find who had sinned, on whom did the lot fall?

A). Saul B). The armor-bearer C). Jonathan D). Abner

8389. Why did the soldiers refuse to let Jonathan be put to death?

A). He was the king's son B). He promised to pay for his sin
C). Samuel came to save him D). He had done this great deliverance with God's help

8390. How did Jonathan feel about David?

A). He was jealous of him B). He was afraid of him C). He loved him as himself
D). He did not trust him

8391. What did Jonathan make with David because he loved him?

A). A covenant B). An altar C). A monument D). A treaty with the Philistines

8392. Which of these did Jonathan give to David?

A). His crown B). His robe, tunic, sword, bow and belt C). His father's spear
D). His horse

8393. Who warned David that Saul was looking for a chance to kill him?

A). Samuel B). Abner C). Jonathan D). Michal

8394. What did Jonathan remind Saul about when he spoke well of David?

A). That David was his brother-in-law

B). That David had risked his life to kill the Philistine and the LORD won a great victory

C). That David was anointed by Samuel D). That David had never been to war

8395. What oath did Saul take after listening to Jonathan?

A). That David would never enter his house again B). That he would make David king

C). That he would give David Merab D). That David would not be put to death

8396. After fleeing from Naioth, to whom did David go and ask, "What have I done?"

A). Samuel B). Jonathan C). Michal D). Jesse

8397. David told Jonathan, "There is only a ___ between me and death."

A). day B). wall C). step D). breath

8398. What excuse did David tell Jonathan to give if Saul asked where he was?

A). That David had gone to Bethlehem for his clan's yearly sacrifice

B). That David was sick in bed C). That David was with Samuel

D). That David was fighting the Philistines

8399. What did Jonathan ask David to promise him?

A). To make him king one day B). To never fight the Philistines again

C). To marry his sister D). To never cut off his kindness from Jonathan's family

8400. Why did Jonathan have David reaffirm his oath?

A). Because he loved him as he loved himself B). Because he did not trust David

C). Because Saul told him to D). Because Samuel required it

8401. Beside which stone did Jonathan tell David to wait?

A). Ebenezer B). The stone Ezel C). The large rock of Beth Shemesh

D). The stone of Bohan

8402. What sign did Jonathan use to tell David whether it was safe?

A). Lighting a fire B). Blowing a trumpet C). Shooting arrows D). Sending a letter

8403. If Jonathan shouted, "The arrows are beyond you," what did it mean for David?

A). It was safe to come home B). He should come to the feast

C). He should wait another day D). He must go, because the LORD had sent him away

8404. Why did Saul say Jonathan should want David dead?

A). David had insulted Jonathan

B). As long as David lived, Jonathan and his kingdom would not be established

C). David had stolen from the king D). David had joined the Philistines

8405. What did Saul do when Jonathan defended David?

A). He sent Jonathan away B). He struck Jonathan with his hand
C). He hurled his spear at Jonathan D). He made Jonathan swear an oath

8406. Why did Jonathan leave the table and not eat on the second day of the feast?

A). He was sick B). He had to find David C). He was afraid of his father
D). He was grieved at his father's shameful treatment of David

8407. What did the boy who gathered the arrows know about the plan?

A). Nothing; only Jonathan and David knew B). Everything
C). Only that David was hiding D). He was told later by David

8408. What happened when David and Jonathan met after the arrow sign?

A). They argued B). They kissed each other and wept, and David wept the most
C). They went to Saul together D). They built an altar

8409. Jonathan said, "Go in peace, for we have sworn ___ with each other in the name of the LORD."

A). friendship B). peace C). love D). loyalty

8410. What did Saul complain about to his officials from Benjamin?

A). That they were too weak in battle
B). That none of them told him Jonathan had made a covenant with David
C). That they refused to pay taxes D). That they worshiped idols

8411. What did Jonathan do when he went to see David at Horesh?

A). He brought him food and weapons B). He helped him find strength in God
C). He told him to surrender D). He brought Saul's apology

8412. Jonathan told David, "You will be king over Israel, and I will be ___ to you."

A). a servant B). a brother C). second D). a friend

8413. What did Jonathan and David do before the LORD at Horesh?

A). They offered a sacrifice B). They wrote a letter to Saul C). They built an altar
D). They made a covenant

8414. Which three sons of Saul were killed by the Philistines?

A). Joel, Abijah and Jonathan B). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah
C). Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua D). Jonathan, Ishvi and Abner

8415. How did David and his men respond to the news that Saul and Jonathan were dead?

A). They celebrated with a feast
B). They tore their clothes, mourned, wept and fasted till evening
C). They marched to attack the Philistines D). They crowned David king at once

8416. In which book was David's lament for Saul and Jonathan written?

A). The Book of the Law B). The Book of Jashar C). The Book of the Kings
D). The Book of the Covenant

8417. Complete David's words: "How the _____ have fallen!"

A). proud B). mighty C). wicked D). faithful

8418. Complete the verse about Saul and Jonathan: "They were swifter than _____, they were stronger than lions."

A). eagles B). horses C). gazelles D). the wind

8419. To whom did David say, "I grieve for you... my brother; you were very dear to me"?

A). Saul B). Abner C). Jonathan D). Joab

8420. What was the name of Jonathan's son who was lame in both feet?

A). Mephibosheth B). Ish-Bosheth C). Amnon D). Asahel

8421. How did Jonathan's son Mephibosheth become lame?

A). He was wounded in battle B). He was born that way
C). His nurse dropped him as she hurried to flee D). He fell from a roof

8422. For whose sake did David want to show kindness to someone from the house of Saul?

A). Samuel's B). Abner's C). Jonathan's D). Michal's

8423. Whose sons were Ahimaaz and Jonathan, who were to bring news to David?

A). Joab and Abishai B). Zadok and Abiathar C). Nathan and Gad
D). Hushai and Ahithophel

8424. Where were Jonathan and Ahimaaz staying, waiting for news to carry to David?

A). En Rogel B). Gibeon C). Bethel D). Jericho

8425. Where did Jonathan and Ahimaaz hide in Bahurim?

A). In a cave B). In a well in a man's courtyard C). Under a pile of flax on a roof
D). In a barn

8426. How did the man's wife hide the well where Jonathan and Ahimaaz were?

A). She sat on top of it B). She placed a cart over it C). She filled it with water
D). She spread a covering over it and scattered grain on it

8427. Why did David spare Mephibosheth when he handed Saul's descendants to the Gibeonites?

A). Mephibosheth was lame B). The Gibeonites asked for him to be spared
C). Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Jonathan
D). He was living far away

8428. Where were the bones of Saul and Jonathan finally buried?

A). In the tomb of Saul's father Kish at Zela in Benjamin B). In Jabesh Gilead
C). In Hebron D). In the City of David

8429. Which of these is NOT listed as a son of Saul in 1 Chronicles 8:33?

A). Jonathan B). Malki-Shua C). Abinadab D). Abner

8430. What is the name given to Jonathan's son in 1 Chronicles 8:34?

A). Merib-Baal B). Esh-Baal C). Micah D). Ish-Bosheth

8431. Which of these sons of Saul was NOT killed by the Philistines in this battle?

A). Jonathan B). Abinadab C). Malki-Shua D). Esh-Baal

8432. Which relative of David was a counselor, a man of insight and a scribe?

A). Jonathan, David's uncle B). Shimea, David's brother C). Joab, David's nephew
D). Amasa, David's nephew

Jonathan son of Abiathar

8433. Who came to Adonijah's feast with the news that Solomon had been made king?

A). Jonathan son of Abiathar B). Joab C). Ahimaaz D). Shimei

Jonathan son of Asahel

8434. Which two men opposed the plan to deal with the matter?

A). Jonathan son of Asahel and Jahzeiah son of Tikvah B). Zerubbabel and Jeshua
C). Haggai and Zechariah D). Rehum and Shimshai

Jonathan son of Shimea

8435. Who killed the huge man at Gath who taunted Israel?

A). Jonathan son of Saul B). Abishai son of Zeruiah C). Benaiah son of Jehoiada
D). Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother

Jonathan son of Shimeah

8436. Who killed the huge man with six fingers on each hand when he taunted Israel?

A). Joab son of Zeruiah B). Abishai son of Zeruiah C). Sibbekai the Hushathite
D). Jonathan son of Shimeah

Joram

8437. Which king sent his son Joram to congratulate David on his victory over Hadadezer?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Achish king of Gath C). Tou king of Hamath
D). Talmai king of Geshur

8438. Who became king of Israel after Ahaziah died?

A). Jehu B). Jehoshaphat C). Omri D). Joram

8439. Why did Joram become king after Ahaziah instead of Ahaziah's son?

A). Ahaziah's son was too young B). Ahaziah had no son
C). Ahaziah's son was killed by fire D). Elijah chose Joram

8440. Which son of Ahab became king of Israel in Samaria in this chapter?

A). Ahaziah B). Joram C). Jehu D). Omri

8441. How many years did Joram reign over Israel?

A). Twelve years B). Seven years C). Twenty-two years D). Forty years

8442. How was Joram's reign described?

A). He did what was right like David B). He was the most evil king of Israel
C). He destroyed all idols in Israel D). He did evil, but not as his father and mother had done

8443. What did Joram get rid of that his father had made?

A). The golden calf at Bethel B). The altar in Samaria C). The sacred stone of Baal
D). The Asherah pole

8444. Why did Joram go out to fight Moab?

A). The king of Moab had rebelled after Ahab died B). Moab had captured Samaria
C). Elisha told him to attack D). Moab had killed Jehoshaphat

8445. Which king of Judah agreed to go with Joram to fight Moab?

A). Hezekiah B). Asa C). Rehoboam D). Jehoshaphat

8446. By which route did the kings decide to attack Moab?

A). Across the Jordan at Jericho B). Along the Great Sea
C). Through the Desert of Edom D). Through the Valley of Jezreel

8447. What problem did the three armies face after marching seven days?

A). Their horses died of sickness B). There was no water
C). The Moabites surrounded them D). Their supplies were stolen

8448. Why did Elisha agree to help the kings?

A). Because Joram promised to destroy Baal worship B). Because the king of Edom paid him
C). Because he respected King Jehoshaphat of Judah D). Because Elijah had told him to

8449. Where did King Joram of Israel go to recover from wounds he received at Ramoth Gilead?

A). Samaria B). Jezreel C). Jerusalem D). Bethel

8450. When Joram asked, "Have you come in peace?", what did Jehu say stopped peace?

A). The idolatry and witchcraft of Jezebel B). The war with Aram
C). The famine in Samaria D). Joram's harsh taxes

8451. As Joram turned to flee, he called out to Ahaziah: "_____, Ahaziah!"

A). Help B). Run C). Beware D). Treachery

8452. How did Jehu kill King Joram?

A). He struck him with a sword B). He had him thrown from a window

C). He shot him with an arrow between the shoulders D). His horses trampled him

8453. On whose field did Jehu have Joram's body thrown?

A). Ahab B). Naboth the Jezreelite C). Elijah D). The Shunammite woman

8454. Against which king of Aram did Ahaziah go to war with Joram son of Ahab?

A). Ben-Hadad B). Zerah C). Hazael D). Rezin

8455. Where did the wounded Joram return to recover?

A). Samaria B). Bethel C). Jerusalem D). Jezreel

Joseph

8456. What was the name of the son Rachel finally gave birth to?

A). Judah B). Levi C). Dan D). Joseph

8457. What did Jacob ask Laban for after Joseph was born?

A). More land B). A share of the harvest C). To be sent home to his own country

D). A new tent

8458. How did Jacob arrange his family as they approached Esau?

A). He put Rachel and Joseph in the front

B). He placed all the children together in the middle

C). He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

D). He sent his wives back and went alone

8459. Why did Israel (Jacob) love Joseph more than his other sons?

A). Joseph was the strongest B). Joseph was born to him in his old age

C). Joseph was the eldest D). Joseph worked the hardest

8460. What special gift did Jacob give to Joseph?

A). An ornate robe B). A flock of sheep C). A ring of gold D). A sword

8461. How did Joseph's brothers feel because their father favored him?

A). They rejoiced with him B). They ignored him completely

C). They asked Jacob for gifts too D). They hated him and could not speak kindly to him

8462. In Joseph's first dream, what did the brothers' sheaves of grain do?

A). They caught fire B). They scattered in the wind

C). They bowed down to Joseph's sheaf D). They turned into stars

8463. In Joseph's second dream, what bowed down to him?

A). Eleven brothers standing in a field B). Twelve sheaves of grain
C). The animals of the flock D). The sun, the moon, and eleven stars

8464. Where did Jacob send Joseph to check on his brothers?

A). To Shechem B). To Bethel C). To Hebron D). To Egypt

8465. Which brother tried to save Joseph's life by suggesting they throw him into a cistern instead of killing him?

A). Judah B). Reuben C). Simeon D). Levi

8466. What did the brothers do to Joseph when he reached them?

A). They welcomed him warmly B). They sent him back home
C). They gave him food and water D). They stripped his robe and threw him into a cistern

8467. Which brother suggested selling Joseph instead of killing him?

A). Judah B). Reuben C). Dan D). Benjamin

8468. For how many shekels of silver was Joseph sold to the Ishmaelites?

A). Ten B). Twenty C). Thirty D). Fifty

8469. How did the brothers deceive their father about Joseph?

A). They said Joseph had run away B). They told him Joseph was working in Egypt
C). They dipped his robe in goat's blood and showed it to Jacob
D). They claimed Joseph had drowned in a river

8470. To whom was Joseph sold when he was taken to Egypt?

A). Pharaoh's cupbearer B). A priest of On C). Potiphar, one of Pharaoh's officials
D). The captain of the ships

8471. Whose house did Joseph serve in when he was taken to Egypt?

A). Pharaoh's B). Potiphar's C). The chief cupbearer's D). The prison warden's

8472. Why did Joseph prosper in everything he did in Potiphar's house?

A). He was very clever on his own B). Potiphar trained him well
C). The Lord was with him D). He had help from the other servants

8473. What responsibility did Potiphar give to Joseph?

A). He put Joseph in charge of his entire household B). He sent Joseph to work in the fields
C). He made Joseph a guard D). He gave Joseph to Pharaoh

8474. Why did Joseph refuse to sin with Potiphar's wife?

A). He was afraid of the other servants B). He did not find her pleasing
C). He would not do such a wicked thing and sin against God
D). He planned to leave Egypt soon

8475. What did Joseph leave behind as he fled from Potiphar's wife?

A). His sandals B). His ring C). His staff D). His cloak

8476. How did Potiphar's wife use Joseph's cloak against him?

A). She burned it to hide the truth B). She sold it to travelers C). She kept it as a pledge
D). She used it as false evidence to accuse him

8477. Where was Joseph sent after being falsely accused?

A). Back to Canaan B). To prison C). To Pharaoh's palace D). To the fields

8478. What happened to Joseph even while he was in prison?

A). He was forgotten by everyone B). He was released quickly
C). The Lord was with him and gave him favor with the prison warden
D). He was punished daily

8479. Which two of Pharaoh's officials were put in the same prison as Joseph?

A). The chief cupbearer and the chief baker B). The captain of the guard and a scribe
C). Two of Pharaoh's sons D). The chief steward and a priest

8480. What did the cupbearer and the baker each have on the same night?

A). A visitor B). A meal C). A message from Pharaoh D). A dream

8481. What did Joseph say about the ability to interpret dreams?

A). That only wise men could do it B). That he had learned it in Egypt
C). That interpretations belong to God D). That dreams have no real meaning

8482. What did the cupbearer see in his dream?

A). Three baskets of bread on his head B). A river overflowing
C). Seven cows coming out of the Nile D). A vine with three branches that produced grapes

8483. What did Joseph say the three branches in the cupbearer's dream meant?

A). Three days B). Three years C). Three months D). Three weeks

8484. What did Joseph ask the cupbearer to do after his release?

A). To bring him food B). To send word to his father
C). To remember him and mention him to Pharaoh D). To free the baker as well

8485. What did the three baskets in the baker's dream mean, according to Joseph?

A). Three days until his release B). Three days until Pharaoh would put him to death
C). Three months of waiting D). Three years of service

8486. On what occasion were both dreams fulfilled?

A). A great festival B). Pharaoh's birthday C). The harvest feast
D). A day of sacrifice

8487. What did the cupbearer do after he was restored to his position?

A). He praised Joseph to Pharaoh B). He sent Joseph gifts
C). He forgot Joseph and did not remember him D). He asked for Joseph's release

8488. In Pharaoh's first dream, what did the seven ugly, thin cows do?

A). They ran into the Nile B). They ate up the seven healthy cows
C). They lay down in the grass D). They turned into grain

8489. In Pharaoh's second dream, what happened to the seven healthy heads of grain?

A). They were swallowed by seven thin heads of grain B). They were burned by the sun
C). They were eaten by birds D). They fell to the ground

8490. What happened when Pharaoh called the magicians and wise men of Egypt?

A). They refused to come B). They gave many different answers
C). None of them could interpret his dreams D). They fled from the palace

8491. Who finally remembered Joseph and told Pharaoh about him?

A). The chief baker B). Potiphar C). The captain of the guard
D). The chief cupbearer

8492. What did Joseph tell Pharaoh about interpreting the dreams?

A). That he could not do it B). That the magicians should try again
C). That the dreams had no meaning
D). That God would give Pharaoh the answer he needed

8493. What did the seven good cows and seven good heads of grain represent?

A). Seven years of plenty B). Seven years of famine C). Seven kings of Egypt
D). Seven rivers

8494. What did the seven thin cows and seven thin heads of grain represent?

A). Seven years of famine B). Seven years of war C). Seven years of peace
D). Seven years of rain

8495. What plan did Joseph suggest to prepare for the famine?

A). To buy grain from other nations B). To store up grain during the years of plenty
C). To move the people to another land D). To pray for the famine to end

8496. What position did Pharaoh give Joseph?

A). Chief baker B). Keeper of the prison
C). Ruler over all Egypt, second only to Pharaoh D). Commander of the army

8497. What did Pharaoh give Joseph as signs of his new authority?

A). A crown and a throne B). A sword and a shield C). A scroll and a seal
D). His signet ring, fine linen robes, and a gold chain

8498. What new name did Pharaoh give to Joseph?

A). Zaphenath-Paneah B). Potiphera C). Asenath D). Melchizedek

8499. How old was Joseph when he entered the service of Pharaoh?

A). Seventeen years old B). Thirty years old C). Forty years old
D). Twenty-five years old

8500. What were the names of the two sons born to Joseph in Egypt?

A). Perez and Zerah B). Gershom and Eliezer C). Ephraim and Manasseh
D). Dan and Naphtali

8501. Why did people from other countries come to Egypt during the famine?

A). To trade gold B). To buy grain from Joseph C). To visit Pharaoh
D). To settle in the land

8502. What happened when Joseph's brothers came before him?

A). They recognized him at once B). They refused to bow
C). They asked for Joseph by name D). They bowed down to him, but did not recognize him

8503. What did Joseph accuse his brothers of being?

A). Thieves B). Runaway servants C). Spies D). Traders

8504. What did Joseph demand as a test to prove the brothers were not spies?

A). That they pay double for the grain B). That they bring their youngest brother to Egypt
C). That they stay in Egypt forever D). That they swear an oath to Pharaoh

8505. Which brother did Joseph keep as a prisoner in Egypt?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Levi D). Simeon

8506. What did Joseph secretly put back into his brothers' sacks?

A). Their silver B). Gold rings C). Extra grain D). A written message

8507. What did the brothers say to one another about their trouble in Egypt?

A). That Pharaoh had cursed them
B). That they were being punished for what they did to Joseph
C). That the famine was their fault D). That they should never return home

8508. What did Joseph order when he saw Benjamin with his brothers?

A). To arrest them B). To send them away
C). To prepare a meal, for they would eat with him at noon D). To search their bags

8509. Why were the brothers afraid when they were brought to Joseph's house?

A). They thought it was because of the silver returned in their sacks
B). They feared the famine would worsen C). They thought Benjamin would be harmed
D). They believed Simeon had died

8510. How did Joseph react when he saw his brother Benjamin?

A). He accused Benjamin of spying B). He was so moved that he went out and wept
C). He sent Benjamin away D). He showed no emotion

8511. How much more food was Benjamin given at the meal compared to his brothers?

A). Twice as much B). The same amount C). Ten times as much
D). Five times as much

8512. What did Joseph secretly place in Benjamin's sack?

A). A bag of gold B). His silver cup C). A written letter D). Extra grain

8513. What did Joseph's steward accuse the brothers of doing?

A). Spying on the land B). Refusing to pay for grain C). Stealing Joseph's silver cup
D). Lying about their family

8514. What did the brothers confidently say should happen if the cup was found with any of them?

A). That person would die, and the rest would become slaves B). They would all go free
C). They would pay double D). They would return home at once

8515. What did Joseph say he would do, testing the brothers?

A). Keep only the one with the cup as his slave and send the rest home
B). Punish all of them equally C). Set them all free D). Send them all to prison

8516. What did Joseph finally tell his brothers?

A). That they were free to go B). That the famine had ended
C). That Pharaoh wanted to see them D). That he was their brother Joseph

8517. How did Joseph react as he revealed himself to his brothers?

A). He laughed B). He grew angry C). He wept so loudly that the Egyptians heard him
D). He stayed silent

8518. How did Joseph comfort his brothers about selling him into Egypt?

A). He said it was God who sent him ahead to save lives
B). He said he had forgotten all about it C). He said they owed him nothing
D). He said Pharaoh had ordered it

8519. According to Joseph, why did God send him ahead to Egypt?

A). To make him rich B). To rule over Pharaoh
C). To preserve a remnant and save their lives by a great deliverance
D). To punish his brothers

8520. Where did Joseph tell his family to come and settle in Egypt?

A). In the city of On B). In the palace of Pharaoh C). By the Red Sea
D). In the region of Goshen

8521. Which brother did Joseph embrace and weep over first?

A). Benjamin B). Reuben C). Judah D). Simeon

8522. How did Pharaoh respond when he heard Joseph's brothers had come?

A). He was pleased and invited the family to settle in Egypt

B). He was displeased and sent them away C). He demanded payment

D). He ignored them

8523. What did Joseph give his brothers for the journey back to their father?

A). Weapons and armor B). Only grain C). Wagons, provisions, and new clothing

D). Gold statues

8524. As his brothers left, Joseph told them, "Do not ____ on the way!"

A). hurry B). quarrel C). rest D). return

8525. How did Jacob react when he learned that Joseph was still alive?

A). He refused to believe and stayed sad

B). He was stunned at first, then his spirit revived when he believed

C). He immediately fell ill D). He sent the brothers back to Egypt alone

8526. How many members of Jacob's family were in Egypt in all, according to this chapter?

A). Fifty B). Sixty C). Seventy D). Eighty

8527. Whom did Jacob send ahead to Joseph to get directions to Goshen?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Simeon D). Benjamin

8528. What happened when Joseph and his father Jacob finally met in Goshen?

A). Joseph did not recognize him B). Jacob was too weak to speak

C). They quickly went to Pharaoh D). Joseph embraced him and wept for a long time

8529. Why did Joseph tell his family to say they were keepers of livestock when they met Pharaoh?

A). So they could settle in Goshen, since shepherds were detestable to the Egyptians

B). So Pharaoh would give them gold C). To hide their true work

D). So they could work in the palace

8530. When Pharaoh asked the brothers about their work, what did they say their occupation was?

A). Farmers B). Traders C). Builders D). Shepherds

8531. Which region did Pharaoh allow Jacob's family to settle in?

A). Goshen B). On C). Memphis D). Thebes

8532. What did the Egyptians first use to buy grain during the famine?

A). Their livestock B). Their land C). Their money D). Their clothing

8533. After the people's money was gone, what did they give Joseph next for grain?

A). Their land B). Their livestock C). Themselves as servants D). Their houses

8534. Finally, what did the people sell to buy grain during the famine?

A). Their money B). Their livestock

C). Their land, and they became servants of Pharaoh D). Their tools

8535. Whose land did Joseph not buy during the famine?

A). The soldiers' B). The traders' C). The farmers' D). The priests'

8536. What portion of the harvest did Joseph require the people to give to Pharaoh?

A). One tenth B). One third C). One half D). One fifth

8537. What did Jacob make Joseph promise before he died?

A). To care for his brothers B). To give up his position

C). Not to bury him in Egypt, but with his fathers in Canaan

D). To return all the land to the people

8538. Which two sons did Joseph bring to his father Jacob to be blessed?

A). Ephraim and Manasseh B). Perez and Zerah C). Reuben and Simeon

D). Dan and Gad

8539. How did Jacob respond when Joseph tried to move his right hand to the older son?

A). He refused, saying the younger would become greater

B). He agreed and switched his hands C). He stopped the blessing

D). He blessed only the older son

8540. Which son did Jacob describe as a fruitful vine near a spring, richly blessed?

A). Joseph B). Benjamin C). Judah D). Dan

8541. What did Joseph have done to his father's body after he died?

A). He had it buried at once in Egypt B). He had the physicians embalm it

C). He had it burned D). He sent it straight to Canaan

8542. Why did Joseph ask Pharaoh's permission to leave Egypt for a time?

A). To find more grain B). To visit his brothers' homes C). To escape a new famine

D). To bury his father in Canaan as he had promised

8543. Where did Joseph and his brothers bury Jacob?

A). In Bethlehem near Rachel B). In Bethel

C). In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre D). In Goshen

8544. What did Joseph's brothers fear after their father died?

A). That the famine would return B). That they would lose their land

C). That Pharaoh would send them away

D). That Joseph would hold a grudge and pay them back for their wrong

8545. What did Joseph say about the harm his brothers had done to him?

A). That he would forget it in time B). That they must repay him

C). That they intended to harm him, but God intended it for good to save many lives

D). That it was Pharaoh's doing

8546. How did Joseph treat his brothers after their father's death?

A). He sent them away B). He punished them

C). He reassured them and promised to provide for them D). He demanded payment

8547. What did Joseph promise his family before he died?

A). That God would surely come to their aid and lead them to the promised land

B). That they would stay in Egypt forever C). That Pharaoh would make them rulers

D). That the famine would never return

8548. What did Joseph make the Israelites swear to do with his bones?

A). To carry them up out of Egypt when God led them out B). To bury them in Egypt

C). To burn them D). To keep them in Pharaoh's palace

8549. How old was Joseph when he died?

A). One hundred years B). One hundred and ten years

C). One hundred and thirty years D). Ninety years

8550. Why did the new king of Egypt treat the Israelites harshly?

A). He did not know about Joseph B). The Israelites had attacked Egypt

C). God told him to punish them D). The Israelites refused to pay taxes

8551. Whose bones did Moses take with him out of Egypt?

A). Joseph's bones B). Jacob's bones C). Abraham's bones D). Levi's bones

8552. Which tribe was blessed with the choicest gifts of heaven above and the deep waters below?

A). Issachar B). Gad C). Naphtali D). Joseph

8553. In blessing Joseph, Moses asked for the favor of the One who dwelt in what?

A). The pillar of fire B). The tent of meeting C). The cloud on Sinai

D). The burning bush

8554. Which two tribes came from the sons of Joseph?

A). Reuben and Gad B). Manasseh and Ephraim C). Judah and Benjamin

D). Dan and Naphtali

8555. Whose bones, brought up from Egypt, were buried at Shechem?

A). Jacob's B). Joseph's C). Moses' D). Aaron's

8556. To whose sons were Reuben's rights as firstborn given?

A). Judah's B). Levi's C). Benjamin's D). Joseph's

8557. When God called down a famine, which man did He send ahead, who was sold as a slave?

A). Moses B). Joseph C). Benjamin D). Aaron

8558. According to Psalm 105, what was put on Joseph's neck?

A). Irons B). A gold chain C). A rope D). A yoke of wood

8559. What did the king do for Joseph after releasing him?

A). Sent him back to Canaan B). Made him a priest
C). Made him master of his household D). Gave him an army

8560. In Obadiah 18, the house of Jacob is a fire and the house of Joseph a flame. What is the house of Esau?

A). Ashes B). Water C). Smoke D). Stubble

8561. God promised to strengthen Judah and save the tribes of whom?

A). Levi B). Benjamin C). Dan D). Joseph

8562. Who was the husband of Mary, the mother of Jesus?

A). Joseph B). Zechariah C). Jacob D). Joachim

8563. Mary was found to be pregnant through whom?

A). An angel B). The Holy Spirit C). Joseph D). Elijah

8564. Before the angel spoke to him, what did Joseph plan to do about Mary?

A). Expose her to public disgrace B). Send her to Elizabeth C). Divorce her quietly
D). Marry her at once

8565. How did the angel of the Lord speak to Joseph?

A). In a dream B). At the temple C). Through a prophet D). In a burning bush

8566. Complete the angel's words: "Joseph son of David, do not be _____ to take Mary home as your wife."

A). ashamed B). afraid C). slow D). unwilling

8567. Why was the baby to be given the name Jesus?

A). Because he would be a great king B). Because he would save his people from their sins
C). Because he was born in Bethlehem D). Because he was from David's family

8568. What did Joseph do when he woke up from his dream?

A). He left Mary B). He went to Jerusalem C). He told the priests
D). He did what the angel commanded and took Mary home as his wife

8569. Who gave the baby the name Jesus?

A). Joseph B). Mary C). The angel D). The priest

8570. Where did Joseph take Mary and Jesus to escape from Herod?

A). Babylon B). Nazareth C). Egypt D). Syria

8571. What happened that allowed Joseph to bring his family back to Israel?

A). Herod died B). The Magi returned C). A new temple was built
D). The Romans left

8572. Joseph was afraid to go to Judea because who was reigning there in place of his father Herod?

A). Herod Antipas B). Archelaus C). Pilate D). Agrippa

8573. In which town did Joseph settle with his family?

A). Bethlehem B). Capernaum C). Jerusalem D). Nazareth

8574. To whom was Mary pledged to be married?

A). Joseph B). Zechariah C). Simeon D). Joachim

8575. Why did Joseph go to Bethlehem for the census?

A). He belonged to the house and line of David B). He had a farm there
C). Mary's family lived there D). The temple was there

8576. What sacrifice did Joseph and Mary offer at the temple?

A). A lamb and a goat B). A pair of doves or two young pigeons C). A young bull
D). Grain and oil

8577. Where did Jesus grow up after the family finished everything required by the Law?

A). Jerusalem B). Bethlehem C). Nazareth D). Capernaum

8578. Which festival did Jesus' parents go to Jerusalem for every year?

A). Passover B). Festival of Tabernacles C). Pentecost D). Purim

8579. After how many days did Jesus' parents find him in the temple courts?

A). One day B). Seven days C). Three days D). Two days

8580. Complete Jesus' words: 'Didn't you know I had to be in my ___ house?'

A). Lord's B). Father's C). teacher's D). God's holy

8581. How did Jesus treat his parents after they returned to Nazareth?

A). He left to live in the temple B). He traveled alone C). He was obedient to them
D). He became a priest

8582. How does Luke describe Jesus' relationship to Joseph at the start of the genealogy?

A). He was the son, so it was thought, of Joseph B). He was Joseph's nephew
C). He was Joseph's brother D). He was Joseph's adopted servant

8583. What did the people in Nazareth ask about Jesus after he spoke?

A). 'Isn't this Joseph's son?' B). 'Isn't this a priest?' C). 'Isn't this Elijah?'
D). 'Isn't this John?'

8584. Why did the Jews grumble when Jesus said he came down from heaven?

A). They said he was from Bethlehem
B). They knew his father and mother, and called him the son of Joseph
C). They said he was a Samaritan D). They said he had a demon

8585. Why did the patriarchs sell Joseph as a slave into Egypt?

A). He had stolen from them B). Their father told them to C). There was a famine
D). They were jealous of him

8586. What did Pharaoh make Joseph?

A). Ruler over Egypt and his whole palace B). Captain of the guard C). Chief baker
D). High priest of Egypt

8587. According to Stephen, how many people were in Jacob's family that Joseph sent for?

A). Seventy B). Seventy-five C). Twelve D). Two hundred

8588. According to Hebrews 11:21, what did Jacob do when he was dying?

A). He blessed each of Joseph's sons and worshiped as he leaned on the top of his staff
B). He built an altar at Bethel C). He wrestled with an angel
D). He went back to Canaan

8589. According to Hebrews 11:22, what instructions did Joseph give at the end of his life?

A). Instructions about building the temple B). Instructions about choosing a king
C). Instructions about the Passover meal D). Instructions concerning the burial of his bones

Joseph Barsabbas

8590. Which two men were proposed to replace Judas?

A). Stephen and Philip B). Barnabas and Silas
C). Joseph called Barsabbas and Matthias D). James and Mark

Joseph of Arimathea

8591. Which rich man and disciple of Jesus asked Pilate for Jesus' body?

A). Nicodemus B). Joseph of Arimathea C). Simon the Leper D). Zacchaeus

8592. Where did Joseph place Jesus' body?

A). In his own new tomb cut out of the rock B). In a family grave in Galilee
C). In the potter's field D). In a cave near Bethlehem

8593. Who went boldly to Pilate and asked for Jesus' body?

A). Simon of Cyrene B). Nicodemus C). John D). Joseph of Arimathea

8594. What did Joseph do to close the tomb after laying Jesus in it?

A). Rolled a stone against the entrance B). Sealed it with wax C). Posted his servants D). Locked a wooden door

8595. Which member of the Council asked Pilate for Jesus' body?

A). Nicodemus B). Caiaphas C). Joseph from Arimathea D). Gamaliel

8596. Where was Jesus' body placed?

A). In a family grave B). In the temple courts C). In a cave near Bethany D). In a tomb cut in the rock where no one had yet been laid

8597. Who asked Pilate for the body of Jesus?

A). Nicodemus B). Lazarus C). Peter D). Joseph of Arimathea

8598. Where was Jesus' body laid?

A). In a cave in Bethany B). In a new tomb in a garden near where he was crucified C). In Joseph's house D). In the family tomb of David

Josheb-Basshebeth

8599. Which chief of the Three raised his spear against eight hundred men and killed them in one encounter?

A). Shammah B). Eleazar C). Josheb-Basshebeth D). Abishai

Joshua

8600. Whom did Moses choose to lead the Israelites in the battle against the Amalekites?

A). Aaron B). Hur C). Joshua D). Caleb

8601. Who was the young aide who stayed at the tent of meeting?

A). Caleb B). Aaron C). Hur D). Joshua

8602. Which two men prophesied in the camp, and Moses would not stop them?

A). Nadab and Abihu B). Eldad and Medad C). Caleb and Joshua D). Aaron and Hur

8603. Which two spies begged the people to trust God and take the land?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Aaron and Hur C). Nadab and Abihu D). Eldad and Medad

8604. How did the people threaten to respond to Joshua and Caleb?

A). By sending them away B). By making them leaders C). By stoning them D). By ignoring them

8605. Which two men from that generation were allowed to enter the promised land?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Eleazar and Ithamar C). Caleb and Joshua D). Miriam and Aaron

8606. Which two men from the first census were still alive to be counted again?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Eleazar and Ithamar C). Dathan and Abiram
D). Caleb and Joshua

8607. Whom did God choose to lead Israel after Moses?

A). Caleb B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Joshua

8608. How did Moses set Joshua apart as the new leader?

A). He gave him a crown B). He laid his hands on him before Eleazar and the people
C). He handed him a sword D). He anointed him with oil in secret

8609. Which two men were named to oversee the dividing of the land?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Eleazar the priest and Joshua C). Caleb and Phinehas
D). Reuben and Gad

8610. Who did God say would lead Israel into the land to inherit it?

A). Caleb B). Joshua C). Aaron D). Phinehas

8611. Whom did Moses encourage, telling him not to be afraid because the Lord would fight for Israel?

A). Caleb B). Aaron C). Eleazar D). Joshua

8612. Who did Moses say would cross over ahead of Israel as their leader?

A). Joshua B). Caleb C). Eleazar D). Aaron

8613. Where did the Lord tell Moses and Joshua to present themselves, and how did He appear there?

A). On Mount Nebo, in a great wind B). Beside the Jordan, in a bright light
C). In the camp, in a burning bush D). At the tent of meeting, in a pillar of cloud

8614. Why was Joshua filled with the spirit of wisdom?

A). Because he was the oldest leader B). Because he had written the law
C). Because he was chosen by the elders D). Because Moses had laid his hands on him

8615. When did the LORD speak to Joshua about leading Israel?

A). After Moses died B). Before Moses was born
C). After Israel left Egypt the first night D). After the walls of Jericho fell

8616. Who was Joshua's father?

A). Jephunneh B). Amram C). Nun D). Jesse

8617. Before he became Israel's leader, what was Joshua's role?

A). Moses' aide B). High priest C). Judge of Israel D). King's officer

8618. Which river did God tell Joshua and the people to cross?

A). Euphrates River B). Nile River C). Jordan River D). Jabbok River

8619. "I will give you every place where you set your ___, as I promised Moses."

A). eyes B). foot C). tent D). hand

8620. "As I was with Moses, so I will be with you; I will never leave you nor ___ you."

A). forsake B). forget C). punish D). test

8621. What did God tell Joshua to be again and again in this chapter?

A). Quiet and patient B). Strong and courageous C). Rich and famous
D). Wise and gentle

8622. What did God mean when He told Joshua not to turn "to the right or to the left" from the law?

A). He should march only straight ahead in battle B). He should never leave the camp
C). He should obey all the law carefully D). He should not look at the enemy

8623. How often did God tell Joshua to meditate on the Book of the Law?

A). Once a week B). On the Sabbath only C). Day and night
D). At every new moon

8624. According to God, what would happen if Joshua was careful to do everything written in the Book of the Law?

A). He would never have to fight B). He would be prosperous and successful
C). He would live to be 150 years old D). He would become king of Israel

8625. "Do not be afraid; do not be discouraged, for the LORD your God will be with you ___ you go."

A). whenever B). if C). wherever D). before

8626. Joshua told the officers that the people would cross the Jordan in how many days?

A). Seven days B). Three days C). Forty days D). Ten days

8627. Which tribes did Joshua remind of the command Moses had given them about helping their brothers?

A). Judah, Benjamin and Levi B). Reubenites, Gadites and the half-tribe of Manasseh
C). Ephraim, Dan and Asher D). Simeon, Issachar and Zebulun

8628. What were the fighting men of the eastern tribes to do while their families stayed east of the Jordan?

A). Cross over armed ahead of their brothers and help them
B). Build cities for their families C). Guard the Jordan River crossing
D). Return to Egypt for supplies

8629. How did the people answer Joshua?

A). They asked to return to Egypt B). They asked for a new leader
C). They promised to obey him as they obeyed Moses D). They asked to wait one more year

8630. What words of encouragement did the people give Joshua at the end of the chapter?

A). "Go in peace!" B). "The LORD bless you!" C). "Only be strong and courageous!"
D). "May you live forever!"

8631. How many spies did Joshua secretly send out?

A). Twelve B). Two C). Seven D). Three

8632. From which place did Joshua send out the spies?

A). Gilgal B). Kadesh C). Shittim D). Bethel

8633. Which city were the spies told to look over especially?

A). Jericho B). Ai C). Jerusalem D). Hebron

8634. What report did the spies bring back to Joshua?

A). The land was too strong to take
B). The LORD had surely given the whole land into their hands
C). The people of Jericho wanted peace D). The Jordan was too deep to cross

8635. From which place did Joshua and the Israelites set out to go to the Jordan?

A). Gilgal B). Kadesh C). Bethel D). Shittim

8636. "Consecrate yourselves, for tomorrow the LORD will do ___ things among you."

A). hard B). secret C). amazing D). small

8637. What did the LORD say He would begin to do for Joshua that day?

A). Give him the land of Egypt B). Exalt him in the eyes of all Israel
C). Give him a crown D). Make him a priest

8638. What were the priests told to do when they reached the edge of the Jordan's waters?

A). Blow their trumpets B). Turn back to the camp C). Wait for the water to dry up first
D). Go and stand in the river

8639. What would the crossing of the Jordan show the Israelites?

A). That the living God was among them and would drive out their enemies
B). That they no longer needed the law C). That the river was not deep
D). That Joshua was greater than Moses

8640. How many men were chosen from the tribes of Israel?

A). Seven B). Seventy C). Twelve D). Forty

8641. How many stones did the chosen men take from the middle of the Jordan?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Twelve D). Forty

8642. Where in the river were the stones taken from?

A). From the riverbank near Jericho B). From the place where the priests stood
C). From the town of Adam D). From the fords near Shittim

8643. Besides the stones carried to camp, where did Joshua set up another twelve stones?

A). On Mount Nebo B). At the gate of Jericho
C). In the middle of the Jordan where the priests stood D). Near the town of Adam

8644. How did the people feel about Joshua after the crossing of the Jordan?

A). They were angry with him B). They stood in awe of him as they had of Moses
C). They wanted to go back to Moses' way D). They were afraid to follow him

8645. Joshua said God did to the Jordan what He had done to which other body of water?

A). The Dead Sea B). The Red Sea C). The Sea of Galilee
D). The Mediterranean Sea

8646. According to Joshua, why did God dry up the Jordan?

A). So Israel could trade with Jericho B). So the priests could rest
C). So all peoples would know the LORD's hand is powerful and Israel would fear Him
D). So the stones could be easily gathered

8647. What did the LORD tell Joshua to make so he could circumcise the Israelites?

A). Bronze swords B). Iron tools C). Flint knives D). Stone jars

8648. Why did the men of Israel need to be circumcised at this time?

A). They had forgotten the law of Moses B). The priests had refused to do it earlier
C). It was the first year of a new king
D). Those born in the wilderness had not been circumcised

8649. "Today I have rolled away the ___ of Egypt from you."

A). slavery B). reproach C). chains D). gods

8650. What was the man Joshua saw near Jericho holding?

A). A trumpet B). A shepherd's staff C). A drawn sword D). A scroll

8651. Who did the man with the drawn sword say he was?

A). A spy from Jericho B). The king of the Amorites C). A prophet of Israel
D). The commander of the army of the LORD

8652. What did the commander of the LORD's army tell Joshua to take off?

A). His sandals B). His armor C). His cloak D). His belt

8653. What did Joshua do when he learned who the man with the sword was?

A). He ran back to the camp B). He fell facedown to the ground in reverence
C). He challenged him to fight D). He called the priests

8654. "See, I have delivered Jericho into your ___, along with its king and its fighting men."

A). hands B). path C). camp D). land

8655. For how many days were the Israelites to march around Jericho once each day?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Six days D). Forty days

8656. What did Joshua command the people not to do while they marched around Jericho?

A). Carry weapons B). Give a war cry or say a word C). Look at the city walls
D). Walk near the ark

8657. Joshua commanded the army, "___! For the LORD has given you the city!"

A). March B). Pray C). Shout D). Attack

8658. Why was Rahab spared when Jericho was destroyed?

A). She paid the Israelites gold B). She hid the spies Joshua had sent
C). She opened the city gates D). She was related to Joshua

8659. Who did Joshua send to bring Rahab and her family out of Jericho?

A). The seven priests B). Caleb and his sons C). The elders of Israel
D). The two men who had spied out the land

8660. What did Joshua say would happen to the man who rebuilt Jericho?

A). He would become a king B). He would lose his firstborn and youngest sons
C). He would be struck blind D). He would be driven into the desert

8661. What spread throughout the land at the end of this chapter?

A). Joshua's fame B). A great sickness C). The Book of the Law
D). News of Rahab's wealth

8662. Which order of events is correct at Jericho?

A). Shout, march seven times, walls fall B). Walls fall, march six days, shout
C). March six days, march seven times, shout D). March seven times, march six days, shout

8663. After spying out Ai, how many men did the spies say should be sent to attack it?

A). The whole army B). Twelve thousand men C). About two or three thousand men
D). Forty thousand men

8664. What did Joshua do after the defeat at Ai?

A). He ordered a second attack right away B). He sent the army home
C). He blamed the spies D). He tore his clothes and fell facedown before the ark

8665. What reason did the LORD give Joshua for Israel's defeat at Ai?

A). Israel had sinned by taking devoted things B). The army was too small
C). Joshua had not prayed first D). The men of Ai were too strong

8666. The LORD said to Joshua, "Stand up! What are you doing down on your ___?"

A). knees B). face C). mat D). bed

8667. In what order was Achan found out?

A). Family, clan, tribe, man B). Man, family, clan, tribe C). Clan, tribe, man, family
D). Tribe, clan, family, man

8668. To which valley was Achan taken for judgment?

A). The Valley of Elah B). The Valley of Hinnom C). The Jordan Valley
D). The Valley of Achor

8669. The LORD said to Joshua, "Do not be afraid; do not be ___."

A). discouraged B). silent C). late D). proud

8670. How was the LORD's command about the plunder of Ai different from His command about Jericho?

A). At Ai nothing could be touched B). At Ai all the gold went to the priests
C). At Ai Israel could keep the plunder and livestock D). At Ai everything had to be burned

8671. What plan did the LORD tell Joshua to use against Ai?

A). A siege for seven days B). An ambush behind the city
C). Marching around the walls D). A night attack by the priests

8672. Between which two cities did the ambush lie in wait?

A). Jericho and Gilgal B). Ai and Jerusalem C). Gilgal and Shittim D). Bethel and Ai

8673. Why did Joshua and his army pretend to run away from the men of Ai?

A). They were truly afraid B). To draw the men of Ai away from their city
C). To wait for the priests D). To reach the Jordan before dark

8674. What did the LORD tell Joshua to hold out toward Ai?

A). His javelin B). The ark of the covenant C). His staff D). A trumpet

8675. How long did Joshua keep holding out his javelin?

A). Until sunset B). For seven days C). Until the priests blew their trumpets
D). Until all who lived in Ai were destroyed

8676. What did Joshua make Ai after he burned it?

A). A new home for Israel B). A permanent heap of ruins C). A place for an altar
D). A city of refuge

8677. On which mountain did Joshua build an altar to the LORD?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Ebal D). Mount Nebo

8678. What was special about the altar Joshua built?

A). It was made of uncut stones with no iron tool used B). It was covered with gold
C). It was built from the stones of Jericho D). It was made of bronze

8679. What did Joshua copy on stones in front of the Israelites?

A). The names of the twelve tribes B). The law of Moses C). The story of Jericho
D). The list of the kings

8680. The people of Israel stood in front of which two mountains when the law was read?

A). Mount Sinai and Mount Horeb B). Mount Carmel and Mount Tabor
C). Mount Nebo and Mount Hor D). Mount Gerizim and Mount Ebal

8681. How much of the law did Joshua read to the people?

A). Only the blessings B). Every word Moses had commanded
C). Only the Ten Commandments D). Only the curses

8682. Who heard Joshua read the law, along with the men of Israel?

A). Only the priests and Levites B). Only the elders
C). The women, children and foreigners among them D). The kings of Canaan

8683. What did the kings west of the Jordan do when they heard about Israel's victories?

A). They came together to make war against Israel B). They ran away to Egypt
C). They sent gifts to Joshua D). They asked to join Israel

8684. Which people tricked Joshua into making a peace treaty?

A). The people of Jericho B). The people of Gibeon C). The people of Ai
D). The people of Moab

8685. Where was Joshua's camp when the Gibeonites came to him?

A). Gilgal B). Shittim C). Jericho D). Bethel

8686. Where did the Gibeonites say they had come from?

A). From Egypt B). From across the Jordan C). From the city of Ai
D). From a distant country

8687. What mistake did the Israelites make before making the treaty?

A). They attacked too early B). They forgot to count the men
C). They did not inquire of the LORD D). They did not write it down

8688. Why did the Israelites not attack the Gibeonites after learning the truth?

A). The Gibeonites were too strong B). Joshua was away
C). The Gibeonites paid them gold D). The leaders had sworn an oath by the LORD

8689. What work were the Gibeonites given to do?

A). Guarding the gates B). Cutting wood and carrying water C). Building walls
D). Making bricks

8690. The Gibeonites said to Joshua, "We are now in your hands. Do to us whatever seems ___ and right to you."

A). fair B). wise C). holy D). good

8691. The Gibeonites sent word to Joshua: "Do not abandon your servants. Come up to us quickly and ___ us!"

A). feed B). teach C). hide D). save

8692. What did the LORD tell Joshua about the five kings?

A). He should make peace with them B). He should wait a year
C). He should send only the priests D). He had given them into Joshua's hand

8693. How did Joshua take the Amorite armies by surprise?

A). He marched all night from Gilgal B). He came through a tunnel
C). He dressed like Gibeonites D). He attacked from the sea

8694. Joshua said, "Sun, stand still over ___, and you, moon, over the Valley of Aijalon."

A). Gibeon B). Jericho C). Gilgal D). Jerusalem

8695. In which book did the Bible say the sun standing still was also written?

A). The Book of the Law B). The Book of Jashar C). The Book of the Kings
D). The Book of the Wars of the LORD

8696. What made this day unlike any other day before or after it?

A). The LORD listened to a human being and fought for Israel
B). It was the first Sabbath in Canaan C). It rained for forty days
D). Israel had no battle to fight

8697. What did Joshua order to be placed at the mouth of the cave?

A). Large rocks B). A wooden door C). A fire D). The ark

8698. Joshua told his army commanders, "Do not be afraid; do not be discouraged. Be ___ and courageous."

A). patient B). strong C). quick D). ready

8699. Which king came up to help Lachish but was defeated by Joshua?

A). Japhia king of Lachish B). Adoni-Zedek king of Jerusalem C). Horam king of Gezer
D). Debir king of Eglon

8700. Why was Joshua able to conquer all these kings in one campaign?

A). Because his army was the largest B). Because the kings surrendered
C). Because Gibeon fought for him D). Because the LORD fought for Israel

8701. Where did Joshua and all Israel return after this campaign?

A). Jericho B). Shittim C). The camp at Gilgal D). Mount Ebal

8702. What did the LORD tell Joshua to do with the enemy's horses and chariots?

A). Keep them for Israel's army B). Give them to the priests

C). Hamstring the horses and burn the chariots D). Send them back to Hazor

8703. By what time did the LORD promise to hand the enemy over to Israel?

A). By the next new moon B). By this time tomorrow C). After seven days

D). After forty days

8704. How did Joshua attack the northern army?

A). He waited for them to leave B). He came against them suddenly

C). He sent spies first D). He made a treaty

8705. Of the cities built on their mounds, which one did Israel burn?

A). Gibeon B). Hebron C). Jerusalem D). Hazor

8706. How carefully did Joshua obey what the LORD had commanded Moses?

A). He obeyed most of it B). He changed some commands C). He left nothing undone

D). He obeyed only in battle

8707. How long did Joshua wage war against all these kings?

A). Seven days B). One year C). For a long time D). Forty days

8708. Which people did Joshua destroy from the hill country of Hebron and Debir?

A). The Philistines B). The Moabites C). The Edomites D). The Anakites

8709. What did the land have at the end of Joshua 11?

A). Rest from war B). A great famine C). A new king D). A flood

8710. How did Joshua give the land to Israel?

A). He sold it to the richest families B). He gave it all to the priests

C). He gave it as an inheritance by tribal divisions D). He kept it for himself

8711. How many kings west of the Jordan did Joshua and Israel defeat in all?

A). Twelve B). Twenty C). Forty D). Thirty-one

8712. What did the LORD tell Joshua when he had grown very old?

A). That the whole land was already taken

B). That there were still very large areas of land to be taken over

C). That he should appoint a king D). That Israel should return to Egypt

8713. The LORD said about the remaining peoples, "I ___ will drive them out before the Israelites."

A). myself B). soon C). always D). quickly

8714. Among whom was Joshua to divide the land west of the Jordan?

A). All twelve tribes B). The two and a half eastern tribes C). The priests and Levites
D). The nine tribes and half of the tribe of Manasseh

8715. Which priest helped Joshua and the tribal leaders give out the land in Canaan?

A). Aaron B). Phinehas C). Eli D). Eleazar

8716. Which man from the tribe of Judah came to Joshua to ask for his inheritance?

A). Achan B). Eleazar C). Caleb D). Othniel

8717. Which city did Joshua give Caleb as his inheritance?

A). Jericho B). Hebron C). Gibeon D). Bethel

8718. What did Zelophehad's daughters remind Eleazar and Joshua about?

A). That their father had been a great soldier
B). That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance
C). That they wanted to marry into Judah D). That Caleb had promised them springs

8719. Why did the people of Joseph complain to Joshua?

A). They had been given only one allotment though they were numerous
B). Their land had no water C). They wanted to live near Jerusalem
D). Their cities had been burned

8720. What did Joshua tell the people of Joseph to do if their land was too small?

A). Take land from Judah B). Go back across the Jordan C). Wait for the next lot
D). Go up into the forest and clear land for themselves

8721. What did Joshua say they could do even though the Canaanites were strong and had iron chariots?

A). Drive them out B). Hide in the forest C). Make a treaty with them
D). Move to Egypt

8722. Joshua said, "How long will you wait before you begin to take ___ of the land?"

A). care B). a count C). possession D). a look

8723. How many men from each tribe did Joshua tell the people to appoint to survey the land?

A). One B). Two C). Twelve D). Three

8724. How did Joshua decide which tribe received each part of the land?

A). He cast lots in the presence of the LORD B). He asked the oldest men
C). He gave the best land to the strongest tribe D). He let each tribe choose

8725. Who received his own inheritance after all the tribes had been given their land?

A). Caleb B). Eleazar C). Joshua D). Othniel

8726. Which town did Joshua ask for and receive?

A). Hebron B). Shiloh C). Gibeon D). Timnath Serah

8727. When did Joshua receive his own inheritance?

A). After all the tribes had received theirs B). Before any tribe received land
C). Right after Jericho fell D). Before crossing the Jordan

8728. What did Joshua do with the town he was given?

A). He gave it to the Levites B). He built up the town and settled there
C). He sold it to Caleb D). He burned it down

8729. Where did Eleazar and Joshua finish giving out the land by lot?

A). At Gilgal B). At Mount Ebal C). At the Jordan River
D). At Shiloh, at the entrance to the tent of meeting

8730. What special cities did the LORD tell Joshua to set apart?

A). Cities of refuge B). Cities of gold C). Cities for the kings
D). Cities for the priests only

8731. What did the Levites ask Eleazar and Joshua to give them?

A). A large territory like the other tribes
B). Towns to live in with pasturelands for their livestock C). Gold from the treasury
D). Their own king

8732. Where were Eleazar and Joshua when the Levites came to them?

A). At Shiloh in Canaan B). At Gilgal C). At Hebron D). At Jericho

8733. After the land had rest, what did Joshua tell the eastern tribes they could do?

A). Build a new city at Shiloh B). Return to their homes east of the Jordan
C). Go to war against Egypt D). Stay and guard Jericho

8734. Joshua said, "Be very careful... to love the LORD your God... and to serve him with all your heart and with all your ___."

A). strength B). mind C). soul D). might

8735. What did the eastern tribes take home with them?

A). Nothing but their weapons B). Only food for the journey
C). The ark of the covenant D). Great wealth and large herds of livestock

8736. Who called together Israel's elders, leaders, judges and officials when he was very old?

A). Moses B). Joshua C). Caleb D). Eleazar

8737. Who did Joshua say had fought for Israel?

A). Joshua himself B). The Gibeonites C). The LORD their God
D). Caleb and his sons

8738. "Be very strong; be careful to obey all that is written in the Book of the Law of Moses, without turning aside to the right or to the ___."

A). left B). side C). back D). front

8739. What did Joshua warn Israel not to do with the gods of the nations around them?

A). Build bigger temples for them B). Carry them into battle C). Trade them for gold

D). Invoke their names, swear by them, serve them or bow down to them

8740. According to Joshua, how many enemies could one Israelite rout because the LORD fought for them?

A). A thousand B). Ten C). A hundred D). Ten thousand

8741. "So be very careful to ___ the LORD your God."

A). fear B). love C). praise D). follow

8742. What did Joshua say the remaining nations would become if Israel allied with them?

A). Good friends and helpers B). Servants of Israel

C). Snares and traps, whips on their backs and thorns in their eyes D). A wall of protection

8743. What did Joshua mean when he said, "I am about to go the way of all the earth"?

A). He was about to die B). He was going on a journey C). He was going back to Egypt

D). He was going to conquer more land

8744. What did Joshua say would happen if Israel broke the covenant and served other gods?

A). Nothing would change B). They would get more land

C). The LORD would send another Joshua

D). The LORD's anger would burn and they would perish from the good land

8745. Where did Joshua gather all the tribes of Israel at the end of his life?

A). Shiloh B). Shechem C). Gilgal D). Jericho

8746. "But as for me and my ___, we will serve the LORD."

A). household B). people C). sons D). tribe

8747. "Then choose for yourselves this ___ whom you will serve."

A). year B). hour C). day D). week

8748. How did the people answer Joshua's challenge?

A). They chose the gods of Egypt B). They asked for more time

C). They chose the gods of the Amorites D). They said they too would serve the LORD

8749. Why did Joshua warn the people, "You are not able to serve the LORD"?

A). Because He is a holy God and a jealous God B). Because they were too few

C). Because they had no priests D). Because they lived too far from Shiloh

8750. What did Joshua set up under the oak near the holy place as a witness?

A). An altar of bronze B). A large stone C). A tall pillar of wood
D). The ark of the covenant

8751. How old was Joshua when he died?

A). One hundred and twenty B). Eighty-five C). One hundred and ten D). Ninety

8752. Where was Joshua buried?

A). At Shechem B). At Hebron C). At Shiloh D). At Timnath Serah

8753. How long did Israel serve the LORD after Joshua's death?

A). Throughout the lifetime of the elders who outlived him B). For one year only
C). Forever without stopping D). Until Eleazar was born

8754. After whose death did the Israelites ask the LORD which tribe should go up first to fight against the Canaanites?

A). Moses B). Joshua C). Aaron D). Eli

8755. How long did the people serve the LORD after entering the land?

A). Throughout the lifetime of Joshua and the elders who outlived him
B). Only while Moses was alive C). For forty years after crossing the Jordan
D). Until the ark was captured

8756. How old was Joshua son of Nun when he died?

A). 100 B). 110 C). 120 D). 130

8757. Where was Joshua buried?

A). Shiloh B). Gilgal C). Shechem D). Timnath Heres

8758. Why did the LORD say He would leave the nations that Joshua had not driven out?

A). To give Israel servants to work for them
B). To test Israel and see if they would keep the way of the LORD
C). To protect Israel from Egypt D). To punish the nations later

8759. Which man rebuilt Jericho at the cost of his firstborn and youngest sons, as the LORD had spoken through Joshua?

A). Shemer B). Arza C). Hiel of Bethel D). Tibni

8760. Which famous leader from the tribe of Ephraim is named as the son of Nun?

A). Caleb B). Gideon C). Joshua D). Samuel

8761. Nehemiah 8:17 says the Israelites had not celebrated like this since the days of whom?

A). Joshua son of Nun B). King David C). King Solomon D). Moses

8762. Who was the high priest that received Haggai's message?

A). Eliashib B). Joshua son of Jozadak C). Zadok D). Ezra

8763. How did Zerubbabel, Joshua and the remnant respond to Haggai's message?

A). They mocked Haggai B). They left Jerusalem
C). They obeyed the voice of the LORD and feared Him
D). They asked the king for permission

8764. What did the LORD do so that the people began work on His house?

A). He sent an angel B). He sent rain C). He gave them gold
D). He stirred up their spirit

8765. Complete the verse: "Be strong, all you people of the land," declares the LORD, "and ___. For I am with you."

A). pray B). rest C). work D). sing

8766. What does Hebrews 4:8 say would not have happened if Joshua had given the people rest?

A). God would not have spoken later about another day B). Moses would not have led them
C). The Israelites would have returned to Egypt D). David would not have become king

Joshua (high priest)

8767. With whom had the priests and Levites listed at the start of Nehemiah 12 returned from exile?

A). Nehemiah and Hanani B). Ezra and Eliashib
C). Zerubbabel son of Shealtiel and Joshua D). Sanballat and Tobiah

Joshua the high priest

8768. Which high priest did Zechariah see standing before the angel of the Lord?

A). Eli B). Aaron C). Joshua D). Zadok

8769. Who stood at Joshua's right side to accuse him?

A). Satan B). An angel C). Zerubbabel D). A prophet

8770. What did the Lord call Joshua when He rebuked Satan?

A). A lamp on a stand B). A burning stick snatched from the fire
C). A tree planted by water D). A stone in the wall

8771. What kind of clothes was Joshua wearing as he stood before the angel?

A). Fine linen B). Sackcloth C). Filthy clothes D). Royal robes

8772. What did taking off Joshua's filthy clothes show?

A). He was leaving the priesthood B). God had taken away his sin
C). He was going on a journey D). He had become a king

8773. What did Zechariah ask to be put on Joshua's head?

A). A crown of gold B). A garland of flowers C). Oil D). A clean turban

8774. On whose head was the crown to be set?

A). Zerubbabel B). Joshua son of Jozadak C). Darius D). Heldai

Josiah

8775. The man of God said a son of the house of David would one day sacrifice the priests of the high places on the altar. What was his name?

A). Hezekiah B). Asa C). Jehoshaphat D). Josiah

8776. Who did the people of the land make king after Amon?

A). Eliakim B). The high priest C). His officials D). His son Josiah

8777. How old was Josiah when he became king?

A). Twelve B). Eight C). Sixteen D). Seven

8778. How long did Josiah reign in Jerusalem?

A). Thirty-one years B). Fifty-five years C). Forty years D). Twenty-nine years

8779. Josiah followed completely the ways of his father David, "not turning aside to the right or to the _____."

A). past B). world C). enemy D). left

8780. In which year of his reign did Josiah send Shaphan to the temple?

A). The eighth year B). The twelfth year C). The eighteenth year
D). The thirty-first year

8781. What was the money in the temple to be used for in Josiah's time?

A). To pay tribute to Egypt B). To pay workers to repair the temple
C). To build a new palace D). To buy weapons

8782. What important book was found in the temple during Josiah's reign?

A). The Book of Psalms B). The Book of Kings C). The Book of the Law
D). The Book of Isaiah

8783. Who read the Book of the Law to King Josiah?

A). Hilkiah the high priest B). Shaphan the secretary C). Huldah D). Ahikam

8784. What did Josiah do when he heard the words of the Book of the Law?

A). He tore his robes B). He burned the book C). He laughed D). He hid the book

8785. Why did Josiah say the LORD's anger burned against them?

A). The temple had not been repaired B). Assyria was attacking
C). The priests were lazy D). Their ancestors had not obeyed the words of the book

8786. Why did the LORD say He had heard King Josiah?

A). His heart was responsive and he humbled himself before the LORD

B). He paid for the temple repairs C). He defeated many enemies

D). He was the son of Amon

8787. What did the LORD promise Josiah through Huldah?

A). He would never die B). Judah would never be punished

C). He would rule for another fifty years

D). His eyes would not see the disaster, and he would be buried in peace

8788. What did Josiah read to all the people at the temple?

A). The Psalms of David B). The words of Isaiah C). The Book of the Covenant

D). The letter from Babylon

8789. What did Josiah promise when he renewed the covenant?

A). To build a new temple B). To follow the LORD with all his heart and all his soul

C). To make peace with Egypt D). To destroy Babylon

8790. Where did Josiah burn the objects made for Baal and Asherah?

A). In the fields of the Kidron Valley outside Jerusalem B). In the temple courts

C). On Mount Carmel D). In Samaria

8791. Which place did Josiah desecrate so no one could sacrifice children there to Molek?

A). The high place at Gibeon B). The altar at Dan C). The pool of Siloam

D). Topheth in the Valley of Ben Hinnom

8792. What did Josiah burn that the kings of Judah had dedicated to the sun?

A). Tents B). Harps C). Chariots D). Scrolls

8793. Which altar, set up by Jeroboam, did Josiah demolish?

A). The altar in Samaria B). The altar at Bethel C). The altar at Damascus

D). The altar in Jerusalem's temple

8794. Why did Josiah burn bones from the tombs on the altar at Bethel?

A). It fulfilled the word of the LORD proclaimed by the man of God

B). He wanted to honour the dead C). The priests asked him to

D). It was a Passover custom

8795. What did Josiah command about the tomb of the man of God from Judah?

A). Burn his bones on the altar B). Move the tomb to Jerusalem

C). Build a temple over it D). Leave it alone and do not disturb his bones

8796. Which festival did Josiah command the people to celebrate?

A). The Festival of Tabernacles B). The Day of Atonement C). The Passover

D). Purim

8797. How special was Josiah's Passover?

A). It was the first Passover ever held

B). No such Passover had been held since the days of the judges C). It lasted forty days

D). Only priests took part

8798. No king was like Josiah, who turned to the LORD "with all his heart and with all his soul and with all his _____."

A). strength B). mind C). wealth D). family

8799. Why did the LORD still not turn away from His anger against Judah?

A). Because Josiah failed to celebrate Passover

B). Because the Book of the Law was lost again C). Because of Hezekiah's pride

D). Because of everything Manasseh had done to arouse His anger

8800. Which Pharaoh killed Josiah at Megiddo?

A). Pharaoh So B). Pharaoh Shishak C). Pharaoh Necho D). Pharaoh Hophra

8801. Which order of kings in Solomon's line is correct?

A). Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah B). Josiah, Amon, Manasseh, Hezekiah

C). Manasseh, Hezekiah, Josiah, Amon D). Hezekiah, Josiah, Manasseh, Amon

8802. Whom did the people make king after Amon was assassinated?

A). Josiah B). Jehoiakim C). Zedekiah D). Manasseh

8803. How old was Josiah when he became king?

A). Twelve B). Sixteen C). Eight D). Seven

8804. How is Josiah's faithfulness described?

A). He sometimes followed the LORD B). He followed the LORD only at the end

C). He followed the ways of the kings of Israel

D). He followed the ways of David, not turning aside to the right or to the left

8805. In which year of his reign did Josiah begin to seek the God of David, while he was still young?

A). The eighth year B). The twelfth year C). The eighteenth year D). The first year

8806. What did Josiah begin to do in the twelfth year of his reign?

A). Rebuild the city walls

B). Purge Judah and Jerusalem of high places, Asherah poles and idols

C). Go to war with Egypt D). Build a new palace

8807. Who read from the Book of the Law in the presence of the king?

A). Shaphan the secretary B). Hilkiah the priest C). Huldah the prophet

D). Josiah himself

8808. What did King Josiah do when he heard the words of the Law?

A). He laughed B). He tore his robes C). He burned the book D). He went to sleep

8809. Why did Josiah say the LORD's anger was great against them?

A). Because Assyria had attacked B). Because the temple was old
C). Because those before them had not kept the word of the LORD
D). Because the priests were lazy

8810. What did the LORD promise Josiah because his heart was responsive and he humbled himself?

A). He would live forever B). He would be buried in peace and not see the disaster
C). He would conquer Assyria D). His sons would never sin

8811. What did Josiah read to all the people at the temple?

A). The Psalms of David B). The Proverbs of Solomon
C). All the words of the Book of the Covenant D). The letters of Isaiah

8812. What did Josiah do as he stood by his pillar?

A). He crowned his son B). He blessed the priests C). He called for war
D). He renewed the covenant to follow the LORD with all his heart and soul

8813. How long did the people not fail to follow the LORD?

A). As long as Josiah lived B). For forty years C). Forever after
D). Until Hilkiah died

8814. Which festival did Josiah celebrate to the LORD in Jerusalem?

A). The Passover B). The Festival of Tabernacles C). The Festival of Weeks
D). Purim

8815. On which day was the Passover lamb slaughtered?

A). The first day of the first month B). The fourteenth day of the first month
C). The fourteenth day of the second month D). The seventh day of the seventh month

8816. What did Josiah tell the Levites about the sacred ark?

A). To carry it into battle B). To send it to Babylon
C). To put it in the temple Solomon built and not carry it about on their shoulders
D). To cover it with new gold

8817. Where did Josiah get the 30,000 sheep and goats and 3,000 cattle for the Passover offerings?

A). From the temple treasury B). From Egypt C). From the priests
D). From his own possessions

8818. How did Josiah's Passover compare with earlier Passovers?

A). It was smaller than Hezekiah's

B). None had been observed like it since the days of the prophet Samuel

C). It was the first Passover ever D). It was the same as every year

8819. In which year of Josiah's reign was this Passover celebrated?

A). The eighth year B). The twelfth year C). The eighteenth year

D). The thirty-first year

8820. Which king of Egypt went up to fight at Carchemish?

A). Shishak B). So C). Pharaoh Hophra D). Necho

8821. What did Necho warn Josiah through his messengers?

A). Stop opposing God, who is with me, or He will destroy you

B). Pay me gold or I will attack Jerusalem C). Join me against Babylon

D). Give me your daughter in marriage

8822. What did Josiah do instead of turning away from Necho?

A). He sent gifts B). He disguised himself and went to fight C). He prayed for peace

D). He hid in Jerusalem

8823. Where did Josiah go to fight Necho?

A). The Valley of Salt B). Beth Shemesh C). The plain of Megiddo

D). Ramoth Gilead

8824. What happened to Josiah in the battle?

A). He won a great victory B). He was captured C). He ran away

D). Archers shot him, and he died

8825. Which prophet composed laments for Josiah?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Huldah D). Ezekiel

8826. In which year of King Josiah's reign did the word of the LORD first come to Jeremiah?

A). The first year B). The eighth year C). The eighteenth year

D). The thirteenth year

8827. During which king's reign did the LORD speak to Jeremiah about faithless Israel?

A). Zedekiah B). Hezekiah C). Josiah D). Jehoiakim

8828. God said not to weep for the dead king, but weep for the one who was exiled. What was the name of this son of Josiah who would never return?

A). Shallum B). Eliakim C). Mattaniah D). Gedaliah

8829. God spoke of the king's father, who defended the cause of the poor and needy. What did God say this meant?

A). That he was rich B). That this is what it means to know the LORD

C). That he was a great soldier D). That he was a priest

8830. God said Jehoiakim would have the burial of which animal?

A). A donkey B). A dog C). A goat D). An ox

8831. For how many years had Jeremiah been speaking the word of the LORD to the people by this time?

A). Thirteen years B). Forty years C). Twenty-three years D). Seven years

8832. Whom did Nebuchadnezzar make king of Judah in place of Jehoiachin?

A). Jehoiakim B). Gedaliah C). Zedekiah D). Shallum

8833. Who was king of Judah when the word of the LORD came to Zephaniah?

A). Hezekiah B). Josiah C). Manasseh D). Ahaz

8834. To which place were the people deported during the time of Jeconiah?

A). Egypt B). Babylon C). Assyria D). Persia

Jotham

8835. How many brothers does Judges 9:5 say Abimelek murdered on one stone at Ophrah?

A). Twelve B). Seventy C). Forty D). Thirty

8836. Which son of Gideon (Jerub-Baal) escaped by hiding when Abimelek killed his brothers?

A). Jether B). Gaal C). Zebul D). Jotham

8837. From the top of which mountain did Jotham shout his story to the people of Shechem?

A). Mount Gerizim B). Mount Ebal C). Mount Tabor D). Mount Zalmon

8838. In Jotham's story, which tree did the trees ask first to be their king?

A). The fig tree B). The vine C). The olive tree D). The cedar

8839. In Jotham's story, which plant finally agreed to be king over the trees?

A). The olive tree B). The thornbush C). The fig tree D). The vine

8840. Complete what the thornbush said: "Let fire come out of the thornbush and consume the ___ of Lebanon!"

A). oaks B). forests C). mountains D). cedars

8841. In Jotham's story, whom did the thornbush represent?

A). Abimelek B). Jotham C). Gideon D). Gaal

8842. Where did Jotham flee and live because he was afraid of Abimelek?

A). Shechem B). Ophrah C). Beer D). Thebez

8843. How does Judges 9 explain the deaths of Abimelek and the downfall of Shechem?

A). Abimelek's son became king in his place B). Shechem made peace with the Midianites
C). God repaid Abimelek for murdering his brothers, and Jotham's curse came on Shechem
D). Gideon's ephod was destroyed in the fire

8844. Who governed the people of Judah while King Azariah had leprosy?

A). His son Jotham B). His mother Jekoliah C). The high priest D). His son Ahaz

8845. What part of the temple did King Jotham rebuild?

A). The altar B). The Most Holy Place C). The Upper Gate D). The bronze Sea

8846. Which two kings did the LORD begin to send against Judah in Jotham's days?

A). Pul and Menahem B). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah son of Remaliah
C). Hazael and Ben-Hadad D). Tiglath-Pileser and Hoshea

8847. Which son of Jotham became king of Judah at twenty and reigned sixteen years?

A). Hezekiah B). Azariah C). Manasseh D). Ahaz

8848. Which son of Uzziah governed the people while Uzziah had leprosy?

A). Ahaz B). Hezekiah C). Jotham D). Manasseh

8849. How many years did Jotham reign in Jerusalem?

A). Fifty-two B). Sixteen C). Twenty-five D). Eight

8850. How was Jotham different from his father Uzziah?

A). He worshiped idols B). He never went to war
C). He did not enter the temple of the LORD D). He did not build anything

8851. Even though Jotham did right, what did the people continue to do?

A). Worship in the temple B). Bring tithes C). Keep the Sabbath
D). Their corrupt practices

8852. Which gate of the temple did Jotham rebuild?

A). The Upper Gate B). The Horse Gate C). The Fish Gate D). The Sheep Gate

8853. Which people did Jotham conquer in war?

A). The Philistines B). The Ammonites C). The Edomites D). The Arameans

8854. How much silver did the Ammonites pay Jotham that year?

A). Ten talents B). One thousand talents C). A hundred talents D). Fifty talents

8855. Why did Jotham grow powerful?

A). He had a large army B). He married a princess C). He paid other kings
D). He walked steadfastly before the LORD his God

8856. Who succeeded Jotham as king?

A). Ahaz B). Hezekiah C). Uzziah D). Manasseh

8857. Which group of kings ruled Judah during the time of Isaiah's vision?

A). Saul, David, Solomon and Rehoboam B). Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Asa, Jehoshaphat, Joash and Amaziah D). Manasseh, Amon, Josiah and Jehoiakim

8858. During the reigns of which kings of Judah did Micah prophesy?

A). Uzziah, Jotham and Ahaz B). Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Ahaz, Hezekiah and Manasseh D). Hezekiah, Manasseh and Josiah

Judah

8859. Which brother suggested selling Joseph instead of killing him?

A). Judah B). Reuben C). Dan D). Benjamin

8860. Which of Jacob's sons is the main figure in this chapter, who married a Canaanite woman?

A). Reuben B). Levi C). Joseph D). Judah

8861. Who was Tamar first given to as a wife?

A). Onan B). Shelah C). Er D). Perez

8862. Why did Er, Judah's firstborn, die?

A). He was killed in battle
B). He was wicked in the Lord's sight, so the Lord put him to death C). He died of an illness
D). He was struck by an accident

8863. Why did Judah send Tamar back to her father's house as a widow?

A). He was angry with her B). He wanted her to remarry elsewhere
C). He feared his third son Shelah might also die D). He had no more sons

8864. What personal items did Tamar receive from Judah as a pledge?

A). His robe and sandals B). A ring and a cloak C). Silver and gold
D). His seal, its cord, and his staff

8865. How did Tamar prove that Judah was the father of her child?

A). By calling witnesses B). By showing a written record
C). By sending Judah his own seal, cord, and staff D). By bringing her father to testify

8866. Why did the brothers say they could not return to Egypt without Benjamin?

A). Benjamin wanted to see Egypt B). Jacob had ordered it
C). They needed his help to carry grain
D). The man in charge had warned them not to appear without their brother

8867. Which brother personally guaranteed Benjamin's safety to Jacob?

A). Reuben B). Simeon C). Judah D). Levi

8868. Which brother spoke for the group when they returned to Joseph?

A). Reuben B). Simeon C). Judah D). Levi

8869. In his plea, what did Judah explain about Benjamin and their father?

A). That Benjamin wished to stay in Egypt
B). That their father loved Benjamin deeply and might die if he was lost
C). That Benjamin had done nothing wrong D). That their father had many other sons

8870. What did Judah offer to do to save Benjamin?

A). Pay a large ransom B). Bring their father to Egypt
C). Stay as a slave in Benjamin's place D). Give up his own sons

8871. Whom did Jacob send ahead to Joseph to get directions to Goshen?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Simeon D). Benjamin

8872. What did Jacob prophesy about Judah?

A). That he would be scattered B). That he would live by the sea
C). That he would receive no blessing
D). That his brothers would praise him and the scepter would not depart from him

8873. To what animal did Jacob compare Judah in his blessing?

A). An eagle B). A wolf C). A lion D). An ox

8874. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Israel listed in 1 Chronicles 2?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Esau D). Benjamin

8875. Why did the LORD put Er, Judah's firstborn, to death?

A). He refused to obey his father B). He was wicked in the LORD's sight
C). He married a foreign woman D). He worshiped idols in Egypt

8876. Who was the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Leah C). Rachel D). Rahab

8877. What does 1 Chronicles 5:2 say about Judah?

A). He was the strongest of his brothers and a ruler came from him
B). He received the rights of the firstborn C). He was the youngest of his brothers
D). He was sent into exile by Assyria

8878. In Jesus' genealogy, who is named as the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Rahab C). Ruth D). Leah

Judas

8879. Which former apostle did Peter say served as a guide for those who arrested Jesus?

A). Thomas B). Judas C). Matthias D). Bartholomew

8880. According to Peter, what did Judas buy with the reward for his wickedness?

A). A house B). A field C). A boat D). A tomb

8881. What did the people of Jerusalem call the field connected with Judas?

A). Gethsemane B). Golgotha C). Akeldama D). Bethany

8882. From which book did Peter quote to show Judas must be replaced?

A). Psalms B). Isaiah C). Jeremiah D). Proverbs

Judas (not Judas Iscariot)

8883. Which disciple asked why Jesus would show himself to them and not to the world?

A). Judas (not Judas Iscariot) B). Thomas C). Philip D). Peter

Judas Barsabbas

8884. Which two leaders were chosen to go to Antioch with Paul and Barnabas?

A). Peter and John B). Mark and Luke C). Judas called Barsabbas and Silas
D). Timothy and Titus

8885. What did Judas and Silas, who were prophets, do in Antioch?

A). They said much to encourage and strengthen the believers
B). They performed great miracles C). They appointed new apostles
D). They wrote another letter

Judas Iscariot

8886. Which apostle is described as the one who betrayed Jesus?

A). Simon the Zealot B). James son of Alphaeus C). Judas Iscariot D). Philip

8887. How much did the chief priests pay Judas Iscariot to hand Jesus over?

A). Thirty pieces of silver B). Forty pieces of gold C). Ten silver coins
D). A hundred denarii

8888. How did Jesus describe the one who would betray him?

A). The one sitting at his right B). The one who dipped his hand into the bowl with him
C). The one who arrived last D). The one holding the money bag

8889. What sign did Judas use to show the crowd which man was Jesus?

A). A wave of his hand B). Pointing with a torch C). A kiss
D). Calling his name loudly

8890. When Judas returned the silver, he said, "I have sinned, for I have betrayed _____ blood."

A). holy B). precious C). royal D). innocent

8891. What did Judas do with the thirty pieces of silver after the chief priests refused it?

A). Gave it to the poor B). Buried it C). Threw the money into the temple
D). Gave it back to Pilate

8892. What did the chief priests buy with Judas's money?

A). A new altar for the temple B). The potter's field, as a burial place for foreigners
C). Land for the poor D). A house for widows

8893. Which of the twelve apostles later betrayed Jesus?

A). Thomas B). Judas Iscariot C). Matthew D). Philip

8894. Which of the twelve went to the chief priests to betray Jesus?

A). Judas Iscariot B). Peter C). Thomas D). Matthew

8895. How did Jesus describe the one who would betray him?

A). A stranger from another town
B). One of the twelve, who dips bread into the bowl with him C). One of the Pharisees
D). A Roman soldier

8896. What signal did Judas use to show the crowd which man was Jesus?

A). A handshake B). Pointing his finger C). A kiss D). Calling his name loudly

8897. Which apostle does Luke say became a traitor?

A). Judas son of James B). Thomas C). Philip D). Judas Iscariot

8898. Into whom did Satan enter before he went to the chief priests to betray Jesus?

A). Peter B). Thomas C). Judas the son of James D). Judas called Iscariot

8899. How did Judas betray Jesus, according to Jesus' own words?

A). With a letter B). With a shout C). With a kiss D). With a sign of his hand

8900. When Jesus said one of the Twelve was a devil, whom did he mean?

A). Thomas B). Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot C). Simon the Zealot D). Matthew

8901. Which disciple objected, saying the perfume should have been sold and the money given to the poor?

A). Thomas B). Peter C). Philip D). Judas Iscariot

8902. Why did Judas really say the perfume should have been sold?

A). He was a thief and used to help himself to the money bag B). He cared about the poor
C). He wanted to buy food D). He was jealous of Mary

8903. According to John 13:2, what had the devil already done before the evening meal?

A). Tempted Peter to deny Jesus B). Prompted Judas to betray Jesus
C). Entered the temple D). Spoken to Pilate

8904. How did Jesus show who would betray him?

A). He pointed at him B). He gave him the piece of bread after dipping it in the dish
C). He washed his feet last D). He gave him the money bag

8905. When Jesus told Judas, "What you are about to do, do quickly," what did some disciples think it meant?

A). Judas was going to pray B). Judas was going to fetch water
C). Judas was to buy what was needed for the festival or give to the poor
D). Judas was going home

8906. What time of day was it when Judas went out?

A). Dawn B). Midday C). Afternoon D). Night

8907. Who guided the soldiers and officials to the olive grove to arrest Jesus?

A). Judas B). Peter C). Pilate D). Annas

Judas the Galilean

8908. Which two men did Gamaliel name as leaders whose followers were scattered?

A). Simon and Barabbas B). Ananias and Annas C). Theudas and Judas the Galilean
D). Herod and Pilate

Jude

8909. According to Jude 1, whose brother was Jude?

A). Peter B). John C). James D). Paul

8910. Complete the verse: "I felt compelled to write and urge you to ____ for the faith that was once for all entrusted to God's holy people."

A). pray B). contend C). wait D). search

Julius

8911. Which centurion of the Imperial Regiment was in charge of Paul on the voyage to Italy?

A). Cornelius B). Claudius C). Lysias D). Julius

8912. How did Julius treat Paul at Sidon?

A). Harshly, keeping him chained below deck B). With kindness, allowing him to visit friends
C). He ignored him D). He punished him

8913. At Myra, what kind of ship did the centurion find sailing for Italy?

A). An Alexandrian ship B). A Roman warship C). A Phoenician fishing boat
D). A Greek merchant ship from Corinth

8914. Whom did the centurion listen to instead of Paul?

A). The soldiers B). The pilot and the owner of the ship C). The other prisoners
D). Aristarchus

8915. Why did the centurion stop the soldiers from killing the prisoners?

A). He was afraid of Caesar B). The prisoners begged him
C). He wanted to spare Paul's life D). There was no time

Junia

8916. Which two people does Paul say had been in prison with him?

A). Priscilla and Aquila B). Timothy and Titus C). Andronicus and Junia
D). Gaius and Erastus

Kenaniah

8917. Why was Kenaniah put in charge of the singing?

A). He was the oldest Levite B). He was skillful at it C). He was David's cousin
D). He had the loudest voice

8918. What duties were Kenaniah and his sons given away from the temple?

A). Officials and judges over Israel B). Builders of city walls
C). Keepers of the royal gardens D). Messengers to foreign kings

Keturah

8919. Which woman gave birth to Abraham's sons Zimran, Jokshan, Medan, Midian, Ishbak and Shuah?

A). Sarah B). Hagar C). Rebekah D). Keturah

Kilion

8920. What were the names of Naomi's two sons?

A). Mahlon and Kilion B). Perez and Zerah C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Nadab and Abihu

8921. What were the names of the two Moabite women who married Naomi's sons?

A). Leah and Rachel B). Orpah and Ruth C). Mary and Martha
D). Peninnah and Hannah

Kimham

8922. Whom did Barzillai send with David in his place?

A). Kimham B). Makir C). Amasa D). Ittai

Kish

8923. Who was Saul's father?

A). Abiel B). Kish C). Jesse D). Ner

8924. What had Saul's father lost?

A). Some donkeys B). Some sheep C). His silver D). A camel

8925. Who was the father of King Saul?

A). Ner B). Abner C). Jesse D). Kish

8926. Which order is correct, from grandfather to grandson?

A). Ner, Kish, Saul B). Kish, Ner, Saul C). Saul, Kish, Ner D). Kish, Saul, Ner

Kohath

8927. Who were the three sons of Levi, whose families formed the Levite clans?

A). Nadab, Abihu, and Eleazar B). Reuben, Simeon, and Judah
C). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari D). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam

8928. What was the special task of the Kohathites?

A). To carry the curtains and coverings B). To carry the frames and bases
C). To guard the outer gate D). To carry the most holy things of the tabernacle

8929. Why were the Kohathites not allowed to touch the holy things?

A). So the objects would not get dirty B). So they would not touch the holy things and die
C). Because only women could carry them D). Because they were too heavy to lift

8930. Which of these was NOT a son of Levi?

A). Gershon B). Kohath C). Merari D). Korah

8931. How often did some Kohathites prepare the bread set out on the table?

A). Every day B). Every new moon C). Every Sabbath D). Once a year

Konaniah

8932. Which Levite was put in charge of the contributions, tithes and dedicated gifts?

A). Kore B). Shimei C). Azariah D). Konaniah

Korah

8933. Who led the rebellion against Moses and Aaron in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Korah, Dathan, and Abiram
D). Miriam and Aaron

8934. What did the rebels claim against Moses and Aaron?

A). That Moses was too old to lead
B). That the whole community was holy, so Moses and Aaron had set themselves too high
C). That they wanted to return to Egypt D). That there was no food or water

8935. What test did Moses set to show whom God had chosen?

A). A test of strength B). A footrace to the tent of meeting C). Drawing lots with stones
D). Each was to take a censer and offer incense before the Lord

8936. What happened to Korah, Dathan, Abiram, and their households?

A). They were sent away from the camp B). The ground opened and swallowed them
C). They were struck with leprosy D). They fled into the wilderness

8937. Jude says these people have taken the way of Cain and rushed for profit into Balaam's error. Whose rebellion does he also mention?

A). Absalom's rebellion B). Korah's rebellion C). Jeroboam's rebellion
D). Sheba's rebellion

Laban

8938. Who was Rebekah's brother that welcomed the servant?

A). Esau B). Laban C). Jacob D). Bethuel

8939. What did the servant do before he would eat in Laban's house?

A). He rested from his journey B). He told them why he had come
C). He counted his gifts D). He watered his camels again

8940. Where did Isaac send Jacob to find a wife?

A). To Paddan Aram, to the family of Laban B). To Egypt C). To the land of Canaan
D). To Beersheba

8941. What did Jacob do at the well when he saw Rachel?

A). He rolled the stone away and watered Laban's sheep B). He gave her gold
C). He asked her for water D). He rested in the shade

8942. Who was Rachel's father, who welcomed Jacob into his home?

A). Bethuel B). Nahor C). Laban D). Esau

8943. How many years did Jacob agree to work for Laban in order to marry Rachel?

A). Three years B). Ten years C). Fourteen years D). Seven years

8944. What did Laban do on the wedding night instead of giving Rachel to Jacob?

A). He canceled the wedding B). He asked for more years of work first
C). He sent Jacob away D). He gave Jacob Leah

8945. What reason did Laban give for tricking Jacob into marrying Leah first?

A). Rachel had refused Jacob
B). It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older
C). Leah had asked to marry first D). Jacob had not worked long enough

8946. In total, how many years did Jacob work for Laban to marry both daughters?

A). Seven years B). Ten years C). Fourteen years D). Twenty years

8947. What did Jacob ask Laban for after Joseph was born?

A). More land B). A share of the harvest C). To be sent home to his own country
D). A new tent

8948. Why did Laban want Jacob to stay with him?

A). Jacob owed him money B). Jacob had no place to go C). Laban needed a guard
D). Laban had learned the LORD had blessed him because of Jacob

8949. What animals did Jacob ask to take as his wages from Laban's flocks?

A). All the white sheep B). The speckled, spotted, and dark-colored animals
C). The strongest rams D). Half of every kind

8950. What did Rachel take from her father when the family left?

A). His flocks B). His silver cups C). His clothing D). His household gods

8951. How many days after Jacob fled was Laban told about it?

A). One day B). Three days C). Seven days D). Ten days

8952. What did God warn Laban in a dream not to do to Jacob?

A). Take back his flocks B). Follow him any further C). Tell his brothers
D). Say anything to him, good or bad

8953. Where did Rachel hide the household gods so Laban could not find them?

A). Under a pile of stones B). In Jacob's tent
C). Inside her camel's saddle, and she sat on it D). Buried under a tree

8954. What did Jacob and his relatives set up as a sign of their agreement?

A). An altar of gold B). A heap of stones C). A wooden pole D). A tent of meeting

8955. What was the meaning behind the name Mizpah given to the place?

A). A place of rest
B). A watchtower where the Lord watches between two parties when they are apart
C). A house of God D). A well of water

8956. How many years did Jacob say he had served Laban in total?

A). Seven years B). Fourteen years C). Twenty years D). Forty years

8957. Why did Rachel and Leah agree to leave with Jacob?

A). They wanted to visit Isaac

B). They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs

C). They were afraid of Esau D). They wished to return the household gods

8958. What kind of object was Galeed, the witness between Jacob and Laban?

A). A heap of stones B). A large tree C). A river D). A city gate

Lahmi

8959. Who killed Lahmi, the brother of Goliath the Gittite?

A). David B). Elhanan son of Jair C). Jonathan son of Shimea D). Joab

8960. Whose brother is described as having a spear with a shaft like a weaver's rod?

A). Goliath's brother Lahmi B). Saul's brother C). Joab's brother

D). Hanun's brother

Lazarus

8961. In which village did Lazarus live with his sisters?

A). Bethlehem B). Bethany C). Bethsaida D). Cana

8962. Which sister of Lazarus is described as the one who poured perfume on the Lord and wiped his feet with her hair?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Mary D). Salome

8963. When Jesus heard that Lazarus was sick, what did he say the sickness was for?

A). To punish Lazarus B). To test Martha C). To end in death

D). For God's glory, so that God's Son may be glorified through it

8964. How long did Jesus stay where he was after hearing Lazarus was sick?

A). Two more days B). One more week C). Three hours D). Forty days

8965. Jesus said, "Our friend Lazarus has fallen asleep." What did he mean?

A). Lazarus was resting B). Lazarus was getting better C). Lazarus was dead

D). Lazarus was dreaming

8966. When Jesus arrived, how many days had Lazarus been in the tomb?

A). Four days B). Three days C). Two days D). Seven days

8967. What did Jesus call out in a loud voice at the tomb?

A). Wake up, my friend! B). Rise and walk! C). Be healed! D). Lazarus, come out!

8968. How many days before the Passover did Jesus come to Bethany in John 12?

A). Six days B). Three days C). Two days D). Ten days

8969. At the dinner in Bethany, who served?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Lazarus D). Peter

8970. Why did the chief priests make plans to kill Lazarus as well?

A). He had insulted them

B). On account of him many Jews were going over to Jesus and believing in him

C). He refused to pay the temple tax D). He had broken the Sabbath

Lazarus the beggar

8971. What was the name of the beggar laid at the rich man's gate?

A). Simon B). Bartimaeus C). Zacchaeus D). Lazarus

8972. What animals came and licked the beggar's sores?

A). Cats B). Dogs C). Pigs D). Goats

8973. When the beggar died, where did the angels carry him?

A). To the temple B). To the rich man's house C). To Abraham's side

D). To the wilderness

8974. What did the rich man ask Abraham to send Lazarus to do?

A). Dip the tip of his finger in water and cool his tongue B). Bring him bread

C). Pray for him D). Open the gate

8975. How many brothers did the rich man want Lazarus to warn?

A). Two B). Seven C). Five D). Three

Leah

8976. How does the chapter describe the difference between Leah and Rachel?

A). Leah was older and Rachel was younger B). Leah was a shepherd and Rachel was not

C). Leah lived far away D). Leah was married already

8977. What did Laban do on the wedding night instead of giving Rachel to Jacob?

A). He canceled the wedding B). He asked for more years of work first

C). He sent Jacob away D). He gave Jacob Leah

8978. What reason did Laban give for tricking Jacob into marrying Leah first?

A). Rachel had refused Jacob

B). It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older

C). Leah had asked to marry first D). Jacob had not worked long enough

8979. In total, how many years did Jacob work for Laban to marry both daughters?

A). Seven years B). Ten years C). Fourteen years D). Twenty years

8980. Why did the LORD enable Leah to have children?

A). Because she was the older sister B). Because she was not loved

C). Because Jacob asked God D). Because Laban prayed

8981. What was the order of the first four sons Leah bore to Jacob?

A). Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah B). Judah, Levi, Simeon, Reuben

C). Levi, Reuben, Judah, Simeon D). Simeon, Judah, Reuben, Levi

8982. Why was Rachel jealous of her sister Leah?

A). Leah was wealthier B). Leah was bearing children while Rachel had none

C). Leah was more loved by Jacob D). Leah owned more flocks

8983. What was the name of the daughter Leah bore to Jacob?

A). Dinah B). Rachel C). Zilpah D). Bilhah

8984. Why did Rachel and Leah agree to leave with Jacob?

A). They wanted to visit Isaac

B). They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs

C). They were afraid of Esau D). They wished to return the household gods

8985. How did Jacob arrange his family as they approached Esau?

A). He put Rachel and Joseph in the front

B). He placed all the children together in the middle

C). He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

D). He sent his wives back and went alone

8986. Who was the daughter of Leah and Jacob mentioned at the start of this chapter?

A). Rachel B). Rebekah C). Bilhah D). Dinah

8987. The people prayed that Ruth would be like which two women who built up the family of Israel?

A). Sarah and Rebekah B). Rachel and Leah C). Miriam and Deborah

D). Hannah and Peninnah

Lemuel

8988. According to Proverbs 31:1, who taught King Lemuel these sayings?

A). His father B). His mother C). A prophet D). His teacher

8989. According to Proverbs 31:4-5, why is it not for kings to drink wine?

A). Wine is too costly B). They might forget what the law decrees and deprive the oppressed

C). Wine makes them sleepy in battle D). Only priests may drink it

Levi

8990. Which two sons of Jacob attacked the city of Shechem?

A). Reuben and Judah B). Dan and Naphtali C). Joseph and Benjamin
D). Simeon and Levi

8991. What did Jacob fear would happen because of his sons' actions?

A). That God would abandon him B). That Esau would return to fight him
C). That the people of the land would join together and attack him
D). That his flocks would be taken away

8992. Which two brothers did Jacob rebuke together for their anger and violence?

A). Reuben and Judah B). Dan and Gad C). Simeon and Levi
D). Issachar and Zebulun

8993. Which of these was NOT a son of Levi?

A). Gershon B). Kohath C). Merari D). Korah

8994. What were the other Levites assigned to do?

A). Lead Israel's army B). All the other duties of the tabernacle C). Judge the people
D). Write down the law

8995. Which of these houses is NOT called on to praise the LORD at the end of Psalm 135?

A). House of Israel B). House of Aaron C). House of David D). House of Levi

8996. God said He had made a covenant of life and peace with which ancestor of the priests?

A). Aaron B). Moses C). Phinehas D). Levi

8997. How does Malachi describe the true teaching that was in Levi's mouth?

A). True instruction was in his mouth and nothing false was found on his lips
B). He spoke only in parables C). He taught only the kings
D). He kept his teaching secret

8998. Which tax collector did Jesus call while he was sitting at the tax collector's booth?

A). Zacchaeus B). Simon the Zealot C). Levi son of Alphaeus D). Nathanael

8999. What did the Pharisee teachers of the law complain about at Levi's house?

A). Jesus ate with tax collectors and sinners B). Jesus did not wash his hands
C). Jesus healed a man there D). Jesus sat at the head of the table

9000. Which tax collector was sitting at his tax booth when Jesus said, 'Follow me'?

A). Zacchaeus B). Simon C). Levi D). Bartholomew

9001. What did Levi hold for Jesus at his house?

A). A prayer meeting B). A Passover meal C). A wedding feast D). A great banquet

9002. According to Hebrews 7:5, which descendants became priests and collected a tenth from the people?

A). The descendants of Judah B). The descendants of Joseph
C). The descendants of Levi D). The descendants of Benjamin

9003. How does Hebrews 7:9-10 say Levi paid the tenth to Melchizedek?

A). Through Abraham, because Levi was still in the body of his ancestor
B). By bringing it to the temple himself C). By sending it with Moses
D). By giving it to Aaron

Lo-Ammi

9004. What does the name Lo-Ammi mean?

A). Not my people B). Not loved C). God will sow D). God is with us

9005. In what order were Gomer's three children born?

A). Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel, Lo-Ammi B). Jezreel, Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah
C). Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi D). Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel

Lo-Ruhamah

9006. What did God tell Hosea to name his daughter?

A). Lo-Ammi B). Hephzibah C). Lo-Ruhamah D). Beulah

9007. In what order were Gomer's three children born?

A). Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel, Lo-Ammi B). Jezreel, Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah
C). Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi D). Lo-Ammi, Lo-Ruhamah, Jezreel

Lois

9008. Who was Timothy's grandmother, whose sincere faith Paul mentioned?

A). Eunice B). Lydia C). Lois D). Priscilla

Lot

9009. From which city did Terah set out with his family toward Canaan?

A). Ur of the Chaldeans B). Jerusalem C). Bethel D). Shechem

9010. Who went with Abram when he left Harran?

A). His wife Sarai and his nephew Lot B). His father Terah C). His brother Nahor
D). He went alone

9011. Why did Abram suggest that he and Lot separate?

A). God had told them to split up
B). There was quarreling between their herders and the land could not support them both
C). Lot wanted to return to Harran D). They disagreed about worship

9012. Which land did Lot choose for himself when he and Abram separated?

A). The hill country B). The land of Egypt C). The whole plain of the Jordan
D). The Negev desert

9013. Near which city did Lot pitch his tents, a city known for its wicked people?

A). Sodom B). Bethel C). Hebron D). Babel

9014. Who was captured when the invading kings carried off the people and goods of Sodom?

A). Abram B). Lot, Abram's nephew C). Melchizedek D). The king of Sodom

9015. What did Abram do when he heard that Lot had been captured?

A). He prayed and waited for the kings to return Lot B). He paid a ransom for Lot
C). He led his trained men to rescue Lot and recover the goods
D). He asked the king of Sodom for help

9016. Who was sitting at the gateway of Sodom when the two angels arrived?

A). Abraham B). Isaac C). Terah D). Lot

9017. What did Lot do when the two angels came to Sodom?

A). He turned them away B). He invited them to stay at his house C). He hid from them
D). He reported them to the city

9018. What happened to the men of Sodom who pressed against Lot's door?

A). They were struck with blindness B). They fell down dead
C). They were turned to stone D). They fled in fear

9019. Why did the angels tell Lot to gather his family and leave?

A). A famine was coming B). Enemies were about to attack
C). God was going to destroy the city D). A great flood was near

9020. Why did the angels take hold of Lot's hands and lead him out of the city?

A). He was injured and could not walk B). He hesitated to leave
C). He did not know the way D). He wanted to gather more possessions

9021. What instruction were Lot and his family given as they fled the city?

A). To travel only at night B). Not to look back C). To carry no food
D). To stay together in silence

9022. To which small town did Lot ask to flee for safety?

A). Bethel B). Hebron C). Gerar D). Zoar

9023. Why did God bring Lot out safely when He destroyed the cities of the plain?

A). Because Lot was sinless B). Because Lot bargained with the angels
C). Because Lot ruled the city D). Because God remembered Abraham

9024. God told Israel not to harass Moab because He had given the land of Ar to the descendants of whom?

A). Esau B). Aaron C). Ishmael D). Lot

9025. The Ammonites' land was not to be taken because it had been given to the descendants of whom?

A). Esau B). Jacob C). Lot D). Moses

9026. In whose days did fire and sulfur rain down from heaven after people went on with ordinary life?

A). Elijah B). Moses C). Lot D). David

9027. Complete Jesus' warning: 'Remember ___!'

A). Noah's ark B). Jonah's whale C). Abraham's tent D). Lot's wife

9028. Which righteous man was rescued by God and was distressed by the lawless deeds he saw around him?

A). Abraham B). Isaac C). Lot D). Jacob

Luke

9029. To whom did Luke write his orderly account?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Theophilus D). Philemon

9030. Why did Luke write an orderly account?

A). To list the kings of Israel

B). So Theophilus would know the certainty of what he was taught

C). To record the laws of Moses D). To answer critics in Rome

9031. Which man in Colossians 4 is called "the doctor"?

A). Luke B). Demas C). Mark D). Aristarchus

9032. Who did Paul say was the only one with him?

A). Mark B). Luke C). Barnabas D). Silas

Lydia

9033. Which woman, a dealer in purple cloth, listened to Paul by the river?

A). Dorcas B). Priscilla C). Lydia D). Rhoda

9034. Why did Lydia respond to Paul's message?

A). Paul gave her money B). The Lord opened her heart C). She saw a miracle

D). An angel told her

9035. What did Lydia do after she and her household were baptized?

A). Invited Paul and his companions to stay at her house B). Moved to Jerusalem

C). Sold her business D). Became a prophet

9036. Where did Paul and Silas go after coming out of prison?

A). The synagogue B). Lydia's house C). The river D). Back to Troas

Maakah

9037. Absalom's mother Maakah was the daughter of which king?

A). Talmai king of Geshur B). Achish king of Gath C). Nahash king of Ammon
D). Hiram king of Tyre

9038. Why did Asa remove his grandmother Maakah from her position as queen mother?

A). She tried to take the throne B). She married a foreign king
C). She had made a repulsive image for the worship of Asherah
D). She stole from the temple

9039. Absalom's mother was the daughter of which king?

A). Talmai king of Geshur B). Hiram king of Tyre C). Achish king of Gath
D). Nahash king of Ammon

9040. Where did Jeiel, the father of Gibeon, live?

A). Jerusalem B). Gibeah C). Gibeon D). Ramah

9041. Which of his wives did Rehoboam love more than all his other wives and concubines?

A). Maakah daughter of Absalom B). Mahalath C). Abihail D). Naamah

9042. Whom did Asa remove from her position as queen mother?

A). Naamah B). Maakah C). Jezebel D). Athaliah

9043. Where did Asa burn Maakah's repulsive Asherah image?

A). In the temple courtyard B). At Bethel C). In the Kidron Valley
D). At the Jordan River

Magi

9044. What did the Magi see that led them to look for the king of the Jews?

A). An angel B). A rainbow C). His star D). A cloud of fire

9045. From which direction did the Magi come to Jerusalem?

A). From the west B). From the north C). From the south D). From the east

9046. What did Herod say he wanted to do after the Magi found the child?

A). Give him gifts B). Make him king C). Go and worship him
D). Send him to Egypt

9047. What did the star do as the Magi went on their way?

A). It disappeared B). Went ahead of them and stopped over the place where the child was
C). Turned red D). Fell from the sky

9048. Which gifts did the Magi give to Jesus?

A). Gold, silver and bronze B). Bread, wine and oil C). Gold, frankincense and myrrh
D). Jewels, cloth and spices

9049. When the Magi saw the child with his mother Mary, what did they do?

A). Bowed down and worshiped him B). Took him to Herod C). Gave him a new name
D). Prayed for him

9050. Why did the Magi go home by another route?

A). The roads were flooded B). They were warned in a dream not to go back to Herod
C). Joseph told them to D). They were lost

Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz

9051. What name did the LORD tell Isaiah to give his son born to the prophetess?

A). Shear-Jashub B). Immanuel C). Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz D). Hezekiah

9052. Before the boy could say 'My father' or 'My mother', what would the king of Assyria carry off?

A). The gold of the temple B). The wealth of Damascus and the plunder of Samaria
C). The cattle of Bashan D). The cedars of Lebanon

Mahlon

9053. What were the names of Naomi's two sons?

A). Mahlon and Kilion B). Perez and Zerah C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Nadab and Abihu

9054. What were the names of the two Moabite women who married Naomi's sons?

A). Leah and Rachel B). Orpah and Ruth C). Mary and Martha
D). Peninnah and Hannah

9055. Why did Boaz say he was acquiring Ruth as his wife?

A). To become a leader in Israel B). To gain more fields
C). Because the elders ordered him D). To keep the dead man's name with his property

Makir

9056. Who was Manasseh's firstborn and the ancestor of the Gileadites?

A). Hepher B). Makir C). Zelophehad D). Kenaz

9057. Where was Jonathan's son living when David asked about him?

A). Hebron B). Lo Debar C). Gibeah D). Mahanaim

9058. Which three men brought supplies to David at Mahanaim?

A). Joab, Abishai and Benaiah B). Ziba, Hushai and Ittai C). Zadok, Abiathar and Nathan
D). Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

Malachi

9059. Through which prophet did the LORD give this message to Israel?

A). Haggai B). Zechariah C). Malachi D). Obadiah

Malchus

9060. What was the name of the high priest's servant whose right ear Simon Peter cut off?

A). Barabbas B). Caiaphas C). Annas D). Malchus

Malki-Shua

9061. Which three sons of Saul were killed by the Philistines?

A). Joel, Abijah and Jonathan B). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah

C). Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua D). Jonathan, Ishvi and Abner

9062. Which of these is NOT listed as a son of Saul in 1 Chronicles 8:33?

A). Jonathan B). Malki-Shua C). Abinadab D). Abner

9063. Which of these sons of Saul was NOT killed by the Philistines in this battle?

A). Jonathan B). Abinadab C). Malki-Shua D). Esh-Baal

Manaen

9064. Which of these men was among the prophets and teachers in the church at Antioch?

A). Silas B). Apollos C). Manaen D). Timothy

9065. Which leader at Antioch had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch?

A). Manaen B). Lucius C). Simeon D). Barnabas

Manasseh

9066. What were the names of the two sons born to Joseph in Egypt?

A). Perez and Zerah B). Gershom and Eliezer C). Ephraim and Manasseh

D). Dan and Naphtali

9067. Which two sons did Joseph bring to his father Jacob to be blessed?

A). Ephraim and Manasseh B). Perez and Zerah C). Reuben and Simeon

D). Dan and Gad

9068. What did Jacob declare about Joseph's sons Ephraim and Manasseh?

A). That they would return to Canaan alone B). That they would serve their uncles

C). That they would receive no inheritance

D). That they would be counted as his own sons, like Reuben and Simeon

9069. What unusual thing did Jacob do with his hands when blessing the boys?

A). He held them behind his back

B). He crossed his arms, putting his right hand on the younger son

C). He raised both hands over his head D). He placed both hands on the older son

9070. How did Jacob respond when Joseph tried to move his right hand to the older son?

A). He refused, saying the younger would become greater

B). He agreed and switched his hands C). He stopped the blessing

D). He blessed only the older son

9071. Who was Manasseh's firstborn and the ancestor of the Gileadites?

A). Hepher B). Makir C). Zelophehad D). Kenaz

9072. Which son of Hezekiah became king after him?

A). Josiah B). Amon C). Manasseh D). Ahaz

9073. How old was Manasseh when he became king?

A). Twelve B). Seven C). Sixteen D). Twenty-five

9074. How long did Manasseh reign in Jerusalem?

A). Twenty-nine years B). Forty years C). Two years D). Fifty-five years

9075. What did Manasseh rebuild that his father Hezekiah had destroyed?

A). The walls of Samaria B). The bronze altar C). The high places

D). The city of Lachish

9076. Manasseh made an Asherah pole, as which king of Israel had done?

A). Jehu B). Ahab C). Jeroboam D). Hoshea

9077. Where did Manasseh build altars to the starry hosts?

A). In both courts of the temple of the LORD B). On Mount Carmel C). In Samaria

D). Outside the city gate

9078. Which of these evil practices did Manasseh take part in?

A). He refused to pay taxes B). He destroyed the Asherah poles

C). He banned all sacrifices

D). He practised divination and consulted mediums and spiritists

9079. How did Manasseh's evil compare with the nations the LORD had destroyed?

A). He did less evil than they did B). He was just as evil as Hezekiah

C). He led the people to do more evil than those nations D). He did no evil

9080. Besides leading Judah into sin, what else did Manasseh do?

A). He burned the temple B). He gave Jerusalem to Assyria

C). He killed all the priests of Baal

D). He shed so much innocent blood that he filled Jerusalem

9081. Where was Manasseh buried?

A). In the City of David B). In the temple courts
C). In his palace garden, the garden of Uzza D). In Samaria

9082. Which son of Manasseh became king and reigned only two years?

A). Josiah B). Amon C). Jehoahaz D). Hezekiah

9083. Why did the LORD still not turn away from His anger against Judah?

A). Because Josiah failed to celebrate Passover
B). Because the Book of the Law was lost again C). Because of Hezekiah's pride
D). Because of everything Manasseh had done to arouse His anger

9084. Because of whose sins did these things happen to Judah?

A). Manasseh's B). Josiah's C). Hezekiah's D). Jehoahaz's

9085. Which order of kings in Solomon's line is correct?

A). Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah B). Josiah, Amon, Manasseh, Hezekiah
C). Manasseh, Hezekiah, Josiah, Amon D). Hezekiah, Josiah, Manasseh, Amon

9086. Which man from the line of Manasseh had only daughters?

A). Zelophehad B). Gilead C). Makir D). Asriel

9087. Which of these towns was held by the descendants of Manasseh?

A). Bethel B). Megiddo C). Gezer D). Shechem

9088. Who succeeded Hezekiah as king?

A). Josiah B). Amon C). Jotham D). Manasseh

9089. How old was Manasseh when he became king?

A). Twenty-five B). Seven C). Twelve D). Sixteen

9090. How many years did Manasseh reign in Jerusalem?

A). Twenty-nine B). Forty C). Fifty-two D). Fifty-five

9091. What did Manasseh rebuild that his father Hezekiah had demolished?

A). The high places B). The city walls C). The temple doors D). The bronze altar

9092. Where did Manasseh build altars to all the starry hosts?

A). On Mount Carmel B). In both courts of the LORD's temple C). In the Valley of Salt
D). In Samaria

9093. Which of these evil practices did Manasseh do?

A). He fasted every day B). He gave to the poor
C). He consulted mediums and spiritists D). He read the Law aloud

9094. How much evil did Manasseh lead Judah to do?

A). Less than the kings before him B). Only a little evil C). The same as Hezekiah
D). More evil than the nations the LORD had destroyed

9095. Where did the Assyrian commanders take Manasseh as a prisoner?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Egypt D). Damascus

9096. What did Manasseh do in his distress?

A). He fought his guards B). He sought the favor of the LORD and humbled himself greatly
C). He made a deal with Assyria D). He worshiped the gods of Babylon

9097. What did Manasseh come to know after the LORD brought him back to Jerusalem?

A). That Assyria was strong B). That his father was right C). That the LORD is God
D). That the prophets were wrong

9098. What did Manasseh do with the foreign gods and the image after he returned?

A). He hid them B). He gave them to Assyria C). He kept them in the palace
D). He got rid of them and removed the image from the temple

9099. What did Manasseh tell Judah to do after he restored the altar of the LORD?

A). To serve the LORD, the God of Israel B). To go to war against Assyria
C). To build high places D). To pay more taxes

9100. Which wall did Manasseh rebuild after his return?

A). The wall of Samaria B). The outer wall of the City of David C). The wall of Lachish
D). The wall of the temple court

9101. Who succeeded Manasseh as king?

A). Josiah B). Hezekiah C). Amon D). Jehoahaz

9102. How was Amon different from his father Manasseh?

A). He built the temple B). He reigned longer C). He did good
D). He did not humble himself before the LORD

9103. Because of what which king of Judah did in Jerusalem did God say He would make the people abhorrent to all the kingdoms of the earth?

A). Ahaz B). Jehoiakim C). Amon D). Manasseh

Manoah

9104. What was the name of Samson's father?

A). Elkanah B). Zechariah C). Joash D). Manoah

9105. In which town did Manoah live?

A). Bethlehem B). Zorah C). Ophrah D). Mizpah

9106. Manoah belonged to the clan of which tribe?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Dan D). Ephraim

9107. What did the angel of the LORD tell Manoah's wife to be careful about before her son was born?

A). To drink no wine or other fermented drink and eat nothing unclean

B). To eat only bread and water C). To stay inside her house for nine months

D). To go to Shiloh every month

9108. What did Manoah pray for after his wife told him about the angel?

A). That the man of God would come again to teach them how to bring up the boy

B). That God would give them twins C). That God would make them rich

D). That God would send a sign with a fleece

9109. Where was Manoah's wife when the angel of God came to her the second time?

A). At the well B). At the altar C). On the roof D). Out in the field

9110. When Manoah offered to prepare a young goat for the angel, what did the angel say?

A). He would gladly eat the young goat

B). He would not eat, but they could offer a burnt offering to the LORD

C). He would take the goat with him to heaven D). He asked for bread instead of meat

9111. When Manoah asked the angel his name, the angel replied: "Why do you ask my name? It is beyond ___."

A). counting B). reach C). understanding D). telling

9112. What did the angel of the LORD do as the flame blazed up from the altar?

A). He went up in the flame B). He disappeared into a cloud

C). He walked away down the road D). He turned into a dove

9113. Manoah said, "We are doomed to die!" How did his wife answer him?

A). They had not really seen the angel's face

B). The angel had promised they would live long

C). The priest had told them they were safe

D). If the LORD meant to kill them, He would not have accepted their burnt offering or shown them these things

9114. What name did Manoah's wife give to her son?

A). Samuel B). Samson C). Jether D). Jotham

9115. Why did Samson's parents not want him to marry the woman from Timnah?

A). She was too young

B). She was from the uncircumcised Philistines, not from their own people

C). She was very poor D). She lived too far away

9116. What did Samson's parents not know about his wish to marry the Philistine woman?

A). The woman was secretly an Israelite

B). The marriage would bring peace with the Philistines

C). Samson had already married her

D). It was from the LORD, who was looking for a chance to confront the Philistines

9117. When Samson gave some honey to his parents, what did he not tell them?

A). That it came from Timnah B). That he had bought it with silver

C). That the bees had stung him D). That he had taken it from the lion's carcass

9118. Where was Samson buried?

A). In Gaza B). In Timnah

C). Between Zorah and Eshtaol in the tomb of his father Manoah D). At Lehi

Marduk-Baladan

9119. Which king of Babylon sent letters and a gift to Hezekiah when he was ill?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Sennacherib C). Evil-Merodak D). Marduk-Baladan

9120. Which king of Babylon sent Hezekiah letters and a gift after hearing of his illness and recovery?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Marduk-Baladan son of Baladan C). Belshazzar

D). Esarhaddon

Mark

9121. According to Colossians 4, Mark was the cousin of whom?

A). Peter B). Silas C). Barnabas D). Luke

9122. Who did Paul ask Timothy to bring because he was helpful in his ministry?

A). Demas B). Mark C). Alexander D). Erastus

9123. Peter sends greetings from whom, whom he calls his son?

A). John B). Timothy C). Mark D). Titus

Martha

9124. Which sister sat at the Lord's feet listening to what he said?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Joanna D). Salome

9125. Why was Martha upset with her sister?

A). Mary had gone to the market B). Mary left her to do the work by herself

C). Mary had invited too many guests D). Mary had spoken rudely

9126. What did Jesus say about Mary's choice?

A). She should help Martha B). She had chosen the wrong thing
C). She had chosen what is better, and it would not be taken from her
D). She should come back later

9127. In which village did Lazarus live with his sisters?

A). Bethlehem B). Bethany C). Bethsaida D). Cana

9128. When the sisters heard Jesus was coming, which one went out to meet him?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Both together D). Neither

9129. Complete Jesus' words to Martha: "I am the ___ and the life."

A). way B). truth C). resurrection D). light

9130. What did Martha say she believed about Jesus?

A). That he was Elijah B). That he was a prophet like Moses
C). That he was a good teacher
D). That he was the Messiah, the Son of God, who is to come into the world

9131. Who objected when Jesus said to take away the stone, saying there would be a bad odor?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Thomas D). A Pharisee

9132. At the dinner in Bethany, who served?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Lazarus D). Peter

Mary

9133. Who was the husband of Mary, the mother of Jesus?

A). Joseph B). Zechariah C). Jacob D). Joachim

9134. Mary was found to be pregnant through whom?

A). An angel B). The Holy Spirit C). Joseph D). Elijah

9135. Before the angel spoke to him, what did Joseph plan to do about Mary?

A). Expose her to public disgrace B). Send her to Elizabeth C). Divorce her quietly
D). Marry her at once

9136. Complete the angel's words: "Joseph son of David, do not be _____ to take Mary home as your wife."

A). ashamed B). afraid C). slow D). unwilling

9137. Matthew says Jesus' birth fulfilled what the Lord said through the prophet. What did the prophecy say the virgin would do?

A). Flee to Egypt B). Conceive and give birth to a son C). Sing a song of praise
D). Go to the temple

9138. What did Joseph do when he woke up from his dream?

A). He left Mary B). He went to Jerusalem C). He told the priests
D). He did what the angel commanded and took Mary home as his wife

9139. When the Magi saw the child with his mother Mary, what did they do?

A). Bowed down and worshiped him B). Took him to Herod C). Gave him a new name
D). Prayed for him

9140. Where did Joseph take Mary and Jesus to escape from Herod?

A). Babylon B). Nazareth C). Egypt D). Syria

9141. Who was standing outside wanting to speak to Jesus while he was talking to the crowd?

A). Peter and John B). His mother and brothers C). The Pharisees
D). John the Baptist's disciples

9142. Which of these names is listed as one of Jesus' brothers in Matthew 13?

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Simon D). Thomas

9143. When did Mary Magdalene and the other Mary go to look at the tomb?

A). On the Sabbath evening B). At dawn on the first day of the week
C). At noon on the third day D). At midnight

9144. Which two women went to look at the tomb?

A). Mary Magdalene and the other Mary B). Martha and Mary C). Elizabeth and Mary
D). Joanna and Susanna

9145. How did the women feel as they hurried away from the tomb?

A). Sad and confused B). Angry and bitter C). Afraid yet filled with joy
D). Calm and quiet

9146. When Jesus suddenly met the women and greeted them, what did they do?

A). Ran back to the tomb B). Clasped his feet and worshiped him
C). Asked him for a sign D). Told him to wait

9147. Complete Jesus' words to the women: "Go and tell my _____ to go to Galilee; there they will see me."

A). brothers B). friends C). servants D). family

9148. To which town did God send the angel Gabriel to visit Mary?

A). Bethlehem B). Jerusalem C). Capernaum D). Nazareth

9149. To whom was Mary pledged to be married?

A). Joseph B). Zechariah C). Simeon D). Joachim

9150. In which month of Elizabeth's pregnancy was Gabriel sent to Mary?

A). The third month B). The sixth month C). The ninth month D). The first month

9151. What name did Gabriel tell Mary to give her son?

A). John B). Emmanuel C). Jesus D). David

9152. How did Gabriel say Mary would conceive?

A). Through Joseph after the wedding B). The Holy Spirit would come on her

C). Through a special offering D). By praying in the temple

9153. Complete Gabriel's words: 'For no word from God will ever ___.'

A). fail B). change C). end D). pass

9154. How did Mary answer Gabriel's message?

A). She asked for a sign from heaven B). She ran to tell Joseph

C). She laughed in disbelief

D). She said, 'I am the Lord's servant. May your word to me be fulfilled.'

9155. What happened when Elizabeth heard Mary's greeting?

A). Elizabeth began to cry

B). The baby leaped in her womb and she was filled with the Holy Spirit

C). Zechariah could speak again D). An angel appeared

9156. Complete Mary's song: 'My soul glorifies the Lord and my spirit rejoices in God my ___.'

A). King B). Shepherd C). Savior D). Father

9157. In Mary's song, what does God do for the humble and the hungry?

A). He lifts up the humble and fills the hungry with good things

B). He sends them away empty C). He makes them rulers over nations

D). He gives them long life

9158. About how long did Mary stay with Elizabeth?

A). One week B). About three months C). About six months D). One year

9159. Where did Mary place baby Jesus after he was born?

A). In a basket B). In a cradle C). In a boat D). In a manger

9160. Why did Mary place Jesus in a manger?

A). The shepherds asked her to B). There was no guest room available for them

C). It was the custom for firstborn sons D). Joseph built it for him

9161. How did Mary respond to all that happened?

A). She told everyone in Nazareth B). She wrote it down

C). She asked the shepherds to leave

D). She treasured these things and pondered them in her heart

9162. What sacrifice did Joseph and Mary offer at the temple?

A). A lamb and a goat B). A pair of doves or two young pigeons C). A young bull D). Grain and oil

9163. Complete Simeon's words to Mary: 'And a ___ will pierce your own soul too.'

A). spear B). sword C). thorn D). arrow

9164. Where did Jesus grow up after the family finished everything required by the Law?

A). Jerusalem B). Bethlehem C). Nazareth D). Capernaum

9165. Which festival did Jesus' parents go to Jerusalem for every year?

A). Passover B). Festival of Tabernacles C). Pentecost D). Purim

9166. After how many days did Jesus' parents find him in the temple courts?

A). One day B). Seven days C). Three days D). Two days

9167. Complete Jesus' words: 'Didn't you know I had to be in my ___ house?'

A). Lord's B). Father's C). teacher's D). God's holy

9168. How did Jesus treat his parents after they returned to Nazareth?

A). He left to live in the temple B). He traveled alone C). He was obedient to them D). He became a priest

9169. What ran out at the wedding in Cana?

A). Bread B). Oil C). Wine D). Water

9170. Who told Jesus that the wine had run out?

A). Peter B). The master of the banquet C). The bridegroom D). His mother

9171. Complete what Jesus' mother said to the servants: "Do ___ he tells you."

A). whatever B). everything C). quickly what D). nothing until

9172. After the wedding, which town did Jesus go down to with his family and disciples?

A). Capernaum B). Jericho C). Bethlehem D). Samaria

9173. From the cross, whom did Jesus tell his mother to see as her son?

A). Peter B). James C). Lazarus D). The disciple whom he loved

9174. What did the believers do together constantly while they waited?

A). Fasted B). Prayed C). Preached D). Fished

9175. Which woman is named among those praying with the apostles?

A). Mary Magdalene B). Martha C). Mary the mother of Jesus D). Elizabeth

Mary Magdalene

9176. Which of these women is named as watching from a distance at the crucifixion?

A). Martha B). Salome the dancer C). Mary Magdalene D). Elizabeth

9177. When did Mary Magdalene and the other Mary go to look at the tomb?

A). On the Sabbath evening B). At dawn on the first day of the week
C). At noon on the third day D). At midnight

9178. Which two women went to look at the tomb?

A). Mary Magdalene and the other Mary B). Martha and Mary C). Elizabeth and Mary
D). Joanna and Susanna

9179. How did the women feel as they hurried away from the tomb?

A). Sad and confused B). Angry and bitter C). Afraid yet filled with joy
D). Calm and quiet

9180. When Jesus suddenly met the women and greeted them, what did they do?

A). Ran back to the tomb B). Clasped his feet and worshiped him
C). Asked him for a sign D). Told him to wait

9181. Complete Jesus' words to the women: "Go and tell my _____ to go to Galilee; there they will see me."

A). brothers B). friends C). servants D). family

9182. Which of these women was watching the crucifixion from a distance?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Lydia D). Elizabeth

9183. Which two women saw where Jesus was laid?

A). Mary and Martha B). Salome and Joanna
C). Mary Magdalene and Mary the mother of Joseph D). Elizabeth and Mary

9184. Why did the women buy spices when the Sabbath was over?

A). To sell in the market B). To anoint Jesus' body C). To burn in the temple
D). To give to the disciples

9185. Which of these women went to the tomb with spices along with Mary Magdalene and Mary the mother of James?

A). Martha B). Salome C). Joanna D). Lydia

9186. When did the women go to the tomb?

A). Late at night on the Sabbath B). At noon on the third day
C). Very early on the first day of the week, just after sunrise
D). In the evening of the Passover

9187. On the way, the women asked each other, "Who will roll the ___ away from the entrance of the tomb?"

A). guard B). stone C). door D). seal

9188. What did the women see when they looked up at the tomb?

A). The tomb was sealed with soldiers B). The tomb was on fire

C). The very large stone had been rolled away D). Jesus standing at the door

9189. Whom did the women see sitting on the right side as they entered the tomb?

A). A young man dressed in a white robe B). Peter and John C). A Roman soldier

D). Joseph of Arimathea

9190. How did the women respond as they fled from the tomb, according to verse 8?

A). They sang and danced B). They went straight to Pilate

C). Trembling and bewildered, they said nothing to anyone, because they were afraid

D). They waited for Jesus at the tomb

9191. In Mark 16:9, to whom did Jesus appear first after he rose?

A). Mary Magdalene B). Peter C). His mother Mary D). Thomas

9192. Which woman traveling with Jesus had seven demons come out of her?

A). Mary Magdalene B). Joanna C). Susanna D). Martha

9193. Which of these women does Luke name among those who told the apostles?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Salome D). Elizabeth

9194. Who went to the tomb early on the first day of the week while it was still dark?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Mary, the mother of Jesus D). Salome

9195. On which day did Mary Magdalene find the stone removed from the tomb?

A). The first day of the week B). The Sabbath C). The day of Passover

D). The seventh day

9196. What did Mary see when she bent over to look into the tomb?

A). Two angels in white, seated where Jesus' body had been

B). One angel sitting on the stone C). Jesus' body D). Roman soldiers

9197. When Mary first saw Jesus outside the tomb, who did she think he was?

A). An angel B). The gardener C). Peter D). A soldier

9198. How did Mary recognize Jesus?

A). He showed her his hands B). He broke bread C). He called her by her name

D). She heard him pray

9199. Mary Magdalene went to the disciples with the news: "I have seen the ___!"

A). angel B). tomb C). stone D). Lord

Mary mother of Jesus

9200. Complete Jesus' words: "Whoever does God's ___ is my brother and sister and mother."

A). work B). law C). service D). will

9201. Which of these did the people of Nazareth name as one of Jesus' brothers?

A). Andrew B). James C). Bartholomew D). Thaddaeus

Mary of Bethany

9202. Which sister sat at the Lord's feet listening to what he said?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Joanna D). Salome

9203. Why was Martha upset with her sister?

A). Mary had gone to the market B). Mary left her to do the work by herself
C). Mary had invited too many guests D). Mary had spoken rudely

9204. What did Jesus say about Mary's choice?

A). She should help Martha B). She had chosen the wrong thing
C). She had chosen what is better, and it would not be taken from her
D). She should come back later

9205. In which village did Lazarus live with his sisters?

A). Bethlehem B). Bethany C). Bethsaida D). Cana

9206. Which sister of Lazarus is described as the one who poured perfume on the Lord and wiped his feet with her hair?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Mary D). Salome

9207. When the sisters heard Jesus was coming, which one went out to meet him?

A). Mary B). Martha C). Both together D). Neither

9208. What did Mary pour on Jesus' feet at Bethany?

A). Olive oil B). Water C). About a pint of pure nard, an expensive perfume
D). Wine

Mary the mother of James

9209. Which of these women does Luke name among those who told the apostles?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Salome D). Elizabeth

Mary the mother of John Mark

9210. To whose house did Peter go after he was freed?

A). The house of Simon the tanner B). The house of Cornelius
C). The house of Barnabas D). The house of Mary the mother of John, also called Mark

Mattan

9211. Which priest of Baal was killed in front of the altars?

A). Jehoiada B). Zechariah C). Mattan D). Hilkiah

9212. What did all the people do to the temple of Baal?

A). They tore it down and smashed the altars and idols B). They turned it into a storehouse
C). They locked it up D). They gave it to the priests

Matthew

9213. Which man was sitting at the tax collector's booth when Jesus said to him, "Follow me"?

A). Zacchaeus B). Thomas C). Philip D). Matthew

9214. The Pharisees asked why Jesus ate with whom?

A). Romans and soldiers B). Priests and Levites C). Tax collectors and sinners
D). Samaritans and Greeks

9215. Which apostle is called "the tax collector" in the list of the Twelve?

A). Thomas B). Bartholomew C). Thaddaeus D). Matthew

Matthias

9216. Which two men were proposed to replace Judas?

A). Stephen and Philip B). Barnabas and Silas
C). Joseph called Barsabbas and Matthias D). James and Mark

9217. How was the replacement for Judas chosen after they prayed?

A). They cast lots B). Peter chose him C). They took a vote D). An angel told them

9218. Who was added to the eleven apostles to replace Judas?

A). Barsabbas B). Matthias C). Stephen D). Paul

Mattithiah

9219. What was Mattithiah, the firstborn son of Shallum the Korahite, responsible for?

A). Guarding the treasuries B). Baking the offering bread C). Playing the cymbals
D). Keeping the key

Medad

9220. Which two men prophesied in the camp, and Moses would not stop them?

A). Nadab and Abihu B). Eldad and Medad C). Caleb and Joshua
D). Aaron and Hur

Melchizedek

9221. Who was the king of Salem and priest of God Most High who blessed Abram?

A). Melchizedek B). Abimelek C). Bera D). Amraphel

9222. What did Abram give to Melchizedek?

A). Half of all the goods B). A tenth of everything C). His finest livestock
D). Nothing, for Melchizedek refused it

9223. In Psalm 110, the LORD says, "You are a priest forever, in the order of" whom?

A). Aaron B). Levi C). Melchizedek D). Zadok

9224. Complete the verse: "You are a priest forever, in the order of ___."

A). Aaron B). Melchizedek C). Levi D). Abraham

9225. Who was king of Salem and priest of God Most High?

A). Aaron B). Melchizedek C). Jethro D). Abimelek

9226. According to Hebrews 7:1, when did Melchizedek meet Abraham and bless him?

A). When Abraham was leaving Ur B). When Abraham was offering Isaac
C). When Abraham was returning from the defeat of the kings
D). When Abraham was buying a burial cave

9227. According to Hebrews 7:2, what did Abraham give to Melchizedek?

A). A tenth of everything B). His best camel C). A golden crown
D). Half of his land

9228. According to Hebrews 7:2, what does the name Melchizedek mean?

A). Friend of God B). Servant of the Lord C). Father of nations
D). King of righteousness

9229. According to Hebrews 7:2, what does "king of Salem" mean?

A). King of joy B). King of peace C). King of the city D). King of glory

9230. How does Hebrews 7:9-10 say Levi paid the tenth to Melchizedek?

A). Through Abraham, because Levi was still in the body of his ancestor
B). By bringing it to the temple himself C). By sending it with Moses
D). By giving it to Aaron

9231. According to Hebrews 7:11, why was there a need for a priest in the order of Melchizedek rather than Aaron?

A). Because Aaron had no children B). Because the temple was destroyed
C). Because Melchizedek asked for it
D). Because perfection could not be attained through the Levitical priesthood

Memukan

9232. Which of the king's nobles answered when Xerxes asked what should be done to Queen Vashti?

A). Memukan B). Haman C). Mordecai D). Hegai

9233. Why did Memukan say that Vashti's refusal was a wrong against more than just the king?

A). She had broken a law of the temple B). She had insulted a foreign guest
C). Her conduct would become known to all women and cause them to despise their husbands
D). She had stolen from the royal treasury

Menahem

9234. Who came from Tirzah and killed Shallum?

A). Menahem son of Gadi B). Pekah son of Remaliah C). Hoshea son of Elah
D). Pekahiah

9235. Which king of Assyria invaded Israel during Menahem's reign?

A). Sargon B). Sennacherib C). Shalmaneser D). Pul

9236. How did Menahem keep the king of Assyria from staying in Israel?

A). He defeated him in battle B). He gave him Samaria
C). He paid him a thousand talents of silver D). He asked Judah for help

Mephibosheth

9237. What was the name of Jonathan's son who was lame in both feet?

A). Mephibosheth B). Ish-Bosheth C). Amnon D). Asahel

9238. How did Jonathan's son Mephibosheth become lame?

A). He was wounded in battle B). He was born that way
C). His nurse dropped him as she hurried to flee D). He fell from a roof

9239. How old was Mephibosheth when the news of Saul and Jonathan's death came?

A). Two years old B). Ten years old C). Seven years old D). Five years old

9240. Where was Jonathan's son living when David asked about him?

A). Hebron B). Lo Debar C). Gibeah D). Mahanaim

9241. Which son of Jonathan came to David and bowed down before him?

A). Mika B). Ish-Bosheth C). Mephibosheth D). Asahel

9242. What did David promise to Mephibosheth?

A). A place in his army B). To make him king over Benjamin C). A palace in Hebron
D). All the land of Saul and a place at the king's table

9243. David said to Mephibosheth: "Don't be _____, for I will surely show you kindness for the sake of your father Jonathan."

A). afraid B). sad C). ashamed D). angry

9244. How did Mephibosheth describe himself when David showed him kindness?

A). As a prince of Israel B). As a dead dog C). As a lost sheep
D). As a humble shepherd

9245. What task did David give to Ziba and his sons and servants?

A). To guard the palace B). To care for the ark C). To go with David into battle
D). To farm Mephibosheth's land and bring in the crops

9246. Complete the verse: "So Mephibosheth ate at David's table like one of the _____."

A). king's sons B). king's servants C). king's officers D). king's guests

9247. What was the name of Mephibosheth's young son?

A). Makir B). Mika C). Micah D). Merib

9248. Where did Mephibosheth live so that he could always eat at the king's table?

A). Lo Debar B). Hebron C). Gibeah D). Jerusalem

9249. What did Ziba claim Mephibosheth was thinking in Jerusalem?

A). That David would soon return
B). That Israel would restore his grandfather's kingdom to him
C). That Absalom would be killed D). That he wanted to go with David

9250. What did David give Ziba after hearing his report about Mephibosheth?

A). All that had belonged to Mephibosheth B). A place in his army C). Saul's crown
D). A house in Hebron

9251. What showed that Mephibosheth had been mourning while the king was away?

A). He wore sackcloth and fasted B). He stayed in the house of the LORD
C). He tore his robe and sat in ashes
D). He had not cared for his feet, trimmed his moustache or washed his clothes

9252. What did Mephibosheth say Ziba had done to him?

A). Stolen his money B). Protected him from Absalom
C). Betrayed him and slandered him to the king D). Carried him to safety

9253. What did Mephibosheth say when David told him to divide the land with Ziba?

A). "Let him take everything, now that my lord the king has returned home safely"
B). "I want all of it" C). "Give it to the priests" D). "I will buy his share"

9254. Why did David spare Mephibosheth when he handed Saul's descendants to the Gibeonites?

A). Mephibosheth was lame B). The Gibeonites asked for him to be spared
C). Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Jonathan
D). He was living far away

Merab

9255. What were the names of Saul's two daughters?

A). Merab and Michal B). Rachel and Leah C). Naomi and Ruth
D). Abigail and Ahinoam

9256. What was Saul's secret plan when he offered his daughter Merab to David?

A). To make David his heir B). To send David back to Bethlehem
C). To let the Philistines kill David D). To make peace with Jonathan

9257. To whom was Merab given in marriage instead of David?

A). Abner son of Ner B). Doeg the Edomite C). Ahimaaz D). Adriel of Meholah

Merari

9258. Who were the three sons of Levi, whose families formed the Levite clans?

A). Nadab, Abihu, and Eleazar B). Reuben, Simeon, and Judah
C). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari D). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam

9259. What did the Merarites carry?

A). The frames, crossbars, posts, and bases of the tabernacle B). The most holy things
C). The bread of the Presence D). The water for washing

9260. Which of these was NOT a son of Levi?

A). Gershon B). Kohath C). Merari D). Korah

Mered

9261. Who was Bithiah, the woman Mered had married?

A). A daughter of King Saul B). Pharaoh's daughter C). A daughter of the king of Moab
D). Caleb's daughter

Merib-Baal

9262. What is the name given to Jonathan's son in 1 Chronicles 8:34?

A). Merib-Baal B). Esh-Baal C). Micah D). Ish-Bosheth

Mesha

9263. Who was the king of Moab who raised sheep and paid tribute to Israel?

A). Eglon B). Mesha C). Balak D). Nahash

9264. Why did Joram go out to fight Moab?

A). The king of Moab had rebelled after Ahab died B). Moab had captured Samaria
C). Elisha told him to attack D). Moab had killed Jehoshaphat

9265. Why did the Moabites think the kings had fought each other?

A). They heard the sound of battle B). They found dead soldiers in the valley
C). The water looked red like blood in the sunlight D). A spy told them so

9266. What did the king of Moab do after he failed to break through to the king of Edom?

A). He offered his firstborn son as a sacrifice on the city wall B). He surrendered to Joram
C). He fled to Edom D). He paid tribute again to Israel

Meshach

9267. Who came forward and accused the Jews of not worshipping the image?

A). Daniel B). Arioch C). Some astrologers D). The king's wife

9268. Which three men refused to worship the image of gold?

A). Daniel, Arioch and Ashpenaz B). Hananiah, Daniel and Arioch
C). Peter, James and John D). Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

9269. Complete the king's words: "Then what god will be able to _____ you from my hand?"

A). rescue B). hide C). keep D). take

9270. What did the three men say they would do even if God did not rescue them?

A). Ask the king for mercy B). Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image
C). Bow down only once D). Run away from Babylon

9271. What happened to the soldiers who took the three men up to the furnace?

A). They ran away in fear B). They were promoted C). They bowed to God
D). The flames of the fire killed them

9272. How many men did the king see walking in the fire?

A). Four B). Three C). Two D). Seven

9273. What did the king call the three men when he told them to come out?

A). Friends of the king B). Wise men of Babylon C). Servants of the Most High God
D). Children of Judah

9274. Which of these was true of the three men when they came out of the fire?

A). Their robes were burned B). Only their hands were burned
C). Their hair was singed D). They did not even smell of fire

9275. According to the king, how did God rescue the three men?

A). He sent His angel B). He sent a great rain C). He made the king change his mind
D). He sent an army

9276. What did the king do for Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego at the end?

A). Sent them home B). Gave them a feast
C). Promoted them in the province of Babylon D). Made them his sons

Methuselah

9277. Who lived 969 years, the longest life recorded in the Bible?

A). Methuselah B). Adam C). Noah D). Seth

Micah

9278. Where did the man named Micah live?

A). In the hill country of Ephraim B). In Bethlehem in Judah C). In Gaza
D). In Zorah

9279. What did Micah confess to his mother that he had taken?

A). Seventy shekels of gold B). Eleven hundred shekels of silver
C). Thirty linen garments D). A golden ephod

9280. What did Micah's mother say when he admitted taking her silver?

A). She cursed him again B). She asked him to pay back double
C). "The LORD bless you, my son!" D). She sent him away from home

9281. How many shekels of silver did Micah's mother give to a silversmith to make the idol?

A). Eleven hundred B). Ten C). Seventy D). Two hundred

9282. Besides the idol, what did Micah have in his house?

A). A copy of the ark of the covenant B). A golden lampstand
C). A shrine, an ephod and some household gods D). A bronze altar

9283. Who came to Micah's house looking for a place to stay?

A). A prophet from Shiloh B). A young Levite from Bethlehem in Judah
C). A Philistine from Gaza D). A Danite from Zorah

9284. What did Micah offer to pay the Levite to be his priest?

A). Ten shekels of silver a year, plus his clothes and food
B). A hundred shekels of silver a year C). A field and a house D). His daughter as a wife

9285. Why did Micah believe the LORD would be good to him?

A). Because he had returned his mother's silver B). Because he had built an altar at Shiloh
C). Because a prophet had blessed him D). Because a Levite had become his priest

9286. Before the Levite came, whom had Micah installed as his priest?

A). His mother B). One of his sons C). The silversmith D). His servant

9287. When the five spies stopped at Micah's house, what did they recognize?

A). Micah's idol from the road B). Micah himself from long ago
C). A sign from God on the door D). The voice of the young Levite

9288. What did the Danites take from Micah's house?

A). His silver and cattle B). His idol, ephod and household gods
C). His sons and servants D). His grain and wine

9289. Complete what Micah said to the Danites: "You took the ___ I made, and my priest, and went away. What else do I have?"

A). bread B). fields C). sheep D). gods

9290. Why did Micah turn around and go back home?

A). The priest begged him to go home B). God told him in a dream
C). He saw that the Danites were too strong for him D). The Danites gave back his silver

9291. The Danites used Micah's idol all the time the house of God was in which place?

A). Jerusalem B). Gilgal C). Shiloh D). Hebron

9292. What is the name given to Jonathan's son in 1 Chronicles 8:34?

A). Merib-Baal B). Esh-Baal C). Micah D). Ish-Bosheth

9293. Some elders reminded the people of which prophet who had prophesied in the days of King Hezekiah?

A). Micah of Moresheth B). Isaiah son of Amoz C). Hosea D). Amos of Tekoa

9294. How did King Hezekiah respond to Micah's warning?

A). He put Micah to death B). He ignored it C). He fled to Egypt
D). He feared the LORD and sought His favor, and the LORD relented

9295. Whose prophecy begins in Micah 1, as the word of the LORD came to him?

A). Hosea B). Micah C). Amos D). Jonah

9296. Which town was Micah from?

A). Tekoa B). Anathoth C). Moresheth D). Bethel

9297. During the reigns of which kings of Judah did Micah prophesy?

A). Uzziah, Jotham and Ahaz B). Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Ahaz, Hezekiah and Manasseh D). Hezekiah, Manasseh and Josiah

9298. Micah's vision was about which two cities?

A). Samaria and Jerusalem B). Nineveh and Babylon C). Bethel and Dan
D). Gath and Ashdod

9299. Because of the coming judgment, how did Micah say he would act?

A). Sing and dance B). Weep and wail C). Run and hide D). Build and plant

9300. Micah said Samaria's incurable wound had reached the gate of which city?

A). Lachish B). Gath C). Jerusalem D). Hebron

9301. What did Micah say the leaders of Israel hated and loved?

A). They hated evil and loved good B). They hated war and loved peace
C). They hated good and loved evil D). They hated the poor and loved the rich

9302. "But as for me, I am filled with power, with the _____ of the LORD, and with justice and might."

A). word B). Spirit C). glory D). fear

9303. Why was Micah filled with power by the Spirit of the LORD?

A). To build the temple B). To defeat the Philistines C). To anoint a new king
D). To declare to Israel its sin

9304. Because of the leaders' sin, what did Micah say would happen to Zion?

A). It would become the richest city B). It would be moved to Egypt
C). It would be covered by the sea D). It would be plowed like a field

9305. Micah compared his misery to someone gathering what, but finding nothing to eat?

A). Wheat at harvest B). Fish from the sea C). Water from a well D). Summer fruit

9306. "But as for me, I watch in hope for the LORD, I wait for God my _____."

A). King B). Shepherd C). Savior D). Rock

9307. Though Micah sat in darkness, what did he say the LORD would be?

A). His light B). His sword C). His crown D). His house

9308. In Micah 7:14, where did Micah pray that God's flock would graze as in days long ago?

A). Egypt and Moab B). Edom and Seir C). Bashan and Gilead
D). Sharon and Carmel

Micaiah

9309. Which prophet did the king of Israel say he hated because he never prophesied anything good about him?

A). Micaiah son of Imlah B). Elijah C). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah
D). Jehu son of Hanani

9310. Micaiah said, "As surely as the LORD lives, I can tell him only what the _____ tells me."

A). king B). people C). LORD D). prophets

9311. Micaiah said he saw all Israel scattered on the hills like what?

A). Stars in the sky B). Leaves in the wind C). Sand on the seashore
D). Sheep without a shepherd

9312. Who slapped Micaiah in the face?

A). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah B). The king of Israel C). Jehoshaphat
D). Amon the ruler of the city

9313. What did the king order to be done with Micaiah until he came back from battle?

A). Send him to Jerusalem B). Put him in prison with only bread and water
C). Make him a royal adviser D). Send him to Aram

9314. What did Micaiah say would prove he had NOT spoken for the LORD?

A). If it rained that day B). If the other prophets agreed with him
C). If the king ever returned safely D). If Jehoshaphat stayed at home

9315. Which prophet of the LORD did Ahab say he hated?

A). Elijah B). Elisha C). Micaiah son of Imlah D). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

9316. Why did Ahab hate Micaiah?

A). Micaiah had insulted his wife B). Micaiah was from Judah
C). Micaiah refused to come to Samaria
D). He never prophesied anything good about Ahab, only bad

9317. Complete Micaiah's words: "As surely as the LORD lives, I can tell him only what my _____ says."

A). king B). God C). heart D). master

9318. What did Micaiah see in his vision about Israel?

A). Israel winning a great victory B). Israel building a new city
C). All Israel scattered on the hills like sheep without a shepherd
D). Israel worshiping in the temple

9319. In Micaiah's vision, what did the spirit say it would do?

A). Bring rain on the land B). Warn Ahab in a dream C). Fight for Aram
D). Be a deceiving spirit in the mouths of Ahab's prophets

9320. What did Zedekiah do to Micaiah?

A). He slapped him in the face B). He gave him a reward C). He threw him in a river
D). He bowed to him

9321. What did Ahab order to be done to Micaiah?

A). Send him back to Judah B). Put him in prison with only bread and water
C). Make him the chief prophet D). Take him to the battle

9322. Complete Micaiah's reply: "If you ever return safely, the LORD has not _____ through me."

A). worked B). come C). spoken D). walked

Michael

9323. For how many days did the prince of the Persian kingdom resist the messenger?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Twenty-one days D). Forty days

9324. Who came to help the messenger when he was resisted?

A). Gabriel B). Daniel C). Cyrus D). Michael, one of the chief princes

9325. What did the messenger say he would tell Daniel about?

A). The law of Moses B). The names of the kings
C). What is written in the Book of Truth D). The building of the temple

9326. Who is called the great prince who protects Daniel's people?

A). Gabriel B). Michael C). Cyrus D). Darius

9327. Which archangel disputed with the devil about the body of Moses?

A). Gabriel B). Raphael C). Michael D). Uriel

9328. When Michael disputed with the devil, what did he say instead of making a slanderous accusation? "The Lord _____ you!"

A). judge B). rebuke C). destroy D). curse

9329. Who led the angels in heaven who fought against the dragon?

A). Gabriel B). Moses C). Michael D). Elijah

Michal

9330. What were the names of Saul's two daughters?

A). Merab and Michal B). Rachel and Leah C). Naomi and Ruth
D). Abigail and Ahinoam

9331. Which daughter of Saul was in love with David?

A). Michal B). Merab C). Ahinoam D). Abigail

9332. What was Saul hoping would happen when he set the bride price for Michal?

A). That David would become rich B). That David would fall by the hands of the Philistines
C). That David would refuse and leave D). That Michal would marry someone else

9333. How many Philistines did David and his men strike down for the bride price?

A). Fifty B). One hundred C). One thousand D). Two hundred

9334. What did Saul realize that made him more afraid of David?

A). That David wanted to be king at once B). That the Philistines liked David
C). That the LORD was with David and Michal loved him
D). That Jonathan had given David his sword

9335. Who warned David that he would be killed in the morning if he did not run?

A). Jonathan B). His wife Michal C). Samuel D). A servant

9336. How did Michal help David escape from his house?

A). She hid him in a barrel B). She dressed him as a woman
C). She let him down through a window D). She sent him out the back door

9337. What did Michal put in David's bed to fool Saul's men?

A). A sack of grain B). A sleeping servant C). A pile of clothes
D). An idol with goats' hair at the head

9338. What did Michal tell Saul's men when they came to take David?

A). "He is ill." B). "He went to Bethlehem." C). "He is with Jonathan."
D). "He is praying."

9339. How did Michal explain to Saul why she helped David?

A). She said David was innocent B). She said Samuel told her to
C). She said David threatened to kill her if she didn't let him go
D). She said she was afraid of Jonathan

9340. To whom had Saul given his daughter Michal, David's wife?

A). Adriel of Meholah B). Doeg the Edomite C). Abner son of Ner
D). Paltiel son of Laish

9341. Whom did David demand be returned to him before he would meet Abner?

A). Merab B). Abigail C). Michal D). Rizpah

9342. Who followed Michal weeping all the way to Bahurim when she was taken back to David?

A). Her brother Ish-Bosheth B). Her husband Paltiel C). Her father's servant Ziba
D). Her son Mephibosheth

9343. Who watched from a window and despised David as he leapt and danced?

A). Abigail B). Bathsheba C). Ahinoam D). Michal

9344. David told Michal: "I will become even more _____ than this."

A). undignified B). joyful C). humble D). faithful

9345. What does the chapter say about Michal at its end?

A). She became queen mother B). She was sent back to her father's house
C). She returned to Paltiel D). She had no children to the day of her death

9346. Who watched from a window and despised David in her heart?

A). Bathsheba B). Abigail C). Michal daughter of Saul D). Maakah

Mika

9347. What was the name of Mephibosheth's young son?

A). Makir B). Mika C). Micah D). Merib

Miriam

9348. Who took a tambourine and led the women in singing and dancing?

A). Zipporah B). Miriam C). Deborah D). Elisheba

9349. How is Miriam described, and to whom was she related?

A). A judge and the wife of Moses B). A queen and the daughter of Pharaoh
C). A prophetess and the sister of Aaron D). A singer and the mother of Aaron

9350. Who spoke against Moses in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Dathan and Abiram C). Miriam and Aaron
D). Nadab and Abihu

9351. What were two reasons Miriam and Aaron opposed Moses?

A). His wife and his claim to be king
B). His Cushite wife and whether God spoke only through him C). His age and his wealth
D). His war plans and his diet

9352. What happened to Miriam after God's anger burned against them?

A). She lost her voice B). She became leprous, white as snow C). She was struck blind
D). She fell into a deep sleep

9353. What did Moses do when Miriam was struck with leprosy?

A). He sent her away for good B). He said nothing at all
C). He cried out to God to heal her D). He blamed Aaron for it

9354. How long was Miriam kept outside the camp?

A). Seven days B). Three days C). Forty days D). One month

9355. Who died and was buried at Kadesh in this chapter?

A). Aaron B). Moses C). Miriam D). Eleazar

9356. Aaron, Moses and Miriam were the children of which man?

A). Amram B). Kohath C). Levi D). Jochebed

9357. Whom did God send to lead Israel out of Egypt, according to Micah 6:4?

A). Joshua, Caleb and Eleazar B). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob
C). Moses, Aaron and Miriam D). Samuel, Saul and David

Mishael

9358. From which tribe did Daniel, Hananiah, Mishael and Azariah come?

A). Judah B). Benjamin C). Levi D). Ephraim

9359. How many days did Daniel ask the guard to test them?

A). Ten days B). Three days C). Seven days D). Forty days

9360. What happened after the ten-day test ended?

A). The four men were sent back to Judah
B). The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables
C). The king punished the guard D). Daniel began eating the royal food

9361. The king found the four young men how many times better than all his magicians and enchanters?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Ten times D). Twelve times

9362. What did Daniel ask his friends to do after he was given time?

A). Run away from Babylon B). Study the stars C). Find another wise man
D). Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

9363. At Daniel's request, who were made administrators over the province of Babylon?

A). Arioch and Ashpenaz B). The magicians and astrologers
C). Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego D). Daniel's family from Judah

Mithredath

9364. Which treasurer counted out the temple articles for Cyrus?

A). Sheshbazzar B). Tattenai C). Mithredath D). Rehum

9365. The temple articles were counted out to which prince of Judah?

A). Ezra B). Nehemiah C). Jeshua D). Sheshbazzar

Mnason

9366. With whom did Paul's group stay, a man from Cyprus and one of the early disciples?

A). Jason B). Mnason C). Gaius D). Simon

Mordecai

9367. Which Jewish man from the tribe of Benjamin lived in the citadel of Susa?

A). Nehemiah B). Ezra C). Mordecai D). Daniel

9368. Which tribe of Israel was Mordecai from?

A). Judah B). Levi C). Ephraim D). Benjamin

9369. Who raised Esther because she had no father or mother?

A). Hegai B). Mordecai C). King Xerxes D). Abihail

9370. How was Mordecai related to Esther?

A). He was her uncle B). He was her brother C). He was her cousin
D). He was her grandfather

9371. Why did Esther not reveal her nationality and family background?

A). She had forgotten them B). Hegai told her to keep them secret
C). She was ashamed of her family D). Mordecai had forbidden her to tell

9372. After Mordecai learned about the plot to kill the king, what happened next?

A). He told the king himself at the gate

B). He told Queen Esther, who reported it to the king and gave Mordecai credit

C). He told Hegai, who arrested the men D). He kept it secret until later

9373. Where was the report of Mordecai uncovering the plot recorded?

A). On the wall of the palace B). In a letter to all the provinces

C). In the book of the annals in the king's presence

D). In the law of the Medes and Persians

9374. What did Mordecai refuse to do when Haman passed by at the king's gate?

A). Kneel down and pay him honor B). Open the gate for him C). Give him a gift

D). Speak to him

9375. What had Mordecai told the royal officials that explained his behavior?

A). That Haman had insulted him B). That he was a Jew

C). That the king had excused him D). That he was ill

9376. What did Haman plan to do after he learned who Mordecai's people were?

A). Punish only Mordecai B). Send Mordecai out of Persia

C). Destroy all the Jews throughout the kingdom D). Ask Mordecai to apologize

9377. What did Mordecai do when he learned about everything that had been done?

A). He hid in his house B). He tore his clothes and put on sackcloth and ashes

C). He ran away from Susa D). He went to fight Haman

9378. Why did Mordecai go only as far as the king's gate?

A). The guards knew he was a Jew B). Haman had banned him from the palace

C). No one dressed in sackcloth was allowed to enter the gate

D). Esther had told him to wait there

9379. What did Esther send to Mordecai when she heard he was in sackcloth?

A). Food and water B). A letter from the king C). Money for a lawyer

D). Clothes to put on instead of sackcloth

9380. Which of the king's eunuchs did Esther send to find out what was troubling Mordecai?

A). Hathak B). Hegai C). Harbona D). Shaashgaz

9381. What did Mordecai give Hathak to show to Esther?

A). The king's signet ring B). A copy of the text of the edict to destroy the Jews

C). A letter from Haman D). A list of the Jews in Susa

9382. What did Mordecai urge Esther to do?

A). Leave the palace and hide B). Write a letter to Haman

C). Go to the king, beg for mercy and plead for her people D). Pray in the temple

9383. And who knows but that you have come to your royal position for such a ___ as this?

A). day B). reason C). time D). purpose

9384. What did Mordecai warn Esther would happen if she stayed silent?

A). The king would remove her crown B). Haman would find out she was a Jew

C). Mordecai would go to the king himself

D). Relief would come for the Jews from another place, but she and her family would perish

9385. Why was Haman filled with rage as he left the first banquet?

A). Mordecai did not rise or show fear of him at the king's gate

B). The king had ignored him C). Esther had insulted him

D). He had not been given enough wine

9386. Why did Haman say that all his honor gave him no satisfaction?

A). The king had not given him a province

B). He still saw Mordecai the Jew sitting at the king's gate C). His sons did not respect him

D). Esther had not invited his wife

9387. What did Zeresh and Haman's friends suggest he do to Mordecai?

A). Set up a pole and ask the king to have Mordecai impaled on it

B). Send Mordecai out of Susa C). Take away Mordecai's job at the gate

D). Put Mordecai in prison

9388. How high was the pole that Haman had set up for Mordecai?

A). Ten cubits B). Thirty cubits C). Seventy cubits D). Fifty cubits

9389. What did the king hear recorded about Mordecai in the chronicles?

A). That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king B). That Mordecai had paid a large tax

C). That Mordecai had built a gate D). That Mordecai had refused to bow to Haman

9390. What honor had Mordecai received for saving the king's life?

A). A royal robe B). A gold chain C). A house in Susa

D). Nothing had been done for him

9391. Why had Haman come into the palace's outer court that night?

A). To ask for Esther's help B). To speak to the king about impaling Mordecai on the pole

C). To report a new plot D). To bring a gift to the king

9392. Who did the king order Haman to honor in the way Haman had suggested?

A). Hegai B). Mordecai C). Hathak D). Esther

9393. Who led Mordecai on horseback through the city streets, proclaiming honor before him?

A). Haman B). King Xerxes C). Hathak D). Hegai

9394. What did Haman do right after leading Mordecai through the city?

A). He went to Esther's banquet B). He went back to the king to complain

C). He rushed home with his head covered in grief D). He left Susa

9395. What did Zeresh and Haman's advisers tell him after he was forced to honor Mordecai?

A). That the king would soon forget about it B). That he should try again tomorrow

C). That Esther would help him

D). That since Mordecai was Jewish, Haman could not stand against him and would surely come to ruin

9396. Which of the king's eunuchs told the king about the pole Haman had set up for Mordecai?

A). Hegai B). Harbona C). Hathak D). Mehuman

9397. What happened to Haman at the end of Esther 7?

A). He was sent into exile B). He was put in prison C). He was forgiven by the king

D). He was impaled on the pole he had set up for Mordecai

9398. What did the king give to Mordecai after taking it back from Haman?

A). His signet ring B). His royal horse C). His royal robe D). The key to the treasury

9399. Whom did Esther appoint over Haman's estate?

A). Hathak B). Harbona C). Mordecai D). Hegai

9400. Why could the king not simply cancel Haman's first decree?

A). A document written in the king's name and sealed with his ring could not be revoked

B). Haman's sons still had the signet ring C). The decree had already been carried out

D). The nobles refused to allow it

9401. In which month was the new decree for the Jews written?

A). Adar B). Nisan C). Sivan D). Tebeth

9402. How was the new decree sent out to the provinces?

A). By ships B). By mounted couriers riding fast horses bred for the king

C). By messengers on foot D). By the priests

9403. What did Mordecai wear when he left the king's presence?

A). Royal garments of blue and white, a large gold crown and a purple robe

B). Sackcloth and ashes C). A soldier's armor D). A priest's white linen ephod

9404. Why did the nobles, satraps and governors help the Jews?

A). The king paid them to B). They were Jews themselves
C). Fear of Mordecai had seized them D). Esther had asked each of them

9405. Who became more and more powerful, with his fame spreading through the provinces?

A). Mordecai B). Hathak C). Harbona D). Memukan

9406. Who wrote letters telling the Jews to celebrate the fourteenth and fifteenth days of Adar every year?

A). King Xerxes B). Mordecai C). Hathak D). The royal secretaries

9407. Besides giving food to one another, what did Mordecai tell the Jews to give during the celebration?

A). Gifts to the poor B). Offerings at the temple C). Silver to the king
D). Gifts to the nobles

9408. Who, along with Mordecai, wrote with full authority to confirm the letter about Purim?

A). Queen Esther B). King Xerxes C). Hathak D). Harbona

9409. In which book was a full account of Mordecai's greatness written?

A). The book of Jashar B). The book of the annals of the kings of Media and Persia
C). The book of the annals of the kings of Judah D). The book of the law of Moses

9410. What rank did Mordecai the Jew hold in the kingdom?

A). He was a gatekeeper B). He became king C). He was second in rank to King Xerxes
D). He was the chief priest

9411. Why was Mordecai held in high esteem by his fellow Jews?

A). He worked for the good of his people and spoke up for their welfare
B). He was very rich C). He was the king's relative D). He won many battles

Moses

9412. From which tribe were the parents of Moses?

A). Judah B). Levi C). Benjamin D). Reuben

9413. Where did Moses' mother place him to keep him safe?

A). In a cave B). In a basket among the reeds by the Nile C). In a neighbor's house
D). In a field

9414. Who found baby Moses in the basket by the river?

A). Pharaoh's daughter B). A Hebrew slave C). Moses' aunt D). An Egyptian priest

9415. Who ended up nursing baby Moses for Pharaoh's daughter?

A). An Egyptian woman B). Moses' own mother C). Pharaoh's daughter herself
D). A servant girl

9416. Why was the child given the name Moses?

A). Because he was born at night B). Because he was drawn out of the water
C). Because he was the firstborn D). Because he was strong

9417. What did Moses do when he saw an Egyptian beating a Hebrew?

A). He reported him to Pharaoh B). He killed the Egyptian C). He ran away in fear
D). He prayed for the Hebrew

9418. Where did Moses flee after Pharaoh tried to kill him?

A). Canaan B). Midian C). Babylon D). Assyria

9419. Whom did Moses marry in Midian?

A). Zipporah B). Miriam C). Rebekah D). Deborah

9420. What was the name of Moses' first son born in Midian?

A). Gershom B). Aaron C). Eliezer D). Joshua

9421. What did Moses see burning that was not consumed by the fire?

A). A tree B). A bush C). A pile of wood D). A tent

9422. At which mountain did Moses see the burning bush?

A). Mount Carmel B). Mount Zion C). Horeb, the mountain of God
D). Mount Ararat

9423. What did God tell Moses to do because he was standing on holy ground?

A). Bow down and pray B). Take off his sandals C). Cover his face
D). Build an altar

9424. How did God identify Himself to Moses at the bush?

A). The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob B). The God of Noah and Enoch
C). The God of the Egyptians D). The God of Adam and Eve

9425. What task did God give Moses at the burning bush?

A). To build a temple B). To lead the Israelites out of Egypt C). To become king of Egypt
D). To fight the Midianites

9426. What name did God give when Moses asked who was sending him?

A). I AM WHO I AM B). The Almighty C). The Everlasting Father
D). The God of Hosts

9427. What did Moses' staff become when he threw it on the ground?

A). A snake B). A river C). A tree D). A stone

9428. What happened to Moses' hand when he put it inside his cloak?

A). It turned to gold B). It became leprous, white as snow C). It disappeared
D). It became a snake

9429. What was the third sign God gave Moses, using water from the Nile?

A). The water would dry up B). The water would become blood
C). The water would turn to ice D). The water would rise up

9430. What reason did Moses give for not wanting to speak to Pharaoh?

A). He was afraid of the desert B). He was slow of speech and tongue
C). He did not know God's name D). He was too old

9431. Whom did God choose to be Moses' spokesman?

A). Jethro B). Aaron C). Joshua D). Hur

9432. What was the relationship between Moses and Aaron?

A). They were father and son B). They were brothers C). They were cousins
D). They were friends

9433. What did Moses take in his hand as he returned to Egypt?

A). The staff of God B). A sword C). A scroll D). A bag of gold

9434. Where did Aaron meet Moses when he came to him?

A). In the wilderness at the mountain of God B). At Pharaoh's palace
C). By the Nile River D). In the city of Rameses

9435. How did the Israelites respond when they heard God had seen their misery?

A). They rebelled against Moses B). They believed and bowed down in worship
C). They fled from Egypt at once D). They refused to listen

9436. What did Moses and Aaron ask Pharaoh to let the Israelites do?

A). Build a new city B). Hold a festival to the LORD in the wilderness
C). Return to farming D). Choose a new king

9437. How did Pharaoh respond to the command to let Israel go?

A). He said he did not know the LORD and refused B). He agreed at once
C). He asked for time to think D). He offered them gifts

9438. Whom did the Israelite foremen blame for their increased suffering?

A). Pharaoh B). Moses and Aaron C). The Egyptians D). Themselves

9439. How did Moses respond to God after Pharaoh made things worse?

A). He thanked God for the trouble
B). He asked God why He had brought trouble on the people
C). He gave up and returned to Midian D). He attacked the Egyptians

9440. Why did the Israelites not listen to Moses' message from God?

A). They were busy working B). They were discouraged by their harsh slavery
C). They did not believe in God D). They had left Egypt already

9441. Who were the parents of Aaron and Moses?

A). Amram and Jochebed B). Kohath and Elisheba C). Levi and Sarah
D). Izhar and Miriam

9442. What excuse did Moses again give for not speaking to Pharaoh?

A). He was too busy B). He spoke with faltering lips C). He did not know the way
D). He was afraid of the desert

9443. What role did God give Aaron in relation to Moses before Pharaoh?

A). His servant B). His prophet C). His guard D). His judge

9444. How old was Moses when he spoke to Pharaoh?

A). 40 years old B). 80 years old C). 100 years old D). 60 years old

9445. What was the first plague God sent on Egypt?

A). Frogs B). The Nile turned to blood C). Locusts D). Darkness

9446. What was the second plague God sent on Egypt?

A). Frogs B). Locusts C). Hail D). Boils

9447. What did Pharaoh ask Moses to do about the frogs?

A). To gather them up B). To pray to the LORD to take them away
C). To send them to Goshen D). To turn them into food

9448. What was the sixth plague that came upon the people and animals?

A). Festering boils B). Blindness C). Fever D). Deafness

9449. What was the seventh plague that fell on Egypt?

A). Hail B). Frogs C). Locusts D). Darkness

9450. What did Pharaoh admit during the plague of hail?

A). That he had sinned B). That the LORD did not exist C). That Moses was a magician
D). That Egypt was cursed forever

9451. What was the eighth plague God sent on Egypt?

A). Locusts B). Frogs C). Hail D). Gnats

9452. What did God use to bring the locusts into Egypt?

A). A great flood B). An east wind C). A cloud of fire D). A swarm of birds

9453. What was the ninth plague that came over Egypt?

A). Darkness B). Hail C). Blood D). Boils

9454. What condition did Pharaoh put on letting the Israelites go, which Moses refused?

A). That they leave their flocks and herds behind B). That they pay a large tribute
C). That only the children go D). That they return within a week

9455. How did Pharaoh threaten Moses at the end of the meeting?

A). He said Moses would die if he saw his face again
B). He said he would destroy the Israelites C). He said he would flood Goshen
D). He said he would take Moses' family

9456. What did God say would happen after the last plague?

A). Pharaoh would drive the Israelites out completely B). Egypt would become rich again
C). The Israelites would stay in Egypt D). Pharaoh would become king of Israel

9457. What would the tenth plague do?

A). Kill every firstborn in Egypt B). Bring darkness over Egypt C). Send hail on the crops
D). Fill Egypt with locusts

9458. What did Pharaoh finally do after the death of the firstborn?

A). He sent his army against them B). He told Moses and the Israelites to leave Egypt
C). He asked them to stay D). He hardened his heart again

9459. What were the Israelites told to remember about this day?

A). The day they came out of slavery in Egypt B). The day they crossed the Jordan
C). The day they built the tabernacle D). The day they defeated the Amalekites

9460. Whose bones did Moses take with him out of Egypt?

A). Joseph's bones B). Jacob's bones C). Abraham's bones D). Levi's bones

9461. How did the Israelites react when they saw the Egyptians coming?

A). They prepared to fight B). They were terrified and cried out C). They rejoiced
D). They ran into the sea

9462. Moses told the people, "The LORD will fight for you; you need only to be ____."

A). still B). strong C). brave D). ready

9463. What did God use to divide the sea so the Israelites could cross?

A). A strong east wind B). A great earthquake C). A flood of rain
D). A bolt of lightning

9464. How did the Israelites respond after seeing the Egyptians defeated?

A). They returned to Egypt B). They feared the LORD and put their trust in Him and Moses
C). They complained again D). They forgot what God had done

9465. Why did Moses and the Israelites sing a song to the LORD?

A). Because they had reached the promised land B). Because they had built an altar
C). Because He had triumphed gloriously over the Egyptians
D). Because Pharaoh had set them free willingly

9466. What did Moses throw into the bitter water to make it fit to drink?

A). A handful of salt B). A silver cup C). A green branch of dates
D). A piece of wood

9467. Why did the Israelites grumble against Moses and Aaron in the desert?

A). They had no water to wash B). They had no food and remembered eating well in Egypt
C). They were tired of walking D). They wanted to choose a new leader

9468. What was the name given to the bread God provided each morning?

A). Passover B). Manna C). Matzah D). Shewbread

9469. What happened when some people kept the manna until morning against Moses' instructions?

A). It turned to gold B). It bred maggots and began to smell C). It doubled in amount
D). It vanished completely

9470. Why did the people quarrel with Moses at Rephidim?

A). They had lost their way B). They wanted more manna
C). There was no water to drink D). They feared an enemy attack

9471. How did God provide water for the people at Rephidim?

A). Rain fell from the sky B). Water came out of a rock when Moses struck it
C). A spring rose from the sand D). A river appeared overnight

9472. What names did Moses give the place where the people quarreled and tested God?

A). Massah and Meribah B). Marah and Elim C). Succoth and Etham
D). Horeb and Sinai

9473. Whom did Moses choose to lead the Israelites in the battle against the Amalekites?

A). Aaron B). Hur C). Joshua D). Caleb

9474. What happened in the battle when Moses held up his hands?

A). The Amalekites were winning B). The Israelites were winning
C). The battle stopped D). A storm began

9475. Who held up Moses' hands when they grew tired during the battle?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Aaron and Miriam C). Hur and Joshua D). Aaron and Hur

9476. What did Moses name the altar he built after the victory?

A). The LORD is my Shepherd B). The LORD Provides C). The LORD is my Banner
D). The LORD is Peace

9477. Who was Jethro in relation to Moses?

A). His brother B). His father-in-law C). His uncle D). His son

9478. Whom did Jethro bring with him to Moses?

A). Aaron and Miriam B). The elders of Midian

C). Moses' wife Zipporah and her two sons D). Joshua and Hur

9479. What did Jethro see Moses doing all day long?

A). Building an altar B). Leading the people in worship C). Writing down the law

D). Judging the people alone from morning till evening

9480. What warning did Jethro give Moses about judging the people alone?

A). That the people would rebel B). That God would be angry

C). That he would wear himself out D). That the enemies would attack

9481. What kind of men did Jethro tell Moses to appoint as officials?

A). The wealthiest men in the camp

B). Capable men who fear God and are trustworthy and hate dishonest gain

C). The oldest men among the people D). Men chosen by Pharaoh

9482. How did Moses respond to Jethro's advice?

A). He refused to change anything B). He sent Jethro away

C). He listened and did everything Jethro said D). He asked God to remove Jethro

9483. How did the people answer when they heard God's words?

A). They asked to return to Egypt B). They refused to listen C). They remained silent

D). They promised to do everything the LORD had said

9484. Why did the people ask Moses to speak to them instead of God?

A). They could not understand God's words

B). They were afraid they would die if God spoke to them C). They wanted Moses to be king

D). They were tired of waiting

9485. How did the people respond when Moses told them all the LORD's words and laws?

A). They refused to obey B). They asked for different laws

C). They said they would do everything the LORD had said D). They remained silent

9486. What did the twelve stone pillars Moses set up at the altar represent?

A). The twelve plagues B). The twelve tribes of Israel C). The twelve months

D). The twelve elders

9487. What did Moses read aloud to the people to confirm the covenant?

A). A letter from Pharaoh B). A list of the tribes C). The song of Miriam

D). The Book of the Covenant

9488. What did Moses sprinkle on the people to seal the covenant?

A). Water from the rock B). The blood of the covenant C). Oil and spices
D). Ashes from the altar

9489. What did God call Moses up the mountain to receive?

A). A crown of gold B). A scroll of blessings
C). The stone tablets with the law and commandments D). A staff of power

9490. Whom did Moses leave in charge of the people while he was on the mountain?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Jethro and Eleazar
D). Aaron and Hur

9491. How long did Moses stay on the mountain?

A). Seven days B). One day C). Forty days and forty nights D). Three months

9492. What did God give Moses when He finished speaking with him on Mount Sinai?

A). A golden lampstand B). A scroll sealed with wax
C). Two stone tablets written by the finger of God D). A staff of authority

9493. What did Moses do when God said He would destroy the people?

A). He agreed with God B). He ran away in fear C). He blamed Joshua
D). He pleaded with God, and God relented

9494. What did Moses do with the stone tablets when he saw the golden calf?

A). He hid them in a cave B). He threw them down and broke them
C). He gave them to Aaron D). He buried them

9495. What did Moses do to the golden calf?

A). He gave it back to Aaron B). He buried it in the sand
C). He burned it, ground it to powder, and made the people drink it in water
D). He threw it into the sea

9496. What excuse did Aaron give Moses for the golden calf?

A). He said an angel made it B). He said he found it in the desert
C). He said Moses had told him to make it
D). He said the gold went into the fire and the calf came out

9497. Which group rallied to Moses when he called, 'Whoever is for the LORD, come to me'?

A). The Reubenites B). The Levites C). The elders D). The women

9498. How did Moses show his love for the people when he returned to the LORD?

A). He asked God to make him king B). He demanded that Aaron be punished
C). He offered to be blotted out of God's book for their sake
D). He asked to leave the people

9499. What happened when Moses entered the tent of meeting?

A). Fire fell from the sky B). The ground opened up

C). The pillar of cloud came down and stood at the entrance

D). The people followed him inside

9500. How did the LORD speak with Moses at the tent of meeting?

A). Only in dreams B). Face to face, as one speaks with a friend C). Through an angel

D). In a loud voice from heaven

9501. Who was the young aide who stayed at the tent of meeting?

A). Caleb B). Aaron C). Hur D). Joshua

9502. What did God promise Moses when he asked that His presence go with them?

A). You must go alone B). My Presence will go with you, and I will give you rest

C). I will send only an angel D). The people will lead themselves

9503. What special request did Moses make to God?

A). To give him gold B). To make him a king C). To show him His glory

D). To end the journey

9504. What did God say about Moses seeing His face?

A). Moses could see it freely B). Only Aaron could see it C). It could be seen at night

D). No one may see His face and live

9505. Why did God tell Moses to cut two new stone tablets?

A). The first were lost B). The people wanted more laws

C). The first tablets had been broken D). The old ones were too heavy

9506. How did the LORD describe Himself when He passed in front of Moses?

A). Angry and unforgiving

B). Compassionate and gracious, slow to anger, abounding in love C). Silent and distant

D). Fearful and hidden

9507. How long was Moses with the LORD on the mountain the second time?

A). Seven days B). Forty days and forty nights C). One day D). Ten days

9508. What was unusual about Moses' face when he came down from the mountain?

A). It had turned pale B). It was covered in dust

C). It was radiant because he had spoken with the LORD D). It looked much older

9509. What did Moses do because his face was radiant?

A). He stayed inside the tent B). He covered his whole body

C). He stopped speaking to anyone

D). He put a veil over his face when speaking to the people

9510. What did Moses remind the people about the seventh day?

A). It was a day for building B). It was a day for travel

C). It was a holy day of Sabbath rest D). It was a day for markets

9511. What did the craftsmen report to Moses about the people's offerings?

A). The people had stopped giving

B). The people were bringing more than enough for the work

C). The offerings were of poor quality D). There was nothing left to give

9512. What unusual command did Moses give because of the people's generosity?

A). To bring twice as much B). To give only gold C). To wait until the next year

D). To stop bringing any more offerings

9513. How faithfully did Bezalel carry out the work of the tabernacle?

A). He changed some of the designs B). He left part of it unfinished

C). He followed the Egyptians' pattern

D). He made everything the LORD commanded Moses

9514. What did the Israelites do when all the tabernacle work was finished?

A). They set it up themselves B). They stored it away C). They gave it to the priests

D). They brought everything to Moses

9515. What did Moses do after inspecting all the finished work?

A). He told them to start again

B). He blessed the people because they had done it as the LORD commanded

C). He kept the work hidden D). He sent it back to be changed

9516. When did God command Moses to set up the tabernacle?

A). On the last day of the year B). On the Sabbath

C). On the first day of the first month D). At the next new moon

9517. What was Moses to place inside the tabernacle and shield with the curtain?

A). The bronze altar B). The ark of the covenant law C). The basin of water

D). The courtyard posts

9518. How well did Moses follow God's instructions in setting up the tabernacle?

A). He changed a few things B). He left some parts out

C). He waited for the people to decide

D). He did everything just as the LORD commanded him

9519. Why could Moses not enter the tent of meeting?

A). The door was locked B). The people blocked the way

C). The cloud had settled on it and the glory of the LORD filled it D). It was too dark inside

9520. From where did the Lord speak to Moses in this chapter?

A). From Mount Sinai B). From the tent of meeting C). From the burning bush
D). From the pillar of cloud

9521. Where did the Lord give Moses these commands about the offerings?

A). In the land of Egypt B). On Mount Horeb C). In the Desert of Sinai
D). At the Jordan River

9522. What important event takes place in Leviticus 8?

A). The building of the tabernacle B). The crossing of the Red Sea
C). The giving of the Ten Commandments
D). The ordination of Aaron and his sons as priests

9523. What did Moses pour on Aaron's head to consecrate him?

A). Anointing oil B). Water from the basin C). The blood of a bull
D). Wine from the offering

9524. During the ordination, Moses put blood on which parts of Aaron's body?

A). His forehead, chest, and hands B). His right ear, right thumb, and right big toe
C). His head, shoulders, and feet D). His hands and knees

9525. How did Aaron and his sons respond to the commands given during their ordination?

A). They did everything the Lord commanded through Moses
B). They questioned Moses about the rules C). They asked to wait until later
D). They performed only part of the commands

9526. On which day did Aaron begin his priestly duties as described in this chapter?

A). The first day of the year B). The eighth day C). The seventh day of the week
D). The day of Passover

9527. What is the main subject of Leviticus 11?

A). Which animals were clean and unclean to eat B). How to build the altar
C). The rules for the Sabbath D). The duties of the high priest

9528. What is the main subject of Leviticus 12?

A). The laws for a woman after childbirth B). The rules for the priests' clothing
C). The laws about clean and unclean food D). The building of the tabernacle

9529. What is the main subject of Leviticus 13?

A). Laws about offerings B). Examining skin diseases and mildew
C). The duties of the Levites D). Rules about clean and unclean food

9530. What is the main subject of Leviticus 14?

A). The cleansing of a person healed from a skin disease B). The rules for the Passover
C). The making of the priestly garments D). The offerings for the new year

9531. What is the main subject of Leviticus 15?

A). Laws about bodily discharges and cleanness B). Rules for offering sacrifices
C). Instructions for building the altar D). The appointment of the priests

9532. What special day is described in Leviticus 16?

A). The Passover B). The Day of Atonement C). The Feast of Trumpets
D). The Sabbath year

9533. Where were the Israelites commanded to bring an animal they wanted to sacrifice?

A). To their own homes B). To the entrance of the tent of meeting
C). To the top of a hill D). To the edge of the camp

9534. Whose practices did the Lord tell the Israelites not to follow?

A). The people of Egypt and Canaan B). The people of Babylon
C). The people of Assyria D). The people of Edom

9535. The Lord said to the people, 'Be holy because I, the Lord your God, am _____.'

A). mighty B). holy C). gracious D). eternal

9536. What sin brought the death penalty at the start of Leviticus 20?

A). Breaking the Sabbath B). Sacrificing children to Molek C). Eating unclean food
D). Stealing from a neighbor

9537. To whom were the special rules in Leviticus 21 given?

A). The kings of Israel B). The priests, the sons of Aaron C). The judges of the people
D). All the men of Israel

9538. What did the priests have to be before they could eat the holy offerings?

A). Ceremonially clean B). Over fifty years old C). Married with children
D). Chosen by the elders

9539. What is the main subject of Leviticus 23?

A). The appointed feasts of the Lord B). The laws about clean animals
C). The duties of the high priest D). The building of the tabernacle

9540. What were the priests to keep burning continually in the tent of meeting?

A). The incense on the golden altar B). The lamps on the golden lampstand
C). The fire under the bronze altar D). The offering of grain

9541. In the Sabbath Year, what were the Israelites to do with their land every seventh year?

A). Plant twice as much B). Let it rest and leave it unplanted C). Sell part of it
D). Give it to the priests

9542. What did God promise to give the people if they obeyed his commands?

A). Blessings such as rain, good harvests, and peace B). New lands far away
C). Freedom from all work D). Gold and silver

9543. What is the main subject of Leviticus 27?

A). Vows and dedicating things to the Lord B). The appointed feasts
C). Laws about clean animals D). The duties of the priests

9544. What did God tell Moses to do at the beginning of Numbers?

A). Build the tabernacle B). Lead the people out of Egypt
C). Take a census of the people of Israel D). Choose seventy elders

9545. Where was Israel when God spoke to Moses about the census?

A). On Mount Nebo B). In the Desert of Sinai C). By the Jordan River
D). In the land of Canaan

9546. Which men were to be counted in this census?

A). All the women and children B). Only the priests and Levites
C). The elders of each tribe
D). Every male twenty years old or more who could serve in the army

9547. Who helped Moses take the census?

A). Aaron, along with one man from each tribe B). Joshua alone C). The seventy elders
D). Miriam and the women leaders

9548. What was the total number of men counted in the census?

A). 600,000 B). 22,000 C). 603,550 D). 1,189,000

9549. Which tribe was not counted with the others in this census?

A). The tribe of Judah B). The tribe of Levi C). The tribe of Reuben
D). The tribe of Benjamin

9550. How were the Israelites told to set up their camp?

A). In one large circle with no order B). Wherever each family chose to settle
C). All together in a single line facing east
D). Each tribe under its own standard, around the tent of meeting

9551. Which group was not counted along with the other Israelites?

A). The tribe of Judah B). The tribe of Dan C). The Levites D). The tribe of Gad

9552. How did the Israelites respond to God's instructions about the camp?

A). They did everything exactly as the Lord commanded Moses

B). They complained about their positions C). They chose their own places instead

D). They refused to move from Sinai

9553. How many Levite males a month old or more were counted?

A). 22,000 B). 603,550 C). 273 D). 8,600

9554. What was done for the 273 firstborn Israelites who were more than the number of Levites?

A). They were sent to serve in the tabernacle B). They were counted among the Levites

C). They were redeemed by paying five shekels each D). They were given extra land

9555. Which Levite men were counted for the work of the tent of meeting?

A). All males a month old or more B). Men from thirty to fifty years old

C). Only the firstborn sons D). Men twenty years old and older

9556. What was the total number of Levites counted for the work of the tabernacle?

A). 22,000 B). 603,550 C). 8,580 D). 273

9557. What did God command about people who were unclean in the camp?

A). They were to be sent outside the camp B). They were to be given extra offerings

C). They were to lead the worship D). They were to stay near the tabernacle

9558. Who did God tell to bless the people of Israel with a special blessing?

A). Moses and the elders B). The Levites C). Aaron and his sons

D). The tribal leaders

9559. When did the leaders of Israel bring their offerings?

A). Before the people left Egypt B). After they entered the promised land

C). During the plague in the wilderness

D). When Moses finished setting up and anointing the tabernacle

9560. How did the leaders present their dedication offerings?

A). One leader each day, over twelve days B). All at once on a single day

C). Only on the Sabbath D). Once every month for a year

9561. From where did Moses hear the Lord speaking to him?

A). From the top of the mountain B). From a burning bush

C). From between the two cherubim above the atonement cover

D). From a cloud outside the camp

9562. What festival did God tell the Israelites to celebrate at its appointed time?

A). The Feast of Tabernacles B). The Day of Atonement C). The Passover

D). The Feast of Weeks

9563. Why could some men not keep the Passover on the set day?

A). They were away fighting a battle B). They were unclean because of a dead body
C). They had forgotten the date D). They were too young to take part

9564. What did God allow for those who were unclean or on a journey at Passover time?

A). They could keep the Passover a month later B). They could skip the Passover entirely
C). They could send someone else in their place D). They had to pay a fine instead

9565. What did God tell Moses to make out of silver?

A). Two trumpets B). A crown C). A pair of bells D). A large bowl

9566. Whom did Moses invite to travel with Israel to help guide them?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Caleb D). Hobab

9567. When the ark set out, Moses said: 'Rise up, Lord! May your ____ be scattered.'

A). enemies B). clouds C). people D). troubles

9568. How did God help Moses carry the heavy load of leading the people?

A). He gave Moses a written law to follow
B). He put His Spirit on seventy elders to share the burden
C). He sent an angel to lead instead D). He reduced the number of the people

9569. Which two men prophesied in the camp, and Moses would not stop them?

A). Nadab and Abihu B). Eldad and Medad C). Caleb and Joshua
D). Aaron and Hur

9570. Who spoke against Moses in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Dathan and Abiram C). Miriam and Aaron
D). Nadab and Abihu

9571. What were two reasons Miriam and Aaron opposed Moses?

A). His wife and his claim to be king
B). His Cushite wife and whether God spoke only through him C). His age and his wealth
D). His war plans and his diet

9572. How does this chapter describe Moses as a person?

A). Very humble, more than anyone else on earth B). The strongest man in Israel
C). The oldest of all the people D). The richest man in the camp

9573. How did God say He spoke with Moses, unlike with other prophets?

A). Only through dreams B). Through written messages C). By sending angels
D). Face to face, clearly and not in riddles

9574. What did Moses do when Miriam was struck with leprosy?

A). He sent her away for good B). He said nothing at all
C). He cried out to God to heal her D). He blamed Aaron for it

9575. What did God tell Moses to do in this chapter?

A). Send men to explore the land of Canaan B). Build a new altar
C). Count the Levites again D). Lead the people back to Egypt

9576. How did the people react after hearing the bad report about the land?

A). They praised God for the good land B). They prepared to attack right away
C). They asked Moses to send more spies D). They wept and wanted to return to Egypt

9577. What did Moses do when God threatened to destroy the people?

A). He agreed with God's plan B). He pleaded with God to forgive them
C). He left the camp in anger D). He blamed Aaron

9578. What did God command be done to the man who broke the Sabbath?

A). He was to be forgiven B). He was to be stoned to death C). He was to be sent away
D). He was to pay for his sin with silver

9579. Who led the rebellion against Moses and Aaron in this chapter?

A). Joshua and Caleb B). Nadab and Abihu C). Korah, Dathan, and Abiram
D). Miriam and Aaron

9580. What did the rebels claim against Moses and Aaron?

A). That Moses was too old to lead
B). That the whole community was holy, so Moses and Aaron had set themselves too high
C). That they wanted to return to Egypt D). That there was no food or water

9581. What test did Moses set to show whom God had chosen?

A). A test of strength B). A footrace to the tent of meeting C). Drawing lots with stones
D). Each was to take a censer and offer incense before the Lord

9582. How did the people react the day after the rebels were destroyed?

A). They thanked God for saving them
B). They grumbled and blamed Moses and Aaron for the deaths C). They chose new leaders
D). They left the camp quietly

9583. How did Aaron stop the plague that broke out among the people?

A). He prayed at the altar all night B). He sent the sick outside the camp
C). He offered a lamb for each family
D). He ran with a censer and stood between the living and the dead

9584. What did God tell Moses to collect from the leaders of the tribes?

A). Twelve staffs, one for each leader B). Twelve lambs for an offering
C). Silver from each tribe D). Twelve stones for an altar

9585. Why did God tell Moses to keep Aaron's staff before the ark?

A). As a decoration for the tent B). As a sign to warn the rebels and stop their grumbling
C). So Aaron could use it in battle D). To measure the tabernacle

9586. Why did the people quarrel with Moses at this place?

A). There was no water to drink B). They wanted a new leader
C). They were tired of walking D). They had lost their animals

9587. What did God tell Moses to do to bring water from the rock?

A). Strike the rock with his staff B). Dig beside the rock C). Pour water on the rock
D). Speak to the rock

9588. What did Moses do instead of only speaking to the rock?

A). He prayed over it B). He struck the rock twice with his staff
C). He rolled the rock away D). He waited until morning

9589. Why were Moses and Aaron told they would not lead Israel into the promised land?

A). They were too old to continue B). They did not trust God enough to honor Him as holy
C). They wanted to stay in the wilderness D). They had refused to speak to the people

9590. Who became the new high priest when Aaron died on Mount Hor?

A). Moses B). Joshua C). Ithamar D). Eleazar

9591. What did the people complain about as they traveled?

A). The heat of the desert B). The length of the journey
C). The manna, calling it detestable food D). The lack of tents

9592. What did God tell Moses to make so that bitten people would live?

A). A bronze snake on a pole B). A golden calf C). A wooden altar
D). A stone monument

9593. How did God respond to Israel's worship of Baal of Peor?

A). He gave them more time to repent B). He sent them a prophet to teach them
C). He ignored their sin D). His anger burned and a plague began among the people

9594. What did God command after the plague had ended?

A). To build a new tabernacle B). To take a new census of the people
C). To move back toward Egypt D). To choose new tribal leaders

9595. Who came to Moses asking for their father's inheritance?

A). The sons of Korah B). The elders of Reuben C). The daughters of Zelophehad
D). The wives of the Levites

9596. What did God tell Moses to do on Mount Abarim?

A). Look at the land Israel would receive, which he himself would not enter
B). Build an altar there C). Fight the people living there D). Set up the tabernacle

9597. What did Moses ask God to provide for the people?

A). More food and water B). A leader so they would not be like sheep without a shepherd
C). A new law D). A safe road to the land

9598. Whom did God choose to lead Israel after Moses?

A). Caleb B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Joshua

9599. How did Moses set Joshua apart as the new leader?

A). He gave him a crown B). He laid his hands on him before Eleazar and the people
C). He handed him a sword D). He anointed him with oil in secret

9600. Against which people did God tell Moses to take vengeance?

A). The Amalekites B). The Amorites C). The Midianites D). The Moabites

9601. Why did the army officers bring a gold offering to the Lord?

A). To pay for new weapons B). Because not one of their soldiers was missing
C). To buy back captives D). To build a new altar

9602. Why was Moses upset at their request at first?

A). He wanted the land for himself B). He thought the land was cursed
C). He wanted them to stay in Egypt
D). He feared they would discourage the others from crossing the Jordan

9603. Moses warned them, 'You may be sure that your sin will ____ you out.'

A). find B). wear C). cast D). call

9604. What did Moses record in this chapter?

A). The names of the tribal leaders B). A list of the laws
C). The numbers of the second census D). The stages of Israel's journey from Egypt

9605. What did God describe to the Israelites in this chapter?

A). The boundaries of the land they would inherit B). The order of the festivals
C). The rules for offerings D). The names of the priests

9606. What concern did the family heads of Gilead bring to Moses?

A). That the daughters had too much land
B). That if the daughters married outside their tribe, their land would pass to another tribe
C). That the daughters could not manage the land
D). That the land was not good for farming

9607. Where were these final commands given through Moses?

A). On Mount Sinai B). On the plains of Moab by the Jordan across from Jericho
C). In the land of Egypt D). At the tent of meeting in Canaan

9608. Who spoke these words to all Israel in the wilderness?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Moses D). Caleb

9609. At which mountain had the Lord told the people they had stayed long enough?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Nebo C). Mount Hor D). Horeb

9610. Why did Moses say he could not handle the people's problems by himself?

A). The people had become too numerous B). The people refused to obey him
C). He was too old to travel D). The elders would not help him

9611. What role did Moses give to the wise leaders he chose from the tribes?

A). Priests over the tabernacle B). Commanders of the army only
C). Spies to explore the land D). Officials and judges over the people

9612. Moses told the judges: "Do not show ___ in judging; hear both small and great alike."

A). mercy B). partiality C). anger D). fear

9613. To which place did Israel come, where Moses said the Lord was giving them the land?

A). Kadesh Barnea B). Beersheba C). Hebron D). Gilgal

9614. How many men were sent to explore the land, one from each tribe?

A). Seven B). Ten C). Twelve D). Seventy

9615. How did the people respond when they were told to go up and take the land?

A). They obeyed at once B). They asked for more time to prepare
C). They rebelled and were afraid to go up D). They sent gifts to the enemy

9616. How did Moses encourage the fearful people to trust God?

A). By reminding them the Lord would fight for them as He had in Egypt and the wilderness
B). By promising them great riches C). By telling them the enemy was weak
D). By offering to lead the attack himself

9617. What happened when the people finally tried to go up and fight after God told them not to?

A). The Amorites chased them and defeated them B). They captured the hill country easily
C). The enemy surrendered without a fight D). God gave them a great victory

9618. For many days Israel traveled around the hill country of which region?

A). Seir B). Moab C). Gilead D). Bashan

9619. Moses reminded the people: "These forty years the Lord your God has been with you, and you have not lacked ___."

A). anything B). courage C). wisdom D). rest

9620. What did Moses request from King Sihon before entering his territory?

A). To surrender his cities B). To join Israel in battle C). To give Israel his silver and gold
D). To let Israel pass through peacefully along the road

9621. What was the outcome of Israel's battle against Sihon?

A). Israel was driven back B). They made a lasting peace treaty
C). Sihon fled to the mountains
D). God delivered Sihon over, and Israel defeated him and took his towns

9622. What condition did Moses place on the tribes settling east of the Jordan?

A). They had to pay a yearly tribute B). They had to give up half their livestock
C). Their fighting men must cross over armed to help the other tribes take their land
D). They must send their leaders to Jerusalem

9623. Whom did Moses encourage, telling him not to be afraid because the Lord would fight for Israel?

A). Caleb B). Aaron C). Eleazar D). Joshua

9624. What did Moses plead with God to allow him to do?

A). To cross over and see the good land beyond the Jordan B). To live many more years
C). To be made king over Israel D). To return to Egypt

9625. How did God answer Moses' request to enter the promised land?

A). God allowed him to enter with Joshua B). God told him to wait one more year
C). God gave him the land east of the Jordan instead
D). God said Moses could only view the land from a mountain but not cross over

9626. Moses said: "Do not add to what I command you and do not ___ from it."

A). subtract B). hide C). turn away D). forget

9627. Moses reminded Israel of God's judgment on those who followed which false god?

A). Molek B). Dagon C). Baal of Peor D). Ashtoreth

9628. According to Moses, what would obeying God's decrees show to the surrounding nations?

A). Israel's military strength B). Israel's great wealth C). Israel's large numbers
D). Israel's wisdom and understanding

9629. What did Moses tell the people to do with the things they had seen God do?

A). Write them on the city gates B). Teach them to their children and grandchildren
C). Keep them secret from outsiders D). Forget the past and look ahead

9630. Why did Moses warn the people not to make an idol in any shape?

A). Because idols were too costly to make B). Because other nations would mock them
C). Because idols were forbidden only for priests
D). Because they saw no form when God spoke at Horeb

9631. Moses warned the people not to bow down to and worship which things in the sky?

A). Clouds and rain B). Birds flying overhead C). The sun, moon, and stars
D). Lightning and thunder

9632. Why did Moses say he would not cross the Jordan into the good land?

A). He was too old to travel B). He chose to stay with the eastern tribes
C). God had given him another land D). The Lord was angry with him because of the people

9633. Moses said: "For the Lord your God is a consuming ___, a jealous God."

A). light B). fire C). wind D). storm

9634. What did Moses warn would happen to Israel if they turned to idols?

A). They would be scattered among the nations B). They would lose their cattle
C). They would be struck with disease only D). They would be forced to rebuild Egypt

9635. What promise did Moses give about Israel seeking God even after being scattered?

A). God would forget them forever B). They would have to find a new god
C). If they seek Him with all their heart, they will find Him, for He is merciful
D). Only their leaders could return to God

9636. Moses declared: "The Lord is God; besides him there is ___."

A). no other B). great power C). one king D). no rest

9637. According to Moses, why did God bring Israel out of Egypt by His great power?

A). Because Israel deserved it B). Because the Egyptians asked Him to
C). Because of Israel's great strength
D). Because He loved their ancestors and chose their descendants

9638. What did Moses set apart three cities east of the Jordan to be?

A). Places of worship B). Storehouses for grain
C). Cities of refuge for those who killed someone accidentally
D). Fortresses against enemies

9639. Where did Moses say the Lord made the covenant with Israel?

A). At Horeb B). In Egypt C). At the Jordan D). In Moab

9640. Why did the people ask Moses to speak to them instead of hearing God directly?

A). They could not understand God's words B). They did not believe Moses
C). They were afraid they would die if God kept speaking to them from the fire
D). They wanted to return to Egypt

9641. Moses said: "Walk in obedience to all that the Lord your God has commanded you, so that you may live and prosper and ___ your days."

A). count B). prolong C). number D). shorten

9642. Moses said the land God promised was a land flowing with milk and ___.

A). oil B). wine C). honey D). grain

9643. How did Moses command Israel to love the Lord their God?

A). With all their heart, soul, and strength B). With gifts and offerings
C). With loud singing only D). With careful record-keeping

9644. What did Moses tell parents to do with God's commandments regarding their children?

A). Hide them until they were grown B). Let the priests teach them only
C). Impress them on their children and talk about them throughout the day
D). Write them in a sealed book

9645. What danger did Moses warn about once Israel enjoyed the good things of the land?

A). That they might run out of food B). That the land would become barren
C). That they would lose their language
D). That they might forget the Lord who brought them out of Egypt

9646. Whom did Moses say Israel must serve and swear by, and not follow other gods of the nations around them?

A). Their earthly kings B). The elders of the tribes C). The gods of Egypt
D). The Lord their God

9647. Moses warned Israel not to test the Lord as they had done at which place?

A). Massah B). Horeb C). Kadesh D). Hormah

9648. According to Moses, why did the Lord command Israel to obey all these decrees?

A). So they would become the richest nation
B). For their own good, that they might prosper and be kept alive
C). So other nations would fear them D). So they would not have to work

9649. Moses said Israel was chosen to be God's "___ possession" out of all the peoples on earth.

A). treasured B). holy C). faithful D). royal

9650. How did Moses tell Israel to overcome their fear of the nations they faced?

A). By counting their own soldiers
B). By remembering what the Lord did to Pharaoh and all Egypt
C). By making treaties with the nations D). By hiding in the mountains

9651. How many years did Moses remind Israel that God led them through the wilderness?

A). Ten years B). Twenty years C). Forty years D). Seventy years

9652. Moses said: "Man does not live on ___ alone but on every word that comes from the mouth of the Lord."

A). bread B). manna C). water D). meat

9653. What did Moses say did NOT happen to Israel during their forty years in the wilderness?

A). Their clothes did not wear out and their feet did not swell B). They never grew hungry

C). They never grew tired D). They never faced enemies

9654. Moses compared the Lord's discipline of Israel to what relationship?

A). A king ruling his servants B). A shepherd guarding sheep

C). A teacher training students D). A father disciplining his son

9655. How did Moses describe the land God was bringing Israel into?

A). A dry desert with few people B). A land of ice and snow

C). A good land with streams, wheat, vines, and where they would lack nothing

D). A land already ruled by Israel

9656. What did Moses warn Israel to be careful about after they had eaten and were satisfied?

A). Not to forget the Lord their God B). Not to travel too far

C). Not to plant more crops D). Not to build new homes

9657. What proud thought did Moses warn Israel against, and what truth should they remember instead?

A). Thinking their armies won the land; instead God fought for them

B). Thinking their own power produced their wealth; instead God gives the ability to produce wealth

C). Thinking the land was empty; instead nations lived there

D). Thinking they were the oldest nation; instead others came first

9658. What did Moses warn would happen if Israel forgot the Lord and followed other gods?

A). They would lose only their crops

B). They would surely be destroyed like the nations before them

C). They would be given a second chance each year

D). They would be scattered but never harmed

9659. Which strong and tall people did Moses say Israel would face, whom they had heard the saying about, 'Who can stand against them?'

A). The Anakites B). The Midianites C). The Edomites D). The Moabites

9660. How did Moses describe the Lord going ahead of Israel to subdue the nations?

A). As a gentle rain B). As a strong wind C). As a bright cloud

D). As a consuming fire

9661. What did Moses say was NOT the reason God was giving Israel the land?

A). Because of Israel's own righteousness B). Because of the wickedness of the nations
C). Because of the oath to their ancestors D). Because God is faithful

9662. Moses told Israel plainly that they were a "___ people."

A). chosen B). wandering C). great D). stiff-necked

9663. How long was Moses on the mountain receiving the stone tablets, without eating bread or drinking water?

A). Seven days and nights B). Ten days and nights C). Forty days and nights
D). Fifty days and nights

9664. What sinful idol had Israel made while Moses was on the mountain?

A). A golden calf B). A bronze serpent C). A wooden pole D). A silver bull

9665. What did Moses do with the two stone tablets when he saw the golden calf?

A). He hid them in a cave B). He carried them back up the mountain
C). He gave them to Aaron D). He threw them down and broke them to pieces

9666. For whom did Moses say he also prayed, because the Lord was angry enough to destroy him?

A). Joshua B). Caleb C). Aaron D). Miriam

9667. What did Moses do with the golden calf after Israel had sinned?

A). Buried it in the sand B). Melted it into coins
C). Burned it, ground it to powder, and threw the dust into a stream
D). Set it up as a warning

9668. At which place did Israel rebel when God told them to go up and take the land, refusing to trust Him?

A). Taberah B). Kadesh Barnea C). Massah D). Horeb

9669. In his prayer, what reason did Moses give the Lord for not destroying Israel?

A). That Israel had become righteous
B). That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation
C). That the nations would help Israel D). That Israel would build a temple

9670. What did God tell Moses to make to hold the two new stone tablets?

A). A golden box B). A stone chamber C). A leather bag D). A wooden ark (chest)

9671. According to Moses, what does the Lord require of Israel?

A). To offer many sacrifices each day B). To build many altars
C). To fear Him, walk in His ways, love Him, and serve Him with all their heart and soul
D). To conquer every nearby nation

9672. Moses said: "Circumcise your ___, therefore, and do not be stiff-necked any longer."

A). hearts B). hands C). children D). fields

9673. Why did Moses tell Israel to love the foreigner living among them?

A). Because foreigners were wealthy

B). Because Israel themselves were once foreigners in Egypt

C). Because it was a new tradition D). Because foreigners owned the land

9674. What act of God against Egypt's army did Moses remind Israel they had seen?

A). He sent fire from the sky B). He turned their weapons to dust

C). He swept Pharaoh's army into the Red Sea as they pursued Israel

D). He blinded the whole army

9675. Whom did Moses recall as being swallowed by the earth for their rebellion?

A). Dathan and Abiram B). Nadab and Abihu C). Korah and Aaron

D). Achan and Zimri

9676. What did Moses warn would happen if Israel turned away and worshiped other gods?

A). The Lord would shut the heavens so there would be no rain, and they would perish from the land

B). Their enemies would grow weak C). Their cattle would multiply

D). They would be given more land

9677. What did Moses tell Israel to do with God's words in their homes?

A). Store them in the temple only B). Read them once a year

C). Keep them hidden from the young

D). Teach them to their children, talking about them at home and along the road

9678. What two things did Moses set before Israel that day?

A). A feast and a fast B). A blessing and a curse C). A journey and a rest

D). A gift and a debt

9679. Whom did Moses warn Israel not to neglect as long as they lived in their land?

A). The kings B). The elders C). The judges D). The Levites

9680. Moses said: "See that you do all I command you; do not add to it or take away ___ from it."

A). anything B). a word C). the law D). the blessing

9681. Moses said: "It is the Lord your God you must follow, and him you must ___."

A). revere B). question C). forget D). test

9682. Moses said: "There will always be ___ people in the land. Therefore I command you to be openhanded."

A). wicked B). foreign C). poor D). faithful

9683. What did Moses forbid judges from accepting, because it blinds the wise and twists their words?

A). Gifts of food B). A bribe C). Land from the accused D). Praise from the crowd

9684. Moses commanded: "Follow justice and justice alone, so that you may live and possess the ___ the Lord your God is giving you."

A). land B). peace C). wealth D). victory

9685. Moses said: "You must be ___ before the Lord your God."

A). silent B). wealthy C). fearful D). blameless

9686. What did Moses promise God would raise up for Israel from among their own people?

A). A prophet like Moses, to whom they must listen B). A new high priest
C). A foreign ruler D). A council of elders

9687. Moses said the Lord detests anyone who deals ___.

A). quickly B). dishonestly C). quietly D). boldly

9688. What was Israel to do with large stones after crossing the Jordan?

A). Coat them with plaster and write all the words of this law on them
B). Build a wall around the camp C). Throw them into the river
D). Use them to mark the tribal borders

9689. On which mountain was Israel told to build an altar to the Lord?

A). Mount Ebal B). Mount Sinai C). Mount Gerizim D). Mount Nebo

9690. Where did Moses say the blessings of obedience would reach?

A). Only in the fields B). Only in times of war
C). In the city and in the country, coming in and going out D). Only among the priests

9691. How did Moses describe the sky and the ground under the curse of drought?

A). The sky like bronze and the ground like iron
B). The sky like glass and the ground like sand
C). The sky like smoke and the ground like ash
D). The sky like water and the ground like clay

9692. How did Moses describe a disobedient person's way at midday?

A). Running swiftly like a deer B). Resting quietly in the shade
C). Marching boldly into battle D). Groping about like a blind person in the dark

9693. What did Moses say would happen to their crops under the curse?

A). They would harvest twice as much B). Their fields would turn to gold
C). Their vineyards would need no care
D). They would sow much but harvest little, because locusts and worms would devour it

9694. What did Moses say would happen between Israel and the foreigners living among them?

A). Israel would rule over them completely

B). The foreigner would rise higher, lending to Israel, and become the head while Israel became the tail

C). They would share everything equally D). The foreigners would leave the land

9695. What reason did Moses give for the curses coming upon Israel?

A). Because they were too few in number

B). Because they did not serve the Lord joyfully and gladly in a time of prosperity

C). Because their land was poor D). Because their enemies were stronger

9696. How did Moses describe the nation God would bring against a disobedient Israel?

A). A nearby nation they knew well

B). A distant nation swooping down like an eagle, whose language they would not understand

C). A small and weak people D). A nation that would offer peace

9697. What did Moses say would happen to Israel among the nations if they disobeyed?

A). They would rule those nations

B). They would be scattered among the nations and find no resting place

C). They would be welcomed everywhere D). They would quickly return home

9698. In which land did the Lord command Moses to make this covenant with Israel?

A). Moab B). Egypt C). Canaan D). Midian

9699. Although Israel had seen God's great signs in Egypt, what did Moses say they still lacked?

A). A mind that understands, eyes that see, and ears that hear B). Enough food and water

C). Strong leaders to guide them D). Weapons for the battle ahead

9700. What did Moses say about Israel's clothes and sandals during the forty years in the wilderness?

A). They were replaced each year B). They were left behind in Egypt

C). They did not wear out D). They were given by the nations

9701. How did Moses describe a person whose heart turns away from God to worship other gods?

A). A tree without leaves B). A stone in the field C). A cloud without rain

D). A root that produces bitter poison

9702. Moses said: "The ___ things belong to the Lord our God, but the things revealed belong to us and to our children forever."

A). good B). secret C). holy D). ancient

9703. What did Moses say about the command God was giving Israel?

A). It was not too difficult or beyond their reach

B). It was too difficult and beyond their reach C). It was meant only for the priests

D). It would be revealed much later

9704. How did Moses show that God's command was within Israel's reach?

A). It was written on the city gates B). It was kept by the elders

C). It was not up in heaven or beyond the sea, needing someone to fetch it

D). It was carried by the priests only

9705. Moses said: "The word is very near you; it is in your mouth and in your ___ so you may obey it."

A). hand B). home C). memory D). heart

9706. What two choices did Moses set before Israel that day?

A). Wealth and poverty B). Life and prosperity, death and destruction

C). Peace and war D). Work and rest

9707. Whom did Moses call as witnesses when he urged Israel to choose life?

A). The elders of the tribes B). Heaven and earth C). The priests and Levites

D). The surrounding nations

9708. How did Moses describe the Lord to Israel in his closing appeal?

A). He is their judge only B). He is far away from them

C). He is their life, and will give them many years in the land

D). He is known only to the priests

9709. How old did Moses say he was when he spoke these words to Israel?

A). Eighty years old B). One hundred years old C). One hundred and twenty years old

D). One hundred and forty years old

9710. Who did Moses say would cross over ahead of Israel as their leader?

A). Joshua B). Caleb C). Eleazar D). Aaron

9711. Moses said: "Be strong and courageous... for the Lord your God goes with you; he will never leave you nor ___ you."

A). forsake B). forget C). judge D). hinder

9712. To whom did Moses give the law he had written down?

A). To the army commanders B). To the judges of each town

C). To the Levitical priests who carried the ark, and to all the elders

D). To the heads of every family

9713. Where did the Lord tell Moses and Joshua to present themselves, and how did He appear there?

A). On Mount Nebo, in a great wind B). Beside the Jordan, in a bright light
C). In the camp, in a burning bush D). At the tent of meeting, in a pillar of cloud

9714. What did God tell Moses to write down and teach the Israelites as a witness against them?

A). A list of their tribes B). A song C). A record of their journeys
D). A treaty with the nations

9715. Where was the Book of the Law to be placed as a witness against Israel?

A). Inside the ark with the tablets B). Beside the ark of the covenant
C). In the tent of meeting doorway D). On the altar of burnt offering

9716. How did Moses describe his teaching at the beginning of the song?

A). Like rain and dew falling on tender plants B). Like a sword in battle
C). Like fire on the mountain D). Like a trumpet blast

9717. Why did Moses tell Israel to take these words to heart and teach them to their children?

A). Because they were old traditions B). Because they were not idle words but their very life
C). Because other nations had similar songs D). Because the priests required it

9718. Which mountain did God tell Moses to climb to view Canaan before he died?

A). Mount Hor B). Mount Nebo C). Mount Ebal D). Mount Gerizim

9719. When did Moses, the man of God, pronounce this blessing on the Israelites?

A). Before crossing the Red Sea B). On the day the law was given C). Before his death
D). After the walls of Jericho fell

9720. What did Moses say he had given as the possession of the assembly of Jacob?

A). The land east of the Jordan B). The ark of the covenant C). The law
D). The tent of meeting

9721. In blessing Joseph, Moses asked for the favor of the One who dwelt in what?

A). The pillar of fire B). The tent of meeting C). The cloud on Sinai
D). The burning bush

9722. How did Moses describe the God of Jeshurun near the end of the blessing?

A). One among many gods B). Unlike any other, riding on the heavens to help His people
C). A distant and silent God D). A God known only to the priests

9723. Moses said: "The eternal God is your refuge, and underneath are the ___ arms."

A). mighty B). everlasting C). faithful D). outstretched

9724. How did Moses describe Israel in the final words of the blessing?

A). A people left to fend for themselves

B). A people saved by the Lord, their shield and helper C). A people without a home

D). A people ruled by other nations

9725. Which mountain did Moses climb to view the promised land?

A). Mount Nebo B). Mount Sinai C). Mount Ebal D). Mount Hor

9726. What did the Lord tell Moses about the land He showed him?

A). That he would conquer it himself B). That it belonged to the nations forever

C). That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

D). That he would return to it later

9727. What is said about the place where Moses was buried?

A). It was marked with a great stone B). It was inside the promised land

C). It became a place of yearly festivals D). To this day no one knows where it is

9728. What was remarkable about Moses at the age of one hundred and twenty when he died?

A). His eyes were not weak and his strength had not gone B). He had never left Egypt

C). He had never spoken to God D). He had outlived all the tribes

9729. How long did the Israelites grieve for Moses in the plains of Moab?

A). Seven days B). Forty days C). Thirty days D). One year

9730. Why was Joshua filled with the spirit of wisdom?

A). Because he was the oldest leader B). Because he had written the law

C). Because he was chosen by the elders D). Because Moses had laid his hands on him

9731. How does the book describe Moses compared to the prophets who came after him?

A). Many prophets were greater than he was

B). No prophet has risen in Israel like him, whom the Lord knew face to face

C). He was equal to all the others D). He was quickly forgotten

9732. What deeds of Moses does the closing of the book remember?

A). His building of cities in Canaan

B). The signs and wonders the Lord sent him to do in Egypt, and his mighty acts before all Israel

C). His writing of many songs D). His long journeys to distant nations

9733. When did the LORD speak to Joshua about leading Israel?

A). After Moses died B). Before Moses was born

C). After Israel left Egypt the first night D). After the walls of Jericho fell

9734. Before he became Israel's leader, what was Joshua's role?

A). Moses' aide B). High priest C). Judge of Israel D). King's officer

9735. "I will give you every place where you set your ___, as I promised Moses."

A). eyes B). foot C). tent D). hand

9736. "As I was with Moses, so I will be with you; I will never leave you nor ___ you."

A). forsake B). forget C). punish D). test

9737. Which tribes did Joshua remind of the command Moses had given them about helping their brothers?

A). Judah, Benjamin and Levi B). Reubenites, Gadites and the half-tribe of Manasseh
C). Ephraim, Dan and Asher D). Simeon, Issachar and Zebulun

9738. How did the people answer Joshua?

A). They asked to return to Egypt B). They asked for a new leader
C). They promised to obey him as they obeyed Moses D). They asked to wait one more year

9739. What did the LORD say He would begin to do for Joshua that day?

A). Give him the land of Egypt B). Exalt him in the eyes of all Israel
C). Give him a crown D). Make him a priest

9740. Which tribes crossed over ready for battle ahead of the other Israelites, as Moses had told them?

A). Reuben, Gad and the half-tribe of Manasseh B). Judah, Levi and Benjamin
C). Dan, Naphtali and Asher D). Ephraim, Simeon and Issachar

9741. How did the people feel about Joshua after the crossing of the Jordan?

A). They were angry with him B). They stood in awe of him as they had of Moses
C). They wanted to go back to Moses' way D). They were afraid to follow him

9742. What was special about the altar Joshua built?

A). It was made of uncut stones with no iron tool used B). It was covered with gold
C). It was built from the stones of Jericho D). It was made of bronze

9743. What did Joshua copy on stones in front of the Israelites?

A). The names of the twelve tribes B). The law of Moses C). The story of Jericho
D). The list of the kings

9744. How much of the law did Joshua read to the people?

A). Only the blessings B). Every word Moses had commanded
C). Only the Ten Commandments D). Only the curses

9745. How carefully did Joshua obey what the LORD had commanded Moses?

A). He obeyed most of it B). He changed some commands C). He left nothing undone
D). He obeyed only in battle

9746. Who led Israel in defeating the kings east of the Jordan?

A). Joshua B). Aaron C). Moses D). Caleb

9747. To which tribes did Moses give the land east of the Jordan?

A). Reuben, Gad and the half-tribe of Manasseh B). Judah, Simeon and Benjamin

C). Ephraim, Dan and Asher D). Levi, Issachar and Zebulun

9748. "To the tribe of Levi, Moses had given no inheritance; the LORD, the God of Israel, is their ___."

A). king B). shepherd C). inheritance D). strength

9749. Joshua 13 describes the land Moses gave east of the Jordan. In what order are the tribes described?

A). Gad, Reuben, half-tribe of Manasseh B). Reuben, Gad, half-tribe of Manasseh

C). Half-tribe of Manasseh, Gad, Reuben D). Reuben, half-tribe of Manasseh, Gad

9750. Where was Moses when he gave the eastern tribes their inheritance?

A). On the plains of Moab across the Jordan east of Jericho B). At Mount Sinai

C). In the camp at Gilgal D). In the city of Heshbon

9751. How old was Caleb when Moses sent him to explore the land?

A). Forty years old B). Twenty years old C). Sixty years old D). Eighty-five years old

9752. What did Caleb say about his strength at eighty-five?

A). He was too weak to fight B). He needed his sons to fight for him

C). He was as strong as the day Moses sent him out D). He wanted to rest in Gilgal

9753. What did Zelophehad's daughters remind Eleazar and Joshua about?

A). That their father had been a great soldier

B). That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance

C). That they wanted to marry into Judah D). That Caleb had promised them springs

9754. What special cities did the LORD tell Joshua to set apart?

A). Cities of refuge B). Cities of gold C). Cities for the kings

D). Cities for the priests only

9755. What did the Levites ask Eleazar and Joshua to give them?

A). A large territory like the other tribes

B). Towns to live in with pasturelands for their livestock C). Gold from the treasury

D). Their own king

9756. "Be very strong; be careful to obey all that is written in the Book of the Law of Moses, without turning aside to the right or to the ___."

A). left B). side C). back D). front

9757. The descendants of Moses' father-in-law went up from the City of Palms with the people of Judah. What people group were they?

A). The Gibeonites B). The Jebusites C). The Amalekites D). The Kenites

9758. As Moses had promised, Caleb was given Hebron. Whom did Caleb drive out of it?

A). The Jebusites B). The Philistines C). The Moabites D). The three sons of Anak

9759. Who became priest for the tribe of Dan along with his sons?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar B). Eli C). Samuel
D). Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

9760. What was inside the ark when it was placed in the temple?

A). A jar of manna B). Only the two stone tablets Moses had placed there at Horeb
C). Aaron's staff and the tablets D). Gold coins

9761. What did Solomon say about all the good promises God gave through Moses?

A). Some were still waiting to be kept B). Not one word of them had failed
C). They were only for Moses' time D). They had been forgotten

9762. Which object made by Moses did Hezekiah break into pieces?

A). The golden calf B). The ark of the covenant C). The stone tablets
D). The bronze snake

9763. What was the bronze snake called?

A). Asherah B). Molek C). Nehushtan D). Dagon

9764. Aaron, Moses and Miriam were the children of which man?

A). Amram B). Kohath C). Levi D). Jochebed

9765. How did the Levites carry the ark this time?

A). On a new cart B). On a chariot C). With poles on their shoulders
D). On the backs of donkeys

9766. The sons of which "man of God" were counted as part of the tribe of Levi?

A). Samuel B). Aaron C). Moses D). Elijah

9767. Who had made God's tent of meeting in the wilderness, which was at Gibeon?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Moses D). David

9768. What was inside the ark?

A). A jar of manna B). Aaron's staff C). A gold crown D). The two tablets

9769. Where did Moses place the two tablets in the ark?

A). At Horeb B). At Mount Nebo C). At Gilgal D). At Kadesh

9770. Whose commands did Solomon follow for the offerings on Sabbaths, New Moons and festivals?

A). David's B). Moses' C). Samuel's D). Aaron's

9771. What did Hilkiah the priest find in the temple?

A). A golden crown B). The ark of the covenant C). A hidden treasure
D). The Book of the Law of the LORD given through Moses

9772. What was Ezra well versed in?

A). The Law of Moses B). The songs of David C). The laws of Persia
D). The wisdom of Babylon

9773. Nehemiah reminded God of His words to Moses. What had God promised to do if His scattered people returned to Him?

A). Give them a new king B). Make them rich
C). Gather them to the place He chose as a dwelling for His Name
D). Destroy all their enemies at once

9774. What did the people bind themselves with an oath to do?

A). Follow the Law of God given through Moses B). Build a new temple
C). Return to Babylon D). Serve the king of Persia

9775. When the Book of Moses was read, what did the people find written about Ammonites and Moabites?

A). They were to be given land B). They were never to be admitted into the assembly of God
C). They were to serve as gatekeepers D). They could offer sacrifices

9776. According to Psalm 77:20, by whose hands did God lead His people like a flock?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Joshua and Caleb C). David and Solomon
D). Abraham and Isaac

9777. According to the title, Psalm 90 is a prayer of which man of God?

A). David B). Moses C). Samuel D). Elijah

9778. Complete the verse: "Lord, you have been our ___ place throughout all generations."

A). hiding B). dwelling C). resting D). meeting

9779. According to Psalm 90:2, how long has God been God?

A). Since the time of Abraham B). Since the flood C). From everlasting to everlasting
D). Since Israel left Egypt

9780. According to Psalm 90:4, a thousand years in God's sight are like what?

A). A day that has just gone by B). A hundred years C). A single breath
D). A long journey

9781. In Psalm 90:5-6, human life is compared to what, which springs up in the morning and is withered by evening?

A). A flower B). A tree C). A river D). New grass

9782. According to Psalm 90:10, our days may come to how many years, if our strength endures?

A). Fifty or sixty B). Seventy or eighty C). A hundred or more D). Forty or fifty

9783. Complete the verse: "Teach us to number our days, that we may gain a heart of ___."

A). joy B). courage C). wisdom D). peace

9784. In Psalm 90:14, when does Moses ask God to satisfy His people with His unfailing love?

A). In the morning B). At night C). On the Sabbath D). At the end of life

9785. At the end of Psalm 90, what does Moses ask God to establish?

A). The temple B). The work of our hands C). The walls of the city
D). The throne of the king

9786. According to Psalm 99:6, who was among those who called on God's name, along with Moses and Aaron?

A). Elijah B). Joshua C). Samuel D). Gideon

9787. According to Psalm 99:7, from what did God speak to Moses, Aaron and Samuel?

A). A burning bush B). A whirlwind C). A dream D). The pillar of cloud

9788. To whom did the LORD make known His ways, according to Psalm 103?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Joshua D). Samuel

9789. Whom did God send along with His servant Moses?

A). Joshua B). Aaron C). Caleb D). Miriam

9790. When the people envied Moses and Aaron, whom did the earth open and swallow?

A). Korah B). Dathan C). Achan D). Balaam

9791. Who stood in the breach before God to keep His wrath from destroying the people?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Joshua D). Phinehas

9792. At which waters did the people anger the LORD, so that trouble came to Moses because of his rash words?

A). Meribah B). Marah C). Elim D). The Jordan

9793. In Isaiah 63:11-12, the people remember the days of which leader, when God divided the waters before them?

A). Joshua B). Elijah C). Moses D). David

9794. God said His heart would not go out to this people even if Moses and which other man stood before Him?

A). Elijah B). Samuel C). David D). Aaron

9795. Whom did God send to lead Israel out of Egypt, according to Micah 6:4?

A). Joshua, Caleb and Eleazar B). Abraham, Isaac and Jacob
C). Moses, Aaron and Miriam D). Samuel, Saul and David

9796. Whose law did God tell the people to remember?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Joshua D). David

9797. Where did God give Moses the decrees and laws for all Israel?

A). At Mount Carmel B). At Horeb C). At Shiloh D). At Mount Zion

9798. Which two men appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Moses and Elijah B). Abraham and David C). Isaiah and Jeremiah
D). Noah and Daniel

9799. What did Peter offer to put up on the mountain?

A). An altar B). A tent for the crowd C). A stone pillar D). Three shelters

9800. Why did Jesus say Moses permitted divorce?

A). Because God commanded it at creation B). Because the priests asked for it
C). Because of a famine D). Because their hearts were hard

9801. Jesus said the teachers of the law and the Pharisees sit in whose seat?

A). Moses' seat B). David's seat C). Aaron's seat D). Solomon's seat

9802. After healing the man with leprosy, what did Jesus tell him to do?

A). Tell everyone in the town B). Follow him as a disciple
C). Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded
D). Wash in the Jordan seven times

9803. Whom did Jesus say gave the command "Honor your father and mother"?

A). David B). Abraham C). Solomon D). Moses

9804. Which two people appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Elijah and Moses B). Abraham and David C). Isaiah and Jeremiah
D). Noah and Elisha

9805. What did the Pharisees say Moses permitted a man to do?

A). Marry two wives B). Write a certificate of divorce and send his wife away
C). Never marry again D). Leave his parents' house

9806. Why did Jesus say Moses wrote the law about divorce?

A). Because their hearts were hard B). Because there were too many people
C). Because the priests asked him D). Because of the war with Egypt

9807. What did Jesus point to in the book of Moses to show the dead rise?

A). The parting of the Red Sea B). The giving of manna

C). The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

D). The flood of Noah

9808. After healing the leper, what did Jesus tell him to do?

A). Tell everyone in town B). Follow him as a disciple C). Go back to his family at once

D). Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded

9809. Which two men appeared and talked with Jesus on the mountain?

A). Abraham and David B). Isaiah and Jeremiah C). Noah and Daniel

D). Moses and Elijah

9810. What did Moses and Elijah talk with Jesus about?

A). His departure, which he was about to fulfill at Jerusalem B). The building of the temple

C). The coming of John D). The law given at Sinai

9811. What did Abraham say about those who do not listen to Moses and the Prophets?

A). They will believe if an angel comes B). They will repent later

C). They will be saved anyway

D). They will not be convinced even if someone rises from the dead

9812. In which account did Moses show that the dead rise, according to Jesus?

A). The parting of the sea B). The account of the burning bush C). The giving of manna

D). The bronze snake

9813. How did Jesus explain what was said about himself to the travelers?

A). He told them a new parable

B). Beginning with Moses and all the Prophets, he explained what the Scriptures said about him

C). He showed them a sign in the sky D). He sent them to the priests

9814. Which three parts of Scripture did Jesus say were written about him?

A). Genesis, Exodus and Isaiah B). The Law of Moses, the Prophets and the Psalms

C). The Kings, the Chronicles and Daniel D). Proverbs, Job and Ruth

9815. According to John 1, through whom was the law given?

A). Abraham B). Elijah C). Moses D). David

9816. Jesus said the Son of Man must be lifted up, just as who lifted up the snake in the wilderness?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Moses D). Elijah

9817. Jesus said one person the Jewish leaders had set their hopes on would accuse them, because he wrote about Jesus. Who?

A). Moses B). Abraham C). David D). Elijah

9818. The crowd said their ancestors ate manna in the wilderness. Who did Jesus say gave them true bread from heaven?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Elijah D). His Father

9819. What did the teachers of the law and the Pharisees say Moses commanded about the woman caught in adultery?

A). To send her away B). To stone her C). To make her pay a fine
D). To take her to the priest

9820. The Pharisees told the healed man, "You are this fellow's disciple! We are disciples of ___!"

A). Abraham B). Moses C). David D). Elijah

9821. Peter quoted which leader who said God would raise up a prophet like him?

A). Samuel B). Abraham C). Elijah D). Moses

9822. What was Moses educated in?

A). The law of the Levites B). The ways of the Midianites
C). All the wisdom of the Egyptians D). The language of Babylon

9823. How old was Moses when he decided to visit his own people, the Israelites?

A). Twenty years old B). Eighty years old C). Twelve years old D). Forty years old

9824. What did Moses do when he saw an Israelite being mistreated?

A). He defended him and killed the Egyptian B). He reported it to Pharaoh
C). He ran away at once D). He prayed for fire from heaven

9825. To which land did Moses flee?

A). Moab B). Midian C). Edom D). Canaan

9826. Near which mountain did an angel appear to Moses in a burning bush?

A). Mount Carmel B). Mount Zion C). Mount Sinai D). Mount Nebo

9827. What did the Lord tell Moses to take off at the burning bush?

A). His cloak B). His staff C). His belt D). His sandals

9828. For how many years did Moses lead the people in the wilderness, according to Stephen?

A). Forty years B). Seven years C). Twenty years D). Seventy years

9829. Death reigned from the time of Adam to the time of which person?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). David

9830. To whom did God say, "I will have mercy on whom I have mercy"?

A). Abraham B). Pharaoh C). Moses D). Elijah

9831. Who is quoted saying, "I will make you envious by those who are not a nation"?

A). Isaiah B). David C). Moses D). Elijah

9832. Complete the law Paul quoted: "Do not muzzle an _____ while it is treading out the grain."

A). donkey B). camel C). horse D). ox

9833. Paul said the Israelites were all baptized into whom in the cloud and in the sea?

A). Abraham B). Aaron C). Moses D). Joshua

9834. Paul said the Israelites drank from the spiritual rock that went with them. Who did he say that rock was?

A). Christ B). Moses C). An angel D). The Holy Spirit

9835. The Israelites could not look steadily at whose face because of its glory?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Elijah D). Moses

9836. What did Moses put over his face?

A). A veil B). A crown C). A cloth of sackcloth D). A helmet

9837. Which two men did Paul say opposed Moses?

A). Hymenaeus and Philetus B). Jannes and Jambres C). Korah and Dathan
D). Phygelus and Hermogenes

9838. Hebrews 3:2 says Jesus was faithful, just as which man was faithful in all God's house?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Joshua D). Elijah

9839. Why does Hebrews 3:3 say Jesus is worthy of greater honor than Moses?

A). Because Jesus lived longer than Moses
B). Just as the builder of a house has greater honor than the house itself
C). Because Moses never spoke with God D). Because Jesus wrote the law

9840. How does Hebrews 3:5-6 compare Moses and Christ in God's house?

A). Moses was faithful as a servant; Christ is faithful as the Son over God's house
B). Moses was the Son; Christ was the servant C). Both were angels in God's house
D). Moses built the house; Christ only lived in it

9841. According to Hebrews 3:16, who were the people who heard God and rebelled?

A). Those who returned from Babylon B). Those who lived in Jerusalem
C). The disciples of Jesus D). All those Moses led out of Egypt

9842. According to Hebrews 7:14, our Lord descended from which tribe?

A). Levi B). Judah C). Benjamin D). Ephraim

9843. Who was warned to make the tabernacle exactly according to the pattern shown him on the mountain?

A). Aaron B). Moses C). David D). Joshua

9844. According to Hebrews 9:19, who sprinkled the scroll and all the people with blood after proclaiming every command of the law?

A). Aaron B). Joshua C). Moses D). Samuel

9845. According to Hebrews 11:23, for how long did Moses' parents hide him after he was born?

A). Three days B). Three months C). One year D). Seven weeks

9846. What did Moses choose instead of being known as the son of Pharaoh's daughter?

A). To become a priest in Egypt B). To live alone in the desert

C). To be mistreated along with the people of God D). To become king of Egypt

9847. According to Hebrews 11:28, what did Moses keep by faith so that the destroyer of the firstborn would not touch the Israelites?

A). The Passover and the application of blood B). The Day of Atonement

C). The Festival of Tabernacles D). The Sabbath

9848. According to Hebrews 12:21, who said, "I am trembling with fear," because the sight at the mountain was so terrifying?

A). Aaron B). Moses C). Joshua D). Elijah

9849. Which archangel disputed with the devil about the body of Moses?

A). Gabriel B). Raphael C). Michael D). Uriel

9850. The victorious sang the song of the Lamb and the song of which servant of God?

A). Moses B). David C). Elijah D). Abraham

Naamah

9851. What was the name of Rehoboam's mother, who was an Ammonite?

A). Bathsheba B). Abishag C). Naamah D). Maakah

9852. Who was Rehoboam's mother?

A). Maakah B). Naamah C). Bathsheba D). Abihail

Naaman

9853. Who was the commander of the army of the king of Aram who had leprosy?

A). Naaman B). Ben-Hadad C). Hazael D). Rimmon

9854. According to the Bible, who had given victory to Aram through Naaman?

A). The god Rimmon B). The king of Aram C). The king of Israel D). The LORD

9855. Who told Naaman's wife about the prophet in Samaria?

A). Naaman's servant B). The king of Aram C). A young girl taken captive from Israel
D). Gehazi

9856. What did Naaman take with him when he went to Israel?

A). Horses, camels and spices B). Silver, gold and ten sets of clothing
C). Cattle, sheep and wine D). Weapons and chariots

9857. Why did Elisha tell the king to send Naaman to him?

A). So Elisha could receive his gifts B). So Elisha could punish Naaman
C). So Naaman would make peace with Israel
D). So Naaman would know there is a prophet in Israel

9858. How many times did Elisha tell Naaman to wash in the Jordan?

A). Three times B). Twelve times C). Seven times D). Once

9859. Why did Naaman go away angry at first?

A). Elisha asked him for too much money
B). He expected Elisha to come out and heal him with a wave of his hand
C). Elisha refused to see him at all D). The king of Israel insulted him

9860. Naaman said the rivers of Damascus were better than the waters of Israel. What were their names?

A). Abana and Pharpar B). Tigris and Euphrates C). Jabbok and Arnon
D). Kishon and Kidron

9861. Who persuaded Naaman to do what Elisha said?

A). His wife B). The captive girl C). The king of Aram D). His servants

9862. What happened to Naaman's skin after he dipped in the Jordan?

A). It turned white as snow B). It was only partly healed
C). It became clean like that of a young boy D). Nothing changed at first

9863. After he was healed, Naaman said: "Now I know that there is no God in all the world except in _____."

A). Aram B). Israel C). Samaria D). heaven

9864. What did Elisha do when Naaman offered him a gift?

A). He refused to accept anything B). He took only the silver C). He gave it to the poor
D). He sent it to the king of Israel

9865. What did Naaman ask to take home from Israel?

A). A jar of water from the Jordan B). Elisha's cloak C). A stone from the altar
D). As much earth as a pair of mules could carry

9866. In which temple did Naaman ask the LORD to forgive him for bowing with his master?

A). The temple of Dagon B). The temple of Baal C). The temple of Rimmon
D). The temple of Molek

9867. Who ran after Naaman to get some of his gifts?

A). The captive girl B). Gehazi C). A man from the company of prophets
D). The king of Israel

9868. What lie did Gehazi tell Naaman?

A). That two young prophets had come and needed silver and clothing
B). That Elisha had changed his mind and wanted all the gifts
C). That the king of Israel needed money D). That Naaman had not paid for his healing

9869. Which leper did Jesus say was cleansed in the time of Elisha?

A). Gehazi B). Uzziah C). Naaman the Syrian D). Miriam

Nabal

9870. What was the name of the rich man whose property was at Carmel?

A). Nabal B). Achish C). Doeg D). Kish

9871. How does the Bible describe Nabal and his wife Abigail?

A). Both were kind and generous B). Both were foolish
C). Abigail was intelligent and beautiful, but Nabal was surly and mean
D). Nabal was wise, but Abigail was proud

9872. Why did David think Nabal should share food with his men?

A). David was the king B). Nabal owed David money C). Samuel had told Nabal to
D). David's men had not mistreated Nabal's shepherds or taken anything from them

9873. Nabal answered David's servants, "Who is this David? Who is this son of ___?"

A). Saul B). Jesse C). Boaz D). Kish

9874. What did David tell his men after hearing Nabal's answer?

A). "Let us leave this place." B). "Let us pray for Nabal."
C). "Each of you strap on your sword!" D). "Let us send a gift."

9875. Did Abigail tell Nabal what she was doing?

A). No, she did not tell her husband B). Yes, and he agreed C). Yes, but he refused
D). She sent a servant to tell him

9876. What did Abigail say Nabal's name means?

A). Rich B). Fool C). Shepherd D). Strong

9877. What happened to Nabal when Abigail told him everything the next morning?

A). He laughed B). He apologized to David C). He ran away
D). His heart failed and he became like a stone

9878. About how long after this did the LORD strike Nabal so that he died?

A). About ten days B). The same day C). About a year D). Forty days

Naboth

9879. Who owned the vineyard that King Ahab wanted?

A). Obadiah B). Naboth C). Elijah D). Jehu

9880. What did Ahab want to use Naboth's vineyard for?

A). A vegetable garden B). A temple for Baal C). A stable for horses
D). A new palace

9881. Why did Naboth refuse to give his vineyard to Ahab?

A). Ahab did not offer enough money B). He wanted to give it to his son
C). It was the inheritance of his ancestors D). He hated the king

9882. Who told Ahab, "I'll get you the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite"?

A). Jezebel B). Obadiah C). Ben-Hadad D). His servant

9883. What false charge did the two scoundrels bring against Naboth?

A). That he stole from the king B). That he cursed both God and the king
C). That he worshiped Baal D). That he broke the Sabbath

9884. How was Naboth put to death?

A). By the sword B). By a lion C). In a fire D). By stoning outside the city

9885. What did Elijah say would happen to Ahab's blood?

A). It would be poured on the altar B). It would be kept in the palace
C). Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood
D). It would be washed away by the rain

9886. On whose field did Jehu have Joram's body thrown?

A). Ahab B). Naboth the Jezreelite C). Elijah D). The Shunammite woman

Nadab

9887. Which two sons of Aaron offered unauthorized fire before the Lord?

A). Eleazar and Ithamar B). Nadab and Abihu C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Gershom and Eliezer

9888. What happened to Nadab and Abihu after they offered unauthorized fire?

A). They were sent away from the camp B). They lost their priesthood
C). Fire came from the Lord and consumed them, and they died
D). They were struck with a disease

9889. Who were the sons of Aaron?

A). Gershon, Kohath, and Merari B). Moses, Aaron, and Miriam
C). Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar D). Shem, Ham, and Japheth

9890. What happened to Nadab and Abihu?

A). They died before the Lord when they offered unauthorized fire
B). They became high priests after Aaron C). They led the Levites in worship
D). They were sent away from the camp

9891. Who succeeded Jeroboam as king of Israel?

A). Abijah B). Nadab C). Rehoboam D). Baasha

9892. Who plotted against Nadab, son of Jeroboam, and killed him?

A). Zimri B). Omri C). Ahab D). Baasha son of Ahijah

9893. Which of these was NOT a son of Aaron?

A). Nadab B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

9894. Why did only Eleazar and Ithamar serve as priests among Aaron's sons?

A). Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons
B). Nadab and Abihu became kings C). Nadab and Abihu moved to Egypt
D). Nadab and Abihu chose to be musicians

Nahash

9895. Which Ammonite leader besieged Jabesh Gilead?

A). Nahash B). Goliath C). Agag D). Achish

9896. On what condition did Nahash agree to make a treaty with the men of Jabesh?

A). That they give him all their gold
B). That he gouge out the right eye of every one of them C). That they worship his gods
D). That they leave their city

9897. How long did the elders of Jabesh ask Nahash to give them?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Seven days D). One year

9898. What made the people ask for a king, even though the LORD was their king?

A). Samuel had died B). The Philistines took the ark
C). They saw Nahash king of the Ammonites moving against them D). Saul asked to be king

9899. Why did David want to show kindness to Hanun?

A). Hanun had helped David fight Saul

B). Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David C). Hanun was David's cousin

D). Hanun had paid David tribute

9900. Which new Ammonite king did David want to show kindness to?

A). Nahash B). Hanun C). Shobi D). Hadadezer

9901. Why did David want to show kindness to Hanun?

A). Hanun had helped David fight the Philistines B). Hanun was David's relative

C). Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David D). Hanun had sent David gifts

Nahshon

9902. Which tribe camped on the east side, toward the sunrise?

A). The tribe of Dan B). The tribe of Reuben C). The tribe of Judah

D). The tribe of Ephraim

9903. Which leader brought his offering on the first day?

A). Nethanel of Issachar B). Eliab of Zebulun C). Nahshon of the tribe of Judah

D). Elizur of Reuben

9904. Who is described as the leader of the people of Judah?

A). Boaz B). Salmon C). Ram D). Nahshon

Nahum

9905. Which city is this prophecy about?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Damascus D). Tyre

9906. Who received the vision written in the book of Nahum?

A). Nahum the Elkoshite B). Micah of Moresheth C). Amos of Tekoa

D). Jonah son of Amittai

Naomi

9907. Where did Elimelek take his family to live during the famine?

A). Egypt B). Edom C). Moab D). Philistia

9908. What was the name of Elimelek's wife?

A). Ruth B). Orpah C). Hannah D). Naomi

9909. What were the names of Naomi's two sons?

A). Mahlon and Kilion B). Perez and Zerah C). Hophni and Phinehas

D). Nadab and Abihu

9910. Which happened first to Naomi in Moab?

A). Mahlon and Kilion died B). Her sons married Moabite women
C). Her husband Elimelek died D). She heard the Lord had given His people food

9911. Why did Naomi decide to go back home from Moab?

A). Her sons asked her to go B). She heard the Lord had given His people food
C). An angel appeared to her D). The king of Moab sent her away

9912. Which daughter-in-law kissed Naomi goodbye and went back to her people?

A). Ruth B). Orpah C). Naomi D). Rahab

9913. Complete Ruth's words: "Where you go I will go, and where you stay I will ___."

A). rest B). stay C). live D). wait

9914. Complete Ruth's words: "Your people will be my people and your ___ my God."

A). God B). faith C). home D). Lord

9915. What does Ruth's promise to Naomi show about her decision?

A). She wanted to marry a rich man in Judah
B). She planned to return to Moab after the famine
C). She was fully committed to Naomi, her people and her God
D). She was afraid to travel alone

9916. According to Ruth, what was the only thing that would separate her from Naomi?

A). Poverty B). Death C). Another marriage D). A famine

9917. What name did Naomi ask the women of Bethlehem to call her?

A). Hannah B). Mara C). Dinah D). Bitter One

9918. What did Naomi mean when she said she went away full but came back empty?

A). She left with food and returned hungry
B). She left with her husband and sons but returned without them
C). She left rich and was robbed on the way D). She left happy but lost her faith in Moab

9919. At what time of year did Naomi and Ruth arrive in Bethlehem?

A). At the start of the wheat harvest B). At the Passover
C). At the beginning of the barley harvest D). During the grape harvest

9920. Who was the relative of Naomi's husband, a man of standing from Elimelek's clan?

A). Boaz B). Obed C). Jesse D). Salmon

9921. What did Ruth ask Naomi if she could go and do in the fields?

A). Sell bread to the harvesters B). Look after the sheep C). Pick up leftover grain
D). Draw water for the workers

9922. How did the overseer describe Ruth to Boaz?

A). A widow from Jericho B). A servant of the priest

C). The Moabite who came back with Naomi D). A daughter of the elders

9923. What had Boaz heard about Ruth?

A). That she was rich in Moab

B). All she had done for her mother-in-law since her husband died

C). That she was a skilled harvester D). That she had a brother in Bethlehem

9924. Naomi said, "That man is our close relative; he is one of our ___."

A). judges B). elders C). priests D). guardian-redeemers

9925. What did Naomi want to find for Ruth?

A). A home where she would be well provided for B). A job in the king's palace

C). A way back to Moab D). A field of her own

9926. What was Boaz doing on the threshing floor that night?

A). Planting seed B). Pressing grapes C). Winnowing barley

D). Counting his sheep

9927. What did Naomi tell Ruth to do before going to the threshing floor?

A). Fast and pray B). Bring a gift of silver C). Ask the elders for permission

D). Wash, put on perfume and her best clothes

9928. When was Ruth to let Boaz know she was there?

A). As soon as she arrived B). After he had finished eating and drinking C). At sunrise

D). When the harvesters left

9929. What did Naomi tell Ruth to do when Boaz lay down?

A). Wake him with a song B). Sit by the door and wait C). Uncover his feet and lie down

D). Leave a message for him

9930. What did Naomi say Boaz would do?

A). Wait until the next harvest B). Send Ruth back to Moab

C). Not rest until the matter was settled that day D). Ask the priest for advice

9931. What was Naomi selling?

A). Her house in Moab B). A flock of sheep C). Her husband's tools

D). The piece of land that belonged to Elimelek

9932. The women told Naomi that Ruth loved her and was better to her than ___ sons.

A). two B). seven C). ten D). twelve

9933. What did Naomi do with the baby?

A). She laid him in her lap and cared for him B). She took him back to Moab

C). She gave him to the priest D). She sent him to the elders

Naphtali

9934. The sons of Naphtali are called descendants of which woman?

A). Leah B). Zilpah C). Rachel D). Bilhah

Nathan

9935. To which prophet did David say he lived in a house of cedar while the ark stayed in a tent?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Nathan D). Elijah

9936. What was troubling David when he spoke to Nathan about his palace?

A). The ark of God was still in a tent while he lived in a house of cedar

B). His palace was too small C). His enemies were attacking again

D). He had no son to be king

9937. What did Nathan first tell David about his plan?

A). "Wait until the LORD speaks" B). "Ask the priests first"

C). "You are not the one to build it"

D). "Whatever you have in mind, go ahead and do it, for the LORD is with you"

9938. What did the LORD say about where He had dwelt since bringing Israel out of Egypt?

A). In a stone temple in Shiloh

B). He had moved from place to place with a tent as His dwelling

C). In the palace of the kings D). On Mount Sinai only

9939. Whom did the LORD send to confront David?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Zadok D). Nathan

9940. In Nathan's story, what did the rich man take from the poor man?

A). His field B). His only ewe lamb C). His house D). His donkey

9941. How did the poor man in Nathan's story treat his little ewe lamb?

A). It was like a daughter to him B). He kept it only to sell C). He planned to sacrifice it

D). He used it to plough

9942. Complete Nathan's words to David: "You are the _____!"

A). king B). man C). sinner D). one

9943. According to Nathan, by whose sword did David kill Uriah?

A). The Philistines B). Joab's own C). The Arameans D). The Ammonites

9944. Nathan said: "The _____ will never depart from your house."

A). sword B). blessing C). curse D). Spirit

9945. What did David say when Nathan confronted him?

A). "I have done nothing wrong" B). "Leave my presence" C). "Joab made me do it"
D). "I have sinned against the LORD"

9946. After David confessed, what did Nathan say about David and about the child?

A). David would die, but the child would live
B). The LORD had taken away David's sin and he would not die, but the child would die
C). Both David and the child would die D). David would lose his kingdom

9947. What name did the LORD send word through Nathan to give Solomon?

A). Jedidiah B). Jehoshaphat C). Jerubbaal D). Jeduthun

9948. Which of these men did NOT join Adonijah?

A). Joab B). Abiathar C). Jonathan son of Abiathar D). Nathan the prophet

9949. Which prophet warned Bathsheba that Adonijah had become king without David knowing?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Nathan D). Elijah

9950. What happened FIRST in this chapter?

A). Solomon was anointed at Gihon B). Bathsheba went to speak to King David
C). Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah D). Nathan came in and spoke to King David

9951. Which groups went with Zadok, Nathan and Benaiah to bring Solomon down to Gihon?

A). The Levites and the singers B). The Kerethites and the Pelethites
C). The Ammonites and the Moabites D). The elders of Judah

9952. To which prophet did David speak about building a house for the ark?

A). Samuel B). Gad C). Nathan D). Elijah

9953. What did Nathan first tell David about his plan?

A). "Wait until you ask the priests." B). "The LORD is angry with you."
C). "Your son will do it." D). "Whatever you have in mind, do it, for God is with you."

9954. What message did God give Nathan for David that night?

A). David was not the one to build Him a house B). David must build the temple at once
C). David must leave Jerusalem D). David must go to war with Tyre

9955. Which of these is NOT named as recording the events of King David's reign?

A). Samuel the seer B). Nathan the prophet C). Gad the seer
D). Elijah the prophet

9956. Which of these prophets is named as writing records of Solomon's reign?

A). Elijah B). Samuel C). Gad D). Nathan

9957. According to whose command did Hezekiah station the Levites with cymbals, harps and lyres?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Solomon and Zadok

C). David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet D). Elijah and Elisha

9958. According to the title, which prophet came to David before he wrote Psalm 51?

A). Nathan B). Samuel C). Elijah D). Gad

Nathanael

9959. In John 1, what is the correct order of these events?

A). Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon

B). Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael

C). Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip

D). Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

9960. Nathanael asked, "Can anything good come from there?" Which town was he talking about?

A). Nazareth B). Bethlehem C). Jerusalem D). Capernaum

9961. Where did Jesus say he saw Nathanael before Philip called him?

A). By the well B). Under the fig tree C). At the Jordan River D). In the synagogue

9962. After Jesus said he saw him under the fig tree, what did Nathanael declare about Jesus?

A). You are Elijah who was to come B). You are a great prophet from Galilee

C). You are the Son of God; you are the king of Israel

D). You are the son of Joseph from Nazareth

9963. What did Jesus tell Nathanael he would see?

A). Fire coming down from heaven

B). Heaven open and angels going up and down on the Son of Man

C). Moses and Elijah on a mountain D). The temple torn down

Nebuchadnezzar

9964. Which king of Babylon invaded Judah during Jehoiakim's reign?

A). Sennacherib B). Marduk-Baladan C). Tiglath-Pileser D). Nebuchadnezzar

9965. How long was Jehoiakim Nebuchadnezzar's vassal before he rebelled?

A). Eleven years B). Seven years C). Three years D). Three months

9966. What did Jehoiachin do when Nebuchadnezzar besieged Jerusalem?

A). He fled to Egypt B). He surrendered with his mother and officials

C). He fought and won D). He hid in the temple

9967. What did Nebuchadnezzar do with the gold articles Solomon had made for the temple?

A). He cut them up B). He melted them into an idol C). He returned them later
D). He left them in Jerusalem

9968. Where was King Jehoiachin taken as a captive?

A). Egypt B). Assyria C). Babylon D). Damascus

9969. How many skilled workers and artisans did the king of Babylon take into exile?

A). Seven thousand B). A thousand C). Ten thousand D). Three hundred

9970. Who did Nebuchadnezzar make king in place of Jehoiachin?

A). Mattaniah, Jehoiachin's uncle B). Jehoahaz, his brother C). Eliakim, his cousin
D). Gedaliah, his son

9971. What new name was given to Mattaniah when he became king?

A). Jehoiakim B). Jehoiachin C). Josiah D). Zedekiah

9972. In which year of Zedekiah's reign did Nebuchadnezzar begin the siege of Jerusalem?

A). The ninth year B). The first year C). The eleventh year D). The fifth year

9973. What did the king of Babylon do to Zedekiah at Riblah?

A). He made him governor of Judah
B). He put out his eyes, bound him in bronze shackles and took him to Babylon
C). He set him free D). He made him a servant in his palace

9974. Who did Nebuchadnezzar appoint to be over the people left in Judah?

A). Ishmael son of Nethaniah B). Seraiah the chief priest C). Gedaliah son of Ahikam
D). Jehoiachin

9975. By whose hand did the LORD send Judah and Jerusalem into exile?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Nebuchadnezzar C). Sennacherib D). Cyrus

9976. Which king of Babylon attacked Jehoiakim and bound him with bronze shackles?

A). Sennacherib B). Nebuchadnezzar C). Cyrus D). Tiglath-Pileser

9977. Where did Nebuchadnezzar put the articles he took from the LORD's temple?

A). In the river B). In his palace in Egypt C). In his temple in Babylon
D). In the Dead Sea

9978. Whom did Nebuchadnezzar make king after taking Jehoiachin to Babylon?

A). Jehoahaz B). Josiah C). Gedaliah D). Zedekiah

9979. Who had carried away the articles of the LORD's temple from Jerusalem?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Belshazzar C). Sennacherib D). Pharaoh Necho

9980. Which king had taken the people of Judah captive to Babylon?

A). Cyrus B). Nebuchadnezzar C). Darius D). Ahasuerus

9981. According to the elders, why had God handed their ancestors over to Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Because they refused to pay taxes

B). Because their ancestors angered the God of heaven C). Because they had no king

D). Because they had attacked Babylon

9982. Which king of Babylon was attacking Judah when Zedekiah asked Jeremiah to inquire of the LORD?

A). Belshazzar B). Nebuchadnezzar C). Sennacherib D). Cyrus

9983. What did Zedekiah's messengers hope the LORD would do?

A). Make Nebuchadnezzar king of Judah B). Send them to Egypt

C). Destroy the temple

D). Perform wonders as in times past so Nebuchadnezzar would withdraw

9984. What did the LORD say would happen to King Zedekiah?

A). He would escape to Egypt B). He would rule for many years

C). He would be handed over to Nebuchadnezzar D). He would become a prophet

9985. The vision of the figs came after Nebuchadnezzar carried which king of Judah into exile?

A). Zedekiah B). Jehoiachin C). Josiah D). Hezekiah

9986. The word in Jeremiah 25 came in the fourth year of Jehoiakim. Which year of Nebuchadnezzar's reign was this?

A). The first year B). The third year C). The seventh year D). The tenth year

9987. Whom did God call "my servant" in Jeremiah 25:9, the one He would bring against the land?

A). Cyrus king of Persia B). Pharaoh Necho C). Sennacherib

D). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon

9988. How long did God say all nations would serve Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Forever B). Only until he died C). For one year

D). Him, his son and his grandson, until the time for his land comes

9989. What would God do to any nation that refused to bow its neck under the yoke of the king of Babylon?

A). Make it rich B). Punish it with the sword, famine and plague C). Give it a new king

D). Leave it alone

9990. Who carried Jeremiah's letter to Babylon?

A). Baruch son of Neriah and Seraiah B). Pashhur and Zephaniah

C). Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah D). Ahikam and Gedaliah

9991. Which two false prophets did God say would be handed over to Nebuchadnezzar and burned in the fire?

A). Ahab son of Kolaiah and Zedekiah son of Maaseiah B). Hananiah and Shemaiah

C). Pashhur and Uriah D). Gedaliah and Ishmael

9992. The word in Jeremiah 32 came in the tenth year of Zedekiah. Which year of Nebuchadnezzar's reign was this?

A). The first year B). The eighteenth year C). The tenth year

D). The twenty-third year

9993. What did God tell Zedekiah would happen when he was captured?

A). He would escape to Egypt

B). He would see the king of Babylon with his own eyes and go to Babylon

C). He would be killed at once D). He would be made king of Babylon

9994. Why had the Rekabites come to live in Jerusalem?

A). To serve in the temple B). To trade wine

C). Because they feared the Babylonian and Aramean armies

D). Because King Jehoiakim invited them

9995. Whom did Nebuchadnezzar make king of Judah in place of Jehoiachin?

A). Jehoiakim B). Gedaliah C). Zedekiah D). Shallum

9996. In which year of Zedekiah's reign did Nebuchadnezzar begin the siege of Jerusalem?

A). The first year B). The fourth year C). The ninth year D). The eleventh year

9997. To which place in the land of Hamath was Zedekiah taken to face Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Riblah B). Damascus C). Carchemish D). Babylon

9998. What did the king of Babylon do to Zedekiah at Riblah?

A). Made him a governor

B). Killed his sons before his eyes, put out his eyes and bound him in bronze shackles

C). Sent him back to rule Jerusalem D). Gave him a palace in Babylon

9999. What order did Nebuchadnezzar give concerning Jeremiah?

A). Put him in chains B). Bring him to Babylon as a slave C). Kill him

D). Look after him and do for him whatever he asks

10000. Complete God's words: "Do not be afraid of the king of Babylon, whom you now fear... for I am with you and will ___ you."

A). punish B). save C). leave D). test

10001. What did the buried stones show would happen?

A). Nebuchadnezzar would set his throne over them and spread his royal canopy
B). A new temple would be built there C). Pharaoh would become king of Judah
D). The people would return home

10002. What did God say Nebuchadnezzar would do to the temples of the gods of Egypt?

A). Rebuild them B). Worship in them C). Set fire to them D). Fill them with gold

10003. God said Nebuchadnezzar would wrap Egypt around himself like what?

A). A soldier wraps his armor B). A king wraps his robe
C). A shepherd picks his garment clean of lice D). A priest wraps his ephod

10004. Where did God say Nebuchadnezzar would demolish the sacred pillars?

A). In the temple of Dagon B). In the temple of the sun in Egypt
C). In the house of Baal D). In Pharaoh's tomb

10005. As a sign, God said He would hand over which Pharaoh to his enemies, just as He handed Zedekiah to Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Pharaoh Necho B). Pharaoh Shishak C). Pharaoh Hophra D). Pharaoh So

10006. Which Pharaoh's army was defeated by Nebuchadnezzar according to Jeremiah 46?

A). Pharaoh Hophra B). Pharaoh Necho C). Pharaoh Shishak D). Pharaoh So

10007. At which city on the Euphrates River was Pharaoh Necho's army defeated?

A). Riblah B). Hamath C). Carchemish D). Nineveh

10008. After handing Egypt over to Nebuchadnezzar, what did God say would happen to Egypt later?

A). It would be destroyed forever B). It would become part of Israel
C). It would be covered by the sea D). It would be inhabited as in times past

10009. Which king of Babylon attacked Kedar and the kingdoms of Hazor?

A). Belshazzar B). Nabopolassar C). Evil-Merodach D). Nebuchadnezzar

10010. God said Israel was a scattered flock. Who was the first to devour them?

A). The king of Egypt B). The king of Edom C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Assyria

10011. According to Jeremiah 52, what was the total number of people Nebuchadnezzar carried into exile?

A). 10,000 B). 42,360 C). 4,600 D). 70,000

10012. Which king did God say He would bring against Tyre from the north?

A). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). Cyrus king of Persia
D). Sennacherib king of Assyria

10013. Complete what God called Nebuchadnezzar in Ezekiel 26:7: "Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon, king of _____."

A). the earth B). kings C). the north D). nations

10014. What did Nebuchadnezzar's army receive for its hard campaign against Tyre?

A). No reward B). Great treasures C). The land of Tyre D). Many slaves

10015. What did God give Nebuchadnezzar as a reward for his efforts?

A). The city of Jerusalem B). Egypt C). Tyre D). Assyria

10016. Whom did God say He would use to put an end to the hordes of Egypt?

A). Pharaoh Neco B). Cyrus king of Persia C). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon
D). Sennacherib king of Assyria

10017. Which king of Babylon came to Jerusalem and besieged it?

A). Cyrus B). Darius C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Belshazzar

10018. Which king of Judah did the Lord deliver into Nebuchadnezzar's hand?

A). Jehoiakim B). Hezekiah C). Josiah D). Zedekiah

10019. What did Nebuchadnezzar take from the temple of God and put in the temple of his own god?

A). The ark of the covenant B). Some of the articles from the temple
C). The tablets of the law D). The golden lampstand only

10020. Who was the chief of Nebuchadnezzar's court officials?

A). Arioch B). Ashpenaz C). Belteshazzar D). Nebuzaradan

10021. Why was the chief official afraid to let Daniel avoid the king's food?

A). He feared the young men would run away B). He feared Daniel's God
C). He feared the king would see them looking worse and he would lose his head
D). He feared there would not be enough vegetables

10022. The king found the four young men how many times better than all his magicians and enchanters?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Ten times D). Twelve times

10023. What troubled King Nebuchadnezzar so much that he could not sleep?

A). A war with Egypt B). His dreams C). A sickness D). A famine in the land

10024. In which language did the astrologers answer the king?

A). Hebrew B). Greek C). Aramaic D). Egyptian

10025. What did the king demand from his wise men that made his request so hard?

A). Only the meaning of the dream B). A gift of gold C). A sign from the stars
D). Both the dream itself and its meaning

10026. What did the astrologers say about the king's request?

A). No one on earth could do it; only the gods could reveal it B). Daniel could do it easily
C). They needed one more day D). The king should ask the priests of Judah

10027. What did the angry king order to happen to the wise men of Babylon?

A). They should be put in prison B). They should all be put to death
C). They should leave the country D). They should pay a fine

10028. When the king asked if Daniel could tell the dream, who did Daniel give the credit to?

A). Himself B). His three friends C). The magicians
D). The God in heaven who reveals mysteries

10029. What was the head of the great statue in the king's dream made of?

A). Pure gold B). Silver C). Bronze D). Iron

10030. What was the statue's chest and arms made of?

A). Gold B). Silver C). Bronze D). Clay

10031. What were the feet of the statue made of?

A). Pure iron B). Bronze and silver C). Partly iron and partly baked clay D). Stone

10032. Which is the correct order of materials in the statue from top to bottom?

A). Gold, bronze, silver, iron B). Silver, gold, iron, bronze C). Gold, silver, iron, bronze
D). Gold, silver, bronze, iron

10033. What struck the statue on its feet and smashed it?

A). A rock cut out, but not by human hands B). A bolt of lightning C). An iron hammer
D). A great wind

10034. What did the rock become after it struck the statue?

A). A great river B). A huge mountain that filled the whole earth C). A shining temple
D). A king's throne

10035. Daniel told Nebuchadnezzar, "You are that head of _____."

A). silver B). iron C). gold D). bronze

10036. Complete the king's words: "Surely your God is the God of gods and the Lord of _____."

A). kings B). nations C). heaven D). armies

10037. How did Nebuchadnezzar reward Daniel?

A). He sent him home to Jerusalem B). He made him ruler over the province of Babylon
C). He made him commander of the army D). He gave him the king's own crown

10038. What did King Nebuchadnezzar make and set up?

A). A tall tower B). An image of gold C). A golden throne D). A silver altar

10039. Where did Nebuchadnezzar set up the image of gold?

A). In the temple in Jerusalem B). By the river Tigris C). On the plain of Dura
D). Inside the king's palace

10040. How tall was the image of gold that Nebuchadnezzar set up?

A). Six cubits B). Forty cubits C). Ten cubits D). Sixty cubits

10041. When were the people commanded to bow down and worship the image?

A). When they heard the sound of the music B). At sunrise each day
C). When the king walked by D). On the Sabbath

10042. What was the punishment for anyone who did not bow down to the image?

A). Being sent to prison B). Being thrown into a blazing furnace
C). Being thrown into a lions' den D). Being sent out of the country

10043. Who came forward and accused the Jews of not worshipping the image?

A). Daniel B). Arioch C). Some astrologers D). The king's wife

10044. Complete the king's words: "Then what god will be able to _____ you from my hand?"

A). rescue B). hide C). keep D). take

10045. What did the three men say they would do even if God did not rescue them?

A). Ask the king for mercy B). Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image
C). Bow down only once D). Run away from Babylon

10046. How much hotter did the king order the furnace to be heated?

A). Twice as hot B). Three times hotter C). Seven times hotter D). Ten times hotter

10047. How many men did the king see walking in the fire?

A). Four B). Three C). Two D). Seven

10048. What did the king say the fourth man in the fire looked like?

A). An old king B). A son of the gods C). A soldier of Babylon
D). A prophet from Judah

10049. What did the king call the three men when he told them to come out?

A). Friends of the king B). Wise men of Babylon C). Servants of the Most High God
D). Children of Judah

10050. According to the king, how did God rescue the three men?

A). He sent His angel B). He sent a great rain C). He made the king change his mind
D). He sent an army

10051. What decree did the king make after the three men were saved?

A). Everyone must leave Babylon

B). Anyone who said anything against their God would be cut into pieces

C). The image of gold must be destroyed D). All Jews must go back to Jerusalem

10052. What did the king do for Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego at the end?

A). Sent them home B). Gave them a feast

C). Promoted them in the province of Babylon D). Made them his sons

10053. How did Nebuchadnezzar feel after his dream in this chapter?

A). Happy B). Afraid C). Angry D). Proud

10054. Why did Nebuchadnezzar trust Daniel to explain his dream?

A). Daniel was the oldest wise man B). Daniel was the king's relative

C). The spirit of the holy gods was in Daniel D). Daniel had studied the stars

10055. What large thing did the king see in the middle of the land in his dream?

A). A mountain B). A river C). A statue D). A tree

10056. Which of these was true about the tree in the dream?

A). Wild animals found shelter under it and birds lived in its branches B). It had no fruit

C). It was dying D). It was made of gold

10057. What did the holy messenger from heaven command to be done to the tree?

A). Water it and let it grow B). Cut it down C). Burn it in the fire

D). Move it to another land

10058. What was the stump of the tree to be bound with?

A). Gold and silver B). Rope and chain C). Iron and bronze D). Wood and clay

10059. Complete: "so that the living may know that the Most High is _____ over all kingdoms on earth."

A). above B). king C). lord D). sovereign

10060. Daniel told the king that the great tree stood for whom?

A). The king himself B). The city of Babylon C). Daniel D). The people of Judah

10061. What did Daniel say the king would eat when he was driven away from people?

A). Bread from heaven B). Grass like the ox C). Honey and locusts

D). Fruit from the trees

10062. What did it mean that the stump was left in the ground?

A). The tree would grow back taller B). The king would die

C). The king's kingdom would be given back when he admitted that Heaven rules

D). Babylon would be destroyed

10063. What advice did Daniel give the king?

A). Build a bigger palace B). Leave Babylon C). Ask the magicians for help
D). Stop his sins by doing what is right and being kind to the oppressed

10064. How long after the dream did its judgment begin to come true?

A). Twelve months later B). Seven days later C). Three years later
D). The same night

10065. Where was the king walking when he boasted about building Babylon?

A). By the river B). On the roof of the royal palace C). In the temple of his god
D). On the plain of Dura

10066. What sin did the king show when he said, "Is not this the great Babylon I have built"?

A). Greed B). Anger C). Pride D). Fear

10067. While he lived among the animals, what did the king's hair grow like?

A). A lion's mane B). The wool of a sheep C). Grass in a field
D). The feathers of an eagle

10068. What happened right after the king raised his eyes toward heaven at the end of that time?

A). His sanity was restored and he praised the Most High B). He went back to eating grass
C). He built another statue D). He punished Daniel

10069. What happened to the king's kingdom after his sanity returned?

A). It was given to Daniel B). He was restored to his throne and became even greater
C). It was split in two D). It was taken by Persia

10070. Complete: "And those who walk in _____ he is able to humble."

A). darkness B). sin C). pride D). fear

10071. What did Belshazzar order to be brought to his banquet?

A). The crown of Judah B). Musical instruments from Egypt
C). The gold and silver goblets taken from the temple in Jerusalem D). The image of gold

Nebuzaradan

10072. Which commander of the imperial guard came to Jerusalem to destroy it?

A). Nebuzaradan B). Gedaliah C). Ishmael D). Awel-Marduk

10073. What did the Babylonians do to the temple of the LORD?

A). They turned it into a palace B). They left it untouched C). They gave it to Egypt
D). They set it on fire

10074. Who did the Babylonians leave behind to work the vineyards and fields?

A). The priests B). Some of the poorest people of the land C). The king's family
D). The soldiers

10075. Who was the commander of the imperial guard who carried the people into exile to Babylon?

A). Nebuzaradan B). Nergal-Sharezer C). Belshazzar D). Arioch

10076. Who did Nebuzaradan leave behind in the land of Judah?

A). The priests B). The soldiers C). Some of the poor people, who owned nothing
D). The king's family

10077. At which town did Nebuzaradan release Jeremiah from his chains?

A). Mizpah B). Ramah C). Anathoth D). Bethel

10078. What did Nebuzaradan say to Jeremiah about the disaster on Jerusalem?

A). That Babylon's gods had won B). That it happened by chance
C). That the LORD Jeremiah's God decreed it because the people sinned and did not obey
D). That Egypt had caused it

10079. What choice did Nebuzaradan give Jeremiah?

A). Come to Babylon, or go wherever he pleased B). Serve in the army or go to prison
C). Live in Egypt or in Moab D). Become a priest or a scribe

10080. What did Nebuzaradan give Jeremiah before letting him go?

A). A sword and a shield B). Provisions and a present C). A horse and a chariot
D). A house in Babylon

10081. What did Nebuzaradan set on fire in Jerusalem?

A). Only the city gates B). Only the king's palace
C). The temple of the LORD, the royal palace and all the houses of Jerusalem
D). Only the houses of the poor

Necho

10082. Which Pharaoh killed Josiah at Megiddo?

A). Pharaoh So B). Pharaoh Shishak C). Pharaoh Necho D). Pharaoh Hophra

10083. What new name did Pharaoh Necho give to Eliakim son of Josiah?

A). Jehoiakim B). Jehoiachin C). Zedekiah D). Jehoahaz

10084. Which king of Egypt went up to fight at Carchemish?

A). Shishak B). So C). Pharaoh Hophra D). Necho

10085. What did Necho warn Josiah through his messengers?

A). Stop opposing God, who is with me, or He will destroy you

B). Pay me gold or I will attack Jerusalem C). Join me against Babylon

D). Give me your daughter in marriage

10086. What did Josiah do instead of turning away from Necho?

A). He sent gifts B). He disguised himself and went to fight C). He prayed for peace

D). He hid in Jerusalem

10087. Where did Josiah go to fight Necho?

A). The Valley of Salt B). Beth Shemesh C). The plain of Megiddo

D). Ramoth Gilead

10088. What new name did the king of Egypt give Eliakim when he made him king?

A). Jehoiachin B). Zedekiah C). Jehoahaz D). Jehoiakim

10089. Where did Necho carry Jehoahaz away to?

A). Egypt B). Babylon C). Assyria D). Persia

10090. Which Pharaoh's army was defeated by Nebuchadnezzar according to Jeremiah 46?

A). Pharaoh Hophra B). Pharaoh Necho C). Pharaoh Shishak D). Pharaoh So

10091. At which city on the Euphrates River was Pharaoh Necho's army defeated?

A). Riblah B). Hamath C). Carchemish D). Nineveh

Nehemiah

10092. Who was Nehemiah's father?

A). Hilkiah B). Hakaliah C). Jozadak D). Seraiah

10093. Where was Nehemiah when he heard news about Jerusalem?

A). Babylon B). Jerusalem C). The citadel of Susa D). Nineveh

10094. Which of Nehemiah's brothers came from Judah with some other men?

A). Hanani B). Ezra C). Zerubbabel D). Shemaiah

10095. What news did Nehemiah hear about the wall of Jerusalem?

A). It had been rebuilt higher B). It was guarded by soldiers C). It was being repaired

D). It was broken down and its gates burned

10096. What did Nehemiah do when he heard the bad news about Jerusalem?

A). He left for Jerusalem that night B). He wept, mourned, fasted and prayed

C). He asked the king for soldiers D). He wrote a letter to the governor

10097. In which month did Nehemiah hear the news about Jerusalem?

A). Nisan B). Adar C). Kislev D). Elul

10098. Complete Nehemiah 1:11: "I was _____ to the king."

A). baker B). governor C). scribe D). cupbearer

10099. In his prayer, whose sins did Nehemiah confess?

A). The sins of the Israelites, including himself and his father's family

B). Only the sins of the people living in Jerusalem C). Only the sins of the kings of Judah

D). The sins of the Babylonians who destroyed the city

10100. Nehemiah reminded God of His words to Moses. What had God promised to do if His scattered people returned to Him?

A). Give them a new king B). Make them rich

C). Gather them to the place He chose as a dwelling for His Name

D). Destroy all their enemies at once

10101. Complete Nehemiah 1:5: "...the great and awesome God, who keeps his covenant of _____ with those who love him and keep his commandments."

A). peace B). grace C). mercy D). love

10102. Which king did Nehemiah serve wine to?

A). Cyrus B). Darius C). Artaxerxes D). Xerxes

10103. What did the king notice about Nehemiah?

A). He looked sad B). He was sick C). He was late D). He had spilled the wine

10104. When the king asked, "What is it you want?", what did Nehemiah do before he answered?

A). He bowed three times B). He asked the queen for help

C). He prayed to the God of heaven D). He asked for time to think

10105. What did Nehemiah ask the king to let him do?

A). Take his family to Babylon B). Go to Judah and rebuild the city

C). Become governor of Egypt D). Bring back the temple treasures

10106. To whom did Nehemiah ask for a letter so he could get timber for the gates and wall?

A). Hanani, his brother B). Sanballat the Horonite C). Ezra the scribe

D). Asaph, keeper of the royal park

10107. Why did Nehemiah say the king granted his requests?

A). Because Nehemiah paid the king B). Because the queen asked the king

C). Because the gracious hand of his God was on him

D). Because the governors had written to the king

10108. When did Nehemiah go out to inspect the walls of Jerusalem?

A). At noon with all the officials B). At night with a few men

C). On the Sabbath with the priests D). At sunrise with the army

10109. Through which gate did Nehemiah go out at night to begin inspecting the walls?

A). The Sheep Gate B). The Fish Gate C). The Horse Gate D). The Valley Gate

10110. Complete Nehemiah 2:17: "Come, let us rebuild the wall of Jerusalem, and we will no longer be in _____."

A). disgrace B). danger C). exile D). darkness

10111. How did the people respond when Nehemiah told them how God's hand had been on him?

A). They said the work was too hard B). They said, "Let us start rebuilding"

C). They asked the king for more money D). They went back to their homes

10112. How did Nehemiah answer those who mocked him?

A). He promised to stop the work B). He asked them to join the work

C). He reported them to the king D). He said the God of heaven would give them success

10113. How did Nehemiah respond to the mocking of Sanballat and Tobiah?

A). He prayed to God B). He mocked them back C). He stopped the work

D). He wrote to the king

10114. When the enemies plotted to attack Jerusalem, what two things did the builders do?

A). They ran away and hid B). They prayed to God and posted a guard day and night

C). They paid their enemies and made peace D). They asked Egypt for soldiers and waited

10115. Complete Nehemiah 4:14: "Don't be afraid of them. Remember the Lord, who is great and _____."

A). awesome B). holy C). mighty D). faithful

10116. Who stayed with Nehemiah so the people could be called together if the enemy attacked?

A). A man who sounded the trumpet B). The high priest C). A messenger on a horse

D). The captain of the king's guard

10117. Complete Nehemiah's words in 4:20: "Our God will _____ for us!"

A). build B). fight C). provide D). pray

10118. How ready did Nehemiah and his men stay during the danger?

A). They slept outside the city B). They changed guards every hour

C). They left their weapons with the priests

D). They did not take off their clothes, and each kept his weapon, even when going for water

10119. How did Nehemiah feel when he heard the people's outcry?

A). Afraid B). Confused C). Glad D). Very angry

10120. What did Nehemiah accuse the nobles and officials of doing to their own people?

A). Charging them interest B). Refusing to work on the wall C). Worshiping idols
D). Stealing from the temple

10121. Why did Nehemiah say the nobles should walk in the fear of God?

A). So that the king would reward them B). To avoid the reproach of their Gentile enemies
C). So that the wall would be finished faster D). To make the priests happy

10122. After the nobles promised to give back what they had taken, whom did Nehemiah call to make them take an oath?

A). The Levites B). The governors C). The priests D). The elders of Judah

10123. What did Nehemiah shake out as a sign against anyone who broke the promise?

A). The dust from his feet B). His cloak on the ground C). His sandals
D). The folds of his robe

10124. For how many years was Nehemiah governor in the land of Judah, as recorded in this chapter?

A). Twelve years B). Seven years C). Twenty years D). Forty years

10125. Why did Nehemiah not take the food allotted to the governor?

A). Because the king would not allow it
B). Out of reverence for God and because the people were already burdened
C). Because he was fasting for twelve years D). Because the priests took it

10126. How many Jews and officials ate at Nehemiah's table?

A). Seventy B). Three hundred C). A hundred and fifty D). Twelve

10127. Complete Nehemiah 5:19: "Remember me with _____, my God, for all I have done for these people."

A). kindness B). mercy C). love D). favor

10128. Where did Sanballat and Geshem ask Nehemiah to meet them?

A). In the Valley of Hinnom B). On the plain of Ono C). At the Pool of Siloam
D). In the city of Samaria

10129. Why did Nehemiah refuse to go down and meet his enemies?

A). He was carrying on a great project and would not let the work stop B). He was sick
C). The king had forbidden him D). He did not know the way

10130. How many times did Nehemiah's enemies send him the same message asking him to meet them?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Four times D). Ten times

10131. What false report did Sanballat's unsealed letter say about Nehemiah?

A). That he had stolen the king's gold B). That he had married a foreign wife
C). That he wanted to return to Susa
D). That he and the Jews were plotting to revolt and he wanted to be king

10132. How did Nehemiah answer Sanballat's false letter?

A). He said nothing like that was happening and Sanballat was making it up
B). He asked the king to judge him C). He agreed to meet him
D). He sent gifts to make peace

10133. Complete Nehemiah's prayer in 6:9: "But I prayed, 'Now _____ my hands.'"

A). bless B). strengthen C). guide D). hold

10134. Who told Nehemiah to hide inside the temple because men were coming to kill him?

A). Hanani B). Noadiah C). Shemaiah son of Delaiah D). Eliashib

10135. Why did Nehemiah refuse to hide in the temple?

A). He did not believe anyone was coming B). He was too busy to go
C). The priests had locked the doors
D). A man like him should not run away or go into the temple to save his life

10136. Which prophetess did Nehemiah name among those trying to intimidate him?

A). Huldah B). Noadiah C). Deborah D). Miriam

10137. After the wall was rebuilt and the doors were set in place, who were appointed?

A). Soldiers, archers and horsemen B). Gatekeepers, musicians and Levites
C). Judges, scribes and elders D). Farmers, builders and merchants

10138. Which of his brothers did Nehemiah put in charge of Jerusalem?

A). Hanani B). Shemaiah C). Eliashib D). Malkijah

10139. When did Nehemiah say the gates of Jerusalem could be opened?

A). At midnight B). At first light C). Only on the Sabbath
D). Not until the sun was hot

10140. What did Nehemiah find when God put it into his heart to register the people by families?

A). A letter from King Cyrus B). The genealogical record of those who had first returned
C). The Book of the Law of Moses D). The plans for the temple

10141. Why did Nehemiah, Ezra and the Levites tell the people not to mourn or weep?

A). Because the wall was finished B). Because enemies were watching
C). Because the king had sent gifts D). Because the day was holy to the LORD

10142. Complete Nehemiah 8:10: "Do not grieve, for the _____ of the LORD is your strength."

A). joy B). peace C). love D). word

10143. What were the people told to do for those who had nothing prepared?

A). Invite them to the temple B). Send them some of the food and drink
C). Give them land D). Pray for them only

10144. Whose name is listed first among those who sealed the binding agreement?

A). Ezra the priest B). Nehemiah the governor C). Eliashib the high priest
D). Hanani

10145. What did Nehemiah assign to go on top of the wall to give thanks?

A). Two armies B). Two large choirs C). Twelve priests with trumpets
D). Seven Levites with lamps

10146. How did the two choirs move along the wall?

A). They went in opposite directions, with Nehemiah following the second
B). Both went the same way, led by Nehemiah C). They stayed in one place
D). They marched around the city seven times

10147. Why was Nehemiah not in Jerusalem when Tobiah was given the room?

A). He was fighting a war in Egypt B). He was sick in Susa C). He was visiting Ammon
D). He had gone back to King Artaxerxes

10148. What did Nehemiah do when he found out about Tobiah's room?

A). He threw all of Tobiah's household goods out of the room
B). He asked Tobiah to pay rent C). He gave Tobiah a bigger room
D). He locked Tobiah inside it

10149. Complete Nehemiah's rebuke in 13:11: "Why is the house of God _____?"

A). closed B). empty C). neglected D). dirty

10150. Why did Nehemiah put Shelemiah, Zadok and Pedaiah in charge of the storerooms?

A). They were his brothers B). They were the oldest priests C). They were rich
D). They were considered trustworthy

10151. What wrong thing did Nehemiah see people doing on the Sabbath?

A). Treading winepresses and selling goods and fish B). Worshiping idols in the temple
C). Tearing down the wall D). Refusing to pray

10152. When did Nehemiah order the gates of Jerusalem to be shut before the Sabbath?

A). At noon on the day before B). When the evening shadows fell before the Sabbath
C). At midnight D). On the morning of the Sabbath

10153. What did Nehemiah warn the merchants who spent the night outside Jerusalem?

A). That he would burn their goods B). That he would tell the king

C). That he would arrest them if they did it again D). That he would charge them more tax

10154. What problem did Nehemiah find among the children of men who had married women from Ashdod, Ammon and Moab?

A). They would not work B). They did not go to the temple C). They had no names

D). Half of them could not speak the language of Judah

10155. Which king of Israel did Nehemiah name as an example of someone who sinned because of foreign marriages?

A). Solomon B). David C). Saul D). Ahab

10156. One of the grandsons of Eliashib the high priest was son-in-law to which enemy of Nehemiah?

A). Tobiah the Ammonite B). Sanballat the Horonite C). Geshem the Arab

D). Shemaiah

Ner

10157. Which order is correct, from grandfather to grandson?

A). Ner, Kish, Saul B). Kish, Ner, Saul C). Saul, Kish, Ner D). Kish, Saul, Ner

Neriah

10158. To whom did Jeremiah give the deed of purchase?

A). Gedaliah son of Ahikam B). Ahikam son of Shaphan C). Pashhur son of Immer

D). Baruch son of Neriah

10159. Who wrote down the words as Jeremiah dictated them?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Gemariah son of Shaphan C). Ahikam son of Shaphan

D). Seraiah son of Neriah

10160. Who was the staff officer who went to Babylon with King Zedekiah and carried Jeremiah's scroll?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Seraiah son of Neriah C). Gemariah son of Shaphan

D). Ebed-Melek the Cushite

Nicodemus

10161. Which Pharisee came to Jesus at night?

A). Joseph of Arimathea B). Nicodemus C). Zacchaeus D). Gamaliel

10162. At what time of day did Nicodemus come to Jesus?

A). At night B). At dawn C). At noon D). In the evening at the temple

10163. Complete Jesus' words: "No one can see the kingdom of God unless they are born ___."

A). of water B). into Israel C). again D). of Abraham

10164. Jesus said no one can enter the kingdom of God unless they are born of what?

A). Water and the Spirit B). Fire and the Spirit C). Faith and works
D). Abraham and Sarah

10165. What did Jesus compare to everyone born of the Spirit?

A). A seed in the ground B). A flowing river C). A burning lamp
D). The wind blowing wherever it pleases

10166. Which member of the council said the law does not condemn anyone without first hearing them?

A). Caiaphas B). Gamaliel C). Joseph of Arimathea D). Nicodemus

10167. The Pharisees told Nicodemus that a prophet does not come out of which region?

A). Galilee B). Judea C). Samaria D). Egypt

10168. Who brought about seventy-five pounds of myrrh and aloes for Jesus' burial?

A). Nicodemus B). Joseph of Arimathea C). Mary Magdalene D). Martha

10169. Where was Jesus' body laid?

A). In a cave in Bethany B). In a new tomb in a garden near where he was crucified
C). In Joseph's house D). In the family tomb of David

Nicolas

10170. Nicolas, one of the seven, was a convert to Judaism from which city?

A). Tarsus B). Antioch C). Damascus D). Corinth

Nimrod

10171. Who is described in Genesis 10 as a mighty warrior and a mighty hunter before the Lord?

A). Nimrod B). Cush C). Canaan D). Peleg

10172. Which city was among the first centers of Nimrod's kingdom?

A). Hebron B). Babylon C). Jericho D). Damascus

10173. Complete the verse: "Cush was the father of Nimrod, who became a mighty _____ on earth."

A). king B). hunter C). warrior D). builder

Noadiah

10174. Which prophetess did Nehemiah name among those trying to intimidate him?

A). Huldah B). Noadiah C). Deborah D). Miriam

Noah

10175. Who were the three sons of Noah listed at the end of Genesis 5?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob C). Shem, Ham, and Japheth
D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

10176. Which man found favor in the eyes of the Lord and walked faithfully with God?

A). Abraham B). Enoch C). Noah D). Lot

10177. What material did God tell Noah to use to build the ark?

A). Cedar wood B). Stone and mortar C). Reeds and tar D). Cypress wood

10178. How many of each kind of living creature did God tell Noah to bring into the ark?

A). Seven of every kind B). One of every kind C). Two of every kind, male and female
D). As many as would fit

10179. How many of each kind of clean animal did God tell Noah to take into the ark?

A). Seven pairs B). Two C). One pair D). Ten

10180. Who entered the ark with Noah?

A). Only his sons B). His wife, his sons, and his sons' wives
C). His brothers and their families D). The people of his town

10181. How long did the rain fall on the earth during the flood?

A). Seven days and seven nights B). Three days and three nights C). One year
D). Forty days and forty nights

10182. Who shut Noah inside the ark?

A). Noah himself B). His sons C). The Lord D). An angel

10183. Who survived the flood on the earth?

A). No one survived B). Only Noah and those with him in the ark
C). Noah and a few righteous townspeople D). Everyone who reached high ground

10184. What did God do to make the floodwaters go down?

A). He sent a wind over the earth B). He opened a great hole in the ground
C). He commanded the sun to dry the land D). He sent an angel to gather the waters

10185. Where did the ark come to rest after the floodwaters went down?

A). On Mount Sinai B). On the mountains of Ararat C). On Mount Carmel
D). On the plains of Moab

10186. Which bird did Noah send out from the ark first?

A). A dove B). A sparrow C). A raven D). An eagle

10187. What did the dove bring back to Noah, showing the water had gone down?

A). A small fish B). A freshly picked olive leaf C). A grain of wheat

D). A twig from a fig tree

10188. What was the first thing Noah did after coming out of the ark?

A). He planted a vineyard B). He built a house

C). He built an altar and offered sacrifices to the Lord D). He gathered the animals together

10189. What did the Lord promise in His heart after Noah's offering?

A). Never again to curse the ground because of humans, or destroy all living creatures as He had done

B). To make Noah the ruler of all nations C). To remove all animals from the earth

D). To bring another flood in a hundred years

10190. What did God command Noah and his sons to do after the flood?

A). To build a great city B). To be fruitful and increase in number and fill the earth

C). To stay near the ark D). To offer sacrifices every day

10191. What did God promise in His covenant with Noah?

A). Never again to send rain on the earth B). To give Noah a long life

C). Never again to destroy all life with a flood D). To make the earth free of animals

10192. What did Noah plant after the flood, leading to him becoming drunk?

A). A wheat field B). A fig orchard C). A garden of herbs D). A vineyard

10193. Which sons of Noah covered their father without looking at him when he lay uncovered?

A). Shem and Japheth B). Ham and Shem C). Ham and Japheth D). Cain and Abel

10194. Genesis 10 records the descendants of which three men, whose families spread out after the flood?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Shem, Ham, and Japheth C). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

10195. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Noah?

A). Shem B). Ham C). Japheth D). Enoch

10196. In Isaiah 54:9, God compares His promise not to be angry again with His oath in the days of whom?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). David

10197. Which three righteous men did God say could save only themselves if they were in a sinful land?

A). Abraham, Moses and David B). Elijah, Elisha and Samuel C). Isaac, Jacob and Joseph

D). Noah, Daniel and Job

10198. According to Ezekiel 14, could these righteous men save their own sons or daughters from God's judgment on the land?

A). No, they could save only themselves B). Yes, all their family

C). Yes, but only their sons D). Yes, if they prayed for forty days

10199. Jesus said the coming of the Son of Man will be like the days of whom?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). Noah D). Lot

10200. What were people doing in the days before the flood, until Noah entered the ark?

A). Building a great tower B). Eating and drinking, marrying and giving in marriage

C). Fasting and praying D). Fleeing to the mountains

10201. Jesus compared the days of the Son of Man to the days of which man, when people ate and drank until the flood came?

A). Moses B). Noah C). Abraham D). Jonah

10202. According to Hebrews 11:7, what did Noah build in holy fear to save his family?

A). An ark B). A tower C). An altar D). A city

10203. Which man built the ark mentioned in 1 Peter 3?

A). Moses B). Abraham C). Enoch D). Noah

10204. How many people does Peter say were saved through water in the ark?

A). Seven B). Eight C). Ten D). Twelve

10205. Which preacher of righteousness did God protect when He brought the flood?

A). Abraham B). Enoch C). Lot D). Noah

10206. Besides Noah, how many other people did God protect during the flood?

A). Seven B). Three C). Ten D). Twelve

Nun

10207. Which famous leader from the tribe of Ephraim is named as the son of Nun?

A). Caleb B). Gideon C). Joshua D). Samuel

Nympha

10208. In whose house did a church meet, according to Colossians 4?

A). Lydia B). Priscilla C). Phoebe D). Nympha

Obadiah

10209. Which man in charge of Ahab's palace was a devout believer in the LORD?

A). Jehu B). Obadiah C). Hiel D). Micaiah

10210. What did Obadiah do while Jezebel was killing the LORD's prophets?

A). He told Ahab where the prophets were B). He left Israel
C). He hid a hundred prophets in two caves and gave them food and water
D). He joined the prophets of Baal

10211. Whose vision is recorded in the Book of Obadiah?

A). Joel B). Amos C). Obadiah D). Jonah

10212. Which nation is Obadiah's message mainly about?

A). Edom B). Egypt C). Assyria D). Moab

Obed

10213. What did Naomi do with the baby?

A). She laid him in her lap and cared for him B). She took him back to Moab
C). She gave him to the priest D). She sent him to the elders

10214. What was the name of Ruth and Boaz's son?

A). Jesse B). Obed C). Perez D). Salmon

10215. Obed became the grandfather of which famous king?

A). Saul B). Solomon C). Hezekiah D). David

10216. Which list is in the correct order, from oldest to youngest?

A). Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David B). Obed, Boaz, Jesse, David C). Boaz, Jesse, Obed, David
D). Jesse, Boaz, Obed, David

10217. Which order is correct, from grandfather to grandson?

A). Boaz, Obed, Jesse B). Jesse, Obed, Boaz C). Obed, Boaz, Jesse
D). Boaz, Jesse, Obed

10218. Boaz was the father of Obed. Who was Obed's mother?

A). Ruth B). Orpah C). Bathsheba D). Mary

Obed-Edom

10219. In whose house did the ark stay for three months?

A). Abinadab B). Obed-Edom the Gittite C). Zadok the priest
D). Nathan the prophet

10220. What happened to Obed-Edom while the ark was in his house?

A). He became sick B). His house burned down C). He was made king
D). The LORD blessed him and his whole household

10221. To whose house did David take the ark instead of the City of David?

A). Abinadab's B). Obed-Edom the Gittite's C). Zadok's D). Jesse's

10222. What happened while the ark stayed with the family of Obed-Edom for three months?

A). His house was struck by plague B). The Philistines attacked him
C). The LORD blessed his household and everything he had D). His sons became priests

10223. How long did the ark remain with the family of Obed-Edom?

A). Seven days B). Forty days C). One year D). Three months

10224. From whose house was the ark brought up with rejoicing?

A). Abinadab's B). Obed-Edom's C). Zadok's D). Jesse's

10225. Why did Obed-Edom have eight sons, according to 1 Chronicles 26:5?

A). Because he married many wives B). Because God had blessed Obed-Edom
C). Because he was a king D). Because he lived a very long life

10226. How are the descendants of Obed-Edom described?

A). As singers and poets B). As capable men with the strength to do the work
C). As priests who offered sacrifices D). As soldiers in David's army

10227. Which gate was assigned to Obed-Edom by lot?

A). The South Gate B). The East Gate C). The North Gate D). The West Gate

Oded

10228. Which prophet of the LORD went out to meet Israel's army returning to Samaria?

A). Elisha B). Oded C). Isaiah D). Micah

10229. What did Oded tell Israel's army to do with the captives from Judah?

A). Keep them as slaves B). Take them to Damascus
C). Send them back, because they were fellow Israelites D). Sell them to Assyria

Og

10230. Which king of Bashan came out with his army to fight Israel at Edrei?

A). Og B). Sihon C). Balak D). Arad

10231. How many cities did Israel take from Og in the region of Argob?

A). Twelve B). Sixty C). Thirty D). One hundred

10232. Og was described as the last survivor of which group of people, and was known for his huge iron bed?

A). The Rephaites B). The Amalekites C). The Hittites D). The Philistines

10233. Which two Amorite kings did Rahab mention that Israel had destroyed east of the Jordan?

A). Sihon and Og B). Eglon and Jabin C). Balak and Agag
D). Adoni-Zedek and Horam

10234. Which king of Bashan was one of the last of the Rephaites?

A). Sihon B). Jabin C). Adoni-Zedek D). Og

10235. Which two kings' lands did Israel take, according to Nehemiah 9:22?

A). Pharaoh and Nebuchadnezzar B). Sihon king of Heshbon and Og king of Bashan
C). Balak and Eglon D). Agag and Jabin

10236. According to Psalm 135, which king of Bashan did God strike down?

A). Sihon B). Agag C). Eglon D). Og

Oholiab

10237. Whom did God appoint to help Bezalel with the work?

A). Hur B). Oholiab C). Eleazar D). Ithamar

10238. What special ability did God give Bezalel and Oholiab besides craftsmanship?

A). The gift of prophecy B). The power to heal C). The ability to teach others
D). The strength of warriors

10239. Who carried out the work of building the sanctuary?

A). Only Moses B). Only the priests C). Every skilled person to whom God gave ability
D). Hired workers from Egypt

10240. Who worked with Bezalel as an engraver, designer, and embroiderer?

A). Aaron B). Oholiab C). Hur D). Ithamar

Omri

10241. When the army heard that Zimri had killed the king, whom did they make king?

A). Tibni son of Ginath B). Ahab C). Jehu D). Omri, the commander of the army

10242. Half the people of Israel followed Omri. Whom did the other half want as king?

A). Tibni son of Ginath B). Zimri C). Elah D). Hiel of Bethel

10243. Which city did Omri build on a hill he bought from Shemer?

A). Tirzah B). Jericho C). Samaria D). Shechem

10244. How much did Omri pay Shemer for the hill of Samaria?

A). Twenty shekels of gold B). Four hundred shekels of silver C). Fifty talents of gold
D). Two talents of silver

10245. Which son of Omri became king of Israel and reigned in Samaria?

A). Ahab B). Elah C). Zimri D). Jehu

10246. Whose statutes and practices did the people follow, according to Micah 6:16?

A). David and Solomon B). Hezekiah and Josiah C). Omri and the house of Ahab
D). Jeroboam and Rehoboam

Onesimus

10247. Which faithful and dear brother, who was one of the Colossians, came with Tychicus?

A). Demas B). Onesimus C). Archippus D). Justus

10248. Paul made an appeal to Philemon for which person?

A). Mark B). Luke C). Epaphras D). Onesimus

10249. What change in Onesimus did Paul describe in verse 11?

A). He was once useless to Philemon but had become useful B). He had become very rich
C). He had become an apostle D). He had learned to write letters

10250. Paul asked Philemon to welcome Onesimus back no longer as a slave, but as what?

A). A soldier B). A dear brother C). A hired servant D). A stranger

10251. What did Paul offer to do if Onesimus owed Philemon anything?

A). Send him back to prison B). Ask the church to pay
C). Charge it to Paul's own account and pay it back D). Forget the debt

Onesiphorus

10252. Who often refreshed Paul and was not ashamed of his chains?

A). Demas B). Onesiphorus C). Philemon D). Silas

10253. In which city did Onesiphorus search hard for Paul until he found him?

A). Corinth B). Jerusalem C). Antioch D). Rome

10254. Besides Rome, where did Paul say Onesiphorus had helped him in many ways?

A). Ephesus B). Philippi C). Athens D). Tarsus

Oreb

10255. Which two Midianite leaders did the Ephraimites capture?

A). Oreb and Zeeb B). Zebah and Zalmunna C). Sisera and Jabin D). Og and Sihon

10256. Where was the Midianite leader Oreb killed?

A). At the spring of Harod B). At the hill of Moreh C). At Beth Barah
D). At the rock of Oreb

10257. How did Gideon calm the anger of the Ephraimites?

A). He gave them gold from the plunder
B). He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb
C). He threatened to fight them D). He made their leader a judge

Orpah

10258. What were the names of the two Moabite women who married Naomi's sons?

A). Leah and Rachel B). Orpah and Ruth C). Mary and Martha
D). Peninnah and Hannah

10259. Which daughter-in-law kissed Naomi goodbye and went back to her people?

A). Ruth B). Orpah C). Naomi D). Rahab

Othniel

10260. Who captured Kiriath Sepher and married Caleb's daughter Aksah?

A). Joshua B). Othniel son of Kenaz C). Eleazar D). Achan

10261. Who captured Kiriath Sepher and was given Aksah as his wife?

A). Kenaz B). Othniel C). Joshua D). Ehud

10262. When the Israelites cried out to the LORD, whom did He raise up as their first deliverer in Judges 3?

A). Othniel B). Ehud C). Shamgar D). Gideon

10263. What came on Othniel so that he became Israel's judge and went to war?

A). A great fear B). The Spirit of the LORD C). A dream from God
D). The strength of a lion

10264. How long did the land have peace after Othniel's victory?

A). Eighty years B). Twenty years C). Forty years D). Seven years

10265. In what order are these three deliverers described in Judges 3?

A). Ehud, Othniel, Shamgar B). Shamgar, Ehud, Othniel C). Othniel, Shamgar, Ehud
D). Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

Paltiel

10266. To whom had Saul given his daughter Michal, David's wife?

A). Adriel of Meholah B). Doeg the Edomite C). Abner son of Ner
D). Paltiel son of Laish

10267. Who followed Michal weeping all the way to Bahurim when she was taken back to David?

A). Her brother Ish-Bosheth B). Her husband Paltiel C). Her father's servant Ziba
D). Her son Mephibosheth

Pashhur

10268. Who was the priest and official in charge of the temple who heard Jeremiah prophesying?

A). Hilkiah B). Pashhur C). Zephaniah D). Hananiah

10269. Where did Pashhur put Jeremiah in the stocks?

A). At the Upper Gate of Benjamin B). At the Potsherd Gate C). In the king's prison
D). At the Fish Gate

10270. What did Pashhur do to Jeremiah before putting him in the stocks?

A). Gave him a feast B). Sent him to Egypt C). Had him beaten
D). Made him a priest

10271. When Pashhur released him, what new name did Jeremiah say the LORD had given Pashhur?

A). Man of Sorrows B). Lo-Ammi C). Ichabod D). Terror on Every Side

10272. Where did Jeremiah say Pashhur would die and be buried?

A). In Egypt B). In Babylon C). In Jerusalem D). In Moab

10273. According to Jeremiah, what had Pashhur done for his friends?

A). Paid their debts B). Built them houses C). Prophesied lies to them
D). Defended them in battle

10274. Which two men did King Zedekiah send to Jeremiah?

A). Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah
B). Pashhur son of Immer and Hananiah C). Baruch and Seraiah
D). Hilkiah and Shaphan

Paul

10275. "Then Saul, who was also called _____, filled with the Holy Spirit, looked straight at Elymas."

A). Peter B). Silas C). Paul D). Barnabas

10276. What happened to Elymas after Paul rebuked him?

A). He became blind for a time B). He fell down dead C). He was taken to prison
D). He was healed

10277. What did John do when the group reached Perga in Pamphylia?

A). He became sick B). He left them to return to Jerusalem
C). He stayed to preach in Perga D). He went on ahead to Antioch

10278. Where did Paul stand up to preach on the Sabbath in Pisidian Antioch?

A). In the marketplace B). At the river C). In the synagogue D). In the theater

10279. In his sermon, Paul said Saul son of Kish ruled Israel for how many years?

A). Forty years B). Twenty years C). Seven years D). Twelve years

10280. God testified: "I have found David son of Jesse, a man after my own _____."

A). mind B). ways C). spirit D). heart

10281. According to Paul, what did God bring to Israel from David's descendants?

A). A new temple B). The Savior Jesus C). A new law D). A great army

10282. What did Paul proclaim through Jesus?

A). Freedom from Roman rule B). Riches for the faithful

C). The forgiveness of sins, and that everyone who believes is set free

D). A new way to offer sacrifices

10283. Why did the Jewish leaders begin to contradict Paul on the next Sabbath?

A). They were filled with jealousy when they saw the crowds B). Paul had broken the law

C). Paul refused to read the Scriptures D). The Romans had ordered them to

10284. After being rejected, to whom did Paul and Barnabas say they would now turn?

A). The Samaritans B). The priests C). The Romans only D). The Gentiles

10285. "I have made you a _____ for the Gentiles, that you may bring salvation to the ends of the earth."

A). servant B). light C). prophet D). blessing

10286. What did Paul and Barnabas do when they were expelled from the region?

A). Shook the dust off their feet and went to Iconium B). Went back to Jerusalem

C). Stayed in hiding D). Asked the proconsul for help

10287. What happened when Paul and Barnabas spoke in the synagogue at Iconium?

A). A great number of Jews and Greeks believed B). No one listened

C). They were thrown out at once D). The synagogue was closed

10288. How did the people of Iconium respond to the apostles?

A). Everyone believed B). Everyone rejected them

C). The city was divided; some sided with the Jews, others with the apostles

D). The city made them leaders

10289. When a plot to stone them arose in Iconium, to which cities did Paul and Barnabas flee?

A). Tyre and Sidon B). Lystra and Derbe C). Perga and Attalia

D). Philippi and Thessalonica

10290. Whom did Paul meet at Lystra?

A). A blind beggar B). A rich ruler C). A Roman soldier

D). A man lame from birth who had never walked

10291. What did Paul see in the lame man before healing him?

A). That he had faith to be healed B). That he was very rich C). That he was a priest

D). That he was asleep

10292. What did the crowd in Lystra think after the man was healed?

A). Paul was a sorcerer B). The man had been faking

C). The gods had come down in human form D). An angel had healed him

10293. Why did the people call Paul Hermes?

A). He was the tallest B). He did the healing C). He was the oldest

D). He was the chief speaker

10294. Who brought bulls and wreaths to offer sacrifices to Paul and Barnabas?

A). The priest of Zeus B). The Jewish leaders C). The city ruler D). The healed man

10295. What did Barnabas and Paul do when they heard about the sacrifices?

A). Accepted the gifts B). Left the city quietly

C). Tore their clothes and rushed into the crowd D). Preached in the temple of Zeus

10296. "Friends, why are you doing this? We too are only _____, like you."

A). servants B). human C). sinners D). travelers

10297. What evidence of His kindness did Paul say God had given to all nations?

A). Gold and silver B). Temples and priests C). Kings and armies

D). Rain from heaven and crops in their seasons

10298. What happened to Paul when Jews from Antioch and Iconium won the crowd over?

A). They stoned him and dragged him outside the city, thinking he was dead

B). They put him in prison C). They sent him to Rome D). They flogged him

10299. What did Paul do after the disciples gathered around him?

A). He was carried to Jerusalem B). He stayed in bed for a month

C). He got up and went back into the city D). He went home to Tarsus

10300. "We must go through many _____ to enter the kingdom of God."

A). prayers B). hardships C). trials of faith D). lands

10301. What did Paul and Barnabas appoint in each church?

A). Deacons B). Bishops C). Prophets D). Elders

10302. After Attalia, to which city did Paul and Barnabas sail back?

A). Antioch B). Jerusalem C). Tarsus D). Cyprus

10303. What did Paul and Barnabas report to the church in Antioch?

A). How many coins they had collected B). How they defeated Elymas

C). How God had opened a door of faith to the Gentiles D). How they built a synagogue

10304. Where were Paul and Barnabas sent to discuss this question with the apostles and elders?

A). Rome B). Jerusalem C). Damascus D). Caesarea

10305. What news did Paul and Barnabas share in Phoenicia and Samaria that made the believers glad?

A). How the Gentiles had been converted B). How Herod had died
C). How the temple was rebuilt D). How the famine ended

10306. What did Barnabas and Paul tell the assembly about?

A). The signs and wonders God had done among the Gentiles
B). Their trouble with the Romans C). The money they had collected
D). Their plans to go to Spain

10307. Why did Paul not want to take John Mark on the next journey?

A). Mark was sick B). Mark was too young C). Mark had deserted them in Pamphylia
D). Mark wanted to stay in Jerusalem

10308. What happened because of the sharp disagreement between Paul and Barnabas?

A). They stopped preaching B). They returned to Jerusalem together
C). They asked Peter to decide D). They parted company

10309. Whom did Paul choose as his new companion?

A). Silas B). Timothy C). Luke D). Titus

10310. Which young disciple did Paul meet at Lystra?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Mark D). Luke

10311. Where did the Spirit not allow Paul and his companions to go or preach?

A). Macedonia and Achaia B). Galatia and Phrygia C). The province of Asia and Bithynia
D). Cyprus and Crete

10312. In Paul's vision at night, what did a man from Macedonia beg him to do?

A). Go back to Jerusalem B). Come over to Macedonia and help us C). Write us a letter
D). Stay in Troas

10313. Which Roman colony and leading city of that district of Macedonia did they travel to?

A). Philippi B). Thessalonica C). Berea D). Corinth

10314. Where did Paul expect to find a place of prayer on the Sabbath in Philippi?

A). In the synagogue B). In the marketplace C). In the Roman temple
D). Outside the city gate by the river

10315. Why did Lydia respond to Paul's message?

A). Paul gave her money B). The Lord opened her heart C). She saw a miracle
D). An angel told her

10316. What did the slave girl with a spirit keep shouting about Paul and his companions?

A). These men are thieves B). These men are Roman spies C). These men are gods
D). These men are servants of the Most High God

10317. What did Paul do when he became annoyed with the slave girl?

A). Asked the magistrates to arrest her B). Paid her owners
C). Commanded the spirit to come out of her in the name of Jesus Christ
D). Told her to go home

10318. Why did the slave girl's owners seize Paul and Silas?

A). Paul had stolen from them B). They realized their hope of making money was gone
C). Paul had insulted Caesar D). Silas had broken the Sabbath

10319. Where did the jailer put Paul and Silas?

A). In the inner cell with their feet in the stocks B). In a pit with water
C). In the city tower D). In the courtyard

10320. What were Paul and Silas doing in prison at midnight?

A). Sleeping B). Weeping C). Trying to escape
D). Praying and singing hymns to God

10321. What suddenly happened at the prison?

A). A fire broke out B). An angel woke the jailer
C). A violent earthquake opened the doors and loosened the chains
D). The walls turned to dust

10322. Why did Paul shout, "Don't harm yourself! We are all here!"?

A). The jailer was attacking Silas
B). The jailer was about to kill himself, thinking the prisoners had escaped
C). The roof was falling D). The guards were coming

10323. The jailer asked what he must do to be saved. They replied, "_____ in the Lord Jesus, and you will be saved — you and your household."

A). Believe B). Trust C). Pray D). Hope

10324. That night, what did the jailer do first for Paul and Silas, before he and his household were baptized?

A). He served them a meal B). He set them free C). He gave them new clothes
D). He washed their wounds

10325. Why did Paul refuse to leave the prison quietly?

A). He wanted to preach to the guards B). He was too weak to walk
C). They were Roman citizens who had been beaten publicly without a trial
D). Silas was still asleep

10326. Where did Paul and Silas go after coming out of prison?

A). The synagogue B). Lydia's house C). The river D). Back to Troas

10327. For how many Sabbath days did Paul reason in the synagogue at Thessalonica?

A). Seven B). One C). Three D). Ten

10328. What did Paul explain and prove from the Scriptures at Thessalonica?

A). The temple would last forever B). The law must be kept to be saved
C). The Romans would be defeated D). The Messiah had to suffer and rise from the dead

10329. To which city did the believers send Paul and Silas at night from Thessalonica?

A). Athens B). Corinth C). Philippi D). Berea

10330. Who stayed behind in Berea when Paul was sent to the coast?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Luke and Titus
D). Aquila and Priscilla

10331. Why was Paul greatly distressed in Athens?

A). He was sick B). He was in prison C). The city was full of idols
D). No one would speak to him

10332. Besides the synagogue, where did Paul reason daily in Athens?

A). At the harbor B). In the gymnasium C). At the theater D). In the marketplace

10333. Which two groups of philosophers began to debate with Paul in Athens?

A). Pharisee and Sadducee B). Epicurean and Stoic C). Greek and Roman
D). Cynic and Platonic

10334. Where did the philosophers bring Paul to hear his new teaching?

A). A meeting of the Areopagus B). The Roman court C). The temple of Zeus
D). A synagogue

10335. Paul found an altar with this inscription: "TO AN _____ GOD."

A). UNSEEN B). ETERNAL C). ALMIGHTY D). UNKNOWN

10336. What did Paul say about the God who made the world?

A). He lives on Mount Olympus B). He does not live in temples built by human hands
C). He needs offerings of food D). He lives only in Jerusalem

10337. According to Paul, from what did God make all the nations?

A). From one man B). From the dust of each land C). From the gods of each nation
D). From the stars

10338. "For in him we live and move and have our _____."

A). life B). hope C). being D). strength

10339. What did Paul say God now commands all people everywhere to do?

A). Build an altar B). Offer a sacrifice C). Visit Jerusalem D). Repent

10340. What proof did Paul say God has given that He will judge the world by the man He appointed?

A). He wrote it in the stars B). He raised Him from the dead

C). He sent a great earthquake D). He gave a sign in the temple

10341. How did some respond when they heard about the resurrection of the dead?

A). Some sneered, but others wanted to hear more B). All of them believed

C). All of them left D). They arrested Paul

10342. Which married couple did Paul meet in Corinth?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Jason and Lydia C). Aquila and Priscilla

D). Crispus and Damaris

10343. What was the trade that Paul shared with Aquila and Priscilla?

A). Fishing B). Tentmaking C). Carpentry D). Weaving purple cloth

10344. What did Paul do after Silas and Timothy came from Macedonia?

A). He returned to Jerusalem B). He stopped making tents forever

C). He went to Athens D). He devoted himself exclusively to preaching

10345. When the Jews opposed Paul in Corinth, what did he say he would do from then on?

A). Return to Antioch B). Stop preaching C). Go to the Gentiles

D). Go to the high priest

10346. Whose house next door to the synagogue did Paul go to?

A). Titius Justus B). Crispus C). Jason D). Sosthenes

10347. The Lord said to Paul in a vision: "Do not be afraid; keep on speaking, do not be silent. For I am _____."

A). your God B). your shield C). coming soon D). with you

10348. How long did Paul stay in Corinth teaching the word of God?

A). Three months B). Two years C). A year and a half D). Forty days

10349. Who was the proconsul of Achaia when the Jews brought Paul to court?

A). Gallio B). Sergius Paulus C). Felix D). Festus

10350. Why did Paul have his hair cut off at Cenchreae?

A). Because he was mourning B). Because the law commanded it every year

C). Because of a vow he had taken D). Because Priscilla asked him

10351. In which city did Paul leave Priscilla and Aquila?

A). Ephesus B). Corinth C). Rome D). Antioch

10352. What did the disciples in Ephesus say when Paul asked if they had received the Holy Spirit?

A). We have not even heard that there is a Holy Spirit B). Yes, at Pentecost
C). We received Him from Apollos D). We are waiting for Him

10353. Into which baptism had these disciples been baptized?

A). Peter's baptism B). John's baptism C). Baptism in the name of Jesus
D). No baptism at all

10354. What happened when Paul placed his hands on these disciples?

A). They were healed of blindness B). They saw a vision of Jesus C). They fell asleep
D). The Holy Spirit came on them, and they spoke in tongues and prophesied

10355. For how long did Paul speak boldly in the synagogue in Ephesus?

A). Three months B). Three years C). One week D). Two years

10356. Where did Paul hold daily discussions after leaving the synagogue?

A). The house of Aquila B). The lecture hall of Tyrannus C). The temple of Artemis
D). The city marketplace

10357. What was the result of Paul teaching for two years in Ephesus?

A). He was arrested B). The synagogue was closed C). He went back to Antioch
D). All the Jews and Greeks in the province of Asia heard the word of the Lord

10358. What things that had touched Paul were taken to the sick, who were healed?

A). Sandals and belts B). Bread and cups C). Handkerchiefs and aprons
D). Scrolls and pens

10359. The evil spirit answered them, "Jesus I know, and Paul I know about, but who are _____?"

A). they B). you C). these men D). your fathers

10360. Paul said, "After I have been there, I must visit _____ also."

A). Spain B). Rome C). Athens D). Egypt

10361. Why was Demetrius angry with Paul?

A). Paul had stolen from the temple B). Paul refused to buy a shrine
C). Paul taught that gods made by hands are no gods, which hurt their trade
D). Paul insulted the city clerk

10362. What happened when Paul wanted to appear before the crowd?

A). He spoke and calmed them B). He was arrested
C). He was carried away by the Spirit D). The disciples would not let him

10363. How long did Paul stay in Greece before a plot made him go back through Macedonia?

A). One year B). Seven days C). Two years D). Three months

10364. How long did Paul and his companions stay in Troas?

A). Three days B). One month C). Seven days D). Forty days

10365. On which day did the believers in Troas come together to break bread?

A). The first day of the week B). The Sabbath C). The Day of Pentecost
D). The last day of the week

10366. Which young man fell asleep and fell from a window while Paul talked?

A). Tychicus B). Eutychus C). Timothy D). Trophimus

10367. Paul threw himself on the young man and said, "Don't be alarmed. He's _____!"

A). asleep B). healed C). alive D). breathing

10368. What did Paul do after Eutychus was raised?

A). He went upstairs, broke bread, ate and talked until daylight B). He left the city at once
C). He went to bed D). He scolded the people

10369. Why did Paul decide to sail past Ephesus?

A). He was afraid of Demetrius
B). He was in a hurry to reach Jerusalem by the day of Pentecost
C). The ship could not stop there D). The elders asked him not to come

10370. Where did Paul call the elders of the church of Ephesus to meet him?

A). Troas B). Assos C). Corinth D). Miletus

10371. How did Paul say he served the Lord in Asia?

A). With pride and power B). With silence and secrecy
C). With great humility and with tears D). With swords and soldiers

10372. What two things did Paul declare to both Jews and Greeks?

A). They must turn to God in repentance and have faith in our Lord Jesus
B). They must keep the law and offer sacrifices C). They must give money and fast
D). They must move to Jerusalem and be circumcised

10373. What did the Holy Spirit warn Paul was waiting for him?

A). A royal welcome B). Prison and hardships C). Great riches D). A long rest

10374. "My only aim is to finish the race and complete the task the Lord Jesus has given me — the task of testifying to the good news of God's _____."

A). kingdom B). love C). power D). grace

10375. How did Paul say God bought the church?

A). With silver and gold B). With the law of Moses C). With His own blood
D). With the temple tax

10376. What did Paul warn would come in among the flock after he left?

A). Savage wolves B). Hungry lions C). Roman soldiers D). False angels

10377. For how long did Paul say he warned the Ephesians night and day with tears?

A). One year B). Three years C). Seven years D). Three months

10378. How did Paul supply his own needs and those of his companions?

A). With gifts from the elders B). With money from the temple
C). With help from Rome D). With his own hands

10379. Paul reminded them of the words of the Lord Jesus: "It is more blessed to _____ than to receive."

A). serve B). love C). give D). pray

10380. What saddened the Ephesian elders most when Paul left?

A). He said they would never see his face again B). He did not pray with them
C). He took their money D). He was angry with them

10381. In which city did disciples, through the Spirit, urge Paul not to go to Jerusalem?

A). Sidon B). Tyre C). Joppa D). Antioch

10382. Where did Paul and the disciples of Tyre kneel to pray before he left?

A). On the beach B). In the synagogue C). On a hill D). In a house

10383. In Caesarea, Paul stayed at the house of which evangelist, one of the Seven?

A). Stephen B). Nicolas C). Philip D). Barnabas

10384. Which prophet tied his own hands and feet with Paul's belt?

A). Silas B). Agabus C). Judas Barsabbas D). Simeon

10385. What did Agabus's action with the belt mean?

A). The owner of the belt would be bound in Jerusalem and handed to the Gentiles
B). Paul would become a king C). Paul would be shipwrecked
D). Paul would return to Tarsus

10386. Paul said, "I am ready not only to be bound, but also to _____ in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus."

A). preach B). suffer C). die D). stay

10387. When Paul would not be persuaded, the believers said, "The Lord's _____ be done."

A). work B). word C). plan D). will

10388. In Jerusalem, Paul went to see which leader along with all the elders?

A). James B). Peter C). John D). Barnabas

10389. What false report about Paul had the Jewish believers in Jerusalem heard?

A). That he had stolen from the temple B). That he had denied Jesus
C). That he taught Jews living among Gentiles to turn away from Moses
D). That he was a Roman spy

10390. What did James and the elders ask Paul to do to show he lived in obedience to the law?

A). Offer a lamb on the altar B). Fast for forty days C). Leave Jerusalem at once
D). Join four men under a vow, purify himself and pay their expenses

10391. Who stirred up the crowd against Paul in the temple?

A). Roman soldiers B). Jews from the province of Asia C). The Sadducees from Galilee
D). Greeks from Corinth

10392. Which Ephesian had been seen with Paul in the city, leading people to think Paul brought him into the temple?

A). Trophimus B). Tychicus C). Gaius D). Aristarchus

10393. What stopped the crowd from killing Paul?

A). An earthquake B). An angel appeared
C). The commander of the Roman troops ran down with soldiers
D). Paul escaped through a window

10394. How did the commander order Paul to be bound?

A). With ropes B). In stocks C). With one iron collar D). With two chains

10395. Why did the soldiers have to carry Paul up the steps?

A). He was too sick to walk B). The violence of the mob was so great
C). He refused to walk D). The steps were broken

10396. Whom did the Roman commander first think Paul was?

A). The Egyptian who started a revolt B). A spy from Parthia C). A runaway slave
D). A Greek philosopher

10397. Paul told the commander he was a Jew from which city?

A). Antioch in Syria B). Jerusalem in Judea C). Tarsus in Cilicia
D). Nazareth in Galilee

10398. In what language did Paul speak to the crowd from the steps?

A). Latin B). Greek C). Egyptian D). Aramaic

10399. Why did the crowd become very quiet when Paul began speaking?

A). Soldiers ordered silence B). He was in chains C). He spoke to them in Aramaic
D). He raised his hands

10400. Under which teacher did Paul say he studied in Jerusalem?

A). Annas B). Gamaliel C). Nicodemus D). Caiaphas

10401. What did Paul say he once did to the followers of 'the Way'?

A). Gave them money B). Taught them the law C). Hid them from Rome
D). Persecuted them to their death

10402. At about what time of day did the bright light flash around Paul near Damascus?

A). About noon B). At midnight C). At sunrise D). At sunset

10403. The voice answered Paul, "I am Jesus of _____, whom you are persecuting."

A). Bethlehem B). Galilee C). Nazareth D). Jerusalem

10404. What did Paul's companions experience on the road?

A). They saw Jesus clearly B). They saw the light but did not understand the voice
C). They heard every word D). They saw nothing at all

10405. How did Paul describe Ananias in his defense?

A). A Roman officer B). A former sorcerer C). A Greek teacher
D). A devout observer of the law, highly respected by the Jews

10406. Ananias said, "Brother Saul, receive your _____!"

A). sight B). strength C). healing D). spirit

10407. What did Ananias say Paul would be for God?

A). A king over Israel B). A priest in the temple
C). His witness to all people of what he had seen and heard D). A judge for the Romans

10408. "Get up, be baptized and wash your _____ away, calling on his name."

A). fears B). sins C). tears D). troubles

10409. While praying at the temple in a trance, what did the Lord tell Paul?

A). Stay and preach in the temple B). Go to the high priest C). Return to Damascus
D). Leave Jerusalem immediately

10410. What did Paul say he was doing when Stephen was killed?

A). Guarding the clothes of those who were killing him B). Praying for Stephen
C). Throwing the first stone D). Running to get help

10411. The Lord said, "Go; I will send you far away to the _____."

A). islands B). nations of the east C). Gentiles D). Romans

10412. What did the crowd shout after Paul spoke of being sent to the Gentiles?

A). Hosanna! B). Rid the earth of him! He's not fit to live! C). Great is Artemis!
D). Release him!

10413. What did the commander order to be done to Paul to find out why the crowd was shouting?

A). That he be sent to Rome B). That he be released C). That he be stoned
D). That he be flogged and interrogated

10414. What question did Paul ask the centurion as they stretched him out to flog him?

A). Is it legal to flog a Roman citizen who hasn't been found guilty?
B). Why are you doing this? C). Do you know who Jesus is?
D). Can I speak to the crowd again?

10415. How did Paul's Roman citizenship differ from the commander's?

A). Paul paid for it, but the commander was born a citizen B). Both were born citizens
C). Paul was born a citizen, but the commander paid a lot for it
D). Paul was not really a citizen

10416. Why was the commander alarmed?

A). The crowd was attacking the barracks B). He had put a Roman citizen in chains
C). Paul had escaped D). The high priest was angry with him

10417. What did the commander do the next day?

A). Sent Paul to Caesarea B). Flogged Paul anyway C). Let the crowd take Paul
D). Released Paul and ordered the chief priests and Sanhedrin to assemble

10418. Paul told the Sanhedrin, "I have fulfilled my duty to God in all good _____ to this day."

A). faith B). courage C). hope D). conscience

10419. Which high priest ordered those near Paul to strike him on the mouth?

A). Ananias B). Caiaphas C). Annas D). Sceva

10420. Paul said, "God will strike you, you _____ wall!"

A). crumbling B). whitewashed C). stone D). broken

10421. What did Paul say when told he had insulted God's high priest?

A). He said the high priest deserved it B). He said he did not care
C). He did not realize he was the high priest, for Scripture says not to speak evil about the ruler of your people
D). He said Rome was his only ruler

10422. Paul called out that he was on trial because of his hope in what?

A). The coming of the kingdom B). The rebuilding of the temple
C). The freedom of Israel D). The resurrection of the dead

10423. Which group did Paul say he belonged to, as did his ancestors?

A). The Pharisees B). The Sadducees C). The Essenes D). The Zealots

10424. What did some teachers of the law who were Pharisees say about Paul?

A). He must be stoned B). He is a false prophet
C). We find nothing wrong with this man D). Send him to Rome

10425. Why did the commander take Paul back to the barracks?

A). Paul asked to leave B). The Sanhedrin ordered it C). Paul was sick
D). He was afraid Paul would be torn to pieces

10426. The Lord stood near Paul and said, "Take courage! As you have testified about me in Jerusalem, so you must also testify in _____."

A). Rome B). Athens C). Spain D). Antioch

10427. More than forty men took an oath not to eat or drink until they had done what?

A). Found Paul guilty B). Killed Paul C). Sent Paul to Rome
D). Destroyed the barracks

10428. Who heard about the plot and told Paul?

A). Luke B). A Roman guard C). The son of Paul's sister D). Barnabas

10429. What did the commander tell Paul's nephew after hearing about the plot?

A). Go and warn the Sanhedrin B). Stay in the barracks forever
C). Bring the forty men to me D). Don't tell anyone that you have reported this to me

10430. How many soldiers did the commander get ready to escort Paul to Caesarea?

A). Two hundred soldiers, seventy horsemen and two hundred spearmen B). Forty soldiers
C). One thousand foot soldiers D). Twelve horsemen

10431. To which governor was Paul sent?

A). Festus B). Felix C). Pilate D). Gallio

10432. According to the commander's letter, what was the charge against Paul about?

A). Stealing from the temple B). Treason against Caesar C). Murder
D). Questions about their law, with no charge deserving death or prison

10433. On the way to Caesarea, where did the soldiers bring Paul during the night?

A). Antipatris B). Joppa C). Lydda D). Samaria

10434. When Felix asked Paul's home province, what did he learn?

A). Galatia B). Cilicia C). Judea D). Asia

10435. Where did Felix order Paul to be kept under guard?

A). The city jail B). Philip's house C). Herod's palace D). The temple

10436. What did Tertullus call Paul in his accusation?

A). A troublemaker and ringleader of the Nazarene sect B). A thief and liar

C). A Roman spy D). A false priest

10437. What did Tertullus say Paul had tried to do to the temple?

A). Burn it B). Desecrate it C). Rob its treasury D). Close its gates

10438. How many days before had Paul gone up to Jerusalem to worship, according to his defense?

A). Forty days B). Three months C). No more than twelve days D). Seven days

10439. How did Paul say he worshiped the God of his ancestors?

A). By rejecting the Law B). By following Greek gods C). In secret only

D). As a follower of the Way, believing everything in the Law and the Prophets

10440. What hope did Paul say he had in God?

A). That there will be a resurrection of both the righteous and the wicked

B). That he would be freed soon C). That Israel would rule Rome

D). That the temple would be rebuilt

10441. "So I strive always to keep my _____ clear before God and man."

A). heart B). conscience C). mind D). record

10442. Why had Paul come to Jerusalem after several years away, according to his defense?

A). To start a revolt B). To meet the Roman governor

C). To bring gifts for the poor and to present offerings D). To find Tertullus

10443. What orders did Felix give the centurion about Paul?

A). Keep him under guard but give him some freedom and let his friends help him

B). Put him in chains in the deepest cell C). Send him to Jerusalem

D). Flog him every day

10444. What did Felix and Drusilla listen to Paul speak about?

A). The history of Rome B). The rules of the temple C). Faith in Christ Jesus

D). The prophecy of Agabus

10445. When Paul talked about righteousness, self-control and judgment, how did Felix react?

A). He believed and was baptized B). He became angry and struck Paul

C). He set Paul free D). He was afraid and said, 'That's enough for now!'

10446. Why did Felix often send for Paul?

A). He was hoping Paul would offer him a bribe B). He wanted to become a Christian

C). He liked Paul's stories D). He needed advice

10447. How long did Paul remain in prison under Felix?

A). Six months B). Two years C). Five years D). Forty days

10448. Why did the chief priests ask Festus to transfer Paul to Jerusalem?

A). They wanted to set him free B). They were preparing an ambush to kill him on the way
C). They wanted him to preach in the temple D). They wanted to send him to Rome

10449. Where did Festus say Paul was being held, and where the accusers should come?

A). Jerusalem B). Rome C). Caesarea D). Antioch

10450. What was true of the charges the Jews brought against Paul before Festus?

A). They could not prove them B). They were all proven true C). Paul admitted them
D). They were about money only

10451. Paul said he had done nothing wrong against which three things?

A). Moses, the prophets and David B). The law of the Jews, the temple and Caesar
C). Rome, Greece and Egypt D). The Sabbath, the priests and the elders

10452. What did Festus, wishing to do the Jews a favor, ask Paul?

A). Will you pay a fine? B). Will you leave the province?
C). Are you willing to go up to Jerusalem and stand trial there? D). Will you deny Jesus?

10453. Paul said, "No one has the right to hand me over to them. I appeal to _____!"

A). God B). the Sanhedrin C). the people D). Caesar

10454. What did Paul say if he were guilty of doing something deserving death?

A). He did not refuse to die B). He would run away C). He would pay a ransom
D). He would ask the crowd to decide

10455. After Festus conferred with his council, he said, "You have appealed to Caesar. To Caesar you will _____!"

A). speak B). go C). answer D). be sent

10456. According to Festus, the dispute was about a dead man named Jesus whom Paul claimed was what?

A). Alive B). A king C). A prophet D). A Roman

10457. Agrippa said to Festus, "I would like to _____ this man myself."

A). see B). hear C). judge D). question

10458. What did Festus say he found about Paul?

A). He was guilty of treason B). He had stolen from the temple
C). He was a danger to Rome D). He had done nothing deserving death

10459. Why did Festus want Agrippa to examine Paul?

A). He had nothing definite to write to His Majesty about him B). Agrippa was Paul's judge
C). Paul asked for Agrippa D). Caesar had ordered it

10460. Who said to Paul, "You have permission to speak for yourself"?

A). Festus B). Agrippa C). Felix D). Bernice

10461. Why was Paul glad to make his defense before Agrippa?

A). Agrippa was well acquainted with Jewish customs and controversies
B). Agrippa was a Christian C). Agrippa was his relative
D). Agrippa had promised to free him

10462. Paul said he lived as a member of which strictest sect of their religion?

A). Sadducee B). Essene C). Zealot D). Pharisee

10463. Paul asked, "Why should any of you consider it incredible that God raises the _____?"

A). poor B). humble C). dead D). weak

10464. What did Paul confess he did when believers were put to death?

A). He tried to save them B). He cast his vote against them C). He was away in Tarsus
D). He wrote to the emperor

10465. How did Paul describe the light he saw at noon on the road?

A). Brighter than the sun B). Like a small candle C). Like a red sunset
D). Like a flash of lightning far away

10466. The voice said, "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute me? It is hard for you to kick against the _____."

A). walls B). stones C). thorns D). goads

10467. For what purpose did Jesus say He appeared to Paul?

A). To punish him B). To make him a king C). To appoint him as a servant and witness
D). To send him back to Tarsus

10468. Jesus sent Paul "to open their eyes and turn them from darkness to _____."

A). truth B). light C). life D). peace

10469. Paul said, "So then, King Agrippa, I was not disobedient to the _____ from heaven."

A). vision B). voice C). command D). light

10470. What did Paul preach that people should do?

A). Obey Caesar in all things B). Travel to Jerusalem every year
C). Give all their money to the temple
D). Repent, turn to God and demonstrate their repentance by their deeds

10471. What did Festus shout during Paul's defense?

A). You are a true prophet! B). Take him away! C). You are out of your mind, Paul!
D). Great is your God!

10472. How did Paul answer Festus?

A). You are right, I am tired B). What I am saying is true and reasonable
C). I will be quiet now D). Ask King Agrippa to decide

10473. Paul said about these events, "It was not done in a _____."

A). corner B). dream C). dark room D). secret way

10474. What did Agrippa say to Paul?

A). I believe everything you say B). You should be put to death C). I will free you today
D). Do you think that in such a short time you can persuade me to be a Christian?

10475. What did Paul pray for everyone listening to him?

A). That they would be judged B). That they would become rich
C). That they might become what he was, except for his chains
D). That they would go to Rome with him

10476. What did Agrippa say to Festus about Paul?

A). He could have been set free if he had not appealed to Caesar B). He should be killed
C). He should stay in Caesarea forever D). He should become a ruler

10477. Which centurion of the Imperial Regiment was in charge of Paul on the voyage to Italy?

A). Cornelius B). Claudius C). Lysias D). Julius

10478. Which Macedonian from Thessalonica was with Paul on the ship?

A). Gaius B). Tychicus C). Aristarchus D). Trophimus

10479. How did Julius treat Paul at Sidon?

A). Harshly, keeping him chained below deck B). With kindness, allowing him to visit friends
C). He ignored him D). He punished him

10480. At which place on Crete did the ship stop with difficulty?

A). Phoenix B). Cnidus C). Salmone D). Fair Havens

10481. What did Paul warn would happen if they kept sailing?

A). They would arrive early B). They would meet pirates
C). The voyage would be disastrous, with great loss to ship, cargo and lives
D). They would run out of food only

10482. Whom did the centurion listen to instead of Paul?

A). The soldiers B). The pilot and the owner of the ship C). The other prisoners
D). Aristarchus

10483. Who stood beside Paul at night and told him not to be afraid?

A). Jesus' mother Mary B). An angel of God C). Julius D). Barnabas

10484. What did the angel promise Paul?

A). He would stand trial before Caesar, and God had given him the lives of all who sailed with him

B). He would be set free at once C). He would become rich

D). The ship would not be damaged

10485. Paul said, "So keep up your courage, men, for I have _____ in God that it will happen just as he told me."

A). hope B). trust C). joy D). faith

10486. What did the soldiers do when sailors tried to escape in the lifeboat?

A). Jumped into it with them B). Cut the ropes and let the lifeboat drift away

C). Tied it tighter D). Shot arrows at it

10487. What did Paul do before eating bread in front of everyone?

A). He gave thanks to God B). He washed his hands in the sea C). He sang a hymn

D). He asked the centurion's permission

10488. Why did the centurion stop the soldiers from killing the prisoners?

A). He was afraid of Caesar B). The prisoners begged him

C). He wanted to spare Paul's life D). There was no time

10489. How did everyone reach land safely?

A). The lifeboat carried them

B). Some swam, and the rest got there on planks or pieces of the ship

C). Another ship rescued them D). They walked across a sandbar

10490. What was the name of the island where everyone landed safely?

A). Malta B). Crete C). Cyprus D). Patmos

10491. What fastened itself on Paul's hand as he put sticks on the fire?

A). A scorpion B). A spider C). A crab D). A viper

10492. What did the islanders first think when they saw the snake on Paul's hand?

A). He was a god B). He must be a murderer whom Justice would not allow to live

C). He was a snake charmer D). He was a doctor

10493. What happened when Paul shook the snake off into the fire?

A). He suffered no ill effects B). His hand swelled up C). He fell down dead

D). He became very sick

10494. After waiting a long time and seeing nothing happen, what did the people decide about Paul?

A). He was a magician B). He was cursed C). He was a god D). He was an angel

10495. What did Paul do for the father of Publius, who was sick in bed?

A). Gave him medicine B). Prayed, placed his hands on him and healed him
C). Sent for a doctor D). Took him to the sea

10496. How long did they stay on Malta before setting sail again?

A). Three months B). Three weeks C). One year D). Seven days

10497. Where did they find brothers and sisters who invited them to stay a week?

A). Syracuse B). Rhegium C). Rome D). Puteoli

10498. How did Paul respond when believers from Rome came out to meet him?

A). He wept with fear B). He thanked God and was encouraged
C). He asked them to go back D). He did not see them

10499. How was Paul allowed to live in Rome?

A). By himself, with a soldier to guard him B). In the city prison
C). In the palace of Caesar D). With Aquila and Priscilla

10500. Whom did Paul call together three days after arriving in Rome?

A). The Roman senators B). The Christian elders C). The local Jewish leaders
D). The emperor's guards

10501. Paul said, "It is because of the _____ of Israel that I am bound with this chain."

A). law B). God C). king D). hope

10502. What had the Jewish leaders in Rome heard about the sect Paul belonged to?

A). It was growing in Jerusalem only B). People everywhere were talking against it
C). It was supported by Caesar D). It was not known at all

10503. From what did Paul try to persuade them about Jesus, from morning till evening?

A). The Law of Moses and the Prophets B). Greek philosophy C). Roman law
D). His own dreams

10504. Which prophet did Paul quote when some of the Jewish leaders would not believe?

A). Jeremiah B). Joel C). Isaiah D). Daniel

10505. "Therefore I want you to know that God's salvation has been sent to the _____, and they will listen!"

A). nations B). poor C). islands D). Gentiles

10506. How long did Paul stay in Rome in his own rented house?

A). Three months B). Two whole years C). Five years D). Forty days

10507. How does the book of Acts describe Paul's preaching at the very end?

A). With all boldness and without hindrance B). In secret and fear

C). Only to the guards D). With great sadness

10508. Who wrote the letter to the Romans?

A). Peter B). Paul C). John D). James

10509. Complete the verse: "Paul, a servant of Christ Jesus, called to be an _____ and set apart for the gospel of God."

A). elder B). apostle C). prophet D). evangelist

10510. According to Paul, through whom had God promised the gospel beforehand?

A). His angels B). His prophets C). The kings of Israel

D). The priests in the temple

10511. To believers in which city did Paul write this letter?

A). Corinth B). Ephesus C). Jerusalem D). Rome

10512. Why did Paul thank God for the believers in Rome?

A). Their faith was being reported all over the world B). They had sent him money

C). They had built a large church D). They had freed him from prison

10513. Why did Paul long to see the believers in Rome?

A). To collect an offering for Jerusalem B). To share some spiritual gift to make them strong

C). To choose new elders D). To settle a quarrel between them

10514. What had happened when Paul planned many times to visit Rome?

A). He was shipwrecked B). He was prevented from coming C). He changed his mind

D). He was forbidden by the Romans

10515. Complete the verse: "I am _____ both to Greeks and non-Greeks, both to the wise and the foolish."

A). a servant B). obligated C). sent D). grateful

10516. Complete the verse: "For I am not _____ of the gospel, because it is the power of God that brings salvation to everyone who believes."

A). afraid B). ashamed C). tired D). proud

10517. According to Romans 1:16, the gospel brings salvation to everyone who believes in what order?

A). First to the Gentile, then to the Jew B). First to the Jew, then to the Gentile

C). First to the Romans, then to the Greeks D). First to the wise, then to the foolish

10518. Complete the verse: "The righteous will live by _____."

A). the law B). works C). faith D). sacrifice

10519. Why does Paul say a person who judges others has no excuse?

A). They do the same things they judge B). They are not old enough to judge
C). They have never read the law D). They live far from Jerusalem

10520. According to Paul, what is God's judgment against those who do evil based on?

A). Rumors B). Truth C). Their wealth D). Their nationality

10521. Complete the verse: "...not realizing that God's kindness is intended to lead you to _____?"

A). riches B). victory C). repentance D). the temple

10522. What does Paul say a stubborn and unrepentant heart stores up for itself?

A). Treasure in heaven B). Wisdom for old age C). Blessing for its children
D). Wrath for the day of God's wrath

10523. Complete the verse: "God 'will repay each person according to what they have _____.'"

A). done B). said C). owned D). learned

10524. To those who keep doing good and seek glory, honor and immortality, what will God give?

A). Earthly riches B). Eternal life C). A long life on earth
D). A place in the king's palace

10525. Complete the verse: "For God does not show _____."

A). anger B). mercy C). favoritism D). weakness

10526. According to Romans 2:13, who will be declared righteous?

A). Those who only hear the law B). Those who teach the law
C). Those who were born near the temple D). Those who obey the law

10527. Paul says Gentiles who do what the law requires show that its requirements are written where?

A). On their hearts B). On stone tablets C). On their doorposts
D). On the temple walls

10528. Through whom does Paul say God will judge people's secrets?

A). Moses B). Jesus Christ C). Abraham D). The angels

10529. What question does Paul ask the person who teaches others?

A). Do you not pray for yourself? B). Do you not give to the poor?
C). Do you not teach yourself? D). Do you not visit the temple?

10530. Because of those who broke the law, what happened to God's name among the Gentiles?

A). It was forgotten B). It was praised more C). It was hidden
D). It was blasphemed

10531. According to Paul, when does circumcision have value?

A). If you observe the law B). If it is done in Jerusalem C). If a priest performs it
D). If it is done on the Sabbath

10532. Complete the verse: "Circumcision is circumcision of the _____, by the Spirit, not by the written code."

A). mind B). heart C). body D). tongue

10533. According to Romans 2:29, from whom does a true Jew receive praise?

A). From other people B). From the priests C). From God D). From the Romans

10534. According to Paul, what had the Jews been entrusted with?

A). The keys of the kingdom B). The gold of the temple C). The very words of God
D). The armies of Israel

10535. Complete the verse: "Let God be _____, and every human being a liar."

A). praised B). feared C). honored D). true

10536. According to Romans 3:9, who are all under the power of sin?

A). Jews and Gentiles alike B). Only the Gentiles C). Only the Pharisees
D). Only the Romans

10537. Complete the verse: "There is no one _____, not even one."

A). wise B). righteous C). strong D). rich

10538. What does Paul say no one does, quoting the Scriptures?

A). Eat bread B). Build houses C). Seek God D). Work in the fields

10539. In Romans 3:13, what does Paul say people's throats are like?

A). Dry wells B). Empty jars C). Broken cisterns D). Open graves

10540. Complete the verse: "There is no _____ of God before their eyes."

A). fear B). love C). word D). light

10541. According to Romans 3:20, what do people become conscious of through the law?

A). Their wealth B). Their sin C). Their strength D). Their family line

10542. How does righteousness from God come to all who believe?

A). Through keeping the Sabbath B). Through offering sacrifices
C). Through faith in Jesus Christ D). Through being born a Jew

10543. Complete the verse: "For all have _____ and fall short of the glory of God."

A). prayed B). wandered C). believed D). sinned

10544. According to Romans 3:24, how are people justified?

A). Freely by God's grace B). By paying money C). By their good deeds
D). By their family name

10545. According to Romans 3:25, God presented Christ as what?

A). A new lawgiver B). A sacrifice of atonement C). A king of Rome
D). A temple priest

10546. Why does Paul say boasting is excluded?

A). Because only kings may boast B). Because the law forbids speaking
C). Because people are made right through faith, not works
D). Because the temple was destroyed

10547. Complete the verse: "For we maintain that a person is justified by _____ apart from the works of the law."

A). sacrifice B). prayer C). wisdom D). faith

10548. What point does Paul make by asking, "Is God the God of Jews only?"

A). He is the God of Gentiles too B). He is the God of Romans only
C). He is the God of priests only D). He is the God of the wise only

10549. Does faith nullify the law, according to Paul?

A). Yes, the law is cancelled B). No, we uphold the law
C). Yes, the law is only for Gentiles D). No, faith is less important than the law

10550. Which commandment does Paul say taught him what coveting really was?

A). You shall not steal B). You shall not murder C). You shall not lie
D). You shall not covet

10551. What does Paul say sin did through the commandment?

A). It made him rich B). It made him a teacher
C). It deceived him and put him to death D). It gave him peace

10552. Complete the verse: "For what I want to do I do not do, but what I _____ I do."

A). hate B). love C). forget D). fear

10553. According to Romans 7:18, what does Paul say lives in him, that is, in his sinful nature?

A). Great strength B). Deep wisdom C). Perfect obedience D). Nothing good

10554. In his inner being, what does Paul say he delights in?

A). Earthly riches B). His own wisdom C). God's law D). Roman customs

10555. Complete the verse: "What a _____ man I am! Who will rescue me from this body that is subject to death?"

A). foolish B). wretched C). lonely D). weary

10556. Through whom does Paul thank God for rescuing him?

A). Jesus Christ our Lord B). Moses the lawgiver C). Abraham our father
D). The angel Gabriel

10557. How does Paul compare our present sufferings with the glory that will be revealed?

A). They are equal B). The sufferings are greater C). The glory is smaller
D). They are not worth comparing

10558. Why did Paul have great sorrow and unceasing anguish in his heart?

A). Because he was in prison B). Because he was poor
C). Because the church in Rome rejected him D). Because of his people, the Israelites

10559. What was Paul's heart's desire and prayer to God for the Israelites?

A). That they may defeat Rome B). That they may be saved
C). That they may rebuild the temple D). That they may become rich

10560. What does Paul say about the Israelites' zeal for God?

A). It is not based on knowledge B). It is perfect in every way C). It is only pretended
D). It is stronger than the Gentiles' faith

10561. From which tribe of Israel did Paul say he came?

A). Judah B). Levi C). Benjamin D). Ephraim

10562. Paul calls himself the apostle to whom?

A). The priests B). The Gentiles C). The Pharisees D). The Samaritans

10563. According to Romans 15:1, what should those who are strong do?

A). Bear with the failings of the weak B). Lead the church alone C). Avoid the weak
D). Correct the weak in public

10564. Paul says God gave him grace to be a minister of Christ Jesus to whom?

A). The priests B). The Romans only C). The Gentiles D). The Pharisees

10565. Paul says he fully proclaimed the gospel from Jerusalem all the way around to where?

A). Spain B). Illyricum C). Egypt D). Babylon

10566. What was Paul's ambition in preaching the gospel?

A). To preach where Christ was not known B). To preach only in big cities
C). To preach only to Jews D). To build on another's foundation

10567. Where was Paul planning to go, visiting Rome on the way?

A). Egypt B). Arabia C). Babylon D). Spain

10568. Why was Paul going to Jerusalem?

A). To be crowned king B). To offer a sacrifice for himself
C). To bring a contribution for the poor among the Lord's people
D). To meet the Roman emperor

10569. What did Paul ask the believers in Rome to pray for?

A). That he may become rich B). That he may be rescued from the unbelievers in Judea
C). That he may never travel again D). That he may build a church in Rome

10570. Which co-worker of Paul sends greetings in Romans 16:21?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Luke D). Timothy

10571. Who wrote down the letter to the Romans for Paul?

A). Tertius B). Timothy C). Gaius D). Quartus

10572. Which brother joined Paul in writing the letter of 1 Corinthians?

A). Timothy B). Silas C). Sosthenes D). Barnabas

10573. To the church in which city did Paul write this letter?

A). Corinth B). Ephesus C). Philippi D). Rome

10574. From whose household did Paul hear about quarrels in the Corinthian church?

A). Lydia's B). Stephanas's C). Crispus's D). Chloe's

10575. Which of these names was NOT one the Corinthians used when saying whom they followed?

A). Apollos B). Cephas C). Peter's brother Andrew D). Paul

10576. When Paul asked, "Was Paul crucified for you?", what was he teaching?

A). That he should be honoured as a leader
B). That only Christ died for them, so they should not divide over leaders
C). That baptism saves people D). That the Corinthians should follow Apollos instead

10577. Which two people did Paul say he personally baptized in Corinth?

A). Crispus and Gaius B). Aquila and Priscilla C). Titus and Timothy
D). Erastus and Silas

10578. Whose household did Paul also remember baptizing?

A). Chloe B). Jason C). Cornelius D). Stephanas

10579. Paul said Christ did not send him mainly to baptize, but to do what?

A). Build churches B). Preach the gospel C). Write letters D). Heal the sick

10580. When Paul first came to Corinth, how did he say he did NOT come?

A). With eloquence or human wisdom B). With the gospel C). With weakness
D). With the message about Jesus

10581. Complete the verse: "For I resolved to know nothing while I was with you except Jesus Christ and him _____."

A). risen B). exalted C). crucified D). glorified

10582. How did Paul describe himself when he came to the Corinthians?

A). Bold and confident B). In weakness, with great fear and trembling
C). Rich and well known D). Angry and tired

10583. Why did Paul preach with a demonstration of the Spirit's power instead of wise and persuasive words?

A). So people would admire his speaking B). So the church would grow rich
C). So he would be accepted by the rulers
D). So their faith would rest on God's power, not human wisdom

10584. What did Paul say he fed the Corinthians because they were not ready for solid food?

A). Bread B). Milk C). Honey D). Water

10585. What showed Paul that the Corinthians were still worldly?

A). They did not pray B). They refused to give money
C). There was jealousy and quarrelling among them D). They stopped meeting together

10586. Which two leaders were the Corinthians dividing over in this chapter?

A). Peter and John B). Barnabas and Silas C). Timothy and Titus
D). Paul and Apollos

10587. Complete the verse: "I planted the seed, Apollos watered it, but _____ has been making it grow."

A). God B). the church C). the Spirit D). Christ

10588. In Paul's picture of the church as a garden, what did Apollos do after Paul planted the seed?

A). He harvested it B). He watered it C). He pulled the weeds D). He built a fence

10589. Paul said people should think of him and Apollos as servants of Christ and as those entrusted with what?

A). The temple treasure B). The keys of the city C). The mysteries God has revealed
D). The money of the church

10590. Who did Paul say is the one who judges him?

A). The Lord B). The church in Corinth C). The apostles D). His own conscience

10591. Complete Paul's saying: "Do not go beyond what is _____."

A). written B). spoken C). taught D). commanded

10592. When Paul asked, "What do you have that you did not receive?", what was he teaching?

A). People should work harder B). Everything we have is a gift, so we should not boast
C). Gifts should be shared equally D). Only apostles receive gifts

10593. Paul said the apostles had been made a spectacle to whom?

A). Only the Romans B). Only the Jewish leaders
C). The whole universe, to angels as well as to human beings D). Only the church in Corinth

10594. Complete the verse: "We are _____ for Christ, but you are so wise in Christ!"

A). servants B). fools C). prisoners D). soldiers

10595. What did Paul say the apostles did when they were cursed?

A). They cursed back B). They ran away C). They kept silent D). They blessed

10596. Why did Paul call himself the Corinthians' father?

A). Because he was older than them B). Because he became their father through the gospel
C). Because he baptized all of them D). Because he chose their leaders

10597. Whom did Paul send to Corinth to remind them of his way of life in Christ?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Silas D). Apollos

10598. Paul asked if he should come to them with a rod of discipline or in what way?

A). With gifts of money B). With an army C). With many letters
D). In love and with a gentle spirit

10599. Instead of being proud, how did Paul say the Corinthians should have responded to the sin in their church?

A). By writing to Jerusalem B). By going into mourning C). By ignoring it
D). By choosing new leaders

10600. Though Paul was not with them in body, how did he say he was present with the Corinthians?

A). In spirit B). Through Timothy C). Through a vision D). Through Apollos

10601. What was the hoped-for result of handing the sinning man over to Satan?

A). That he would leave Corinth forever B). That the church would grow richer
C). That his spirit may be saved on the day of the Lord
D). That he would become an apostle

10602. Paul clarified that his earlier instruction not to associate with immoral people applied mainly to whom?

A). All people in the world B). Only Roman officials C). Only Jewish leaders

D). Anyone who claims to be a brother or sister but lives in sin

10603. What was Paul upset about in the way the Corinthians settled disputes?

A). They took their disputes before the ungodly instead of the Lord's people

B). They argued too loudly in church C). They asked Paul to decide every case

D). They refused to forgive anyone

10604. Instead of suing another believer, what did Paul say would be better?

A). To leave the church B). To take the case to Rome C). To ask the elders for money

D). To be wronged or cheated

10605. Paul answered the saying "I have the right to do anything" by pointing out what?

A). That only apostles have that right B). That the law forbids everything

C). That not everything is beneficial D). That rights belong to Rome

10606. Complete the verse: "But each of you has your own _____ from God; one has this gift, another has that."

A). calling B). gift C). blessing D). task

10607. Paul said the command that a wife must not separate from her husband came from whom?

A). The Lord B). Paul himself C). Peter D). The church in Jerusalem

10608. If a wife does separate from her husband, what two choices did Paul give her?

A). Return to her parents or move away

B). Remain unmarried or be reconciled to her husband

C). Marry again or join another church D). Go to court or ask the apostles

10609. Why did Paul tell a believer not to divorce an unbelieving spouse who is willing to stay?

A). Because divorce costs money

B). Because the unbelieving spouse is sanctified through the believer

C). Because the law of Moses commands it D). Because the church would be ashamed

10610. What general rule did Paul give to all the churches about a person's situation in life?

A). Everyone should move to Jerusalem B). Everyone should become a teacher

C). Everyone should stop working

D). Each person should live as a believer in whatever situation the Lord has assigned

10611. Paul said circumcision and uncircumcision are nothing. What did he say counts?

A). Keeping God's commands B). Being born a Jew C). Giving money
D). Visiting the temple

10612. What advice did Paul give to a slave who could gain his freedom?

A). Stay a slave forever B). Run away C). Gain his freedom
D). Ask the church to pay for it

10613. According to Paul, what is an unmarried man concerned about?

A). His family's land B). His own wealth C). The Lord's affairs D). The city's laws

10614. After her husband dies, whom did Paul say a widow is free to marry?

A). Only a priest B). Anyone she wishes, but he must belong to the Lord
C). Only her husband's brother D). No one at all

10615. At the end of the chapter, what did Paul say he had, giving weight to his advice?

A). The Spirit of God B). A letter from Peter C). A vision from heaven
D). The approval of the elders

10616. What question from the Corinthians does Paul answer in this chapter?

A). Whether to keep the Sabbath B). Food sacrificed to idols C). Paying taxes to Rome
D). Choosing church leaders

10617. What did Paul say about an idol?

A). An idol is nothing at all in the world B). An idol has some power
C). An idol must be destroyed by fire D). An idol belongs in the temple

10618. What did Paul warn the Corinthians to be careful about when using their freedom?

A). That it did not make them lazy B). That it did not upset the Romans
C). That it did not become a stumbling block to the weak
D). That it did not cost the church money

10619. What did Paul say he would do if eating meat caused his brother or sister to fall into sin?

A). Eat it only at home B). Ask them to leave the church C). Eat only fish
D). Never eat meat again

10620. To show he was a true apostle, Paul asked, "Have I not seen whom?"

A). Moses B). Jesus our Lord C). Elijah D). The angel Gabriel

10621. Paul named which apostle as one who took a believing wife along with him?

A). Cephas B). Andrew C). Thomas D). Philip

10622. Which co-worker did Paul name as also working for a living instead of being supported by the church?

A). Silas B). Titus C). Barnabas D). Apollos

10623. Complete the law Paul quoted: "Do not muzzle an _____ while it is treading out the grain."

A). donkey B). camel C). horse D). ox

10624. Why did Paul choose not to use his right to be supported by the Corinthians?

A). Because he was rich B). So he would not hinder the gospel of Christ
C). Because the law forbade it D). Because the Corinthians were poor

10625. What did Paul say the Lord commanded about those who preach the gospel?

A). They should receive their living from the gospel B). They should never be paid
C). They should live in the temple D). They should be priests

10626. Complete the verse: "Woe to me if I do not _____ the gospel!"

A). believe B). write C). preach D). obey

10627. What did Paul say was his reward?

A). Being praised by the apostles B). Owning a house in Corinth C). Being paid twice
D). Preaching the gospel free of charge

10628. Though free, why did Paul make himself a slave to everyone?

A). To earn money B). To win as many as possible C). To please the Romans
D). To become a leader

10629. Complete the verse: "I have become all things to all people so that by all possible means I might _____ some."

A). save B). teach C). help D). lead

10630. In Paul's picture of a race, how many runners get the prize?

A). All of them B). Two C). Only one D). Seven

10631. Why did Paul say he strikes a blow to his body and makes it his slave?

A). So he would not be disqualified for the prize B). So he could win a boxing match
C). So people would admire his strength D). Because the law required it

10632. Complete the verse: "Follow my example, as I follow the example of _____."

A). Moses B). Peter C). Christ D). Abraham

10633. What problem did Paul hear about when the Corinthians met together as a church?

A). They sang too loudly B). There were divisions among them C). They met too often
D). They had no leaders

10634. Why did Paul say their meetings were not really the Lord's Supper?

A). They used the wrong bread B). They met on the wrong day C). No one prayed
D). Each went ahead with their own meal, so one stayed hungry while another got drunk

10635. What did Paul tell the Corinthians to do when they gathered to eat?

A). Eat as quickly as possible B). Eat only bread C). Wait for one another
D). Eat in separate rooms

10636. What picture did Paul use to show that the church is one, though it has many members?

A). A human body B). A tree C). A building D). A flock of sheep

10637. Complete the verse: "And yet I will show you the most _____ way."

A). excellent B). holy C). perfect D). simple

10638. Paul said that speaking in tongues without love makes a person like what?

A). A silent bell B). A broken trumpet C). A resounding gong or a clanging cymbal
D). An empty drum

10639. Paul said that even with a faith that can move mountains, without love he would be what?

A). Nothing B). A prophet C). Rich D). Wise

10640. What did Paul say he would gain if he gave all he had to the poor but did not have love?

A). A great reward B). The praise of others C). Eternal life D). Nothing

10641. What did Paul say he did when he became a man?

A). He forgot everything he learned B). He started speaking in tongues
C). He put the ways of childhood behind him D). He left his family

10642. Paul said that now we see only a reflection as in a mirror. How will we see then?

A). Through a dream B). Through a window C). With new eyes D). Face to face

10643. Paul told the Corinthians to follow the way of love and eagerly desire gifts of the Spirit, especially which gift?

A). Tongues B). Healing C). Prophecy D). Miracles

10644. How did Paul compare speaking in a tongue with prophesying?

A). Both build up only the speaker
B). Tongues build up the church; prophecy builds up the speaker
C). Neither builds anyone up
D). Tongues build up the speaker; prophecy builds up the church

10645. Paul asked who would get ready for battle if what did not sound a clear call?

A). A drum B). The trumpet C). A bell D). A shepherd's voice

10646. Paul said he would pray and sing with his spirit and also with what?

A). His voice B). His hands C). His understanding D). His friends

10647. In church, Paul would rather speak five understandable words than how many words in a tongue?

A). A hundred B). A thousand C). Five hundred D). Ten thousand

10648. Paul told the believers to stop thinking like children. In what way should they be like infants?

A). In regard to evil B). In their faith C). In their speech D). In their prayers

10649. When people speak in a tongue in church, how many did Paul say should speak?

A). As many as want to B). Two, or at the most three, one at a time
C). Only the apostles D). Only one each year

10650. In Paul's list of resurrection appearances, who was "last of all"?

A). James B). The Twelve C). Paul D). Cephas

10651. Why did Paul call himself the least of the apostles?

A). Because he was the youngest B). Because he persecuted the church of God
C). Because he never met Jesus D). Because he was not a Jew

10652. Complete the verse: "But by the _____ of God I am what I am."

A). power B). grace C). will D). love

10653. What did Paul say would be true if Christ has not been raised?

A). Our preaching and your faith are useless B). The law of Moses would be enough
C). The church would still be strong D). Nothing would change

10654. What does Paul say must happen to a seed before it comes to life?

A). It must be watered B). It must be planted in spring C). It must grow roots
D). It must die

10655. Paul told the Corinthians to follow the same instructions about the collection that he gave to the churches in which region?

A). Galatia B). Judea C). Macedonia D). Asia

10656. On which day did Paul tell each believer to set aside money for the collection?

A). The last day of each month B). The Sabbath C). The first day of every week
D). The day of Pentecost

10657. To which city would the Corinthians' gift be taken?

A). Rome B). Antioch C). Ephesus D). Jerusalem

10658. Paul said he would come to Corinth after passing through which region?

A). Macedonia B). Galatia C). Syria D). Cyprus

10659. In which city did Paul plan to stay until Pentecost?

A). Corinth B). Ephesus C). Philippi D). Athens

10660. Why did Paul want to stay longer in Ephesus?

A). He was sick B). He was in prison C). He was waiting for Timothy
D). A great door for effective work had opened

10661. Whom did Paul ask the Corinthians to receive so that he had nothing to fear among them?

A). Titus B). Silas C). Timothy D). Mark

10662. Which brother did Paul strongly urge to visit Corinth, though he was not willing to go yet?

A). Apollos B). Barnabas C). Aquila D). Stephanas

10663. Whose household did Paul describe as the first converts in Achaia, devoted to serving the Lord's people?

A). Chloe B). Crispus C). Stephanas D). Gaius

10664. Which three men came to Paul and refreshed his spirit?

A). Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus B). Timothy, Titus and Silas
C). Aquila, Apollos and Erastus D). Crispus, Gaius and Sosthenes

10665. Complete Paul's short prayer near the end of the letter: "Come, _____!"

A). Spirit B). Savior C). Lord D). King

10666. Who was with Paul when he wrote this letter to the church in Corinth?

A). Silas B). Barnabas C). Timothy D). Luke

10667. Complete the verse: "Praise be to the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Father of compassion and the God of all _____."

A). comfort B). peace C). grace D). hope

10668. According to Paul, why does God comfort us in our troubles?

A). So that we will never suffer again B). So that we can comfort others in their troubles
C). So that we can forget our past D). So that we will become rich

10669. Paul says that just as the sufferings of Christ flow into our lives, what else also overflows through Christ?

A). Wealth B). Wisdom C). Our comfort D). Our strength

10670. In which province did Paul and his companions face troubles so hard that they despaired of life itself?

A). Macedonia B). Galatia C). Judea D). Asia

10671. Why did Paul say his great sufferings happened?

A). So that they would rely on God, who raises the dead
B). Because they had sinned against God C). So that they would stop preaching
D). Because the church in Corinth had failed them

10672. How did Paul say the Corinthians could help him and his companions?

A). By sending them money B). By helping them through their prayers
C). By visiting them in prison D). By writing letters to the rulers

10673. What was Paul's first plan for travelling to Corinth?

A). Visit Corinth only after returning from Judea
B). Go to Macedonia first and never come to Corinth
C). Visit Corinth on the way to Macedonia and again on the way back, then go to Judea
D). Go straight to Judea and then to Rome

10674. Who preached the Son of God among the Corinthians together with Paul and Timothy?

A). Apollos B). Peter C). Titus D). Silas

10675. Complete the verse: "For no matter how many promises God has made, they are '_____' in Christ."

A). Yes B). Sure C). True D). Done

10676. What did Paul say God put in our hearts as a deposit, guaranteeing what is to come?

A). His law B). His Spirit C). His word D). His peace

10677. Why did Paul say he did not return to Corinth as planned?

A). He was in prison B). He was sick C). To spare the Corinthians
D). He had forgotten them

10678. How did Paul describe his role toward the Corinthians' faith?

A). As a ruler over their faith B). As a judge of their faith
C). As a teacher who replaces their faith D). As a co-worker for their joy

10679. What kind of visit did Paul decide not to make to the Corinthians again?

A). A short visit B). A painful visit C). A secret visit D). A visit with Titus

10680. How did Paul say he wrote his earlier letter to the Corinthians?

A). With great anger B). In a hurry C). With many tears D). While in prison

10681. Why did Paul say he wrote his earlier letter with tears?

A). To grieve them B). To show how angry he was C). To prove he was an apostle
D). To let them know the depth of his love for them

10682. What did Paul tell the church to do for the man who had been punished?

A). Forgive and comfort him B). Send him away from the city
C). Punish him even more D). Ignore him

10683. Complete the verse: "I urge you, therefore, to reaffirm your _____ for him."

A). faith B). love C). trust D). hope

10684. Paul said he forgave so that someone would not outwit them. Who was that?

A). The Pharisees B). The false apostles C). Satan D). The Roman rulers

10685. To which city did Paul go to preach the gospel, where the Lord opened a door for him?

A). Ephesus B). Philippi C). Athens D). Troas

10686. Paul had no peace of mind in Troas because he did not find which brother there?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Silas D). Apollos

10687. Complete the verse: "For we are to God the pleasing _____ of Christ among those who are being saved and those who are perishing."

A). light B). aroma C). word D). image

10688. Unlike so many, what did Paul say he and his co-workers did NOT do with the word of God?

A). Preach it in synagogues B). Write it in letters C). Peddle it for profit
D). Teach it to Gentiles

10689. Paul did not need letters of recommendation. Who did he say was his letter?

A). The apostles in Jerusalem B). The Corinthian believers themselves
C). Timothy and Titus D). The church in Antioch

10690. Paul said the Corinthians were a letter from Christ. What was this letter written with?

A). The Spirit of the living God B). Ink on a scroll C). Gold letters
D). The blood of animals

10691. Where was this letter from Christ written?

A). On tablets of stone B). On the walls of the temple C). On tablets of human hearts
D). On a scroll of the law

10692. Where did Paul say his competence came from?

A). From his training as a Pharisee B). From the other apostles
C). From his own hard work D). From God

10693. Complete the verse: "For the letter kills, but the Spirit gives _____."

A). peace B). hope C). life D). joy

10694. Paul said God made him a minister of what kind of covenant?

A). An old covenant B). A new covenant C). A covenant of works
D). A covenant of the land

10695. According to Paul, when is the veil taken away?

A). When a person reads the law every day B). When a person turns to the Lord
C). When a person goes to the temple D). When a person offers a sacrifice

10696. Complete the verse: "Where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is _____."

A). freedom B). glory C). power D). peace

10697. What happens to believers who with unveiled faces look at the Lord's glory?

A). They lose their sight like Moses B). They become angels

C). They are being transformed into His image D). They no longer need to pray

10698. Complete the verse: "Therefore, since through God's mercy we have this ministry, we do not lose _____."

A). hope B). heart C). faith D). strength

10699. Who did Paul say has blinded the minds of unbelievers so they cannot see the light of the gospel?

A). The Pharisees B). The false prophets C). The god of this age

D). The rulers of Rome

10700. In this chapter, how does Paul describe Christ?

A). The image of God B). A great prophet like Moses C). A teacher of the law

D). The son of David only

10701. What did Paul say he preached?

A). Himself as an apostle B). The law of Moses C). The wisdom of the Greeks

D). Jesus Christ as Lord

10702. God said, "Let light shine out of darkness." Where did Paul say God made His light shine?

A). In the temple B). In our hearts C). Over the whole earth D). In the sky at night

10703. Complete the verse: "But we have this treasure in jars of _____."

A). gold B). silver C). clay D). glass

10704. Why did Paul say we have this treasure in jars of clay?

A). To show that the power is from God and not from us

B). Because clay jars are easy to carry C). To keep the treasure hidden from enemies

D). Because gold jars were forbidden by the law

10705. Which of these did Paul say about his troubles?

A). Struck down and destroyed B). Persecuted and abandoned

C). Perplexed and in despair D). Hard pressed on every side, but not crushed

10706. What did Paul know God, who raised the Lord Jesus from the dead, would also do?

A). Make him rich B). Raise us also with Jesus C). Give him a long life on earth

D). Remove all his troubles at once

10707. Though outwardly we are wasting away, what did Paul say is happening inwardly?

A). We are becoming tired B). We are being renewed day by day
C). We are growing weaker D). We are becoming angry

10708. How did Paul describe his troubles compared with the glory they were achieving?

A). Heavy and never-ending B). Light and momentary C). Unfair and pointless
D). Too hard to bear

10709. Why did Paul say we fix our eyes on what is unseen?

A). Because what is unseen is eternal B). Because what is seen is evil
C). Because we cannot see well D). Because angels told us to

10710. If our earthly tent is destroyed, what did Paul say we have from God?

A). A new tent on earth B). An eternal house in heaven, not built by human hands
C). A place in the temple D). A long life in Jerusalem

10711. What has God given us as a deposit, guaranteeing what is to come?

A). The law B). An angel C). The Spirit D). A crown

10712. Complete the verse: "For we live by _____, not by sight."

A). faith B). hope C). love D). grace

10713. Paul said he would prefer to be away from the body and at home with whom?

A). His family B). The apostles C). The angels D). The Lord

10714. Before what must we all appear, according to Paul?

A). The judgment seat of Christ B). The council in Jerusalem C). The court of Caesar
D). The altar of the temple

10715. Complete the verse: "For Christ's _____ compels us."

A). power B). love C). word D). grace

10716. Christ died for all, so that those who live should no longer live for whom?

A). The Romans B). Their parents C). Themselves D). Their enemies

10717. If anyone is in Christ, what has come?

A). The end of the world B). A time of rest C). The kingdom of Israel
D). The new creation

10718. What ministry did Paul say God gave us?

A). The ministry of reconciliation B). The ministry of the temple
C). The ministry of the law D). The ministry of judgment

10719. Complete the verse: "We are therefore Christ's _____, as though God were making his appeal through us."

A). servants B). ambassadors C). soldiers D). shepherds

10720. Why did God make Christ, who had no sin, to be sin for us?

A). So that the law would end B). So that we would never be tempted
C). So that we might become the righteousness of God
D). So that Christ could become king of Israel

10721. Paul urged the Corinthians not to receive what in vain?

A). God's law B). God's grace C). Paul's letters D). Their gifts

10722. Complete the verse: "Now is the time of God's favor, now is the day of _____."

A). judgment B). rest C). salvation D). worship

10723. Why did Paul say they put no stumbling block in anyone's path?

A). So their ministry would not be discredited B). So they could become famous
C). So they would avoid paying taxes D). So they would not need to travel

10724. Which of these hardships did Paul list as part of serving God?

A). Feasting and rest B). Riches and honor C). Fame and power
D). Beatings and imprisonments

10725. What did Paul say they had in the right hand and in the left?

A). Swords and shields B). Weapons of righteousness C). Scrolls of the law
D). Bread and wine

10726. Paul said they were "poor, yet" what?

A). Making many rich B). Never hungry C). Owning many houses
D). Loved by everyone

10727. What did Paul say he had opened wide to the Corinthians?

A). The doors of the church B). His home C). His hearts D). The scriptures

10728. Complete the verse: "Do not be yoked together with _____."

A). sinners B). Gentiles C). the rich D). unbelievers

10729. Paul asked what fellowship light can have with what?

A). The sun B). Darkness C). The moon D). Fire

10730. Complete the verse: "For we are the _____ of the living God."

A). temple B). children C). servants D). army

10731. What does the Lord Almighty promise His people in this passage?

A). To give them a land of their own B). To make them kings
C). To be a Father to them, and they will be His sons and daughters
D). To take away all their troubles

10732. Because of God's promises, what did Paul urge believers to do?

A). Build a new temple

B). Purify themselves from everything that contaminates body and spirit

C). Return to the law of Moses D). Leave the city of Corinth

10733. Paul said that when they came into which region, their bodies had no rest?

A). Asia B). Galatia C). Macedonia D). Achaia

10734. God comforted Paul by the coming of which man?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Barnabas D). Luke

10735. How did Paul describe God in this chapter?

A). The God who judges the nations B). The God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

C). The God who gives rain D). The God who comforts the downcast

10736. What else comforted Paul besides the arrival of Titus?

A). A gift of money from Jerusalem B). The comfort the Corinthians had given Titus

C). A vision from an angel D). Being freed from prison

10737. Why was Paul happy that his letter had caused the Corinthians sorrow?

A). Because their sorrow led them to repentance B). Because he wanted them to suffer

C). Because they sent him a gift D). Because they stopped meeting together

10738. Complete the verse: "Godly sorrow brings repentance that leads to salvation and leaves no regret, but worldly sorrow brings _____."

A). shame B). anger C). death D). fear

10739. According to Paul, what does godly sorrow bring?

A). Worldly sorrow B). Fear of people C). Punishment from the church

D). Repentance that leads to salvation

10740. What did Paul say happened to Titus's spirit because of the Corinthians?

A). It was troubled B). It was refreshed C). It was crushed D). It was angered

10741. Complete the verse: "I am glad I can have complete _____ in you."

A). confidence B). joy C). peace D). love

10742. Paul told the Corinthians about the generous giving of the churches in which region?

A). Galatia B). Macedonia C). Judea D). Asia

10743. The Macedonian churches gave generously even though they were in what condition?

A). They were very wealthy B). They had just built a new church

C). Extreme poverty and a very severe trial D). They had no believers left

10744. What did the Macedonians urgently plead with Paul for?

A). The privilege of sharing in the service to the Lord's people B). A visit from Paul

C). Money to help their own church D). Permission to stop giving

10745. What did the Macedonians do first of all, before giving to Paul and his team?

A). They sold their houses B). They fasted for forty days

C). They wrote a letter to Jerusalem D). They gave themselves to the Lord

10746. Whom did Paul urge to help the Corinthians complete their act of giving?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Silas D). Apollos

10747. Complete the verse: "Though he was rich, yet for your sake he became _____."

A). poor B). weak C). a servant D). humble

10748. Why did Jesus become poor for our sake, according to this verse?

A). So that we would never work B). So that the rich would be punished

C). So that through His poverty we might become rich

D). So that the temple would have more money

10749. According to Paul, a gift is acceptable based on what?

A). How large the gift is B). Whether others see it C). What the giver does not have

D). What the giver has

10750. Complete the scripture Paul quoted: "The one who gathered much did not have too much, and the one who gathered little did not have too _____."

A). little B). few C). much D). less

10751. Who did Paul send along with Titus to the Corinthians?

A). Barnabas, the encourager

B). A brother praised by all the churches for his service to the gospel C). Peter, the apostle

D). A Roman soldier

10752. Why did Paul take great care in how the gift was handled?

A). To keep the money for himself B). To make the gift larger

C). To do what is right in the eyes of the Lord and of man

D). Because the law forbade giving money

10753. Paul boasted to the Macedonians that the believers in which province had been ready to give since last year?

A). Asia B). Galatia C). Achaia D). Judea

10754. Why did Paul send the brothers ahead to Corinth before he came?

A). So the Corinthians would be ready and Paul's boasting would not prove hollow

B). To collect taxes for Rome C). To warn the church about false teachers

D). To build a new meeting place

10755. Complete the verse: "Whoever sows sparingly will also reap sparingly, and whoever sows generously will also reap _____."

A). slowly B). generously C). sparingly D). quickly

10756. Complete the verse: "For God loves a _____ giver."

A). rich B). quiet C). faithful D). cheerful

10757. How did Paul say each person should decide what to give?

A). As much as the church leaders demand B). Only one-tenth, as the law says

C). What they have decided in their heart to give D). Whatever others are giving

10758. Why is God able to bless us abundantly, according to Paul?

A). So that we will never need to work B). So that we will abound in every good work

C). So that we can become famous D). So that we can store up treasure on earth

10759. How did Paul describe God in this chapter?

A). He who supplies seed to the sower and bread for food B). He who walks on the waters

C). He who builds the city walls D). He who sends the morning dew

10760. Besides supplying the needs of the Lord's people, what else did Paul say this service produces?

A). Arguments in the church B). Many expressions of thanks to God

C). Pride among the givers D). Fear of the rulers

10761. Complete the verse: "Thanks be to God for his _____ gift!"

A). generous B). holy C). perfect D). indescribable

10762. By what qualities of Christ did Paul appeal to the Corinthians?

A). His power and glory B). His humility and gentleness C). His wisdom and knowledge

D). His anger and judgment

10763. Though we live in the world, how did Paul say we do not wage war?

A). With prayer B). With the truth C). As the world does D). With the word of God

10764. What power do the weapons Paul fights with have?

A). Divine power to demolish strongholds B). The power of Roman armies

C). The power of money D). The power of human wisdom

10765. Complete the verse: "We take captive every _____ to make it obedient to Christ."

A). enemy B). sinner C). word D). thought

10766. Paul said the Lord gave him authority for what purpose?

A). To build the Corinthians up, not tear them down B). To rule over all the churches

C). To punish his enemies D). To collect money for himself

10767. What did some people say about Paul's letters compared with how he was in person?

A). His letters were weak, but in person he was strong

B). His letters were weighty and forceful, but in person he was unimpressive

C). His letters were too short D). His letters were written by Timothy

10768. What did Paul say about people who measure themselves by themselves and compare themselves with themselves?

A). They are very humble B). They are true apostles C). They are not wise

D). They will be rewarded

10769. Where did Paul hope to preach the gospel after the Corinthians' faith grew?

A). Back in Jerusalem B). Only in Corinth C). In Tarsus, his home town

D). In the regions beyond them

10770. Complete the verse: "Let the one who boasts boast in the _____."

A). Lord B). church C). law D). truth

10771. Who is truly approved, according to Paul?

A). The one who commends himself B). The one whom the Lord commends

C). The one who has many letters of recommendation D). The one who speaks the best

10772. Paul said he promised the Corinthians to one husband. Who was that husband?

A). Paul himself B). Christ C). Abraham D). Moses

10773. Paul feared the Corinthians might be led astray, just as who was deceived by the serpent?

A). Sarah B). Rebekah C). Eve D). Rachel

10774. What did Paul warn the Corinthians they were too easily putting up with?

A). A different Jesus, a different spirit and a different gospel B). Too many prayer meetings

C). Gifts from the Macedonians D). Letters from Paul

10775. What name did Paul use for those who thought they were greater than him?

A). False prophets B). Teachers of the law C). Pharisees D). "Super-apostles"

10776. How did Paul preach the gospel of God to the Corinthians?

A). Free of charge B). For a large payment C). Only on the Sabbath

D). Only in the synagogue

10777. When Paul needed something while in Corinth, brothers from which region supplied it?

A). Judea B). Macedonia C). Asia D). Galatia

10778. How did Paul describe the false apostles?

A). Brave workers for Christ B). Faithful servants

C). Deceitful workers masquerading as apostles of Christ D). Teachers sent by Peter

10779. Complete the verse: "For Satan himself masquerades as an angel of _____."

A). peace B). power C). wisdom D). light

10780. Which of these did Paul say about himself when comparing himself with others?

A). He was a Roman by birth only

B). He was a Hebrew, an Israelite and a descendant of Abraham

C). He was from the tribe of Levi D). He was a Greek

10781. How many times did Paul receive the forty lashes minus one from the Jews?

A). Three times B). Two times C). Seven times D). Five times

10782. How many times did Paul say he was shipwrecked?

A). Three times B). Once C). Twice D). Four times

10783. Paul said he spent a night and a day where?

A). In a prison cell B). In the open sea C). In the desert D). On a mountain

10784. Besides his physical sufferings, what did Paul say pressed on him daily?

A). His concern for all the churches B). Fear of the Romans C). His need for money

D). Worry about his family

10785. If Paul must boast, what did he say he would boast about?

A). His great learning B). His many churches C). The things that show his weakness

D). His Roman citizenship

10786. The governor under which king guarded the city of Damascus to arrest Paul?

A). King Herod B). King Agrippa C). King Aretas D). King Caesar

10787. How did Paul escape from Damascus?

A). He swam across a river B). He hid in a ship C). He was let out by an angel

D). He was lowered in a basket from a window in the wall

10788. Paul spoke of a man in Christ who was caught up to which heaven?

A). The first heaven B). The seventh heaven C). The second heaven

D). The third heaven

10789. How many years earlier had this man been caught up to the third heaven?

A). Fourteen years B). Seven years C). Three years D). Forty years

10790. The man was caught up to what place, where he heard things no one is permitted to tell?

A). Mount Sinai B). Paradise C). The temple in Jerusalem D). The garden of Eden

10791. To keep Paul from becoming conceited, what was he given?

A). A blind eye B). A broken leg C). A thorn in his flesh D). A heavy chain

10792. How many times did Paul plead with the Lord to take the thorn away?

A). Once B). Seven times C). Twice D). Three times

10793. Complete the verse: "My grace is sufficient for you, for my power is made perfect in _____."

A). weakness B). strength C). faith D). prayer

10794. Why did Paul say he would boast all the more gladly about his weaknesses?

A). So that people would feel sorry for him B). So that Christ's power may rest on him
C). So that he could stop preaching D). So that his enemies would leave him alone

10795. Complete the verse: "For when I am weak, then I am _____."

A). humble B). blessed C). strong D). free

10796. What did Paul say were the marks of a true apostle that he showed among the Corinthians?

A). Signs, wonders and miracles B). Wealth and fine clothes
C). Many letters of recommendation D). Long prayers in public

10797. When planning his third visit, what did Paul say he was seeking from the Corinthians?

A). Their possessions B). Their praise C). Their money D). Them

10798. What did Paul say he would very gladly do for the Corinthians?

A). Leave them forever B). Spend for them everything he had and spend himself as well
C). Send them to Jerusalem D). Ask them for payment

10799. Paul feared he might find which of these among the Corinthians when he came?

A). Too much generosity B). Too many prayers C). Discord, jealousy and fits of rage
D). Great joy and peace

10800. Which visit to Corinth did Paul say this would be?

A). His first visit B). His second visit C). His third visit D). His last visit

10801. Paul quoted that every matter must be established by the testimony of how many witnesses?

A). One witness B). Two or three witnesses C). Seven witnesses
D). Twelve witnesses

10802. Paul said Christ was crucified in weakness, yet how does He live?

A). By God's power B). By the law C). By the help of angels
D). By the strength of His followers

10803. Complete the verse: "Examine yourselves to see whether you are in the _____; test yourselves."

A). church B). truth C). light D). faith

10804. What did Paul pray to God for the Corinthians?

A). That they would become rich B). That they would not do anything wrong
C). That they would leave Corinth D). That they would become apostles

10805. Paul said he was glad whenever he was weak but the Corinthians were what?

A). Strong B). Rich C). Silent D). Far away

10806. In his final words, which of these did Paul tell the Corinthians to do?

A). Leave the church B). Argue until they agree C). Live in peace
D). Stop meeting together

10807. Paul said that if the Corinthians lived in peace, which God would be with them?

A). The God of power and might B). The God of the armies C). The God of judgment
D). The God of love and peace

10808. How did Paul tell the believers to greet one another?

A). With a holy kiss B). With a bow C). With a song D). With a gift

10809. Complete the verse: "May the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the _____ of the Holy Spirit be with you all."

A). power B). fellowship C). peace D). joy

10810. Who wrote the letter to the Galatians?

A). Peter B). Paul C). James D). John

10811. Paul said he was sent as an apostle not by men but by whom?

A). The church in Antioch B). The elders in Jerusalem
C). Jesus Christ and God the Father D). Barnabas and Silas

10812. To whom was this letter written?

A). The churches in Galatia B). The church in Rome C). The church in Corinth
D). The church in Ephesus

10813. What was Paul astonished about?

A). The Galatians were being persecuted B). The Galatians had stopped meeting together
C). The Galatians were quickly turning to a different gospel
D). The Galatians had refused to send money

10814. What did Paul say the people troubling the Galatians were trying to do?

A). Pervert the gospel of Christ B). Build a new temple
C). Take the Galatians back to Egypt D). Make Peter their leader

10815. "But even if we or an _____ from heaven should preach a gospel other than the one we preached to you, let them be under God's curse!"

A). prophet B). elder C). angel D). apostle

10816. Paul said that if he were still trying to please people, he would not be what?

A). A Jew B). A servant of Christ C). A tentmaker D). A Roman citizen

10817. How did Paul receive the gospel he preached?

A). He learned it from Peter B). He studied it in Jerusalem
C). He was taught it by the Galatians D). By revelation from Jesus Christ

10818. What did Paul do to the church of God before he believed?

A). He gave it money B). He persecuted it and tried to destroy it
C). He built its first meeting house D). He wrote its songs

10819. How did Paul describe himself in Judaism before his conversion?

A). He was advancing beyond many his own age B). He had little interest in the traditions
C). He was a new learner of the law D). He was a priest in the temple

10820. Paul said God set him apart from when?

A). From the day he met Peter B). From the time he reached Damascus
C). From his mother's womb D). From his time in Arabia

10821. Among whom did God call Paul to preach Jesus?

A). The Gentiles B). The priests C). The Pharisees D). The Romans only

10822. Where did Paul go immediately after his calling, instead of going to Jerusalem?

A). Egypt B). Arabia C). Rome D). Galatia

10823. After going into Arabia, where did Paul return?

A). Tarsus B). Antioch C). Damascus D). Jerusalem

10824. How long after his calling did Paul go up to Jerusalem to get acquainted with Cephas?

A). Three years B). Three months C). Ten years D). Forty days

10825. How long did Paul stay with Cephas in Jerusalem?

A). Three days B). Fifteen days C). Forty days D). One year

10826. Besides Cephas, which apostle did Paul see in Jerusalem?

A). John B). Andrew C). Barnabas D). James, the Lord's brother

10827. Where did Paul go after his visit to Jerusalem?

A). Egypt and Libya B). Syria and Cilicia C). Greece and Macedonia
D). Italy and Spain

10828. When the churches of Judea heard that their former persecutor was preaching the faith, what did they do?

A). They refused to believe it B). They sent him away
C). They praised God because of him D). They asked him to leave Judea

10829. How many years later did Paul go up to Jerusalem again?

A). Three B). Seven C). Fourteen D). Forty

10830. Who went with Paul to Jerusalem, taking Titus along?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Timothy D). Luke

10831. Why did Paul go up to Jerusalem this time?

A). Because the high priest called him B). In response to a revelation
C). To collect money for Galatia D). To escape persecution in Damascus

10832. Paul said some people had slipped in to spy on the freedom believers have in Christ. What did he call them?

A). False believers B). Pharisees C). Roman guards D). Elders

10833. Paul had been entrusted with preaching the gospel to the uncircumcised. Who had been entrusted with the gospel to the circumcised?

A). James B). John C). Barnabas D). Peter

10834. What did the pillars give Paul and Barnabas as a sign they were accepted?

A). A letter B). A sword C). The right hand of fellowship D). A new name

10835. What did the leaders ask Paul to keep remembering?

A). The poor B). The temple C). The Sabbath D). The prophets

10836. Where did Paul oppose Cephas to his face?

A). Jerusalem B). Rome C). Antioch D). Damascus

10837. "I have been _____ with Christ and I no longer live, but Christ lives in me."

A). buried B). crucified C). raised D). seated

10838. Paul said he lives by faith in the Son of God, who did what for him?

A). Called him in a dream B). Healed his eyes C). Loved him and gave himself for him
D). Sent him to Rome

10839. What did Paul call the Galatians because they were turning away from the gospel?

A). Faithful friends B). Foolish Galatians C). Brave believers D). Wise children

10840. Paul asked the Galatians how they received the Spirit. What was the right answer?

A). By believing what they heard B). By the works of the law C). By being circumcised
D). By going to the temple

10841. Paul feared his work among the Galatians was wasted because they were observing what?

A). Special days, months, seasons and years B). Fasting and prayer
C). Giving to the poor D). Reading the Scriptures

10842. Why did Paul first preach the gospel to the Galatians?

A). Because of an illness B). Because he was shipwrecked
C). Because Barnabas asked him to D). Because he was in prison there

10843. How did the Galatians first welcome Paul?

A). As a stranger B). As an enemy C). As if he were an angel of God
D). As a Roman officer

10844. Paul said that at first the Galatians would have done what for him if they could?

A). Given him their land B). Torn out their eyes and given them to him
C). Made him their king D). Sailed with him to Rome

10845. Paul compared himself to a mother in pain until what happened in the Galatians?

A). They built a church B). They were baptized C). Christ was formed in them
D). They paid their debts

10846. Paul told the Galatians not to let themselves be burdened again by what?

A). A heavy cross B). A yoke of slavery C). A debt of money D). A long journey

10847. Paul warned that if the Galatians let themselves be circumcised, what would happen?

A). They would become apostles B). They would be saved twice
C). Christ would be of no value to them D). They would gain the Spirit

10848. Paul compared the Galatians' life of faith to which activity?

A). Running a race B). Building a house C). Fishing D). Sowing seed

10849. What did Paul warn would happen if the Galatians kept biting and devouring each other?

A). They would be destroyed by each other B). They would grow stronger
C). They would become famous D). They would be sent to prison

10850. Paul warned that those who live like this, doing the acts of the flesh, will not what?

A). Have friends B). Inherit the kingdom of God C). See Jerusalem D). Grow old

10851. What did Paul tell believers not to become?

A). Generous B). Conceited C). Humble D). Gentle

10852. What did Paul point out about the letters he wrote with his own hand?

A). They were very large B). They were in Hebrew C). They were written in blood
D). They were very small

10853. Why did some people want the Galatians to be circumcised, according to Paul?

A). To make them healthy B). To avoid being persecuted for the cross of Christ
C). Because God told them to D). To make them leaders

10854. What was the only thing Paul said he would boast about?

A). His learning B). His travels C). His miracles
D). The cross of our Lord Jesus Christ

10855. Paul said neither circumcision nor uncircumcision means anything. What counts?

A). The new creation B). Keeping the Sabbath C). Being born a Jew
D). Giving money

10856. Paul said he bore on his body the marks of whom?

A). Rome B). Moses C). Jesus D). Abraham

10857. Who wrote the letter to the Ephesians?

A). Peter B). James C). Paul D). John

10858. To God's holy people in which city was this letter written?

A). Ephesus B). Corinth C). Philippi D). Colossae

10859. According to Paul, how did he become an apostle of Christ Jesus?

A). By choice of the other apostles B). By the will of God C). By his own decision
D). By the church in Jerusalem

10860. After hearing of their faith and love, what had Paul not stopped doing for the Ephesians?

A). Writing them letters B). Giving thanks for them C). Sending them money
D). Visiting them

10861. Paul prayed that God would give the Ephesians the Spirit of wisdom and what?

A). Power B). Revelation C). Riches D). Courage

10862. Complete the verse: "I pray that the _____ of your heart may be enlightened."

A). doors B). eyes C). walls D). gates

10863. How does Paul describe himself at the start of Ephesians 3?

A). A tentmaker of Corinth B). The prisoner of Christ Jesus C). A teacher of the law
D). A servant of Caesar

10864. How was the mystery made known to Paul?

A). By revelation B). By reading Isaiah C). By the apostles in Jerusalem
D). By a dream in Egypt

10865. Paul became a servant of the gospel by what gift?

A). The gift of God's grace B). The gift of riches C). The gift of tongues
D). The gift of healing

10866. Complete the verse: "Although I am less than the _____ of all the Lord's people, this grace was given me."

A). greatest B). least C). oldest D). last

10867. What was Paul given grace to preach to the Gentiles?

A). The boundless riches of Christ B). The law of Moses C). The history of Israel
D). The wisdom of Greece

10868. What does Paul do before the Father in Ephesians 3:14?

A). He kneels B). He sings C). He fasts D). He weeps

10869. Paul prays that God would strengthen believers with power through whom?

A). The angels B). His Spirit C). The apostles D). The elders

10870. Paul urges believers to live a life worthy of what?

A). Their family name B). Their earthly kingdom C). The calling they have received
D). The temple priesthood

10871. How does Paul describe himself in Ephesians 6:20?

A). An ambassador in chains B). A king in exile C). A shepherd without sheep
D). A builder of churches

10872. Whom did Paul send to tell the Ephesians how he was doing?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Tychicus D). Silas

10873. Who is named with Paul at the start of the letter to the Philippians?

A). Silas B). Barnabas C). Timothy D). Luke

10874. In which city did the believers who received this letter live?

A). Philippi B). Ephesus C). Corinth D). Thessalonica

10875. Complete the verse: "I thank my God every time I _____ you."

A). see B). pray for C). hear about D). remember

10876. Complete the verse: "He who began a good work in you will carry it on to _____ until the day of Christ Jesus."

A). completion B). the end C). glory D). victory

10877. Paul prayed that the Philippians' love would grow more and more in knowledge and depth of what?

A). faith B). insight C). patience D). joy

10878. What did Paul say his time in chains had actually done?

A). Stopped his ministry B). Made the church afraid C). Helped advance the gospel
D). Turned the guards against him

10879. Because of Paul's chains, how did most of the brothers and sisters proclaim the gospel?

A). Only in secret B). More confidently and without fear C). Less often than before
D). Only to Jews

10880. Some people preached Christ out of envy and rivalry. How did Paul respond?

A). He told them to stop B). He became angry C). He left the city
D). He rejoiced that Christ was preached

10881. Complete the verse: "For to me, to live is Christ and to die is _____."

A). gain B). loss C). rest D). peace

10882. Why did Paul think it was better for him to keep living, even though being with Christ was better by far?

A). He feared death B). It was more necessary for the Philippians
C). He wanted to see Rome D). He had unfinished letters

10883. Paul told the Philippians to live in a manner worthy of what?

A). the law of Moses B). their city C). the gospel of Christ D). their families

10884. Besides believing in Christ, what else did Paul say had been granted to the believers on Christ's behalf?

A). To suffer for him B). To rule with him C). To perform miracles
D). To become rich

10885. Complete the verse: "Do nothing out of selfish ambition or vain conceit. Rather, in humility value _____ above yourselves."

A). God B). others C). leaders D). the law

10886. Paul said each of you should look not only to your own interests, but to whose interests?

A). the interests of others B). the interests of the king C). the interests of the priests
D). the interests of your family only

10887. Whose mindset did Paul tell the Philippians to have in their relationships with one another?

A). Moses B). Abraham C). Christ Jesus D). Timothy

10888. Paul told believers to do everything without what?

A). praying or singing B). grumbling or arguing C). fasting or giving
D). resting or eating

10889. Paul said believers would shine among a warped and crooked generation like what?

A). lamps B). the sun C). stars in the sky D). gold

10890. Whom did Paul hope to send to the Philippians soon, saying he had no one else like him?

A). Titus B). Silas C). Mark D). Timothy

10891. Which messenger from the Philippians did Paul send back to them?

A). Epaphroditus B). Epaphras C). Onesimus D). Tychicus

10892. While believers work out their salvation, who did Paul say works in them to will and to act?

A). their leaders B). the apostles C). God D). the angels

10893. At the start of chapter 3, what did Paul tell the believers to do in the Lord?

A). Rejoice B). Fast C). Keep silent D). Build

10894. On which day of his life did Paul say he was circumcised?

A). the first day B). the third day C). the eighth day D). the fortieth day

10895. From which tribe of Israel did Paul say he came?

A). Judah B). Levi C). Ephraim D). Benjamin

10896. In regard to the law, what group did Paul say he belonged to?

A). the Sadducees B). the Pharisees C). the priests D). the zealots

10897. How did Paul show his zeal before he came to know Christ?

A). By persecuting the church B). By writing letters C). By building synagogues
D). By traveling to Rome

10898. How did Paul now consider the things that were once gains to him?

A). As rewards B). As treasures C). As loss for the sake of Christ D). As blessings

10899. According to Paul, the righteousness he wanted to have comes from God on the basis of what?

A). obeying the law B). faith C). good works D). his family line

10900. Complete: "I press on toward the _____ to win the prize for which God has called me heavenward in Christ Jesus."

A). finish B). crown C). kingdom D). goal

10901. Paul said he forgets what is behind and strains toward what?

A). what is ahead B). what is below C). what is easy D). what is old

10902. Paul described the enemies of the cross of Christ: "their god is their _____."

A). money B). stomach C). pride D). power

10903. Where did Paul say the citizenship of believers is?

A). in Rome B). in Jerusalem C). in heaven D). in Philippi

10904. Complete the verse: "Rejoice in the Lord _____. I will say it again: Rejoice!"

A). always B). today C). together D). sometimes

10905. Instead of being anxious, what did Paul tell believers to do in every situation?

A). Work harder B). Stay quiet C). Present their requests to God by prayer
D). Ask their friends for advice

10906. What did Paul say would guard the hearts and minds of believers in Christ Jesus?

A). the law of Moses B). the angels C). their good works D). the peace of God

10907. According to Paul, what kinds of things should believers think about?

A). Things that are true, noble, right and pure B). Things that bring money
C). Things that others say D). Things that happened in the past

10908. What did Paul say he had learned in every situation, whether well fed or hungry?

A). To complain B). To be content C). To ask for more D). To give up

10909. Complete the verse: "I can do all this through him who gives me _____."

A). hope B). peace C). strength D). wisdom

10910. In which city did the Philippians send Paul aid more than once?

A). Corinth B). Athens C). Berea D). Thessalonica

10911. Who brought the gifts from the Philippians to Paul?

A). Epaphroditus B). Timothy C). Silas D). Luke

10912. Paul said God would meet all their needs according to what?

A). their hard work B). the riches of his glory in Christ Jesus C). the gifts they gave
D). the prayers of the apostles

10913. Paul sent greetings especially from God's people who belonged to whose household?

A). Herod's household B). Pilate's household C). Caesar's household
D). Felix's household

10914. Who is named together with Paul at the start of the letter to the Colossians?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Timothy D). Titus

10915. To believers in which city was this letter written?

A). Colossae B). Corinth C). Ephesus D). Philippi

10916. What did Paul keep asking God to fill the Colossians with?

A). Great wealth B). Power to do miracles C). The knowledge of his will
D). Strength to defeat their enemies

10917. What did Paul say he was rejoicing in for the sake of the Colossians?

A). His wealth B). His sufferings C). His travels D). His education

10918. Why did Paul proclaim Christ and teach everyone with all wisdom?

A). To become famous B). To collect money for himself
C). To present everyone fully mature in Christ D). To start a new nation

10919. Besides the Colossians, believers in which city did Paul say he was struggling for?

A). Ephesus B). Laodicea C). Antioch D). Thessalonica

10920. What did Paul warn the Colossians not to be taken captive by?

A). Roman soldiers B). Hollow and deceptive philosophy C). Wild animals
D). Heavy taxes

10921. What false kind of worship did Paul warn the Colossians about?

A). Worship of the sun B). Worship of kings C). Worship of angels
D). Worship of rivers

10922. Complete the human rules Paul quoted: "Do not handle! Do not taste! Do not ___!"

A). eat B). touch C). drink D). speak

10923. What did Paul say these strict human rules lack?

A). Any value in restraining sensual indulgence B). Any people who follow them
C). Any written form D). Any connection to Jewish food

10924. In Colossians 3, Paul says greed is the same as what?

A). Laziness B). Pride C). Idolatry D). Anger

10925. What did Paul ask the Colossians to pray God would open for his message?

A). A prison gate B). A city wall C). A door D). A treasure box

10926. Who did Paul send to tell the Colossians all the news about him?

A). Tychicus B). Titus C). Silas D). Apollos

10927. What did Paul tell the Colossians to do after reading his letter?

A). Burn it so no one else could read it B). Have it read in the church of the Laodiceans too
C). Send it back to Paul D). Keep it hidden in the synagogue

10928. In his closing greeting, what did Paul ask the Colossians to remember?

A). His chains B). His family C). His home town D). His money

10929. Which two men joined Paul in writing this letter to the church of the Thessalonians?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Titus and Luke
D). Apollos and Peter

10930. Complete the verse: "your work produced by faith, your labor prompted by love, and your endurance inspired by ___ in our Lord Jesus Christ."

A). faith B). love C). hope D). joy

10931. Paul said the gospel came to the Thessalonians not simply with words. What else did it come with?

A). Great speeches and clever arguments B). Power, the Holy Spirit and deep conviction
C). Gifts of gold and silver D). Signs in the sky and thunder

10932. How did the Thessalonians welcome the message even though they were going through severe suffering?

A). With the joy given by the Holy Spirit B). With fear and many doubts
C). By arguing with Paul D). By keeping it secret

10933. Before coming to Thessalonica, in which city had Paul and his companions suffered and been treated outrageously?

A). Corinth B). Athens C). Philippi D). Ephesus

10934. Whom did Paul say he was trying to please when he spoke the gospel?

A). The people who listened B). The city leaders C). Other apostles
D). God, who tests our hearts

10935. Which two things did Paul say he never used as a mask or a way of speaking to the Thessalonians?

A). Flattery and greed B). Anger and pride C). Prayer and fasting
D). Songs and stories

10936. Complete the verse: "Instead, we were like young children among you. Just as a nursing ___ cares for her children."

A). sister B). friend C). mother D). servant

10937. Why did Paul and his companions work night and day while preaching in Thessalonica?

A). So they could buy a church building B). So they would not be a burden to anyone
C). Because the city leaders made them D). To send money back to Jerusalem

10938. Paul said he dealt with each of the Thessalonians the way a ___ deals with his own children.

A). king B). teacher C). shepherd D). father

10939. How did the Thessalonians accept the message Paul preached to them?

A). As the word of God, which it really is B). As a good story from long ago
C). As just a human idea D). As a new law of the Romans

10940. Paul wanted again and again to come back to the Thessalonians. Who did he say blocked their way?

A). The Roman emperor B). Barnabas C). Satan D). The church in Jerusalem

10941. What did Paul call the Thessalonian believers when he thought about the coming of the Lord Jesus?

A). His helpers and servants B). His teachers and guides C). His judges and witnesses
D). His glory and joy

10942. In which city did Paul decide to be left by himself when he could not stand waiting any longer?

A). Rome B). Athens C). Corinth D). Berea

10943. Whom did Paul send to strengthen and encourage the Thessalonians in their faith?

A). Silas B). Titus C). Luke D). Timothy

10944. What had Paul kept telling the Thessalonians while he was with them?

A). That they would become rich B). That they would never be troubled
C). That they would be persecuted D). That they would soon move to Jerusalem

10945. Paul was afraid that someone might have tempted the Thessalonians and made his work useless. Whom did he call this one?

A). The tempter B). The false teacher C). The ruler of the city D). The jailer

10946. What good news did Timothy bring back to Paul about the Thessalonians?

A). They had built a new synagogue B). They had moved to another city
C). They had chosen new elders D). News about their faith and love

10947. When did Paul say he prayed most earnestly to see the Thessalonians again?

A). Only on the Sabbath B). Night and day C). Once each year
D). Only at the temple

10948. Complete the prayer: "May the Lord make your ___ increase and overflow for each other and for everyone else."

A). love B). joy C). strength D). peace

10949. Paul prayed that God would strengthen their hearts so they would be blameless and holy when what happens?

A). When they finish building a church B). When Paul returns to visit
C). When our Lord Jesus comes with all his holy ones D). When the Roman rulers believe

10950. Complete the verse: "It is God's will that you should be ___: that you should avoid sexual immorality."

A). sanctified B). rich C). famous D). strong

10951. What did Paul say God called believers to live?

A). A life of wealth B). A holy life C). A life alone in the desert
D). A life without work

10952. Paul said the Thessalonians did not need anyone to write to them about loving one another. Who had taught them?

A). Their parents B). The Roman teachers C). God D). The prophets of Athens

10953. What did Paul tell the believers to do with their hands?

A). Lift them up only in the temple B). Keep them still C). Work with them
D). Clap them when they sing

10954. Paul did not want believers to grieve about those who have died in the same way as whom?

A). The rest of mankind, who have no hope B). The angels in heaven
C). The prophets of old D). The apostles in Jerusalem

10955. What did Paul tell the believers to do with the words about the Lord's coming?

A). Keep them a secret B). Forget them C). Argue about them
D). Encourage one another with them

10956. Paul said the day of the Lord will come like what?

A). A thief in the night B). A storm at sea C). A king on a horse
D). A bird in the morning

10957. When people are saying "Peace and safety," what did Paul say will come on them suddenly?

A). A great feast B). Destruction C). A new king D). Heavy rain

10958. Complete the verse: "You are all children of the ___ and children of the day."

A). king B). law C). light D). prophets

10959. Paul told believers to put on the hope of salvation as what piece of armor?

A). A shield B). A belt C). A sword D). A helmet

10960. Paul said God did not appoint believers to suffer wrath. What did He appoint them to receive?

A). Salvation through our Lord Jesus Christ B). Great riches on earth
C). Power over kings D). A long life without trouble

10961. How did Paul tell believers to treat those who work hard among them and care for them in the Lord?

A). Ignore them B). Respect them and hold them in the highest regard in love
C). Pay them with gold D). Test them with hard questions

10962. Complete the verses: "Rejoice always, pray ___, give thanks in all circumstances."

A). quietly B). on the Sabbath C). continually D). in the temple

10963. Paul said giving thanks in all circumstances is what?

A). A rule of the Pharisees B). A custom of the Greeks C). Only for the apostles
D). God's will for you in Christ Jesus

10964. What did Paul tell the believers not to quench?

A). The Spirit B). Their lamps C). Their thirst D). The fire on the altar

10965. What did Paul tell the believers to do with prophecies?

A). Treat them with contempt B). Test them all and hold on to what is good
C). Write them on the walls D). Keep them away from others

10966. Paul prayed that which three parts of the believers would be kept blameless at the coming of the Lord Jesus?

A). Mind, strength and hands B). Heart, eyes and ears C). Spirit, soul and body
D). Faith, hope and love

10967. What did Paul charge the believers to do with this letter?

A). Burn it after reading B). Send it to Rome C). Hide it from others
D). Have it read to all the brothers and sisters

10968. Which two men joined Paul in greeting the church of the Thessalonians?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Titus and Luke
D). Apollos and Tychicus

10969. Paul thanked God because two things were growing in the Thessalonian believers. What were they?

A). Their wealth and influence B). Their faith and their love for one another
C). Their knowledge and wisdom D). Their numbers and their meeting places

10970. Complete the verse: "Among God's churches we boast about your _____ and faith in all the persecutions and trials you are enduring."

A). humility B). obedience C). perseverance D). generosity

10971. According to Paul, what did the Thessalonians' faithful endurance in suffering show?

A). That God's judgment is right, and they will be counted worthy of the kingdom of God
B). That God had forgotten them for a time
C). That they had sinned more than other churches D). That the Lord had already returned

10972. What did Paul constantly pray for the Thessalonians?

A). That they would become rich B). That God would make them worthy of his calling
C). That they would move to Jerusalem D). That they would never face trouble again

10973. What false message did Paul warn the Thessalonians not to be alarmed by?

A). That Jesus was not raised from the dead B). That the day of the Lord had already come
C). That they must keep the Jewish law D). That Paul had died in prison

10974. According to Paul, what must happen before the day of the Lord comes?

A). The temple must be rebuilt B). All nations must believe
C). The rebellion must occur and the man of lawlessness be revealed
D). Paul must reach Rome

10975. Complete the verse: "God chose you as firstfruits to be saved through the sanctifying work of the _____ and through belief in the truth."

A). Spirit B). church C). law D). apostles

10976. What did Paul urge the believers to stand firm and hold on to?

A). Their money and possessions
B). The teachings passed on to them by word of mouth or by letter
C). The customs of Rome D). The traditions of the Pharisees

10977. What did Paul pray that God would do for the believers' hearts?

A). Make them proud B). Fill them with fear
C). Encourage their hearts and strengthen them in every good deed and word
D). Make them forget their troubles

10978. What did Paul ask the believers to pray for?

A). That he would become famous
B). That the message of the Lord would spread rapidly and be honoured
C). That he would get a new home D). That Rome would be destroyed

10979. Paul told the believers to keep away from which kind of believer?

A). Those who are idle and disruptive B). Those who are poor
C). Those who are new to the faith D). Those who are sick

10980. How did Paul and his companions avoid being a burden to the Thessalonians?

A). They brought gifts from Jerusalem B). They stayed only one night
C). They were paid by the city officials D). They worked night and day, labouring and toiling

10981. Paul had the right to receive help. Why did he choose to work for his own food instead?

A). Because the church refused to help him

B). To offer himself as a model for them to imitate

C). Because he was ashamed of the gospel D). Because the law forbade it

10982. Complete the rule Paul gave: "The one who is unwilling to work shall not _____."

A). speak B). pray C). eat D). travel

10983. Paul heard that some believers were idle. What did he say they were busy being instead?

A). Busybodies B). Teachers C). Travellers D). Shepherds

10984. Complete the verse: "And as for you, brothers and sisters, never tire of _____."

A). praying B). giving thanks C). doing what is good D). singing hymns

10985. How should the church treat someone who does not obey Paul's instructions in this letter?

A). As an enemy to be driven out B). As someone who must pay a fine

C). As a stranger they have never met D). Not as an enemy, but warned as a fellow believer

10986. How did Paul show that this letter was truly from him?

A). He sealed it with a ring B). He wrote a greeting in his own handwriting

C). He sent it with an angel D). He signed it with Timothy's name

10987. Paul called whom "my true son in the faith"?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Silas D). Mark

10988. Where did Paul urge Timothy to stay?

A). Corinth B). Philippi C). Ephesus D). Rome

10989. Besides myths, what did Paul warn people not to devote themselves to?

A). Endless genealogies B). Fasting rules C). Temple sacrifices D). Long prayers

10990. Complete the verse: "The goal of this command is ___, which comes from a pure heart and a good conscience and a sincere faith."

A). peace B). wisdom C). obedience D). love

10991. What did Paul say about the law?

A). It has no use for anyone B). It is good if one uses it properly

C). It saves those who keep it D). It was only for priests

10992. Before receiving mercy, what kind of man did Paul say he had been?

A). A tax collector and a thief B). A blasphemer, a persecutor and a violent man

C). A fisherman and a sinner D). A soldier and a ruler

10993. Why did Paul say he was shown mercy?

A). Because he was a Pharisee B). Because he gave to the poor

C). Because he acted in ignorance and unbelief D). Because he was born a Roman citizen

10994. Complete the verse: "Christ Jesus came into the world to save ___—of whom I am the worst."

A). sinners B). the righteous C). kings D). the Jews

10995. Why did Paul say he was shown mercy as the worst of sinners?

A). So he could become rich B). So Christ could show His immense patience as an example

C). So he could avoid suffering D). So he could rule the church

10996. What happened to the faith of some who rejected a good conscience?

A). It grew stronger B). It was rebuilt C). It suffered shipwreck D). It was hidden

10997. Who did Paul name with Alexander as men he handed over to Satan?

A). Demas B). Hymenaeus C). Onesimus D). Apollos

10998. Paul urged prayers for all people, including which leaders?

A). Only church elders B). Kings and all those in authority C). Only Jewish priests

D). Only Roman soldiers

10999. Why did Paul say to pray for kings and those in authority?

A). So that believers may become rich B). So that believers may live peaceful and quiet lives

C). So that kings would join the church D). So that taxes would be lowered

11000. According to Paul, what does God want for all people?

A). To be saved and to come to a knowledge of the truth

B). To keep the whole law of Moses C). To live in Jerusalem D). To become teachers

11001. Complete the verse: "For there is one God and one ___ between God and mankind, the man Christ Jesus."

A). prophet B). priest C). king D). mediator

11002. Paul said he was appointed a herald and an apostle. He also called himself a true and faithful teacher of whom?

A). The Pharisees B). The Gentiles C). The priests D). The kings

11003. How did Paul want men everywhere to pray?

A). Lifting up holy hands without anger or disputing B). Standing on street corners

C). Only in the temple D). With long, repeated words

11004. Instead of expensive clothes, gold or pearls, what did Paul say women who worship God should be adorned with?

A). Fine linen B). Silver jewelry C). Good deeds D). Royal robes

11005. Which person did Paul say was formed first?

A). Eve B). Adam C). Abel D). Seth

11006. Complete the verse: "Whoever aspires to be an overseer desires a ___ task."

A). noble B). heavy C). simple D). secret

11007. Which of these did Paul say an overseer must be able to do?

A). Speak in tongues B). Teach C). Heal the sick D). Write Scripture

11008. An overseer must not be a lover of what?

A). Prayer B). Children C). Money D). Peace

11009. Why did Paul say an overseer must manage his own family well?

A). Because families pay the church

B). If he cannot manage his own family, how can he take care of God's church?

C). Because his children must become overseers D). So he can live in the temple

11010. Why must an overseer not be a recent convert?

A). He may become conceited and fall under the same judgment as the devil

B). He will not know the Old Testament C). He will not be old enough

D). He will not have enough money

11011. Who must an overseer have a good reputation with?

A). Only other overseers B). Roman rulers C). Outsiders D). The temple priests

11012. Paul said these church servants must first be tested before they serve. Who were they?

A). Prophets B). Apostles C). Deacons D). Priests

11013. Paul called it "the pillar and foundation of the truth." What was he describing?

A). The temple in Jerusalem B). The law of Moses C). The church of the living God

D). The city of Ephesus

11014. Why did Paul write these instructions to Timothy?

A). So Timothy would know how people ought to behave in God's household

B). So Timothy could build a new temple C). So Timothy could leave Ephesus quickly

D). So Timothy could become a king

11015. The Spirit says that in later times some will abandon the faith. What will they follow?

A). The law of Moses B). Deceiving spirits and things taught by demons

C). Roman kings D). Old traditions of their fathers

11016. What two things did the false teachers forbid or order people to avoid?

A). Prayer and fasting B). Marriage and certain foods C). Singing and giving

D). Reading and preaching

11017. Complete the verse: "For everything God created is ___, and nothing is to be rejected if it is received with thanksgiving."

A). holy B). clean C). good D). pure

11018. By what two things is food consecrated?

A). Fire and water B). The word of God and prayer C). Fasting and sacrifice
D). Priests and the temple

11019. How did Paul compare physical training with godliness?

A). Physical training is worth more than godliness B). Both have no value
C). Physical training has some value, but godliness has value for all things
D). Godliness is only for the life to come

11020. Complete the verse: "Don't let anyone look down on you because you are ___."

A). poor B). young C). weak D). a Gentile

11021. Which of these is one of the areas where Paul told Timothy to set an example for the believers?

A). Wealth B). Strength C). Purity D). Fame

11022. Until Paul came, what did he tell Timothy to devote himself to?

A). Building a church house B). The public reading of Scripture, preaching and teaching
C). Traveling to Rome D). Collecting gifts for Jerusalem

11023. Paul told Timothy to watch two things closely. What were they?

A). His money and his house B). His life and doctrine C). His friends and family
D). His food and clothing

11024. How did Paul tell Timothy to treat an older man?

A). Rebuke him harshly B). Ignore him C). Exhort him as if he were his father
D). Send him away

11025. Paul told Timothy to treat younger women as sisters, with what?

A). Absolute purity B). Great caution C). Strict rules D). Many gifts

11026. How should the children or grandchildren of a widow first put their religion into practice?

A). By giving to the temple B). By caring for their own family C). By fasting often
D). By traveling as missionaries

11027. What did Paul say about someone who does not provide for their relatives, especially their own household?

A). They should be made an elder
B). They have denied the faith and are worse than an unbeliever
C). They are free from the law D). They should give to the church instead

11028. How old did a widow have to be to be put on the list of widows?

A). Forty B). Fifty C). Seventy D). At least sixty

11029. Paul said these people, when they direct the church well, are worthy of double honor. Who were they?

A). The elders B). The deacons C). The widows D). The soldiers

11030. Complete the verse: "Do not muzzle an ox while it is treading out the grain," and "The worker deserves his ___."

A). rest B). reward C). wages D). bread

11031. What did Paul require before an accusation against an elder could be accepted?

A). A letter from Jerusalem B). A vote of the whole church
C). The elder's own confession D). Two or three witnesses

11032. What did Paul warn Timothy not to be hasty in doing?

A). Laying on of hands B). Eating with believers C). Writing letters
D). Leaving Ephesus

11033. Because of Timothy's stomach and frequent illnesses, what did Paul tell him?

A). To stop eating meat B). To fast more often
C). To use a little wine instead of drinking only water D). To rest in Ephesus for a year

11034. What did Paul teach about sins and good deeds that are not obvious now?

A). They will never be known B). They cannot remain hidden forever
C). Only God cares about them D). They do not matter

11035. Why did Paul tell slaves to consider their masters worthy of full respect?

A). So they could become free quickly
B). So that God's name and the teaching may not be slandered
C). So they could earn more money D). So their masters would join the church

11036. Complete the verse: "But godliness with ___ is great gain."

A). wealth B). contentment C). wisdom D). strength

11037. What did Paul say we can take out of the world?

A). Our money B). Our houses C). Nothing D). Our good name

11038. If we have what two things, Paul said we will be content with that?

A). Food and clothing B). Gold and silver C). Land and houses
D). Friends and family

11039. Complete the verse: "For the love of ___ is a root of all kinds of evil."

A). power B). pleasure C). self D). money

11040. Paul told Timothy to flee from the love of money and pursue several things. Which one was among them?

A). Righteousness B). Riches C). Honor among men D). Power

11041. Complete the verse: "Fight the good ___ of the faith."

A). race B). battle C). fight D). work

11042. Before whom did Christ Jesus make the good confession, according to Paul?

A). Herod B). Caiaphas C). Caesar D). Pontius Pilate

11043. Paul described God as one who lives in what?

A). A golden temple B). Unapproachable light C). The clouds of heaven
D). A high mountain

11044. Instead of hoping in wealth, where did Paul tell the rich to put their hope?

A). In their families B). In good luck
C). In God, who richly provides everything for our enjoyment D). In the church leaders

11045. Paul told the rich to be rich in what?

A). Good deeds B). Land C). Gold D). Friends

11046. In his final words of the letter, what did Paul tell Timothy to guard?

A). The temple treasury B). What has been entrusted to his care C). The city gates
D). The scrolls of the law

11047. Who was Timothy's grandmother, whose sincere faith Paul mentioned?

A). Eunice B). Lydia C). Lois D). Priscilla

11048. What did Paul tell Timothy to fan into flame?

A). The gift of God B). The fire on the altar C). His anger D). His lamp

11049. According to Paul, how had Timothy received the gift of God that was in him?

A). Through a dream at night B). Through the laying on of Paul's hands
C). Through being baptised in the Jordan D). Through reading the scrolls

11050. What did Paul tell Timothy not to be ashamed of?

A). Being young B). His family
C). The testimony about our Lord, or of Paul his prisoner D). Working with his hands

11051. For the gospel, Paul said he was appointed a herald, an apostle and a what?

A). Prophet B). Priest C). Teacher D). Judge

11052. Complete the verse: "I know whom I have ___, and am convinced that he is able to guard what I have entrusted to him."

A). followed B). believed C). served D). obeyed

11053. With whose help did Paul tell Timothy to guard the good deposit entrusted to him?

A). The elders B). The Holy Spirit C). Barnabas D). The angels

11054. Which two men did Paul name among those in the province of Asia who deserted him?

A). Phygelus and Hermogenes B). Hymenaeus and Alexander C). Aquila and Apollos
D). Titus and Luke

11055. Who often refreshed Paul and was not ashamed of his chains?

A). Demas B). Onesiphorus C). Philemon D). Silas

11056. In which city did Onesiphorus search hard for Paul until he found him?

A). Corinth B). Jerusalem C). Antioch D). Rome

11057. Besides Rome, where did Paul say Onesiphorus had helped him in many ways?

A). Ephesus B). Philippi C). Athens D). Tarsus

11058. What did Paul tell Timothy to do with the things he had heard Paul say?

A). Write them on a scroll and hide them
B). Entrust them to reliable people who could teach others
C). Keep them secret from the church D). Send them to Rome

11059. Paul told Timothy to join in suffering like a good what of Christ Jesus?

A). Shepherd B). Farmer C). Soldier D). Builder

11060. According to Paul, what must an athlete do to receive the victor's crown?

A). Run faster than everyone B). Compete according to the rules
C). Train for many years D). Pay the entry money

11061. Who did Paul say should be the first to receive a share of the crops?

A). The landowner B). The hardworking farmer C). The king D). The priest

11062. Complete the verse: "...even to the point of being chained like a criminal. But God's word is not ___."

A). silent B). chained C). hidden D). forgotten

11063. Paul said the teaching of false teachers spreads like what?

A). Fire B). Gangrene C). Yeast D). Weeds

11064. In Paul's picture of a large house, what makes a person an instrument for special purposes?

A). Being made of gold B). Cleansing himself from what is ignoble C). Being the oldest
D). Living in the master's room

11065. What did Paul tell Timothy to flee from?

A). Evil desires of youth B). His home town C). The Roman soldiers D). Hard work

11066. According to Paul, the Lord's servant must not be what?

A). Kind B). Quarrelsome C). Able to teach D). Patient

11067. Paul hoped opponents would come to their senses and escape from whose trap?

A). The Pharisees B). The devil C). The Romans D). The false prophets

11068. Paul told Timothy there will be terrible times in which days?

A). The days of Noah B). The last days C). The days of the judges
D). The feast days

11069. In the last days, Paul said people will be lovers of themselves and lovers of what?

A). Money B). Music C). Animals D). Travel

11070. Complete the verse: "...treacherous, rash, conceited, lovers of pleasure rather than lovers of ___."

A). truth B). God C). others D). wisdom

11071. Paul described people having a form of godliness but doing what?

A). Denying its power B). Praying too much C). Giving all their money
D). Keeping the Sabbath

11072. Which two men did Paul say opposed Moses?

A). Hymenaeus and Philetus B). Jannes and Jambres C). Korah and Dathan
D). Phygelus and Hermogenes

11073. Which three places did Paul name where he suffered persecutions?

A). Rome, Corinth and Athens B). Antioch, Iconium and Lystra
C). Ephesus, Troas and Philippi D). Jerusalem, Joppa and Caesarea

11074. What did Paul say will happen to everyone who wants to live a godly life in Christ Jesus?

A). They will become rich B). They will be persecuted C). They will never be sick
D). They will be made kings

11075. According to Paul, Scripture helps the servant of God to be thoroughly equipped for what?

A). Every good work B). Winning battles C). Becoming wealthy
D). Building temples

11076. Complete the verse: "Preach the word; be prepared in season and out of ___."

A). time B). season C). order D). place

11077. Paul warned that people would gather teachers to say what their itching ears want to hear. What would they not put up with?

A). Sound doctrine B). Long prayers C). Hard work D). Fasting

11078. Paul said he was already being poured out like what?

A). Water on the ground B). A drink offering C). Oil on a lamp D). Wine at a feast

11079. Complete the verse: "I have fought the good fight, I have finished the race, I have kept the ___."

A). law B). faith C). peace D). promise

11080. What crown did Paul say was waiting for him?

A). The crown of life B). The crown of righteousness C). The crown of gold D). The crown of glory

11081. Who deserted Paul because he loved this world?

A). Demas B). Titus C). Luke D). Crescens

11082. Where did Paul say Titus had gone?

A). Galatia B). Dalmatia C). Crete D). Ephesus

11083. Who did Paul say was the only one with him?

A). Mark B). Luke C). Barnabas D). Silas

11084. Who did Paul ask Timothy to bring because he was helpful in his ministry?

A). Demas B). Mark C). Alexander D). Erastus

11085. What did Paul ask Timothy to bring from Troas, along with his scrolls?

A). His cloak B). His sandals C). His staff D). His tent

11086. Which man did Paul say did him a great deal of harm?

A). Alexander the metalworker B). Demetrius the silversmith C). Simon the tanner D). Hymenaeus

11087. Paul said the Lord stood by him and delivered him from the mouth of what?

A). The bear B). The lion C). The wolf D). The sea

11088. Where did Paul leave Trophimus sick?

A). Corinth B). Miletus C). Troas D). Rome

11089. Paul urged Timothy to do his best to come before which season?

A). Summer B). Harvest C). Winter D). Spring

11090. Who did Paul call "my true son in our common faith"?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Silas D). Mark

11091. On which island did Paul leave Titus?

A). Cyprus B). Malta C). Crete D). Patmos

11092. What did Paul tell Titus to appoint in every town?

A). Elders B). Prophets C). Judges D). Deacons

11093. Complete the verse: "...in the hope of eternal life, which God, who does not ___, promised before the beginning of time."

A). change B). sleep C). forget D). lie

11094. According to Titus 1, which of these should an overseer NOT be?

A). Hospitable B). Quick-tempered C). Self-controlled D). Disciplined

11095. Paul says an overseer manages whose household?

A). His father's household B). The king's household C). God's household
D). Titus's household

11096. Why must an elder hold firmly to the trustworthy message?

A). So that he can become rich B). So that he can rule over the town
C). So that he can travel with Paul
D). So that he can encourage others by sound doctrine and refute those who oppose it

11097. One of Crete's own prophets said Cretans are always liars. How did Paul respond to this saying?

A). He said it was false B). He said this saying is true C). He said to ignore it
D). He said only the elders were liars

11098. Complete the verse: "They claim to know God, but by their ___ they deny him."

A). words B). prayers C). actions D). songs

11099. What did Paul tell Titus to teach?

A). Old traditions B). What is in keeping with sound doctrine
C). Stories about the Cretan prophets D). Rules about food only

11100. Paul told Titus to encourage the young men to be what?

A). Wealthy B). Strong in battle C). Self-controlled D). Famous

11101. Paul told Titus to remind the people to be subject to whom?

A). Rulers and authorities B). False teachers C). Only their parents
D). The Cretan prophets

11102. How did Paul say believers should treat everyone?

A). With anger B). With suspicion C). With gentleness D). With silence

11103. What did Paul tell Titus to avoid because they are unprofitable and useless?

A). Prayer meetings B). Helping the needy
C). Foolish controversies, genealogies, arguments and quarrels about the law
D). Teaching young men

11104. Where did Paul ask Titus to come and meet him?

A). Jerusalem B). Corinth C). Ephesus D). Nicopolis

11105. Which two people did Paul ask Titus to help on their way?

A). Zenas the lawyer and Apollos B). Timothy and Silas C). Barnabas and Mark
D). Aquila and Priscilla

11106. To whom did Paul write this short letter?

A). Titus B). Philemon C). Timothy D). Onesimus

11107. How did Paul describe himself at the start of this letter?

A). A prisoner of Christ Jesus B). A tentmaker of Tarsus C). A teacher of the law
D). A Roman citizen

11108. Paul made an appeal to Philemon for which person?

A). Mark B). Luke C). Epaphras D). Onesimus

11109. What did Paul offer to do if Onesimus owed Philemon anything?

A). Send him back to prison B). Ask the church to pay
C). Charge it to Paul's own account and pay it back D). Forget the debt

11110. What did Paul ask Philemon to prepare for him?

A). A boat B). A feast C). A new coat D). A guest room

11111. Which 'dear brother' does Peter say wrote with wisdom, though some things in his letters are hard to understand?

A). John B). Paul C). James D). Barnabas

Pedaiah

11112. Which well-known descendant of David is listed as a son of Pedaiah?

A). Zerubbabel B). Nehemiah C). Ezra D). Daniel

Pekah

11113. Which chief officer killed King Pekahiah and became king?

A). Hoshea son of Elah B). Pekah son of Remaliah C). Menahem son of Gadi
D). Shallum son of Jabesh

11114. Which king of Assyria took Gilead, Galilee and Naphtali and deported the people?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Shalmaneser C). Sennacherib D). Nebuchadnezzar

11115. Who conspired against Pekah and killed him?

A). Menahem son of Gadi B). Rezin king of Aram C). Jotham
D). Hoshea son of Elah

11116. Which two kings did the LORD begin to send against Judah in Jotham's days?

A). Pul and Menahem B). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah son of Remaliah
C). Hazael and Ben-Hadad D). Tiglath-Pileser and Hoshea

11117. Which two kings besieged Ahaz in Jerusalem but could not overpower him?

A). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel B). Tiglath-Pileser and Pul
C). Hazael and Jehoash D). Menahem and Hoshea

11118. Why did Pekah king of Israel kill 120,000 soldiers of Judah in one day?

A). Because Judah had forsaken the LORD B). Because Judah attacked first
C). Because Judah refused to pay tribute D). Because Judah's army was asleep

11119. Which two kings marched up to fight against Jerusalem in the days of Ahaz?

A). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel B). Sennacherib and Nebuchadnezzar
C). Hiram king of Tyre and Ben-Hadad D). Jehu and Omri

11120. What did God call the two enemy kings when telling Ahaz not to lose heart?

A). Two roaring lions B). Two broken swords C). Two smoldering stubs of firewood
D). Two dry wells

Pekahiah

11121. Which chief officer killed King Pekahiah and became king?

A). Hoshea son of Elah B). Pekah son of Remaliah C). Menahem son of Gadi
D). Shallum son of Jabesh

Pelatiah

11122. Where did five hundred Simeonites go to kill the remaining Amalekites who had escaped?

A). The hill country of Seir B). The land of Moab C). The Negev near Beersheba
D). The valley of Jezreel

11123. Which two leaders of the people did Ezekiel see among the twenty-five men at the east gate?

A). Jaazaniah son of Azzur and Pelatiah son of Benaiah
B). Jaazaniah son of Shaphan and Gedaliah son of Ahikam
C). Hananiah son of Azzur and Pashhur son of Immer
D). Zedekiah son of Josiah and Seraiah son of Neriah

11124. Who died while Ezekiel was prophesying?

A). Jaazaniah B). Benaiah C). Pelatiah D). Azzur

11125. What did Ezekiel do when Pelatiah died?

A). He ran out of the temple B). He tore his clothes C). He sang a lament
D). He fell facedown and cried out to God

Peleg

11126. Why was Eber's son named Peleg?

A). Because in his time the earth was divided B). Because he was born during the flood
C). Because he built a great city D). Because he was the firstborn son

Peninnah

11127. What was the name of Elkanah's other wife, who had children?

A). Peninnah B). Rachel C). Leah D). Orpah

11128. Why did Hannah weep and not eat when the family went up to the house of the LORD?

A). She was ill B). Eli had sent her away C). Her rival Peninnah kept provoking her
D). Elkanah was angry with her

Perez

11129. What were the names of the twin sons born to Tamar?

A). Perez and Zerah B). Er and Onan C). Jacob and Esau
D). Ephraim and Manasseh

11130. Who was the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Leah C). Rachel D). Rahab

11131. In Jesus' genealogy, who is named as the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Rahab C). Ruth D). Leah

Peter

11132. Which two brothers were the first fishermen Jesus called by the Sea of Galilee?

A). James and John B). Simon Peter and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Matthew and Thomas

11133. Complete Jesus' call: "Come, follow me, and I will send you out to fish for _____."

A). food B). people C). fish D). treasure

11134. How did the four fishermen respond when Jesus called them?

A). They asked for time to think B). At once they left and followed him C). They refused
D). They asked to bring their boats

11135. Whose mother-in-law did Jesus heal of a fever?

A). John's B). Matthew's C). Peter's D). Andrew's

11136. What did Peter's mother-in-law do after the fever left her?

A). She went to the temple B). She got up and began to wait on him
C). She told the whole town D). She slept

11137. Who is listed first among the twelve apostles?

A). Simon (who is called Peter) B). John C). Judas Iscariot D). Matthew

11138. Which disciple got out of the boat and walked on the water toward Jesus?

A). John B). Peter C). Andrew D). Thomas

11139. Why did Peter begin to sink?

A). When he saw the wind, he was afraid B). His feet slipped on a wave
C). The boat hit him D). Jesus told him to go back

11140. Complete Jesus' words to Peter: "You of little faith, why did you _____?"

A). run B). shout C). stop D). doubt

11141. Which disciple asked Jesus, "Explain the parable to us"?

A). John B). Peter C). James D). Philip

11142. Complete Peter's answer: "You are the Messiah, the Son of the _____ God."

A). holy B). living C). most high D). mighty

11143. Jesus said who had revealed to Peter that Jesus is the Messiah?

A). His Father in heaven B). The other disciples C). John the Baptist
D). The prophets' scrolls

11144. Jesus called Peter "Simon son of" whom?

A). Zebedee B). Alphaeus C). Joseph D). Jonah

11145. Complete: "And I tell you that you are Peter, and on this rock I will build my _____."

A). temple B). kingdom C). church D). house

11146. Jesus said what will not overcome his church?

A). The armies of Rome B). The gates of Hades C). The teachers of the law
D). The storms of the sea

11147. Jesus said he would give Peter the keys of what?

A). The kingdom of heaven B). The temple C). Jerusalem D). The synagogue

11148. When Jesus spoke of his death, Peter took him aside and rebuked him. Complete Peter's words: "_____, Lord! This shall never happen to you!"

A). Please B). Never C). Wait D). Surely

11149. Complete Jesus' reply to Peter: "Get behind me, _____!"

A). Satan B). Simon C). Peter D). tempter

11150. Why did Jesus call Peter a stumbling block?

A). He had fallen asleep B). He had denied Jesus C). He wanted to go home
D). He did not have in mind the concerns of God, but merely human concerns

11151. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain with him?

A). Peter, Andrew and Philip B). James, Thomas and Matthew C). Peter, James and John D). John, Judas and Simon

11152. When Jesus was transfigured, his face shone like what?

A). The moon B). The sun C). A lamp D). Fire

11153. What did Peter offer to put up on the mountain?

A). An altar B). A tent for the crowd C). A stone pillar D). Three shelters

11154. What covered them on the mountain while Peter was still speaking?

A). Thick darkness B). A strong wind C). A bright cloud D). A pillar of fire

11155. Complete the end of what the voice from the cloud said: "This is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well pleased. _____ to him!"

A). Bow B). Listen C). Sing D). Pray

11156. When the disciples fell facedown in terror, what did Jesus do?

A). He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid." B). He left them on the mountain C). He called Moses back D). He told them to keep praying

11157. Until when did Jesus tell the three disciples not to tell anyone what they had seen?

A). Until they reached Jerusalem B). Until the next Passover C). Until John the Baptist was freed D). Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

11158. In Capernaum, what did the collectors ask Peter about Jesus?

A). Whether he kept the Sabbath B). Whether he was from Nazareth C). Whether he would heal them D). Whether he paid the temple tax

11159. In Jesus' question about kings collecting taxes, who did he say are exempt?

A). The servants B). The soldiers C). The children D). The foreigners

11160. Where did Jesus tell Peter he would find a coin to pay the tax?

A). Under a rock B). In the mouth of the first fish he caught C). In his own pocket D). In the temple box

11161. Why did Jesus pay the temple tax even though the children are exempt?

A). So that they may not cause offense B). Because he owed money C). Because Peter insisted D). Because the law of Rome required it

11162. Which disciple asked Jesus how many times he should forgive a brother or sister who sins against him?

A). John B). Peter C). Thomas D). Andrew

11163. How many times did Jesus tell Peter to forgive?

A). Seventy-seven times B). Seven times C). Three times D). Twelve times

11164. Who said to Jesus, "We have left everything to follow you! What then will there be for us?"

A). James B). Judas Iscariot C). Matthew D). Peter

11165. Jesus told Peter that before the rooster crowed, Peter would disown him how many times?

A). Three B). Two C). Seven D). Once

11166. Finding the disciples sleeping, Jesus said, "Watch and pray so that you will not fall into temptation. The spirit is willing, but the _____ is weak."

A). flesh B). heart C). mind D). body

11167. Who first said to Peter in the courtyard, "You also were with Jesus of Galilee"?

A). A soldier B). The high priest C). A servant girl D). A fisherman

11168. The people standing near Peter said they knew he was one of Jesus' followers because of what?

A). His clothes B). His accent C). His sword D). His fishing nets

11169. What happened immediately after Peter's third denial, and what did Peter do?

A). A rooster crowed, and Peter went outside and wept bitterly

B). An angel appeared, and Peter ran away C). The soldiers arrested Peter

D). Jesus called Peter by name

11170. About how many believers were gathered when Peter stood up to speak?

A). About seventy B). About one hundred and twenty C). About five hundred

D). About three thousand

11171. Which former apostle did Peter say served as a guide for those who arrested Jesus?

A). Thomas B). Judas C). Matthias D). Bartholomew

11172. From which book did Peter quote to show Judas must be replaced?

A). Psalms B). Isaiah C). Jeremiah D). Proverbs

11173. What was required of the man chosen to replace Judas?

A). He must be a priest

B). He must have been with them the whole time Jesus lived among them

C). He must be from Galilee D). He must be older than the other apostles

11174. How did Peter show that the believers were not drunk?

A). He asked them to smell the believers B). He said they had fasted for a week

C). He said wine was not allowed at Pentecost

D). He pointed out it was only nine in the morning

11175. Which prophet did Peter quote about God pouring out His Spirit?

A). Joel B). Isaiah C). Jeremiah D). Daniel

11176. "And everyone who calls on the name of the Lord will be _____."

A). blessed B). saved C). healed D). forgiven

11177. According to Peter, what did God do after Jesus was put to death?

A). He sent Him to Egypt B). He hid His body C). He raised Him from the dead
D). He punished Jerusalem

11178. Which king's words did Peter use to show that the Messiah would not see decay?

A). Solomon B). Saul C). Hezekiah D). David

11179. What did Peter say about David to show David was not speaking of himself?

A). David's tomb was still there B). David was still alive C). David had no children
D). David never wrote psalms

11180. "God has made this Jesus, whom you crucified, both Lord and _____."

A). King B). Messiah C). Prophet D). Judge

11181. When the people heard Peter, what did they ask?

A). Who are you? B). Where is Jesus now? C). Brothers, what shall we do?
D). Can we see a miracle?

11182. Peter replied, "_____ and be baptized, every one of you, in the name of Jesus Christ."

A). Pray B). Believe C). Rejoice D). Repent

11183. What gift did Peter say they would receive?

A). The gift of the Holy Spirit B). A new temple C). Great riches D). A long life

11184. Which two apostles went up to the temple at the time of prayer?

A). Peter and John B). James and John C). Peter and Andrew
D). Philip and Thomas

11185. What did the lame man ask Peter and John for?

A). Food B). A ride home C). Money D). Prayer

11186. Peter said, "Silver or gold I do not have, but what I do have I give you. In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, _____."

A). walk B). be healed C). rise and see D). go in peace

11187. Where did the astonished people run to meet Peter and John?

A). The Court of the Gentiles B). Solomon's Colonnade C). The Pool of Siloam
D). The Mount of Olives

11188. What did Peter say was NOT the reason the man was healed?

A). Faith in Jesus' name B). God's power C). Peter and John's own power or godliness
D). The name of Jesus

11189. Instead of Jesus, whom did Peter say the people asked to be released?

A). A murderer B). A thief C). A tax collector D). A false prophet

11190. "You killed the author of life, but God raised him from the _____."

A). tomb B). earth C). grave D). dead

11191. According to Peter, what made the lame man strong?

A). The temple sacrifices B). Faith in the name of Jesus C). Medicine from a doctor
D). The man's own effort

11192. Peter said the people and their leaders acted in what way against Jesus?

A). With full knowledge B). Out of fear of Rome C). In ignorance D). By accident

11193. "Repent, then, and turn to God, so that your sins may be _____ out."

A). wiped B). washed C). cast D). taken

11194. Peter quoted which leader who said God would raise up a prophet like him?

A). Samuel B). Abraham C). Elijah D). Moses

11195. God's covenant promise that all peoples would be blessed through his offspring was made to whom?

A). Isaac B). Abraham C). Noah D). Jacob

11196. Why did God first send His servant to the people, according to Peter?

A). To make them rich B). To judge them
C). To bless them by turning each of them from their wicked ways D). To build a new temple

11197. What happened to Peter and John while they were speaking to the people?

A). They were seized and put in jail B). They were taken up to heaven
C). They were stoned D). They were sent to Rome

11198. Why were the Sadducees greatly disturbed?

A). The apostles refused to pay taxes
B). The apostles were proclaiming the resurrection of the dead in Jesus
C). The apostles broke the Sabbath D). The apostles entered the Most Holy Place

11199. What was true of Peter as he answered the rulers?

A). He was filled with the Holy Spirit B). He was afraid and silent
C). He denied knowing Jesus D). He asked John to speak

11200. "Jesus is 'the stone you builders rejected, which has become the _____.'"

A). foundation B). cornerstone C). temple D). rock of salvation

11201. "Salvation is found in no one else, for there is no other _____ under heaven given to mankind by which we must be saved."

A). way B). king C). name D). law

11202. What did the rulers notice about Peter and John?

A). They were trained priests B). They were rich merchants
C). They were Roman citizens
D). They were unschooled, ordinary men who had been with Jesus

11203. Why could the rulers say nothing against Peter and John?

A). The healed man was standing there with them B). The people were armed
C). The Romans protected them D). The apostles had already left

11204. What did the rulers command Peter and John?

A). To leave Jerusalem forever B). Not to speak or teach in the name of Jesus
C). To offer a sacrifice D). To pay a fine

11205. "As for us, we cannot help speaking about what we have seen and _____."

A). known B). believed C). heard D). touched

11206. After being released, what did Peter and John and the believers do together?

A). Raised their voices in prayer to God B). Planned to leave the city
C). Went into hiding D). Complained to the governor

11207. Peter said Ananias had lied to whom?

A). Only the apostles B). The high priest C). Barnabas D). The Holy Spirit

11208. What did Peter say about the land before and after Ananias sold it?

A). It belonged to him, and the money was at his disposal
B). He was required to give all of it C). It belonged to the apostles
D). It was stolen from the temple

11209. What happened when Ananias heard Peter's words?

A). He ran away B). He fell down and died C). He repented and wept
D). He became blind

11210. Peter asked Sapphira, "How could you conspire to test the _____ of the Lord?"

A). patience B). power C). word D). Spirit

11211. People laid the sick in the streets hoping what would fall on them?

A). Peter's cloak B). Water from the temple C). Peter's shadow
D). The apostles' hands

11212. Peter and the apostles replied: "We must obey _____ rather than human beings!"

A). the law B). Moses C). the Spirit D). God

11213. According to the apostles, why did God exalt Jesus to His right hand?

A). To bring Israel to repentance and forgive their sins B). To rule over Rome
C). To judge the apostles D). To rebuild the temple

11214. Which two apostles were sent from Jerusalem to Samaria?

A). Peter and John B). James and John C). Peter and Andrew
D). Paul and Barnabas

11215. What happened when Peter and John placed their hands on the Samaritan believers?

A). They were healed of blindness B). They began to see visions of angels
C). They became apostles D). They received the Holy Spirit

11216. Why did Peter rebuke Simon so strongly?

A). He refused to be baptized B). He thought he could buy the gift of God with money
C). He lied about his sorcery D). He did not believe in Jesus at all

11217. How did Simon respond to Peter's rebuke?

A). He asked Peter to pray for him B). He cursed Peter C). He ran away
D). He offered more money

11218. Which paralyzed man, bedridden for eight years, did Peter heal at Lydda?

A). Lazarus B). Bartimaeus C). Eutychus D). Aeneas

11219. What did the widows show Peter that Tabitha had made?

A). Baskets B). Clay pots C). Robes and other clothing D). Tents

11220. What happened when Peter prayed and said, "Tabitha, get up"?

A). She was carried to her grave B). She opened her eyes and sat up
C). She spoke from heaven D). An angel appeared

11221. With whom did Peter stay for some time in Joppa?

A). Cornelius B). Simon the sorcerer C). Mark's mother D). Simon a tanner

11222. Where did the angel tell Cornelius to send men to find Peter?

A). Lydda B). Jerusalem C). Samaria D). Joppa

11223. Where did Peter go to pray about noon in Joppa?

A). Into the synagogue B). Up on the roof C). Down to the sea D). Into the temple

11224. What did Peter see let down from heaven in his vision?

A). A golden ladder B). A scroll with writing
C). Something like a large sheet with all kinds of animals D). A chariot of fire

11225. A voice told him, "Get up, Peter. Kill and _____."

A). eat B). sacrifice C). rest D). pray

11226. Why did Peter refuse to eat at first?

A). He was not hungry B). He was fasting C). The animals were sick
D). He had never eaten anything impure or unclean

11227. "Do not call anything impure that God has made _____."

A). holy B). clean C). good D). pure

11228. How many times did this happen in Peter's vision?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Three times D). Once

11229. Who told Peter that three men were looking for him and that he should go with them?

A). The Spirit B). Simon the tanner C). Cornelius D). John

11230. What did Peter say when Cornelius fell at his feet?

A). You must worship God here B). Bring me gifts first C). Go away, you are a Gentile
D). Stand up, I am only a man myself

11231. What did Peter say God had shown him through the vision?

A). He should only eat fish B). He should not call anyone impure or unclean
C). He should stay away from Gentiles D). He should return to fishing

11232. What truth did Peter now realize about God?

A). God loves only the people of Israel B). God accepts only priests
C). God does not show favoritism but accepts from every nation those who fear Him and do what is right
D). God will accept everyone without faith

11233. According to Peter, what did Jesus do after God anointed Him with the Holy Spirit and power?

A). He went around doing good and healing all who were under the power of the devil
B). He became king in Jerusalem C). He built synagogues
D). He ruled over the Romans

11234. Peter said all the prophets testify that everyone who believes in Jesus receives what?

A). Great riches B). A long life on earth C). A place in the temple
D). Forgiveness of sins through His name

11235. When did the Holy Spirit come on all who heard the message?

A). After they were baptized B). While Peter was still speaking C). The next day
D). After Peter laid hands on them

11236. Why were the circumcised believers with Peter astonished?

A). Cornelius was rich B). An angel appeared
C). The gift of the Holy Spirit had been poured out even on Gentiles D). The house shook

11237. What did Peter order for Cornelius and those with him?

A). That they be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ B). That they offer sacrifices
C). That they go to Jerusalem D). That they be circumcised first

11238. Why did the circumcised believers in Jerusalem criticize Peter?

A). He healed on the Sabbath

B). He went into the house of uncircumcised men and ate with them

C). He refused to preach D). He stayed too long in Joppa

11239. How did Peter answer the criticism?

A). He refused to speak B). He left Jerusalem C). He asked the high priest to judge

D). He explained everything to them exactly as it had happened

11240. How many brothers went with Peter to Cornelius's house?

A). Six B). Three C). Twelve D). Two

11241. When the Spirit came on the Gentiles, which words of the Lord did Peter remember?

A). Go and make disciples of all nations B). Love your enemies

C). John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit

D). I am the light of the world

11242. Peter said, "So if God gave them the same gift he gave us... who was I to think that I could stand in God's _____?"

A). place B). way C). house D). name

11243. What did the believers in Jerusalem conclude after hearing Peter?

A). Peter should be removed B). Gentiles must first become Jews

C). Cornelius should come to Jerusalem

D). God has granted even the Gentiles repentance that leads to life

11244. During which festival did Herod seize Peter?

A). Pentecost B). The Festival of Unleavened Bread C). The Festival of Tabernacles

D). The Day of Atonement

11245. How was Peter guarded in prison?

A). By two soldiers only B). By the temple guard

C). By four squads of four soldiers each D). By one Roman captain

11246. What was the church doing while Peter was in prison?

A). Earnestly praying to God for him B). Planning to break him out

C). Hiding from Herod D). Choosing a new leader

11247. How was Peter sleeping the night before his trial?

A). Alone in a locked room B). On the floor of the temple C). In stocks by his feet

D). Between two soldiers, bound with two chains

11248. What happened when the angel struck Peter on the side?

A). The prison walls fell down B). The chains fell off his wrists C). The soldiers woke up
D). Peter became blind

11249. What did Peter think was happening as he followed the angel?

A). He thought it was a trick B). He thought he had died
C). He thought he was seeing a vision D). He thought Herod had freed him

11250. What happened at the iron gate leading to the city?

A). It opened for them by itself B). The angel broke it C). A guard unlocked it
D). Peter climbed over it

11251. To whose house did Peter go after he was freed?

A). The house of Simon the tanner B). The house of Cornelius
C). The house of Barnabas D). The house of Mary the mother of John, also called Mark

11252. Which servant girl came to the door and recognized Peter's voice?

A). Lydia B). Rhoda C). Dorcas D). Priscilla

11253. What did Rhoda do when she recognized Peter's voice?

A). She opened the door at once B). She fainted
C). She ran back without opening the door D). She called the guards

11254. Peter asked the believers to tell about his escape to which man?

A). John B). Barnabas C). Saul D). James

11255. What point did Peter make about God and the Gentiles?

A). God wanted the Gentiles to keep all the law first
B). God would accept Gentiles only in the future C). God had chosen only the Jews
D). God made no distinction, for He purified their hearts by faith

11256. Peter said, "We believe it is through the _____ of our Lord Jesus that we are saved, just as they are."

A). power B). grace C). law D). name

11257. Which of these names was NOT one the Corinthians used when saying whom they followed?

A). Apollos B). Cephas C). Peter's brother Andrew D). Paul

11258. Paul named which apostle as one who took a believing wife along with him?

A). Cephas B). Andrew C). Thomas D). Philip

11259. After he rose, to whom did Christ appear first in Paul's list?

A). Cephas B). James C). Paul D). Thomas

11260. How long after his calling did Paul go up to Jerusalem to get acquainted with Cephas?

A). Three years B). Three months C). Ten years D). Forty days

11261. How long did Paul stay with Cephas in Jerusalem?

A). Three days B). Fifteen days C). Forty days D). One year

11262. Paul had been entrusted with preaching the gospel to the uncircumcised. Who had been entrusted with the gospel to the circumcised?

A). James B). John C). Barnabas D). Peter

11263. Which three men were known as pillars of the church?

A). Peter, Andrew and Philip B). James, Cephas and John C). Barnabas, Silas and Mark
D). Matthew, Thomas and James

11264. Where did Paul oppose Cephas to his face?

A). Jerusalem B). Rome C). Antioch D). Damascus

11265. Why did Cephas stop eating with the Gentiles?

A). He was sick B). He was afraid of the circumcision group
C). The Gentiles asked him to leave D). God told him to fast

11266. Who wrote the letter of 1 Peter?

A). Paul B). James C). Peter D). John

11267. Which of these provinces is named as a place where the people Peter wrote to were scattered?

A). Cappadocia B). Macedonia C). Achaia D). Syria

11268. Peter calls himself a fellow elder and a witness of what?

A). The giving of the law B). The building of the temple C). The flood
D). Christ's sufferings

11269. With whose help did Peter write this short letter?

A). Silas B). Timothy C). Barnabas D). Luke

11270. Peter sends greetings from whom, whom he calls his son?

A). John B). Timothy C). Mark D). Titus

11271. Who wrote the letter of 2 Peter, calling himself a servant and apostle of Jesus Christ?

A). Simon Peter B). John C). Paul D). Jude

11272. What did Peter mean when he said he would soon put aside 'the tent of this body'?

A). He would move to a new city B). He would soon die C). He would stop preaching
D). He would go to prison

11273. Peter said they did not follow cleverly devised stories. What were they instead?

A). Teachers of the law B). Prophets of old C). Eyewitnesses of his majesty
D). Students of Greek wisdom

11274. Where was Peter with Jesus when he heard the voice from heaven?

A). On the sacred mountain B). By the Sea of Galilee C). In the temple courts
D). In the Garden of Gethsemane

11275. Which letter does Peter say this is that he is writing to them?

A). His first letter B). His second letter C). His third letter D). His last letter

11276. Which 'dear brother' does Peter say wrote with wisdom, though some things in his letters are hard to understand?

A). John B). Paul C). James D). Barnabas

Pethuel

11277. Whose son was the prophet Joel?

A). Amoz B). Pethuel C). Buzi D). Hilkiah

Pharaoh

11278. Solomon made an alliance with which king and married his daughter?

A). The king of Tyre B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Assyria

11279. Which city did Pharaoh capture and give to his daughter, Solomon's wife, as a wedding gift?

A). Gezer B). Hebron C). Tyre D). Bethel

11280. Against whom did God send signs and wonders in Egypt?

A). The Philistines B). Pharaoh and all his servants C). The Amorites
D). The Babylonians

11281. According to Psalm 136, whom did God sweep into the Red Sea with his army?

A). Sihon B). Og C). Pharaoh D). Goliath

11282. The man compares the woman to a mare among whose chariot horses?

A). Pharaoh's B). Solomon's C). Nebuchadnezzar's D). Sennacherib's

11283. What did Isaiah say about the officials of Zoan and the counselors of Pharaoh?

A). They were wise and good B). They were fools giving senseless advice
C). They were faithful to the LORD D). They were prophets

11284. Why did the LORD call His people 'obstinate children' in Isaiah 30?

A). They went down to Egypt for help without asking Him B). They refused to plant crops
C). They built too many houses D). They traveled to Babylon to trade

11285. Against which ruler did God tell Ezekiel to prophesy in Ezekiel 29?

A). Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). The king of Tyre
D). The king of Assyria

11286. What did Pharaoh proudly say about the Nile?

A). "The Nile is a gift from the gods." B). "The Nile will never dry up."
C). "The Nile belongs to me; I made it for myself." D). "The Nile protects my kingdom."

11287. What did God say He would put in the jaws of the great monster, Pharaoh?

A). A bridle B). A golden ring C). A sword D). Hooks

11288. What part of Pharaoh did God say He had broken?

A). His crown B). His leg C). His heart D). His arm

11289. What did God say He would do for the king of Babylon while breaking Pharaoh's arms?

A). Strengthen his arms and put His sword in his hand B). Break his arms too
C). Give him the land of Israel D). Send him back to Babylon

11290. To whom did God tell Ezekiel to speak the message of Ezekiel 31?

A). Pharaoh king of Egypt and his hordes B). The king of Assyria
C). The princes of Lebanon D). The king of Tyre

11291. At the end of the chapter, whom did God say the fallen cedar described?

A). The king of Assyria only B). The king of Babylon C). The king of Tyre
D). Pharaoh and all his hordes

11292. In the lament of Ezekiel 32, Pharaoh was like a lion among the nations and like what in the seas?

A). A great ship B). A monster C). A mighty wave D). A great fish

11293. With what did God say He would haul Pharaoh up?

A). A hook B). A rope C). His net D). A spear

11294. What did God say would happen in the sky when He snuffed out Pharaoh?

A). The sun would be covered, the moon give no light, and the stars be darkened
B). The stars would fall to the earth C). A rainbow would appear
D). Fire would come down from heaven

11295. Paul quotes Scripture telling which ruler, "I raised you up for this very purpose, that I might display my power in you"?

A). Nebuchadnezzar B). Herod C). Caesar D). Pharaoh

Pharisees

11296. Who asked, 'Who can forgive sins but God alone?'

A). The disciples B). The Romans C). The man's friends
D). The Pharisees and teachers of the law

11297. Why did Jesus heal the paralyzed man in front of the Pharisees?

A). So they would know the Son of Man has authority on earth to forgive sins
B). To show the Law of Moses was wrong C). Because they asked him for a sign
D). To prove the man's friends were right

11298. What were Jesus' disciples doing on the Sabbath that upset some Pharisees?

A). Picking heads of grain, rubbing them and eating B). Fishing on the lake
C). Carrying mats through town D). Selling food at the market

11299. What question did Jesus ask before healing the man with the shriveled hand?

A). Which is lawful on the Sabbath: to do good or to do evil, to save life or to destroy it?
B). Who among you has never sinned? C). Is it right to pay taxes to Caesar?
D). Who is the greatest in the kingdom?

11300. How did the Pharisees and teachers of the law react after the healing?

A). They praised God B). They asked to be baptized
C). They were furious and discussed what to do to Jesus D). They left the synagogue in fear

11301. Why was the Pharisee surprised when Jesus ate at his house?

A). Jesus brought his disciples B). Jesus did not eat C). Jesus sat in the wrong seat
D). Jesus did not first wash before the meal

11302. What did Jesus say the Pharisees cleaned while being full of greed inside?

A). The outside of the cup and dish B). Their hands only C). The temple steps
D). Their sandals

11303. What did Jesus say the Pharisees neglected while giving a tenth of their mint and rue?

A). Fasting and prayer B). Justice and the love of God C). Sacrifices and offerings
D). The Sabbath and festivals

11304. What did Jesus say the Pharisees loved in the synagogues?

A). The scrolls of the law B). The singing of psalms C). The most important seats
D). The offering boxes

11305. Complete Jesus' warning: 'Be on your guard against the yeast of the Pharisees, which is ____.'

A). pride B). greed C). hypocrisy D). anger

11306. What did Jesus call Herod when the Pharisees warned that Herod wanted to kill him?

A). That snake B). That fox C). That wolf D). That lion

11307. Where was Jesus eating on the Sabbath when he was being carefully watched?

A). At Levi's house B). At the house of a prominent Pharisee C). At Martha's home
D). In the temple courts

11308. What did Jesus ask the Pharisees to show that healing on the Sabbath was right?

A). Would you not fast on the Sabbath? B). Would you not light a lamp?
C). Would you not go to the synagogue?
D). If your child or ox falls into a well on the Sabbath, will you not pull it out?

11309. What did the Pharisees and teachers of the law mutter about Jesus?

A). 'This man breaks the Sabbath.' B). 'This man welcomes sinners and eats with them.'
C). 'This man speaks against Moses.' D). 'This man does not pray.'

11310. Who loved money and were sneering at Jesus when they heard his teaching?

A). The Pharisees B). The tax collectors C). The disciples D). The Samaritans

11311. What did Jesus say about what people value highly?

A). It pleases God B). It is detestable in God's sight C). It lasts forever
D). It should be shared

11312. What did Jesus tell the Pharisees about the coming of the kingdom of God?

A). It is not something that can be observed; it is in your midst B). It will come next year
C). It will come with a great army D). It has already ended

11313. Where did the Pharisee and the tax collector go to pray?

A). To the synagogue B). To a mountain C). To the river D). To the temple

11314. How often did the Pharisee say he fasted?

A). Twice a week B). Once a month C). Every day D). Once a year

11315. Jesus told the Pharisees: 'I tell you, if they keep quiet, the ___ will cry out.'

A). trees B). angels C). stones D). birds

Philemon

11316. To whom did Paul write this short letter?

A). Titus B). Philemon C). Timothy D). Onesimus

11317. Where did the church Paul greeted meet?

A). In the temple B). In a synagogue C). In Philemon's home
D). In the marketplace

11318. Paul made an appeal to Philemon for which person?

A). Mark B). Luke C). Epaphras D). Onesimus

11319. What change in Onesimus did Paul describe in verse 11?

A). He was once useless to Philemon but had become useful B). He had become very rich
C). He had become an apostle D). He had learned to write letters

11320. Paul asked Philemon to welcome Onesimus back no longer as a slave, but as what?

A). A soldier B). A dear brother C). A hired servant D). A stranger

11321. What did Paul offer to do if Onesimus owed Philemon anything?

A). Send him back to prison B). Ask the church to pay
C). Charge it to Paul's own account and pay it back D). Forget the debt

11322. What did Paul ask Philemon to prepare for him?

A). A boat B). A feast C). A new coat D). A guest room

Philetus

11323. Which two men said the resurrection had already taken place?

A). Hymenaeus and Philetus B). Phygelus and Hermogenes C). Demas and Crescens
D). Alexander and Demas

Philip

11324. Why had Herod put John the Baptist in prison?

A). John refused to pay taxes
B). John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife
C). John led a revolt in the desert D). John cursed the emperor

11325. Philip, like Andrew and Peter, was from which town?

A). Nazareth B). Cana C). Bethsaida D). Jericho

11326. In John 1, what is the correct order of these events?

A). Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon
B). Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael
C). Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip
D). Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

11327. Nathanael asked, "Can anything good come from there?" Which town was he talking about?

A). Nazareth B). Bethlehem C). Jerusalem D). Capernaum

11328. Which disciple did Jesus ask, "Where shall we buy bread for these people to eat?"

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Philip D). Thomas

11329. How much did Philip say would not buy enough bread for each person to have one bite?

A). Thirty pieces of silver B). Half a year's wages C). A full year's wages
D). Ten talents

11330. Some Greeks who came to worship at the festival asked to see Jesus. Which disciple did they go to first?

A). Andrew B). Philip C). Peter D). John

11331. Which disciple said, "Lord, show us the Father and that will be enough for us"?

A). Andrew B). Philip C). Thomas D). Peter

11332. Complete Jesus' words to Philip: "Anyone who has seen me has seen the ___."

A). prophet B). Spirit C). Father D). kingdom

11333. Which of these men was NOT one of the seven chosen?

A). Barnabas B). Philip C). Procorus D). Nicanor

11334. Who went down to a city in Samaria and proclaimed the Messiah there?

A). Philip B). Peter C). Barnabas D). Stephen

11335. What was the result in the city after Philip's miracles?

A). The city was destroyed B). The people drove Philip away C). The city became silent
D). There was great joy in that city

11336. What did Simon do after Philip preached?

A). He tried to kill Philip B). He believed, was baptized and followed Philip
C). He left Samaria D). He kept doing sorcery openly

11337. An angel told Philip to go to which road?

A). The road to Damascus B). The road to Emmaus C). The road to Jericho
D). The desert road from Jerusalem to Gaza

11338. Whom did Philip meet on the desert road?

A). A Roman centurion B). A priest from Jerusalem
C). An Ethiopian eunuch, an official of Queen Candace D). A merchant from Damascus

11339. Philip asked if he understood what he was reading. He said, "How can I, unless someone _____ me?"

A). explains it to B). reads it to C). teaches it to D). shows it to

11340. Starting with that Scripture, what did Philip tell the Ethiopian?

A). The history of Ethiopia B). The rules of the temple C). The good news about Jesus
D). The story of Moses

11341. What happened when they came to some water?

A). The chariot broke down B). Philip baptized the Ethiopian C). They washed their feet
D). The Ethiopian gave Philip water

11342. What happened to Philip when they came up out of the water?

A). The Spirit of the Lord suddenly took him away B). He went with the Ethiopian to Africa
C). He returned to Jerusalem D). He fell asleep

11343. Philip appeared at which town and preached until he reached which city?

A). Gaza, then Joppa B). Lydda, then Jerusalem C). Joppa, then Samaria
D). Azotus, then Caesarea

11344. In Caesarea, Paul stayed at the house of which evangelist, one of the Seven?

A). Stephen B). Nicolas C). Philip D). Barnabas

11345. What is said about Philip's four unmarried daughters?

A). They were deaconesses B). They made tents C). They sang in the temple
D). They prophesied

Phinehas

11346. Who took a spear and stopped the plague by his action?

A). Joshua B). Eleazar C). Phinehas D). Caleb

11347. What did God give Phinehas because of his zeal for God's honor?

A). A large portion of land B). Leadership over the army C). A new name
D). A covenant of peace and a lasting priesthood

11348. Which priest went with the army, carrying the holy articles and the trumpets?

A). Eleazar B). Aaron C). Phinehas D). Ithamar

11349. Which priest was sent to speak to the eastern tribes about the altar?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar B). Eleazar son of Aaron C). Eli D). Ithamar

11350. How many chief men went with Phinehas?

A). Two B). Ten C). Twelve D). Seventy

11351. Which earlier sinner did the Israelites mention to warn that one person's sin could bring anger on the whole community?

A). Korah B). Balaam C). Achan son of Zerah D). Aaron

11352. After hearing the explanation, what did Phinehas say?

A). Today we know that the LORD is with us B). You must tear down the altar
C). We will still go to war D). You have sinned like Achan

11353. Which priest, the son of Aaron, died and was buried at the end of Joshua?

A). Phinehas B). Eli C). Eleazar D). Ithamar

11354. Who was ministering before the ark of the covenant at that time?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron B). Eli C). Jonathan son of Gershom
D). Samuel

11355. The third time Israel asked whether to fight Benjamin, what did the LORD answer?

A). "Do not go up against your brothers." B). "Make peace with Benjamin."
C). "Go, for tomorrow I will give them into your hands." D). "Wait seven more days."

11356. Who were the two sons of Eli who served as priests at Shiloh?

A). Nadab and Abihu B). Hophni and Phinehas C). Joel and Abijah
D). Eleazar and Ithamar

11357. What does the Bible say about Eli's sons?

A). They were brave warriors B). They were faithful priests
C). They were scoundrels with no regard for the LORD D). They were wise judges

11358. What did the priest's servant use to take meat out of the pot while it was boiling?

A). A three-pronged fork B). A bronze knife C). A long spear D). A wooden spoon

11359. Why was the sin of Eli's sons very great in the LORD's sight?

A). They refused to live at Shiloh B). They married foreign women
C). They stopped offering sacrifices D). They treated the LORD's offering with contempt

11360. How did Eli's sons respond when Eli warned them about their sin?

A). They repented and changed B). They left Shiloh
C). They asked Samuel to pray for them D). They did not listen to their father

11361. What sign did the man of God give Eli about his sons Hophni and Phinehas?

A). They would both die on the same day B). They would be taken captive
C). They would become blind D). They would be removed from Shiloh

11362. According to the LORD, why would He judge Eli's family?

A). Eli knew his sons were sinning but failed to restrain them B). Eli had worshiped idols
C). Eli refused to raise Samuel D). Eli left the house of the LORD

11363. Which two men came with the ark of the covenant to the army camp?

A). Moses and Aaron B). Samuel and Elkanah C). Joshua and Caleb
D). Hophni and Phinehas

11364. Why did bringing the ark not save Israel in the battle?

A). The ark was carried by the wrong tribe B). The ark was left outside the camp
C). Samuel refused to come D). Israel was defeated and the ark itself was captured

11365. What name did the wife of Phinehas give her son, saying "The Glory has departed from Israel"?

A). Ahitub B). Ichabod C). Ahijah D). Obed

11366. In earlier times, who was the official in charge of the gatekeepers, with the LORD being with him?

A). Phinehas son of Eleazar B). Eli the priest C). Zadok son of Ahitub
D). Korah son of Izhar

11367. Who stood up and intervened so that the plague was stopped?

A). Eleazar B). Joshua C). Caleb D). Phinehas

Phoebe

11368. Which woman, a deacon of the church in Cenchreae, did Paul commend to the believers in Rome?

A). Priscilla B). Lydia C). Phoebe D). Dorcas

Phygelus

11369. Which two men did Paul name among those in the province of Asia who deserted him?

A). Phygelus and Hermogenes B). Hymenaeus and Alexander C). Aquila and Apollos
D). Titus and Luke

Pilate

11370. To which governor did the chief priests and elders hand Jesus over?

A). Pilate B). Herod C). Felix D). Festus

11371. Pilate asked Jesus, "Are you the king of the _____?"

A). Galileans B). Romans C). nations D). Jews

11372. Why was Pilate greatly amazed?

A). Jesus called down angels B). The crowd defended Jesus
C). Jesus made no reply, not even to a single charge D). Jesus spoke Latin

11373. Which well-known prisoner did the crowd ask Pilate to release instead of Jesus?

A). Simon B). Barabbas C). Judas D). Malchus

11374. Why did Pilate know the leaders had handed Jesus over?

A). Out of self-interest B). Because Jesus broke Roman law
C). Because Herod ordered it D). Because Jesus wanted it

11375. Who sent Pilate a message saying, "Don't have anything to do with that innocent man"?

A). Herod B). The high priest C). A Roman centurion D). Pilate's wife

11376. When Pilate asked what to do with Jesus, what did the crowd answer? "_____ him!"

A). Release B). Crown C). Crucify D). Stone

11377. What did Pilate do in front of the crowd to show he was innocent of Jesus' blood?

A). Tore his robe B). Washed his hands with water C). Threw down his staff
D). Wrote a letter

11378. Which rich man and disciple of Jesus asked Pilate for Jesus' body?

A). Nicodemus B). Joseph of Arimathea C). Simon the Leper D). Zacchaeus

11379. Why did the chief priests and Pharisees ask Pilate to make the tomb secure?

A). They feared robbers B). Pilate's wife had asked
C). They wanted to bury others there D). Jesus had said he would rise again after three days

11380. What did Pilate ask Jesus inside the palace?

A). Are you a prophet? B). Where are you from? C). Did you destroy the temple?
D). Are you the king of the Jews?

11381. Complete Jesus' words to Pilate: "My kingdom is not of this ___."

A). world B). nation C). time D). temple

11382. What famous question did Pilate ask Jesus?

A). Who sent you? B). What is truth? C). Why are you silent?
D). Where is your kingdom?

11383. Which prisoner did the crowd ask Pilate to release instead of Jesus?

A). Malchus B). Annas C). Barabbas D). Judas

11384. When Jesus came out wearing the crown of thorns, Pilate said to them: "Here is the ___!"

A). king B). prisoner C). man D). prophet

11385. What reason did the Jewish leaders give Pilate for why Jesus must die?

A). He had stolen from the temple B). He had attacked a soldier
C). He refused to pay taxes D). He claimed to be the Son of God

11386. When Pilate spoke of his power, what did Jesus tell him?

A). You would have no power over me if it were not given to you from above
B). You have all power on earth C). Rome will judge you D). I will set you free

11387. What did the Jewish leaders shout to pressure Pilate?

A). Jesus is a Samaritan B). If you let this man go, you are no friend of Caesar
C). Jesus will destroy Rome D). Release Jesus at once

11388. Where did Pilate sit down on the judge's seat?

A). In the temple courts B). At the Sheep Gate
C). At the Stone Pavement, which in Aramaic is Gabbatha D). On the Mount of Olives

11389. What did Pilate's notice on the cross say?

A). Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the Jews B). Jesus, a false prophet
C). Jesus, son of Joseph D). King of the world

11390. Who asked Pilate for the body of Jesus?

A). Nicodemus B). Lazarus C). Peter D). Joseph of Arimathea

Pilate's wife

11391. Who sent Pilate a message saying, "Don't have anything to do with that innocent man"?

A). Herod B). The high priest C). A Roman centurion D). Pilate's wife

Pontius Pilate

11392. To which Roman governor did the chief priests hand Jesus over?

A). Herod B). Caesar C). Pilate D). Felix

11393. What did Pilate ask Jesus first?

A). Are you the king of the Jews? B). Where are your disciples? C). Are you a prophet?
D). Why did you enter the temple?

11394. Why was Pilate amazed while the chief priests accused Jesus of many things?

A). Jesus called down angels B). Jesus still made no reply C). The crowd defended Jesus
D). Jesus confessed everything

11395. Which prisoner, held with rebels who had committed murder, did the crowd ask Pilate to release?

A). Bartimaeus B). Barabbas C). Barnabas D). Malchus

11396. What did Pilate know about why the chief priests had handed Jesus over?

A). Jesus had broken Roman law B). Jesus had stolen from the temple
C). It was out of self-interest D). Caesar had ordered it

11397. When Pilate asked what to do with Jesus, the crowd shouted, "___ him!"

A). Release B). Crown C). Banish D). Crucify

11398. Why did Pilate release Barabbas and hand Jesus over to be crucified?

A). He believed Jesus was guilty B). Caesar sent him a letter
C). He wanted to satisfy the crowd D). Herod commanded him

11399. Who went boldly to Pilate and asked for Jesus' body?

A). Simon of Cyrene B). Nicodemus C). John D). Joseph of Arimathea

11400. What did Pilate do when he was surprised to hear Jesus was already dead?

A). He summoned the centurion to confirm it B). He sent soldiers to the tomb
C). He refused to give up the body D). He asked the chief priests

11401. Who was governor of Judea when John began his ministry?

A). Pontius Pilate B). Herod C). Quirinius D). Felix

11402. Whose blood did Pilate mix with their sacrifices, according to the people who spoke to Jesus?

A). Some Samaritans B). Some Galileans C). Some priests D). Some Romans

11403. Which of these was one of the charges brought against Jesus before Pilate?

A). He had stolen from the temple B). He opposed payment of taxes to Caesar
C). He had killed a man D). He had broken out of prison

11404. Pilate asked Jesus, 'Are you the king of the ___?'

A). world B). Romans C). Jews D). Galileans

11405. What did Pilate say to the chief priests and the crowd after questioning Jesus?

A). 'He must die at once.' B). 'Send him to Rome.' C). 'He is a dangerous man.'
D). 'I find no basis for a charge against this man.'

11406. Why did Pilate send Jesus to Herod?

A). Because Jesus was a Galilean under Herod's jurisdiction
B). Because Herod was the high priest C). Because Jesus asked to see Herod
D). Because the crowd demanded it

11407. Which two rulers became friends on the day Jesus was tried?

A). Caiaphas and Annas B). Caesar and Pilate C). Herod and Caiaphas
D). Herod and Pilate

11408. Which prisoner did the crowd ask Pilate to release instead of Jesus?

A). Barabbas B). Simon C). Judas D). Malchus

11409. Which member of the Council asked Pilate for Jesus' body?

A). Nicodemus B). Caiaphas C). Joseph from Arimathea D). Gamaliel

11410. Before whom did Christ Jesus make the good confession, according to Paul?

A). Herod B). Caiaphas C). Caesar D). Pontius Pilate

Potiphar

11411. To whom was Joseph sold when he was taken to Egypt?

A). Pharaoh's cupbearer B). A priest of On C). Potiphar, one of Pharaoh's officials
D). The captain of the ships

11412. Whose house did Joseph serve in when he was taken to Egypt?

A). Pharaoh's B). Potiphar's C). The chief cupbearer's D). The prison warden's

11413. What responsibility did Potiphar give to Joseph?

A). He put Joseph in charge of his entire household B). He sent Joseph to work in the fields
C). He made Joseph a guard D). He gave Joseph to Pharaoh

11414. How did Potiphar's wife use Joseph's cloak against him?

A). She burned it to hide the truth B). She sold it to travelers C). She kept it as a pledge
D). She used it as false evidence to accuse him

Priscilla

11415. Which married couple did Paul meet in Corinth?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Jason and Lydia C). Aquila and Priscilla
D). Crispus and Damaris

11416. Why had Aquila and Priscilla recently come from Italy?

A). Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave Rome B). There was a famine in Italy
C). They were sent as missionaries D). Their house burned down

11417. What was the trade that Paul shared with Aquila and Priscilla?

A). Fishing B). Tentmaking C). Carpentry D). Weaving purple cloth

11418. In which city did Paul leave Priscilla and Aquila?

A). Ephesus B). Corinth C). Rome D). Antioch

11419. What did Priscilla and Aquila do after hearing Apollos speak?

A). Told him to stop teaching B). Reported him to Paul
C). Invited him to their home and explained the way of God more adequately
D). Asked him to leave Ephesus

11420. Which married couple, Paul's co-workers, risked their lives for him?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Andronicus and Junia C). Zechariah and Elizabeth
D). Priscilla and Aquila

11421. Where did the church meet that Paul greets along with Priscilla and Aquila?

A). At their house B). In the synagogue C). In the temple D). By the river

11422. Which couple sent warm greetings, along with the church that met at their house?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Aquila and Priscilla C). Zechariah and Elizabeth
D). Joseph and Mary

11423. Which couple did Paul ask Timothy to greet?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Priscilla and Aquila C). Zechariah and Elizabeth
D). Joseph and Mary

Puah

11424. What were the names of the two Hebrew midwives?

A). Shiphrah and Puah B). Rachel and Leah C). Miriam and Jochebed
D). Naomi and Ruth

11425. What did Pharaoh order the midwives to do?

A). Care for all Hebrew babies B). Kill the Hebrew baby boys
C). Kill the Hebrew baby girls D). Send the babies to Canaan

11426. Why did the midwives let the baby boys live?

A). They were afraid of Pharaoh B). They feared God C). They wanted a reward
D). They did not hear the command

11427. How did God treat the midwives who feared Him?

A). He punished them B). He was kind to them and gave them families
C). He ignored them D). He sent them to Pharaoh

Publius

11428. Who was the chief official of Malta who welcomed Paul and his companions?

A). Julius B). Gaius C). Lucius D). Publius

11429. What did Paul do for the father of Publius, who was sick in bed?

A). Gave him medicine B). Prayed, placed his hands on him and healed him
C). Sent for a doctor D). Took him to the sea

Pul

11430. Which king of Assyria invaded Israel during Menahem's reign?

A). Sargon B). Sennacherib C). Shalmaneser D). Pul

11431. How did Menahem keep the king of Assyria from staying in Israel?

A). He defeated him in battle B). He gave him Samaria
C). He paid him a thousand talents of silver D). He asked Judah for help

11432. Whose spirit did God stir up to take the Reubenites, the Gadites and the half-tribe of Manasseh into exile?

A). Pharaoh Necho of Egypt B). Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon C). Pul king of Assyria
D). Cyrus king of Persia

Purah

11433. Which servant went down with Gideon to the Midianite camp at night?

A). Jether B). Joash C). Abinoam D). Purah

Queen of Sheba

11434. Which queen came to test Solomon with hard questions?

A). The queen of Egypt B). The queen of Sheba C). Queen Jezebel
D). Queen Esther

11435. What did the queen of Sheba's camels carry when she came to Jerusalem?

A). Weapons and armor B). Wheat and barley C). Spices, gold and precious stones
D). Wood and stone

11436. How did Solomon do when the queen asked him her questions?

A). He answered all of them; nothing was too hard for him
B). He could only answer half of them C). He asked Nathan to answer them
D). He refused to answer

11437. The queen of Sheba said, "Indeed, not even _____ was told me."

A). a word B). a tenth C). the truth D). half

11438. According to the queen of Sheba, why had the LORD made Solomon king?

A). To make Israel richer than Egypt
B). To maintain justice and righteousness, because of His eternal love for Israel
C). To build many cities D). To defeat the Philistines

11439. What gift did the queen of Sheba give in such quantity that it was never brought in again?

A). Spices B). Horses C). Silver D). Cedar wood

11440. Who came to Jerusalem to test Solomon with hard questions?

A). The queen of Sheba B). Pharaoh's daughter C). Hiram king of Tyre
D). The king of Egypt

11441. How did Solomon do with the queen of Sheba's questions?

A). He answered only a few B). He answered all of them
C). He asked his officials to answer D). He refused to answer

11442. What did the queen of Sheba say about the report she had heard in her own country?

A). It was a lie B). It was only half true
C). It was true, and not even half had been told her D). It was about another king

11443. Why did the queen of Sheba say God had made Solomon king over Israel?

A). Because Solomon was the oldest son B). Because Solomon was the strongest man
C). Because Israel asked for a king D). Because of the love of God for Israel

11444. Besides gold and precious stones, what did the queen of Sheba give Solomon in a very large quantity?

A). Spices B). Horses C). Cedar wood D). Ivory

11445. What did Solomon give the queen of Sheba?

A). Half of his kingdom B). His throne C). All she desired and asked for
D). A city in Israel

Queen of the South

11446. The queen of the South came to listen to whose wisdom?

A). David's B). Daniel's C). Joseph's D). Solomon's

Quirinius

11447. Who was governor of Syria during the first census?

A). Pilate B). Quirinius C). Felix D). Festus

Rachel

11448. Whom did Jacob meet at the well as she came with her father's sheep?

A). Leah B). Rachel C). Rebekah D). Dinah

11449. What did Jacob do at the well when he saw Rachel?

A). He rolled the stone away and watered Laban's sheep B). He gave her gold
C). He asked her for water D). He rested in the shade

11450. Who was Rachel's father, who welcomed Jacob into his home?

A). Bethuel B). Nahor C). Laban D). Esau

11451. How does the chapter describe the difference between Leah and Rachel?

A). Leah was older and Rachel was younger B). Leah was a shepherd and Rachel was not
C). Leah lived far away D). Leah was married already

11452. How many years did Jacob agree to work for Laban in order to marry Rachel?

A). Three years B). Ten years C). Fourteen years D). Seven years

11453. How did the seven years of work seem to Jacob?

A). Like a long and painful time B). Like only a few days because of his love for Rachel
C). Like an unfair burden D). Like a test from God

11454. What did Laban do on the wedding night instead of giving Rachel to Jacob?

A). He canceled the wedding B). He asked for more years of work first
C). He sent Jacob away D). He gave Jacob Leah

11455. What reason did Laban give for tricking Jacob into marrying Leah first?

A). Rachel had refused Jacob
B). It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older
C). Leah had asked to marry first D). Jacob had not worked long enough

11456. In total, how many years did Jacob work for Laban to marry both daughters?

A). Seven years B). Ten years C). Fourteen years D). Twenty years

11457. Why was Rachel jealous of her sister Leah?

A). Leah was wealthier B). Leah was bearing children while Rachel had none

C). Leah was more loved by Jacob D). Leah owned more flocks

11458. What was the name of the son Rachel finally gave birth to?

A). Judah B). Levi C). Dan D). Joseph

11459. What does the chapter say caused Rachel to finally have a child?

A). God remembered her and listened to her B). She worked harder than before

C). Leah gave her a son D). Laban prayed for her

11460. What did Rachel take from her father when the family left?

A). His flocks B). His silver cups C). His clothing D). His household gods

11461. Where did Rachel hide the household gods so Laban could not find them?

A). Under a pile of stones B). In Jacob's tent

C). Inside her camel's saddle, and she sat on it D). Buried under a tree

11462. Why did Rachel and Leah agree to leave with Jacob?

A). They wanted to visit Isaac

B). They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs

C). They were afraid of Esau D). They wished to return the household gods

11463. How did Jacob arrange his family as they approached Esau?

A). He put Rachel and Joseph in the front

B). He placed all the children together in the middle

C). He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

D). He sent his wives back and went alone

11464. Which of Jacob's wives died while giving birth to Benjamin?

A). Leah B). Bilhah C). Zilpah D). Rachel

11465. What name did Rachel give her son as she was dying, and what did Jacob call him instead?

A). She called him Ben-Oni, but Jacob named him Benjamin

B). She called him Joseph, but Jacob named him Israel

C). She called him Benjamin, but Jacob named him Ben-Oni

D). She called him Reuben, but Jacob named him Levi

11466. Near which town was Rachel buried?

A). Hebron B). Bethlehem (Ephrath) C). Bethel D). Shechem

11467. Which loved one did Jacob remember had died and been buried near Ephrath?

A). Leah B). Rebekah C). Rachel D). Deborah

11468. The people prayed that Ruth would be like which two women who built up the family of Israel?

A). Sarah and Rebekah B). Rachel and Leah C). Miriam and Deborah
D). Hannah and Peninnah

11469. Where was a voice heard of mourning and great weeping?

A). In Bethel B). In Bethlehem C). In Ramah D). In Jerusalem

11470. Who was weeping for her children and refusing to be comforted?

A). Leah B). Sarah C). Hannah D). Rachel

11471. Why did the LORD tell Rachel to restrain her voice from weeping?

A). Because her children would return to their own land
B). Because weeping was forbidden C). Because she would have new children
D). Because the enemy would hear

11472. Matthew says the weeping in Ramah fulfilled words spoken through which prophet?

A). Isaiah B). Micah C). Jeremiah D). Hosea

Rahab

11473. In whose house did the spies stay in Jericho?

A). Rahab B). Ruth C). Deborah D). Miriam

11474. Who sent a message to Rahab asking her to bring out the spies?

A). The priests of Jericho B). The king of Jericho C). The elders of Israel D). Joshua

11475. Under what did Rahab hide the spies on her roof?

A). Sacks of grain B). Piles of wood C). Stalks of flax D). Animal skins

11476. Where did the king's men go looking for the spies after talking to Rahab?

A). Down to the Red Sea B). Up to the hills C). On the road to the fords of the Jordan
D). Into the city of Ai

11477. Which great act of the LORD did Rahab say the people of Jericho had heard about?

A). The LORD dried up the water of the Red Sea B). The LORD made the sun stand still
C). The LORD sent fire on Mount Carmel D). The LORD made the walls of Egypt fall

11478. Which two Amorite kings did Rahab mention that Israel had destroyed east of the Jordan?

A). Sihon and Og B). Eglon and Jabin C). Balak and Agag
D). Adoni-Zedek and Horam

11479. Why were the people of Jericho melting in fear?

A). They had heard what the LORD had done for Israel B). Their city had no walls
C). Their king had died D). A famine had struck their land

11480. "For the LORD your God is God in heaven above and on the ___ below."

A). sea B). earth C). land D). waters

11481. What did Rahab ask the spies to promise her?

A). To make her a queen in Israel B). To give her gold and silver
C). To take her to Egypt D). To spare her and her family

11482. How did Rahab help the spies escape from the city?

A). She let them down by a rope through the window B). She opened the city gate at night
C). She hid them in a cart D). She dug a tunnel under the wall

11483. Where did Rahab tell the spies to hide for three days?

A). In a cave by the sea B). In the hills C). In the desert of Sinai
D). In the Jordan valley

11484. What did the spies tell Rahab to tie in her window?

A). A white cloth B). A gold chain C). A scarlet cord D). A blue ribbon

11485. What did Rahab's family have to do to be safe when Israel entered the land?

A). Stay inside Rahab's house B). Leave Jericho before the battle C). Join Israel's army
D). Offer a sacrifice at the gate

11486. Who was spared, along with everyone in her house, when Jericho was destroyed?

A). Rahab B). Miriam C). Deborah D). Jael

11487. Why was Rahab spared when Jericho was destroyed?

A). She paid the Israelites gold B). She hid the spies Joshua had sent
C). She opened the city gates D). She was related to Joshua

11488. Who did Joshua send to bring Rahab and her family out of Jericho?

A). The seven priests B). Caleb and his sons C). The elders of Israel
D). The two men who had spied out the land

11489. Where did the spies put Rahab and her family after bringing them out?

A). Outside the camp of Israel B). In Joshua's tent C). In the city of Gilgal's tabernacle
D). Across the Jordan

11490. According to Jesus' genealogy, who was the mother of Boaz?

A). Ruth B). Naomi C). Tamar D). Rahab

11491. By faith, who was not killed with those who were disobedient, because she welcomed the spies?

A). Ruth B). Deborah C). Rahab D). Miriam

11492. Which woman does James say was considered righteous for helping the spies?

A). Ruth B). Deborah C). Rahab D). Esther

Rebekah

11493. Which young woman came to the well and watered the servant's camels?

A). Leah B). Rachel C). Rebekah D). Sarah

11494. Who was Rebekah's father?

A). Laban B). Nahor C). Bethuel D). Haran

11495. What did the servant give Rebekah after she watered his camels?

A). A gold nose ring and two gold bracelets B). A flock of sheep C). A robe and sandals D). A bag of grain

11496. What did the servant do when he learned Rebekah was from Abraham's family?

A). He ran back to Abraham B). He said nothing C). He gave away all his gifts D). He bowed down and worshiped the LORD

11497. Who was Rebekah's brother that welcomed the servant?

A). Esau B). Laban C). Jacob D). Bethuel

11498. What did the servant do before he would eat in Laban's house?

A). He rested from his journey B). He told them why he had come C). He counted his gifts D). He watered his camels again

11499. What did Rebekah say when asked if she would go with the servant?

A). She said, 'I will go' B). She asked to wait a year C). She refused to leave D). She asked to bring her brother

11500. What was Isaac doing in the field when Rebekah arrived?

A). Tending his sheep B). Building an altar C). Meditating in the evening D). Digging a well

11501. What happened when Isaac and Rebekah were brought together?

A). Rebekah returned home B). Isaac married her and she became his wife C). They waited seven years D). Isaac sent her away

11502. What did Isaac do because Rebekah was unable to have children?

A). He prayed to the LORD for her B). He married another wife C). He sent her away D). He built an altar

11503. What did the LORD tell Rebekah about the two babies within her?

A). They would both be kings

B). Two nations were in her, and the older would serve the younger

C). They would never be separated D). They would die young

11504. What were the names of Isaac and Rebekah's twin sons?

A). Cain and Abel B). Esau and Jacob C). Perez and Zerah

D). Ephraim and Manasseh

11505. What did Isaac say about his wife Rebekah to the men of Gerar?

A). That she was his sister B). That she was a servant C). That she was from Egypt

D). That she was a widow

11506. Which king discovered that Rebekah was really Isaac's wife?

A). Pharaoh B). Melchizedek C). Ephron D). Abimelek

11507. Who planned for Jacob to receive the blessing meant for Esau?

A). Rebekah, his mother B). Isaac, his father C). Laban, his uncle D). A servant

11508. What did Rebekah use to make Jacob feel like Esau to his father?

A). Wool blankets B). A false beard C). Sheep's clothing

D). Goatskins on his hands and neck, and Esau's clothes

11509. What did Rebekah tell Jacob to do because Esau planned to kill him?

A). Flee to her brother Laban in Harran B). Hide in the fields

C). Ask Esau for forgiveness D). Go down to Egypt

11510. Who was Deborah, whose death and burial are noted at Bethel?

A). Jacob's sister B). Rachel's servant C). A prophetess of Bethel

D). Rebekah's nurse

11511. Before her twins were born, who was told, "The older will serve the younger"?

A). Rebekah B). Sarah C). Leah D). Rachel

11512. Why was Rebekah told about her sons before they were born or had done anything good or bad?

A). Because they had already sinned B). So that God's purpose in choosing might stand

C). Because Esau was sick D). Because Isaac asked for a sign

Regem-Melek

11513. The people of which town sent men to ask the Lord for help?

A). Bethlehem B). Jericho C). Hebron D). Bethel

11514. What question did the men from Bethel ask the priests and prophets?

A). Should we mourn and fast in the fifth month? B). Should we rebuild the walls?
C). Should we return to Babylon? D). Should we offer more sacrifices?

Rehoboam

11515. Which son succeeded Solomon as king?

A). Rehoboam B). Jeroboam C). Abijah D). Asa

11516. Where did all Israel gather to make Rehoboam king?

A). Jerusalem B). Shechem C). Hebron D). Bethel

11517. What did the people of Israel ask Rehoboam to do?

A). Build a new temple B). Go to war against Egypt
C). Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them
D). Move the capital to Shechem

11518. What advice did the elders who had served Solomon give Rehoboam?

A). If he served the people and gave a favorable answer, they would always be his servants
B). He should make the yoke heavier C). He should run away to Egypt
D). He should ask Jeroboam to be king

11519. After rejecting the elders' advice, whom did Rehoboam listen to?

A). The prophets B). The priests C). Jeroboam
D). The young men who had grown up with him

11520. The young men told Rehoboam to say, "My little _____ is thicker than my father's waist."

A). hand B). finger C). toe D). arm

11521. Rehoboam said his father scourged the people with whips. What did he say he would scourge them with?

A). Rods B). Chains C). Scorpions D). Swords

11522. Why did the king not listen to the people, according to the Bible?

A). This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah
B). Rehoboam was sick C). The elders gave no advice D). Jeroboam tricked him

11523. When the king refused to listen, the Israelites answered, "To your _____, Israel!"

A). homes B). swords C). fields D). tents

11524. Which official in charge of forced labor was stoned to death by the Israelites?

A). Benaiah B). Adoniram C). Jeroboam D). Shemaiah

11525. Which tribe alone remained loyal to the house of David?

A). Judah B). Ephraim C). Dan D). Reuben

11526. Which man of God told Rehoboam not to fight against the Israelites?

A). Ahijah B). Nathan C). Gad D). Shemaiah

11527. How did Rehoboam and his army respond to the LORD's message through Shemaiah?

A). They attacked anyway B). They obeyed and went home C). They ran to Egypt
D). They made Jeroboam their king

11528. Why was Jeroboam afraid of the people going up to Jerusalem to offer sacrifices?

A). He feared their hearts would turn back to Rehoboam, and they would kill him
B). He feared they would get lost C). He feared the temple would fall
D). He feared Egypt would attack

11529. What was the name of Rehoboam's mother, who was an Ammonite?

A). Bathsheba B). Abishag C). Naamah D). Maakah

11530. What did the people of Judah do during Rehoboam's reign?

A). They destroyed all the high places
B). They did evil and set up high places, sacred stones and Asherah poles
C). They rebuilt the temple D). They made peace with Israel

11531. In Rehoboam's fifth year, which king of Egypt attacked Jerusalem and carried off its treasures?

A). Pharaoh Neco B). Hiram C). Achish D). Shishak

11532. Shishak carried off the gold shields Solomon had made. What did Rehoboam make to replace them?

A). Bronze shields B). Silver shields C). Wooden shields D). Iron shields

11533. Who succeeded Rehoboam as king?

A). Nadab B). Asa C). Abijah D). Jeroboam

11534. Who was Solomon's son who is listed first in his line of descendants?

A). Asa B). Jeroboam C). Rehoboam D). Abijah

11535. Who succeeded Solomon as king?

A). Jeroboam B). Rehoboam C). Abijah D). Asa

11536. Where did all Israel go to make Rehoboam king?

A). Jerusalem B). Hebron C). Shechem D). Bethel

11537. What did the people ask Rehoboam to do?

A). Build them a new temple
B). Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them
C). Go to war against Egypt D). Give them more land

11538. How long did Rehoboam tell the people to wait for his answer?

A). Seven days B). One day C). Forty days D). Three days

11539. What advice did the elders who had served Solomon give Rehoboam?

A). Be kind to the people and give a favorable answer B). Punish the people more strictly
C). Leave the kingdom to Jeroboam D). Go to war against the people

11540. After rejecting the elders' advice, whom did Rehoboam consult?

A). The priests B). The young men who had grown up with him C). The prophets
D). The queen mother

11541. Complete the young men's advice: "My little finger is thicker than my father's _____."

A). arm B). hand C). waist D). neck

11542. Complete Rehoboam's harsh words: "My father scourged you with whips; I will scourge you with _____."

A). rods B). chains C). swords D). scorpions

11543. Why did the king not listen to the people, according to the chapter?

A). This turn of events was from God, to fulfill His word through Ahijah
B). He was sick at that time C). He did not hear their request
D). The priests told him not to

11544. What did the Israelites shout when Rehoboam refused to listen?

A). Long live the king! B). To your tents, Israel! C). Stone the king!
D). Return to Egypt!

11545. Over which Israelites did Rehoboam still rule?

A). Those living in Egypt B). Those living in Shechem
C). Those living in the towns of Judah D). Those living east of the Jordan

11546. Which official in charge of forced labor did the Israelites stone to death?

A). Zadok B). Jeroboam C). Ahijah D). Hadoram

11547. How did King Rehoboam escape to Jerusalem?

A). He got into his chariot B). He rode a camel C). He sailed on a ship
D). He hid among the soldiers

11548. How many able young men did Rehoboam gather to fight against Israel?

A). 18,000 B). 180,000 C). 80,000 D). 1,800

11549. Through which man of God did the LORD tell Rehoboam not to fight?

A). Nathan B). Ahijah C). Shemaiah D). Elijah

11550. Why did God tell Judah not to fight against their fellow Israelites?

A). They did not have enough soldiers B). Israel was too strong C). It was winter
D). He said, "This is my doing"

11551. What did Rehoboam and his men do when they heard God's word through Shemaiah?

A). They obeyed and turned back B). They fought anyway
C). They asked another prophet D). They waited forty days

11552. What did Rehoboam build up in Judah after he returned to Jerusalem?

A). New temples B). Towns for defense C). Ships for trade D). Palaces for his sons

11553. Which of these did Rehoboam put in the fortified cities?

A). Idols and altars B). Horses and chariots only
C). Food, olive oil, wine, shields and spears D). Gold shields and ivory thrones

11554. Who left their lands in Israel and came to Judah and Jerusalem?

A). The Philistines B). The elders of Shechem C). The Egyptians
D). The priests and Levites

11555. For how long did the people walk in the ways of David and Solomon, strengthening Rehoboam's kingdom?

A). Seven years B). Forty years C). Ten years D). Three years

11556. Which of his wives did Rehoboam love more than all his other wives and concubines?

A). Maakah daughter of Absalom B). Mahalath C). Abihail D). Naamah

11557. Which son did Rehoboam appoint as chief prince, intending to make him king?

A). Jeroboam B). Abijah C). Asa D). Attai

11558. What did Rehoboam do with his other sons?

A). He sent them to Egypt B). He made them priests
C). He dispersed them to the fortified cities of Judah and Benjamin
D). He kept them all in Jerusalem

11559. What did Rehoboam and all Israel do after his kingdom became strong?

A). They built a new temple B). They abandoned the law of the LORD
C). They made peace with Jeroboam D). They went to war against Egypt

11560. Which king of Egypt attacked Jerusalem in Rehoboam's fifth year?

A). Pharaoh Neco B). So C). Shishak D). Tirhakah

11561. Why did Shishak attack Jerusalem?

A). Rehoboam had stolen his gold B). Egypt needed more land
C). Jeroboam paid him to attack D). The people had been unfaithful to the LORD

11562. When the leaders and the king humbled themselves, what did they say? "The LORD is _____."

A). good B). great C). just D). holy

11563. What did Rehoboam make to replace the gold shields?

A). Silver shields B). Wooden shields C). Bronze shields D). Iron shields

11564. Why was Judah not totally destroyed?

A). Egypt's army was defeated B). Jeroboam came to help C). Shishak became sick
D). Rehoboam humbled himself, so the LORD's anger turned from him

11565. How many years did Rehoboam reign in Jerusalem?

A). Seventeen B). Forty C). Twenty-two D). Seven

11566. Who was Rehoboam's mother?

A). Maakah B). Naamah C). Bathsheba D). Abihail

11567. Why did Rehoboam do evil?

A). He was too young B). He was poor
C). He had not set his heart on seeking the LORD D). He had no prophets

11568. What was there between Rehoboam and Jeroboam throughout their reigns?

A). A peace treaty B). Trade and friendship C). Marriage alliances
D). Continual warfare

11569. Who succeeded Rehoboam as king?

A). Abijah B). Asa C). Jeroboam D). Jehoshaphat

Rehum

11570. Which commanding officer, together with Shimshai the secretary, wrote a letter against Jerusalem?

A). Rehum B). Tattenai C). Mithredath D). Tabeel

11571. What did Rehum and Shimshai do after reading the king's reply?

A). They forced the Jews to stop building B). They helped the Jews finish the walls
C). They sent gifts to the temple D). They left the land of Judah

Rekab

11572. Who were the two leaders of raiding bands who killed Ish-Bosheth?

A). Joab and Abishai B). Baanah and Rekab C). Ziba and Mephibosheth
D). Hanun and Shobi

11573. When did Rekab and Baanah go into Ish-Bosheth's house to kill him?

A). In the heat of the day while he was resting B). At dawn before he woke
C). At midnight while he slept D). During a feast

11574. What did Rekab and Baanah bring to David at Hebron?

A). Saul's crown B). The head of Ish-Bosheth C). A letter from Ish-Bosheth
D). Gold and silver

11575. Whom did David remind Rekab and Baanah of when he refused to reward them?

A). Nabal of Carmel B). Goliath of Gath
C). The man at Ziklag who reported Saul's death D). Doeg the Edomite

11576. Which ancestor had commanded the Rekabites never to drink wine?

A). Moses B). Aaron C). Rekab D). Jonadab son of Rekab

Reuben

11577. Which brother tried to save Joseph's life by suggesting they throw him into a cistern instead of killing him?

A). Judah B). Reuben C). Simeon D). Levi

11578. What did the brothers say to one another about their trouble in Egypt?

A). That Pharaoh had cursed them
B). That they were being punished for what they did to Joseph
C). That the famine was their fault D). That they should never return home

11579. Which son was called Jacob's firstborn but would no longer excel because of his sin?

A). Reuben B). Simeon C). Levi D). Judah

11580. On which side of the camp was the tribe of Reuben placed?

A). The north side B). The south side C). The east side D). The west side

11581. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Israel listed in 1 Chronicles 2?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Esau D). Benjamin

11582. Who was the firstborn son of Israel?

A). Judah B). Reuben C). Joseph D). Simeon

11583. Why did Reuben lose his rights as firstborn?

A). He sold them for a meal B). He ran away to Egypt
C). He defiled his father's marriage bed D). He refused to go to war

11584. To whose sons were Reuben's rights as firstborn given?

A). Judah's B). Levi's C). Benjamin's D). Joseph's

Rezin

11585. Which two kings did the LORD begin to send against Judah in Jotham's days?

A). Pul and Menahem B). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah son of Remaliah
C). Hazael and Ben-Hadad D). Tiglath-Pileser and Hoshea

11586. Which two kings besieged Ahaz in Jerusalem but could not overpower him?

A). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel B). Tiglath-Pileser and Pul
C). Hazael and Jehoash D). Menahem and Hoshea

11587. Which town did Rezin recover for Aram, driving out the people of Judah?

A). Lachish B). Gath C). Libnah D). Elath

11588. What did the king of Assyria do after receiving Ahaz's gift?

A). He captured Damascus and put Rezin to death B). He attacked Jerusalem
C). He returned the gift D). He made peace with Aram

11589. Which two kings marched up to fight against Jerusalem in the days of Ahaz?

A). Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel B). Sennacherib and Nebuchadnezzar
C). Hiram king of Tyre and Ben-Hadad D). Jehu and Omri

11590. What did God call the two enemy kings when telling Ahaz not to lose heart?

A). Two roaring lions B). Two broken swords C). Two smoldering stubs of firewood
D). Two dry wells

Rezon

11591. Where did Rezon, another adversary of Solomon, rule?

A). Tyre B). Gath C). Damascus D). Egypt

Rhoda

11592. Which servant girl came to the door and recognized Peter's voice?

A). Lydia B). Rhoda C). Dorcas D). Priscilla

11593. What did Rhoda do when she recognized Peter's voice?

A). She opened the door at once B). She fainted
C). She ran back without opening the door D). She called the guards

11594. What did the people say to Rhoda when she said Peter was at the door?

A). You're out of your mind B). Let him in quickly C). Bring us bread
D). Ask him to wait

Rich young man

11595. What did the man who came to Jesus ask him?

A). "Teacher, where do you live?" B). "Teacher, can you heal my son?"
C). "Teacher, should we pay taxes?"
D). "Teacher, what good thing must I do to get eternal life?"

11596. How did Jesus first answer the man's question about what is good?

A). "You are already good." B). "Ask the priests." C). "There is only One who is good."
D). "Goodness comes from riches."

11597. Among the commandments Jesus listed for the young man was: "Love your _____ as yourself."

A). enemy B). neighbor C). brother D). friend

11598. After saying he had kept all the commandments, what did the young man ask?

A). "What do I still lack?" B). "Can I be your disciple?" C). "Where is your home?"
D). "Who is my neighbor?"

11599. What did Jesus tell the young man to do if he wanted to be perfect?

A). Give a tenth of his money B). Fast for forty days C). Build a synagogue
D). Sell his possessions, give to the poor, and follow Jesus

11600. Why did the young man go away sad?

A). His father had died B). Jesus refused to teach him C). He had great wealth
D). He was sick

11601. What did the man who ran up and knelt before Jesus ask him?

A). Where do you live? B). What must I do to inherit eternal life?
C). Can you heal my son? D). Who is my neighbor?

11602. Complete Jesus' reply: "Why do you call me good? No one is good—except God ___."

A). alone B). above C). in heaven D). the Father

11603. What did Jesus tell the man was the one thing he lacked?

A). To keep the Sabbath B). To pray more often
C). To sell everything, give to the poor, and follow Jesus D). To offer a sacrifice at the temple

11604. Why did the man go away sad?

A). He was sick B). He had great wealth C). He could not find Jesus
D). His family was angry

Rizpah

11605. What did Ish-Bosheth accuse Abner of?

A). Stealing Saul's crown B). Sleeping with Saul's concubine Rizpah
C). Making a secret treaty with the Philistines D). Killing Asahel without cause

11606. Which mother spread sackcloth on a rock and protected the bodies of her sons from birds and wild animals?

A). Merab B). Michal C). Ahinoam D). Rizpah

Ruth

11607. What were the names of the two Moabite women who married Naomi's sons?

A). Leah and Rachel B). Orpah and Ruth C). Mary and Martha
D). Peninnah and Hannah

11608. Complete Ruth's words: "Where you go I will go, and where you stay I will ___."

A). rest B). stay C). live D). wait

11609. Complete Ruth's words: "Your people will be my people and your ___ my God."

A). God B). faith C). home D). Lord

11610. What does Ruth's promise to Naomi show about her decision?

A). She wanted to marry a rich man in Judah

B). She planned to return to Moab after the famine

C). She was fully committed to Naomi, her people and her God

D). She was afraid to travel alone

11611. According to Ruth, what was the only thing that would separate her from Naomi?

A). Poverty B). Death C). Another marriage D). A famine

11612. At what time of year did Naomi and Ruth arrive in Bethlehem?

A). At the start of the wheat harvest B). At the Passover

C). At the beginning of the barley harvest D). During the grape harvest

11613. What did Ruth ask Naomi if she could go and do in the fields?

A). Sell bread to the harvesters B). Look after the sheep C). Pick up leftover grain

D). Draw water for the workers

11614. Whose field did Ruth happen to work in?

A). Elimelek's field B). The priest's field C). The king's field D). Boaz's field

11615. How did the overseer describe Ruth to Boaz?

A). A widow from Jericho B). A servant of the priest

C). The Moabite who came back with Naomi D). A daughter of the elders

11616. What did Boaz tell Ruth to do while gathering grain?

A). Stay in his field with the women who worked for him B). Go to another field after lunch

C). Work only at night D). Pay a share of the grain to him

11617. Why was Ruth surprised by Boaz's kindness?

A). She was very young B). She had no money C). She had never worked in a field

D). She was a foreigner

11618. What had Boaz heard about Ruth?

A). That she was rich in Moab

B). All she had done for her mother-in-law since her husband died

C). That she was a skilled harvester D). That she had a brother in Bethlehem

11619. Boaz said Ruth had come to take refuge under whose wings?

A). The wings of the angels B). The wings of Naomi's family

C). The wings of the LORD, the God of Israel D). The wings of the cherubim in the temple

11620. What did Boaz offer Ruth at mealtime?

A). Fish and bread B). Honey and figs C). Meat and wine
D). Bread dipped in wine vinegar and roasted grain

11621. What did Boaz tell his men to do to help Ruth?

A). Pull out some stalks from the bundles for her B). Carry her grain home
C). Give her silver D). Build her a shelter

11622. About how much barley did Ruth have after threshing at the end of the day?

A). An omer B). An ephah C). A homer D). A seah

11623. Until when did Ruth keep gleaning with Boaz's women workers?

A). Until the Feast of Tabernacles B). Until the grape harvest
C). Until the barley and wheat harvests were finished D). Until Naomi became sick

11624. What did Naomi want to find for Ruth?

A). A home where she would be well provided for B). A job in the king's palace
C). A way back to Moab D). A field of her own

11625. What did Naomi tell Ruth to do before going to the threshing floor?

A). Fast and pray B). Bring a gift of silver C). Ask the elders for permission
D). Wash, put on perfume and her best clothes

11626. When was Ruth to let Boaz know she was there?

A). As soon as she arrived B). After he had finished eating and drinking C). At sunrise
D). When the harvesters left

11627. What did Naomi tell Ruth to do when Boaz lay down?

A). Wake him with a song B). Sit by the door and wait C). Uncover his feet and lie down
D). Leave a message for him

11628. When did Boaz discover a woman lying at his feet?

A). At sunset B). At dawn C). At noon D). In the middle of the night

11629. Ruth said, "Spread the corner of your garment over me, since you are a ___ of our family."

A). servant B). guardian-redeemer C). friend D). judge

11630. Why did Boaz say Ruth's kindness was greater than before?

A). She had given him silver B). She had worked harder than the others
C). She had not run after the younger men, rich or poor
D). She had brought Naomi to meet him

11631. Boaz said, "All the people of my town know that you are a woman of ___ character."

A). gentle B). humble C). faithful D). noble

11632. Why could Boaz not promise at once to redeem Ruth?

A). There was a guardian-redeemer more closely related than he was

B). He was already married C). The elders had forbidden it D). He was too poor

11633. When did Ruth get up to leave the threshing floor?

A). At noon B). Before anyone could be recognized C). After Boaz went to town

D). After the workers arrived

11634. What did Boaz put into Ruth's shawl?

A). Ten pieces of silver B). A loaf of bread C). Two measures of wheat

D). Six measures of barley

11635. What would the guardian-redeemer also receive if he bought the land?

A). Naomi's silver B). Ruth the Moabite, to keep the dead man's name with his property

C). A seat among the elders D). Boaz's field

11636. Why did Boaz say he was acquiring Ruth as his wife?

A). To become a leader in Israel B). To gain more fields

C). Because the elders ordered him D). To keep the dead man's name with his property

11637. The people prayed that Ruth would be like which two women who built up the family of Israel?

A). Sarah and Rebekah B). Rachel and Leah C). Miriam and Deborah

D). Hannah and Peninnah

11638. What did the LORD give Ruth after she married Boaz?

A). A daughter B). Twins C). A son D). A field

11639. The women told Naomi that Ruth loved her and was better to her than ___ sons.

A). two B). seven C). ten D). twelve

11640. What was the name of Ruth and Boaz's son?

A). Jesse B). Obed C). Perez D). Salmon

11641. Boaz was the father of Obed. Who was Obed's mother?

A). Ruth B). Orpah C). Bathsheba D). Mary

Sadducees

11642. Which group said there is no resurrection?

A). The Pharisees B). The Zealots C). The Sadducees D). The Samaritans

11643. In the Sadducees' story, how many brothers married the same woman?

A). Three B). Five C). Twelve D). Seven

Salmon

11644. According to the family line, who was the father of Boaz?

A). Nahshon B). Ram C). Salmon D). Perez

11645. According to Jesus' genealogy, who was the mother of Boaz?

A). Ruth B). Naomi C). Tamar D). Rahab

Salome

11646. Which of these women was watching the crucifixion from a distance?

A). Martha B). Mary Magdalene C). Lydia D). Elizabeth

11647. Why did the women buy spices when the Sabbath was over?

A). To sell in the market B). To anoint Jesus' body C). To burn in the temple
D). To give to the disciples

11648. Which of these women went to the tomb with spices along with Mary Magdalene and Mary the mother of James?

A). Martha B). Salome C). Joanna D). Lydia

Samaritan woman

11649. What did Jesus ask the Samaritan woman to give him?

A). Bread B). A place to stay C). A drink D). Directions to the town

11650. Why was the Samaritan woman surprised that Jesus asked her for a drink?

A). He was a priest B). Jews do not associate with Samaritans C). She had no bucket
D). It was the Sabbath

11651. What did Jesus say the water he gives will become in a person?

A). A pool of healing B). A river of Jordan C). A spring of water welling up to eternal life
D). A cup that never empties

11652. What did Jesus reveal about the Samaritan woman that she had not told him?

A). She was from Jerusalem
B). She had five husbands, and the man she had now was not her husband
C). She was a widow D). She was a priest's daughter

11653. The Samaritan woman said her ancestors worshiped on a mountain, while the Jews said people must worship where?

A). In Jerusalem B). On Mount Sinai C). In Bethel D). On Mount Carmel

11654. When the woman spoke about the coming Messiah, what did Jesus tell her?

A). The Messiah will come in three days B). John the Baptist is the Messiah
C). The Messiah will come from Samaria D). I, the one speaking to you—I am he

11655. What did the woman leave behind when she went back to the town?

A). Her water jar B). Her cloak C). Her sandals D). Her basket

11656. After Jesus stayed two days in their town, what did many Samaritans tell the woman?

A). We still do not believe B). We will follow him to Jerusalem
C). We believe because of your words alone
D). We have heard for ourselves, and we know this man really is the Savior of the world

Samson

11657. What was the name of Samson's father?

A). Elkanah B). Zechariah C). Joash D). Manoah

11658. What did the angel say must never be used on the boy's head?

A). Oil B). A crown C). A helmet D). A razor

11659. Complete the verse: "The boy is to be a ___, dedicated to God from the womb."

A). Levite B). Nazirite C). prophet D). priest

11660. What did the angel say the boy would do for Israel?

A). Become the first king of Israel B). Build a temple for the LORD
C). Take the lead in delivering Israel from the Philistines D). Serve as high priest in Shiloh

11661. What name did Manoah's wife give to her son?

A). Samuel B). Samson C). Jether D). Jotham

11662. Where did the Spirit of the LORD begin to stir Samson?

A). In Mizpah B). In Shiloh C). In Mahaneh Dan, between Zorah and Eshtaol
D). In Timnah

11663. Where did Samson see the young Philistine woman he wanted to marry?

A). Gaza B). Zorah C). Timnah D). Ashkelon

11664. Why did Samson's parents not want him to marry the woman from Timnah?

A). She was too young
B). She was from the uncircumcised Philistines, not from their own people
C). She was very poor D). She lived too far away

11665. What did Samson's parents not know about his wish to marry the Philistine woman?

A). The woman was secretly an Israelite
B). The marriage would bring peace with the Philistines
C). Samson had already married her
D). It was from the LORD, who was looking for a chance to confront the Philistines

11666. What animal came roaring toward Samson near the vineyards of Timnah?

A). A young lion B). A bear C). A leopard D). A wolf

11667. Whom did Samson tell about killing the lion?

A). Only his mother B). Only his father C). No one — not even his father or mother
D). The Philistine woman

11668. When Samson went back to look at the lion's carcass, what did he find in it?

A). A nest of birds B). A swarm of bees and some honey C). A bag of silver
D). A sleeping lamb

11669. When Samson gave some honey to his parents, what did he not tell them?

A). That it came from Timnah B). That he had bought it with silver
C). That the bees had stung him D). That he had taken it from the lion's carcass

11670. How many companions were given to Samson at his wedding feast?

A). Thirty B). Twelve C). Seventy D). Three hundred

11671. What did Samson promise the thirty companions if they could explain his riddle?

A). Thirty shekels of silver B). Thirty sheep and goats
C). Thirty linen garments and thirty sets of clothes D). A gold ring for each man

11672. Complete Samson's riddle: "Out of the eater, something to eat; out of the strong, something ___."

A). strong B). sweet C). bright D). wise

11673. Within how many days did the companions have to solve Samson's riddle?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). One month D). Seven days

11674. How did the companions pressure Samson's wife to find out the answer to the riddle?

A). They threatened to burn her and her father's household to death
B). They offered her a lot of gold C). They told her Samson would leave her
D). They promised to make her a queen

11675. What answer did the men of the town give to Samson's riddle?

A). "A bear in the forest" B). "A bee on a flower"
C). "What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?" D). "Bread from the oven"

11676. Complete what Samson said: "If you had not plowed with my ___, you would not have solved my riddle."

A). donkey B). heifer C). ox D). sheep

11677. To which city did Samson go to strike down thirty men and take their clothes to pay the riddle debt?

A). Gaza B). Timnah C). Ekron D). Ashkelon

11678. What happened to Samson's wife after he went back to his father's home in anger?

A). She was given to one of Samson's companions from the feast

B). She followed Samson to Zorah C). She became a servant in Gaza

D). She stayed unmarried in her father's house

11679. At what time of year did Samson take a young goat and go to visit his wife?

A). At the time of barley harvest B). At the time of wheat harvest

C). At the time of grape harvest D). In the middle of winter

11680. Why would his wife's father not let Samson go in to see her?

A). She had died while Samson was away B). She had moved to Gaza

C). She refused to see Samson

D). He had given her to Samson's companion, and offered her younger sister instead

11681. How many foxes did Samson catch?

A). Thirty B). One thousand C). Three hundred D). Seventy

11682. What did Samson use the foxes to do?

A). Set fire to the Philistines' grain, vineyards and olive groves

B). Frighten away the Philistine army C). Carry messages to the men of Judah

D). Guard the vineyards of Timnah

11683. When the Philistines found out why Samson burned their fields, what did they do?

A). They burned the town of Zorah B). They burned his wife and her father to death

C). They captured Samson's father Manoah D). They made peace with Samson

11684. Where did Samson go and stay after he attacked the Philistines?

A). In the cave of Adullam B). On top of Mount Gerizim C). In the tower of Thebez

D). In a cave in the rock of Etam

11685. Who came to the rock of Etam to tie Samson up and hand him over to the Philistines?

A). The men of Dan B). The Ephraimites C). Three thousand men of Judah

D). The Philistine army

11686. Why did the men of Judah want to hand Samson over to the Philistines?

A). The Philistines were rulers over them, and Samson's actions brought trouble on them

B). Samson had stolen from Judah C). The priests commanded them to

D). The Philistines offered them a large reward

11687. With what did the men of Judah tie Samson up?

A). Iron chains B). Two new ropes C). Seven fresh bowstrings D). Leather straps

11688. Complete the verse: "The ropes on his arms became like charred ___, and the bindings dropped from his hands."

A). straw B). grass C). thread D). flax

11689. What did Samson use to strike down the Philistines at Lehi?

A). An ox goad B). A wooden club C). The fresh jawbone of a donkey
D). A bronze spear

11690. How many men did Samson strike down with the donkey's jawbone?

A). A thousand B). Three hundred C). Six hundred D). Three thousand

11691. After Samson threw away the jawbone, what was that place called?

A). En Hakkore B). Ramath Lehi C). Mahaneh Dan D). Beth Shemesh

11692. After the great victory, Samson was very thirsty. What did he do?

A). He went down to the Jordan River B). He asked the men of Judah for water
C). He dug a well with the jawbone D). He cried out to the LORD

11693. What was the spring called that God opened up for Samson at Lehi?

A). Ramath Lehi B). The spring of Harod C). En Hakkore D). Beer

11694. How long did Samson lead Israel?

A). Twenty years B). Forty years C). Seven years D). Eight years

11695. When the people of Gaza waited to kill Samson at the city gate, what did he do in the middle of the night?

A). He climbed over the city wall B). He hid inside a well
C). He fought all the guards at the gate
D). He tore loose the doors of the city gate with the two posts and carried them away

11696. Where did Samson carry the doors of the Gaza city gate?

A). To the top of Mount Gerizim B). To the top of Mount Tabor
C). To the top of the hill that faces Hebron D). To the hill of Moreh

11697. In which valley did Delilah live?

A). The Valley of Sorek B). The Valley of Jezreel C). The Valley of Elah
D). The Valley of Aijalon

11698. What was the name of the woman the Philistine rulers paid to find out Samson's secret?

A). Jael B). Delilah C). Deborah D). Aksah

11699. What did Delilah keep asking Samson to tell her?

A). Where his parents lived B). The answer to his riddle
C). The secret of his great strength D). Where he hid the gate of Gaza

11700. The first time Delilah asked, what did Samson say could be used to tie him up so he would become weak?

A). Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried B). Iron chains C). Leather straps
D). Bronze shackles

11701. In what order did Samson give Delilah these answers?

A). New ropes → fresh bowstrings → shaving his head → weaving his hair on the loom
B). Fresh bowstrings → new ropes → weaving his hair on the loom → shaving his head
C). Weaving his hair on the loom → new ropes → fresh bowstrings → shaving his head
D). Shaving his head → weaving his hair on the loom → fresh bowstrings → new ropes

11702. The third time, what did Samson tell Delilah to do with the seven braids of his hair?

A). Tie them to a tree B). Cover them with oil C). Cut them off with a knife
D). Weave them into the fabric on the loom and tighten it with the pin

11703. Complete what Delilah said: "How can you say, 'I love you,' when you won't ___ in me?"

A). listen B). obey C). confide D). pray

11704. What did Samson finally tell Delilah was the secret of his strength?

A). If his head were shaved, his strength would leave him
B). If he drank wine, his strength would leave him
C). If he were tied with gold chains, he would be weak
D). If he touched a dead body, he would be weak

11705. How was Samson's hair cut off?

A). The Philistines cut it while he was awake
B). Delilah put him to sleep on her lap and called someone to shave off his seven braids
C). Delilah gave him wine and cut it herself D). He was taken to a barber in Gaza

11706. Complete the verse: "But he did not know that the ___ had left him."

A). Philistines B). servants C). guards D). LORD

11707. What did the Philistines do to Samson after they seized him?

A). They cut off his thumbs B). They shaved his head again
C). They gouged out his eyes D). They branded his arm

11708. What work did the Philistines force Samson to do in the prison at Gaza?

A). Grinding grain B). Making bricks C). Carrying water D). Building the temple

11709. What began to happen to Samson while he was in prison?

A). His eyes were healed B). The hair on his head began to grow again
C). His shackles broke by themselves D). He escaped at night

11710. To which god did the Philistine rulers offer a great sacrifice after capturing Samson?

A). Baal B). Chemosh C). Molek D). Dagon

11711. What did Samson ask the servant who held his hand to do?

A). Bring him a sword B). Give him some water

C). Put him where he could feel the pillars that supported the temple

D). Take him to see Delilah

11712. About how many men and women were on the roof of the temple watching Samson?

A). About three thousand B). About three hundred C). About thirty

D). About thirty thousand

11713. Complete Samson's prayer: "Sovereign LORD, ___ me. Please, God, strengthen me just once more."

A). forgive B). remember C). save D). bless

11714. What does the Bible say about the number of people Samson killed when the temple fell?

A). Only the Philistine rulers died B). All the Philistines escaped

C). He killed fewer than at Lehi D). He killed many more when he died than while he lived

11715. Where was Samson buried?

A). In Gaza B). In Timnah

C). Between Zorah and Eshtaol in the tomb of his father Manoah D). At Lehi

11716. Which of these people is NOT named in Hebrews 11:32?

A). Gideon B). Samson C). David D). Elijah

Samuel

11717. Why did Hannah name her son Samuel?

A). Because he was born at Shiloh B). Because she asked the LORD for him

C). Because Eli chose the name D). Because it was his grandfather's name

11718. When did Hannah take Samuel to the house of the LORD at Shiloh?

A). On the day he was born B). When he was twelve years old C). After he was weaned

D). After Eli died

11719. Which event happened LAST in 1 Samuel 1?

A). Hannah brought Samuel to Eli and gave him to the LORD

B). Hannah named her son Samuel C). The family returned home to Ramah

D). Hannah weaned Samuel

11720. How did Hannah keep the vow she made in her prayer?

A). She sacrificed a bull every year B). She gave Samuel to the LORD for his whole life
C). She stayed at Shiloh as a servant D). She named him after Eli

11721. After Elkanah went home to Ramah, what did the boy Samuel do?

A). He went back with his family B). He tended sheep C). He studied with the prophets
D). He ministered before the LORD under Eli

11722. What did young Samuel wear while ministering before the LORD?

A). A coat of many colors B). A linen ephod C). A crown of gold
D). A shepherd's cloak

11723. What did Hannah make for Samuel each year?

A). A pair of sandals B). A little robe C). A wooden toy D). A leather belt

11724. The boy Samuel continued to grow in stature and in ___ with the LORD and with people.

A). favor B). wisdom C). strength D). power

11725. What was true about the word of the LORD in the days when Samuel was a boy?

A). It came to every priest B). It was rare, and there were not many visions
C). It was written on the temple walls D). It came only through dreams to kings

11726. Where was Samuel lying down when the LORD called him?

A). In his father's house at Ramah B). In a tent in the fields C). At the city gate
D). In the house of the LORD, where the ark of God was

11727. When Samuel first heard someone call his name, what did he do?

A). He ran to Eli B). He went outside to look C). He hid in fear
D). He went back to sleep

11728. Why did Samuel not recognize that it was the LORD calling him?

A). He was too sleepy B). The LORD spoke very quietly
C). The word of the LORD had not yet been revealed to him D). Eli told him it was a dream

11729. When did Eli realize that the LORD was calling Samuel?

A). The first time B). The third time C). The fourth time D). The next morning

11730. Samuel said, "Speak, for your servant is ___."

A). ready B). waiting C). listening D). here

11731. What did the LORD do the fourth time He called Samuel?

A). He spoke from a burning bush B). He sent an angel C). He wrote on the wall
D). He came and stood there

11732. How did Samuel feel about telling Eli the vision?

A). Excited B). Afraid C). Proud D). Angry

11733. After Samuel told him everything, what did Eli say?

A). "Go and tell the elders." B). "This is only a dream."
C). "He is the LORD; let him do what is good in his eyes."
D). "Pray that the LORD will change his mind."

11734. What does it mean that the LORD let none of Samuel's words "fall to the ground"?

A). Samuel never spoke loudly B). Samuel's words from the LORD all proved true
C). Samuel wrote everything down D). Samuel spoke only in the temple

11735. All Israel recognized Samuel as a prophet from Dan to where?

A). Jerusalem B). Beersheba C). Hebron D). Jericho

11736. Where did the LORD continue to appear and reveal Himself to Samuel?

A). Shiloh B). Bethel C). Mizpah D). Ramah

11737. What did Samuel tell Israel to do if they were returning to the LORD with all their hearts?

A). Build a new temple B). Get rid of the foreign gods and serve the LORD only
C). Bring the ark into battle D). Choose a king

11738. Where did Samuel gather all Israel to pray for them?

A). Mizpah B). Shiloh C). Bethel D). Gilgal

11739. What did Samuel offer to the LORD when the Philistines came up to attack?

A). A bull B). A suckling lamb as a whole burnt offering C). Two doves D). A goat

11740. What name did Samuel give the stone he set up between Mizpah and Shen?

A). Ebenezer B). Bethel C). Gilgal D). Peniel

11741. Samuel said, "Thus far the LORD has ___ us."

A). saved B). led C). helped D). blessed

11742. What happened with the Philistines throughout Samuel's lifetime?

A). They ruled over Israel B). They made peace and worshiped the LORD
C). They took the ark again D). The hand of the LORD was against them

11743. Samuel went on a yearly circuit to judge Israel at Bethel, Gilgal and which other place?

A). Shiloh B). Mizpah C). Hebron D). Beersheba

11744. Where was Samuel's home, where he also built an altar to the LORD?

A). Ramah B). Shiloh C). Mizpah D). Bethel

11745. What were the names of Samuel's two sons?

A). Hophni and Phinehas B). Joel and Abijah C). Nadab and Abihu
D). Jonathan and Abinadab

11746. What did the elders of Israel ask Samuel to give them?

A). A new temple B). A great army C). More land
D). A king to lead them, like all the other nations

11747. How did Samuel respond when the elders asked for a king?

A). He was displeased and prayed to the LORD B). He was glad and chose a king at once
C). He left Ramah D). He sent the elders away in anger

11748. According to the LORD, whom had the people really rejected by asking for a king?

A). Samuel B). The elders C). The LORD Himself as their king D). Samuel's sons

11749. What did the LORD tell Samuel to do before giving the people a king?

A). Anoint Joel as king B). Warn them about what the king would claim
C). Make them offer a sacrifice D). Send them back to their towns

11750. Samuel warned that a king would take all of these EXCEPT which one?

A). Their sons for his chariots B). A tenth of their grain and flocks
C). Their best fields and vineyards D). Their houses to give to foreigners

11751. Samuel warned, "You yourselves will become his ___."

A). soldiers B). servants C). slaves D). subjects

11752. What did Samuel say would happen when the people cried out for relief from their king?

A). The LORD would not answer them B). The LORD would give them a new king
C). Samuel would remove the king D). Their enemies would help them

11753. What was the LORD's final answer to Samuel about the people's request?

A). "Send them away." B). "Wait forty years." C). "Choose one of your sons."
D). "Listen to them and give them a king."

11754. What did the LORD tell Samuel the day before Saul came?

A). That Saul was a thief B). That He would send a man from Benjamin to anoint as ruler
C). That the donkeys were dead D). That Samuel should leave the town

11755. When Samuel saw Saul, what did the LORD tell him?

A). "Send him home to his father." B). "He is not the one." C). "Give him silver."
D). "This is the man I spoke to you about; he will govern my people."

11756. What did Samuel tell Saul about the lost donkeys?

A). They had been stolen B). They had been found C). They had died
D). They were in Egypt

11757. How did Samuel honor Saul at the meal?

A). He gave him his own robe

B). He seated him at the head and had a special piece of meat set before him

C). He washed his feet D). He gave him a sword

11758. Where did Samuel talk with Saul after the meal?

A). By the city gate B). In the fields C). In the temple D). On the roof of his house

11759. What did Samuel pour on Saul's head?

A). Water B). Olive oil C). Wine D). Ashes

11760. How long did Samuel tell Saul to wait for him at Gilgal?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Seven days D). One month

11761. At Mizpah, what did Samuel say the people had done by asking for a king?

A). They had obeyed the law B). They had rejected their God who saves them

C). They had chosen wisely D). They had made peace with the Philistines

11762. In what order were the lots taken to choose the king?

A). Tribe of Benjamin, then Matri's clan, then Saul B). Saul, then Matri's clan, then Benjamin

C). Matri's clan, then Benjamin, then Saul D). Tribe of Judah, then Benjamin, then Saul

11763. When Samuel presented Saul, the people shouted, "Long live the ___!"

A). prophet B). judge C). king D). LORD

11764. What did Samuel write on a scroll and place before the LORD?

A). The rights and duties of kingship B). The Ten Commandments

C). The names of the twelve tribes D). A list of Saul's enemies

11765. Why did Saul cut a pair of oxen into pieces and send them throughout Israel?

A). To feed the army B). As an offering to the LORD

C). As a warning of what would happen to the oxen of anyone who did not follow Saul and Samuel

D). To pay the Ammonites

11766. Where did Samuel lead the people to renew the kingship?

A). Ramah B). Gilgal C). Jerusalem D). Bethel

11767. Why did Samuel ask the people, "Whose ox have I taken? Whose donkey have I taken?"

A). He wanted to buy an ox

B). He was asking them to say if he had ever cheated or wronged anyone

C). He had lost his animals D). He wanted a gift for the new king

11768. How did the people answer Samuel's questions about his leadership?

A). They said he had taken their oxen B). They said he had accepted bribes

C). They said he had not cheated or oppressed them D). They refused to answer

11769. Which of these did Samuel name among the leaders the LORD sent to deliver Israel?

A). Jephthah B). Joshua C). Moses D). Eli

11770. According to Samuel, what would go well for Israel and their king?

A). Fearing, serving and obeying the LORD B). Building a larger army

C). Making treaties with other nations D). Collecting more gold

11771. What sign did the LORD send during the wheat harvest when Samuel called on Him?

A). A great earthquake B). Thunder and rain C). Fire from heaven

D). A swarm of locusts

11772. What did the thunder and rain show the people?

A). That the harvest would be large B). That Saul was a good king

C). That the Philistines were coming

D). What an evil thing they had done in asking for a king

11773. After the thunder and rain, what did the people ask Samuel to do?

A). Choose a new king B). Leave them C). Pray for them so they would not die

D). Offer a sacrifice for Saul

11774. Samuel said, "Do not turn away from the LORD, but serve the LORD with all your ___."

A). heart B). strength C). soul D). mind

11775. Why did Samuel say the LORD would not reject His people?

A). Because they were stronger than other nations B). For the sake of His great name

C). Because Saul was a good king D). Because they offered many sacrifices

11776. Samuel said, "Far be it from me that I should sin against the LORD by failing to ___ for you."

A). fight B). speak C). pray D). care

11777. What did Samuel warn would happen if the people kept doing evil?

A). They would lose the ark again B). They would return to Egypt

C). They would have no rain D). Both they and their king would perish

11778. How long did Saul wait at Gilgal for Samuel?

A). Seven days B). Three days C). Forty days D). Ten days

11779. When did Samuel arrive at Gilgal?

A). The next morning B). After the battle

C). Just as Saul finished offering the burnt offering D). Seven days later

11780. What reason did Saul give for offering the sacrifice himself?

A). God told him to do it B). Jonathan asked him to C). Samuel had died

D). His men were scattering, Samuel had not come, and the Philistines were gathering

11781. What did Samuel say the LORD would have done if Saul had kept His command?

A). Given Saul many sons B). Established Saul's kingdom over Israel for all time

C). Made Saul a prophet D). Destroyed the Philistines that day

11782. Samuel told Saul, "The LORD has sought out a man after his own ___."

A). heart B). choosing C). people D). image

11783. Why did the LORD say He would punish the Amalekites?

A). They had stolen the ark B). They worshiped Dagon

C). They waylaid Israel when Israel came up from Egypt D). They killed Samuel's sons

11784. How did Samuel respond when the LORD said He regretted making Saul king?

A). He was angry and cried out to the LORD all night B). He went to anoint a new king

C). He celebrated D). He left Israel

11785. Samuel asked Saul, "What then is this bleating of ___ in my ears?"

A). goats B). lambs C). cattle D). sheep

11786. Samuel said, "To ___ is better than sacrifice."

A). obey B). pray C). give D). sing

11787. Why did the LORD reject Saul as king?

A). Because Saul was too old B). Because Saul had rejected the word of the LORD

C). Because Saul lost a battle D). Because Saul's son was chosen

11788. What happened when Saul caught hold of Samuel's robe?

A). Samuel fell down B). Saul was healed C). The robe turned white

D). The robe tore

11789. According to Samuel, to whom would the LORD give the kingdom?

A). To Jonathan B). To Samuel's sons

C). To one of Saul's neighbors, one better than him D). To the king of the Amalekites

11790. Samuel said, "He who is the Glory of Israel does not lie or change his ___."

A). way B). mind C). word D). heart

11791. Who put Agag to death?

A). Saul B). Jonathan C). Samuel D). Abner

11792. What happened between Samuel and Saul after this?

A). Samuel made Saul his son B). Samuel did not go to see Saul again until the day he died
C). Saul went to live with Samuel D). They fought a battle together

11793. To which town did the LORD send Samuel to anoint a new king?

A). Bethlehem B). Hebron C). Gibeah D). Jerusalem

11794. Why was Samuel afraid to go and anoint a new king?

A). He was too old to travel B). He did not know the way
C). He was afraid Saul would hear about it and kill him D). He did not know Jesse

11795. How did the elders of Bethlehem react when Samuel arrived?

A). They held a feast B). They trembled and asked if he came in peace
C). They ran away D). They told Saul

11796. Which of Jesse's sons did Samuel first think must be the LORD's anointed?

A). Abinadab B). Shammah C). David D). Eliab

11797. "People look at the outward appearance, but the LORD looks at the ___."

A). face B). mind C). heart D). eyes

11798. How many of Jesse's sons passed before Samuel without being chosen?

A). Three B). Five C). Ten D). Seven

11799. What did Samuel do when David arrived?

A). He sent him back to the sheep B). He anointed him in the presence of his brothers
C). He gave him a sword D). He took him to Saul

11800. To whom did David go after escaping from Saul?

A). Jesse at Bethlehem B). Samuel at Ramah C). Ahimelek at Nob
D). Achish at Gath

11801. Where was Samuel buried after he died?

A). At Shiloh B). At his home in Ramah C). At Gilgal D). At Mizpah

11802. What did the woman realize when she saw Samuel?

A). That she was dreaming B). That the visitor was a Philistine
C). That the visitor was Saul D). That she had called the wrong person

11803. How did the woman describe the figure she saw coming up?

A). A young man with a sword B). A king with a crown C). An angel with wings
D). An old man wearing a robe

11804. According to Samuel, to whom had the LORD given Saul's kingdom?

A). David B). Jonathan C). Abner D). Achish

11805. What reason did Samuel give for the LORD's judgment on Saul?

A). Saul had killed the priests of Nob

B). Saul did not obey the LORD or carry out His fierce wrath against the Amalekites

C). Saul had married foreign women D). Saul had built a monument to himself

11806. What did Samuel say would happen the next day?

A). Saul would defeat the Philistines B). David would become king that day

C). Saul and his sons would be with Samuel, and Israel's army would be given to the Philistines

D). Saul would be taken captive

11807. Who were the two sons of Samuel?

A). Hophni and Phinehas B). Nadab and Abihu C). Joel and Abijah

D). Eli and Ichabod

11808. Heman the musician was the grandson of which famous man?

A). Samuel B). Moses C). Aaron D). David

11809. Who assigned the gatekeepers to their positions of trust?

A). Solomon and Zadok B). Moses and Aaron C). David and Samuel the seer

D). Hezekiah and Isaiah

11810. David was anointed king over Israel as the LORD had promised through whom?

A). Samuel B). Nathan C). Gad D). Moses

11811. Which of these men is NOT named as having dedicated things for the house of God?

A). Samuel the seer B). Saul son of Kish C). Abner son of Ner

D). Absalom son of David

11812. Which of these is NOT named as recording the events of King David's reign?

A). Samuel the seer B). Nathan the prophet C). Gad the seer

D). Elijah the prophet

11813. How did Josiah's Passover compare with earlier Passovers?

A). It was smaller than Hezekiah's

B). None had been observed like it since the days of the prophet Samuel

C). It was the first Passover ever D). It was the same as every year

11814. According to Psalm 99:6, who was among those who called on God's name, along with Moses and Aaron?

A). Elijah B). Joshua C). Samuel D). Gideon

11815. According to Psalm 99:7, from what did God speak to Moses, Aaron and Samuel?

A). A burning bush B). A whirlwind C). A dream D). The pillar of cloud

11816. God said His heart would not go out to this people even if Moses and which other man stood before Him?

A). Elijah B). Samuel C). David D). Aaron

11817. Which of these people is NOT named in Hebrews 11:32?

A). Gideon B). Samson C). David D). Elijah

Sanballat

11818. Which two men were very troubled that someone had come to help the Israelites?

A). Sanballat and Tobiah B). Haman and Zeresh C). Rehum and Shimshai
D). Hanani and Hananiah

11819. Besides Sanballat and Tobiah, who mocked the Jews for planning to rebuild the wall?

A). Rehum the commanding officer B). Asaph the keeper C). Geshem the Arab
D). Tattenai the governor

11820. How did Nehemiah answer those who mocked him?

A). He promised to stop the work B). He asked them to join the work
C). He reported them to the king D). He said the God of heaven would give them success

11821. Who became angry and made fun of the Jews for rebuilding the wall?

A). Artaxerxes B). Sanballat C). Hanani D). Eliashib

11822. How did Nehemiah respond to the mocking of Sanballat and Tobiah?

A). He prayed to God B). He mocked them back C). He stopped the work
D). He wrote to the king

11823. Where did Sanballat and Geshem ask Nehemiah to meet them?

A). In the Valley of Hinnom B). On the plain of Ono C). At the Pool of Siloam
D). In the city of Samaria

11824. How many times did Nehemiah's enemies send him the same message asking him to meet them?

A). Two times B). Seven times C). Four times D). Ten times

11825. What false report did Sanballat's unsealed letter say about Nehemiah?

A). That he had stolen the king's gold B). That he had married a foreign wife
C). That he wanted to return to Susa
D). That he and the Jews were plotting to revolt and he wanted to be king

11826. How did Nehemiah answer Sanballat's false letter?

A). He said nothing like that was happening and Sanballat was making it up
B). He asked the king to judge him C). He agreed to meet him
D). He sent gifts to make peace

11827. Who had hired Shemaiah to give Nehemiah the false prophecy?

A). Tobiah and Sanballat B). Geshem and the Arabs C). The nobles of Tekoa
D). The king of Persia

11828. One of the grandsons of Eliashib the high priest was son-in-law to which enemy of Nehemiah?

A). Tobiah the Ammonite B). Sanballat the Horonite C). Geshem the Arab
D). Shemaiah

Saph

11829. Who killed Saph, one of the descendants of Rapha, at Gob?

A). Sibbekai the Hushathite B). Elhanan son of Jair C). Jonathan son of Shimeah
D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

Sapphira

11830. Which married couple sold property and kept back part of the money?

A). Aquila and Priscilla B). Zechariah and Elizabeth C). Ananias and Sapphira
D). Abraham and Sarah

11831. About how long after Ananias died did Sapphira come in?

A). About three days B). The next morning C). About three hours
D). About one hour

11832. Peter asked Sapphira, "How could you conspire to test the _____ of the Lord?"

A). patience B). power C). word D). Spirit

Sarah

11833. What was the name of Abram's wife?

A). Milkah B). Hagar C). Rebekah D). Sarai

11834. Who went with Abram when he left Harran?

A). His wife Sarai and his nephew Lot B). His father Terah C). His brother Nahor
D). He went alone

11835. What did Abram ask Sarai to say about herself in Egypt?

A). That she was a servant B). That she was very wealthy C). That she was his sister
D). That she was from a foreign land

11836. What new name did God give to Sarai?

A). Rebekah B). Hagar C). Leah D). Sarah

11837. What did God promise would come from Sarah?

A). Great wealth and land B). Nations and kings C). A long and peaceful life
D). Protection from enemies

11838. How did Abraham react when God said Sarah would have a son?

A). He fell facedown and laughed B). He wept with sorrow C). He built an altar at once
D). He argued with God

11839. What did God say Abraham should name the son Sarah would bear?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Isaac D). Esau

11840. What did Abraham prepare for his visitors?

A). Only bread and water B). Bread, a tender calf, curds, and milk C). Fish and fruit
D). Wine and roasted lamb

11841. What did the LORD promise Abraham that Sarah would have?

A). Great wealth B). A long life C). A son D). A new home

11842. How did Sarah respond when she heard she would have a son?

A). She laughed to herself B). She sang for joy C). She wept quietly
D). She ran to tell Abraham

11843. The LORD asked, "Is anything too _____ for the LORD?"

A). costly B). far C). hard D). small

11844. Why did Sarah deny that she had laughed?

A). She had forgotten laughing B). She was afraid C). She wanted to please Abraham
D). She did not hear the promise

11845. In which place did Abraham stay when he said Sarah was his sister?

A). Hebron B). Bethel C). Egypt D). Gerar

11846. Who was the king that took Sarah after Abraham called her his sister?

A). Pharaoh B). Abimelek C). Melchizedek D). Kedorlaomer

11847. What reason did Abraham give for saying Sarah was his sister?

A). He wanted to test Abimelek B). He feared he would be killed because of her
C). He had forgotten she was his wife D). He wanted gifts from the king

11848. What did Abimelek give to Abraham when he returned Sarah?

A). Gold and silver only B). Land and houses C). Nothing at all
D). Sheep, cattle, and male and female slaves

11849. How much silver did Abimelek give to Sarah's brother Abraham?

A). A hundred pieces B). Five hundred pieces C). A thousand pieces
D). Ten thousand pieces

11850. What happened to Sarah just as the LORD had promised?

A). She became very wealthy B). She gave birth to a son C). She lived a very long life
D). She traveled to a new land

11851. What did Abraham name the son Sarah bore to him?

A). Ishmael B). Jacob C). Esau D). Isaac

11852. What did Sarah mean when she said God had brought her laughter?

A). She was laughing at Abraham B). God had given her joy through Isaac's birth
C). The neighbors were mocking her D). She had told a funny story

11853. Why did Sarah ask Abraham to send Hagar and her son away?

A). Hagar had stolen from her B). She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac
C). Hagar wanted to leave D). Abraham asked her to

11854. Whose death is recorded at the beginning of this chapter?

A). Hagar B). Rebekah C). Milkah D). Sarah

11855. How old was Sarah when she died?

A). One hundred years B). One hundred twenty-seven years
C). One hundred fifty years D). One hundred seventy-five years

11856. In which place did Sarah die?

A). Beersheba B). Bethel C). Kiriath Arba, that is, Hebron D). Gerar

11857. Why was buying the cave of Machpelah important for Abraham?

A). It gave him land to farm B). It became a burial place he legally owned in Canaan
C). It provided water for his flocks D). It made him ruler over the Hittites

11858. According to Isaiah 51:2, who were the people told to look to as their father and mother?

A). Isaac and Rebekah B). Jacob and Rachel C). Abraham and Sarah
D). Adam and Eve

11859. About how old was Abraham when he faced the fact that his body was as good as dead?

A). About fifty years old B). About seventy-five years old C). About forty years old
D). About a hundred years old

11860. According to God's promise in Romans 9:9, who would have a son?

A). Rebekah B). Rachel C). Hagar D). Sarah

11861. According to Hebrews 11:11, why was Abraham enabled to become a father even though he was past age?

A). Because he considered him faithful who had made the promise
B). Because Sarah was young C). Because he prayed for forty days
D). Because Melchizedek blessed him

11862. Which woman does Peter say obeyed Abraham and called him her lord?

A). Rebekah B). Rachel C). Leah D). Sarah

Sarai

11863. Who was Sarai's Egyptian slave?

A). Keturah B). Hagar C). Rebekah D). Milkah

11864. Why did Sarai give Hagar to Abram as a wife?

A). Hagar asked to marry Abram B). God commanded Sarai to do it
C). Sarai had not been able to have children D). Abram wanted a second wife

11865. How long had Abram lived in Canaan when Sarai gave him Hagar?

A). Ten years B). Five years C). Twenty years D). Forty years

11866. How did Hagar act toward Sarai after she became pregnant?

A). She began to despise Sarai B). She thanked Sarai kindly C). She ran away at once
D). She grew afraid of Sarai

11867. What did the angel of the LORD tell Hagar to do?

A). Continue on to Egypt B). Go back and submit to Sarai C). Stay in the desert
D). Travel to Canaan alone

Sargon

11868. Which king of Assyria sent the supreme commander who captured Ashdod?

A). Sennacherib B). Tiglath-Pileser C). Esarhaddon D). Sargon

Satan

11869. According to 1 Chronicles 21:1, who incited David to take a census of Israel?

A). Joab B). Satan C). Gad D). Absalom

11870. Who came with the angels when they presented themselves before the LORD?

A). Michael B). Gabriel C). Satan D). Elijah

11871. When the LORD asked Satan where he had come from, what did Satan answer?

A). From the temple in Jerusalem B). From the bottom of the sea
C). From the land of Egypt D). From roaming throughout the earth

11872. What was Satan claiming when he asked, "Does Job fear God for nothing?"

A). That Job only served God because God had blessed and protected him
B). That Job did not really exist C). That Job worshiped idols in secret
D). That Job was too poor to serve God

11873. What limit did the LORD place on Satan in Job 1?

A). He could not touch Job's animals B). He could not touch Job's children
C). He could not lay a finger on Job himself D). He could only test Job for seven days

11874. What did the LORD say Job was still doing, even after losing everything?

A). Complaining to his friends B). Maintaining his integrity
C). Offering sacrifices every day D). Asking for his wealth back

11875. Complete Satan's words: "Skin for skin! A man will give all he has for his own ___."

A). family B). honor C). life D). wealth

11876. In Job 2, what was Satan NOT allowed to do to Job?

A). Take his life B). Touch his body C). Speak to him D). Take his possessions

11877. How did Satan afflict Job in chapter 2?

A). He made him blind B). He took away his voice
C). He sent a wild animal against him D). He covered him with painful sores

11878. Who stood at Joshua's right side to accuse him?

A). Satan B). An angel C). Zerubbabel D). A prophet

11879. Complete the verse: "The Lord said to Satan, 'The Lord ____ you, Satan!'"

A). judge B). bind C). curse D). rebuke

11880. In the first temptation, what did the devil tell Jesus to turn into bread?

A). Stones B). Sand C). Leaves D). Water

11881. Complete Jesus' answer: "Man shall not live on bread alone, but on every _____ that comes from the mouth of God."

A). promise B). word C). blessing D). law

11882. In the second temptation, where did the devil take Jesus and tell him to throw himself down?

A). The top of a mountain B). The highest point of the temple C). A city wall in Galilee
D). A cliff near Nazareth

11883. In the second temptation, what did the devil do to try to persuade Jesus?

A). He offered him a crown B). He quoted Scripture about angels protecting him
C). He showed him the Pharisees D). He promised him bread

11884. Complete Jesus' reply: "Do not put the Lord your God to the _____."

A). test B). side C). shame D). sword

11885. What did the devil offer Jesus if he would bow down and worship him?

A). Long life B). All the kingdoms of the world and their splendor
C). The temple in Jerusalem D). Twelve legions of angels

11886. Complete Jesus' words: "Worship the Lord your God, and serve _____."

A). him only B). the king C). your people D). with joy

11887. How long was Jesus in the wilderness being tempted by Satan?

A). Seven days B). Three days C). Forty days D). Twelve days

11888. What point did Jesus make by saying a kingdom divided against itself cannot stand?

A). Israel would split into two kingdoms B). His disciples should not argue
C). Satan would not drive out Satan D). Rome would soon fall

11889. In Jesus' explanation, who takes away the word sown along the path?

A). Satan B). The Pharisees C). The Romans D). False prophets

11890. When Peter rebuked Jesus, Jesus said, "Get behind me, ___!"

A). Peter B). tempter C). deceiver D). Satan

11891. Where did the Holy Spirit lead Jesus to be tempted by the devil?

A). Into the wilderness B). Up a mountain in Galilee C). Into the temple
D). To the Jordan River

11892. For how many days was Jesus tempted by the devil in the wilderness?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Forty D). Three

11893. What did the devil first tell Jesus to turn into bread?

A). Sand B). Water C). Leaves D). A stone

11894. Complete Jesus' reply: 'It is written: Man shall not live on ___ alone.'

A). water B). bread C). food D). wine

11895. What did the devil offer Jesus if he would worship him?

A). Authority and splendor over all the kingdoms of the world B). A crown of gold
C). The temple in Jerusalem D). Victory over Rome

11896. Complete Jesus' answer: 'Worship the Lord your God and serve him ___.'

A). daily B). always C). only D). faithfully

11897. Where did the devil take Jesus and tell him to throw himself down?

A). A cliff near Nazareth B). The roof of a palace C). A mountain in Samaria
D). The highest point of the temple in Jerusalem

11898. What Scripture did Jesus quote when the devil told him to throw himself from the temple?

A). Do not put the Lord your God to the test B). Man shall not live on bread alone
C). Love the Lord your God with all your heart D). The Lord is my shepherd

11899. How long did the devil leave Jesus after the temptations?

A). Forever B). For forty days C). Until an opportune time D). Until the Passover

11900. In Jesus' explanation, who takes away the word from those along the path?

A). The rich B). The priests C). The devil D). The rulers

11901. Complete Jesus' words: 'I saw Satan fall like ___ from heaven.'

A). rain B). lightning C). a star D). fire

11902. Into whom did Satan enter before he went to the chief priests to betray Jesus?

A). Peter B). Thomas C). Judas the son of James D). Judas called Iscariot

11903. What did Jesus tell Simon that Satan had asked to do?

A). Take him to Rome B). Make him a king C). Close his mouth
D). Sift all of them as wheat

11904. According to Romans 16:20, whom will the God of peace soon crush under the believers' feet?

A). Pharaoh B). The Romans C). Satan D). Death

11905. Complete the verse: "For Satan himself masquerades as an angel of _____."

A). peace B). power C). wisdom D). light

11906. Paul wanted again and again to come back to the Thessalonians. Who did he say blocked their way?

A). The Roman emperor B). Barnabas C). Satan D). The church in Jerusalem

11907. Paul was afraid that someone might have tempted the Thessalonians and made his work useless. Whom did he call this one?

A). The tempter B). The false teacher C). The ruler of the city D). The jailer

11908. The coming of the lawless one will be in keeping with whose work?

A). Pharaoh B). Satan C). Herod D). Nebuchadnezzar

11909. What will the devil do if you resist him?

A). Fight harder B). Flee from you C). Hide from God D). Ask for mercy

11910. Peter says the devil prowls around like what animal, looking for someone to devour?

A). A wolf B). A bear C). A snake D). A roaring lion

11911. Why does Peter tell believers to resist the devil and stand firm in the faith?

A). Because the devil is already gone
B). Because believers throughout the world are going through the same kind of sufferings
C). Because the elders will fight for them D). Because suffering will never come

11912. The Son of God appeared to destroy whose work?

A). The devil's work B). The Romans' work C). The Pharisees' work
D). The prophets' work

11913. What does John say about the whole world?

A). It is ruled by Rome B). It is full of peace C). It is under the control of the evil one D). It will last forever

11914. What colour was the enormous dragon that appeared in heaven?

A). Black B). Green C). Red D). Gold

11915. How many heads did the enormous red dragon have?

A). Seven B). Three C). Ten D). Twelve

11916. What did the dragon's tail sweep out of the sky?

A). The moon B). Half of the clouds C). The sun D). A third of the stars

11917. Who led the angels in heaven who fought against the dragon?

A). Gabriel B). Moses C). Michael D). Elijah

11918. According to Revelation 12:9, who is the great dragon?

A). A king of Babylon B). A fallen star C). The beast from the sea D). That ancient serpent called the devil, or Satan

11919. Where was the dragon hurled after the war in heaven?

A). To the earth B). Into the Abyss C). Into the sea D). Into the lake of fire

11920. What does Revelation 12:10 call Satan, who accuses believers before God day and night?

A). The deceiver of kings B). The accuser of our brothers and sisters C). The destroyer of cities D). The father of lies

11921. According to Revelation 12:11, how did God's people triumph over the accuser?

A). By their own strength B). By building a strong army C). By the blood of the Lamb and by the word of their testimony D). By hiding in the wilderness

11922. Why was the devil filled with fury when he came down to the earth?

A). Because the woman had escaped B). Because Michael was coming C). Because the sea had dried up D). Because he knew his time was short

11923. How was the woman saved from the river of water the serpent spewed out?

A). An angel dried up the river B). The earth opened its mouth and swallowed the river C). She climbed a high mountain D). The river turned to ice

11924. Against whom did the dragon go off to wage war at the end of Revelation 12?

A). The kings of the earth B). The angels of heaven C). The rest of the woman's offspring, who keep God's commands and hold fast their testimony about Jesus D). The people of Babylon

11925. Who gave the beast from the sea its power, its throne and great authority?

A). The dragon B). The kings of the earth C). The false prophets
D). The beast from the earth

11926. The three impure spirits that came out of the mouths of the dragon, the beast and the false prophet looked like what?

A). Locusts B). Serpents C). Bats D). Frogs

11927. For how long was Satan bound by the angel?

A). Forty days B). Seven years C). A thousand years D). Three and a half years

11928. Why was Satan locked and sealed in the Abyss?

A). To punish the angels B). To protect the holy city C). To stop the plagues
D). To keep him from deceiving the nations any more until the thousand years were ended

11929. When Satan is released after the thousand years, which names are given to the nations he gathers for battle?

A). Sodom and Gomorrah B). Tyre and Sidon C). Gog and Magog
D). Egypt and Assyria

11930. Where was the devil thrown after deceiving the nations?

A). The lake of burning sulphur, where the beast and the false prophet had been thrown
B). The bottomless sea C). The wilderness D). The Abyss again

Saul

11931. Who was Saul's father?

A). Abiel B). Kish C). Jesse D). Ner

11932. What was special about Saul's appearance?

A). He had very long hair B). He was very short
C). He was a head taller than anyone else D). He had red hair like Esau

11933. What had Saul's father lost?

A). Some donkeys B). Some sheep C). His silver D). A camel

11934. Why did Saul want to go home after searching in the district of Zuph?

A). He was hungry B). He was afraid of the Philistines C). He had found the donkeys
D). He thought his father would stop worrying about the donkeys and worry about them

11935. Whose idea was it to ask the man of God about the lost donkeys?

A). Saul's B). Kish's C). Saul's servant D). The young women at the well

11936. What did Saul's servant have to give the man of God?

A). A quarter of a shekel of silver B). A loaf of bread C). A gold ring
D). A young goat

11937. What did the LORD tell Samuel the day before Saul came?

A). That Saul was a thief B). That He would send a man from Benjamin to anoint as ruler
C). That the donkeys were dead D). That Samuel should leave the town

11938. According to the LORD, whom would the new ruler deliver Israel from?

A). The Philistines B). The Egyptians C). The Amalekites D). The Moabites

11939. When Samuel saw Saul, what did the LORD tell him?

A). "Send him home to his father." B). "He is not the one." C). "Give him silver."
D). "This is the man I spoke to you about; he will govern my people."

11940. What did Samuel tell Saul about the lost donkeys?

A). They had been stolen B). They had been found C). They had died
D). They were in Egypt

11941. How did Saul describe his tribe and clan when Samuel spoke highly of him?

A). The richest in Israel B). The bravest in Israel
C). The smallest tribe and the least clan D). The tribe of the priests

11942. How did Samuel honor Saul at the meal?

A). He gave him his own robe
B). He seated him at the head and had a special piece of meat set before him
C). He washed his feet D). He gave him a sword

11943. Where did Samuel talk with Saul after the meal?

A). By the city gate B). In the fields C). In the temple D). On the roof of his house

11944. What did Samuel pour on Saul's head?

A). Water B). Olive oil C). Wine D). Ashes

11945. Near which tomb would Saul meet two men who told him the donkeys were found?

A). Rachel's tomb B). Abraham's tomb C). Joseph's tomb D). Deborah's tomb

11946. What would the three men going up to Bethel give Saul?

A). A young goat B). A skin of wine C). Two loaves of bread D). A sword

11947. At Gibeah of God, whom would Saul meet coming down from the high place?

A). A group of soldiers B). The elders of Benjamin C). His father Kish
D). A procession of prophets playing music and prophesying

11948. What did Samuel say would happen when the Spirit of the LORD came powerfully on Saul?

A). He would prophesy and be changed into a different person B). He would become sick
C). He would lose his strength D). He would forget the donkeys

11949. How long did Samuel tell Saul to wait for him at Gilgal?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Seven days D). One month

11950. What did God do as Saul turned to leave Samuel?

A). God changed Saul's heart B). God gave Saul a sword C). God made Saul taller
D). God sent an angel with him

11951. People who knew Saul asked, "Is Saul also among the ___?"

A). priests B). prophets C). kings D). judges

11952. What did Saul NOT tell his uncle about his meeting with Samuel?

A). That they had gone to look for donkeys B). That the donkeys had been found
C). That they had gone to Samuel D). What Samuel said about the kingship

11953. When Saul was chosen as king, where was he hiding?

A). In a cave B). Behind the altar C). Among the supplies D). In a tree

11954. In what order were the lots taken to choose the king?

A). Tribe of Benjamin, then Matri's clan, then Saul B). Saul, then Matri's clan, then Benjamin
C). Matri's clan, then Benjamin, then Saul D). Tribe of Judah, then Benjamin, then Saul

11955. When Samuel presented Saul, the people shouted, "Long live the ___!"

A). prophet B). judge C). king D). LORD

11956. How did Saul respond when some scoundrels despised him and brought him no gifts?

A). He punished them B). He kept silent C). He gave up the kingship
D). He asked Samuel to curse them

11957. What was Saul doing when he heard the news from Jabesh?

A). Sitting on his throne B). Praying with Samuel C). Leading his army
D). Coming in from the fields behind his oxen

11958. What happened to Saul when he heard what Nahash wanted to do?

A). The Spirit of God came powerfully on him and he burned with anger
B). He wept and hid C). He went to Samuel for advice D). He fell asleep

11959. Why did Saul cut a pair of oxen into pieces and send them throughout Israel?

A). To feed the army B). As an offering to the LORD
C). As a warning of what would happen to the oxen of anyone who did not follow Saul and Samuel
D). To pay the Ammonites

11960. Where did Saul gather the men of Israel and Judah?

A). Bezek B). Gilgal C). Mizpah D). Shiloh

11961. When did Saul's army break into the Ammonite camp?

A). At noon B). At sunset C). During the last watch of the night

D). After seven days of siege

11962. How complete was Israel's victory over the Ammonites?

A). The Ammonites captured Jabesh

B). The survivors were so scattered that no two were left together

C). Israel lost most of its army D). The two armies made peace

11963. Why did Saul refuse to put to death those who had doubted him?

A). They had fought bravely B). Samuel asked him to spare them

C). He was afraid of them D). This was the day the LORD had rescued Israel

11964. Where did Samuel lead the people to renew the kingship?

A). Ramah B). Gilgal C). Jerusalem D). Bethel

11965. What did the people do at Gilgal after confirming Saul as king?

A). They sacrificed fellowship offerings and held a great celebration B). They built a palace

C). They marched against the Philistines D). They crowned Samuel's sons

11966. Who led the thousand men at Gibeah in Benjamin while Saul had two thousand at Mikmash?

A). Abner B). Jonathan C). Samuel D). David

11967. How long did Saul wait at Gilgal for Samuel?

A). Seven days B). Three days C). Forty days D). Ten days

11968. What did Saul do when Samuel did not come in time?

A). He went home B). He offered the burnt offering himself

C). He attacked the Philistines alone D). He sent Jonathan to find Samuel

11969. When did Samuel arrive at Gilgal?

A). The next morning B). After the battle

C). Just as Saul finished offering the burnt offering D). Seven days later

11970. What reason did Saul give for offering the sacrifice himself?

A). God told him to do it B). Jonathan asked him to C). Samuel had died

D). His men were scattering, Samuel had not come, and the Philistines were gathering

11971. What did Samuel say the LORD would have done if Saul had kept His command?

A). Given Saul many sons B). Established Saul's kingdom over Israel for all time

C). Made Saul a prophet D). Destroyed the Philistines that day

11972. Samuel told Saul, "The LORD has sought out a man after his own ___."

A). heart B). choosing C). people D). image

11973. On the day of battle, who were the only Israelites with a sword or spear?

A). Saul and Jonathan B). Saul and Samuel C). Jonathan and Abner
D). David and Jonathan

11974. Where was Saul staying while Jonathan went to the outpost?

A). In a cave at Adullam B). Under a pomegranate tree in Migron
C). In the tent of meeting D). At the city gate of Gibeah

11975. What were the Philistines doing when Saul and his men came to the battle?

A). Running back to Gath B). Striking each other with their swords C). Surrendering
D). Worshiping Dagon

11976. What oath did Saul make the people swear during the battle?

A). That they would not take any plunder B). That they would not rest until night
C). That anyone who ate food before evening would be cursed
D). That they would kill every Philistine

11977. What did Jonathan say when he learned about Saul's oath?

A). "My father has made trouble for the country" B). "I will ask my father to forgive me"
C). "The oath was from the LORD" D). "I will not eat again"

11978. What did Saul do for the first time in this chapter?

A). He offered a sacrifice B). He built an altar to the LORD C). He prayed
D). He wrote a law

11979. When lots were cast to find who had sinned, on whom did the lot fall?

A). Saul B). The armor-bearer C). Jonathan D). Abner

11980. Why did the soldiers refuse to let Jonathan be put to death?

A). He was the king's son B). He promised to pay for his sin
C). Samuel came to save him D). He had done this great deliverance with God's help

11981. Saul fought against enemies on every side. Which of these was one of them?

A). Egypt B). Edom C). Babylon D). Assyria

11982. What were the names of Saul's two daughters?

A). Merab and Michal B). Rachel and Leah C). Naomi and Ruth
D). Abigail and Ahinoam

11983. Who was the commander of Saul's army?

A). Joab B). Jonathan C). Abner D). Ahimaaz

11984. Why did the LORD say He would punish the Amalekites?

A). They had stolen the ark B). They worshiped Dagon
C). They waylaid Israel when Israel came up from Egypt D). They killed Samuel's sons

11985. Where did Saul summon and count his men before attacking the Amalekites?

A). Telaim B). Gilgal C). Mizpah D). Bezek

11986. Why did Saul warn the Kenites to move away from the Amalekites?

A). They were Saul's relatives B). They paid him silver
C). They had worshiped the LORD
D). They had shown kindness to Israel when Israel came up out of Egypt

11987. What did Saul and the army spare instead of destroying everything?

A). Only the women B). Agag and the best of the sheep and cattle
C). The Amalekite gods D). The Amalekite cities

11988. How did Samuel respond when the LORD said He regretted making Saul king?

A). He was angry and cried out to the LORD all night B). He went to anoint a new king
C). He celebrated D). He left Israel

11989. What did Saul set up at Carmel?

A). An altar to the LORD B). A tent for the ark C). A monument in his own honor
D). A wall around the city

11990. Samuel asked Saul, "What then is this bleating of ___ in my ears?"

A). goats B). lambs C). cattle D). sheep

11991. What excuse did Saul give for keeping the best animals?

A). They were a gift for Samuel B). They were to feed the army
C). The soldiers spared them to sacrifice to the LORD D). They belonged to the Kenites

11992. Why did the LORD reject Saul as king?

A). Because Saul was too old B). Because Saul had rejected the word of the LORD
C). Because Saul lost a battle D). Because Saul's son was chosen

11993. What reason did Saul finally give for disobeying the LORD?

A). He was afraid of the men and gave in to them B). He forgot the command
C). Agag tricked him D). Samuel was late

11994. What happened when Saul caught hold of Samuel's robe?

A). Samuel fell down B). Saul was healed C). The robe turned white
D). The robe tore

11995. According to Samuel, to whom would the LORD give the kingdom?

A). To Jonathan B). To Samuel's sons
C). To one of Saul's neighbors, one better than him D). To the king of the Amalekites

11996. What happened between Samuel and Saul after this?

A). Samuel made Saul his son B). Samuel did not go to see Saul again until the day he died
C). Saul went to live with Samuel D). They fought a battle together

11997. Why was Samuel afraid to go and anoint a new king?

A). He was too old to travel B). He did not know the way
C). He was afraid Saul would hear about it and kill him D). He did not know Jesse

11998. What happened to Saul after the Spirit of the LORD departed from him?

A). He was healed B). He became a prophet C). He gave up the throne
D). An evil spirit from the LORD tormented him

11999. What did Saul's attendants suggest to help him?

A). Find someone who could play the lyre B). Call Samuel back C). Offer a sacrifice
D). Go to war

12000. What job did David receive when he came to serve Saul?

A). Commander of the army B). One of Saul's armor-bearers C). Keeper of the ark
D). Captain of the guards

12001. What happened when David played the lyre for Saul?

A). Saul fell asleep B). Saul became angry C). The Philistines ran away
D). Saul felt relief and the evil spirit left him

12002. In which valley were the Israelites camped when they faced the Philistines?

A). Valley of Jezreel B). Valley of Elah C). Valley of Hinnom D). Valley of Kidron

12003. What did the king promise to the man who killed Goliath?

A). Command of the army B). Half the kingdom C). A house in Jerusalem
D). Great wealth, his daughter in marriage, and no taxes for his family

12004. What experience did David use to show Saul the LORD would help him?

A). He had won many battles B). The LORD had rescued him from the lion and the bear
C). Samuel had anointed him D). He had killed a giant before

12005. Why did David take off Saul's armor?

A). It was too heavy for Saul to lose B). It belonged to Jonathan
C). He was not used to it D). It was broken

12006. David told Saul, "I am the son of your servant ___ of Bethlehem."

A). Samuel B). Kish C). Boaz D). Jesse

12007. The women sang, "Saul has slain his thousands, and David his ___."

A). hundreds B). millions C). enemies D). tens of thousands

12008. How did Saul react to the women's song?

A). He was very angry and kept a close eye on David B). He was proud of David
C). He laughed D). He gave David a reward

12009. What did Saul do while David was playing the lyre?

A). He fell asleep B). He sang along C). He hurled his spear at David
D). He gave David a gift

12010. Why was Saul afraid of David?

A). David had a bigger army B). Samuel had cursed Saul C). David had threatened him
D). The LORD was with David but had left Saul

12011. What position did Saul give David when he sent him away?

A). Commander over a thousand men B). Keeper of the royal treasure C). Priest at Nob
D). Governor of Bethlehem

12012. What was Saul's secret plan when he offered his daughter Merab to David?

A). To make David his heir B). To send David back to Bethlehem
C). To let the Philistines kill David D). To make peace with Jonathan

12013. What was Saul hoping would happen when he set the bride price for Michal?

A). That David would become rich B). That David would fall by the hands of the Philistines
C). That David would refuse and leave D). That Michal would marry someone else

12014. What did Saul realize that made him more afraid of David?

A). That David wanted to be king at once B). That the Philistines liked David
C). That the LORD was with David and Michal loved him
D). That Jonathan had given David his sword

12015. Who warned David that Saul was looking for a chance to kill him?

A). Samuel B). Abner C). Jonathan D). Michal

12016. What did Jonathan remind Saul about when he spoke well of David?

A). That David was his brother-in-law
B). That David had risked his life to kill the Philistine and the LORD won a great victory
C). That David was anointed by Samuel D). That David had never been to war

12017. What oath did Saul take after listening to Jonathan?

A). That David would never enter his house again B). That he would make David king
C). That he would give David Merab D). That David would not be put to death

12018. What happened to Saul's spear when he threw it at David again?

A). It stuck in the wall B). It hit David C). It broke D). It went through the window

12019. How did Michal explain to Saul why she helped David?

A). She said David was innocent B). She said Samuel told her to
C). She said David threatened to kill her if she didn't let him go
D). She said she was afraid of Jonathan

12020. How many times did Saul send men to capture David at Naioth?

A). Three times B). Once C). Twice D). Seven times

12021. Where did Saul ask where Samuel and David were, when he went to Ramah himself?

A). At the gate of Ramah B). At the great cistern at Seku C). At Samuel's altar
D). At the city well of Bethlehem

12022. When the Spirit of God came on Saul, people asked, "Is Saul also among the ___?"

A). priests B). kings C). prophets D). judges

12023. At which feast was David expected to eat with King Saul?

A). The Passover B). The Feast of Tabernacles C). The Feast of Weeks
D). The New Moon feast

12024. Why did Saul say nothing on the first day David was missing?

A). He thought something had made David ceremonially unclean B). He had not noticed
C). He was glad David was gone D). He knew David had gone to Bethlehem

12025. Why did Saul say Jonathan should want David dead?

A). David had insulted Jonathan
B). As long as David lived, Jonathan and his kingdom would not be established
C). David had stolen from the king D). David had joined the Philistines

12026. What did Saul do when Jonathan defended David?

A). He sent Jonathan away B). He struck Jonathan with his hand
C). He hurled his spear at Jonathan D). He made Jonathan swear an oath

12027. Why did Jonathan leave the table and not eat on the second day of the feast?

A). He was sick B). He had to find David C). He was afraid of his father
D). He was grieved at his father's shameful treatment of David

12028. Where was Saul seated when he heard David had been discovered?

A). Under a tamarisk tree on the hill at Gibeah B). Under a pomegranate tree in Migron
C). On his throne in Jerusalem D). By the great cistern at Seku

12029. What did Saul complain about to his officials from Benjamin?

A). That they were too weak in battle
B). That none of them told him Jonathan had made a covenant with David
C). That they refused to pay taxes D). That they worshiped idols

12030. Who told Saul that Ahimelek had helped David at Nob?

A). Abner B). Jonathan C). Doeg the Edomite D). Abiathar

12031. How did Ahimelek describe David when Saul accused him?

A). As a traitor he did not know B). As a stranger asking for help C). As a Philistine spy
D). As the king's loyal son-in-law and captain of his bodyguard

12032. Why did Saul's officials refuse to obey his order?

A). They were unwilling to raise a hand against the priests of the LORD
B). They were afraid of David C). They did not hear the order
D). They were friends with Doeg

12033. Who killed the priests when Saul's officials refused?

A). Abner B). Doeg the Edomite C). Saul himself D). The Philistines

12034. Why did Saul think God had delivered David into his hands at Keilah?

A). David's men had left him B). David was in a town with gates and bars
C). The Philistines had captured David D). Jonathan told him where David was

12035. When David asked if the citizens of Keilah would surrender him to Saul, what did the LORD answer?

A). "They will not." B). "Saul will not come." C). "They will." D). "Stay and fight."

12036. Why could Saul never catch David, even though he searched day after day?

A). God did not give David into his hands B). David was too fast
C). Saul's army was too small D). The Philistines protected David

12037. Which people went to Saul at Gibeah to betray where David was hiding?

A). The Ziphites B). The men of Keilah C). The Philistines D). The Moabites

12038. Why did Saul stop chasing David in the Desert of Maon, just as he was closing in?

A). David surrendered B). The LORD spoke to Saul
C). A messenger said the Philistines were raiding the land D). Jonathan stopped him

12039. In which desert was David when Saul took three thousand men to look for him?

A). Desert of Ziph B). Desert of Maon C). Desert of En Gedi D). Desert of Paran

12040. Where were David and his men hiding when Saul came in?

A). Far back in a cave B). Behind a large rock C). In a forest D). In a sheep pen

12041. What did David secretly cut off while Saul was in the cave?

A). Some of Saul's hair B). A corner of Saul's robe C). Saul's belt
D). The strap of Saul's sandal

12042. Why did David refuse to harm Saul?

A). Saul was his father-in-law B). Saul had been kind to him
C). Saul was the LORD's anointed D). Saul's army was outside

12043. What did David do when his men wanted to attack Saul?

A). He let them attack B). He left the cave C). He hid from them

D). He sharply rebuked them and did not allow them to attack

12044. What did David do after Saul left the cave?

A). He called out to Saul and bowed down with his face to the ground

B). He ran the other way C). He sent a messenger to Jonathan

D). He chased Saul with his sword

12045. What did the piece of Saul's robe prove?

A). That David was a thief B). That David had been close enough to kill Saul but had not

C). That Saul's robe was old D). That the robe belonged to David

12046. David said, "May the LORD judge between you and me... but my ___ will not touch you."

A). sword B). men C). hand D). spear

12047. David compared himself to a dead dog and a flea. What was he saying?

A). He was a great danger to Saul B). He was hungry and weak

C). He was ashamed of himself D). He was no one worth pursuing

12048. Saul wept and said to David, "You are more ___ than I."

A). righteous B). powerful C). clever D). faithful

12049. What did Saul say he knew about David's future?

A). That David would die young B). That David would surely be king

C). That David would become a priest D). That David would leave Israel

12050. What did Saul ask David to swear to him?

A). That David would never return to Gibeah B). That David would give Saul his army

C). That David would not kill off his descendants or wipe out his name

D). That David would marry Merab

12051. To whom had Saul given his daughter Michal, David's wife?

A). Adriel of Meholah B). Doeg the Edomite C). Abner son of Ner

D). Paltiel son of Laish

12052. According to the Ziphites, where was David hiding?

A). In the cave of Adullam B). On the hill of Hakilah, facing Jeshimon

C). In the strongholds of En Gedi D). In the forest of Hereth

12053. Who was lying near Saul in the camp as commander of his army?

A). Abner son of Ner B). Joab C). Jonathan D). Doeg

12054. What was stuck in the ground near Saul's head while he slept?

A). His sword B). His crown C). His shield D). His spear

12055. What did Abishai want to do to Saul?

A). Tie him up B). Pin him to the ground with his spear C). Wake him up
D). Take him prisoner

12056. How did David say Saul's life would come to an end?

A). David would kill him in battle B). Abner would betray him
C). The Philistines would capture him
D). The LORD would strike him, or his time would come, or he would die in battle

12057. What two things did David take from beside Saul's head?

A). The spear and the water jug B). The sword and the shield
C). The crown and the robe D). The bow and the arrows

12058. Why did no one in Saul's camp wake up?

A). They were drunk B). The LORD had put them into a deep sleep
C). David was very quiet D). It was very dark

12059. David said, "The king of Israel has come out to look for a flea—as one hunts a ___ in the mountains."

A). deer B). lion C). goat D). partridge

12060. What did Saul admit after David spared his life again?

A). "I have sinned... Surely I have acted like a fool." B). "You tricked me."
C). "Abner is to blame." D). "I will never forgive you."

12061. What did David tell Saul to send someone to get?

A). Saul's water jug B). The king's spear C). Saul's robe D). David's sword

12062. What were Saul's last words to David in this chapter?

A). "Never come back." B). "Come and live in my palace."
C). "May you be blessed, David my son; you will do great things and surely triumph."
D). "I will make Jonathan king."

12063. Why did David decide to escape to the land of the Philistines?

A). He wanted to fight for the Philistines B). Achish invited him
C). He thought Saul would one day destroy him D). Samuel told him to go

12064. What did Saul do when he heard David had fled to Gath?

A). He sent an army to Gath B). He made peace with Achish
C). He asked Samuel for help D). He no longer searched for him

12065. What had Saul earlier done with the mediums and spiritists?

A). He made them his advisers B). He had them teach the priests
C). He had expelled them from the land D). He sent them to the Philistines

12066. Where did Saul gather Israel and set up camp to face the Philistines at Shunem?

A). Mizpah B). Gibeah C). Carmel D). Gilboa

12067. How did Saul feel when he saw the Philistine army?

A). Afraid, with terror filling his heart B). Confident of victory C). Angry at David
D). Calm and peaceful

12068. In which ways did the LORD NOT answer Saul when he inquired?

A). By angels, thunder or fire B). By dreams, Urim or prophets
C). By a voice from heaven only D). By writing on the wall

12069. In which town did Saul's attendants say there was a medium?

A). Shunem B). Ziklag C). Endor D). Bethel

12070. How did Saul go to the woman at Endor?

A). Openly, with his whole army B). In a royal chariot C). With Jonathan at his side
D). In disguise, wearing other clothes, at night

12071. What did Saul swear to the woman at Endor?

A). That she would not be punished B). That he would pay her in gold
C). That he would make her a queen D). That he would never return

12072. What did the woman realize when she saw Samuel?

A). That she was dreaming B). That the visitor was a Philistine
C). That the visitor was Saul D). That she had called the wrong person

12073. How did the woman describe the figure she saw coming up?

A). A young man with a sword B). A king with a crown C). An angel with wings
D). An old man wearing a robe

12074. According to Samuel, to whom had the LORD given Saul's kingdom?

A). David B). Jonathan C). Abner D). Achish

12075. What reason did Samuel give for the LORD's judgment on Saul?

A). Saul had killed the priests of Nob
B). Saul did not obey the LORD or carry out His fierce wrath against the Amalekites
C). Saul had married foreign women D). Saul had built a monument to himself

12076. What did Samuel say would happen the next day?

A). Saul would defeat the Philistines B). David would become king that day
C). Saul and his sons would be with Samuel, and Israel's army would be given to the Philistines
D). Saul would be taken captive

12077. Besides his fear, why did Saul have no strength after hearing Samuel's words?

A). He was wounded B). He had not slept for a week C). He was sick
D). He had eaten nothing all that day and night

12078. The commanders asked, "Isn't this the David they sang about... 'Saul has slain his thousands, and David his ___'?"

A). tens of thousands B). hundreds C). enemies D). giants

12079. Which three sons of Saul were killed by the Philistines?

A). Joel, Abijah and Jonathan B). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah
C). Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua D). Jonathan, Ishvi and Abner

12080. Who critically wounded Saul in the battle?

A). Philistine archers B). David's men C). An Amalekite D). His armor-bearer

12081. Why did Saul's armor-bearer refuse Saul's request to kill him?

A). He wanted to capture Saul B). He did not hear Saul C). He had already fled
D). He was terrified

12082. When did Saul, his three sons and his armor-bearer die?

A). All on the same day B). Over seven days C). Saul died a year later
D). The sons died first, and Saul a month later

12083. Where did the Philistines put Saul's armor?

A). In the temple of Dagon B). In the palace at Gath C). On the city gate of Ekron
D). In the temple of the Ashtoreths

12084. On the wall of which city did the Philistines fasten Saul's body?

A). Gath B). Beth Shan C). Ashdod D). Aphek

12085. Who journeyed through the night to take down the bodies of Saul and his sons?

A). The valiant men of Jabesh Gilead B). David's men C). Samuel's family
D). The priests of Nob

12086. Where did the people of Jabesh bury the bones of Saul and his sons?

A). In Saul's tomb at Gibeah B). Under a tamarisk tree at Jabesh C). In a cave at Gilboa
D). Beside Samuel at Ramah

12087. How long did the people of Jabesh fast after burying Saul and his sons?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). Seven days D). One day

12088. On which mountain did the Amalekite say he found Saul leaning on his spear?

A). Mount Gilboa B). Mount Carmel C). Mount Tabor D). Mount Hermon

12089. What did the Amalekite bring to David from Saul's body?

A). Saul's sword and spear B). Saul's robe and sandals
C). Saul's crown and the band from his arm D). Saul's shield and bow

12090. How did David and his men respond to the news that Saul and Jonathan were dead?

A). They celebrated with a feast

B). They tore their clothes, mourned, wept and fasted till evening

C). They marched to attack the Philistines D). They crowned David king at once

12091. Why did David order the Amalekite to be put to death?

A). He had stolen from David's camp B). He had fought for the Philistines

C). He said he had killed the LORD's anointed D). He lied about where he came from

12092. In which book was David's lament for Saul and Jonathan written?

A). The Book of the Law B). The Book of Jashar C). The Book of the Kings

D). The Book of the Covenant

12093. Complete David's words: "How the _____ have fallen!"

A). proud B). mighty C). wicked D). faithful

12094. Complete the verse about Saul and Jonathan: "They were swifter than _____, they were stronger than lions."

A). eagles B). horses C). gazelles D). the wind

12095. David blessed the men of which town for burying Saul?

A). Jabesh Gilead B). Gibeah C). Bethel D). Mizpah

12096. The LORD promised His love would never be taken away from David's offspring, as He had taken it away from whom?

A). Eli B). Ish-Bosheth C). Absalom D). Saul

12097. According to the LORD, why had the famine come?

A). Because Saul had put the Gibeonites to death

B). Because David had sinned with Bathsheba C). Because Israel worshipped idols

D). Because Absalom had rebelled

12098. Who were the Gibeonites, according to this chapter?

A). A tribe of Israel B). Descendants of Esau C). Philistines living in Judah

D). Survivors of the Amorites whom Israel had sworn to spare

12099. Where were the bones of Saul and Jonathan finally buried?

A). In the tomb of Saul's father Kish at Zela in Benjamin B). In Jabesh Gilead

C). In Hebron D). In the City of David

12100. When did David sing the song recorded in 2 Samuel 22?

A). When he was anointed by Samuel B). When Solomon was born

C). When the ark came to Jerusalem

D). When the LORD delivered him from all his enemies and from Saul

12101. During whose reign did the Reubenites fight against the Hagrites?

A). Saul's B). David's C). Solomon's D). Ahab's

12102. Who was the father of King Saul?

A). Ner B). Abner C). Jesse D). Kish

12103. Which order is correct, from grandfather to grandson?

A). Ner, Kish, Saul B). Kish, Ner, Saul C). Saul, Kish, Ner D). Kish, Saul, Ner

12104. Which of these is NOT listed as a son of Saul in 1 Chronicles 8:33?

A). Jonathan B). Malki-Shua C). Abinadab D). Abner

12105. On which mountain did many Israelites fall slain in the battle against the Philistines?

A). Mount Carmel B). Mount Gilboa C). Mount Sinai D). Mount Hermon

12106. Which of these sons of Saul was NOT killed by the Philistines in this battle?

A). Jonathan B). Abinadab C). Malki-Shua D). Esh-Baal

12107. Who wounded Saul in the battle?

A). Philistine archers B). A Philistine giant C). An Amalekite
D). His own armor-bearer

12108. How did Saul's armor-bearer respond when Saul asked him to kill him?

A). He obeyed at once B). He ran away to David
C). He was terrified and would not do it D). He called for the priest

12109. In the temple of which god did the Philistines hang up Saul's head?

A). Baal B). Dagon C). Molek D). Ashtoreth

12110. Which people took the bodies of Saul and his sons and buried them?

A). The men of Bethlehem B). The priests of Nob C). The valiant men of Jabesh Gilead
D). The soldiers of David

12111. After burying the bones of Saul and his sons, what did the men of Jabesh do?

A). They fasted seven days B). They attacked the Philistines
C). They crowned a new king D). They offered burnt offerings

12112. According to 1 Chronicles 10:13, why did Saul die?

A). He was too old to fight B). He was unfaithful to the LORD
C). He had too few soldiers D). He was betrayed by his son

12113. Instead of inquiring of the LORD, whom did Saul consult for guidance?

A). A prophet B). A priest C). A wise woman of Tekoa D). A medium

12114. To whom did the LORD turn over the kingdom after Saul's death?

A). Jonathan B). David son of Jesse C). Abner D). Samuel

12115. Where did fighting men come to David while he was banished from Saul's presence?

A). Hebron B). Ziklag C). En Gedi D). Adullam

12116. The Benjamite warriors who first joined David were relatives of whom?

A). Joab B). Samuel C). Jonathan's armor-bearer D). Saul

12117. Why did the Philistine rulers send David away before they fought against Saul?

A). They thought David might desert to Saul B). David was sick
C). David refused to fight D). God told them in a dream

12118. Why did David want to bring the ark of God back?

A). Because the Philistines wanted it
B). Because they had not inquired of it during Saul's reign
C). Because the ark was damaged D). Because Samuel commanded it

12119. Who watched from a window and despised David in her heart?

A). Bathsheba B). Abigail C). Michal daughter of Saul D). Maakah

12120. God promised never to take His love away from David's son, as He had taken it away from whom?

A). Saul, David's predecessor B). Eli the priest C). Pharaoh D). Absalom

12121. Which of these men is NOT named as having dedicated things for the house of God?

A). Samuel the seer B). Saul son of Kish C). Abner son of Ner
D). Absalom son of David

12122. According to its title, David sang Psalm 18 when the LORD delivered him from all his enemies and from the hand of whom?

A). Goliath B). Absalom C). Saul D). Achish

12123. According to the title of Psalm 52, who went to Saul and told him where David had gone?

A). Doeg B). Ahimelek C). Abner D). Joab

12124. According to the title, Doeg told Saul that David had gone to whose house?

A). Samuel's B). Ahimelek's C). Jesse's D). Jonathan's

12125. According to the title of Psalm 54, which people went to Saul and told him David was hiding among them?

A). The Philistines B). The Ziphites C). The Amalekites D). The Moabites

12126. According to the title of Psalm 57, where had David fled when he was running from Saul?

A). Into the desert B). Into a cave C). Into the temple D). Into the land of Moab

12127. According to the title of Psalm 59, why had Saul sent men to watch David's house?

A). To bring David to the palace B). To protect David C). To kill David
D). To take David's family

12128. At whose feet did the witnesses lay their coats?

A). Gamaliel B). The high priest C). Barnabas D). A young man named Saul

12129. Who approved of the killing of Stephen?

A). Gamaliel B). Herod C). Philip D). Saul

12130. What did Saul do to the church?

A). He gave money to the poor believers
B). He went from house to house and dragged believers off to prison
C). He wrote letters to defend them D). He taught in their synagogues

12131. What did Saul ask the high priest for?

A). Money to build a synagogue B). Soldiers to guard the temple
C). Permission to visit Rome D). Letters to the synagogues in Damascus to arrest believers

12132. What flashed around Saul as he neared Damascus?

A). A light from heaven B). Fire from the ground C). Lightning from a storm
D). A great cloud

12133. A voice said to him, "Saul, Saul, why do you _____ me?"

A). reject B). forget C). persecute D). hate

12134. Who said, "I am Jesus, whom you are persecuting"?

A). An angel B). Jesus C). Ananias D). Stephen

12135. For three days after the light, what was Saul's condition?

A). He was deaf but could see B). He was asleep the whole time
C). He was sick with fever D). He was blind and did not eat or drink

12136. On which street was the house where Saul was staying?

A). Main Street B). Temple Street C). Straight Street D). King's Highway

12137. Saul was a man from which city?

A). Antioch B). Tarsus C). Nazareth D). Corinth

12138. Why was Ananias afraid to go to Saul?

A). Saul was a Roman soldier B). He did not know the way C). Saul was very sick
D). He had heard of the harm Saul had done to God's people

12139. How did the Lord describe Saul to Ananias?

A). As His chosen instrument to proclaim His name to the Gentiles
B). As His enemy who would be punished C). As a prophet for Israel only
D). As a priest for the temple

12140. What fell from Saul's eyes when Ananias laid hands on him?

A). Tears B). Dust from the road C). Something like scales D). A cloth

12141. What did Saul begin preaching in the synagogues?

A). That the law must be obeyed B). That Jesus is the Son of God
C). That the temple would fall D). That Stephen was a prophet

12142. How did Saul escape from Damascus when people plotted to kill him?

A). He hid in a cart of hay B). He swam across a river
C). He disguised himself as a soldier
D). He was lowered in a basket through an opening in the wall

12143. Who brought Saul to the apostles in Jerusalem when the disciples were afraid of him?

A). Barnabas B). Ananias C). Philip D). Silas

12144. When the believers learned of a plot against Saul in Jerusalem, where did they take him and send him?

A). To Joppa, then to Rome B). To Damascus, then to Arabia
C). Down to Caesarea, then off to Tarsus D). To Antioch, then to Cyprus

12145. Where did Barnabas go to look for Saul?

A). Tarsus B). Damascus C). Jerusalem D). Cyprus

12146. For how long did Barnabas and Saul meet with the church in Antioch and teach?

A). Three months B). Seven days C). A whole year D). Two years

12147. By whom did the church in Antioch send its gift to the elders?

A). Peter and John B). Barnabas and Saul C). Silas and Timothy
D). Agabus and Simeon

12148. Whom did Barnabas and Saul take with them when they returned from Jerusalem?

A). Silas B). Timothy C). John, also called Mark D). Luke

12149. Which of these men was among the prophets and teachers in the church at Antioch?

A). Silas B). Apollos C). Manaen D). Timothy

12150. The Holy Spirit said, "Set apart for me _____ for the work to which I have called them."

A). Peter and John B). Simeon and Lucius C). Paul and Silas D). Barnabas and Saul

12151. What did the church do before sending off Barnabas and Saul?

A). They gave them gold and horses

B). They fasted, prayed and placed their hands on them C). They wrote letters to Rome

D). They held a great feast

12152. After going down to Seleucia, to which island did Barnabas and Saul sail?

A). Crete B). Malta C). Cyprus D). Patmos

12153. Who was with Barnabas and Saul as their helper on Cyprus?

A). John B). Silas C). Luke D). Timothy

Saul son of Kish

12154. In his sermon, Paul said Saul son of Kish ruled Israel for how many years?

A). Forty years B). Twenty years C). Seven years D). Twelve years

Sennacherib

12155. Which king of Assyria attacked the fortified cities of Judah in Hezekiah's fourteenth year?

A). Shalmaneser B). Tiglath-Pileser C). Pul D). Sennacherib

12156. What did Hezekiah strip from the doors of the temple to pay Sennacherib?

A). Bronze B). Silver C). Gold D). Cedar wood

12157. Which king was reported to be marching out to fight Sennacherib?

A). So king of Egypt B). Rezin king of Aram C). Mesha king of Moab

D). Tirhakah king of Cush

12158. What did Hezekiah do with Sennacherib's letter?

A). He burned it B). He sent it to Egypt

C). He spread it out before the LORD in the temple D). He read it to the people on the wall

12159. The LORD said He would put His hook in Sennacherib's nose and His bit in his mouth. What would He then do?

A). Make him bow before Hezekiah B). Make him a servant in the temple

C). Make him king of Judah D). Make him return by the way he came

12160. What did the LORD promise about the king of Assyria and Jerusalem?

A). He would capture it but leave the temple

B). He would not enter the city or shoot an arrow there C). He would take its king captive

D). He would stay for three years

12161. Where did Sennacherib return to after the angel struck his army?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Damascus D). Lachish

12162. How did Sennacherib die?

A). His sons killed him while he worshipped in the temple of Nisrok B). He died of a plague
C). He fell in battle against Cush D). He was struck by the angel of the LORD

12163. Which king of Assyria invaded Judah in Hezekiah's days?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Sennacherib C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Shalmaneser

12164. Where was Sennacherib when he sent his officers to Jerusalem?

A). Nineveh B). Samaria C). Lachish D). Damascus

12165. What did Sennacherib's officers boast to the people of Jerusalem?

A). That Egypt would help Assyria B). That Hezekiah had surrendered
C). That Assyria's army had no weapons
D). That no god of any nation had been able to deliver its people from Assyria

12166. What happened to Sennacherib after he returned home in disgrace?

A). He became sick and died B). He was captured by Babylon
C). Some of his sons cut him down with the sword in the temple of his god
D). He built a new army

12167. In which year of King Hezekiah's reign did Sennacherib attack the fortified cities of Judah?

A). The fourth year B). The tenth year C). The fourteenth year
D). The twentieth year

12168. Which king of Assyria attacked the fortified cities of Judah in Hezekiah's time?

A). Sennacherib B). Sargon C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Tiglath-Pileser

12169. From which city did the king of Assyria send his field commander to Jerusalem?

A). Nineveh B). Damascus C). Samaria D). Lachish

12170. What did Hezekiah do with the threatening letter he received from Sennacherib's messengers?

A). Burned it B). Sent it to Egypt C). Hid it from the people
D). Spread it out before the LORD in the temple

12171. Why did Hezekiah ask the LORD to deliver them from Sennacherib's hand?

A). So all the kingdoms of the earth may know that the LORD alone is God
B). So he could become richer C). So Judah could conquer Assyria
D). So he could live longer

12172. What did the LORD say the king of Assyria would not do to Jerusalem?

A). Speak to its people B). Look at its walls C). Enter the city or shoot an arrow there
D). Send a letter to it

12173. Where did Sennacherib return to and stay after the Assyrian army was struck down?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Damascus D). Lachish

12174. Who killed Sennacherib while he was worshiping in the temple of his god Nisrok?

A). His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer B). The king of Babylon C). Hezekiah's soldiers
D). His own servants from Egypt

Seraiah

12175. Who was the staff officer who went to Babylon with King Zedekiah and carried Jeremiah's scroll?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Seraiah son of Neriah C). Gemariah son of Shaphan
D). Ebed-Melek the Cushite

12176. What was Seraiah told to do with the scroll after reading it?

A). Burn it in the fire B). Bury it in the sand
C). Tie a stone to it and throw it into the Euphrates D). Give it to the king of Babylon

12177. What did the sinking scroll picture?

A). Babylon would sink to rise no more B). Israel would cross the river
C). The temple would be rebuilt D). The Euphrates would dry up

12178. Which chief priest was taken prisoner and executed at Riblah?

A). Hilkiah B). Seraiah C). Pashhur D). Zadok

Sergius Paulus

12179. Which proconsul wanted to hear the word of God at Paphos?

A). Felix B). Sergius Paulus C). Festus D). Gallio

12180. What did the proconsul do when he saw what happened to Elymas?

A). He arrested Paul B). He sent the apostles away C). He became angry
D). He believed, amazed at the teaching about the Lord

Seth

12181. What son did God give Adam and Eve in place of Abel?

A). Enoch B). Lamech C). Seth D). Jabal

Shadrach

12182. Who came forward and accused the Jews of not worshipping the image?

A). Daniel B). Arioch C). Some astrologers D). The king's wife

12183. Which three men refused to worship the image of gold?

A). Daniel, Arioch and Ashpenaz B). Hananiah, Daniel and Arioch
C). Peter, James and John D). Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

12184. Complete the king's words: "Then what god will be able to _____ you from my hand?"

A). rescue B). hide C). keep D). take

12185. What did the three men say they would do even if God did not rescue them?

A). Ask the king for mercy B). Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image
C). Bow down only once D). Run away from Babylon

12186. What happened to the soldiers who took the three men up to the furnace?

A). They ran away in fear B). They were promoted C). They bowed to God
D). The flames of the fire killed them

12187. How many men did the king see walking in the fire?

A). Four B). Three C). Two D). Seven

12188. What did the king call the three men when he told them to come out?

A). Friends of the king B). Wise men of Babylon C). Servants of the Most High God
D). Children of Judah

12189. Which of these was true of the three men when they came out of the fire?

A). Their robes were burned B). Only their hands were burned
C). Their hair was singed D). They did not even smell of fire

12190. According to the king, how did God rescue the three men?

A). He sent His angel B). He sent a great rain C). He made the king change his mind
D). He sent an army

12191. What did the king do for Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego at the end?

A). Sent them home B). Gave them a feast
C). Promoted them in the province of Babylon D). Made them his sons

Shallum

12192. How long did Shallum son of Jabesh reign?

A). Six months B). One month C). One year D). Seven days

12193. Who came from Tirzah and killed Shallum?

A). Menahem son of Gadi B). Pekah son of Remaliah C). Hoshea son of Elah
D). Pekahiah

12194. What was Mattithiah, the firstborn son of Shallum the Korahite, responsible for?

A). Guarding the treasuries B). Baking the offering bread C). Playing the cymbals
D). Keeping the key

12195. Who helped Shallum son of Hallohesh repair his section of the wall?

A). His daughters B). His brothers C). His servants D). The Levites

12196. God said not to weep for the dead king, but weep for the one who was exiled. What was the name of this son of Josiah who would never return?

A). Shallum B). Eliakim C). Mattaniah D). Gedaliah

12197. Which relative came to Jeremiah asking him to buy a field?

A). Hanamel, his cousin B). Baruch, his scribe C). Hilkiah, his father
D). Shallum, his brother

Shallun

12198. Near which pool did Shallun repair the wall, by the King's Garden?

A). The Pool of Bethesda B). The King's Pool of Gibeon C). The Pool of Siloam
D). The Pool of Heshbon

Shalmaneser

12199. Which king of Assyria put Hoshea in prison?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Sennacherib C). Esarhaddon D). Shalmaneser

12200. Why did the king of Assyria put Hoshea in prison?

A). Hoshea killed Assyrian soldiers B). Hoshea refused to worship Assyria's gods
C). Hoshea sent envoys to So king of Egypt and stopped paying tribute
D). Hoshea attacked Judah

Shamgar

12201. What did Shamgar son of Anath use to strike down six hundred Philistines?

A). The jawbone of a donkey B). A sling and stones C). An ox goad
D). A bronze spear

12202. In what order are these three deliverers described in Judges 3?

A). Ehud, Othniel, Shamgar B). Shamgar, Ehud, Othniel C). Othniel, Shamgar, Ehud
D). Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

12203. According to Deborah's song, what was life like in the days of Shamgar and Jael?

A). No rain fell for many years B). All the cities were burned
C). The highways were abandoned and travelers took winding paths
D). The people lived in caves

Shammah

12204. Which two sons of Jesse passed before Samuel after Eliab?

A). Abinadab and Shammah B). Joel and Abijah C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Joab and Abishai

12205. Which three sons of Jesse had followed Saul to the war?

A). Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah B). Joel, Abijah and Eliab
C). Jonathan, Ishvi and Malki-Shua D). David, Eliab and Shammah

12206. Which mighty warrior took his stand in a field full of lentils and defended it against the Philistines?

A). Shammah B). Benaiah C). Asahel D). Uriah

Shaphan

12207. In which year of his reign did Josiah send Shaphan to the temple?

A). The eighth year B). The twelfth year C). The eighteenth year
D). The thirty-first year

12208. Who read the Book of the Law to King Josiah?

A). Hilkiah the high priest B). Shaphan the secretary C). Huldah D). Ahikam

12209. To which high priest did Josiah's officials give the money for repairing the temple?

A). Azariah B). Zadok C). Hilkiah D). Jehoiada

12210. Who read from the Book of the Law in the presence of the king?

A). Shaphan the secretary B). Hilkiah the priest C). Huldah the prophet
D). Josiah himself

12211. Who supported Jeremiah so he was not handed over to the people to be put to death?

A). Ahikam son of Shaphan B). Baruch son of Neriah C). Ebed-Melek the Cushite
D). Gedaliah son of Ahikam

12212. From whose room in the temple did Baruch read the scroll?

A). The room of Gemariah son of Shaphan the secretary B). The room of the high priest
C). The room of the king D). The room of Pashhur

Sharezer

12213. Who killed Sennacherib while he was worshiping in the temple of his god Nisrok?

A). His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer B). The king of Babylon C). Hezekiah's soldiers
D). His own servants from Egypt

12214. The people of which town sent men to ask the Lord for help?

A). Bethlehem B). Jericho C). Hebron D). Bethel

12215. What question did the men from Bethel ask the priests and prophets?

A). Should we mourn and fast in the fifth month? B). Should we rebuild the walls?
C). Should we return to Babylon? D). Should we offer more sacrifices?

Shear-Jashub

12216. Which son did the LORD tell Isaiah to take with him to meet Ahaz?

A). Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz B). Immanuel C). Shear-Jashub D). Amoz

Sheba

12217. Which Benjamite troublemaker blew a trumpet and led Israel away from David?

A). Shimei son of Gera B). Ziba C). Amasa son of Jether D). Sheba son of Bikri

12218. Complete Sheba's shout: "We have no share in David... Every man to his _____, Israel!"

A). home B). tent C). city D). field

12219. Which people stayed with David when the men of Israel followed Sheba?

A). The men of Judah B). The men of Benjamin C). The men of Ephraim
D). The men of Gilead

12220. Whom did David then send to pursue Sheba?

A). Zadok B). Ittai C). Hushai D). Abishai

12221. In which city did Joab besiege Sheba?

A). Bethlehem B). Beth Shemesh C). Abel Beth Maakah D). Beersheba

12222. What did Joab say would make him withdraw from the city?

A). A payment of gold B). Handing over the one man, Sheba
C). Surrendering the city walls D). Making the city his home

12223. How was the city of Abel Beth Maakah saved?

A). An army from Judah arrived B). Joab gave up the siege
C). The people followed the wise woman's advice and handed over Sheba's head
D). A great storm drove the army away

Shebna

12224. Who was the palace administrator that the LORD sent Isaiah to rebuke?

A). Eliakim B). Hilkiah C). Joah D). Shebna

12225. What was Shebna proudly cutting out for himself on the height?

A). A palace B). A grave C). A watchtower D). A throne

12226. Whom did the LORD summon to replace Shebna?

A). Eliakim son of Hilkiah B). Hezekiah son of Ahaz C). Uriah the priest
D). Zechariah son of Jeberekiah

12227. Which man was the palace administrator who went out to meet the field commander?

A). Shebna B). Joah C). Eliakim son of Hilkiah D). Isaiah son of Amoz

12228. In which language did Hezekiah's officials ask the field commander to speak to them?

A). Hebrew B). Egyptian C). Greek D). Aramaic

12229. What did Eliakim, Shebna and Joah do before going to Hezekiah?

A). They wrote a letter B). They hid in the temple C). They tore their clothes
D). They put on armor

12230. To which prophet did Hezekiah send Eliakim, Shebna and the leading priests?

A). Isaiah son of Amoz B). Jeremiah C). Micah D). Elisha

Shecaniah

12231. Who spoke up and said there was still hope for Israel?

A). Jonathan son of Asahel B). Meshullam C). Shecaniah son of Jehiel
D). Jehohanan

12232. Complete Shecaniah's words to Ezra: "We will support you, so take _____ and do it."

A). courage B). time C). care D). charge

Shechem

12233. Who was Shechem, the man who wronged Dinah?

A). A servant of Jacob B). The son of Hamor the Hivite, ruler of that area
C). A brother of Esau D). A trader passing through the land

12234. What did Shechem ask his father Hamor to do for him?

A). To send Dinah away B). To give him land near Jacob C). To get Dinah as his wife
D). To make peace with Esau

12235. What condition did Jacob's sons deceitfully set before agreeing to the marriage?

A). That every male in the city be circumcised B). That Shechem pay a large sum of silver
C). That Hamor give them half his land D). That the city worship the God of Jacob

Sheerah

12236. What is Sheerah, Ephraim's daughter, remembered for?

A). Hiding the spies B). Building Lower and Upper Beth Horon and Uzzen Sheerah
C). Leading Israel as a judge D). Singing a song of victory

Shelah

12237. Why did Judah send Tamar back to her father's house as a widow?

A). He was angry with her B). He wanted her to remarry elsewhere
C). He feared his third son Shelah might also die D). He had no more sons

Shelemiah

12238. Which son of Shelemiah is described as a wise counselor, with the lot for the North Gate falling to him?

A). Meshelemiah B). Obed-Edom C). Shemaiah D). Zechariah

Shem

12239. Who were the three sons of Noah listed at the end of Genesis 5?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob C). Shem, Ham, and Japheth
D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

12240. Which sons of Noah covered their father without looking at him when he lay uncovered?

A). Shem and Japheth B). Ham and Shem C). Ham and Japheth D). Cain and Abel

12241. Genesis 10 records the descendants of which three men, whose families spread out after the flood?

A). Cain, Abel, and Seth B). Shem, Ham, and Japheth C). Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
D). Reuben, Simeon, and Levi

12242. Which of these was NOT one of the sons of Noah?

A). Shem B). Ham C). Japheth D). Enoch

Shema

12243. What did Beriah and Shema, heads of families in Aijalon, do?

A). Built the walls of Jerusalem B). Drove out the inhabitants of Gath
C). Served as priests in Gibeon D). Led the people back from exile

Shemaiah

12244. Which man of God told Rehoboam not to fight against the Israelites?

A). Ahijah B). Nathan C). Gad D). Shemaiah

12245. How did Rehoboam and his army respond to the LORD's message through Shemaiah?

A). They attacked anyway B). They obeyed and went home C). They ran to Egypt
D). They made Jeroboam their king

12246. Which scribe recorded the names of the priestly divisions?

A). Shavsha B). Jehoshaphat C). Shemaiah son of Nethanel D). Baruch

12247. Through which man of God did the LORD tell Rehoboam not to fight?

A). Nathan B). Ahijah C). Shemaiah D). Elijah

12248. Complete the LORD's message through Shemaiah: "You have abandoned me; therefore, I now abandon you to _____."

A). Jeroboam B). Shishak C). the Philistines D). your enemies in Edom

12249. What did God say He would do because they humbled themselves?

A). Give them victory over Egypt B). Make Rehoboam rich

C). Take away all the enemies D). Not destroy them but soon give them deliverance

12250. Who told Nehemiah to hide inside the temple because men were coming to kill him?

A). Hanani B). Noadiah C). Shemaiah son of Delaiah D). Eliashib

12251. Who had hired Shemaiah to give Nehemiah the false prophecy?

A). Tobiah and Sanballat B). Geshem and the Arabs C). The nobles of Tekoa

D). The king of Persia

12252. Which other prophet prophesied like Jeremiah, then fled to Egypt when King Jehoiakim sought to kill him?

A). Hananiah B). Uriah son of Shemaiah C). Zephaniah D). Baruch

12253. Which man in Babylon sent letters to the priest Zephaniah against Jeremiah?

A). Hananiah of Gibeon B). Pashhur son of Immer C). Elnathan son of Akbor

D). Shemaiah the Nehelamite

Shemer

12254. Which city did Omri build on a hill he bought from Shemer?

A). Tirzah B). Jericho C). Samaria D). Shechem

12255. How much did Omri pay Shemer for the hill of Samaria?

A). Twenty shekels of gold B). Four hundred shekels of silver C). Fifty talents of gold

D). Two talents of silver

Sheshan

12256. Sheshan had no sons. What did he do?

A). He adopted his nephew B). He gave his land to the Levites

C). He gave his daughter in marriage to his Egyptian servant Jarha

D). He asked the priest to pray for a son

Sheshbazzar

12257. The temple articles were counted out to which prince of Judah?

A). Ezra B). Nehemiah C). Jeshua D). Sheshbazzar

12258. How many articles of gold and silver were there in all?

A). 2,400 B). 5,400 C). 1,000 D). 7,337

12259. From which city did the exiles come up to Jerusalem with Sheshbazzar?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Susa D). Damascus

12260. According to the letter, whom had Cyrus appointed governor, who laid the foundations of the house of God?

A). Ezra B). Tattenai C). Sheshbazzar D). Nehemiah

Shethar-Bozenai

12261. Who was the governor of Trans-Euphrates who questioned the Jews about the building?

A). Tattenai B). Rehum C). Sanballat D). Mithredath

Shimea

12262. Who killed the huge man at Gath who taunted Israel?

A). Jonathan son of Saul B). Abishai son of Zeruiah C). Benaiah son of Jehoiada
D). Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother

Shimei

12263. Which man from Saul's clan came out and cursed David at Bahurim?

A). Ziba B). Sheba son of Bikri C). Shimei son of Gera D). Ahithophel

12264. Besides cursing, what did Shimei do to David and his officials?

A). He spat at them B). He set fire to their tents C). He blocked the road
D). He pelted them with stones

12265. According to Shimei, why was David suffering?

A). Because he had sinned with Bathsheba
B). Because the LORD was repaying him for the blood shed in Saul's household
C). Because Absalom was stronger D). Because David had left the ark

12266. Who asked David's permission to cut off Shimei's head?

A). Abishai B). Joab C). Ittai D). Benaiah

12267. How did David respond to Abishai's offer to kill Shimei?

A). He agreed B). He ordered Shimei arrested
C). He told Abishai to leave Shimei alone and let him curse D). He cursed Shimei back

12268. What did David hope the LORD might do because of Shimei's cursing?

A). Destroy Shimei at once B). Send rain on the land
C). Make Absalom return the throne
D). Look on his misery and restore His covenant blessing instead of the curse

12269. Which man who had cursed David fell before him and said, "I know I have sinned"?

A). Shimei B). Ziba C). Ahithophel D). Sheba

12270. What did David promise Shimei, even though Abishai wanted him put to death?

A). "You must leave Israel" B). "You shall not die" C). "You will be my servant"
D). "You will pay a fine"

12271. Which man from Bahurim had cursed David on the day David went to Mahanaim?

A). Shimei son of Gera B). Joab son of Zeruiah C). Sheba son of Bikri
D). Ahithophel

12272. What was Shimei told he must never do, or he would surely die?

A). Enter the temple B). Speak to the king
C). Leave Jerusalem and cross the Kidron Valley D). Eat at the king's table

12273. Shimei broke his oath when he went to which city to bring back his runaway slaves?

A). Bethel B). Gath C). Jericho D). Hebron

12274. Why did the clan of Simeon not become as numerous as the people of Judah?

A). Shimei's brothers did not have many children B). They were killed in a war with Egypt
C). They were taken into exile early D). A plague struck their towns

Shimshai

12275. Which commanding officer, together with Shimshai the secretary, wrote a letter against Jerusalem?

A). Rehum B). Tattenai C). Mithredath D). Tabeel

12276. What did Rehum and Shimshai do after reading the king's reply?

A). They forced the Jews to stop building B). They helped the Jews finish the walls
C). They sent gifts to the temple D). They left the land of Judah

Shiphrah

12277. What were the names of the two Hebrew midwives?

A). Shiphrah and Puah B). Rachel and Leah C). Miriam and Jochebed
D). Naomi and Ruth

12278. What did Pharaoh order the midwives to do?

A). Care for all Hebrew babies B). Kill the Hebrew baby boys
C). Kill the Hebrew baby girls D). Send the babies to Canaan

12279. Why did the midwives let the baby boys live?

A). They were afraid of Pharaoh B). They feared God C). They wanted a reward
D). They did not hear the command

12280. How did God treat the midwives who feared Him?

A). He punished them B). He was kind to them and gave them families

C). He ignored them D). He sent them to Pharaoh

Shishak

12281. When Solomon tried to kill Jeroboam, where did Jeroboam flee?

A). To Damascus B). To Tyre C). To Edom D). To Egypt, to King Shishak

12282. In Rehoboam's fifth year, which king of Egypt attacked Jerusalem and carried off its treasures?

A). Pharaoh Neco B). Hiram C). Achish D). Shishak

12283. Shishak carried off the gold shields Solomon had made. What did Rehoboam make to replace them?

A). Bronze shields B). Silver shields C). Wooden shields D). Iron shields

12284. Which king of Egypt attacked Jerusalem in Rehoboam's fifth year?

A). Pharaoh Neco B). So C). Shishak D). Tirhakah

12285. Why did Shishak attack Jerusalem?

A). Rehoboam had stolen his gold B). Egypt needed more land

C). Jeroboam paid him to attack D). The people had been unfaithful to the LORD

12286. How many chariots came with Shishak?

A). 1,200 B). 12,000 C). 600 D). 60,000

12287. Complete the LORD's message through Shemaiah: "You have abandoned me; therefore, I now abandon you to _____."

A). Jeroboam B). Shishak C). the Philistines D). your enemies in Edom

12288. Why did God allow Judah to become subject to Shishak?

A). So they would learn the difference between serving God and serving other kings

B). So Egypt would become rich C). So Rehoboam would lose his throne

D). So the temple would be rebuilt

12289. What did Shishak carry off from the temple and the royal palace?

A). The ark of the covenant B). The treasures, including Solomon's gold shields

C). The two bronze pillars D). The priests and Levites

Shobak

12290. Where did David cross the Jordan to fight the regrouped Arameans?

A). Gibeon B). Helam C). Mahanaim D). Aphek

12291. Which commander of Hadadezer's army did David strike down at Helam?

A). Zobah B). Hanun C). Rezon D). Shobak

Shobi

12292. Which three men brought supplies to David at Mahanaim?

A). Joab, Abishai and Benaiah B). Ziba, Hushai and Ittai C). Zadok, Abiathar and Nathan
D). Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

Shophak

12293. Who was the commander of Hadadezer's army who led the Arameans from beyond the Euphrates?

A). Hadoram B). Shophak C). Hanun D). Tou

Sibbekai

12294. Who killed Saph, one of the descendants of Rapha, at Gob?

A). Sibbekai the Hushathite B). Elhanan son of Jair C). Jonathan son of Shimeah
D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

12295. Who killed Sippai, a descendant of the Rephaites, at Gezer?

A). Elhanan son of Jair B). Abishai C). Benaiah D). Sibbekai the Hushathite

Sihon

12296. Which king of Heshbon did God command Israel to begin to take possession of?

A). Og B). Balak C). Sihon D). Arad

12297. What did Moses request from King Sihon before entering his territory?

A). To surrender his cities B). To join Israel in battle C). To give Israel his silver and gold
D). To let Israel pass through peacefully along the road

12298. Why would Sihon not let Israel pass through his country?

A). The Lord had made his spirit stubborn and his heart obstinate
B). He feared Israel's army C). He had made a treaty with Moab
D). He wanted payment first

12299. What was the outcome of Israel's battle against Sihon?

A). Israel was driven back B). They made a lasting peace treaty
C). Sihon fled to the mountains
D). God delivered Sihon over, and Israel defeated him and took his towns

12300. Which two Amorite kings did Rahab mention that Israel had destroyed east of the Jordan?

A). Sihon and Og B). Eglon and Jabin C). Balak and Agag
D). Adoni-Zedek and Horam

12301. In which city did Sihon king of the Amorites reign?

A). Heshbon B). Hazor C). Hebron D). Jericho

12302. In Jephthah's message, which Amorite king did the LORD give into Israel's hands when he refused to let Israel pass?

A). Sihon B). Og C). Balak D). Eglon

12303. Which two kings' lands did Israel take, according to Nehemiah 9:22?

A). Pharaoh and Nebuchadnezzar B). Sihon king of Heshbon and Og king of Bashan
C). Balak and Eglon D). Agag and Jabin

12304. According to Psalm 135, which king of Bashan did God strike down?

A). Sihon B). Agag C). Eglon D). Og

Silas

12305. Which two leaders were chosen to go to Antioch with Paul and Barnabas?

A). Peter and John B). Mark and Luke C). Judas called Barsabbas and Silas
D). Timothy and Titus

12306. What did Judas and Silas, who were prophets, do in Antioch?

A). They said much to encourage and strengthen the believers
B). They performed great miracles C). They appointed new apostles
D). They wrote another letter

12307. Whom did Paul choose as his new companion?

A). Silas B). Timothy C). Luke D). Titus

12308. Where did the Spirit not allow Paul and his companions to go or preach?

A). Macedonia and Achaia B). Galatia and Phrygia C). The province of Asia and Bithynia
D). Cyprus and Crete

12309. Why did the slave girl's owners seize Paul and Silas?

A). Paul had stolen from them B). They realized their hope of making money was gone
C). Paul had insulted Caesar D). Silas had broken the Sabbath

12310. Where did the jailer put Paul and Silas?

A). In the inner cell with their feet in the stocks B). In a pit with water
C). In the city tower D). In the courtyard

12311. What were Paul and Silas doing in prison at midnight?

A). Sleeping B). Weeping C). Trying to escape
D). Praying and singing hymns to God

12312. What suddenly happened at the prison?

A). A fire broke out B). An angel woke the jailer
C). A violent earthquake opened the doors and loosened the chains
D). The walls turned to dust

12313. The jailer asked what he must do to be saved. They replied, "_____ in the Lord Jesus, and you will be saved — you and your household."

A). Believe B). Trust C). Pray D). Hope

12314. That night, what did the jailer do first for Paul and Silas, before he and his household were baptized?

A). He served them a meal B). He set them free C). He gave them new clothes
D). He washed their wounds

12315. Why did Paul refuse to leave the prison quietly?

A). He wanted to preach to the guards B). He was too weak to walk
C). They were Roman citizens who had been beaten publicly without a trial
D). Silas was still asleep

12316. Where did Paul and Silas go after coming out of prison?

A). The synagogue B). Lydia's house C). The river D). Back to Troas

12317. To which city did the believers send Paul and Silas at night from Thessalonica?

A). Athens B). Corinth C). Philippi D). Berea

12318. Who stayed behind in Berea when Paul was sent to the coast?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Luke and Titus
D). Aquila and Priscilla

12319. What did Paul do after Silas and Timothy came from Macedonia?

A). He returned to Jerusalem B). He stopped making tents forever
C). He went to Athens D). He devoted himself exclusively to preaching

12320. Who preached the Son of God among the Corinthians together with Paul and Timothy?

A). Apollos B). Peter C). Titus D). Silas

12321. Which two men joined Paul in writing this letter to the church of the Thessalonians?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Titus and Luke
D). Apollos and Peter

12322. Which two men joined Paul in greeting the church of the Thessalonians?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Titus and Luke
D). Apollos and Tychicus

12323. With whose help did Peter write this short letter?

A). Silas B). Timothy C). Barnabas D). Luke

Simeon

12324. Which two sons of Jacob attacked the city of Shechem?

A). Reuben and Judah B). Dan and Naphtali C). Joseph and Benjamin
D). Simeon and Levi

12325. What did Jacob fear would happen because of his sons' actions?

A). That God would abandon him B). That Esau would return to fight him
C). That the people of the land would join together and attack him
D). That his flocks would be taken away

12326. Which brother did Joseph keep as a prisoner in Egypt?

A). Reuben B). Judah C). Levi D). Simeon

12327. Which brother was brought out to the others at Joseph's house?

A). Reuben B). Levi C). Simeon D). Judah

12328. Which two brothers did Jacob rebuke together for their anger and violence?

A). Reuben and Judah B). Dan and Gad C). Simeon and Levi
D). Issachar and Zebulun

12329. Why did the clan of Simeon not become as numerous as the people of Judah?

A). Shimei's brothers did not have many children B). They were killed in a war with Egypt
C). They were taken into exile early D). A plague struck their towns

12330. What were the Simeonites looking for when they went to the outskirts of Gedor?

A). Gold and silver B). Pasture for their flocks C). A place to build an altar
D). Water in the desert

12331. During the days of which king did the Simeonites attack the Hamites and Meunites near Gedor?

A). David B). Solomon C). Jehoshaphat D). Hezekiah

12332. Where did five hundred Simeonites go to kill the remaining Amalekites who had escaped?

A). The hill country of Seir B). The land of Moab C). The Negev near Beersheba
D). The valley of Jezreel

12333. Which righteous man had been told he would not die before seeing the Lord's Messiah?

A). Zechariah B). Nicodemus C). Simeon D). Joseph

12334. Simeon said Jesus would be a light for revelation to whom?

A). The Gentiles B). The priests only C). The Romans only D). The angels

12335. Complete Simeon's words to Mary: 'And a ___ will pierce your own soul too.'

A). spear B). sword C). thorn D). arrow

Simon of Cyrene

12336. Who was forced to carry Jesus' cross?

A). Joseph of Arimathea B). Peter C). Simon from Cyrene D). A Roman soldier

12337. Who was forced to carry Jesus' cross?

A). Simon from Cyrene B). Simon Peter C). Joseph of Arimathea D). Nicodemus

12338. Simon of Cyrene, who carried the cross, was the father of which two men?

A). James and John B). Peter and Andrew C). Joseph and Judas
D). Alexander and Rufus

12339. Who was forced to carry the cross behind Jesus?

A). Joseph of Arimathea B). Peter C). Simon from Cyrene D). Lazarus

Simon Peter

12340. Which two brothers were casting a net into the lake when Jesus called them to follow him?

A). James and John B). Simon and Andrew C). Philip and Bartholomew
D). Matthew and Thomas

12341. Complete Jesus' words: "Come, follow me, and I will send you out to fish for ___."

A). food B). people C). treasure D). fish

12342. Whose mother-in-law did Jesus heal of a fever?

A). Simon's B). Jairus's C). Zebedee's D). Levi's

12343. When everyone was looking for Jesus, what did he say was the reason he had come?

A). To heal everyone in Capernaum B). To preach in the nearby villages also
C). To rest from the crowds D). To go up to Jerusalem

12344. What new name did Jesus give to Simon?

A). Andrew B). Thaddaeus C). Barnabas D). Peter

12345. Which three disciples did Jesus let follow him to Jairus's house?

A). Peter, James and John B). Andrew, Philip and Thomas C). Matthew, Peter and Judas
D). James, John and Andrew

12346. Complete Peter's answer to Jesus: "You are the ___."

A). Teacher B). Prophet C). Messiah D). King of Israel

12347. When Peter rebuked Jesus, Jesus said, "Get behind me, ___!"

A). Peter B). tempter C). deceiver D). Satan

12348. Which three disciples did Jesus take up a high mountain where he was transfigured?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, James and John
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, Judas and John

12349. What did Peter offer to put up on the mountain?

A). An altar of stones B). A tent for the crowd C). Three shelters D). A temple

12350. Along with receiving a hundred times as much, what did Jesus say those who leave everything for him would also receive in this age?

A). Persecutions B). Riches without trouble C). A crown of gold
D). Rest from all work

12351. Which disciple remembered and pointed out that the fig tree had withered?

A). John B). Thomas C). Andrew D). Peter

12352. Which four disciples asked Jesus privately when these things would happen?

A). Peter, James, John and Andrew B). Peter, Thomas, Philip and Matthew
C). James, John, Judas and Simon D). Andrew, Philip, Bartholomew and Thomas

12353. What did Jesus say Peter would do before the rooster crowed twice?

A). Cut off a servant's ear B). Run away to Galilee C). Disown him three times
D). Fall asleep twice

12354. When Jesus came back from praying, what were Peter, James and John doing?

A). Praying B). Sleeping C). Keeping watch D). Singing

12355. Who first said to Peter in the courtyard, "You also were with that Nazarene, Jesus"?

A). A Roman soldier B). Judas Iscariot C). One of the servant girls of the high priest
D). The high priest

12356. Why did those standing near say to Peter, "Surely you are one of them"?

A). Because he carried a sword B). Because he was crying
C). Because he wore a linen garment D). Because he was a Galilean

12357. What happened right after the rooster crowed the second time?

A). Peter ran to the temple B). Peter fought the guards C). Peter fell asleep
D). Peter remembered Jesus' words, broke down and wept

12358. Which disciple did the young man mention by name when telling the women to go and tell the disciples?

A). John B). Thomas C). James D). Peter

12359. Whose mother-in-law did Jesus heal of a high fever?

A). Simon's B). Andrew's C). John's D). Levi's

12360. What did Simon's mother-in-law do right after she was healed?

A). She went to the synagogue B). She told the neighbors C). She went to sleep
D). She got up and began to wait on them

12361. Why did Jesus get into Simon's boat?

A). To sit down and teach the people from the boat B). To cross to the other side
C). To hide from the crowd D). To go fishing alone

12362. Complete Jesus' words to Simon: 'Put out into ___ water, and let down the nets for a catch.'

A). calm B). shallow C). deep D). clear

12363. What did Simon tell Jesus about their fishing the night before?

A). They had caught too many fish B). Their boat had sunk C). Their nets were stolen
D). They had worked hard all night and caught nothing

12364. What happened when the fishermen let down their nets as Jesus said?

A). They caught so many fish that their nets began to break
B). They caught one very large fish C). A storm suddenly began
D). They pulled up a coin

12365. Complete Simon Peter's words: 'Go away from me, Lord; I am a ___ man!'

A). poor B). sinful C). simple D). weak

12366. Which two sons of Zebedee were Simon's partners?

A). Andrew and Philip B). Matthew and Thomas C). James and John
D). Peter and Andrew

12367. Complete Jesus' words to Simon: 'Don't be afraid; from now on you will fish for ___.'

A). food B). money C). fish D). people

12368. What did the fishermen do after they pulled their boats up on shore?

A). They left everything and followed Jesus B). They sold the fish at the market
C). They went home to their families D). They mended their nets

12369. What new name did Jesus give to Simon?

A). Andrew B). Peter C). Thomas D). Levi

12370. Which disciples did Jesus allow into Jairus's house with the girl's parents?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James
C). Peter, Andrew and Matthew D). James, John and Judas

12371. When Jesus asked, 'Who do you say I am?', Peter answered: 'God's ___.'

A). Prophet B). Messiah C). Servant D). Lamb

12372. Which three disciples went up the mountain with Jesus to pray?

A). Andrew, Philip and Thomas B). Peter, John and James C). Peter, Andrew and Levi
D). James, John and Matthew

12373. What did Peter offer to put up on the mountain?

A). An altar B). Three shelters C). A tent for prayer D). A stone marker

12374. Which two disciples did Jesus send to prepare the Passover?

A). Peter and John B). James and John C). Andrew and Philip
D). Peter and Andrew

12375. Whom would Peter and John meet as they entered the city?

A). A Roman soldier B). A man carrying a jar of water C). A priest with a lamb
D). A woman at a well

12376. What did Jesus tell Simon that Satan had asked to do?

A). Take him to Rome B). Make him a king C). Close his mouth
D). Sift all of them as wheat

12377. What did Jesus pray for Simon?

A). That his faith may not fail B). That he would become rich
C). That he would never be afraid D). That he would not be arrested

12378. How many times did Jesus say Peter would deny knowing him before the rooster crowed?

A). Two times B). Three times C). Seven times D). Once

12379. Where did they take Jesus after arresting him?

A). Into the house of the high priest B). To Pilate's palace C). To Herod's court
D). To the temple treasury

12380. When a servant girl said Peter had been with Jesus, he denied it: 'Woman, I don't ___ him.'

A). like B). know C). see D). follow

12381. What happened right after the rooster crowed during Peter's third denial?

A). Peter ran to Jesus B). Peter hid in the house
C). The Lord turned and looked straight at Peter, and Peter went out and wept bitterly
D). Peter was arrested

12382. What did Peter see when he ran to the tomb?

A). An angel B). Jesus himself C). Soldiers asleep
D). The strips of linen lying by themselves

12383. According to those gathered in Jerusalem, to whom had the Lord appeared?

A). Simon B). James C). Mary D). John

12384. One of the two disciples who heard John and followed Jesus was Simon Peter's brother. Who was he?

A). James B). Philip C). Thomas D). Andrew

12385. What did Andrew tell his brother Simon after spending time with Jesus?

A). We have found the Messiah B). We have found a new teacher

C). We have found Elijah D). We have found a great prophet from Nazareth

12386. When Andrew brought Simon to Jesus, what new name did Jesus give him?

A). Thomas B). Cephas C). Barnabas D). Nathanael

12387. Philip, like Andrew and Peter, was from which town?

A). Nazareth B). Cana C). Bethsaida D). Jericho

12388. In John 1, what is the correct order of these events?

A). Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon

B). Jesus finds Philip, Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael

C). Andrew finds Simon, Philip finds Nathanael, Jesus finds Philip

D). Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

12389. Which disciple told Jesus about the boy with five loaves and two fish?

A). Andrew B). John C). James D). Matthew

12390. When Jesus asked the Twelve if they wanted to leave too, Simon Peter said: "Lord, to whom shall we go? You have the words of ___."

A). wisdom B). truth C). comfort D). eternal life

12391. Which disciple said to Jesus, "No, you shall never wash my feet"?

A). John B). Andrew C). Thomas D). Peter

12392. After Jesus said, "Unless I wash you, you have no part with me," what did Peter ask?

A). Not just my feet but my hands and my head as well B). Wash the others first

C). Let me wash your feet instead D). Only my hands

12393. Simon Peter motioned to which disciple to ask Jesus who would betray him?

A). The disciple whom Jesus loved, reclining next to him B). Andrew C). Philip

D). Judas

12394. Jesus told Peter that before the rooster crows, Peter would do what?

A). Betray him for silver B). Fall asleep three times C). Disown him three times

D). Run away to Galilee

12395. What was the name of the high priest's servant whose right ear Simon Peter cut off?

A). Barabbas B). Caiaphas C). Annas D). Malchus

12396. After Peter used his sword, what did Jesus say?

A). Put your sword away! Shall I not drink the cup the Father has given me? B). Fight for me!

C). Run and hide! D). Call the other disciples!

12397. How did Peter get into the high priest's courtyard?

A). He climbed over the wall B). He went in with the soldiers

C). Another disciple known to the high priest spoke to the servant girl on duty and brought him in

D). He pretended to be a servant

12398. Who first asked Peter, "You aren't one of this man's disciples too, are you?"

A). A soldier B). Malchus C). The high priest D). The servant girl at the door

12399. What were Peter and the others doing while standing in the courtyard?

A). Warming themselves around a fire B). Eating bread C). Praying

D). Washing their hands

12400. What happened right after Peter denied Jesus the third time?

A). Jesus looked at him B). A rooster began to crow C). The soldiers arrested him

D). He ran to the tomb

12401. When Peter and the other disciple ran to the tomb, who reached it first?

A). Peter B). Mary Magdalene C). The other disciple D). They arrived together

12402. What did Peter see inside the tomb besides the strips of linen?

A). An angel B). Jesus' sandals C). The jar of spices

D). The cloth that had been wrapped around Jesus' head, still lying in its place, separate from the linen

12403. What did Simon Peter say he was going to do?

A). Go fishing B). Go to Jerusalem C). Go home to Bethsaida D). Go to the tomb

12404. How many fish did the disciples catch that night?

A). 153 B). Twelve C). Nothing D). Seven

12405. Who first said to Peter, "It is the Lord!"?

A). The disciple whom Jesus loved B). Thomas C). Nathanael D). Andrew

12406. What did Peter do when he heard, "It is the Lord"?

A). He stayed in the boat

B). He wrapped his outer garment around him and jumped into the water

C). He pulled in the net alone D). He began to pray

12407. How many large fish were in the net that Peter dragged ashore?

A). 100 B). 200 C). 144 D). 153

12408. How many times did Jesus ask Peter, "Do you love me?"

A). Two times B). Three times C). Four times D). Seven times

12409. Each time Peter said he loved Jesus, what did Jesus tell him to do?

A). Go and preach in Rome B). Go back to fishing

C). Feed or take care of his lambs and sheep D). Build a church

12410. When Jesus spoke of Peter stretching out his hands when he was old, what was he showing?

A). How Peter would catch fish B). How Peter would bless people

C). How long Peter would live D). The kind of death by which Peter would glorify God

12411. After speaking about Peter's death, what did Jesus tell him? "__ me!"

A). Follow B). Remember C). Love D). Wait for

12412. When Peter asked about the disciple whom Jesus loved, what did Jesus say?

A). He will die soon

B). If I want him to remain alive until I return, what is that to you? You must follow me

C). He will be the leader D). He will go with you to Rome

Simon the Leper

12413. In whose home in Bethany was Jesus when a woman poured perfume on his head?

A). Simon the Leper B). Lazarus C). Zacchaeus D). Simon the Pharisee

12414. In whose home in Bethany was Jesus when a woman poured perfume on his head?

A). Lazarus B). Martha C). Simon the Leper D). Simon Peter

Simon the Pharisee

12415. What was the name of the Pharisee who invited Jesus to eat with him?

A). Nicodemus B). Gamaliel C). Simon D). Joseph

12416. In Jesus' story, how much did the two people owe the moneylender?

A). One hundred and ten denarii B). A thousand and a hundred denarii

C). Ten and one talent D). Five hundred and fifty denarii

12417. In Jesus' story, which person would love the moneylender more?

A). The one who had the bigger debt forgiven B). The one who had the smaller debt

C). Neither of them D). The one who paid first

12418. What did Jesus point out that Simon had not done for him?

A). Paid for the meal B). Given him water for his feet, a kiss, or oil for his head

C). Invited his disciples D). Prayed before eating

Simon the sorcerer

12419. Which man practiced sorcery in Samaria and was called 'the Great Power of God'?

A). Elymas B). Ananias C). Simon D). Demetrius

12420. What did Simon do after Philip preached?

A). He tried to kill Philip B). He believed, was baptized and followed Philip
C). He left Samaria D). He kept doing sorcery openly

12421. What did Simon offer the apostles so he could give the Holy Spirit too?

A). His house B). His land C). Money D). Gold jewelry

12422. Why did Peter rebuke Simon so strongly?

A). He refused to be baptized B). He thought he could buy the gift of God with money
C). He lied about his sorcery D). He did not believe in Jesus at all

12423. How did Simon respond to Peter's rebuke?

A). He asked Peter to pray for him B). He cursed Peter C). He ran away
D). He offered more money

Simon the tanner

12424. With whom did Peter stay for some time in Joppa?

A). Cornelius B). Simon the sorcerer C). Mark's mother D). Simon a tanner

Simon the Zealot

12425. Complete the name of this apostle: "Simon the _____"

A). Tanner B). Zealot C). Sorcerer D). Leper

12426. Which apostle is called 'the Zealot' in Luke's list?

A). James B). Thaddaeus C). Simon D). Bartholomew

Sippai

12427. Who killed Sippai, a descendant of the Rephaites, at Gezer?

A). Elhanan son of Jair B). Abishai C). Benaiah D). Sibbekai the Hushathite

Sisera

12428. Who was the commander of Jabin's army?

A). Goliath B). Oreb C). Sisera D). Adoni-Bezek

12429. How many chariots fitted with iron did Sisera have?

A). Three hundred B). Six hundred C). One thousand D). Nine hundred

12430. For how many years did Sisera cruelly oppress the Israelites before they cried to the LORD?

A). Seven B). Twenty C). Eight D). Eighteen

12431. To which river did the LORD say He would lead Sisera and his army?

A). The Jordan River B). The Jabbok River C). The Kishon River D). The Arnon River

12432. Because of the course Barak took, what did Deborah say would happen?

A). The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

B). Israel would lose the battle C). Barak would be killed in the battle

D). Deborah would become queen of Israel

12433. When the LORD routed Sisera's army, what did Sisera do?

A). He hid in a cave B). He swam across the Kishon River

C). He got down from his chariot and fled on foot D). He surrendered to Barak

12434. Why did Sisera run to the tent of Jael?

A). Jael was Sisera's sister B). He was lost and saw the tent

C). Barak had told him to hide there

D). There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

12435. Sisera asked Jael for water. What did she give him to drink?

A). Water B). Milk C). Wine D). Honey

12436. What did Jael use to kill Sisera?

A). A sword B). A spear C). A tent peg and a hammer D). A millstone

12437. Complete what Deborah said to Barak: "Go! This is the day the LORD has given Sisera into your hands. Has not the ___ gone ahead of you?"

A). LORD B). army C). angel D). ark

12438. Complete the verse: "From the heavens the ___ fought, from their courses they fought against Sisera."

A). angels B). stars C). clouds D). winds

12439. According to Deborah's song, which river swept Sisera's army away?

A). The Jordan B). The Jabbok C). The Nile D). The Kishon

12440. According to Deborah's song, in what did Jael bring Sisera curdled milk?

A). A golden cup B). A clay jar C). A leather bag D). A bowl fit for nobles

12441. Who looked through the window and asked, "Why is his chariot so long in coming?"

A). Sisera's mother B). Jabin's wife C). Jael D). Deborah

12442. When Israel forgot the LORD, He sold them into the hands of the Philistines, the king of Moab and which commander?

A). Goliath B). Nahash C). Agag D). Sisera

12443. In Psalm 83:9, at which river did God defeat Sisera and Jabin?

A). The Jordan B). The Kishon C). The Nile D). The Euphrates

Solomon

12444. Which of these sons was born to David in Jerusalem?

A). Solomon B). Absalom C). Amnon D). Adonijah

12445. What did David and Bathsheba name their next son, whom the LORD loved?

A). Absalom B). Nathan C). Solomon D). Adonijah

12446. What name did the LORD send word through Nathan to give Solomon?

A). Jedidiah B). Jehoshaphat C). Jerubbaal D). Jeduthun

12447. What happened FIRST in this chapter?

A). Solomon was anointed at Gihon B). Bathsheba went to speak to King David
C). Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah D). Nathan came in and spoke to King David

12448. What did King David promise Bathsheba?

A). That Adonijah would rule after him B). That her son Solomon would be king after him
C). That she would become queen of Egypt D). That he would build the temple himself

12449. What did Solomon ride on when he went down to be anointed king?

A). A white horse B). A chariot C). A camel D). King David's own mule

12450. Where was Solomon taken to be anointed king?

A). Gihon B). Hebron C). En Rogel D). Bethlehem

12451. Who anointed Solomon with oil to make him king?

A). Nathan the prophet B). Abiathar the priest C). Zadok the priest
D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

12452. After Solomon was anointed, all the people shouted, "Long live King _____!"

A). David B). Solomon C). Adonijah D). Saul

12453. Which groups went with Zadok, Nathan and Benaiah to bring Solomon down to Gihon?

A). The Levites and the singers B). The Kerethites and the Pelethites
C). The Ammonites and the Moabites D). The elders of Judah

12454. What did Adonijah do because he was afraid of Solomon?

A). He ran away to Egypt B). He hid in a cave C). He took hold of the horns of the altar
D). He bowed before Solomon at Gihon

12455. What did Solomon say would happen to Adonijah if he showed himself to be a worthy man?

A). He would become a priest B). He would rule part of the kingdom

C). He would be sent away from Israel D). Not a hair of his head would fall to the ground

12456. When David was about to die, what did he tell Solomon to do?

A). Build a new palace in Hebron B). Go to war against Egypt

C). Be strong and obey the LORD's commands D). Give the kingdom to Adonijah

12457. According to David, what had the LORD promised if his descendants walked faithfully before Him?

A). They would never face any enemies

B). David would never fail to have a successor on the throne of Israel

C). They would all become prophets D). Israel would never need a temple

12458. David told Solomon to show kindness to the sons of which man, because he had helped David when he fled from Absalom?

A). Ziba B). Barzillai the Gileadite C). Mephibosheth D). Hushai

12459. What did Adonijah ask Bathsheba to request from King Solomon?

A). A house in Jerusalem B). That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife

C). That he be made commander of the army D). That Solomon forgive Joab

12460. When Bathsheba came to speak to Solomon, where did he have her sit?

A). On a throne at his right hand B). On a seat by the door C). On the steps of the altar

D). In the queen's garden

12461. Whom did King Solomon send to put Adonijah to death?

A). Zadok the priest B). Nathan the prophet C). Joab son of Zeruiah

D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

12462. When Solomon removed Abiathar from being priest, where did he send him?

A). To Shiloh B). To his fields in Anathoth C). To Gath D). To Bethel

12463. Whom did Solomon put in charge of the army in Joab's place, and whom did he put in Abiathar's place?

A). Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

B). Zadok over the army and Benaiah as priest

C). Nathan over the army and Zadok as priest

D). Benaiah over the army and Nathan as priest

12464. What was Shimei told he must never do, or he would surely die?

A). Enter the temple B). Speak to the king

C). Leave Jerusalem and cross the Kidron Valley D). Eat at the king's table

12465. The kingdom was now firmly established in _____ hands.

A). David's B). Adonijah's C). Solomon's D). Joab's

12466. Solomon made an alliance with which king and married his daughter?

A). The king of Tyre B). Pharaoh king of Egypt C). The king of Moab
D). The king of Assyria

12467. Solomon showed his _____ for the LORD by walking according to the instructions given him by his father David.

A). fear B). love C). hope D). anger

12468. Where was the most important high place, where Solomon offered a thousand burnt offerings?

A). Gibeon B). Bethel C). Shiloh D). Hebron

12469. How many burnt offerings did Solomon offer on the altar at Gibeon?

A). Ten B). One hundred C). Seven D). A thousand

12470. How did the LORD appear to Solomon at Gibeon?

A). In a burning bush B). In a dream during the night C). Through an angel at noon
D). In a pillar of cloud

12471. What did God say to Solomon in the dream?

A). "Build me a temple." B). "Go to war against the Philistines."
C). "Ask for whatever you want me to give you." D). "Leave Jerusalem."

12472. How did Solomon describe himself when he spoke to God?

A). As a mighty warrior B). As only a little child who did not know how to carry out his duties
C). As the wisest man in Israel D). As a prophet like Samuel

12473. What did Solomon ask God to give him?

A). Great riches B). A long life C). Victory over his enemies
D). A discerning heart to govern God's people

12474. Besides wisdom, what did God also give Solomon, even though he had not asked for it?

A). Wealth and honor B). A new name C). Power to do miracles
D). A second kingdom

12475. What did God say Solomon must do to receive a long life?

A). Build the temple in seven years B). Defeat all his enemies
C). Walk in obedience and keep God's decrees and commands as David did
D). Offer a thousand sacrifices every year

12476. After Solomon woke from the dream, where did he go to stand before the ark of the Lord's covenant?

A). Gibeon B). Jerusalem C). Bethlehem D). Shiloh

12477. Two women came to King Solomon arguing about what?

A). Which of them owned a house B). Which of them was the mother of a living baby
C). Who should marry the king D). Who had stolen some silver

12478. What did King Solomon ask for to solve the problem between the two women?

A). A scroll B). A sword C). A scale D). A crown

12479. How did Solomon know which woman was the real mother?

A). She knew the baby's name B). She cried the loudest
C). She was willing to give up the baby so he would not be killed
D). She showed him a birth record

12480. When Israel heard Solomon's verdict, what did they see in him?

A). That he was stronger than David B). That he had wisdom from God to administer justice
C). That he was a great warrior D). That he was a prophet

12481. So King Solomon ruled over all _____.

A). Egypt B). Israel C). Judah only D). Babylon

12482. What was the job of Solomon's twelve district governors?

A). To lead the army in battle B). To build the temple
C). To supply food for the king and his household, each for one month of the year
D). To teach the law in the towns

12483. How does the Bible describe the people of Judah and Israel during Solomon's reign?

A). As few in number and afraid B). As hungry because of famine
C). As scattered among the nations
D). As numerous as the sand on the seashore, and happy

12484. Solomon ruled over the kingdoms from which river to the land of the Philistines?

A). The Jordan River B). The Nile River C). The Euphrates River
D). The Kishon River

12485. During Solomon's lifetime, from Dan to Beersheba, where did each man live in safety?

A). Under their own vine and under their own fig tree B). Inside a walled city
C). In the king's palace D). In tents in the desert

12486. What did Solomon have on all sides during his reign?

A). War B). Famine C). Peace D). Floods

12487. God gave Solomon wisdom and very great insight, and a breadth of understanding as measureless as the _____ on the seashore.

A). waves B). sand C). shells D). rocks

12488. Solomon's wisdom was greater than the wisdom of which land?

A). Egypt B). Moab C). Edom D). Philistia

12489. Solomon was wiser than which famous wise man, who is named as an Ezrahite?

A). Ethan B). Nathan C). Asaph D). Ahithophel

12490. How many proverbs did Solomon speak?

A). One hundred B). Five hundred C). One thousand and five D). Three thousand

12491. What subjects did Solomon speak about?

A). Only the law of Moses B). Plants, animals, birds, reptiles and fish
C). The stars and the moon only D). The history of Egypt

12492. Who sent people to listen to Solomon's wisdom?

A). Only the priests of Israel B). The prophets of Baal
C). All the kings of the world who had heard of his wisdom D). Only the people of Jerusalem

12493. Which king of Tyre sent messengers to Solomon when he heard Solomon had become king?

A). Hiram B). Achish C). Pharaoh D). Hadad

12494. Why could David not build a temple for the Name of the LORD?

A). He did not have enough gold B). God had forbidden anyone to build it
C). Of the wars waged against him on every side D). The ark had been lost

12495. What did Solomon say the LORD had given him that made it possible to build the temple?

A). Many chariots B). Rest on every side C). A larger army D). A new city

12496. Solomon planned to build the temple because the LORD had told David what?

A). That Hiram would build it B). That it should be built in Tyre
C). That David would build it in his old age
D). That David's son, whom God would put on the throne, would build the temple for His Name

12497. What kind of trees did Solomon ask Hiram to cut down for him?

A). Oak trees B). Olive trees C). Cedars of Lebanon D). Palm trees

12498. According to Solomon, which people were more skilled at cutting timber than anyone in Israel?

A). The Egyptians B). The Sidonians C). The Philistines D). The Moabites

12499. Hiram said, "Praise be to the LORD today, for he has given David a _____ son to rule over this great nation."

A). strong B). brave C). rich D). wise

12500. How did Hiram say he would send the logs to Solomon?

A). On camels across the desert B). In carts pulled by oxen C). Floated in rafts by sea
D). Carried by Israelite workers over the mountains

12501. What did Solomon give Hiram each year in return for the timber?

A). Gold and silver B). Wheat and pressed olive oil C). Horses and chariots
D). Sheep and cattle

12502. What does the Bible say the LORD gave Solomon, just as He had promised?

A). Wisdom B). A long life C). Victory in war D). A son

12503. How did Solomon's thirty thousand laborers take turns working in Lebanon?

A). Two months in Lebanon and one month at home
B). One week in Lebanon and one week at home
C). One month in Lebanon and two months at home
D). One year in Lebanon and one year at home

12504. What did the workers cut from the quarry for the foundation of the temple?

A). Small river stones B). Blocks of marble from Egypt C). Bricks made of clay
D). Large blocks of high-grade stone

12505. Craftsmen from which place worked with Solomon's and Hiram's workers to prepare the timber and stone?

A). Byblos B). Damascus C). Gaza D). Nineveh

12506. In which year after the Israelites came out of Egypt did Solomon begin to build the temple?

A). The 40th year B). The 480th year C). The 400th year D). The 120th year

12507. In which year of Solomon's reign did he begin building the temple?

A). His first year B). His tenth year C). His fourth year D). His seventh year

12508. What was NOT heard at the temple site while the temple was being built?

A). Any hammer, chisel or other iron tool B). The workers singing
C). The priests praying D). Carts carrying wood

12509. Why were no iron tools heard at the temple site during building?

A). The workers built only with wood B). The builders worked only at night
C). Iron was not known in Israel
D). The stones were dressed at the quarry before being brought

12510. What did the LORD promise Solomon if he followed God's decrees and commands?

A). He would never grow old

B). He would live among the Israelites and not abandon His people

C). He would give Solomon more land D). He would send fire from heaven

12511. Why did Solomon prepare the inner sanctuary?

A). To store gold and silver B). To be the king's throne room

C). To set the ark of the covenant of the LORD there D). To hold the priests' clothes

12512. What kind of wood lined the inside walls of the temple, so that no stone could be seen?

A). Oak B). Acacia C). Olive D). Cedar

12513. What did Solomon cover the whole inside of the temple with?

A). Silver B). Bronze C). Pure gold D). Ivory

12514. What did Solomon make from olive wood to place in the inner sanctuary?

A). Two lampstands B). A pair of cherubim C). Two tables D). A throne

12515. How many years did it take Solomon to build the temple?

A). Seven years B). Three years C). Twelve years D). Forty years

12516. How many years did it take Solomon to finish building his palace?

A). Seven years B). Thirteen years C). Twenty years D). Four years

12517. Which building did Solomon make 100 cubits long, named after a region famous for its cedars?

A). The Hall of Pillars B). The House of the Sea C). The Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

D). The Tower of David

12518. What was the hall where Solomon sat on his throne to judge called?

A). The Hall of Kings B). The Hall of Wisdom C). The Court of the Guard

D). The Hall of Justice

12519. For whom did Solomon also build a palace like his own hall?

A). Pharaoh's daughter, his wife B). His mother Bathsheba C). The queen of Sheba

D). Hiram king of Tyre

12520. Which skilled bronze worker from Tyre did Solomon bring to make the temple's bronze work?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Bezalel C). Huram D). Adoniram

12521. Where did the king have the bronze items cast in clay molds?

A). In the courtyard of the temple B). In Tyre

C). In the plain of the Jordan between Sukkoth and Zarethan D). In the Kidron Valley

12522. Why was the weight of the bronze not measured?

A). There was so much of it B). It was kept secret C). It was too hot to weigh
D). Hiram took it back to Tyre

12523. What was the golden table in the temple used for?

A). Counting money B). The bread of the Presence C). Writing the law
D). Serving the king's meals

12524. When the temple work was finished, what did Solomon bring into the temple treasuries?

A). Weapons captured from the Philistines B). Gifts from the queen of Sheba
C). The things his father David had dedicated D). The bronze left over from the Sea

12525. From where did Solomon have the ark of the LORD's covenant brought up to the temple?

A). Shiloh B). Gibeon C). Zion, the City of David D). Kiriath Jearim

12526. How many sheep and cattle were sacrificed in front of the ark as it was brought in?

A). Exactly one thousand B). Twelve, one for each tribe C). Seven of each
D). So many they could not be recorded or counted

12527. How did Solomon stand as he began to pray before the altar?

A). With his face to the ground B). With his hands spread out toward heaven
C). Holding the ark D). With his eyes covered

12528. Solomon prayed, "LORD, the God of Israel, there is no _____ like you in heaven above or on earth below."

A). king B). God C). prophet D). angel

12529. In his prayer, what did Solomon say even the highest heaven cannot do?

A). Hear God's voice B). Be measured by people C). Hide from God
D). Contain God

12530. What did Solomon ask God to do when He heard prayers from heaven, His dwelling place?

A). Forgive B). Send fire C). Send rain every day D). Make them rich

12531. According to Solomon's prayer, what should Israel do if they were defeated by an enemy because they had sinned?

A). Build a bigger army B). Make a treaty with Egypt
C). Turn back to God, praise His name and pray to Him in the temple
D). Move the ark to another city

12532. Solomon asked God to hear the prayers of which people so that all the peoples of the earth might know His name?

A). Only the priests B). Only the kings of Israel

C). Foreigners who come from distant lands because of God's name

D). Only the tribe of Judah

12533. Solomon prayed, "When they sin against you—for there is no one who does not _____."

A). sin B). pray C). hope D). fail

12534. When Solomon finished his prayer, what position was he in before the altar?

A). Standing on the steps B). Lying on the ground C). Sitting on a throne

D). Kneeling, with his hands spread out toward heaven

12535. What did Solomon say about all the good promises God gave through Moses?

A). Some were still waiting to be kept B). Not one word of them had failed

C). They were only for Moses' time D). They had been forgotten

12536. How long did Solomon and all Israel celebrate the festival at the temple's dedication?

A). Three days B). Seven days C). Forty days D). Fourteen days

12537. How did the people feel as they went home after the festival?

A). Afraid and worried B). Tired and angry C). Joyful and glad D). Sad and quiet

12538. After Solomon finished the temple and palace, how many times had the LORD now appeared to him?

A). A second time B). A third time C). The first time D). A seventh time

12539. What did the LORD say He had done to the temple Solomon built?

A). He had rejected it B). He had consecrated it by putting His Name there forever

C). He had given it to the priests to own D). He had made it bigger

12540. What did God promise if Solomon walked before Him with integrity of heart as David did?

A). That he would never die B). That he would conquer Egypt

C). That He would establish Solomon's royal throne over Israel forever

D). That the temple would never need repair

12541. What did God warn would happen if Israel turned away and served other gods?

A). Nothing would change B). They would get a new king

C). The ark would be taken to heaven

D). He would cut Israel off from the land and reject the temple

12542. What did Solomon give Hiram king of Tyre?

A). A thousand horses B). Twenty towns in Galilee C). The city of Jerusalem
D). His daughter in marriage

12543. How did Hiram feel about the towns Solomon gave him?

A). He was very pleased B). He gave them back as a gift
C). He was not pleased with them D). He built a temple in them

12544. Besides Jerusalem, which of these cities did Solomon build using forced labor?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Damascus D). Megiddo

12545. Which city did Pharaoh capture and give to his daughter, Solomon's wife, as a wedding gift?

A). Gezer B). Hebron C). Tyre D). Bethel

12546. What does the Bible say Solomon did NOT do to the Israelites?

A). Make them pay taxes B). Make them slaves C). Let them serve in the army
D). Let them be officials

12547. How many times a year did Solomon sacrifice burnt offerings and fellowship offerings on the altar he had built?

A). Once B). Twelve times C). Three times D). Every day

12548. Where did King Solomon build ships?

A). At Joppa on the Great Sea B). At Tyre C). On the Jordan River
D). At Ezion Geber on the shore of the Red Sea

12549. To which place did Solomon's and Hiram's sailors sail to bring back gold?

A). Ophir B). Sheba C). Tarshish D). Egypt

12550. Which queen came to test Solomon with hard questions?

A). The queen of Egypt B). The queen of Sheba C). Queen Jezebel
D). Queen Esther

12551. How did Solomon do when the queen asked him her questions?

A). He answered all of them; nothing was too hard for him
B). He could only answer half of them C). He asked Nathan to answer them
D). He refused to answer

12552. The queen of Sheba said, "Indeed, not even _____ was told me."

A). a word B). a tenth C). the truth D). half

12553. According to the queen of Sheba, why had the LORD made Solomon king?

A). To make Israel richer than Egypt
B). To maintain justice and righteousness, because of His eternal love for Israel
C). To build many cities D). To defeat the Philistines

12554. What gift did the queen of Sheba give in such quantity that it was never brought in again?

A). Spices B). Horses C). Silver D). Cedar wood

12555. What did Solomon make from the almugwood brought from Ophir?

A). Ships and oars B). Doors for the palace gate

C). Supports for the temple and palace, and harps and lyres D). A new ark

12556. Where did Solomon put the shields of hammered gold he made?

A). In the Most Holy Place B). In the Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

C). At the city gate of Jerusalem D). In the tent at Gibeon

12557. What was on the steps of Solomon's great throne?

A). Twelve eagles B). Seven angels C). Four bulls D). Twelve lions

12558. Solomon's great throne was covered with what, and overlaid with fine gold?

A). Bronze B). Cedar C). Ivory D). Silver

12559. How common was silver in Jerusalem during Solomon's reign?

A). As common as stones B). As rare as gold C). Only the king had any

D). It was never used

12560. Every three years, what did Solomon's trading ships bring back?

A). Wheat, wine and oil B). Gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons

C). Horses and chariots D). Cedar and pine logs

12561. Why did the whole world want to meet Solomon?

A). To see his horses B). To buy his gold C). To join his army

D). To hear the wisdom God had put in his heart

12562. From which places were Solomon's horses imported?

A). Egypt and Kue B). Tyre and Sidon C). Moab and Edom D). Assyria and Babylon

12563. Why had the LORD told the Israelites not to marry women from the surrounding nations?

A). Because they spoke other languages

B). Because they would surely turn their hearts after their gods

C). Because they were too rich D). Because they lived too far away

12564. What does the Bible say Solomon's many wives did to him?

A). They helped him build the temple B). They made him wiser C). They led him astray

D). They taught him to pray

12565. How was Solomon's heart different from his father David's heart as he grew old?

A). It was not fully devoted to the LORD his God B). It was more humble

C). It was more devoted to God D). It was full of fear

12566. Which goddess of the Sidonians did Solomon follow?

A). Asherah B). Chemosh C). Molek D). Ashtoreth

12567. Where did Solomon build a high place for Chemosh, the detestable god of Moab?

A). On a hill east of Jerusalem B). On Mount Carmel C). In the temple courtyard
D). At Bethel

12568. Why was the LORD angry with Solomon?

A). Because he did not finish the temple B). Because he lost a war
C). Because his heart turned away from the LORD, who had appeared to him twice
D). Because he gave away twenty towns

12569. Why did God say He would not tear the kingdom away during Solomon's lifetime?

A). For the sake of David, Solomon's father B). Because Solomon repented
C). Because Hiram asked Him not to D). Because the temple was finished

12570. How many tribes did God say He would leave for Solomon's son?

A). Ten B). Two C). Twelve D). One

12571. Which Edomite did the LORD raise up as an adversary against Solomon?

A). Rezon B). Hadad C). Achish D). Jeroboam

12572. Where did Rezon, another adversary of Solomon, rule?

A). Tyre B). Gath C). Damascus D). Egypt

12573. Which of Solomon's officials, the son of Nebat, rebelled against the king?

A). Adoniram B). Benaiah C). Zadok D). Jeroboam

12574. When Solomon tried to kill Jeroboam, where did Jeroboam flee?

A). To Damascus B). To Tyre C). To Edom D). To Egypt, to King Shishak

12575. Which son succeeded Solomon as king?

A). Rehoboam B). Jeroboam C). Abijah D). Asa

12576. What did the people of Israel ask Rehoboam to do?

A). Build a new temple B). Go to war against Egypt
C). Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them
D). Move the capital to Shechem

12577. The young men told Rehoboam to say, "My little _____ is thicker than my father's waist."

A). hand B). finger C). toe D). arm

12578. Rehoboam said his father scourged the people with whips. What did he say he would scourge them with?

A). Rods B). Chains C). Scorpions D). Swords

12579. Shishak carried off the gold shields Solomon had made. What did Rehoboam make to replace them?

A). Bronze shields B). Silver shields C). Wooden shields D). Iron shields

12580. What did Nebuchadnezzar do with the gold articles Solomon had made for the temple?

A). He cut them up B). He melted them into an idol C). He returned them later
D). He left them in Jerusalem

12581. Who was the mother of Solomon?

A). Abigail B). Bathsheba C). Michal D). Haggith

12582. Who was Solomon's son who is listed first in his line of descendants?

A). Asa B). Jeroboam C). Rehoboam D). Abijah

12583. Which priest is described as the one who served in the temple Solomon built in Jerusalem?

A). Azariah son of Johanan B). Zadok son of Ahitub C). Eli
D). Jehozadak son of Seraiah

12584. Until when did these musicians minister before the tabernacle?

A). Until the exile to Babylon B). Until Solomon built the temple C). Until David died
D). Until the ark was captured

12585. Who later used the bronze David captured to make the bronze Sea, the pillars and various bronze articles?

A). David B). Hiram C). Joab D). Solomon

12586. Why did David make extensive preparations for the temple before his death?

A). Solomon was young and inexperienced, and the temple had to be magnificent
B). Solomon did not want to build it C). The priests asked him to finish it himself
D). He wanted to be remembered as the builder

12587. Complete God's words about David's son: "But you will have a son who will be a man of _____ and rest."

A). war B). wisdom C). peace D). wealth

12588. What did David pray the LORD would give Solomon so that he could keep the law?

A). Riches and honor B). Many children C). A long life
D). Discretion and understanding

12589. Complete David's words to Solomon: "Be strong and _____. Do not be afraid or discouraged."

A). courageous B). wise C). humble D). patient

12590. After describing all his preparations, what did David tell Solomon to do?

A). Wait for a sign from heaven B). Ask Hiram for permission

C). Begin the work, with the LORD being with him D). Build a palace first

12591. What did David tell the leaders of Israel to devote their heart and soul to?

A). Building a strong army B). Seeking the LORD their God C). Collecting more gold

D). Obeying Solomon only

12592. When did David make his son Solomon king over Israel?

A). When David was old and full of years B). After David's death

C). When Solomon was a baby D). After Absalom's rebellion

12593. Whose throne did David say Solomon would sit on?

A). David's own throne only B). Saul's throne C). The throne of Egypt

D). The throne of the kingdom of the LORD over Israel

12594. David told Solomon to serve God with wholehearted devotion and a willing mind. What reason did he give?

A). The people are watching

B). The LORD searches every heart and understands every desire and thought

C). The priests will report to the LORD D). The prophets will punish him

12595. Complete David's words to Solomon: "If you seek him, he will be _____ by you."

A). forgotten B). heard C). praised D). found

12596. What did David give Solomon to help him build the temple?

A). A team of Egyptian builders

B). The plans for the temple that the Spirit had put in his mind C). A map of the land

D). The bronze from Hiram

12597. Complete David's promise to Solomon: "The LORD God, my God, is with you. He will not _____ you or forsake you until all the work is finished."

A). test B). hurry C). punish D). fail

12598. Why did David say the task of building the temple was great?

A). Because the structure was not for man but for the LORD God

B). Because the land was full of enemies C). Because Solomon had no money

D). Because the stones were too heavy

12599. What did David ask God to give his son Solomon?

A). Great riches and fame B). Victory over all his enemies

C). Wholehearted devotion to keep God's commands D). A long and easy life

12600. When Solomon was anointed king the second time, who was anointed to be priest?

A). Zadok B). Abiathar C). Ahimelek D). Jehoiada

12601. What happened when Solomon sat on the throne in place of David?

A). There was civil war B). The people rejected him C). He moved the capital to Hebron
D). He prospered and all Israel obeyed him

12602. Where did Solomon and the whole assembly go to worship at the high place?

A). Bethel B). Gibeon C). Shiloh D). Hebron

12603. How many burnt offerings did Solomon offer on the bronze altar at Gibeon?

A). One hundred B). Seven C). A thousand D). Forty

12604. What did God say to Solomon when He appeared to him that night?

A). Build me a temple B). Ask for whatever you want me to give you
C). Go back to Jerusalem D). Be strong and courageous

12605. Complete Solomon's request: "Give me _____ and knowledge, that I may lead this people."

A). strength B). riches C). long life D). wisdom

12606. Why did Solomon ask God for wisdom and knowledge?

A). So he could lead and govern God's people B). So he could defeat his enemies
C). So he could become famous D). So he could build many cities

12607. Besides wisdom and knowledge, what did God also promise to give Solomon?

A). A long life and many sons B). Victory over Egypt C). Wealth, possessions and honor
D). A new city and a palace

12608. How many chariots did Solomon gather?

A). 700 B). 1,400 C). 12,000 D). 3,000

12609. Complete the verse: "The king made silver and gold as common in Jerusalem as _____."

A). sand B). water C). stones D). grass

12610. Solomon's horses were imported from Kue and from which other country?

A). Egypt B). Assyria C). Tyre D). Moab

12611. How much did a chariot from Egypt cost?

A). 150 shekels of silver B). 600 shekels of silver C). 50 shekels of gold
D). 1,000 shekels of silver

12612. To which kings were Solomon's chariots and horses exported?

A). The kings of the Philistines and Edomites B). The kings of Tyre and Sidon
C). The kings of the Hittites and Arameans D). The kings of Moab and Ammon

12613. What did Solomon give orders to build for the Name of the LORD?

A). An altar B). A temple C). A city wall D). A tent

12614. Which king did Solomon send a message to, asking for help to build the temple?

A). Pharaoh B). The king of Moab C). Hiram king of Tyre D). The queen of Sheba

12615. Why did Solomon remind Hiram about his father David?

A). Hiram had sent David cedar to build his palace B). David had defeated Hiram in battle
C). Hiram had married David's daughter D). David had given Hiram a city

12616. Which of these did Solomon say would be done in the new temple?

A). Crowning kings B). Burning fragrant incense before the LORD C). Judging criminals
D). Storing weapons

12617. Complete Solomon's words: "The temple I am going to build will be great, because our God is _____ than all other gods."

A). older B). stronger C). greater D). holier

12618. Why did Solomon ask, "Who is able to build a temple for him?"

A). Because there was not enough gold B). Because the enemies were too strong
C). Because the builders were not skilled
D). Because even the highest heavens cannot contain God

12619. What kind of man did Solomon ask Hiram to send him?

A). A priest to lead worship
B). A man skilled in working with gold, silver, bronze, iron and cloth
C). A soldier to train his army D). A prophet to give advice

12620. Where did Solomon ask Hiram to send cedar, juniper and algum logs from?

A). Lebanon B). Egypt C). Moab D). Edom

12621. What did Solomon promise to give Hiram's woodsmen?

A). Gold and silver B). Horses and chariots C). Wheat, barley, wine and olive oil
D). Land and cities

12622. Complete Hiram's reply: "Because the LORD _____ his people, he has made you their king."

A). protects B). loves C). chose D). blesses

12623. Who did Solomon use as carriers, stonecutters and foremen to build the temple?

A). The priests and Levites B). Soldiers from his army C). Foreigners living in Israel
D). Men sent from Egypt

12624. How many foremen did Solomon appoint to keep the people working?

A). 300 B). 3,600 C). 7,000 D). 70,000

12625. On which mountain did Solomon begin to build the temple?

A). Mount Sinai B). Mount Moriah C). Mount Carmel D). Mount Zion

12626. Why was Mount Moriah an important place for the temple?

A). Moses had received the law there B). Solomon had been crowned there
C). The LORD had appeared to David there D). Joshua had won a battle there

12627. In which year of his reign did Solomon begin building the temple?

A). First year B). Second year C). Tenth year D). Fourth year

12628. How long was the foundation of the temple?

A). Twenty cubits B). Sixty cubits C). Forty cubits D). One hundred cubits

12629. What precious metal did Solomon use to cover the inside of the temple?

A). Silver B). Bronze C). Gold D). Iron

12630. Which designs did Solomon put on the fine gold in the main hall?

A). Palm trees and chains B). Lions and eagles C). Stars and moons
D). Grapes and vines

12631. How much fine gold was used to overlay the inside of the Most Holy Place?

A). Sixty talents B). One hundred talents C). Six hundred talents
D). Six thousand talents

12632. What pair of figures did Solomon make for the Most Holy Place and overlay with gold?

A). Two lions B). Two cherubim C). Two bulls D). Two eagles

12633. How far did the wings of the two cherubim reach altogether?

A). Ten cubits B). Fifteen cubits C). Thirty cubits D). Twenty cubits

12634. What did Solomon make with cherubim worked into it, using blue, purple and crimson yarn and fine linen?

A). The curtain B). The priests' robes C). The altar cover D). The ark's covering

12635. What decorations were attached to the chains on the two pillars?

A). Golden bells B). Palm branches C). A hundred pomegranates
D). Silver flowers

12636. What were the names of the two pillars at the front of the temple?

A). Jakin and Boaz B). Ebenezer and Bethel C). Gilgal and Shiloh
D). Mizpah and Ramah

12637. Which pillar stood on the north side of the temple?

A). Jakin B). Hiram C). Moriah D). Boaz

12638. How high was the bronze altar Solomon made?

A). Ten cubits B). Twenty cubits C). Five cubits D). Thirty cubits

12639. What large round bowl of cast metal did Solomon make for the temple?

A). The Ark B). The Sea C). The Basin of Gold D). The Laver of Moses

12640. What animals did the Sea stand on?

A). Twelve lions B). Four horses C). Twelve bulls D). Seven eagles

12641. How were the twelve bulls under the Sea arranged?

A). All twelve faced east toward the entrance B). Six faced north and six faced south
C). They stood in a line along the temple wall D). Three faced each of the four directions

12642. How much water did the Sea hold?

A). Three thousand baths B). Three hundred baths C). Thirty thousand baths
D). One thousand baths

12643. What was the Sea used for?

A). Storing oil for the lamps B). The priests washing themselves
C). Watering the courtyard gardens D). Giving the people drinking water

12644. What were the ten basins used for?

A). Washing the priests' clothes B). Holding the incense
C). Rinsing the things used for burnt offerings D). Storing the bread of the Presence

12645. How many gold lampstands did Solomon make for the temple?

A). Seven B). Twelve C). Two D). Ten

12646. How many gold sprinkling bowls did Solomon make?

A). A hundred B). Ten C). Twelve D). A thousand

12647. What covered the doors of the large court?

A). Gold B). Bronze C). Silver D). Cedar

12648. Who made the pots, shovels and sprinkling bowls and finished the work for Solomon?

A). Bezalel B). Zadok C). Huram D). Hiram king of Tyre

12649. Where did the king have the bronze items cast in clay moulds?

A). In the Valley of Kidron B). Near the Pool of Siloam C). At Joppa by the sea
D). In the plain of the Jordan between Succoth and Zarethan

12650. Why was the weight of the bronze not known?

A). So much bronze was used that it could not be weighed B). The scales were broken
C). The records were lost D). Hiram kept it secret

12651. What was placed on the gold tables in the temple?

A). The tablets of the law B). The bread of the Presence C). The priests' robes
D). The golden incense

12652. Where were the pure gold lampstands to burn their lamps?

A). At the city gate B). In the king's palace C). In front of the inner sanctuary
D). Beside the bronze altar in the court

12653. What did Solomon bring into the temple treasuries after the work was finished?

A). Weapons captured in war B). The things his father David had dedicated
C). Gifts from the queen of Sheba D). Tribute from Egypt

12654. From where did the elders bring up the ark of the LORD's covenant?

A). Zion, the City of David B). Gibeon C). Shiloh D). Kiriath Jearim

12655. At what time did all the Israelites gather to the king for the ark to be brought up?

A). At the Passover in the first month B). At the harvest in the third month
C). At the festival in the seventh month D). At the new year in the twelfth month

12656. Why could the sheep and cattle sacrificed before the ark not be recorded or counted?

A). There were so many of them B). The priests had no scribes
C). They were offered in secret D). The king forbade it

12657. Complete Solomon's words: "The LORD has said that he would dwell in a dark _____."

A). room B). cave C). cloud D). night

12658. What did King Solomon do when he turned around to face the whole assembly of Israel?

A). He blessed them B). He sent them home C). He counted them
D). He gave them gifts

12659. Which city did God say He had chosen for His Name to be there?

A). Bethel B). Hebron C). Shiloh D). Jerusalem

12660. What did God say to David about his desire to build a temple?

A). It was a bad idea B). He did well, but his son would build it
C). He must wait until he was old D). He should build it in Hebron

12661. What did Solomon stand on in the outer court before he prayed?

A). A gold throne B). The steps of the altar C). A bronze platform
D). A cedar stage

12662. What did Solomon do on the platform before praying?

A). He stood silently B). He sang a song C). He lifted up the ark
D). He knelt down and spread out his hands toward heaven

12663. Complete Solomon's prayer: "LORD, the God of Israel, there is no God like you in _____ or on earth."

A). heaven B). Israel C). Egypt D). the temple

12664. What did Solomon understand about God and the temple he had built?

A). God would live only in the temple

B). Even the highest heavens cannot contain God, much less the temple

C). The temple was bigger than heaven D). God needed the temple to rest

12665. When God hears His people's prayers from heaven, what did Solomon ask Him to do?

A). Punish their enemies B). Send them riches C). Forgive

D). Give them a new king

12666. In Solomon's prayer, what should Israel do if they were defeated by an enemy because they had sinned?

A). Build more walls B). Make peace with the enemy C). Offer more sheep

D). Turn back, praise God's name and pray

12667. What problem did Solomon mention would come when the heavens were shut up because of sin?

A). There would be no rain B). There would be no sun C). There would be no stars

D). There would be no wind

12668. Why did Solomon ask God to answer the prayers of foreigners who came to the temple?

A). So they would pay tribute to Israel

B). So all the peoples of the earth may know God's name and fear Him

C). So they would leave Israel quickly D). So they could become kings

12669. Complete the verse: "When they sin against you—for there is no one who does not _____."

A). pray B). fear C). sin D). fall

12670. Complete Solomon's closing words: "Now arise, LORD God, and come to your _____ place."

A). holy B). secret C). high D). resting

12671. At the end of his prayer, Solomon asked God to remember the great love promised to which servant?

A). David B). Moses C). Abraham D). Samuel

12672. What came down from heaven when Solomon finished praying?

A). Rain B). Manna C). Fire D). A dove

12673. How many cattle did King Solomon offer as a sacrifice at the dedication?

A). 2,200 B). 22,000 C). 12,000 D). 120,000

12674. Why did Solomon consecrate the middle of the courtyard for offerings?

A). The priests asked for more room B). It was closer to the palace
C). The bronze altar could not hold all the offerings D). The bronze altar had broken

12675. The people at Solomon's festival came from where to where?

A). From Lebo Hamath to the Wadi of Egypt B). From Dan to Beersheba
C). From the Jordan to the Great Sea D). From Tyre to Gaza

12676. How long did the dedication of the altar and the festival last before the people went home?

A). Three days B). Forty days C). One day
D). Seven days for the dedication and seven for the festival

12677. What did the LORD say to Solomon when He appeared to him at night?

A). Build me a bigger temple B). I have heard your prayer and chosen this place for myself
C). Go and fight the Philistines D). Leave Jerusalem

12678. What did God promise Solomon if he walked before Him as David had?

A). He would live forever B). He would never fight a war C). He would rule Egypt
D). His royal throne would be established

12679. How many years did Solomon spend building the temple of the LORD and his own palace?

A). Seven B). Twenty C). Forty D). Twelve

12680. Who had given Solomon the villages that Solomon rebuilt and settled with Israelites?

A). Pharaoh B). The queen of Sheba C). Hiram D). David

12681. Which place did Solomon go to and capture?

A). Hamath Zobah B). Damascus C). Gaza D). Edom

12682. Which city did Solomon build in the desert?

A). Beersheba B). Jericho C). Arad D). Tadmor

12683. What did Solomon rebuild as fortified cities with walls, gates and bars?

A). Upper and Lower Beth Horon B). Bethel and Ai C). Jericho and Gilgal
D). Gath and Ekron

12684. Whom did Solomon conscript as his forced labor?

A). Israelites from every tribe B). Descendants of the peoples Israel had not destroyed
C). The priests and Levites D). Soldiers captured in Egypt

12685. What work did Solomon give the Israelites instead of making them slaves?

A). Shepherds and farmers B). Temple singers

C). They were his fighting men, commanders and captains D). Builders and stonecutters

12686. Whom did Solomon bring up from the City of David to a palace he had built for her?

A). Bathsheba B). The queen of Sheba C). Michal D). Pharaoh's daughter

12687. Why did Solomon say his wife must not live in the palace of David?

A). The places the ark of the LORD had entered were holy B). The palace was too small

C). David's family lived there D). The palace was being repaired

12688. Whose commands did Solomon follow for the offerings on Sabbaths, New Moons and festivals?

A). David's B). Moses' C). Samuel's D). Aaron's

12689. Which three annual festivals are named in this chapter?

A). Passover, Purim and Hanukkah B). Trumpets, Atonement and Firstfruits

C). Unleavened Bread, Weeks and Tabernacles D). New Moon, Sabbath and Jubilee

12690. According to whose ordinance did Solomon appoint the divisions of the priests and Levites?

A). Moses B). Nathan C). Zadok D). David

12691. Where did Solomon's and Hiram's ships sail to bring back gold?

A). Ophir B). Tarshish C). Egypt D). Sheba

12692. How much gold did the ships bring back from Ophir?

A). 120 talents B). 450 talents C). 666 talents D). 1,000 talents

12693. Who came to Jerusalem to test Solomon with hard questions?

A). The queen of Sheba B). Pharaoh's daughter C). Hiram king of Tyre

D). The king of Egypt

12694. How did Solomon do with the queen of Sheba's questions?

A). He answered only a few B). He answered all of them

C). He asked his officials to answer D). He refused to answer

12695. What did the queen of Sheba say about the report she had heard in her own country?

A). It was a lie B). It was only half true

C). It was true, and not even half had been told her D). It was about another king

12696. Why did the queen of Sheba say God had made Solomon king over Israel?

A). Because Solomon was the oldest son B). Because Solomon was the strongest man

C). Because Israel asked for a king D). Because of the love of God for Israel

12697. Besides gold and precious stones, what did the queen of Sheba give Solomon in a very large quantity?

A). Spices B). Horses C). Cedar wood D). Ivory

12698. What did Solomon make from the algumwood brought from Ophir?

A). Ships and oars B). Steps, harps and lyres C). Doors and gates
D). Tables and chairs

12699. What did Solomon give the queen of Sheba?

A). Half of his kingdom B). His throne C). All she desired and asked for
D). A city in Israel

12700. How much gold did Solomon receive each year?

A). 120 talents B). 450 talents C). 1,000 talents D). 666 talents

12701. Where did Solomon put the large and small shields of hammered gold?

A). In the Palace of the Forest of Lebanon B). In the temple treasury
C). At the city gates D). In the Most Holy Place

12702. What animals were carved beside the armrests and on the steps of Solomon's throne?

A). Eagles B). Lions C). Bulls D). Cherubim

12703. What was Solomon's great throne inlaid with?

A). Bronze B). Silver C). Ivory D). Cedar

12704. Why was silver considered of little value in Solomon's days?

A). It was used only by the poor B). It was too heavy C). The people did not like it
D). So much gold was used, even for goblets and household articles

12705. How often did Solomon's trading ships return with gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons?

A). Once every three years B). Every month C). Once a year D). Every seven years

12706. How did King Solomon compare with all the other kings of the earth?

A). He was weaker than most B). He was greater in riches and wisdom
C). He was equal to them D). He was younger than all of them

12707. From which river did Solomon rule over all the kings to the land of the Philistines?

A). The Jordan B). The Nile C). The Euphrates D). The Tigris

12708. Which of these prophets is named as writing records of Solomon's reign?

A). Elijah B). Samuel C). Gad D). Nathan

12709. How many years did Solomon reign in Jerusalem over all Israel?

A). Forty B). Twenty C). Thirty-three D). Fifty

12710. Who succeeded Solomon as king?

A). Jeroboam B). Rehoboam C). Abijah D). Asa

12711. Where had Jeroboam fled from King Solomon?

A). Egypt B). Moab C). Tyre D). Edom

12712. What did the people ask Rehoboam to do?

A). Build them a new temple

B). Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

C). Go to war against Egypt D). Give them more land

12713. For how long did the people walk in the ways of David and Solomon, strengthening Rehoboam's kingdom?

A). Seven years B). Forty years C). Ten years D). Three years

12714. What did Shishak carry off from the temple and the royal palace?

A). The ark of the covenant B). The treasures, including Solomon's gold shields

C). The two bronze pillars D). The priests and Levites

12715. Since whose days had there been nothing like this celebration in Jerusalem?

A). Since the days of Moses B). Since the days of Solomon son of David

C). Since the days of Joshua D). Since the days of Samuel

12716. What did Josiah tell the Levites about the sacred ark?

A). To carry it into battle B). To send it to Babylon

C). To put it in the temple Solomon built and not carry it about on their shoulders

D). To cover it with new gold

12717. According to Nehemiah 12:45-46, the musicians and gatekeepers served according to the commands of which kings?

A). Saul and Jonathan B). Hezekiah and Josiah C). Asa and Jehoshaphat

D). David and his son Solomon

12718. Which king of Israel did Nehemiah name as an example of someone who sinned because of foreign marriages?

A). Solomon B). David C). Saul D). Ahab

12719. According to the title of Psalm 72, whose psalm is it?

A). David's B). Asaph's C). Moses' D). Solomon's

12720. In Psalm 72:1, what does the psalmist ask God to give the king?

A). Great wealth B). God's justice C). A large army D). A long life

12721. In Psalm 72:8, how far does the psalmist pray the king's rule will reach?

A). Only over Jerusalem B). Only over Judah

C). From sea to sea and to the ends of the earth D). Only to the Jordan River

12722. According to Psalm 72:10, kings from which place are named as bringing gifts?

A). Sheba B). Babylon C). Nineveh D). Rome

12723. According to Psalm 72:12, whom will the king deliver when they cry out?

A). The rich B). The needy C). The soldiers D). The priests

12724. According to Psalm 72:17, who will be blessed through the king?

A). Only his family B). Only the priests C). Only Israel D). All nations

12725. According to its title, Psalm 127 is a song of ascents of whom?

A). David B). Moses C). Solomon D). Asaph

12726. Complete the verse: "Unless the LORD builds the house, the builders labor in _____."

A). vain B). joy C). peace D). fear

12727. What does Psalm 127 say about guards watching a city without the LORD?

A). They will become rich B). They stand watch in vain C). They will capture the enemy D). They must sleep more

12728. According to Psalm 127, what does the LORD grant to those He loves?

A). Gold B). Long life C). Many fields D). Sleep

12729. Complete the verse: "Children are a _____ from the LORD, offspring a reward from him."

A). heritage B). burden C). gift of gold D). duty

12730. Psalm 127 says children born in one's youth are like what in the hands of a warrior?

A). Shields B). Swords C). Arrows D). Spears

12731. According to Psalm 127, the man is blessed whose what is full of children?

A). House B). Table C). Tent D). Quiver

12732. According to Proverbs 1, whose proverbs are these?

A). David B). Solomon C). Hezekiah D). Samuel

12733. Proverbs 10:1 begins a new section of proverbs. Whose proverbs are they?

A). Agur B). Lemuel C). Solomon D). David

12734. According to Proverbs 25:1, whose men compiled these further proverbs of Solomon?

A). Josiah B). David C). Hezekiah D). Rehoboam

12735. According to the first verse, whose song is the Song of Songs?

A). David's B). Solomon's C). Asaph's D). Moses'

12736. The woman says she is dark like the tents of which place?

A). Edom B). Moab C). Sheba D). Kedar

12737. How many warriors escorted Solomon's carriage?

A). Twelve B). Sixty C). Forty D). One hundred

12738. King Solomon made his carriage from wood that came from which place?

A). Egypt B). Tyre C). Lebanon D). Bashan

12739. What were the posts of Solomon's carriage made of?

A). Silver B). Gold C). Bronze D). Ivory

12740. According to the passage, who crowned King Solomon on the day of his wedding?

A). The high priest B). The daughters of Zion C). His father David D). His mother

12741. Where did Solomon have a vineyard?

A). En Gedi B). Jezreel C). Baal Hamon D). Bethlehem

12742. How much was each tenant of Solomon's vineyard to bring for its fruit?

A). Two hundred shekels of silver B). Ten talents of gold
C). A thousand shekels of silver D). A hundred measures of wine

12743. Matthew says David was the father of Solomon, whose mother 'had been' whose wife?

A). Nabal's wife B). Saul's wife C). Uriah's wife D). Absalom's wife

12744. Jesus said even which king in all his splendor was not dressed like the flowers of the field?

A). David B). Saul C). Solomon D). Herod

12745. The queen of the South came to listen to whose wisdom?

A). David's B). Daniel's C). Joseph's D). Solomon's

12746. Who came from the ends of the earth to listen to Solomon's wisdom?

A). The Queen of the South B). The king of Tyre C). The Pharaoh of Egypt
D). The prophet Jonah

12747. Which king did Jesus say was not dressed like one of the wild flowers?

A). David B). Saul C). Herod D). Solomon

12748. Who built a house for God, according to Stephen?

A). David B). Moses C). Solomon D). Joshua

Sons of Korah

12749. According to its title, Psalm 42 is a maskil of whom?

A). Asaph B). Moses C). The Sons of Korah D). Solomon

12750. According to Psalm 44:1, who told the people what God did in days long ago?

A). The prophets B). Their ancestors C). The kings D). The angels

12751. In Psalm 44:6, what does the writer say he puts no trust in?

A). His bow B). His friends C). His king D). His land

12752. According to its title, what kind of song is Psalm 45?

A). A song of mourning B). A wedding song C). A harvest song D). A battle song

12753. In Psalm 45:1, the writer says his tongue is like what?

A). A sharp sword B). A burning fire C). The pen of a skillful writer D). A trumpet

12754. According to Psalm 49:1-2, who are called to listen?

A). Only the kings B). Only the priests C). All peoples, rich and poor alike
D). Only the people of Israel

12755. In Psalm 49:4, with what instrument will the writer explain his riddle?

A). The harp B). The trumpet C). The flute D). The cymbal

12756. According to the title of Psalm 84, who wrote it?

A). Asaph B). David C). The Sons of Korah D). Solomon

12757. Complete the verse: "How ___ is your dwelling place, LORD Almighty!"

A). lovely B). great C). holy D). high

12758. According to Psalm 84:3, which bird has found a home near God's altar?

A). The eagle B). The sparrow C). The dove D). The raven

12759. According to Psalm 84:6, which valley do pilgrims make a place of springs as they pass through it?

A). The Valley of Elah B). The Kidron Valley C). The Valley of Hinnom
D). The Valley of Baka

12760. According to Psalm 84:7, where does each pilgrim appear before God?

A). In Zion B). In Bethel C). At Sinai D). In Shiloh

12761. According to Psalm 84:10, one day in God's courts is better than how many days elsewhere?

A). Ten B). A hundred C). A thousand D). A million

12762. In Psalm 84:10, what would the psalmist rather be in God's house than dwell in the tents of the wicked?

A). A priest B). A singer C). A guest D). A doorkeeper

12763. In Psalm 84:11, the LORD God is called a sun and what?

A). A shield B). A rock C). A tower D). A light

12764. According to Psalm 85:2, what did the LORD do with all His people's sins?

A). He remembered them B). He covered them C). He wrote them down
D). He punished them twice

12765. Complete the verse: "Will you not ___ us again, that your people may rejoice in you?"

A). revive B). feed C). lead D). bless

12766. According to Psalm 85:10, which two things "kiss each other"?

A). Love and faithfulness B). Mercy and truth C). Righteousness and peace
D). Joy and hope

12767. In Psalm 85:11, what looks down from heaven?

A). Peace B). Love C). Mercy D). Righteousness

12768. According to Psalm 85:12, what will the land yield when the LORD gives what is good?

A). Its harvest B). Its gold C). Its rivers D). Its cities

12769. According to Psalm 87:2, what does the LORD love more than all the other dwellings of Jacob?

A). The gates of Zion B). The fields of Bethlehem C). The walls of Jericho
D). The hills of Samaria

12770. Complete the verse: "Glorious things are said of you, city of ___."

A). David B). God C). kings D). peace

12771. In Psalm 87:4, what will God say about people from nations like Babylon, Philistia and Tyre who acknowledge Him?

A). "This one is a slave." B). "This one must leave." C). "This one was born in Zion."
D). "This one is an enemy."

12772. According to Psalm 87:6, where will the LORD write the names of the peoples?

A). On the city wall B). On stone tablets C). On the temple door
D). In the register of the peoples

12773. According to the title of Psalm 88, which man wrote this maskil?

A). Ethan the Ezrahite B). Heman the Ezrahite C). Asaph son of Berekiah
D). Jeduthun

Sons of Sceva

12774. Whose seven sons tried to drive out evil spirits in the name of Jesus?

A). Sceva, a Jewish chief priest B). Demetrius, a silversmith C). Tyrannus, a teacher
D). Alexander, a coppersmith

12775. The evil spirit answered them, "Jesus I know, and Paul I know about, but who are _____?"

A). they B). you C). these men D). your fathers

12776. What happened to the sons of Sceva?

A). They were made rich B). They became Paul's helpers
C). They were thrown into prison
D). The man with the evil spirit overpowered them, and they ran out naked and bleeding

Sosthenes

12777. Which synagogue leader was beaten in front of the court while Gallio showed no concern?

A). Crispus B). Titius Justus C). Alexander D). Sosthenes

12778. Which brother joined Paul in writing the letter of 1 Corinthians?

A). Timothy B). Silas C). Sosthenes D). Barnabas

Stephanas

12779. Whose household did Paul also remember baptizing?

A). Chloe B). Jason C). Cornelius D). Stephanas

12780. Whose household did Paul describe as the first converts in Achaia, devoted to serving the Lord's people?

A). Chloe B). Crispus C). Stephanas D). Gaius

12781. Which three men came to Paul and refreshed his spirit?

A). Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus B). Timothy, Titus and Silas
C). Aquila, Apollos and Erastus D). Crispus, Gaius and Sosthenes

Stephen

12782. Which man among the seven is described as full of faith and of the Holy Spirit?

A). Philip B). Nicolas C). Timon D). Stephen

12783. Which of these men was NOT one of the seven chosen?

A). Barnabas B). Philip C). Procorus D). Nicanor

12784. What did Stephen, full of God's grace and power, do among the people?

A). Performed great wonders and signs B). Built a new synagogue C). Collected taxes
D). Wrote letters to the churches

12785. Members of which synagogue began to argue with Stephen?

A). The Synagogue of Nazareth B). The Synagogue of the Freedmen
C). The Synagogue of Capernaum D). The Synagogue of the Pharisees

12786. Why could Stephen's opponents not stand up against him?

A). He had many soldiers B). He was a member of the Sanhedrin
C). He spoke with the wisdom the Spirit gave him D). He refused to answer them

12787. What did Stephen's opponents do to bring him before the Sanhedrin?

A). Paid the Romans to arrest him B). Burned his house
C). Asked Peter to testify against him
D). Persuaded men and produced false witnesses against him

12788. What did the members of the Sanhedrin see when they looked at Stephen?

A). His face was like the face of an angel B). His face was shining like the sun
C). His eyes were full of tears D). His hair turned white

12789. According to Stephen, where was Abraham when God first appeared to him?

A). Mesopotamia B). Harran C). Canaan D). Egypt

12790. Why did the patriarchs sell Joseph as a slave into Egypt?

A). He had stolen from them B). Their father told them to C). There was a famine
D). They were jealous of him

12791. According to Stephen, how many people were in Jacob's family that Joseph sent for?

A). Seventy B). Seventy-five C). Twelve D). Two hundred

12792. "However, the Most High does not live in houses made by human _____."

A). skill B). effort C). wisdom D). hands

12793. What did Stephen accuse the Sanhedrin of always doing?

A). Resisting the Holy Spirit B). Breaking the Sabbath C). Worshiping idols openly
D). Refusing to pay taxes

12794. What did Stephen see when he looked up to heaven?

A). A dove coming down B). The glory of God, and Jesus standing at God's right hand
C). Moses and Elijah D). A ladder reaching to heaven

12795. How was Stephen put to death?

A). He was crucified B). He was beheaded C). He was stoned
D). He was thrown into a pit

12796. At whose feet did the witnesses lay their coats?

A). Gamaliel B). The high priest C). Barnabas D). A young man named Saul

12797. While they were stoning him, Stephen prayed, "Lord Jesus, receive my _____."

A). spirit B). soul C). body D). prayer

12798. What did Stephen pray for the people who were stoning him?

A). That they would be punished B). That the Lord would not hold this sin against them
C). That fire would fall on them D). That they would be blinded

12799. Who approved of the killing of Stephen?

A). Gamaliel B). Herod C). Philip D). Saul

12800. Those scattered after Stephen's death at first spread the word only to whom?

A). Jews B). Greeks C). Romans D). Samaritans

12801. What did Paul say he was doing when Stephen was killed?

A). Guarding the clothes of those who were killing him B). Praying for Stephen
C). Throwing the first stone D). Running to get help

Syntyche

12802. Which two women did Paul plead with to be of the same mind in the Lord?

A). Mary and Martha B). Euodia and Syntyche C). Lydia and Priscilla
D). Phoebe and Dorcas

Syrophoenician woman

12803. The woman who begged Jesus to drive a demon out of her daughter was a Greek, born in what place?

A). Syrian Phoenicia B). Egypt C). Galilee D). Babylon

12804. Complete the woman's reply: "Lord, even the dogs under the table eat the children's ___."

A). bread B). bones C). crumbs D). food

12805. What did the woman find when she went home?

A). Her child waiting at the door B). Her house empty C). Her child still sick
D). Her child lying on the bed, and the demon gone

Tabitha

12806. Which disciple in Joppa was always doing good and helping the poor?

A). Tabitha B). Lydia C). Priscilla D). Mary

12807. What did the widows show Peter that Tabitha had made?

A). Baskets B). Clay pots C). Robes and other clothing D). Tents

12808. What happened when Peter prayed and said, "Tabitha, get up"?

A). She was carried to her grave B). She opened her eyes and sat up
C). She spoke from heaven D). An angel appeared

Talmai

12809. Absalom's mother Maakah was the daughter of which king?

A). Talmai king of Geshur B). Achish king of Gath C). Nahash king of Ammon
D). Hiram king of Tyre

12810. Where did Absalom flee after Amnon's death?

A). To Egypt B). To Jericho C). To Moab D). To Geshur

12811. Absalom's mother was the daughter of which king?

A). Talmai king of Geshur B). Hiram king of Tyre C). Achish king of Gath
D). Nahash king of Ammon

Tamar

12812. Who was Tamar first given to as a wife?

A). Onan B). Shelah C). Er D). Perez

12813. Why did Judah send Tamar back to her father's house as a widow?

A). He was angry with her B). He wanted her to remarry elsewhere
C). He feared his third son Shelah might also die D). He had no more sons

12814. What personal items did Tamar receive from Judah as a pledge?

A). His robe and sandals B). A ring and a cloak C). Silver and gold
D). His seal, its cord, and his staff

12815. How did Tamar prove that Judah was the father of her child?

A). By calling witnesses B). By showing a written record
C). By sending Judah his own seal, cord, and staff D). By bringing her father to testify

12816. What were the names of the twin sons born to Tamar?

A). Perez and Zerah B). Er and Onan C). Jacob and Esau
D). Ephraim and Manasseh

12817. Who was the beautiful sister of Absalom?

A). Michal B). Maakah C). Tamar D). Abigail

12818. Tamar pleaded with Amnon: "Don't do this _____ thing."

A). foolish B). wicked C). secret D). shameful

12819. How did Amnon's feelings toward Tamar change after he wronged her?

A). He loved her even more B). He felt sorry and asked forgiveness
C). He hated her more than he had loved her D). He asked the king to let him marry her

12820. What did Tamar tear as a sign of her grief?

A). Her veil B). Her headband C). Her sandals D). Her ornate robe

12821. In whose house did Tamar live afterwards as a desolate woman?

A). Absalom's B). Amnon's C). David's D). Jonadab's

12822. What was the name of Absalom's beautiful daughter?

A). Maakah B). Abital C). Michal D). Tamar

12823. Who was the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Leah C). Rachel D). Rahab

12824. Which daughter of David is named as the sister of his sons?

A). Tamar B). Dinah C). Miriam D). Michal

12825. In Jesus' genealogy, who is named as the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Rahab C). Ruth D). Leah

Tattenai

12826. Who was the governor of Trans-Euphrates who questioned the Jews about the building?

A). Tattenai B). Rehum C). Sanballat D). Mithredath

12827. What did Tattenai ask King Darius to do?

A). Send an army to Jerusalem B). Punish the prophets
C). Give more gold for the temple D). Search the royal archives for Cyrus's decree

12828. What did King Darius tell Tattenai to do about the work on the temple?

A). Stop the work at once B). Stay away and not interfere
C). Send the builders to Persia D). Tear down the new walls

Terah

12829. Who was the father of Abram?

A). Nahor B). Haran C). Terah D). Lot

12830. From which city did Terah set out with his family toward Canaan?

A). Ur of the Chaldeans B). Jerusalem C). Bethel D). Shechem

12831. What did Joshua say Israel's ancestors, including Terah, did long ago beyond the Euphrates?

A). They built the tower of Babel B). They worshiped other gods C). They were slaves
D). They lived as shepherds in Egypt

Teresh

12832. Which two officers who guarded the king's doorway plotted to kill King Xerxes?

A). Haman and Hegai B). Mehuman and Biztha C). Carshena and Shethar
D). Bigthana and Teresh

12833. What did the king hear recorded about Mordecai in the chronicles?

A). That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king B). That Mordecai had paid a large tax
C). That Mordecai had built a gate D). That Mordecai had refused to bow to Haman

Tertius

12834. Who wrote down the letter to the Romans for Paul?

A). Tertius B). Timothy C). Gaius D). Quartus

Tertullus

12835. Which lawyer came with the high priest Ananias to bring charges against Paul?

A). Gallio B). Lysias C). Tertullus D). Demetrius

12836. What did Tertullus call Paul in his accusation?

A). A troublemaker and ringleader of the Nazarene sect B). A thief and liar
C). A Roman spy D). A false priest

12837. What did Tertullus say Paul had tried to do to the temple?

A). Burn it B). Desecrate it C). Rob its treasury D). Close its gates

The disciple whom Jesus loved

12838. Simon Peter motioned to which disciple to ask Jesus who would betray him?

A). The disciple whom Jesus loved, reclining next to him B). Andrew C). Philip
D). Judas

12839. From the cross, whom did Jesus tell his mother to see as her son?

A). Peter B). James C). Lazarus D). The disciple whom he loved

12840. When Peter and the other disciple ran to the tomb, who reached it first?

A). Peter B). Mary Magdalene C). The other disciple D). They arrived together

12841. Who first said to Peter, "It is the Lord!"?

A). The disciple whom Jesus loved B). Thomas C). Nathanael D). Andrew

12842. When Peter asked about the disciple whom Jesus loved, what did Jesus say?

A). He will die soon
B). If I want him to remain alive until I return, what is that to you? You must follow me
C). He will be the leader D). He will go with you to Rome

12843. According to John 21:24, who testifies to these things and wrote them down?

A). Peter B). Thomas C). The disciple whom Jesus loved D). Mary Magdalene

Theophilus

12844. To whom did Luke write his orderly account?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Theophilus D). Philemon

12845. Why did Luke write an orderly account?

A). To list the kings of Israel

B). So Theophilus would know the certainty of what he was taught

C). To record the laws of Moses D). To answer critics in Rome

12846. To whom did Luke address the book of Acts?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Theophilus D). Philemon

Theudas

12847. Which two men did Gamaliel name as leaders whose followers were scattered?

A). Simon and Barabbas B). Ananias and Annas C). Theudas and Judas the Galilean

D). Herod and Pilate

Thomas

12848. Which disciple said, "Let us also go, that we may die with him"?

A). Peter B). Andrew C). Judas D). Thomas

12849. Which disciple said, "Lord, we don't know where you are going, so how can we know the way?"

A). Peter B). Philip C). Judas (not Judas Iscariot) D). Thomas

12850. Which disciple was not with the others when Jesus first came to them?

A). Peter B). Andrew C). John D). Thomas

12851. What did Thomas say he needed before he would believe?

A). To see the nail marks and put his finger and hand where they were B). To see an angel

C). To hear Jesus' voice D). To visit the empty tomb

12852. How long after his first appearance did Jesus come again when Thomas was there?

A). Three days later B). A week later C). Forty days later D). The next morning

12853. After seeing Jesus, Thomas said: "My Lord and my __!"

A). Master B). Savior C). God D). King

12854. Whom did Jesus call blessed in John 20:29?

A). Those who saw the empty tomb B). Those who touched him C). The disciples only

D). Those who have not seen and yet have believed

Tiberius Caesar

12855. In which year of Tiberius Caesar's reign did the word of God come to John?

A). The first year B). The tenth year C). The fifteenth year D). The twentieth year

Tibni

12856. Half the people of Israel followed Omri. Whom did the other half want as king?

A). Tibni son of Ginath B). Zimri C). Elah D). Hiel of Bethel

Tiglath-Pileser

12857. Which king of Assyria took Gilead, Galilee and Naphtali and deported the people?

A). Tiglath-Pileser B). Shalmaneser C). Sennacherib D). Nebuchadnezzar

12858. Ahaz sent messengers to the king of Assyria to say: "I am your servant and vassal. Come up and _____ me."

A). help B). protect C). save D). defend

12859. What did Ahaz send to the king of Assyria as a gift?

A). His own crown B). Silver and gold from the temple and palace treasuries
C). Horses and chariots D). The ark of the covenant

12860. What did the king of Assyria do after receiving Ahaz's gift?

A). He captured Damascus and put Rezin to death B). He attacked Jerusalem
C). He returned the gift D). He made peace with Aram

12861. Why did Ahaz remove the Sabbath canopy and the royal entryway from the temple?

A). In deference to the king of Assyria B). Because they were broken
C). To build a new palace D). Because the priests asked him to

12862. Which king of Assyria took Beerah, a leader of the Reubenites, into exile?

A). Sennacherib B). Tiglath-Pileser C). Nebuchadnezzar D). Shalmaneser

12863. Whose spirit did God stir up to take the Reubenites, the Gadites and the half-tribe of Manasseh into exile?

A). Pharaoh Necho of Egypt B). Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon C). Pul king of Assyria
D). Cyrus king of Persia

12864. What did Tiglath-Pileser king of Assyria give Ahaz after Ahaz paid him?

A). Great help against his enemies B). A new army C). Trouble instead of help
D). A peace treaty

Timothy

12865. Which young disciple did Paul meet at Lystra?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Mark D). Luke

12866. What do we learn about Timothy's parents?

A). Both were Roman citizens B). His father was a priest C). Both were from Jerusalem
D). His mother was a Jewish believer and his father was a Greek

12867. Where did the Spirit not allow Paul and his companions to go or preach?

A). Macedonia and Achaia B). Galatia and Phrygia C). The province of Asia and Bithynia D). Cyprus and Crete

12868. Who stayed behind in Berea when Paul was sent to the coast?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Luke and Titus D). Aquila and Priscilla

12869. What did Paul do after Silas and Timothy came from Macedonia?

A). He returned to Jerusalem B). He stopped making tents forever C). He went to Athens D). He devoted himself exclusively to preaching

12870. Which co-worker of Paul sends greetings in Romans 16:21?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Luke D). Timothy

12871. Whom did Paul send to Corinth to remind them of his way of life in Christ?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Silas D). Apollos

12872. Whom did Paul ask the Corinthians to receive so that he had nothing to fear among them?

A). Titus B). Silas C). Timothy D). Mark

12873. Who was with Paul when he wrote this letter to the church in Corinth?

A). Silas B). Barnabas C). Timothy D). Luke

12874. Who preached the Son of God among the Corinthians together with Paul and Timothy?

A). Apollos B). Peter C). Titus D). Silas

12875. Who is named with Paul at the start of the letter to the Philippians?

A). Silas B). Barnabas C). Timothy D). Luke

12876. Whom did Paul hope to send to the Philippians soon, saying he had no one else like him?

A). Titus B). Silas C). Mark D). Timothy

12877. Who is named together with Paul at the start of the letter to the Colossians?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Timothy D). Titus

12878. Which two men joined Paul in writing this letter to the church of the Thessalonians?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Titus and Luke D). Apollos and Peter

12879. Whom did Paul send to strengthen and encourage the Thessalonians in their faith?

A). Silas B). Titus C). Luke D). Timothy

12880. What good news did Timothy bring back to Paul about the Thessalonians?

A). They had built a new synagogue B). They had moved to another city
C). They had chosen new elders D). News about their faith and love

12881. Which two men joined Paul in greeting the church of the Thessalonians?

A). Silas and Timothy B). Barnabas and Mark C). Titus and Luke
D). Apollos and Tychicus

12882. Paul called whom "my true son in the faith"?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Silas D). Mark

12883. Where did Paul urge Timothy to stay?

A). Corinth B). Philippi C). Ephesus D). Rome

12884. What was Timothy to command certain people not to do in Ephesus?

A). Eat with Gentiles B). Teach false doctrines C). Collect money
D). Travel to Jerusalem

12885. Why did Paul write these instructions to Timothy?

A). So Timothy would know how people ought to behave in God's household
B). So Timothy could build a new temple C). So Timothy could leave Ephesus quickly
D). So Timothy could become a king

12886. Complete the verse: "Don't let anyone look down on you because you are ___."

A). poor B). young C). weak D). a Gentile

12887. Which of these is one of the areas where Paul told Timothy to set an example for the believers?

A). Wealth B). Strength C). Purity D). Fame

12888. Until Paul came, what did he tell Timothy to devote himself to?

A). Building a church house B). The public reading of Scripture, preaching and teaching
C). Traveling to Rome D). Collecting gifts for Jerusalem

12889. According to Paul, who laid their hands on Timothy when his gift was given through prophecy?

A). The apostles in Jerusalem B). The body of elders C). His mother and grandmother
D). The Roman officials

12890. Paul told Timothy to watch two things closely. What were they?

A). His money and his house B). His life and doctrine C). His friends and family
D). His food and clothing

12891. How did Paul tell Timothy to treat an older man?

A). Rebuke him harshly B). Ignore him C). Exhort him as if he were his father
D). Send him away

12892. Paul told Timothy to treat younger women as sisters, with what?

A). Absolute purity B). Great caution C). Strict rules D). Many gifts

12893. What did Paul require before an accusation against an elder could be accepted?

A). A letter from Jerusalem B). A vote of the whole church
C). The elder's own confession D). Two or three witnesses

12894. What did Paul warn Timothy not to be hasty in doing?

A). Laying on of hands B). Eating with believers C). Writing letters
D). Leaving Ephesus

12895. Because of Timothy's stomach and frequent illnesses, what did Paul tell him?

A). To stop eating meat B). To fast more often
C). To use a little wine instead of drinking only water D). To rest in Ephesus for a year

12896. Paul told Timothy to flee from the love of money and pursue several things. Which one was among them?

A). Righteousness B). Riches C). Honor among men D). Power

12897. Complete the verse: "Fight the good ___ of the faith."

A). race B). battle C). fight D). work

12898. In his final words of the letter, what did Paul tell Timothy to guard?

A). The temple treasury B). What has been entrusted to his care C). The city gates
D). The scrolls of the law

12899. Who was Timothy's grandmother, whose sincere faith Paul mentioned?

A). Eunice B). Lydia C). Lois D). Priscilla

12900. Who was Timothy's mother?

A). Eunice B). Lois C). Mary D). Dorcas

12901. What did Paul tell Timothy to fan into flame?

A). The gift of God B). The fire on the altar C). His anger D). His lamp

12902. According to Paul, how had Timothy received the gift of God that was in him?

A). Through a dream at night B). Through the laying on of Paul's hands
C). Through being baptised in the Jordan D). Through reading the scrolls

12903. What did Paul tell Timothy not to be ashamed of?

A). Being young B). His family
C). The testimony about our Lord, or of Paul his prisoner D). Working with his hands

12904. With whose help did Paul tell Timothy to guard the good deposit entrusted to him?

A). The elders B). The Holy Spirit C). Barnabas D). The angels

12905. Besides Rome, where did Paul say Onesiphorus had helped him in many ways?

A). Ephesus B). Philippi C). Athens D). Tarsus

12906. What did Paul tell Timothy to do with the things he had heard Paul say?

A). Write them on a scroll and hide them

B). Entrust them to reliable people who could teach others

C). Keep them secret from the church D). Send them to Rome

12907. Paul told Timothy to join in suffering like a good what of Christ Jesus?

A). Shepherd B). Farmer C). Soldier D). Builder

12908. Paul told Timothy to remember Jesus Christ, raised from the dead and descended from whom?

A). Abraham B). Moses C). David D). Aaron

12909. Paul told Timothy to be a worker who does not need to be ashamed and who correctly handles what?

A). The money of the church B). The word of truth C). The temple scrolls

D). The law courts

12910. What did Paul tell Timothy to flee from?

A). Evil desires of youth B). His home town C). The Roman soldiers D). Hard work

12911. Paul told Timothy there will be terrible times in which days?

A). The days of Noah B). The last days C). The days of the judges

D). The feast days

12912. Paul described people having a form of godliness but doing what?

A). Denying its power B). Praying too much C). Giving all their money

D). Keeping the Sabbath

12913. Which three places did Paul name where he suffered persecutions?

A). Rome, Corinth and Athens B). Antioch, Iconium and Lystra

C). Ephesus, Troas and Philippi D). Jerusalem, Joppa and Caesarea

12914. From what time had Timothy known the Holy Scriptures?

A). From infancy B). From the day he met Paul C). From when he became an elder

D). From his baptism

12915. Complete the verse: "Preach the word; be prepared in season and out of ___."

A). time B). season C). order D). place

12916. Paul warned that people would gather teachers to say what their itching ears want to hear. What would they not put up with?

A). Sound doctrine B). Long prayers C). Hard work D). Fasting

12917. Who did Paul ask Timothy to bring because he was helpful in his ministry?

A). Demas B). Mark C). Alexander D). Erastus

12918. What did Paul ask Timothy to bring from Troas, along with his scrolls?

A). His cloak B). His sandals C). His staff D). His tent

12919. Which couple did Paul ask Timothy to greet?

A). Ananias and Sapphira B). Priscilla and Aquila C). Zechariah and Elizabeth
D). Joseph and Mary

12920. Paul urged Timothy to do his best to come before which season?

A). Summer B). Harvest C). Winter D). Spring

12921. According to Hebrews 13:23, which brother had been released?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Titus D). Timothy

Tirhakah

12922. Which king was reported to be marching out to fight Sennacherib?

A). So king of Egypt B). Rezin king of Aram C). Mesha king of Moab
D). Tirhakah king of Cush

Titius Justus

12923. Whose house next door to the synagogue did Paul go to?

A). Titius Justus B). Crispus C). Jason D). Sosthenes

Titus

12924. Paul had no peace of mind in Troas because he did not find which brother there?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Silas D). Apollos

12925. God comforted Paul by the coming of which man?

A). Titus B). Timothy C). Barnabas D). Luke

12926. What else comforted Paul besides the arrival of Titus?

A). A gift of money from Jerusalem B). The comfort the Corinthians had given Titus
C). A vision from an angel D). Being freed from prison

12927. What did Paul say happened to Titus's spirit because of the Corinthians?

A). It was troubled B). It was refreshed C). It was crushed D). It was angered

12928. Whom did Paul urge to help the Corinthians complete their act of giving?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Silas D). Apollos

12929. Who did Paul send along with Titus to the Corinthians?

A). Barnabas, the encourager

B). A brother praised by all the churches for his service to the gospel C). Peter, the apostle

D). A Roman soldier

12930. Who went with Paul to Jerusalem, taking Titus along?

A). Barnabas B). Silas C). Timothy D). Luke

12931. What was Titus not forced to do, even though he was a Greek?

A). Leave the church B). Be circumcised C). Stop preaching D). Go back to Greece

12932. Where did Paul say Titus had gone?

A). Galatia B). Dalmatia C). Crete D). Ephesus

12933. Who did Paul call "my true son in our common faith"?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Silas D). Mark

12934. On which island did Paul leave Titus?

A). Cyprus B). Malta C). Crete D). Patmos

12935. What did Paul tell Titus to appoint in every town?

A). Elders B). Prophets C). Judges D). Deacons

12936. What did Paul tell Titus to teach?

A). Old traditions B). What is in keeping with sound doctrine

C). Stories about the Cretan prophets D). Rules about food only

12937. Paul told Titus to encourage the young men to be what?

A). Wealthy B). Strong in battle C). Self-controlled D). Famous

12938. How was Titus himself to teach the young men?

A). By writing letters only B). By sending others C). By staying silent

D). By setting them an example by doing what is good

12939. Paul told Titus to remind the people to be subject to whom?

A). Rulers and authorities B). False teachers C). Only their parents

D). The Cretan prophets

12940. What did Paul tell Titus to avoid because they are unprofitable and useless?

A). Prayer meetings B). Helping the needy

C). Foolish controversies, genealogies, arguments and quarrels about the law

D). Teaching young men

12941. Where did Paul ask Titus to come and meet him?

A). Jerusalem B). Corinth C). Ephesus D). Nicopolis

12942. Which two people did Paul ask Titus to help on their way?

A). Zenas the lawyer and Apollos B). Timothy and Silas C). Barnabas and Mark
D). Aquila and Priscilla

Tobiah

12943. Which two men were very troubled that someone had come to help the Israelites?

A). Sanballat and Tobiah B). Haman and Zeresh C). Rehum and Shimshai
D). Hanani and Hananiah

12944. Besides Sanballat and Tobiah, who mocked the Jews for planning to rebuild the wall?

A). Rehum the commanding officer B). Asaph the keeper C). Geshem the Arab
D). Tattenai the governor

12945. How did Nehemiah answer those who mocked him?

A). He promised to stop the work B). He asked them to join the work
C). He reported them to the king D). He said the God of heaven would give them success

12946. Tobiah mocked the wall by saying that even what animal climbing on it would break it down?

A). A goat B). A dog C). A fox D). A lion

12947. How did Nehemiah respond to the mocking of Sanballat and Tobiah?

A). He prayed to God B). He mocked them back C). He stopped the work
D). He wrote to the king

12948. Who had hired Shemaiah to give Nehemiah the false prophecy?

A). Tobiah and Sanballat B). Geshem and the Arabs C). The nobles of Tekoa
D). The king of Persia

12949. What had the nobles of Judah been doing with Tobiah?

A). Fighting against him
B). Sending him many letters, because many were under oath to him
C). Hiding from him in Jerusalem D). Asking the king to punish him

12950. Which priest gave Tobiah a large room in the house of God?

A). Ezra B). Zadok C). Eliashib D). Shemaiah

12951. What did Nehemiah do when he found out about Tobiah's room?

A). He threw all of Tobiah's household goods out of the room
B). He asked Tobiah to pay rent C). He gave Tobiah a bigger room
D). He locked Tobiah inside it

Tola

12952. Who rose to save Israel after the time of Abimelek?

A). Jair B). Jephthah C). Tola D). Ibzan

12953. The judge Tola came from which tribe?

A). Ephraim B). Judah C). Dan D). Issachar

12954. How many years did Tola lead Israel?

A). Twenty-three B). Forty C). Seven D). Eighteen

12955. Who led Israel after Tola?

A). Jephthah of Gilead B). Jair of Gilead C). Ibzan of Bethlehem
D). Elon the Zebulunite

12956. During whose reign were the descendants of Tola listed as fighting men numbering 22,600?

A). Saul's B). David's C). Solomon's D). Hezekiah's

Tou

12957. Which king sent his son Joram to congratulate David on his victory over Hadadezer?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Achish king of Gath C). Tou king of Hamath
D). Talmai king of Geshur

12958. Which king sent his son Hadoram to greet and congratulate David?

A). Hiram king of Tyre B). Tou king of Hamath C). Hadadezer king of Zobah
D). Pharaoh king of Egypt

Trophimus

12959. Which Ephesian had been seen with Paul in the city, leading people to think Paul brought him into the temple?

A). Trophimus B). Tychicus C). Gaius D). Aristarchus

12960. Where did Paul leave Trophimus sick?

A). Corinth B). Miletus C). Troas D). Rome

Tychicus

12961. Whom did Paul send to tell the Ephesians how he was doing?

A). Timothy B). Titus C). Tychicus D). Silas

12962. Who did Paul send to tell the Colossians all the news about him?

A). Tychicus B). Titus C). Silas D). Apollos

12963. Which faithful and dear brother, who was one of the Colossians, came with Tychicus?

A). Demas B). Onesimus C). Archippus D). Justus

12964. Where did Paul ask Titus to come and meet him?

A). Jerusalem B). Corinth C). Ephesus D). Nicopolis

Ulam

12965. What skill are the sons of Ulam known for?

A). Playing the harp B). Working with bronze C). Handling the bow as brave warriors
D). Farming the land

Uri

12966. Who was the son of Uri and grandson of Hur?

A). Bezalel B). Caleb C). Oholiab D). Nahshon

Uriah

12967. Who was Bathsheba's husband?

A). Joab B). Uriah the Hittite C). Nathan D). Ahithophel

12968. What did David do after Bathsheba sent word that she was pregnant?

A). He confessed to Nathan B). He went out to fight at Rabbah
C). He sent for Uriah to come back from the army D). He sent Bathsheba away

12969. Where did Uriah sleep instead of going down to his house?

A). In Joab's tent B). In the temple C). At the city gate
D). At the entrance to the palace with the king's servants

12970. Why did Uriah refuse to go home to his wife?

A). He was angry with his wife
B). The ark, Israel and Judah and Joab's men were staying in tents and camping in the open
C). He was afraid of David D). He was ordered to guard the palace

12971. What did David do the next evening to try to get Uriah to go home?

A). He made him drunk B). He gave him a new house
C). He sent Bathsheba to the palace D). He gave him a new position

12972. What did David's letter to Joab tell him to do with Uriah?

A). Make him a commander B). Send him home to rest
C). Put him in the fiercest fighting and withdraw from him so he would die
D). Keep him in the camp away from battle

12973. Who carried the letter that ordered Uriah's own death?

A). A messenger from the palace B). Joab C). Nathan D). Uriah himself

12974. According to Nathan, by whose sword did David kill Uriah?

A). The Philistines B). Joab's own C). The Arameans D). The Ammonites

12975. Which man, whose story appears earlier in 2 Samuel, is the last name in the list of David's mighty warriors?

A). Ittai the Gittite B). Uriah the Hittite C). Hushai the Arkite
D). Amasa son of Jether

12976. David did what was right in the LORD's eyes all his life except in the case of whom?

A). Absalom B). Saul C). Uriah the Hittite D). Goliath

12977. Which priest built an altar in Jerusalem following Ahaz's plans from Damascus?

A). Jehoiada B). Hilkiah C). Uriah D). Zadok

12978. Which of these men is listed among David's mighty warriors?

A). Uriah the Hittite B). Nathan the prophet C). Ahithophel D). Abiathar

12979. Who did Isaiah call as reliable witnesses when he wrote on the large scroll?

A). Uriah the priest and Zechariah son of Jeberekiah B). Hilkiah and Shebna
C). Eliakim and Joah D). Ahaz and Hezekiah

12980. Which other prophet prophesied like Jeremiah, then fled to Egypt when King Jehoiakim sought to kill him?

A). Hananiah B). Uriah son of Shemaiah C). Zephaniah D). Baruch

12981. What happened to Uriah after he was brought back from Egypt?

A). He was set free B). He became a priest
C). King Jehoiakim had him struck down with a sword D). He was sent to Babylon

12982. Matthew says David was the father of Solomon, whose mother 'had been' whose wife?

A). Nabal's wife B). Saul's wife C). Uriah's wife D). Absalom's wife

Uzzah

12983. How was the ark carried when it was first brought from Abinadab's house?

A). On a boat B). On the shoulders of the Levites C). On a camel D). On a new cart

12984. Who took hold of the ark when the oxen stumbled, and died?

A). Ahio B). Uzzah C). Abinadab D). Obed-Edom

12985. Why did God strike Uzzah down?

A). Because he stole from the ark B). Because he refused to help carry the ark
C). Because of his irreverent act in taking hold of the ark D). Because he worshipped an idol

12986. What name was given to the place where Uzzah died?

A). Bethel B). Baal Perazim C). Ebenezer D). Perez Uzzah

12987. On what did they carry the ark from Abinadab's house?

A). On the shoulders of the priests B). On a camel C). On a new cart D). On a boat

12988. Which two men guided the cart carrying the ark?

A). Uzzah and Ahio B). Nadab and Abihu C). Hophni and Phinehas
D). Joab and Abishai

12989. Why did Uzzah reach out his hand to the ark?

A). The oxen stumbled B). He wanted to open it C). The cart caught fire
D). Someone tried to steal it

12990. What happened to Uzzah after he put his hand on the ark?

A). He was made blind B). The LORD struck him down and he died
C). He became a leper D). He was sent away from Israel

12991. What name was given to the place where Uzzah died?

A). Ebenezer B). Bethel C). Perez Uzzah D). Gilgal

Uzzi

12992. The Levite Uzzi was chief officer in Jerusalem. From whose descendants did he come, the musicians responsible for the service of the house of God?

A). Korah B). Aaron C). Levi's son Gershon D). Asaph

Uzziah

12993. How old was Uzziah when the people of Judah made him king?

A). Seven B). Sixteen C). Twenty-five D). Twelve

12994. How many years did Uzziah reign in Jerusalem?

A). Forty B). Twenty-nine C). Fifty-two D). Twenty-five

12995. What did God give Uzziah as long as he sought the LORD?

A). Many sons B). A long life C). Peace with Israel D). Success

12996. During whose days did Uzziah seek God, since this man taught him to fear God?

A). Zechariah B). Jehoiada C). Isaiah D). Azariah

12997. Which people did God help Uzziah fight against, breaking down the walls of Gath, Jabneh and Ashdod?

A). The Moabites B). The Philistines C). The Egyptians D). The Arameans

12998. Why did Uzziah have people working his fields and vineyards?

A). He wanted to sell grain to Egypt B). The priests asked him to C). He loved the soil
D). There was a famine

12999. What did Uzziah make for the towers and corner defenses in Jerusalem?

A). Golden shields B). Bronze gates C). Watchtowers of cedar
D). Devices to shoot arrows and hurl large stones

13000. What led to Uzziah's downfall after he became powerful?

A). His pride B). His enemies C). A famine D). His sons

13001. What did Uzziah wrongly go into the temple to do?

A). Offer a lamb B). Burn incense on the altar of incense C). Take the gold
D). Read the Law

13002. Which priest followed Uzziah into the temple with eighty other courageous priests?

A). Zadok B). Jehoiada C). Azariah D). Amariah

13003. Why did the priests say it was not right for Uzziah to burn incense?

A). He was too young B). He had not washed first C). It was not the right day
D). It was for the priests, the descendants of Aaron

13004. What broke out on Uzziah's forehead while he was raging at the priests?

A). Leprosy B). A wound C). A crown D). A mark of blood

13005. Where did Uzziah live after he had leprosy?

A). In the temple B). In a separate house C). In Samaria
D). In the palace with his family

13006. Which son of Uzziah governed the people while Uzziah had leprosy?

A). Ahaz B). Hezekiah C). Jotham D). Manasseh

13007. Which prophet recorded the other events of Uzziah's reign?

A). Jeremiah B). Micah C). Hosea D). Isaiah son of Amoz

13008. How was Jotham different from his father Uzziah?

A). He worshiped idols B). He never went to war
C). He did not enter the temple of the LORD D). He did not build anything

13009. Which group of kings ruled Judah during the time of Isaiah's vision?

A). Saul, David, Solomon and Rehoboam B). Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah
C). Asa, Jehoshaphat, Joash and Amaziah D). Manasseh, Amon, Josiah and Jehoiakim

13010. In which year did Isaiah see the Lord seated on a throne?

A). The year King Hezekiah was born B). The year King Uzziah died
C). The year Jerusalem was destroyed D). The year King Ahaz became king

13011. Who was king of Judah when Amos saw his vision?

A). Hezekiah B). Ahaz C). Josiah D). Uzziah

13012. The people would flee as they fled from the earthquake in the days of which king of Judah?

A). Hezekiah B). Josiah C). Uzziah D). Ahaz

Uzziel

13013. Uzziel helped repair the wall. What was his trade?

A). A carpenter B). A potter C). A merchant D). A goldsmith

Vashti

13014. Which queen gave a banquet for the women in King Xerxes' royal palace?

A). Esther B). Jezebel C). Vashti D). Candace

13015. Why did King Xerxes command Queen Vashti to come before him wearing her royal crown?

A). To crown her ruler of a province B). To display her beauty to the people and nobles
C). To judge a dispute D). To greet a visiting king

13016. How did Queen Vashti respond when the king's eunuchs brought his command?

A). She came at once B). She sent a gift instead C). She asked for three days to prepare
D). She refused to come

13017. Which of the king's nobles answered when Xerxes asked what should be done to Queen Vashti?

A). Memukan B). Haman C). Mordecai D). Hegai

13018. Why did Memukan say that Vashti's refusal was a wrong against more than just the king?

A). She had broken a law of the temple B). She had insulted a foreign guest
C). Her conduct would become known to all women and cause them to despise their husbands
D). She had stolen from the royal treasury

13019. What did the royal decree say about Queen Vashti?

A). She must leave Persia forever
B). She was never again to enter the presence of King Xerxes
C). She must serve in the kitchens D). She would share her position with another queen

Widow of Zarephath

13020. What was the widow doing when Elijah met her at the town gate?

A). Drawing water from a well B). Selling bread C). Gathering sticks
D). Washing clothes

13021. What did the widow say she had left when Elijah asked her for bread?

A). A full jar of flour B). Some fish and bread
C). Only a handful of flour and a little olive oil D). Nothing at all

13022. Elijah said to the widow, "Don't be _____. Go home and do as you have said."

A). afraid B). sad C). angry D). tired

13023. What did the LORD promise about the widow's flour and oil?

A). They would last for seven days B). They would turn into gold
C). They would be doubled once
D). The flour would not be used up and the oil would not run dry until the LORD sent rain

13024. Where did Elijah take the widow's son after the boy stopped breathing?

A). To the town gate B). To the brook C). To the upper room where Elijah was staying
D). To the temple of Baal

13025. After her son came back to life, what did the widow say she now knew about Elijah?

A). That he was a king in disguise B). That he would stay with her forever
C). That he came from Egypt
D). That he was a man of God, and the word of the LORD from his mouth was the truth

Xerxes

13026. Which king ruled over 127 provinces stretching from India to Cush?

A). Darius B). Cyrus C). Xerxes D). Artaxerxes

13027. How many provinces did King Xerxes rule over?

A). 120 B). 127 C). 100 D). 112

13028. From which citadel did King Xerxes rule on his royal throne?

A). Babylon B). Nineveh C). Jerusalem D). Susa

13029. For how many days did King Xerxes display the great wealth and glory of his kingdom?

A). 180 days B). 40 days C). 7 days D). 120 days

13030. Where did King Xerxes hold his seven-day banquet for all the people in the citadel of Susa?

A). In the temple courts B). In the enclosed garden of the king's palace C). By the river
D). In the city gate

13031. Why did King Xerxes command Queen Vashti to come before him wearing her royal crown?

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A). She must leave Persia forever

B). She was never again to enter the presence of King Xerxes

C). She must serve in the kitchens D). She would share her position with another queen

13035. What did the king's dispatches to all the provinces proclaim?

A). That every man should be ruler over his own household

B). That all people must worship the king C). That taxes would be doubled

D). That a new queen had been chosen

13036. What did the king's attendants suggest to find a new queen instead of Vashti?

A). Choose a princess from a nearby kingdom

B). Search for beautiful young virgins across the provinces

C). Ask the wise men to pick a noble's daughter D). Hold a contest of wisdom

13037. What did King Xerxes do because he was attracted to Esther more than to any of the other women?

A). He sent her back to Mordecai B). He gave her a province to rule

C). He set a royal crown on her head and made her queen

D). He made her one of his advisers

13038. What did King Xerxes give to celebrate Esther becoming queen?

A). A great banquet called Esther's banquet B). A new palace in Susa

C). A parade through all 127 provinces D). A gift of land to Mordecai

13039. Which two officers who guarded the king's doorway plotted to kill King Xerxes?

A). Haman and Hegai B). Mehuman and Biztha C). Carshena and Shethar

D). Bigthana and Teresh

13040. After Mordecai learned about the plot to kill the king, what happened next?

A). He told the king himself at the gate

B). He told Queen Esther, who reported it to the king and gave Mordecai credit

C). He told Hegai, who arrested the men D). He kept it secret until later

13041. Where was the report of Mordecai uncovering the plot recorded?

A). On the wall of the palace B). In a letter to all the provinces

C). In the book of the annals in the king's presence

D). In the law of the Medes and Persians

13042. Which man did King Xerxes honor by giving him a seat higher than all the other nobles?

A). Mordecai B). Haman C). Memukan D). Hegai

13043. What did Haman accuse the Jews of when he spoke to the king?

A). Not obeying the king's laws B). Stealing from the treasury C). Planning a war
D). Refusing to pay for the banquet

13044. What did King Xerxes take off his finger and give to Haman?

A). His royal crown B). His scepter C). His signet ring D). His robe

13045. How did the city of Susa react while the king and Haman sat down to drink after the decree?

A). The city was bewildered B). The city celebrated C). The city held a feast
D). The city prepared for war

13046. What would happen to anyone who went to the king in the inner court without being called, unless the king spared them?

A). They would be put in prison B). They would lose their position
C). They would be sent away from Susa D). They would be put to death

13047. What did the king have to hold out to spare the life of someone who came to him without being called?

A). The gold scepter B). His signet ring C). His royal crown D). A cup of wine

13048. How long had it been since Esther had been called to go to the king?

A). Seven days B). Thirty days C). Three months D). One year

13049. What did King Xerxes hold out to Esther when he saw her standing in the court?

A). His signet ring B). His royal crown C). The gold scepter D). A cup of wine

13050. What did Esther do after the king held out the gold scepter to her?

A). She approached and touched the tip of the scepter B). She bowed and left the court
C). She knelt and kissed the king's feet D). She handed him a letter

13051. What is your request? Even up to ___ the kingdom, it will be given you.

A). all of B). a third of C). a province of D). half

13052. What did Esther first ask the king to do?

A). Remove Haman from power B). Come with Haman to a banquet she had prepared
C). Cancel the edict against the Jews D). Honor Mordecai

13053. When the king asked Esther for her request at the first banquet, what did she do?

A). She told him everything about Haman's plot

B). She asked him to make Mordecai a noble

C). She invited the king and Haman to another banquet the next day

D). She asked for the gold scepter

13054. What did King Xerxes do on the night he could not sleep?

A). He walked in his garden B). He called for musicians

C). He had the book of the chronicles of his reign read to him D). He sent for Haman

13055. What did the king hear recorded about Mordecai in the chronicles?

A). That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king B). That Mordecai had paid a large tax

C). That Mordecai had built a gate D). That Mordecai had refused to bow to Haman

13056. What honor had Mordecai received for saving the king's life?

A). A royal robe B). A gold chain C). A house in Susa

D). Nothing had been done for him

13057. When the king asked what should be done for the man he delighted to honor, who did Haman think the king meant?

A). Mordecai B). Memukan C). Himself D). One of the king's sons

13058. Who did the king order Haman to honor in the way Haman had suggested?

A). Hegai B). Mordecai C). Hathak D). Esther

13059. What did Queen Esther ask the king for at the second banquet?

A). A new palace B). Her life and the lives of her people C). Riches for Mordecai

D). Half the kingdom

13060. How did King Xerxes react when Esther told him her people were to be destroyed?

A). He asked who had dared to do such a thing B). He said the law could not be changed

C). He blamed Esther D). He sent for Mordecai

13061. Where did the king go when he got up in a rage from the banquet?

A). Out into the palace garden B). To the king's gate C). To his throne room

D). To Haman's house

13062. What was Haman doing when the king came back from the palace garden?

A). Running away from the palace B). Writing a new decree

C). Falling on the couch where Esther was reclining, begging for his life

D). Talking with his wife Zeresh

13063. What happened to the king's anger after Haman was put to death?

A). His fury subsided B). It grew against the Jews C). It turned against Esther

D). It turned against his officials

13064. What did King Xerxes give to Queen Esther on the day Haman died?

A). A new crown B). Haman's estate C). A province to rule D). The gold scepter

13065. What did the king give to Mordecai after taking it back from Haman?

A). His signet ring B). His royal horse C). His royal robe D). The key to the treasury

13066. Why did Esther fall at the king's feet weeping, even after Haman was dead?

A). She wanted Haman's sons punished B). She was afraid the king was angry with her
C). She wanted Mordecai to be made king
D). She begged him to put an end to Haman's evil plan against the Jews

13067. Why could the king not simply cancel Haman's first decree?

A). A document written in the king's name and sealed with his ring could not be revoked
B). Haman's sons still had the signet ring C). The decree had already been carried out
D). The nobles refused to allow it

13068. What did Esther ask the king for after the first day of fighting?

A). Mercy for Haman's family B). A new palace in Susa
C). Another day in Susa for the Jews and Haman's ten sons impaled on poles
D). Freedom for all the Jews to return to Jerusalem

13069. In which book was a full account of Mordecai's greatness written?

A). The book of Jashar B). The book of the annals of the kings of Media and Persia
C). The book of the annals of the kings of Judah D). The book of the law of Moses

13070. What rank did Mordecai the Jew hold in the kingdom?

A). He was a gatekeeper B). He became king C). He was second in rank to King Xerxes
D). He was the chief priest

Zabud

13071. Which official was a priest and also an adviser to King Solomon?

A). Zabud son of Nathan B). Benaiah son of Jehoiada C). Ahijah son of Shisha
D). Jehoshaphat son of Ahilud

Zacchaeus

13072. Which chief tax collector in Jericho wanted to see Jesus?

A). Levi B). Zacchaeus C). Simon D). Matthias

13073. Why could Zacchaeus not see Jesus because of the crowd?

A). He was blind B). He came too late C). He was short
D). He was standing far away

13074. What kind of tree did Zacchaeus climb to see Jesus?

A). An olive tree B). A palm tree C). A cedar tree D). A sycamore-fig tree

13075. Complete Jesus' words: 'Zacchaeus, come down immediately. I must stay at your ___ today.'

A). house B). table C). town D). side

13076. What did the people mutter when Jesus went to Zacchaeus's house?

A). 'He is going to collect taxes.' B). 'He has gone to be the guest of a sinner.'
C). 'He will be arrested.' D). 'He is going to rest.'

13077. How much did Zacchaeus promise to pay back anyone he had cheated?

A). Double the amount B). The same amount C). Four times the amount
D). Ten times the amount

Zadok

13078. Which two men were priests in David's government?

A). Seraiah and Jehoshaphat B). Eli and Phinehas C). Nathan and Gad
D). Zadok and Ahimelek

13079. What did David tell Zadok to do with the ark of God?

A). Take it back into the city B). Carry it with them into the wilderness
C). Hide it in a cave D). Give it to Absalom

13080. Whose sons were Ahimaaz and Jonathan, who were to bring news to David?

A). Joab and Abishai B). Zadok and Abiathar C). Nathan and Gad
D). Hushai and Ahithophel

13081. Who were the priests listed at the end of this chapter, along with Ira the Jairite?

A). Eli and Phinehas B). Zadok and Abiathar C). Nathan and Gad
D). Ahimaaz and Jonathan

13082. Who anointed Solomon with oil to make him king?

A). Nathan the prophet B). Abiathar the priest C). Zadok the priest
D). Benaiah son of Jehoiada

13083. Which groups went with Zadok, Nathan and Benaiah to bring Solomon down to Gihon?

A). The Levites and the singers B). The Kerethites and the Pelethites
C). The Ammonites and the Moabites D). The elders of Judah

13084. Whom did Solomon put in charge of the army in Joab's place, and whom did he put in Abiathar's place?

A). Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest
B). Zadok over the army and Benaiah as priest
C). Nathan over the army and Zadok as priest
D). Benaiah over the army and Nathan as priest

13085. Where did Zadok the priest serve before the tabernacle of the LORD?

A). At the high place in Gibeon B). In the City of David C). At Shiloh D). In Hebron

13086. Which two priests helped David separate the priests into divisions?

A). Eli and Samuel B). Zadok and Ahimelek C). Abiathar and Nathan
D). Hilkiah and Jehoiada

13087. When Solomon was anointed king the second time, who was anointed to be priest?

A). Zadok B). Abiathar C). Ahimelek D). Jehoiada

13088. From which priestly family was Azariah the chief priest?

A). The family of Eli B). The family of Zadok C). The family of Abiathar
D). The family of Korah

13089. Which priests were the only Levites who could come near the LORD to minister before Him?

A). The sons of Aaron's grandson Phinehas B). The sons of Zadok C). The sons of Eli
D). The sons of Korah

13090. Which priests remained faithful when the Israelites went astray, and could come near to minister before the LORD?

A). The Levitical priests, descendants of Zadok B). The sons of Eli
C). The descendants of Korah D). The priests of Bethel

13091. Why did the priests descended from Zadok receive a special portion?

A). They were the oldest family B). They paid for the temple C). They fought in the war
D). They were faithful and did not go astray when Israel did

Zalmunna

13092. Which two Midianite kings was Gideon chasing when he crossed the Jordan?

A). Zebah and Zalmunna B). Oreb and Zeeb C). Sisera and Jabin D). Og and Sihon

13093. Which of Gideon's sons was told to kill Zebah and Zalmunna but was afraid to do it?

A). Abimelek B). Purah C). Joash D). Jether

13094. Why did Gideon say he would not spare Zebah and Zalmunna?

A). They had stolen his gold
B). They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor
C). They had insulted his father D). They had burned Ophrah

Zebadiah

13095. Which brother of Joab was over the fourth division?

A). Abishai B). Amasa C). Asahel D). Uriah

13096. Who was put in charge of any matter concerning the king?

A). Amariah the chief priest B). Jehu the seer C). Zebadiah son of Ishmael
D). Amasiah son of Zikri

Zebah

13097. Which two Midianite kings was Gideon chasing when he crossed the Jordan?

A). Zebah and Zalmunna B). Oreb and Zeeb C). Sisera and Jabin D). Og and Sihon

13098. Which of Gideon's sons was told to kill Zebah and Zalmunna but was afraid to do it?

A). Abimelek B). Purah C). Joash D). Jether

13099. Why did Gideon say he would not spare Zebah and Zalmunna?

A). They had stolen his gold
B). They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor
C). They had insulted his father D). They had burned Ophrah

Zebedee

13100. James and John were in a boat with their father when Jesus called them. What was their father's name?

A). Zebedee B). Jonah C). Alphaeus D). Joseph

13101. When James and John followed Jesus, whom did they leave in the boat with the hired men?

A). Their brother Andrew B). Their father Zebedee C). Simon Peter
D). Their mother

13102. Which two sons of Zebedee were Simon's partners?

A). Andrew and Philip B). Matthew and Thomas C). James and John
D). Peter and Andrew

Zebul

13103. Who was the governor of Shechem who secretly warned Abimelek about Gaal?

A). Gaal B). Jether C). Zebul D). Hamor

13104. Complete what Zebul said to Gaal: "You mistake the ___ of the mountains for men."

A). trees B). shadows C). rocks D). clouds

Zechariah

13105. How long did Zechariah son of Jeroboam reign over Israel?

A). One month B). Two years C). Ten years D). Six months

13106. How did Zechariah's death fulfil the word of the LORD spoken to Jehu?

A). Jehu's family would rule forever B). Zechariah would die in Jezreel
C). Jehu's descendants sat on the throne only to the fourth generation
D). Aram would destroy Jehu's house

13107. Which son of Shelemiah is described as a wise counselor, with the lot for the North Gate falling to him?

A). Meshelemiah B). Obed-Edom C). Shemaiah D). Zechariah

13108. On whom did the Spirit of God come to warn the people?

A). Jehu son of Hanani B). Jahaziel son of Zechariah C). Zechariah son of Jehoiada
D). Azariah son of Oded

13109. Complete Zechariah's words: "Because you have forsaken the LORD, he has _____ you."

A). punished B). left C). judged D). forsaken

13110. Where was Zechariah stoned to death?

A). In the courtyard of the LORD's temple B). At the city gate C). In the Kidron Valley
D). At the palace

13111. What did King Joash fail to remember when he had Zechariah killed?

A). The laws of Moses B). The kindness Zechariah's father Jehoiada had shown him
C). The promise to David D). The words of Elijah

13112. During whose days did Uzziah seek God, since this man taught him to fear God?

A). Zechariah B). Jehoiada C). Isaiah D). Azariah

13113. Which two prophets prophesied to the Jews in Judah and Jerusalem?

A). Isaiah and Jeremiah B). Haggai and Zechariah C). Elijah and Elisha
D). Ezekiel and Daniel

13114. What did Zerubbabel and Jeshua do after the prophets spoke?

A). They returned to Babylon B). They wrote to King Darius
C). They began rebuilding the house of God D). They built walls around Jerusalem

13115. Through whose preaching did the elders of the Jews prosper as they built?

A). Haggai and Zechariah B). Ezra and Nehemiah C). Jeremiah and Ezekiel
D). Jeshua and Zerubbabel

13116. Who did Isaiah call as reliable witnesses when he wrote on the large scroll?

A). Uriah the priest and Zechariah son of Jeberekiah B). Hilkiah and Shebna
C). Eliakim and Joah D). Ahaz and Hezekiah

13117. Who was Zechariah's father?

A). Iddo B). Berekiah C). Haggai D). Hilkiah

13118. In which king's reign did the word of the Lord first come to Zechariah?

A). Cyrus B). Artaxerxes C). Darius D). Nebuchadnezzar

13119. In Zechariah's night vision, what colour was the horse the man was riding?

A). White B). Black C). Red D). Brown

13120. Where was the man on the red horse standing?

A). Beside a river B). Among the myrtle trees in a ravine C). On top of a mountain
D). At the gate of Jerusalem

13121. What did the four horns in Zechariah's vision represent?

A). Four kings of Judah B). Four angels of God C). Four gates of the temple
D). The horns that scattered Judah, Israel and Jerusalem

13122. In Zechariah's vision, what was the man holding in his hand?

A). A sword B). A trumpet C). A scroll D). A measuring line

13123. Which city was the man going to measure?

A). Jerusalem B). Babylon C). Samaria D). Bethel

13124. Which high priest did Zechariah see standing before the angel of the Lord?

A). Eli B). Aaron C). Joshua D). Zadok

13125. What did Zechariah ask to be put on Joshua's head?

A). A crown of gold B). A garland of flowers C). Oil D). A clean turban

13126. How did the angel get Zechariah's attention before this vision?

A). He called his name three times B). He woke him up, like someone woken from sleep
C). He touched his lips D). He blew a trumpet

13127. What did Zechariah see in this vision?

A). A golden altar B). A flying scroll C). A golden crown D). A solid gold lampstand

13128. How many lamps were on the gold lampstand?

A). Three B). Five C). Seven D). Twelve

13129. What flying object did Zechariah see in this vision?

A). A flying eagle B). A flying chariot C). A flying scroll D). A flying sword

13130. What container did Zechariah see next, with a woman sitting inside it?

A). A jar B). A chest C). A basket D). A boat

13131. How many chariots did Zechariah see in this vision?

A). Two B). Three C). Seven D). Four

13132. What were the two mountains that the chariots came out from between made of?

A). Gold B). Bronze C). Iron D). Stone

13133. What did God tell Zechariah to make from the silver and gold given by the exiles?

A). A lampstand B). An altar C). A bowl D). A crown

13134. In which month did this word of the Lord come to Zechariah?

A). Nisan, the first month B). Kislev, the ninth month C). Adar, the twelfth month
D). Ethanim, the seventh month

13135. Complete the verse: "Shepherd the flock marked for _____."

A). slaughter B). blessing C). travel D). shearing

13136. What were the names of the two staffs the shepherd took?

A). Hope and Peace B). Mercy and Truth C). Favor and Union D). Strength and Joy

13137. How many shepherds did the prophet get rid of in one month?

A). Two B). Three C). Seven D). Twelve

13138. What did breaking the staff called Favor show?

A). The covenant God had made with all the nations was revoked
B). The temple would be rebuilt C). The flock would grow larger
D). A new king would be anointed

13139. How much was the shepherd paid as his wages?

A). Ten shekels of gold B). Fifty pieces of silver C). Thirty pieces of silver
D). Twenty pieces of gold

13140. To whom did the Lord tell the prophet to throw the thirty pieces of silver?

A). The priest B). The king C). The poor D). The potter

13141. What did the Lord call the thirty pieces of silver?

A). A generous gift B). The handsome price at which they valued me C). A fair wage
D). A holy offering

13142. What did breaking the second staff, called Union, show?

A). Judah would conquer Egypt B). The priests would return
C). The family bond between Judah and Israel was broken
D). The covenant with David was renewed

13143. Jesus spoke of righteous blood shed on earth, from the blood of righteous Abel to the blood of whom?

A). John the Baptist B). Isaiah son of Amoz C). Uriah the Hittite
D). Zechariah son of Berekiah

13144. Who was king of Judea when Zechariah served as priest?

A). Herod B). Caesar Augustus C). Pilate D). David

13145. What was the name of Zechariah's wife?

A). Mary B). Anna C). Hannah D). Elizabeth

13146. Why did Zechariah and Elizabeth have no children?

A). They had disobeyed God B). Elizabeth was not able to conceive and both were very old
C). They lived far from the temple D). Zechariah was always away serving

13147. What was Zechariah doing in the temple when the angel appeared?

A). Offering a lamb B). Reading the Scriptures C). Burning incense
D). Cleaning the lampstand

13148. What did the angel tell Zechariah to name his son?

A). John B). Jesus C). Samuel D). Zechariah

13149. What was the name of the angel who spoke to Zechariah?

A). Michael B). Gabriel C). Raphael D). Uriel

13150. Why was Zechariah unable to speak until John was born?

A). He was sick from the incense B). He made a foolish vow
C). He did not believe the angel's words D). He was afraid of the people

13151. What name did the neighbors want to give Elizabeth's baby?

A). Aaron B). Levi C). Elijah D). Zechariah

13152. What happened right after Zechariah wrote, 'His name is John'?

A). The angel appeared again B). Elizabeth went to Nazareth
C). His mouth was opened and he began praising God
D). The baby was taken to the temple

13153. In his prophecy, what did Zechariah say his son John would be called?

A). The Son of David B). The prophet of the Most High C). The Lamb of God
D). The high priest

13154. According to Zechariah, John would give people knowledge of salvation through what?

A). The building of the temple B). Keeping the Sabbath
C). The forgiveness of their sins D). Victory over Rome

13155. Where was John when the word of God came to him?

A). In the temple B). In the wilderness C). In Nazareth D). In Jerusalem

13156. Jesus spoke of the blood of the prophets from the blood of which man to the blood of Zechariah?

A). Isaiah B). Moses C). Noah D). Abel

Zedekiah

13157. Who did Nebuchadnezzar make king in place of Jehoiachin?

A). Mattaniah, Jehoiachin's uncle B). Jehoahaz, his brother C). Eliakim, his cousin
D). Gedaliah, his son

13158. What new name was given to Mattaniah when he became king?

A). Jehoiakim B). Jehoiachin C). Josiah D). Zedekiah

13159. What did King Zedekiah do against the king of Babylon?

A). He made an alliance with Assyria B). He destroyed the temple
C). He rebelled against the king of Babylon D). He refused to pray

13160. In which year of Zedekiah's reign did Nebuchadnezzar begin the siege of Jerusalem?

A). The ninth year B). The first year C). The eleventh year D). The fifth year

13161. Where did the Babylonian army overtake King Zedekiah as he fled?

A). At Megiddo B). At the Jordan C). In the plains of Jericho
D). In the Kidron Valley

13162. What did the king of Babylon do to Zedekiah at Riblah?

A). He made him governor of Judah
B). He put out his eyes, bound him in bronze shackles and took him to Babylon
C). He set him free D). He made him a servant in his palace

13163. Who made iron horns and said Ahab would gore the Arameans with them?

A). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah B). Micaiah son of Imlah C). Jehu son of Hanani
D). Amasiah son of Zikri

13164. What did Zedekiah do to Micaiah?

A). He slapped him in the face B). He gave him a reward C). He threw him in a river
D). He bowed to him

13165. Whom did Nebuchadnezzar make king after taking Jehoiachin to Babylon?

A). Jehoahaz B). Josiah C). Gedaliah D). Zedekiah

13166. Before which prophet did Zedekiah not humble himself?

A). Jeremiah B). Isaiah C). Ezekiel D). Huldah

13167. Jeremiah's ministry continued until what event?

A). The people of Jerusalem went into exile B). Josiah repaired the temple
C). The walls of Jerusalem were rebuilt D). Sennacherib attacked Judah

13168. Which king of Judah sent messengers to Jeremiah in chapter 21?

A). Josiah B). Jehoiakim C). Zedekiah D). Jehoiachin

13169. Which two men did King Zedekiah send to Jeremiah?

A). Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah

B). Pashhur son of Immer and Hananiah C). Baruch and Seraiah

D). Hilkiah and Shaphan

13170. Which king of Babylon was attacking Judah when Zedekiah asked Jeremiah to inquire of the LORD?

A). Belshazzar B). Nebuchadnezzar C). Sennacherib D). Cyrus

13171. What did Zedekiah's messengers hope the LORD would do?

A). Make Nebuchadnezzar king of Judah B). Send them to Egypt

C). Destroy the temple

D). Perform wonders as in times past so Nebuchadnezzar would withdraw

13172. What did the LORD say would happen to King Zedekiah?

A). He would escape to Egypt B). He would rule for many years

C). He would be handed over to Nebuchadnezzar D). He would become a prophet

13173. Whom did God say the bad figs represented?

A). Jehoiachin and the exiles

B). Zedekiah, his officials, the survivors in Jerusalem and those living in Egypt

C). The Babylonian army D). The prophets of Baal

13174. Which of these was one of the kingdoms whose kings were to receive God's message through their envoys in Jerusalem?

A). Egypt B). Assyria C). Moab D). Philistia

13175. To which king of Judah did Jeremiah say, "Bow your neck under the yoke of the king of Babylon... and you will live"?

A). Jehoiakim B). Zedekiah C). Jehoiachin D). Josiah

13176. Who carried Jeremiah's letter to Babylon?

A). Baruch son of Neriah and Seraiah B). Pashhur and Zephaniah

C). Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah D). Ahikam and Gedaliah

13177. Which two false prophets did God say would be handed over to Nebuchadnezzar and burned in the fire?

A). Ahab son of Kolaiah and Zedekiah son of Maaseiah B). Hananiah and Shemaiah

C). Pashhur and Uriah D). Gedaliah and Ishmael

13178. The word in Jeremiah 32 came in the tenth year of Zedekiah. Which year of Nebuchadnezzar's reign was this?

A). The first year B). The eighteenth year C). The tenth year

D). The twenty-third year

13179. To which king did God send Jeremiah to say the city would be handed over to the king of Babylon?

A). Jehoiakim B). Jehoiachin C). Josiah D). Zedekiah

13180. What did God tell Zedekiah would happen when he was captured?

A). He would escape to Egypt

B). He would see the king of Babylon with his own eyes and go to Babylon

C). He would be killed at once D). He would be made king of Babylon

13181. What did God promise Zedekiah about his death?

A). He would die by the sword B). He would die of hunger

C). He would die peacefully, and people would make a funeral fire in his honor

D). He would never die

13182. What covenant did King Zedekiah make with the people in Jerusalem?

A). To build a new wall B). To surrender to Babylon C). To free their Hebrew slaves

D). To worship Baal

13183. The Babylonian army had withdrawn from Jerusalem. What did God say would happen?

A). He would bring them back to fight against the city, take it and burn it

B). They would never return C). They would make peace D). Egypt would defeat them

13184. Whom did Nebuchadnezzar make king of Judah in place of Jehoiachin?

A). Jehoiakim B). Gedaliah C). Zedekiah D). Shallum

13185. What did King Zedekiah's messengers ask Jeremiah to do?

A). Leave the city B). Pray to the LORD for them C). Write a new scroll

D). Speak to Pharaoh

13186. When King Zedekiah secretly asked if there was any word from the LORD, what did Jeremiah say?

A). "No, the LORD is silent" B). "Yes, you will escape to Egypt"

C). "Yes, you will defeat Babylon"

D). "Yes, you will be delivered into the hands of the king of Babylon"

13187. What was Jeremiah given each day while kept in the courtyard of the guard?

A). A loaf of bread from the street of the bakers B). A cup of wine

C). Meat from the king's table D). Nothing at all

13188. How did King Zedekiah answer the officials who wanted Jeremiah killed?

A). "I will judge him myself." B). "Send him to Babylon."

C). "He is in your hands. The king can do nothing to oppose you." D). "Let him go free."

13189. Who went to the king to plead for Jeremiah?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Ebed-Melek the Cushite C). Ahikam son of Shaphan
D). Gedaliah son of Pashhur

13190. How many men did King Zedekiah tell Ebed-Melek to take to lift Jeremiah out of the cistern?

A). Three B). Ten C). Thirty D). One hundred

13191. Where did King Zedekiah meet secretly with Jeremiah in chapter 38?

A). At the third entrance to the temple of the LORD B). In the winter apartment
C). At the Benjamin Gate D). In the Valley of Ben Hinnom

13192. What did Jeremiah say would happen if Zedekiah surrendered to the officers of the king of Babylon?

A). He would be killed immediately
B). His life would be spared and the city would not be burned C). He would become a slave
D). His family would be scattered

13193. Whom did Zedekiah say he was afraid of?

A). The Egyptians B). The prophets of Baal
C). The Jews who had gone over to the Babylonians D). His own sons

13194. What did Zedekiah tell Jeremiah to say if the officials asked about their talk?

A). That they talked about the weather
B). That he had pleaded with the king not to be sent back to Jonathan's house to die
C). That the king had freed him D). That they prayed together

13195. In which year of Zedekiah's reign did Nebuchadnezzar begin the siege of Jerusalem?

A). The first year B). The fourth year C). The ninth year D). The eleventh year

13196. In which year of Zedekiah's reign was the city wall broken through?

A). The eleventh year B). The ninth year C). The tenth year D). The twelfth year

13197. What did Zedekiah and his soldiers do when they saw the Babylonians?

A). They surrendered B). They fled the city at night C). They hid in the temple
D). They fought to the end

13198. Where did the Babylonian army overtake Zedekiah?

A). At the Jordan River B). Near Bethlehem C). At the border of Egypt
D). In the plains of Jericho

13199. To which place in the land of Hamath was Zedekiah taken to face Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Riblah B). Damascus C). Carchemish D). Babylon

13200. What did the king of Babylon do to Zedekiah at Riblah?

A). Made him a governor

B). Killed his sons before his eyes, put out his eyes and bound him in bronze shackles

C). Sent him back to rule Jerusalem D). Gave him a palace in Babylon

13201. As a sign, God said He would hand over which Pharaoh to his enemies, just as He handed Zedekiah to Nebuchadnezzar?

A). Pharaoh Necho B). Pharaoh Shishak C). Pharaoh Hophra D). Pharaoh So

13202. Who was the staff officer who went to Babylon with King Zedekiah and carried Jeremiah's scroll?

A). Baruch son of Neriah B). Seraiah son of Neriah C). Gemariah son of Shaphan

D). Ebed-Melek the Cushite

13203. How old was Zedekiah when he became king, and how long did he reign in Jerusalem?

A). Twenty-one years old; eleven years B). Eighteen years old; three months

C). Twenty-five years old; twenty-nine years D). Eight years old; thirty-one years

13204. How did Jeremiah 52 describe Zedekiah's reign?

A). He did what was right like David

B). He did evil in the eyes of the LORD, just as Jehoiakim had done C). He rebuilt the temple

D). He destroyed all the idols

13205. What does Jeremiah 52 say happened to Zedekiah in Babylon?

A). He was made a governor B). He escaped back to Judah C). He was killed at once

D). He was put in prison until the day of his death

Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

13206. What did Zedekiah son of Kenaanah make to show that the king would defeat the Arameans?

A). A bronze sword B). Iron horns C). A wooden yoke D). A golden crown

13207. Who slapped Micaiah in the face?

A). Zedekiah son of Kenaanah B). The king of Israel C). Jehoshaphat

D). Amon the ruler of the city

Zeeb

13208. Which two Midianite leaders did the Ephraimites capture?

A). Oreb and Zeeb B). Zebah and Zalmunna C). Sisera and Jabin D). Og and Sihon

13209. How did Gideon calm the anger of the Ephraimites?

A). He gave them gold from the plunder

B). He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb

C). He threatened to fight them D). He made their leader a judge

Zelophehad

13210. Zelophehad had no sons. What children did he have?

A). Only daughters B). Twin sons C). Adopted sons D). No children at all

13211. How many daughters did Zelophehad have?

A). Three B). Four C). Seven D). Five

13212. Which of these was one of Zelophehad's daughters?

A). Aksah B). Rahab C). Tirzah D). Miriam

13213. What did Zelophehad's daughters remind Eleazar and Joshua about?

A). That their father had been a great soldier

B). That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance

C). That they wanted to marry into Judah D). That Caleb had promised them springs

13214. Which man from the line of Manasseh had only daughters?

A). Zelophehad B). Gilead C). Makir D). Asriel

Zenas

13215. Which two people did Paul ask Titus to help on their way?

A). Zenas the lawyer and Apollos B). Timothy and Silas C). Barnabas and Mark

D). Aquila and Priscilla

Zephaniah

13216. Which two men did King Zedekiah send to Jeremiah?

A). Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah

B). Pashhur son of Immer and Hananiah C). Baruch and Seraiah

D). Hilkiah and Shaphan

13217. Which man in Babylon sent letters to the priest Zephaniah against Jeremiah?

A). Hananiah of Gibeon B). Pashhur son of Immer C). Elnathan son of Akbor

D). Shemaiah the Nehelamite

13218. Which chief priest was taken prisoner and executed at Riblah?

A). Hilkiah B). Seraiah C). Pashhur D). Zadok

13219. Who was king of Judah when the word of the LORD came to Zephaniah?

A). Hezekiah B). Josiah C). Manasseh D). Ahaz

13220. Who was Zephaniah's father?

A). Gedaliah B). Amariah C). Cushi D). Amon

13221. Which well-known name appears in Zephaniah's family line, four generations back?

A). David B). Solomon C). Josiah D). Hezekiah

Zerah

13222. What were the names of the twin sons born to Tamar?

A). Perez and Zerah B). Er and Onan C). Jacob and Esau
D). Ephraim and Manasseh

13223. Who was the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Leah C). Rachel D). Rahab

13224. Who marched out against Judah with a vast army and 300 chariots?

A). Zerah the Cushite B). Shishak king of Egypt C). Jeroboam D). Ben-Hadad

13225. In Jesus' genealogy, who is named as the mother of Perez and Zerah?

A). Tamar B). Rahab C). Ruth D). Leah

Zeresh

13226. What was the name of Haman's wife?

A). Vashti B). Jezebel C). Zeresh D). Abihail

13227. What did Zeresh and Haman's friends suggest he do to Mordecai?

A). Set up a pole and ask the king to have Mordecai impaled on it
B). Send Mordecai out of Susa C). Take away Mordecai's job at the gate
D). Put Mordecai in prison

13228. What did Zeresh and Haman's advisers tell him after he was forced to honor Mordecai?

A). That the king would soon forget about it B). That he should try again tomorrow
C). That Esther would help him
D). That since Mordecai was Jewish, Haman could not stand against him and would surely come to ruin

Zerubbabel

13229. Which well-known descendant of David is listed as a son of Pedaiah?

A). Zerubbabel B). Nehemiah C). Ezra D). Daniel

13230. Which two men are named first among the leaders who came back with the exiles?

A). Ezra and Nehemiah B). Haggai and Zechariah C). Zerubbabel and Jeshua
D). Sheshbazzar and Mithredath

13231. What did Jeshua and Zerubbabel build first so they could offer burnt offerings?

A). The city walls B). The temple gates C). The altar of the God of Israel

D). A house for the governor

13232. Who were appointed to supervise the building of the house of the LORD?

A). Levites twenty years old and older B). Priests fifty years old and older

C). Men of Tyre and Sidon D). Officials sent by Cyrus

13233. What did the enemies of Judah and Benjamin first offer to do?

A). Help build the temple B). Pay for the temple C). Send soldiers to Jerusalem

D). Leave the land in peace

13234. How did Zerubbabel, Jeshua and the family heads answer the offer of help?

A). They accepted it gladly B). They asked for money instead

C). They refused and said they alone would build D). They asked the king to decide

13235. What did Zerubbabel and Jeshua do after the prophets spoke?

A). They returned to Babylon B). They wrote to King Darius

C). They began rebuilding the house of God D). They built walls around Jerusalem

13236. With whom had the priests and Levites listed at the start of Nehemiah 12 returned from exile?

A). Nehemiah and Hanani B). Ezra and Eliashib

C). Zerubbabel son of Shealtiel and Joshua D). Sanballat and Tobiah

13237. Who was the governor of Judah when Haggai gave this message?

A). Zerubbabel B). Nehemiah C). Ezra D). Joshua

13238. How did Zerubbabel, Joshua and the remnant respond to Haggai's message?

A). They mocked Haggai B). They left Jerusalem

C). They obeyed the voice of the LORD and feared Him

D). They asked the king for permission

13239. What did the LORD do so that the people began work on His house?

A). He sent an angel B). He sent rain C). He gave them gold

D). He stirred up their spirit

13240. Complete the verse: "Be strong, all you people of the land," declares the LORD, "and ___. For I am with you."

A). pray B). rest C). work D). sing

13241. To whom was Haggai's last message in this book given?

A). Joshua the high priest B). Darius the king C). The priests

D). Zerubbabel, governor of Judah

13242. What did God say He would make Zerubbabel like?

A). A signet ring B). A shepherd's staff C). A strong tower D). A crown of gold

13243. Complete the verse: "'Not by might nor by power, but by my _____,' says the Lord Almighty."

A). Spirit B). word C). hand D). name

13244. To whom was the message 'Not by might nor by power, but by my Spirit' given?

A). Joshua the high priest B). Haggai C). Darius D). Zerubbabel

13245. What did God say would happen to the 'mighty mountain' before Zerubbabel?

A). It would shake and fall into the sea B). It would become level ground
C). It would be covered in fire D). It would turn into a city

13246. What would the people shout when the capstone was brought out?

A). Hosanna! Hosanna! B). Holy, holy, holy! C). God bless it! God bless it!
D). The Lord reigns!

13247. What did God promise about Zerubbabel and the temple?

A). Someone else would finish it B). It would never be finished
C). He would build it in Babylon
D). His hands laid the foundation and his hands would also complete it

Zeruiah

13248. Abishai, Joab and Asahel were the three sons of which sister of David?

A). Abigail B). Zeruiah C). Michal D). Tamar

13249. Where did Abishai son of Zeruiah strike down 18,000 Edomites?

A). The Valley of Salt B). The Valley of Elah C). The Jordan Valley
D). The Valley of Rephaim

Ziba

13250. Which servant of Saul's household did David ask about Saul's family?

A). Ziba B). Doeg C). Makir D). Abner

13251. David asked: "Is there no one still alive from the house of Saul to whom I can show _____ kindness?"

A). my B). great C). royal D). God's

13252. What task did David give to Ziba and his sons and servants?

A). To guard the palace B). To care for the ark C). To go with David into battle
D). To farm Mephibosheth's land and bring in the crops

13253. How many sons and servants did Ziba have?

A). Ten sons and twelve servants B). Twelve sons and fifteen servants

C). Fifteen sons and twenty servants D). Twenty sons and thirty servants

13254. Which servant of Mephibosheth met David with donkeys loaded with bread, raisins, figs and wine?

A). Shimei B). Makir C). Hushai D). Ziba

13255. What did Ziba claim Mephibosheth was thinking in Jerusalem?

A). That David would soon return

B). That Israel would restore his grandfather's kingdom to him

C). That Absalom would be killed D). That he wanted to go with David

13256. What did David give Ziba after hearing his report about Mephibosheth?

A). All that had belonged to Mephibosheth B). A place in his army C). Saul's crown

D). A house in Hebron

13257. What did Mephibosheth say Ziba had done to him?

A). Stolen his money B). Protected him from Absalom

C). Betrayed him and slandered him to the king D). Carried him to safety

13258. What did Mephibosheth say when David told him to divide the land with Ziba?

A). "Let him take everything, now that my lord the king has returned home safely"

B). "I want all of it" C). "Give it to the priests" D). "I will buy his share"

Zibiah

13259. Joash's mother Zibiah came from which town?

A). Bethlehem B). Hebron C). Beersheba D). Jezreel

Zimri

13260. Which official, who commanded half of Elah's chariots, plotted against King Elah?

A). Omri B). Tibni C). Zimri D). Arza

13261. What was King Elah doing when Zimri came in and struck him down?

A). Praying in the temple B). Leading his army at Gibbethon

C). Getting drunk in the home of Arza D). Sleeping in the palace

13262. How long did Zimri reign as king in Tirzah?

A). Seven days B). Seven months C). Seven years D). Two years

13263. When the army heard that Zimri had killed the king, whom did they make king?

A). Tibni son of Ginath B). Ahab C). Jehu D). Omri, the commander of the army

13264. When Zimri saw the city was taken, what did he do?

A). He ran away to Egypt

B). He went into the palace citadel and set the palace on fire around himself

C). He surrendered to Omri D). He hid in the temple of Baal

Zipporah

13265. Whom did Moses marry in Midian?

A). Zipporah B). Miriam C). Rebekah D). Deborah

13266. Whom did Jethro bring with him to Moses?

A). Aaron and Miriam B). The elders of Midian

C). Moses' wife Zipporah and her two sons D). Joshua and Hur

Zophar

13267. Which friend of Job was called the Naamathite?

A). Bildad B). Eliphaz C). Zophar D). Elihu

13268. Why did Job's three friends come to see him?

A). To take his remaining property B). To judge him before the elders

C). To sympathize with him and comfort him D). To bring him news of his children

13269. What did the three friends do when they saw Job from a distance?

A). They laughed at him B). They turned back home C). They sang psalms

D). They wept aloud, tore their robes and sprinkled dust on their heads

13270. How long did Job's friends sit with him on the ground without saying a word?

A). Seven days and seven nights B). Three days and three nights C). Forty days

D). One day

13271. Which friend spoke to Job in chapter 11?

A). Eliphaz B). Bildad C). Zophar D). Elihu

13272. What did Zophar call Job's words at the start of his speech?

A). Idle talk B). Wise sayings C). Songs of praise D). Prayers of faith

13273. What did Zophar claim God had done about Job's sin?

A). Punished him far more than he deserved B). Forgiven all of it

C). Written it in a book D). Forgotten some of it

13274. Complete Zophar's question: "Can you fathom the ___ of God? Can you probe the limits of the Almighty?"

A). anger B). mysteries C). riches D). laws

13275. Zophar said the measure of God's wisdom is longer than the earth and wider than what?

A). The desert B). The sky C). The sea D). The river

13276. What did Zophar say Job must do to lift up his face without shame?

A). Devote his heart to God and put away his sin B). Leave the land of Uz

C). Offer a thousand sacrifices D). Ask his friends to forgive him

13277. Zophar said Job would forget his trouble and remember it only like what?

A). A bad dream B). A cloud at night C). A cold winter D). Waters gone by

13278. Zophar said Job's life would become brighter than what?

A). The stars B). Noonday C). A lamp D). Fire

13279. Why did Zophar say he had to answer Job in chapter 20?

A). God told him to speak

B). He was greatly disturbed and heard a rebuke that dishonored him

C). Eliphaz asked him to speak D). Job asked for his advice

13280. Complete Zophar's words: "The mirth of the wicked is brief, the joy of the godless lasts but a ___."

A). year B). lifetime C). season D). moment

13281. Zophar said the wicked man flies away like what?

A). A dream B). A bird C). A cloud D). An arrow

13282. Zophar said evil is sweet in the wicked man's mouth, but what does his food become in his stomach?

A). Honey B). Stone C). The venom of serpents D). Water

13283. Zophar said the wicked man will spit out what he swallowed. What was it?

A). Bread B). Wine C). Words D). Riches

13284. According to Zophar, what had the wicked man done to the poor?

A). Oppressed them and left them destitute B). Given them his land

C). Taught them the law D). Built houses for them

13285. Zophar said that though the wicked man flees from an iron weapon, what pierces him?

A). A sharp sword B). A bronze-tipped arrow C). A wooden spear

D). A falling stone

13286. Why did Job's three friends stop answering him?

A). Because Job had become sick again B). Because God told them to be quiet

C). Because they had to go home D). Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

13287. Why was Elihu angry with Job's three friends?

A). Because they had left Job alone B). Because they arrived too late

C). Because they spoke too softly

D). Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

13288. Why was the LORD angry with Eliphaz and his two friends?

A). They had left Job too soon B). They had stolen Job's flocks

C). They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had D). They had refused to visit Job

13289. What did the LORD tell the three friends to take to Job for a burnt offering?

A). Seven bulls and seven rams B). Ten lambs and two goats

C). Three oxen and three sheep D). Twelve doves

13290. Who prayed for Job's three friends, and whose prayer did the LORD accept?

A). Elihu B). Job C). Job's wife D). Eliphaz

Answer Key

Aaron

1. B) Aaron
2. B) They were brothers
3. A) In the wilderness at the mountain of God
4. B) They believed and bowed down in worship
5. B) Hold a festival to the LORD in the wilderness
6. A) He said he did not know the LORD and refused
7. B) Moses and Aaron
8. A) Amram and Jochebed
9. B) Elisheba
10. B) His prophet
11. B) It became a snake
12. A) It swallowed up their staffs
13. B) The Nile turned to blood
14. A) Frogs
15. B) To pray to the LORD to take them away
16. A) Gnats
17. A) Festering boils
18. A) That he had sinned
19. B) He told Moses and the Israelites to leave Egypt
20. C) A prophetess and the sister of Aaron
21. B) They had no food and remembered eating well in Egypt
22. D) Aaron and Hur
23. D) Aaron and Hur
24. C) Aaron and his sons
25. C) Aaron
26. B) To give him dignity and honor
27. D) The names of the twelve tribes of Israel
28. B) Twelve, one for each tribe
29. C) The Urim and Thummim
30. D) Gold bells and cloth pomegranates
31. A) LORD
32. C) They were washed with water
33. B) Anointing oil was poured on his head
34. D) Seven days
35. B) Every morning and at twilight
36. B) Washing the priests' hands and feet
37. C) Moses was delayed in coming down the mountain
38. B) A golden calf
39. D) He said the gold went into the fire and the calf came out
40. C) Aaron and his sons, for serving as priests
41. B) Aaron and his sons
42. D) The male descendants of Aaron
43. D) The ordination of Aaron and his sons as priests
44. A) Anointing oil
45. B) His right ear, right thumb, and right big toe
46. C) Seven days
47. A) They did everything the Lord commanded through Moses
48. B) The eighth day
49. C) He lifted his hands and blessed them
50. B) Nadab and Abihu
51. A) Aaron remained silent
52. C) Wine or other fermented drink
53. A) Which animals were clean and unclean to eat
54. B) Examining skin diseases and mildew
55. A) Laws about bodily discharges and cleanness
56. B) The Day of Atonement
57. C) The high priest, Aaron
58. D) It carried the people's sins away into the wilderness
59. B) To the entrance of the tent of meeting
60. B) The priests, the sons of Aaron
61. B) Having a physical defect
62. A) Ceremonially clean
63. B) The lamps on the golden lampstand
64. D) Every male twenty years old or more who could serve in the army
65. A) Aaron, along with one man from each tribe
66. C) 603,550

67. D) Each tribe under its own standard, around the tent of meeting

68. C) Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar

69. D) To help Aaron and the priests with the work of the tabernacle

70. A) 22,000

71. C) They were redeemed by paying five shekels each

72. B) Men from thirty to fifty years old

73. C) Aaron and his sons

74. C) 8,580

75. C) Aaron and his sons

76. A) keep

77. B) peace

78. D) Aaron

79. C) Seven

80. C) Miriam and Aaron

81. B) His Cushite wife and whether God spoke only through him

82. D) They wept and wanted to return to Egypt

83. C) Korah, Dathan, and Abiram

84. B) That the whole community was holy, so Moses and Aaron had set themselves too high

85. B) They grumbled and blamed Moses and Aaron for the deaths

86. D) He ran with a censer and stood between the living and the dead

87. A) Twelve staffs, one for each leader

88. D) Aaron's staff

89. C) Almonds

90. B) As a sign to warn the rebels and stop their grumbling

91. C) Aaron and his sons

92. D) To join Aaron and help with the work of the tent of meeting

93. B) From the offerings that the Israelites brought to the Lord

94. A) There was no water to drink

95. D) Speak to the rock

96. B) They did not trust God enough to honor Him as holy

97. D) Eleazar

98. C) On Mount Hor

99. C) Aaron

100. A) Eleazar his son

101. B) Mount Nebo

102. C) The descendants of Aaron the priest among the Kohathites

103. A) Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron

104. A) Amram

105. C) Phinehas

106. A) Presented offerings and made atonement for Israel

107. A) A city of refuge

108. B) Consecrate the most holy things, offer sacrifices, minister before the LORD and pronounce blessings

109. A) Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons

110. A) For ministering when they entered the temple of the LORD

111. D) It was for the priests, the descendants of Aaron

112. B) Aaron

113. A) Moses and Aaron

114. C) Samuel

115. D) The pillar of cloud

116. B) Aaron

117. B) Dathan

118. D) The house of Aaron

119. C) The kings of the earth

120. C) Aaron's

121. C) House of David

122. C) Moses, Aaron and Miriam

123. D) Aaron

124. D) Because perfection could not be attained through the Levitical priesthood

125. D) Aaron's staff

Abdon

126. A) Forty sons and thirty grandsons who rode on seventy donkeys

127. C) Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon

Abednego

128. C) Some astrologers

129. D) Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

130. A) rescue

131. B) Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image

132. D) The flames of the fire killed them

133. A) Four

134. C) Servants of the Most High God

135. D) They did not even smell of fire

136. A) He sent His angel

137. C) Promoted them in the province of Babylon

Abel

138. D) Cain and Abel

139. B) Abel kept flocks and Cain worked the soil

140. C) Abel's offering

141. D) He killed him

142. D) Zechariah son of Berekiah

143. D) Abel

144. A) Abel

145. A) Abel's

146. C) Cain

147. B) Because his own actions were evil and his brother's were righteous

Abiathar

148. D) Abiathar

149. B) That he was responsible for the death of Abiathar's whole family

150. A) That he would be safe if he stayed with David

151. D) The ephod

152. B) He inquired of the LORD, using the ephod brought by Abiathar

153. B) Zadok and Abiathar

154. B) Zadok and Abiathar

155. C) Joab and Abiathar

156. B) To his fields in Anathoth

157. A) Eli's family

158. A) Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

159. C) David

Abigail

160. C) Abigail was intelligent and beautiful, but Nabal was surly and mean

161. A) wall

162. D) She loaded donkeys with food to take to David

163. A) No, she did not tell her husband

164. B) Fool

165. C) Her good judgment kept him from bloodshed and taking revenge

166. D) His heart failed and he became like a stone

167. B) To become his wife

168. B) Ahinoam of Jezreel and Abigail of Carmel

169. B) Ahinoam and Abigail

Abihu

170. B) Nadab and Abihu

171. C) Fire came from the Lord and consumed them, and they died

172. C) Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar

173. A) They died before the Lord when they offered unauthorized fire

174. C) Phinehas

175. A) Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons

Abijah

176. B) Joel and Abijah

177. C) Beersheba

178. A) They went after dishonest gain, accepted bribes and perverted justice

179. C) Joel and Abijah

180. B) Abijah

181. A) Abijah

182. A) Three

183. B) 800,000

184. C) Mount Zemaraim

185. D) salt

186. A) Golden calves

187. B) Driven them out and made their own priests

188. C) forsaken

189. D) Fighting Judah meant fighting against the LORD

190. C) God routed Jeroboam and all Israel

191. A) Bethel

192. C) Iddo

193. B) Asa

Abijah son of Jeroboam

194. B) Abijah

195. C) In him the LORD had found something good

196. A) As soon as his mother stepped over the threshold of the house in Tirzah

Abijah son of Rehoboam

197. C) Abijah

198. A) Three years

199. B) For David's sake

200. D) Asa

Abimelek

201. B) Abimelek

202. B) In a dream at night

203. A) He had done nothing and acted with a clear conscience

204. C) A prophet

205. D) Sheep, cattle, and male and female slaves

206. C) A thousand pieces

207. A) God healed Abimelek and his household

208. D) Abimelek

209. A) Seven ewe lambs

210. D) Abimelek

211. B) Isaac had become too powerful and wealthy

212. D) A peace treaty

213. B) Abimelek

214. A) Shechem

215. C) Seventy shekels of silver from the temple of Baal-Berith

216. B) Seventy

217. D) Jotham

218. A) Abimelek

219. C) Beer

220. B) Three years

221. D) So the crime against Jerub-Baal's seventy sons would be avenged

222. A) Gaal son of Ebed

223. C) Zebul

224. D) Salt

225. A) He piled branches against it and set it on fire

226. C) Mount Zalmon

227. B) Thebez

228. D) An upper millstone

229. A) So no one could say, "A woman killed him"

230. C) God repaid Abimelek for murdering his brothers, and Jotham's curse came on Shechem

231. C) Tola

232. B) Abimelek

233. B) Abimelek

Abinadab

234. C) Abinadab's house

235. A) Eleazar

236. A) Abinadab and Shammah

237. A) Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah

238. C) Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua

239. D) On a new cart

240. D) Abner

241. D) Esh-Baal

242. C) On a new cart

Abiram

243. C) Korah, Dathan, and Abiram

244. B) The ground opened and swallowed them

245. B) Dathan

Abishag

246. B) Abishag

247. B) That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife

Abishai

248. C) Abishai

249. B) Pin him to the ground with his spear

250. C) anointed

251. C) They were too strong for him

252. C) He took the best troops against the Arameans and put the rest under Abishai against the Ammonites

253. D) If one side was too strong, the other brother would come to the rescue

254. A) Abishai

255. C) He told Abishai to leave Shimei alone and let him curse

256. D) Joab, Abishai and Ittai

257. A) gentle

258. B) "You shall not die"

259. D) Abishai

260. D) Abishai

261. B) Abishai

262. B) Zeruiah

263. A) The Valley of Salt

264. D) Abishai his brother

Abner

265. C) Abner

266. A) Abner son of Ner

267. C) Abner

268. C) Ish-Bosheth

269. A) Mahanaim

270. B) The pool of Gibeon

271. C) Each man stabbed his opponent and they all fell down together

272. B) Abner struck Asahel with the butt of his spear and he died

273. A) He blew the trumpet and his men stopped chasing Israel

274. B) Sleeping with Saul's concubine Rizpah

275. C) Transfer the kingdom from Saul's house to David

276. A) He was afraid and did not dare say another word

277. C) Michal

278. B) Her husband Paltiel

279. A) A feast

280. D) Joab

281. A) The well of Sirah

282. B) Abner had killed Joab's brother Asahel

283. D) innocent

284. C) He wept aloud at the tomb

285. D) Until the sun set

286. B) That the king had no part in Abner's murder

287. D) He lost courage

288. A) In Abner's tomb at Hebron

289. A) Abner and Amasa

290. D) Absalom son of David

Abraham

291. C) Terah

292. D) Sarai

293. A) Ur of the Chaldeans

294. B) To leave his country and go to a land God would show him

295. C) A great nation, and a blessing to all peoples on earth

296. A) His wife Sarai and his nephew Lot

297. B) Because there was a famine in the land

298. C) That she was his sister

299. B) Very wealthy in livestock, silver, and gold

300. B) There was quarreling between their herders and the land could not support them both

301. C) The whole plain of the Jordan

302. B) All the land he could see, forever

303. C) He led his trained men to rescue Lot and recover the goods

304. A) Melchizedek

305. B) A tenth of everything

306. B) So no one could say the king of Sodom had made Abram rich

307. A) reward

308. B) The stars in the sky

309. B) It was credited to him as righteousness

310. C) They would be strangers and slaves in a country not their own

311. D) Abraham

312. C) He would be a father of many nations

313. A) The whole land of Canaan

314. B) Circumcision of every male

315. A) At eight days old

316. A) He fell facedown and laughed

317. C) Isaac

318. D) Ishmael

319. B) With Isaac

320. C) Thirteen years old

321. A) At the entrance to his tent

322. D) Three

323. B) Bread, a tender calf, curds, and milk

324. C) A son

325. C) hard

326. B) Abraham would become a great nation and God had chosen him

327. B) To spare it if righteous people were found there

328. C) Fifty

329. D) Ten

330. B) Fifty, then forty-five, then forty, and down to ten

331. D) Because God remembered Abraham

332. D) Gerar

333. C) A prophet

334. B) He feared he would be killed because of her

335. D) Sheep, cattle, and male and female slaves

336. C) A thousand pieces

337. A) God healed Abimelek and his household

338. B) She gave birth to a son

339. D) Isaac

340. A) Eight days old

341. C) One hundred

342. C) God would make Ishmael into a nation

343. D) Abimelek

344. A) Seven ewe lambs

345. D) To offer his son Isaac as a sacrifice

346. A) The region of Moriah

347. C) He got up early the next morning to obey

348. C) Isaac

349. D) That God Himself would provide the lamb

350. A) He tied up Isaac and reached for the knife

351. C) The angel of the LORD

352. D) A ram caught in a thicket

353. A) The LORD Will Provide

354. B) sand

355. B) Because Abraham had obeyed God

356. D) Sarah

357. C) Kiriath Arba, that is, Hebron

358. A) A place to bury his dead

359. B) As a foreigner and stranger among them

360. A) The cave of Machpelah

361. D) Ephron the Hittite

362. C) Four hundred shekels

363. B) It became a burial place he legally owned in Canaan

364. D) To find a wife for Isaac

365. B) He wanted a wife from his own people and country

366. D) Keturah

367. C) To Isaac

368. B) One hundred seventy-five years

369. A) Isaac and Ishmael

370. B) That his descendants would be as many as the stars and inherit the land

371. B) That God would give him the blessing of Abraham and the land

372. A) In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre

373. A) The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

374. B) God Almighty

375. A) His covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

376. B) That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation

377. C) That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

378. B) They worshiped other gods

379. A) Because of His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

380. B) Abraham

381. C) Isaac and Ishmael

382. D) Keturah

383. B) Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel

384. C) Isaac

385. B) Ur of the Chaldeans

386. C) It was faithful

387. D) Abraham

388. B) Abraham, Isaac, Jacob

389. B) So they might keep His precepts and observe His laws

390. C) Abraham

391. D) Abraham

392. C) Abraham and Sarah

393. A) Abraham

394. D) Jacob and Abraham

395. C) Abraham

396. D) Fourteen

397. D) Abraham

398. A) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

399. D) living

400. C) The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

401. A) God could raise up children for Abraham from stones

402. D) A daughter of Abraham

403. D) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

404. C) To Abraham's side

405. A) Dip the tip of his finger in water and cool his tongue

406. B) A great chasm

407. C) Five

408. D) They will not be convinced even if someone rises from the dead

409. C) Abraham

410. D) He rejoiced

411. A) I am

412. B) Abraham

413. A) Mesopotamia

414. B) Four hundred years

415. C) The covenant of circumcision

416. D) Abraham

417. A) righteousness

418. A) Before he was circumcised

419. B) A seal of the righteousness he had by faith

420. C) All who believe

421. D) The world

422. B) nations

423. C) Against all hope, he believed in hope

424. D) About a hundred years old

425. A) That God had power to do what He had promised

426. B) For us who believe in God who raised Jesus

427. C) Isaac

428. B) He was a Hebrew, an Israelite and a descendant of Abraham

429. C) Abraham

430. B) Those who have faith

431. A) nations

432. D) Christ

433. B) 430 years

434. C) Abraham's

435. B) Two

436. C) As the result of a divine promise

437. C) Abraham's descendants

438. D) Because there was no one greater for him to swear by

439. A) descendants

440. B) He waited patiently

441. C) When Abraham was returning from the defeat of the kings

442. A) A tenth of everything

443. A) Through Abraham, because Levi was still in the body of his ancestor

444. D) He went even though he did not know where he was going

445. B) Tents

446. C) The city with foundations, whose architect and builder is God

447. A) Because he considered him faithful who had made the promise

448. D) The stars in the sky

449. B) Even raise the dead

450. A) Abraham

451. B) God's friend

452. D) Sarah

Abram

453. C) Sarai had not been able to have children

454. A) Ten years

455. B) Hagar

456. D) Eighty-six

457. B) Ninety-nine

458. A) blameless

Absalom

459. A) Talmai king of Geshur

460. C) Tamar

461. A) Absalom's

462. B) He never said a word to him, good or bad, but hated him

463. D) Two years

464. C) Absalom's men killed him

465. A) On their mules

466. D) To Geshur

467. C) Three years

468. A) He longed to go to Absalom

469. D) Joab

470. A) Geshur

471. D) He must go to his own house and not see the king's face

472. B) Absalom

473. C) Once a year

474. D) Tamar

475. A) He had his servants set Joab's barley field on fire

476. C) He kissed Absalom

477. C) A chariot and horses and fifty men to run ahead of him

478. A) By the road leading to the city gate

479. D) judge

480. B) hearts

481. C) To fulfil a vow he made to the LORD while at Geshur

482. D) The sound of trumpets

483. A) Ahithophel the Gilonite

484. B) Flee from Jerusalem

485. A) "Long live the king!"

486. B) "Why didn't you go with your friend?"

487. C) Like that of one who inquires of God

488. C) Choose twelve thousand men and pursue David that night

489. C) Gather all Israel from Dan to Beersheba and lead them himself

490. D) The LORD had determined to frustrate Ahithophel's good advice to bring disaster on Absalom

491. B) Amasa

492. A) gentle

493. C) The forest of Ephraim

494. B) His head got caught in the branches and he was left hanging

495. A) He had heard the king command that Absalom be protected

496. C) Joab

497. D) It was thrown into a big pit in the forest and covered with a heap of rocks

498. A) He said he had no son to carry on the memory of his name

499. D) That he saw great confusion but did not know what it was

500. A) The Cushite

501. C) died

502. C) They heard the king was grieving for his son

503. A) Absalom

504. A) Talmai king of Geshur

505. C) Absalom

Achaicus

506. A) Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus

Achan

507. B) Achan

508. C) Judah

509. D) Tribe, clan, family, man

510. A) A robe, silver and a bar of gold

511. C) coveted

512. B) In the ground inside his tent

513. D) The Valley of Achor

514. C) The LORD turned from His fierce anger

515. C) Achan son of Zerah

Achar

516. C) By violating the ban on taking devoted things

Achish

517. A) Achish king of Gath

518. B) That the women sang about him slaying his tens of thousands

519. C) He was very much afraid of Achish

520. D) He asked his servants why they brought a madman to him

521. A) Achish king of Gath

522. A) Ziklag

523. B) Places in the south of Judah and its allies

524. C) He believed David had become so hated by the Israelites that he would serve Achish for life

525. B) His bodyguard for life

526. B) At the rear with Achish

527. C) "What about these Hebrews?"

528. B) That he had been reliable, but the rulers did not approve of him

529. C) He asked what he had done and why he couldn't fight the king's enemies

530. D) angel

Adam

531. A) The dust of the ground

532. C) In a garden in Eden

533. C) The tree of the knowledge of good and evil

534. B) The man (Adam)

535. C) One of the man's ribs

536. C) She ate it and gave some to her husband

537. B) Fig leaves

538. B) They were afraid because they were naked

539. A) The man blamed the woman, and the woman blamed the serpent

540. C) Eve

541. C) Garments of skin

542. B) He placed cherubim and a flaming sword to guard the way to the tree of life

543. D) Cain and Abel

544. C) Seth

545. B) Adam

546. B) Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel

547. B) Adam, the son of God

548. D) Through one man

549. A) Moses

550. B) The one to come

551. C) The gift is not like the trespass; it overflows much more

552. D) Righteous

553. B) Christ

554. B) Christ

555. B) Adam

556. C) Enoch

Adoni-Bezek

557. D) His thumbs and big toes

558. A) paid

559. B) Jerusalem

Adoni-Zedek

560. A) Adoni-Zedek

561. B) Gibeon had made peace with Joshua and Israel

Adonijah

562. D) Adonijah

563. C) Corrected him by asking why he behaved as he did

564. A) Absalom

565. C) Joab and Abiathar

566. D) Nathan the prophet

567. A) At the Stone of Zoheleth near En Rogel

568. A) Jonathan son of Abiathar

569. C) He took hold of the horns of the altar

570. D) Not a hair of his head would fall to the ground

571. B) That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife

572. D) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

Adoniram

573. D) Adoniram

574. D) Adoniram son of Abda

575. C) One month in Lebanon and two months at home

576. B) Adoniram

577. B) Adoniram

Adrammelek

578. A) His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer

Adriel

579. D) Adriel of Meholah

Aeneas

580. D) Aeneas

Agabus

581. D) Agabus

582. A) Claudius

583. B) Agabus

584. A) The owner of the belt would be bound in Jerusalem and handed to the Gentiles

Agag

585. B) Agag and the best of the sheep and cattle

586. C) Samuel

Agrippa

587. C) King Agrippa

588. D) They must face their accusers and have a chance to defend themselves

589. B) hear

590. C) With great pomp

591. A) He had nothing definite to write to His Majesty about him

592. B) Agrippa

593. A) Agrippa was well acquainted with Jewish customs and controversies

594. A) vision

595. A) corner

596. D) Do you think that in such a short time you can persuade me to be a Christian?

597. B) He was not doing anything that deserved death or imprisonment

598. A) He could have been set free if he had not appealed to Caesar

Agur

599. B) Agur son of Jakeh

600. B) So he will not disown God or dishonor His name

601. D) The way of an eagle in the sky

Ahab

602. A) Ahab

603. B) Jezebel

604. A) A temple of Baal with an altar for Baal

605. B) Elijah

606. A) The third year

607. B) Obadiah

608. D) troubler

609. A) Ahab and his father's family, who abandoned the LORD's commands and followed the Baals

610. B) Mount Carmel

611. A) He ran ahead of Ahab's chariot all the way to Jezreel

612. A) Jezebel

613. C) Ben-Hadad

614. C) Not to listen to him or agree to his demands

615. D) boast

616. A) So that Ahab would know that He is the LORD

617. C) Because the Arameans thought the LORD was a god of the hills and not of the valleys

618. A) In sackcloth, with ropes around their heads

619. B) He called him his brother, made a treaty with him and let him go

620. D) It would be Ahab's life for Ben-Hadad's life, and his people for Ben-Hadad's people

621. A) Sullen and angry

622. B) Naboth

623. A) A vegetable garden

624. C) It was the inheritance of his ancestors

625. D) He lay on his bed sulking and refused to eat

626. A) Jezebel

627. C) She wrote letters in Ahab's name and sealed them with his seal

628. A) Elijah the Tishbite

629. C) Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood

630. B) enemy

631. A) He tore his clothes, put on sackcloth and fasted

632. B) Not to bring the disaster in Ahab's day, but in the days of his son

633. B) Jehoshaphat

634. C) Ramoth Gilead

635. D) About four hundred

636. A) Micaiah son of Imlah

637. B) Put him in prison with only bread and water

638. C) If the king ever returned safely

639. D) In disguise

640. A) Fight only with the king of Israel

641. B) An arrow shot at random hit him between the sections of his armor

642. C) Dogs licked up his blood, as the word of the LORD had declared

643. D) Ivory

644. C) Ahaziah

645. C) Moab

646. B) Joram

647. D) He did evil, but not as his father and mother had done

648. C) The sacred stone of Baal

649. D) He had married a daughter of Ahab

650. B) Seventy

651. A) Choose the best of Ahab's sons, make him king and fight

652. D) He pretended he would serve Baal much more than Ahab did

653. B) Ahab

654. C) Ahab

655. D) Ramoth Gilead

656. A) Seek the counsel of the LORD

657. B) Four hundred

658. C) Micaiah son of Imlah

659. D) He never prophesied anything good about Ahab, only bad

660. D) Be a deceiving spirit in the mouths of Ahab's prophets

661. B) Put him in prison with only bread and water

662. C) spoken

663. D) He disguised himself

664. B) By an arrow shot at random

665. B) He had married a daughter of Ahab

666. A) Ahab son of Kolaiah and Zedekiah son of Maaseiah

667. C) Omri and the house of Ahab

Ahaz

668. D) Ahaz

669. C) He did not do what was right in the eyes of the LORD

670. B) He sacrificed his son in the fire

671. A) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel

672. C) save

673. B) Silver and gold from the temple and palace treasuries

674. D) An altar

675. C) Uriah

676. B) Moved it aside and said he would use it for seeking guidance

677. A) In deference to the king of Assyria

678. D) Hezekiah

679. B) Hezekiah

680. A) Ahaz

681. B) He did not do what was right, unlike David

682. C) Valley of Ben Hinnom

683. D) Damascus

684. B) The kings of Assyria

685. C) Trouble instead of help

686. D) He became even more unfaithful to the LORD

687. A) He thought they had helped Aram, so they would help him

688. B) He shut them

689. C) Hezekiah

690. B) Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

691. A) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel

692. B) Trees of the forest shaken by the wind

693. C) Shear-Jashub

694. D) At the end of the aqueduct of the Upper Pool

695. C) Two smoldering stubs of firewood

696. A) faith

697. D) He said he would not ask, and would not put the LORD to the test

698. A) The year King Ahaz died

699. D) The sun's shadow went back ten steps on the stairway of Ahaz

700. B) Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

Ahaziah

701. C) Ahaziah

702. B) Ahaziah

703. A) Samaria

704. D) Baal-Zebub

705. C) Ekron

706. C) He would not leave his bed and would certainly die

707. D) leather belt

708. B) From the description of his hair garment and leather belt

709. C) Fifty

710. D) Joram

711. B) Ahaziah had no son

712. C) Ahaziah died, as Elijah had said

713. D) Athaliah

714. C) One year

715. B) Jezreel

716. D) Treachery

717. A) Megiddo

718. D) In Jerusalem, in the City of David

719. C) Ahaziah king of Judah

720. C) Athaliah

721. B) He made an alliance with wicked King Ahaziah

722. A) Ahaziah, the youngest

723. B) The raiders with the Arabs had killed all the older sons

724. C) One year

725. D) Athaliah

726. A) His mother

727. B) It led to his undoing

728. C) Hazael

729. D) Jezreel

730. B) Samaria

731. C) He was a son of Jehoshaphat, who sought the LORD with all his heart

Ahijah

732. A) Ahijah

733. C) Twelve

734. B) Because God would give him ten tribes

735. A) This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah

736. A) Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife

737. C) Ten loaves of bread, some cakes and a jar of honey

738. D) The LORD told him she was coming and would pretend to be someone else

739. A) pretense

740. D) The Euphrates

741. A) Ahijah the Shilonite

742. D) Nathan

743. A) This turn of events was from God, to fulfill His word through Ahijah

Ahikam

744. A) Ahikam son of Shaphan

745. B) Gedaliah son of Ahikam, the son of Shaphan

746. D) Gedaliah son of Ahikam

Ahimaaz

747. B) Zadok and Abiathar

748. A) En Rogel

749. B) In a well in a man's courtyard

750. D) She spread a covering over it and scattered grain on it

751. B) Ahimaaz

752. D) That he saw great confusion but did not know what it was

Ahimelek

753. A) Nob

754. C) That the king had sent him on a secret mission

755. D) The consecrated bread, the bread of the Presence

756. D) Goliath's sword

757. C) Wrapped in a cloth behind the ephod

758. C) Doeg the Edomite

759. D) As the king's loyal son-in-law and captain of his bodyguard

760. D) Abiathar

761. D) Zadok and Ahimelek

762. B) Zadok and Ahimelek

763. B) Ahimelek's

Ahinoam

764. C) Ahinoam of Jezreel

765. B) Ahinoam of Jezreel and Abigail of Carmel

766. B) Ahinoam and Abigail

767. D) Amnon

Ahio

768. D) On a new cart

769. C) On a new cart

770. A) Uzzah and Ahio

Ahithophel

771. A) Ahithophel the Gilonite

772. C) foolishness

773. A) Hushai the Arkite

774. C) Like that of one who inquires of God

775. C) Choose twelve thousand men and pursue David that night

776. A) The king alone

777. D) good

778. D) The LORD had determined to frustrate Ahithophel's good advice to bring disaster on Absalom

Aksah

779. A) His daughter Aksah in marriage

780. B) Othniel son of Kenaz

781. B) Springs of water

782. C) He gave her the upper and lower springs

783. D) His daughter Aksah in marriage

784. B) Othniel

785. A) Springs of water

Alexander

786. B) Hymenaeus

787. A) Alexander the metalworker

Amariah

788. A) Amariah

Amasa

789. B) Amasa

790. C) Amasa

791. C) Amasa

792. B) At the great rock in Gibeon

793. A) He greeted him as a brother and took him by the beard as if to kiss him

794. A) Abner and Amasa

Amasai

795. C) Amasai

796. B) Because David's God would help him

Amasiah

797. A) Amasiah son of Zikri

Amaziah

798. B) Amaziah

799. B) Amaziah

800. A) He did right, but not as his father David had done

801. D) The Law of Moses said children are not to be put to death for their parents

802. C) The Valley of Salt

803. B) Joktheel

804. A) To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage

805. D) That Amaziah had become proud after defeating Edom

806. C) Beth Shemesh

807. B) Broke down part of its wall and took its treasures and hostages

808. A) Lachish

809. D) Sixteen

810. A) Amaziah

811. C) But not wholeheartedly

812. B) He obeyed the Law of Moses: each will die for their own sin

813. D) A hundred talents of silver

814. A) The LORD was not with Israel

815. B) more

816. C) Valley of Salt

817. D) Raided towns of Judah and killed three thousand people

818. A) The gods of the people of Seir

819. B) Those gods could not save their own people from his hand

820. C) He told the prophet to stop

821. A) To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage

822. B) God so worked to hand Judah over, because they sought the gods of Edom

823. D) Beth Shemesh

824. A) Lachish

825. D) Amaziah

826. A) Jeroboam

827. B) Judah

828. C) The king's sanctuary

829. C) In a pagan country

Amittai

830. B) Amittai

Ammizabad

831. B) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

Amnon

832. D) Amnon

833. A) Jonadab

834. D) That he was ill

835. B) wicked

836. C) He hated her more than he had loved her

837. B) He never said a word to him, good or bad, but hated him

838. C) Absalom's men killed him

839. B) Jonadab

840. C) Amnon

Amon

841. B) Amon

842. A) His officials conspired and killed him in his palace

843. D) His son Josiah

844. A) Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah

845. C) Amon

846. D) He did not humble himself before the LORD

847. A) Josiah

Amos

848. C) Shepherd

849. B) Tekoa

850. A) Two years

851. D) Uzziah

852. B) Jeroboam son of Jehoash

853. A) Why he must speak God's message

854. A) Swarms of locusts

855. C) small

856. C) He relented and said it will not happen

857. A) Fire

858. D) A plumb line

859. B) He would measure them and spare them no longer

860. C) God said He would spare them no longer

861. D) Amaziah

862. B) Judah

863. D) Sycamore-fig trees

864. C) The LORD took him from tending the flock

865. B) A basket of ripe fruit

866. B) The time was ripe for judgment on Israel

867. B) Beside the altar

Amoz

868. B) Isaiah

Amram

869. A) Amram and Jochebed

870. A) Amram

Ananias

871. C) Ananias and Sapphira

872. D) The Holy Spirit

873. A) It belonged to him, and the money was at his disposal

874. B) He fell down and died

875. A) Ananias

876. C) Straight Street

877. D) He had heard of the harm Saul had done to God's people

878. A) As His chosen instrument to proclaim His name to the Gentiles

879. C) Something like scales

880. D) A devout observer of the law, highly respected by the Jews

881. A) sight

882. C) His witness to all people of what he had seen and heard

883. B) sins

Ananias the high priest

884. A) Ananias

885. B) whitewashed

886. C) Tertullus

887. D) Five days

Andrew

888. B) Simon Peter and Andrew

889. B) people

890. B) At once they left and followed him

891. B) Simon and Andrew

892. B) people

893. A) Peter, James, John and Andrew

894. D) Andrew

895. A) We have found the Messiah

896. C) Bethsaida

897. D) Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

898. A) Andrew

899. C) Five small barley loaves and two small fish

900. B) Philip

Andronicus

901. C) Andronicus and Junia

Anna

902. D) Anna

903. B) Asher

904. B) She gave thanks to God and spoke about the child

Annas

905. D) Annas and Caiaphas

906. B) Annas, the father-in-law of Caiaphas

907. D) Annas

Antipas

908. C) Antipas

Apollos

909. B) Apollos

910. D) He knew only the baptism of John

911. C) Invited him to their home and explained the way of God more adequately

912. A) That Jesus was the Messiah

913. C) Peter's brother Andrew

914. D) Paul and Apollos

915. A) God

916. B) He watered it

917. C) The mysteries God has revealed

918. A) written

919. A) Apollos

920. A) Zenas the lawyer and Apollos

Apphia

921. C) In Philemon's home

Aquila

922. C) Aquila and Priscilla

923. A) Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave Rome

924. B) Tentmaking

925. A) Ephesus

926. C) Invited him to their home and explained the way of God more adequately

927. D) Priscilla and Aquila

928. A) At their house

929. B) Aquila and Priscilla

930. B) Priscilla and Aquila

Araunah

931. A) "Enough! Withdraw your hand"

932. C) On the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite

933. D) nothing

934. B) Fifty shekels of silver

935. C) At the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite

936. D) An altar to the LORD

937. A) Threshing wheat

938. B) nothing

939. B) Six hundred shekels of gold

940. A) Araunah the Jebusite

Archelaus

941. B) Archelaus

Archippus

942. C) Archippus

943. C) In Philemon's home

Aretas

944. C) King Aretas

Arioch

945. C) Arioch

Aristarchus

946. B) Gaius and Aristarchus

947. C) Aristarchus

Artaxerxes

948. A) Rehum

949. C) Aramaic

950. B) No more taxes or tribute would be paid

951. D) It had a long history of revolt

952. C) Artaxerxes

953. D) The hand of the LORD his God was on him

954. A) Go to Jerusalem with Ezra

955. D) The priests, Levites and other temple workers

956. B) Magistrates and judges

957. C) God had put it into the king's heart to honour the house of the LORD

958. C) Artaxerxes

959. A) He looked sad

960. C) He prayed to the God of heaven

961. B) Go to Judah and rebuild the city

962. C) Because the gracious hand of his God was on him

963. A) Twelve years

964. D) He had gone back to King Artaxerxes

Artemas

965. D) Nicopolis

Asa

966. D) Asa

967. A) He did what was right in the eyes of the LORD, as David had done

968. C) She had made a repulsive image for the worship of Asherah

969. B) The high places

970. D) Ramah

971. A) Ben-Hadad king of Aram

972. B) He used them to build up Geba and Mizpah

973. C) Jehoshaphat

974. A) The ways of his father Asa, doing right in the LORD's eyes

975. B) Asa

976. C) Ten years

977. D) He did what was good and right

978. A) Asherah poles

979. B) Seek the LORD and obey His laws and commands

980. C) They had sought the LORD

981. D) With small shields and bows

982. B) Valley of Zephathah

983. C) powerless

984. D) They relied on God and came in His name

985. A) The LORD

986. B) Gerar

987. C) The terror of the LORD had fallen on them

988. C) Azariah son of Oded

989. A) with

990. B) rewarded

991. C) He took courage and removed the detestable idols

992. B) They saw that the LORD his God was with him

993. A) The fifteenth year

994. D) To seek the LORD with all their heart and soul

995. B) Maakah

996. C) In the Kidron Valley

997. D) Fully committed all his life

998. A) The thirty-fifth year

999. D) Baasha

1000. B) To prevent anyone from leaving or entering Asa's territory

1001. A) Ben-Hadad king of Aram

1002. C) From the treasuries of the LORD's temple and his palace

1003. D) Geba and Mizpah

1004. A) Hanani

1005. C) He relied on the king of Aram and not on the LORD

1006. D) The victory over the Cushites and Libyans

1007. B) He put him in prison

1008. C) Only the physicians

1009. D) The forty-first

1010. A) In the tomb he had cut out for himself in the City of David

1011. B) Jehoshaphat

1012. D) Asa

Asahel

1013. D) Asahel

1014. B) Abner struck Asahel with the butt of his spear and he died

1015. A) Nineteen

1016. C) In his father's tomb at Bethlehem

1017. B) Abner had killed Joab's brother Asahel

1018. B) Zeruiah

1019. C) Asahel

Asaph

1020. D) Asaph

1021. D) Kenaniah

1022. D) Asaph

1023. B) The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals

1024. B) Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun

1025. A) The words of David and Asaph the seer

1026. A) The descendants of Asaph

1027. D) Asaph

1028. C) They praised the LORD with trumpets and cymbals

1029. D) Asaph, keeper of the royal park

1030. D) Asaph

1031. D) David and his son Solomon

1032. B) Asaph

1033. C) Asaph

1034. A) pure

1035. B) He envied the arrogant when he saw the wicked prospering

1036. D) In the sanctuary of God

1037. A) On slippery ground

1038. B) By his right hand

1039. C) heaven

1040. D) The strength of his heart and his portion forever

1041. A) To be near God

1042. B) Mount Zion

1043. C) God's sanctuary

1044. D) Signs from God and prophets

1045. A) The sea

1046. B) Leviathan's

1047. C) night

1048. D) Summer and winter

1049. B) Because God's Name is near

1050. C) The appointed time

1051. A) Its pillars

1052. D) God

1053. A) A cup of foaming wine

1054. B) Judah

1055. A) Salem

1056. C) The flashing arrows, shields and swords

1057. D) They lay still

1058. A) Fulfill them

1059. B) He sought the Lord

1060. C) Closing his eyes

1061. A) Has God's unfailing love vanished forever?

1062. D) miracles

1063. B) What god is as great as our God?

1064. D) The sea

1065. A) Moses and Aaron

1066. B) A parable

1067. A) The next generation

1068. C) Ephraim

1069. D) Zoan

1070. A) Like a wall

1071. B) With a cloud

1072. C) The rocks

1073. A) Can God really spread a table in the wilderness?

1074. D) Manna

1075. B) Sand on the seashore

1076. C) Blood

1077. A) All the firstborn

1078. D) Shiloh

1079. B) Judah

1080. C) From the sheep pens

1081. B) Jerusalem

1082. C) As objects of contempt

1083. A) For God's name's sake

1084. D) "Where is their God?"

1085. A) sheep

1086. A) Shepherd of Israel

1087. B) Between the cherubim

1088. C) saved

1089. D) The bread of tears

1090. A) A vine

1091. B) Boars

1092. A) The ram's horn

1093. C) Meribah

1094. D) Egypt

1095. B) mouth

1096. C) He gave them over to their stubborn hearts

1097. A) The rock

1098. A) In the great assembly

1099. B) Showing partiality to the wicked

1100. C) The weak and the fatherless

1101. D) nations

1102. A) Remain silent

1103. C) To destroy Israel so its name is remembered no more

1104. D) Assyria

1105. B) The Kishon

1106. C) earth

Asher

1107. B) Choice men, brave warriors and outstanding leaders

Ashpenaz

1108. B) Ashpenaz

1109. B) God caused him to

1110. C) He feared the king would see them looking worse and he would lose his head

Athaliah

1111. D) Athaliah

1112. C) Athaliah

1113. B) Jehosheba

1114. C) Treason

1115. B) She must not be put to death in the temple of the LORD

1116. D) Athaliah

1117. A) His mother

1118. D) She destroyed the whole royal family of Judah

1119. C) At the temple of God

1120. A) Treason! Treason!

1121. B) He said she must not be put to death at the temple of the LORD

1122. C) At the entrance of the Horse Gate on the palace grounds

1123. C) Athaliah had been slain

1124. D) Athaliah's sons had broken in and used its sacred objects for the Baals

Awel-Marduk

1125. C) Awel-Marduk

1126. B) He is given a seat of honour and eats at the king's table for the rest of his life

1127. D) Awel-Marduk

1128. B) He was given a seat of honor and ate regularly at the king's table

Azariah

1129. D) Sixteen

1130. C) Fifty-two years

1131. B) Leprosy

1132. A) His son Jotham

1133. A) Azariah son of Johanan

1134. C) Azariah son of Oded

1135. A) with

1136. B) He would be found by them

1137. D) Without the true God, without a teaching priest and without the law

1138. B) rewarded

1139. C) Azariah

1140. D) It was for the priests, the descendants of Aaron

1141. A) The LORD had blessed His people

1142. B) The family of Zadok

1143. D) In front of their own houses

1144. A) "You are lying! The LORD has not sent you"

1145. A) Judah

1146. D) Azariah

1147. A) Ten days

1148. B) The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables

1149. C) Ten times

1150. D) Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

1151. C) Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

Baal

1152. C) Baal

1153. A) As many as there were streets in Jerusalem

1154. A) Burned their children in the fire as offerings

1155. A) Samaria

Baalis

1156. B) Baalis king of the Ammonites

Baanah

1157. B) Baanah and Rekab

1158. A) In the heat of the day while he was resting

1159. B) The head of Ish-Bosheth

1160. C) The man at Ziklag who reported Saul's death

Baasha

1161. D) Ramah

1162. A) Ben-Hadad king of Aram

1163. B) He used them to build up Geba and Mizpah

1164. D) Baasha son of Ahijah

1165. A) Ahijah the Shilonite

1166. B) Tirzah

1167. B) Jehu

1168. C) Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam

1169. D) Baasha

1170. B) To prevent anyone from leaving or entering Asa's territory

1171. B) He stopped building Ramah

1172. D) Asa

Balaam

1173. C) Balaam

1174. B) Not to go with them or curse the people, for they were blessed

1175. D) The angel of the Lord

1176. B) The Lord made it speak to Balaam

1177. C) It saw the angel of the Lord blocking the way

1178. D) Speak only the words God gave him

1179. D) Seven

1180. B) Because he could not curse those God had not cursed

1181. A) righteous

1182. C) He was upset because Balaam blessed Israel instead of cursing them

1183. C) lie

1184. B) God had blessed them, and he could not change it

1185. D) Neither curse them nor bless them

1186. B) The Spirit of God came on him and he did not use divination

1187. C) Jacob

1188. A) Those who bless them are blessed, and those who curse them are cursed

1189. D) He was angry and told Balaam to go home

1190. C) A star and a scepter

1191. D) They each went their own way

1192. A) Balaam

1193. A) They did not meet Israel with food and water, and hired Balaam to curse them

1194. C) He turned the curse into a blessing, because He loved Israel

1195. D) Balaam son of Beor

1196. A) Balaam son of Beor

1197. A) Balaam

1198. D) Balak

1199. A) Balaam

1200. B) A donkey

1201. B) Korah's rebellion

1202. D) Balaam

Balak

1203. A) Balak king of Moab

1204. C) Balaam

1205. D) Seven

1206. C) He was upset because Balaam blessed Israel instead of cursing them

1207. D) Neither curse them nor bless them

1208. D) He was angry and told Balaam to go home

1209. D) They each went their own way

1210. A) Balaam son of Beor

1211. D) Balak

1212. D) Balaam

Barabbas

1213. B) Barabbas

1214. B) Barabbas

1215. A) The chief priests

1216. C) He wanted to satisfy the crowd

1217. A) Barabbas

1218. C) Barabbas

Barak

1219. C) Barak

1220. A) Mount Tabor

1221. B) Naphtali and Zebulun

1222. D) If you go with me, I will go; but if you don't go with me, I won't go

1223. A) The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

1224. A) LORD

1225. B) Deborah and Barak

1226. D) praise

1227. A) Jephthah

1228. D) Elijah

Barakel

1229. A) Barakel

Barnabas

1230. B) Barnabas

1231. C) Cyprus

1232. D) A field

1233. A) Barnabas

1234. B) Barnabas

1235. D) A good man, full of the Holy Spirit and faith

1236. A) Tarsus

1237. C) A whole year

1238. B) Barnabas and Saul

1239. C) John, also called Mark

1240. C) Manaen

1241. D) Barnabas and Saul

1242. B) They fasted, prayed and placed their hands on them

1243. C) Cyprus

1244. A) John

1245. C) In the synagogue

1246. D) The Gentiles

1247. B) light

1248. A) Shook the dust off their feet and went to Iconium

1249. A) A great number of Jews and Greeks believed

1250. C) The city was divided; some sided with the Jews, others with the apostles

1251. B) Lystra and Derbe

1252. C) The gods had come down in human form

1253. B) Zeus

1254. A) The priest of Zeus

1255. C) Tore their clothes and rushed into the crowd

1256. B) human

1257. B) hardships

1258. D) Elders

1259. A) Antioch

1260. C) How God had opened a door of faith to the Gentiles

1261. B) Jerusalem

1262. A) How the Gentiles had been converted

1263. A) The signs and wonders God had done among the Gentiles

1264. D) They parted company

1265. B) Cyprus

1266. C) Barnabas

1267. A) Barnabas

1268. C) The right hand of fellowship

1269. D) Barnabas

1270. C) Barnabas

Bartimaeus

1271. B) Bartimaeus

1272. C) David

1273. A) Threw his cloak aside, jumped to his feet and came to Jesus

1274. D) He followed Jesus along the road

Baruch

1275. D) Baruch son of Neriah

1276. A) In a clay jar

1277. A) Baruch son of Neriah

1278. C) Jeremiah was restricted and could not go to the LORD's temple

1279. D) A day of fasting

1280. A) The room of Gemariah son of Shaphan the secretary

1281. D) Go and hide with Jeremiah and tell no one where they were

1282. D) The LORD had hidden them

1283. B) He took another scroll, and Baruch wrote all the words again, with many similar words added

1284. C) Baruch son of Neriah

1285. B) Jeremiah the prophet and Baruch son of Neriah

1286. B) In the fourth year of Jehoiakim, after Baruch wrote the scroll

1287. C) "Woe to me! The LORD has added sorrow to my pain; I am worn out with groaning"

1288. A) seek

1289. D) That wherever he went, He would let him escape with his life

Barzillai

1290. D) Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

1291. C) Because the people had become exhausted, hungry and thirsty in the wilderness

1292. B) Barzillai

1293. D) Eighty

1294. C) In his own town near the tomb of his father and mother

1295. A) Kimham

1296. B) He kissed and blessed him

1297. B) Barzillai the Gileadite

1298. A) Barzillai the Gileadite

Bathsheba

1299. B) Uriah the Hittite

1300. A) Eliam

1301. C) He sent for Uriah to come back from the army

1302. D) David had her brought to his house and she became his wife

1303. C) Solomon

1304. C) Nathan

1305. C) Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah

1306. B) That her son Solomon would be king after him

1307. B) That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife

1308. A) On a throne at his right hand

1309. B) Bathsheba

1310. C) Bathsheba

Beelzebul

1311. B) Beelzebul, the prince of demons

1312. B) By Beelzebul, the prince of demons

Beerah

1313. B) Tiglath-Pileser

Beeri

1314. B) Beeri

Bela

1315. B) Bela

Belshazzar

1316. B) Belshazzar

1317. C) The gold and silver goblets taken from the temple in Jerusalem

1318. D) Gods of gold, silver, bronze, iron, wood and stone

1319. A) The fingers of a human hand

1320. B) His face turned pale, his knees knocked and his legs became weak

1321. C) Purple clothes, a gold chain and the place of third highest ruler

1322. D) The queen

1323. A) He told the king to keep his gifts

1324. B) Humble himself

1325. C) TEKEL

1326. D) God has numbered the days of the king's reign and brought it to an end

1327. A) wanting

1328. B) The Medes and Persians

1329. C) Gave Daniel purple clothes and a gold chain and made him third highest ruler

1330. D) That very night

1331. B) Belshazzar

1332. B) The third year

Ben-Hadad

1333. A) Ben-Hadad king of Aram

1334. C) Ben-Hadad

1335. B) Thirty-two

1336. C) Not to listen to him or agree to his demands

1337. D) boast

1338. B) Getting drunk

1339. C) On a horse with some of his horsemen

1340. D) They thought Israel's gods were gods of the hills

1341. A) Aphek

1342. A) In sackcloth, with ropes around their heads

1343. B) He called him his brother, made a treaty with him and let him go

1344. D) It would be Ahab's life for Ben-Hadad's life, and his people for Ben-Hadad's people

1345. A) Ben-Hadad

1346. C) Ben-Hadad

1347. B) Hazael

1348. B) Hazael spread a soaked cloth over his face

1349. D) His anger burned because they kept doing evil

1350. D) Three times

1351. A) Ben-Hadad king of Aram

1352. C) Ben-Hadad

1353. A) Hazael

Benaiah

1354. A) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

1355. D) A lion

1356. C) He snatched the spear from the Egyptian's hand and killed him with it

1357. A) In charge of his bodyguard

1358. B) The Kerethites and the Pelethites

1359. D) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

1360. A) Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

1361. B) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

1362. B) A lion

1363. C) By snatching the Egyptian's own spear and killing him with it

1364. D) In charge of his bodyguard

1365. B) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

1366. B) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

Benjamin

1367. D) Rachel

1368. A) She called him Ben-Oni, but Jacob named him Benjamin

1369. C) Benjamin

1370. B) That they bring their youngest brother to Egypt

1371. A) He said everything was against him

1372. C) He refused to let Benjamin go

1373. D) The man in charge had warned them not to appear without their brother

1374. C) Judah

1375. C) To prepare a meal, for they would eat with him at noon

1376. B) He was so moved that he went out and wept

1377. D) Five times as much

1378. B) His silver cup

1379. D) Benjamin's

1380. D) They tore their clothes and returned to the city

1381. A) Keep only the one with the cup as his slave and send the rest home

1382. B) That their father loved Benjamin deeply and might die if he was lost

1383. C) Stay as a slave in Benjamin's place

1384. A) Benjamin

1385. D) Benjamin

1386. C) Esau

1387. B) Bela

1388. D) In front of their own houses

Berekiah

1389. B) Berekiah

Beriah

1390. A) Because there had been misfortune in his family

1391. B) Drove out the inhabitants of Gath

Bernice

1392. C) King Agrippa

1393. C) With great pomp

1394. B) He was not doing anything that deserved death or imprisonment

Bethuel

1395. C) Bethuel

Bezalel

1396. C) Bezalel

1397. B) Oholiab

1398. B) Bezalel

1399. C) The ability to teach others

1400. C) Every skilled person to whom God gave ability

1401. C) Bezalel

1402. B) Two cherubim of hammered gold

1403. D) Pure hammered gold

1404. C) The altar of incense

1405. C) Bronze

1406. B) The mirrors of the women who served at the tent entrance

1407. D) He made everything the LORD commanded Moses

1408. B) Oholiab

1409. A) Bezalel

1410. A) Bezalel

Bigthana

1411. D) Bigthana and Teresh

1412. A) That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king

Bildad

1413. C) To sympathize with him and comfort him

1414. D) They wept aloud, tore their robes and sprinkled dust on their heads

1415. A) Seven days and seven nights

1416. B) Bildad

1417. A) A blustering wind

1418. C) justice

1419. D) They had sinned against God, so He gave them over to the penalty of their sin

1420. B) Rouse Himself on Job's behalf and restore him

1421. A) humble

1422. C) To the former generation and what their ancestors learned

1423. D) A spider's web

1424. B) Fill their mouth with laughter and their lips with shouts of joy

1425. B) End his speeches and be sensible

1426. D) Cattle

1427. C) Snuffed out

1428. A) A net

1429. D) terrors

1430. A) It perishes from the earth and he has no name in the land

1431. C) He said such is the place of one who does not know God

1432. A) Bildad's

1433. C) Bildad

1434. A) awe

1435. D) Whether they can be numbered

1436. B) Only a worm

1437. B) He was mocking Bildad because his words had not helped at all

1438. D) Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

1439. D) Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

1440. C) They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had

1441. A) Seven bulls and seven rams

1442. B) Job

Bilhah

1443. D) Bilhah

Bithiah

1444. B) Pharaoh's daughter

Blastus

1445. C) Tyre and Sidon

Boaz

1446. A) Boaz

1447. D) Boaz's field

1448. B) bless

1449. C) The Moabite who came back with Naomi

1450. A) Stay in his field with the women who worked for him

1451. D) She was a foreigner

1452. B) All she had done for her mother-in-law since her husband died

1453. C) The wings of the LORD, the God of Israel

1454. D) Bread dipped in wine vinegar and roasted grain

1455. A) Pull out some stalks from the bundles for her

1456. D) guardian-redeemers

1457. C) Until the barley and wheat harvests were finished

1458. C) Winnowing barley

1459. B) After he had finished eating and drinking

1460. C) Uncover his feet and lie down

1461. A) At the far end of the grain pile

1462. D) In the middle of the night

1463. B) guardian-redeemer

1464. C) She had not run after the younger men, rich or poor

1465. D) noble

1466. A) There was a guardian-redeemer more closely related than he was

1467. B) Before anyone could be recognized

1468. D) Six measures of barley

1469. C) Not rest until the matter was settled that day

1470. A) The town gate

1471. C) Ten

1472. B) Ruth the Moabite, to keep the dead man's name with his property

1473. A) His sandal

1474. D) To keep the dead man's name with his property

1475. C) A son

1476. B) Obed

1477. C) Salmon

1478. A) Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David

1479. A) Boaz, Obed, Jesse

1480. D) Rahab

1481. A) Ruth

Buzi

1482. A) Buzi

Caesar

1483. B) Caesar's

1484. A) God

1485. A) Caesar's

1486. D) God's

1487. C) Is it right for us to pay taxes to Caesar or not?

1488. A) Caesar's

1489. B) God

Caesar Augustus

1490. C) Caesar Augustus

Caiaphas

1491. C) Caiaphas

1492. B) There might be a riot among the people

1493. B) "I am able to destroy the temple of God and rebuild it in three days."

1494. A) "You have said so."

1495. D) Tore his clothes

1496. D) Annas and Caiaphas

1497. B) Caiaphas

1498. B) Annas, the father-in-law of Caiaphas

1499. D) Annas

Cain

1500. D) Cain and Abel

1501. B) Abel kept flocks and Cain worked the soil

1502. C) Abel's offering

1503. D) He killed him

1504. A) keeper

1505. B) The land of Nod, east of Eden

1506. A) Abel

1507. C) Cain

1508. B) Because his own actions were evil and his brother's were righteous

1509. B) Korah's rebellion

Caleb

1510. D) Caleb

1511. A) Joshua and Caleb

1512. C) By stoning them

1513. C) Caleb and Joshua

1514. D) Caleb and Joshua

1515. D) Caleb

1516. C) Caleb

1517. A) Forty years old

1518. B) wholeheartedly

1519. D) Eighty-five years old

1520. C) He was as strong as the day Moses sent him out

1521. A) The Anakites lived there in large, fortified cities

1522. B) Hebron

1523. C) He followed the LORD wholeheartedly

1524. C) Sheshai, Ahiman and Talmai

1525. D) Kiriath Sepher

1526. A) His daughter Aksah in marriage

1527. B) Othniel son of Kenaz

1528. B) Springs of water

1529. C) He gave her the upper and lower springs

1530. D) Caleb

1531. D) His daughter Aksah in marriage

1532. B) Othniel

1533. A) Springs of water

1534. D) The three sons of Anak

1535. D) Caleb son of Jephunneh

Canaanite woman

1536. C) A Canaanite woman

1537. B) She was demon-possessed and suffering terribly

1538. A) He did not answer a word

1539. D) crumbs

1540. C) "Woman, you have great faith!"

Candace

1541. C) An Ethiopian eunuch, an official of Queen Candace

Carpus

1542. A) His cloak

Centurion

1543. A) A centurion

1544. D) He was paralyzed and suffering terribly

1545. C) Jesus could just say the word and the servant would be healed

1546. B) He had not found anyone in Israel with such great faith

1547. D) At that moment

1548. D) Son

1549. B) A centurion's

1550. C) He loved their nation and had built their synagogue

1551. A) He did not deserve to have Jesus come under his roof

1552. D) word

1553. B) He had not found such great faith even in Israel

1554. B) 'Surely this was a righteous man.'

Centurion at the cross

1555. B) Son

Chloe

1556. D) Chloe's

Chuza

1557. B) Chuza, the manager of Herod's household

City clerk of Ephesus

1558. A) The city clerk

Claudius

1559. A) Claudius

1560. A) Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave Rome

Claudius Lysias

1561. C) Claudius Lysias

1562. D) Questions about their law, with no charge deserving death or prison

1563. D) He was well acquainted with the Way and wanted to hear from Lysias

Cleopas

1564. D) Cleopas

1565. A) redeem

1566. D) hearts

Cornelius

1567. B) Cornelius

1568. C) Devout and God-fearing, giving generously and praying regularly

1569. A) They had come up as a memorial offering before God

1570. D) Joppa

1571. D) Stand up, I am only a man myself

1572. B) While Peter was still speaking

1573. A) That they be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ

Crispus

1574. B) Crispus

1575. A) Crispus and Gaius

Cush

1576. C) warrior

1577. B) Cush

Cushan-Rishathaim

1578. C) Cushan-Rishathaim king of Aram Naharaim

1579. D) Eight

Cushi

1580. C) Cushi

Cyrus

1581. C) Cyrus

1582. D) Build a temple for Him at Jerusalem

1583. B) Cyrus

1584. B) The first year

1585. C) Jeremiah

1586. A) Build a temple for him at Jerusalem

1587. A) Nebuchadnezzar

1588. C) Mithredath

1589. C) They refused and said they alone would build

1590. C) Sheshbazzar

1591. D) Search the royal archives for Cyrus's decree

1592. C) In the citadel of Ecbatana

1593. A) The royal treasury

1594. C) Cyrus

1595. D) Let them be rebuilt

1596. B) Cyrus

1597. A) The treasures of darkness and riches stored in secret places

1598. D) Cyrus

1599. B) Darius and Cyrus the Persian

1600. B) Cyrus king of Persia

Dagon

1601. C) In Dagon's temple, beside Dagon

1602. A) It had fallen on its face before the ark

1603. B) Its head and hands

1604. C) Stepping on the threshold of Dagon's temple

Damaris

1605. C) Dionysius and Damaris

Daniel

1606. D) Noah, Daniel and Job

1607. A) No, they could save only themselves

1608. C) Daniel

1609. C) The language and literature of the Babylonians

1610. D) Three years

1611. A) Judah

1612. C) Belteshazzar

1613. A) defile

1614. B) God caused him to

1615. C) He feared the king would see them looking worse and he would lose his head

1616. D) Vegetables and water

1617. A) Ten days

1618. B) The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables

1619. A) He could understand visions and dreams of all kinds

1620. C) Ten times

1621. D) Cyrus

1622. C) Arioch

1623. D) Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

1624. A) In a vision during the night

1625. B) wisdom

1626. C) God

1627. D) The God in heaven who reveals mysteries

1628. A) Pure gold

1629. B) Silver

1630. C) Partly iron and partly baked clay

1631. D) Gold, silver, bronze, iron

1632. A) A rock cut out, but not by human hands

1633. B) A huge mountain that filled the whole earth

1634. C) gold

1635. D) A kingdom that will never be destroyed

1636. A) kings

1637. B) He made him ruler over the province of Babylon

1638. C) Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

1639. C) The spirit of the holy gods was in Daniel

1640. A) The king himself

1641. B) Grass like the ox

1642. C) The king's kingdom would be given back when he admitted that Heaven rules

1643. D) Stop his sins by doing what is right and being kind to the oppressed

1644. D) The queen

1645. A) He told the king to keep his gifts

1646. B) Humble himself

1647. C) TEKEL

1648. D) God has numbered the days of the king's reign and brought it to an end

1649. A) wanting

1650. B) The Medes and Persians

1651. C) Gave Daniel purple clothes and a gold chain and made him third highest ruler

1652. C) Daniel stood out by his exceptional qualities

1653. D) He was trustworthy and neither corrupt nor careless

1654. D) Toward Jerusalem

1655. A) Three times

1656. B) Greatly distressed

1657. C) continually

1658. B) God sent His angel to shut the lions' mouths

1659. C) He had trusted in his God

1660. D) The men who accused Daniel were thrown into the den

1661. A) Fear and reverence the God of Daniel

1662. B) Darius and Cyrus the Persian

1663. B) Belshazzar

1664. C) The sea

1665. D) An eagle

1666. A) The second beast, which looked like a bear

1667. B) Four

1668. C) Large iron teeth and ten horns

1669. D) It had eyes like a human and a mouth that spoke boastfully

1670. A) The Ancient of Days

1671. B) snow

1672. C) The books

1673. D) One like a son of man

1674. A) A kingdom that will never be destroyed

1675. B) He was troubled and asked one of those standing there what it meant

1676. C) Four kings

1677. D) The holy people of the Most High

1678. A) Ten kings

1679. B) Speak against the Most High and oppress His holy people

1680. C) Kept the matter to himself

1681. B) The third year

1682. C) In the citadel of Susa, beside the Ulai Canal

1683. D) A ram

1684. A) One was longer than the other and grew up later

1685. B) A goat with a prominent horn between its eyes

1686. C) The goat shattered the ram's two horns

1687. D) Four prominent horns

1688. A) 2,300 evenings and mornings

1689. B) Gabriel

1690. C) The time of the end

1691. D) He was terrified and fell face down

1692. A) The kings of Media and Persia

1693. B) The king of Greece

1694. C) Four kingdoms that would not have the same power

1695. D) Not by human power

1696. A) He was exhausted and lay ill for several days

1697. C) Darius son of Xerxes

1698. D) Jeremiah

1699. A) Seventy years

1700. B) He pleaded in prayer, with fasting, sackcloth and ashes

1701. C) covenant

1702. D) That the people had sinned and not listened to God's prophets

1703. A) forgiving

1704. B) Because of God's great mercy

1705. C) forgive

1706. D) About the time of the evening sacrifice

1707. A) A word went out, and Gabriel came to tell him

1708. B) As highly esteemed

1709. C) Seventy 'sevens'

1710. D) Restore and rebuild Jerusalem

1711. B) Cyrus king of Persia

1712. C) Three weeks

1713. D) He ate no choice food, meat or wine and used no lotions

1714. A) The Tigris

1715. B) Dressed in linen, with a face like lightning and eyes like flaming torches

1716. C) bronze

1717. D) They did not see the vision but were terrified and fled and hid

1718. A) Daniel, you who are highly esteemed

1719. B) Since the first day he set his mind to understand and humble himself

1720. C) Twenty-one days

1721. D) Michael, one of the chief princes

1722. A) strong

1723. B) The prince of Greece

1724. C) What is written in the Book of Truth

1725. C) He would be far richer than the others and stir up everyone against Greece

1726. D) It would be broken up and parceled out toward the four winds

1727. A) The king of the North

1728. B) A contemptible person

1729. C) Ships of the western coastlands

1730. D) The abomination that causes desolation

1731. A) resist

1732. B) Instruct many

1733. C) So that they may be refined, purified and made spotless

1734. D) Unheard-of things against the God of gods

1735. A) A god of fortresses

1736. B) Edom, Moab and the leaders of Ammon

1737. C) With no one to help him

1738. B) Michael

1739. C) Everyone whose name is found written in the book

1740. D) They will awake, some to everlasting life and others to shame

1741. A) stars

1742. B) Roll up and seal them until the time of the end

1743. C) Above the waters of the river

1744. D) A time, times and half a time

1745. A) He did not understand and asked what the outcome would be

1746. B) sealed

1747. C) The wise

1748. D) The one who waits for and reaches the end of 1,335 days

1749. A) He would rest, and at the end of the days rise to receive his inheritance

1750. B) Daniel

Darius

1751. B) The second year of King Darius

1752. D) The eye of their God was watching over them

1753. D) Search the royal archives for Cyrus's decree

1754. C) In the citadel of Ecbatana

1755. B) Stay away and not interfere

1756. D) So they could offer sacrifices and pray for the king and his sons

1757. C) A beam would be pulled from their house and they would be impaled on it

1758. D) In the sixth year of Darius

1759. A) Darius the Mede

1760. B) 120

1761. C) Daniel stood out by his exceptional qualities

1762. A) Praying to any god or human except the king

1763. B) Being thrown into the lions' den

1764. C) It was written as a law of the Medes and Persians, which cannot be repealed

1765. B) Greatly distressed

1766. C) continually

1767. D) His own signet ring and the rings of his nobles

1768. A) Without eating, without entertainment and without sleep

1769. D) The men who accused Daniel were thrown into the den

1770. A) Fear and reverence the God of Daniel

1771. B) Darius and Cyrus the Persian

1772. C) Darius son of Xerxes

1773. B) Darius the Mede

1774. C) Darius

1775. C) Darius

1776. B) Kislev, the ninth month

Dathan

1777. C) Korah, Dathan, and Abiram

1778. B) The ground opened and swallowed them

1779. B) Dathan

David

1780. D) David

1781. A) Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David

1782. A) Tending the sheep

1783. B) He anointed him in the presence of his brothers

1784. C) The Spirit of the LORD came powerfully on him

1785. C) A brave warrior who plays the lyre, speaks well, and the LORD is with him

1786. B) One of Saul's armor-bearers

1787. D) Saul felt relief and the evil spirit left him

1788. B) To bring food to his brothers and see how they were

1789. A) Goliath was defying the armies of the living God

1790. C) Eliab

1791. B) The LORD had rescued him from the lion and the bear

1792. C) He was not used to it

1793. D) Five

1794. A) dog

1795. B) The LORD Almighty

1796. C) LORD

1797. A) In his forehead

1798. C) He took Goliath's own sword

1799. B) Jerusalem

1800. D) Jesse

1801. C) He loved him as himself

1802. A) A covenant

1803. B) His robe, tunic, sword, bow and belt

1804. D) tens of thousands

1805. A) He was very angry and kept a close eye on David

1806. C) He hurled his spear at David

1807. D) The LORD was with David but had left Saul

1808. A) Commander over a thousand men

1809. B) The LORD was with him

1810. C) To let the Philistines kill David

1811. A) Michal

1812. B) That David would fall by the hands of the Philistines

1813. D) Two hundred

1814. C) That the LORD was with David and Michal loved him

1815. A) It became well known

1816. C) Jonathan

1817. B) That David had risked his life to kill the Philistine and the LORD won a great victory

1818. D) That David would not be put to death

1819. A) It stuck in the wall

1820. B) His wife Michal

1821. C) She let him down through a window

1822. C) She said David threatened to kill her if she didn't let him go

1823. B) Samuel at Ramah

1824. B) Jonathan

1825. C) step

1826. D) The New Moon feast

1827. A) That David had gone to Bethlehem for his clan's yearly sacrifice

1828. D) To never cut off his kindness from Jonathan's family

1829. A) Because he loved him as he loved himself

1830. B) The stone Ezel

1831. C) Shooting arrows

1832. D) He must go, because the LORD had sent him away

1833. A) He thought something had made David ceremonially unclean

1834. B) As long as David lived, Jonathan and his kingdom would not be established

1835. D) He was grieved at his father's shameful treatment of David

1836. A) Nothing; only Jonathan and David knew

1837. B) They kissed each other and wept, and David wept the most

1838. A) friendship

1839. A) Nob

1840. C) That the king had sent him on a secret mission

1841. D) The consecrated bread, the bread of the Presence

1842. D) Goliath's sword

1843. A) Achish king of Gath

1844. B) That the women sang about him slaying his tens of thousands

1845. C) He was very much afraid of Achish

1846. B) He made marks on the gate doors and let saliva run down his beard

1847. D) He asked his servants why they brought a madman to him

1848. A) The cave of Adullam

1849. B) Men in distress, in debt, or discontented

1850. C) The king of Moab

1851. D) Gad

1852. B) That none of them told him Jonathan had made a covenant with David

1853. D) As the king's loyal son-in-law and captain of his bodyguard

1854. D) Abiathar

1855. B) That he was responsible for the death of Abiathar's whole family

1856. A) That he would be safe if he stayed with David

1857. A) Keilah

1858. B) His men were afraid

1859. C) David saved the people of Keilah

1860. D) The ephod

1861. B) David was in a town with gates and bars

1862. C) "They will."

1863. D) Six hundred

1864. A) God did not give David into his hands

1865. B) He helped him find strength in God

1866. C) second

1867. D) They made a covenant

1868. A) The Ziphites

1869. C) A messenger said the Philistines were raiding the land

1870. B) The strongholds of En Gedi

1871. C) Desert of En Gedi

1872. A) Far back in a cave

1873. B) A corner of Saul's robe

1874. D) "This is the day the LORD spoke of, when He would give your enemy into your hands."

1875. B) Conscience-stricken

1876. C) Saul was the LORD's anointed

1877. D) He sharply rebuked them and did not allow them to attack

1878. A) He called out to Saul and bowed down with his face to the ground

1879. B) That David had been close enough to kill Saul but had not

1880. C) hand

1881. D) He was no one worth pursuing

1882. A) righteous

1883. B) That David would surely be king

1884. C) That David would not kill off his descendants or wipe out his name

1885. D) David's men had not mistreated Nabal's shepherds or taken anything from them

1886. B) Jesse

1887. C) "Each of you strap on your sword!"

1888. A) wall

1889. D) She loaded donkeys with food to take to David

1890. C) Her good judgment kept him from bloodshed and taking revenge

1891. B) To become his wife

1892. C) Ahinoam of Jezreel

1893. B) On the hill of Hakilah, facing Jeshimon

1894. C) Abishai

1895. C) anointed

1896. D) The LORD would strike him, or his time would come, or he would die in battle

1897. A) The spear and the water jug

1898. B) The LORD had put them into a deep sleep

1899. C) Abner

1900. D) partridge

1901. A) "I have sinned... Surely I have acted like a fool."

1902. B) The king's spear

1903. C) "May you be blessed, David my son; you will do great things and surely triumph."

1904. C) He thought Saul would one day destroy him

1905. A) Achish king of Gath

1906. B) Ahinoam of Jezreel and Abigail of Carmel

1907. D) He no longer searched for him

1908. A) Ziklag

1909. C) It has belonged to the kings of Judah ever since

1910. D) A year and four months

1911. A) The Geshurites, Girzites and Amalekites

1912. B) Places in the south of Judah and its allies

1913. C) He believed David had become so hated by the Israelites that he would serve Achish for life

1914. B) His bodyguard for life

1915. A) David

1916. B) At the rear with Achish

1917. C) "What about these Hebrews?"

1918. D) They feared he would turn against them during the battle

1919. A) tens of thousands

1920. B) That he had been reliable, but the rulers did not approve of him

1921. C) He asked what he had done and why he couldn't fight the king's enemies

1922. D) angel

1923. A) They went back to the land of the Philistines

1924. B) The Amalekites

1925. D) They wept aloud until they had no strength left

1926. A) He found strength in the LORD his God

1927. B) He inquired of the LORD, using the ephod brought by Abiathar

1928. C) "Pursue them. You will certainly overtake them and succeed in the rescue."

1929. D) Besor Valley

1930. A) An Egyptian

1931. C) That David would not kill him or hand him over to his master

1932. D) Eating, drinking and reveling

1933. A) Four hundred young men rode off on camels

1934. B) Everything; nothing was missing

1935. C) Those who stayed with the supplies would share equally with those who fought

1936. D) A statute and ordinance for Israel

1937. A) The elders of Judah

1938. B) Ziklag

1939. C) The third day

1940. D) Amalekites

1941. C) Saul's crown and the band from his arm

1942. B) They tore their clothes, mourned, wept and fasted till evening

1943. C) He said he had killed the LORD's anointed

1944. B) The Book of Jashar

1945. B) mighty

1946. D) Ashkelon

1947. C) That they have no dew or rain

1948. C) Jonathan

1949. B) Hebron

1950. C) He inquired of the LORD

1951. B) Ahinoam and Abigail

1952. D) They anointed him king over the tribe of Judah

1953. A) Jabesh Gilead

1954. C) Seven years and six months

1955. A) Nineteen

1956. B) David grew stronger and the house of Saul grew weaker

1957. D) Amnon

1958. C) Transfer the kingdom from Saul's house to David

1959. C) Michal

1960. A) A feast

1961. D) Joab

1962. D) innocent

1963. C) He wept aloud at the tomb

1964. D) Until the sun set

1965. B) That the king had no part in Abner's murder

1966. C) They were too strong for him

1967. B) The head of Ish-Bosheth

1968. C) The man at Ziklag who reported Saul's death

1969. D) They killed an innocent man in his own house on his own bed

1970. D) They anointed him king over Israel

1971. B) shepherd

1972. A) Thirty years old; forty years

1973. C) Thirty-three years

1974. C) The Jebusites

1975. B) "Even the blind and the lame can ward you off"

1976. D) The City of David

1977. A) The water shaft

1978. B) The LORD God Almighty was with him

1979. D) Hiram king of Tyre

1980. C) That the LORD had established him as king and exalted his kingdom for the sake of Israel

1981. A) Solomon

1982. D) He asked the LORD whether he should attack

1983. B) Baal Perazim

1984. C) Their idols

1985. A) Marching in the tops of the poplar trees

1986. D) From Gibeon to Gezer

1987. C) The ark of God

1988. A) Thirty thousand

1989. D) Perez Uzzah

1990. A) He was afraid of the LORD that day

1991. C) He sacrificed a bull and a fattened calf

1992. A) He danced before the LORD with all his might

1993. D) Michal

1994. B) Inside the tent David had pitched for it

1995. C) A loaf of bread, a cake of dates and a cake of raisins

1996. A) undignified

1997. C) Nathan

1998. A) The ark of God was still in a tent while he lived in a house of cedar

1999. D) "Whatever you have in mind, go ahead and do it, for the LORD is with you"

2000. B) He had moved from place to place with a tent as His dwelling

2001. C) From the pasture, tending the flock

2002. D) house

2003. A) David's offspring who would succeed him

2004. B) son

2005. D) Saul

2006. C) They would endure and be established for ever

2007. A) He went in, sat before the LORD, and prayed

2008. D) this far

2009. B) There is no one like Him and no God but Him

2010. C) It was the one nation God went out to redeem as His own people

2011. A) Bless the house of His servant so it would continue for ever

2012. D) Metheg Ammah

2013. B) The Moabites

2014. A) Hadadezer son of Rehob

2015. C) He hamstrung all but a hundred

2016. D) The Arameans of Damascus

2017. A) victory

2018. B) Their gold shields

2019. C) Tou king of Hamath

2020. D) He dedicated it to the LORD

2021. A) The Valley of Salt

2022. B) Doing what was just and right for all his people

2023. C) Joab

2024. C) Jonathan's

2025. A) Ziba

2026. D) God's

2027. C) Mephibosheth

2028. D) All the land of Saul and a place at the king's table

2029. A) afraid

2030. B) As a dead dog

2031. D) To farm Mephibosheth's land and bring in the crops

2032. A) king's sons

2033. D) Hanun

2034. B) Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David

2035. D) Jericho

2036. B) Joab

2037. B) Helam

2038. D) Shobak

2039. C) They made peace with Israel and were afraid to help the Ammonites again

2040. C) Jerusalem

2041. D) From the roof of the palace

2042. C) He sent for Uriah to come back from the army

2043. A) He made him drunk

2044. C) Put him in the fiercest fighting and withdraw from him so he would die

2045. D) Uriah himself

2046. A) sword

2047. D) David had her brought to his house and she became his wife

2048. C) It displeased the LORD

2049. D) Nathan

2050. B) His only ewe lamb

2051. C) Pay for it four times over

2052. B) man

2053. D) The Ammonites

2054. A) sword

2055. C) David acted in secret, but the judgment would be done in broad daylight before all Israel

2056. D) "I have sinned against the LORD"

2057. B) The LORD had taken away David's sin and he would not die, but the child would die

2058. A) He pleaded with God, fasted and lay on the ground at night

2059. C) The seventh day

2060. D) He got up, washed, changed his clothes and worshipped in the house of the LORD

2061. B) He had hoped the LORD might let the child live, but now the child could not come back

2062. C) Solomon

2063. D) So the city would not be named after Joab

2064. C) His crown

2065. B) Jonadab

2066. A) He longed to go to Absalom

2067. D) Joab

2068. C) One son killed the other in a fight in the field

2069. B) hair

2070. C) That Joab was behind it

2071. D) He must go to his own house and not see the king's face

2072. C) He kissed Absalom

2073. C) To fulfil a vow he made to the LORD while at Geshur

2074. B) Flee from Jerusalem

2075. D) Ittai the Gittite

2076. C) Kidron Valley

2077. A) Take it back into the city

2078. D) Mount of Olives

2079. C) foolishness

2080. A) Hushai the Arkite

2081. B) Ten concubines

2082. D) Ziba

2083. B) That Israel would restore his grandfather's kingdom to him

2084. A) All that had belonged to Mephibosheth

2085. C) Shimei son of Gera

2086. D) He pelted them with stones

2087. B) Because the LORD was repaying him for the blood shed in Saul's household

2088. A) Abishai

2089. C) He told Abishai to leave Shimei alone and let him curse

2090. D) Look on his misery and restore His covenant blessing instead of the curse

2091. C) Like that of one who inquires of God

2092. A) The king alone

2093. B) A wild bear robbed of her cubs

2094. C) By daybreak

2095. A) Mahanaim

2096. D) Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

2097. C) Because the people had become exhausted, hungry and thirsty in the wilderness

2098. B) He was worth ten thousand of them

2099. A) gentle

2100. C) The forest of Ephraim

2101. C) Between the inner and outer gates

2102. D) That he saw great confusion but did not know what it was

2103. A) The Cushite

2104. C) died

2105. C) They heard the king was grieving for his son

2106. A) Joab

2107. D) Not a man would be left with him by nightfall

2108. B) In the gateway

2109. C) Amasa

2110. D) Gilgal

2111. A) Shimei

2112. B) "You shall not die"

2113. D) He had not cared for his feet, trimmed his moustache or washed his clothes

2114. C) Betrayed him and slandered him to the king

2115. A) "Let him take everything, now that my lord the king has returned home safely"

2116. B) Barzillai

2117. A) Kimham

2118. B) He kissed and blessed him

2119. D) That Judah had stolen the king away and brought him over the Jordan

2120. D) Sheba son of Bikri

2121. A) The men of Judah

2122. C) Amasa

2123. D) Abishai

2124. C) Three successive years

2125. A) Because Saul had put the Gibeonites to death

2126. B) Silver or gold

2127. C) Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Jonathan

2128. A) In the tomb of Saul's father Kish at Zela in Benjamin

2129. B) God answered prayer on behalf of the land

2130. D) Abishai

2131. C) lamp

2132. D) When the LORD delivered him from all his enemies and from Saul

2133. B) rock

2134. A) horn

2135. C) He was saved from his enemies

2136. D) From His temple

2137. B) The cherubim

2138. A) waters

2139. C) Because the LORD delighted in him

2140. D) faithful

2141. A) lamp

2142. B) Scale a wall

2143. C) God's way is perfect and the LORD's word is flawless

2144. D) "Who is God besides the LORD? And who is the Rock except our God?"

2145. B) A deer

2146. A) Rock

2147. C) By praising God, who shows unfailing kindness to His anointed, to David and his descendants for ever

2148. C) The man exalted by the Most High and the hero of Israel's songs

2149. A) Spirit

2150. D) The light of morning at sunrise

2151. B) An everlasting covenant

2152. B) The cave of Adullam

2153. D) Water from the well near the gate of Bethlehem

2154. C) He poured it out before the LORD

2155. A) It was the blood of men who went at the risk of their lives

2156. A) In charge of his bodyguard

2157. D) Take a census and count the fighting men

2158. B) He questioned why the king wanted to do such a thing

2159. C) 800,000 in Israel and 500,000 in Judah

2160. D) sinned

2161. B) Gad

2162. A) Three days of plague

2163. C) Because the LORD's mercy is great

2164. B) To let His hand fall on David and his family instead of the people

2165. C) On the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite

2166. D) nothing

2167. B) Fifty shekels of silver

2168. A) The LORD answered prayer and the plague on Israel stopped

2169. B) Abishag

2170. D) Adonijah

2171. C) Corrected him by asking why he behaved as he did

2172. C) Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah

2173. B) That her son Solomon would be king after him

2174. D) King David's own mule

2175. C) Be strong and obey the LORD's commands

2176. B) David would never fail to have a successor on the throne of Israel

2177. A) Abner and Amasa

2178. B) Barzillai the Gileadite

2179. A) Shimei son of Gera

2180. D) Forty years

2181. C) In the City of David

2182. B) love

2183. C) Walk in obedience and keep God's decrees and commands as David did

2184. C) Of the wars waged against him on every side

2185. D) That David's son, whom God would put on the throne, would build the temple for His Name

2186. D) wise

2187. C) The things his father David had dedicated

2188. C) Joyful and glad

2189. C) That He would establish Solomon's royal throne over Israel forever

2190. A) It was not fully devoted to the LORD his God

2191. A) For the sake of David, Solomon's father

2192. D) One

2193. D) tents

2194. A) Judah

2195. B) For David's sake

2196. C) Uriah the Hittite

2197. A) He did what was right in the eyes of the LORD, as David had done

2198. C) For the sake of His servant David

2199. B) King David's

2200. A) He did right, but not as his father David had done

2201. C) He did not do what was right in the eyes of the LORD

2202. A) He did what was right, just as David had done

2203. A) For His own sake and the sake of His servant David

2204. D) left

2205. C) The seventh

2206. B) Zeruiah

2207. C) Amnon

2208. C) Hebron

2209. B) Seven years and six months

2210. C) Thirty-three

2211. B) Bathsheba

2212. A) Tamar

2213. C) David

2214. B) David's

2215. C) David and Samuel the seer

2216. B) David son of Jesse

2217. C) Hebron

2218. D) shepherd

2219. A) Samuel

2220. C) Jebus

2221. A) The City of David

2222. B) Joab son of Zeruiah

2223. D) The LORD Almighty was with him

2224. A) Jashobeam

2225. D) A barley field

2226. B) The well near the gate of Bethlehem

2227. C) The men had risked their lives to get it

2228. D) In charge of his bodyguard

2229. A) Uriah the Hittite

2230. B) Ziklag

2231. A) They could shoot arrows or sling stones with either hand

2232. D) Saul

2233. C) Amasai

2234. B) Because David's God would help him

2235. A) They thought David might desert to Saul

2236. C) The army of God

2237. A) Undivided loyalty

2238. A) To make David king over all Israel

2239. C) Joyful

2240. B) Because they had not inquired of it during Saul's reign

2241. C) They agreed, because it seemed right to all the people

2242. B) Kiriath Jearim

2243. D) With all their might, with songs and instruments

2244. C) Perez Uzzah

2245. B) Afraid

2246. B) Obed-Edom the Gittite's

2247. A) Hiram king of Tyre

2248. B) For the sake of his people Israel

2249. C) The Valley of Rephaim

2250. D) He inquired of God

2251. B) Because God had broken out against David's enemies like breaking waters

2252. B) Burn them in the fire

2253. D) Circle around them and attack in front of the poplar trees

2254. A) That God had gone out in front of David to strike the Philistines

2255. B) From Gibeon to Gezer

2256. A) It spread throughout every land

2257. B) A tent

2258. A) The Levites

2259. C) They had not inquired of Him about how to do it in the prescribed way

2260. B) Musicians making a joyful sound

2261. B) Obed-Edom's

2262. B) A robe of fine linen and a linen ephod

2263. C) Michal daughter of Saul

2264. D) Dancing and celebrating

2265. A) Inside the tent David had pitched for it

2266. B) A loaf of bread, a cake of dates and a cake of raisins

2267. C) Extol, thank and praise the LORD

2268. B) To bless his family

2269. C) Nathan

2270. B) He lived in a house of cedar while the ark was under a tent

2271. D) "Whatever you have in mind, do it, for God is with you."

2272. A) David was not the one to build Him a house

2273. B) From the pasture, following the flock

2274. C) Build a house for David

2275. B) One of David's own sons

2276. C) father

2277. A) Saul, David's predecessor

2278. D) Forever

2279. A) family

2280. B) God

2281. C) The LORD had blessed it, and it would be blessed forever

2282. A) Gath

2283. B) They became subject to him and brought tribute

2284. C) Hadadezer

2285. D) He hamstrung all but a hundred of them

2286. A) The LORD gave David victory wherever he went

2287. D) Solomon

2288. B) Tou king of Hamath

2289. C) He dedicated them to the LORD

2290. B) By doing what was just and right for all his people

2291. D) Joab son of Zeruiah

2292. B) Hanun

2293. C) Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David

2294. D) He shaved them and cut off their garments at the buttocks

2295. A) Jericho

2296. C) Joab

2297. A) They made peace with David and would not help the Ammonites anymore

2298. C) Jerusalem

2299. A) A crown weighing a talent of gold

2300. D) Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother

2301. B) Satan

2302. C) Joab

2303. B) foolish

2304. C) Gad

2305. D) Three years of exile

2306. A) Because the LORD's mercy is very great

2307. C) The angel of the LORD with a drawn sword

2308. B) Sheep

2309. D) An altar to the LORD

2310. B) nothing

2311. B) Six hundred shekels of gold

2312. A) With fire from heaven

2313. B) He was afraid of the sword of the angel of the LORD

2314. B) The house of the LORD God and the altar of burnt offering were to be there

2315. B) The foreigners residing in Israel

2316. C) The Sidonians and Tyrians

2317. A) Solomon was young and inexperienced, and the temple had to be magnificent

2318. B) David had shed much blood and fought many wars

2319. C) peace

2320. D) Discretion and understanding

2321. A) courageous

2322. C) Begin the work, with the LORD being with him

2323. B) Seeking the LORD their God

2324. A) When David was old and full of years

2325. C) Thirty years old or more

2326. D) 24,000

2327. A) Praise the LORD

2328. B) Twenty years old or more

2329. B) The LORD had granted rest and come to dwell in Jerusalem forever

2330. B) Zadok and Ahimelek

2331. B) The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals

2332. B) The commanders of the army

2333. A) Jazer in Gilead

2334. B) Each division was on duty for one month of the year

2335. B) The LORD had promised to make Israel as numerous as the stars in the sky

2336. C) He did not finish it, and wrath came on Israel

2337. A) Jonathan, David's uncle

2338. C) Hushai the Arkite

2339. D) Elihu, a brother of David

2340. C) Jerusalem

2341. B) footstool

2342. A) Judah

2343. D) The throne of the kingdom of the LORD over Israel

2344. B) The LORD searches every heart and understands every desire and thought

2345. D) found

2346. B) The plans for the temple that the Spirit had put in his mind

2347. C) The cherubim of gold

2348. A) As a result of the LORD's hand on him

2349. D) fail

2350. A) Because the structure was not for man but for the LORD God

2351. D) His personal treasures of gold and silver

2352. B) willing

2353. A) everything

2354. B) Everything comes from God, and they had given Him only what came from His hand

2355. C) A shadow

2356. D) integrity

2357. C) Wholehearted devotion to keep God's commands

2358. D) He prospered and all Israel obeyed him

2359. C) Forty

2360. B) He died at a good old age, having enjoyed long life, wealth and honor

2361. D) Elijah the prophet

2362. D) Jerusalem

2363. A) Hiram had sent David cedar to build his palace

2364. C) The LORD had appeared to David there

2365. A) Araunah the Jebusite

2366. B) The things his father David had dedicated

2367. D) Jerusalem

2368. B) He did well, but his son would build it

2369. A) David

2370. D) His royal throne would be established

2371. D) David

2372. B) To your tents, Israel!

2373. B) The house of David

2374. D) Three years

2375. D) salt

2376. C) In his early years he walked in the ways of his father David

2377. C) Because of the covenant the LORD had made with David

2378. D) David

2379. B) Spears and large and small shields

2380. B) He did not do what was right, unlike David

2381. B) He did what was right, just as David had done

2382. C) David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet

2383. A) The words of David and Asaph the seer

2384. B) Since the days of Solomon son of David

2385. D) He followed the ways of David, not turning aside to the right or to the left

2386. A) The descendants of Asaph

2387. D) David

2388. D) David and his son Solomon

2389. C) Absalom

2390. A) God will not deliver him

2391. D) shield

2392. B) From his holy mountain

2393. C) The LORD sustained him

2394. A) Tens of thousands

2395. B) Stringed instruments

2396. A) Answer him

2397. C) Delusions and false gods

2398. D) The LORD has set apart his faithful servant for himself

2399. C) Joy

2400. D) peace

2401. A) In the morning

2402. B) He waits expectantly

2403. A) By his great love

2404. B) Lead him in his righteousness

2405. C) An open grave

2406. A) Rebuke him

2407. B) His bones were in agony

2408. C) long

2409. D) Because of the LORD's unfailing love

2410. A) Weeping

2411. B) Because of all his foes

2412. C) The LORD had heard his weeping

2413. D) Overwhelmed with shame and anguish

2414. B) Cush

2415. C) A lion

2416. D) Because of the LORD's righteousness

2417. B) The work of God's fingers

2418. D) Why God is mindful of and cares for human beings

2419. C) heart

2420. A) All the LORD's wonderful deeds

2421. C) That they are only mortal

2422. B) A bird

2423. B) Because no one is faithful anymore

2424. C) "How long?"

2425. A) His face

2426. B) Light

2427. D) unfailing

2428. C) Because the LORD has been good to him

2429. A) Who may dwell in your sacred tent?

2430. A) good

2431. C) In pleasant places

2432. D) Because the LORD is at his right hand

2433. C) Joy

2434. B) A prayer of David

2435. A) At night

2436. C) They have held to God's paths and not stumbled

2437. D) Because God will answer him

2438. A) apple

2439. B) In the shadow of his wings

2440. C) Seeing God's likeness

2441. C) Saul

2442. A) strength

2443. B) My rock

2444. D) From his temple

2445. C) Deep waters

2446. D) Because the LORD delighted in him

2447. B) light

2448. A) Scale a wall

2449. C) A deer

2450. D) A bow of bronze

2451. B) To David and his descendants

2452. A) His hidden faults

2453. C) The words of his mouth and the meditation of his heart

2454. B) "The Doe of the Morning"

2455. A) forsaken

2456. C) As enthroned as the Holy One

2457. D) A worm

2458. A) "He trusts in the LORD; let the LORD rescue him"

2459. B) Bashan

2460. C) Wax

2461. D) Pierce them

2462. A) His garment

2463. B) In the assembly

2464. B) shepherd

2465. A) Nothing

2466. C) In green pastures

2467. D) Quiet waters

2468. A) For his name's sake

2469. B) Because the LORD is with him

2470. C) The LORD's rod and staff

2471. D) His enemies

2472. A) overflows

2473. B) In the house of the LORD

2474. A) Be put to shame

2475. B) paths

2476. C) All day long

2477. D) The sins of his youth

2478. B) For the sake of the LORD's name

2479. D) Because he is lonely and afflicted

2480. B) Because he has led a blameless life

2481. A) His heart and his mind

2482. C) Hypocrites

2483. D) innocence

2484. A) The house where the LORD lives

2485. B) In the great congregation

2486. C) salvation

2487. A) It will not fear

2488. B) To dwell in the house of the LORD all the days of his life

2489. D) Upon a rock

2490. B) His father and mother

2491. C) In the land of the living

2492. B) A deaf ear

2493. A) The Most Holy Place

2494. C) They speak kindly but hide malice in their hearts

2495. D) Because the LORD heard his cry for mercy

2496. C) shield

2497. A) Leaps for joy

2498. B) Their shepherd

2499. B) The dedication of the temple

2500. A) Healed him

2501. A) "I will never be shaken"

2502. B) dancing

2503. C) His sackcloth

2504. D) Forever

2505. A) The trap set for him

2506. B) spirit

2507. C) Broken pottery

2508. D) "Terror on every side!"

2509. A) "You are my God"

2510. B) times

2511. B) forgiven

2512. A) His bones wasted away

2513. C) Summer

2514. D) The LORD forgave the guilt of his sin

2515. A) hiding

2516. B) Abimelek

2517. A) At all times

2518. C) All his fears

2519. B) Fight against them

2520. A) Shield and armor

2521. C) salvation

2522. D) He rescues the poor from those too strong for them

2523. A) Evil for good

2524. B) He put on sackcloth and humbled himself with fasting

2525. D) All day long

2526. A) fret

2527. B) The righteous forsaken or their children begging bread

2528. B) The LORD's arrows

2529. A) Because of his sin

2530. C) A burden too heavy to bear

2531. D) David's sighing

2532. A) His friends and companions

2533. B) The mute

2534. C) confess

2535. D) Savior

2536. C) Jeduthun

2537. A) A muzzle

2538. B) How fleeting his life is

2539. D) Handbreadth

2540. B) hope

2541. C) As a foreigner and a stranger

2542. C) A slimy pit

2543. A) On a rock

2544. B) Fear the LORD and put their trust in him

2545. D) They would be too many to declare

2546. C) heart

2547. D) Poor and needy

2548. C) "For I have sinned against you"

2549. D) "When will he die and his name perish?"

2550. A) His close friend who shared his bread

2551. B) His integrity

2552. C) David

2553. A) Nathan

2554. C) Bathsheba

2555. B) love

2556. D) God

2557. A) He was sinful from birth

2558. B) Hyssop

2559. C) snow

2560. B) heart

2561. C) His Holy Spirit

2562. A) The joy of your salvation

2563. B) Teach them God's ways

2564. D) praise

2565. B) A broken and contrite heart

2566. D) Jerusalem

2567. A) Doeg

2568. B) Ahimelek's

2569. B) A sharpened razor

2570. B) His great wealth

2571. D) olive

2572. A) God's unfailing love

2573. B) The evil man will be uprooted, but David will flourish

2574. B) The fool

2575. C) Anyone who understood and sought God

2576. D) No one, not even one

2577. A) Bread

2578. C) He scattered them

2579. B) Zion

2580. B) The Ziphites

2581. A) By your name

2582. C) People without regard for God

2583. D) help

2584. B) A freewill offering

2585. A) Delivered him from all his troubles

2586. C) A dove

2587. A) In the desert

2588. B) Violence and strife

2589. D) It came from his close friend and companion

2590. B) Evening, morning and noon

2591. A) War

2592. B) cares

2593. C) Be shaken

2594. A) trust

2595. B) Gath

2596. B) trust

2597. C) What can mere mortals do to me?

2598. A) His tears

2599. B) That God is for him

2600. C) The light of life

2601. B) Into a cave

2602. C) wings

2603. A) Lions

2604. C) They fell into it themselves

2605. B) Harp and lyre

2606. A) To the heavens

2607. D) glory

2608. B) The rulers

2609. A) From birth

2610. C) A cobra

2611. B) Lions

2612. D) A slug

2613. A) judges

2614. C) To kill David

2615. A) Dogs

2616. B) fortress

2617. C) That God rules over Jacob

2618. D) In the morning

2619. A) His refuge

2620. B) Joab

2621. C) A banner

2622. D) Judah

2623. B) Moab

2624. D) Because human help is worthless

2625. A) God

2626. B) From the ends of the earth

2627. C) rock

2628. A) Tower

2629. D) In God's tent

2630. B) Fulfill his vows

2631. C) Jeduthun

2632. A) rest

2633. B) He will never be shaken

2634. D) They curse

2635. B) Their hearts

2636. C) Set your heart on them

2637. A) Unfailing love

2638. A) In the Desert of Judah

2639. B) A dry and parched land with no water

2640. C) In the sanctuary

2641. D) life

2642. C) Through the watches of the night

2643. A) God's right hand

2644. B) The king

2645. B) Swords

2646. A) Deadly arrows

2647. C) The innocent

2648. D) He will shoot them with His arrows and turn their own tongues against them

2649. B) rejoice

2650. B) In Zion

2651. A) prayer

2652. C) He forgave their transgressions

2653. D) Those God chooses and brings near to live in His courts

2654. A) The turmoil of the nations

2655. B) He waters it and makes it rich

2656. C) year

2657. A) scattered

2658. C) The clouds

2659. B) The fatherless

2660. D) In families

2661. C) Mount Sinai

2662. A) Mount Bashan

2663. B) burdens

2664. D) Benjamin

2665. A) Egypt

2666. C) neck

2667. A) The hairs of his head

2668. B) As a foreigner and a stranger

2669. D) house

2670. A) Sympathy and comforters

2671. C) Vinegar

2672. B) Praising God's name in song with thanksgiving

2673. A) Zion

2674. C) Quickly

2675. A) "The LORD is great!"

2676. B) needy

2677. B) The prayers of David son of Jesse

2678. C) From the sheep pens

2679. A) integrity

2680. B) Because he is poor and needy

2681. A) love

2682. C) All the nations He has made

2683. D) An undivided heart

2684. A) Anger

2685. B) A sign of His goodness

2686. B) David

2687. A) His sacred oil

2688. B) "You are my Father, my God, the Rock my Savior"

2689. D) Punish their sin with the rod

2690. D) The moon

2691. C) Justice

2692. A) blameless

2693. B) With a blameless heart

2694. C) Put them to silence

2695. A) One with haughty eyes and a proud heart

2696. B) The faithful and blameless

2697. D) Anyone who practices deceit

2698. C) Every morning

2699. C) David

2700. A) benefits

2701. B) He forgives them

2702. D) The eagle's

2703. B) Moses

2704. A) Compassionate and gracious, slow to anger, abounding in love

2705. B) He does not treat us as our sins deserve

2706. C) As high as the heavens are above the earth

2707. B) west

2708. C) A father for his children

2709. A) That we are dust

2710. B) Human life is like grass that fades, but the LORD's love is from everlasting to everlasting

2711. A) In heaven

2712. D) The kings of Egypt

2713. A) steadfast

2714. B) Harp and lyre

2715. C) Higher than the heavens

2716. D) scepter

2717. A) Moab

2718. B) Edom

2719. C) Human help is worthless, but with God we will gain the victory

2720. A) silent

2721. B) He said, "I am a man of prayer"

2722. C) Evil

2723. D) leadership

2724. A) Pronounce a curse

2725. B) Poor and needy

2726. C) A locust

2727. D) From fasting

2728. A) According to His unfailing love

2729. B) Bless

2730. C) At their right hand

2731. B) At His right hand

2732. A) footstool

2733. C) Zion

2734. D) Willing

2735. C) Melchizedek

2736. B) He has sworn and will not change His mind

2737. A) Crush kings

2738. D) A brook

2739. B) house

2740. A) Jerusalem

2741. C) Like a city closely compacted together

2742. D) To praise the name of the LORD

2743. A) The thrones of the house of David

2744. B) peace

2745. C) Peace

2746. D) For the sake of the house of the LORD our God

2747. B) If the LORD had not been on our side, we would have been destroyed

2748. C) The flood

2749. A) Their enemies' teeth

2750. D) A bird from the fowler's snare

2751. A) name

2752. B) His heart was not proud

2753. C) A weaned child with its mother

2754. A) Both now and forevermore

2755. B) David

2756. A) Enter his house or go to bed

2757. C) The Mighty One of Jacob

2758. D) In Ephrathah

2759. A) The ark of His might

2760. B) Righteousness

2761. C) One of David's descendants would sit on his throne

2762. D) If they kept God's covenant and statutes

2763. A) Zion

2764. B) Her poor

2765. C) A lamp

2766. D) A radiant crown

2767. B) unity

2768. C) Aaron's

2769. A) Hermon

2770. D) Life forevermore

2771. B) Toward God's holy temple

2772. C) God answered him and greatly emboldened him

2773. A) All the kings of the earth

2774. D) The lowly

2775. B) God preserves his life

2776. C) hands

2777. B) searched

2778. A) David's thoughts

2779. C) He knows it completely

2780. D) Spirit

2781. A) God is there wherever we go

2782. B) The dawn

2783. C) It is not dark to Him; the night shines like the day

2784. D) In his mother's womb

2785. A) wonderfully

2786. B) In God's book

2787. C) The grains of sand

2788. D) anxious

2789. A) In the way everlasting

2790. B) Evildoers

2791. C) The poison of vipers

2792. A) A snare

2793. D) God

2794. B) David's head

2795. C) Secures justice for them

2796. A) In God's presence

2797. B) Incense

2798. C) The evening sacrifice

2799. A) mouth

2800. D) What is evil

2801. B) Oil on your head

2802. C) The Sovereign LORD

2803. A) They would fall into their own nets

2804. B) In the cave

2805. C) His complaint

2806. A) God watches over his way

2807. D) No one was concerned for him and no one cared for his life

2808. A) portion

2809. B) Because they were too strong for him

2810. C) The righteous would gather about him because of God's goodness

2811. B) Because no one living is righteous before God

2812. C) The days of long ago and all God's works

2813. A) A parched land

2814. D) In the morning

2815. B) way

2816. C) To do God's will

2817. A) Level ground

2818. B) War

2819. C) What are human beings that you care for them?

2820. A) A fleeting shadow

2821. D) A ten-stringed lyre

2822. B) His servant David

2823. C) Pillars carved to adorn a palace

2824. A) LORD

2825. A) My God the King

2826. B) No one can fathom it

2827. C) Commends God's works to them

2828. D) To all

2829. A) An everlasting kingdom

2830. B) He upholds them

2831. C) He satisfies the desires of every living thing

2832. D) near

2833. A) Every creature

2834. B) Solomon

2835. B) The Teacher, son of David, king in Jerusalem

2836. B) David

2837. D) David's throne

2838. D) David

2839. C) The key to the house of David

2840. B) David

2841. D) David

2842. A) Every morning

2843. B) As if childless, with none of his offspring sitting on David's throne

2844. C) Branch

2845. D) David

2846. D) David

2847. A) His covenant with the day and the night

2848. B) The stars in the sky and the sand on the seashore

2849. D) His servant David

2850. C) David

2851. D) David

2852. D) David

2853. C) David

2854. B) supplication

2855. A) A fountain

2856. C) Abraham

2857. C) Uriah's wife

2858. D) Fourteen

2859. D) David

2860. D) The son of David

2861. C) If David calls him 'Lord,' how can he be his son?

2862. C) David

2863. C) The kingdom of our father David

2864. C) How can the Messiah then be David's son?

2865. D) David

2866. A) He belonged to the house and line of David

2867. D) David

2868. B) David

2869. B) David

2870. D) David

2871. B) Bethlehem

2872. D) David

2873. A) David's tomb was still there

2874. C) Solomon

2875. D) heart

2876. B) The Savior Jesus

2877. D) tent

2878. C) David

2879. C) David

2880. D) forgiven

2881. C) David

2882. B) David

2883. D) Elijah

2884. B) The key of David

2885. B) Root

2886. D) The bright Morning Star

Deborah

2887. D) Rebekah's nurse

2888. A) Deborah

2889. D) Under the Palm of Deborah between Ramah and Bethel

2890. C) Barak

2891. B) Naphtali and Zebulun

2892. D) If you go with me, I will go; but if you don't go with me, I won't go

2893. A) The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

2894. A) LORD

2895. B) Deborah and Barak

2896. D) praise

2897. A) mother

Delaiah

2898. B) Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah

Delilah

2899. A) The Valley of Sorek

2900. B) Delilah

2901. D) Eleven hundred shekels of silver

2902. C) The secret of his great strength

2903. A) Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried

2904. B) Fresh bowstrings → new ropes → weaving his hair on the loom → shaving his head

2905. D) Weave them into the fabric on the loom and tighten it with the pin

2906. C) confide

2907. A) If his head were shaved, his strength would leave him

2908. B) Delilah put him to sleep on her lap and called someone to shave off his seven braids

Demas

2909. A) Demas

Demetrius

2910. D) Demetrius

2911. C) Paul taught that gods made by hands are no gods, which hurt their trade

2912. A) Artemis

2913. B) Demetrius

Dinah

2914. A) Dinah

2915. D) Dinah

2916. B) The son of Hamor the Hivite, ruler of that area

2917. C) To get Dinah as his wife

Dionysius

2918. C) Dionysius and Damaris

Diotrephes

2919. A) Diotrephes

2920. D) He put them out of the church

Doeg

2921. B) Doeg the Edomite

2922. C) Doeg the Edomite

2923. B) Doeg the Edomite

2924. C) Eighty-five

2925. B) That he was responsible for the death of Abiathar's whole family

2926. A) Doeg

2927. C) The Edomites

2928. B) Ahimelek's

Drusilla

2929. B) Drusilla

2930. C) Faith in Christ Jesus

Ebed-Melek

2931. B) Ebed-Melek the Cushite

2932. C) Thirty

2933. D) Old rags and worn-out clothes

2934. C) Because he trusted in the LORD

Eber

2935. A) Because in his time the earth was divided

Eglon

2936. D) Eglon king of Moab

2937. A) The City of Palms

2938. B) Eighteen

2939. A) God

2940. B) They thought the king was relieving himself

Ehud

2941. C) Ehud

2942. D) Strapped to his right thigh under his clothing

2943. A) God

2944. C) Seirah

2945. D) He blew a trumpet

2946. A) The fords of the Jordan

2947. B) Eighty years

2948. D) Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

2949. A) Jabin king of Canaan

Elah

2950. C) Zimri

2951. C) Getting drunk in the home of Arza

Elasah

2952. C) Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah

Eldad

2953. B) Eldad and Medad

Elead

2954. C) They went down to seize the livestock of Gath

Eleazar

2955. C) Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar

2956. D) Outside the camp

2957. D) Eleazar

2958. B) To take a new census of the people

2959. B) He laid his hands on him before Eleazar and the people

2960. B) Through fire and the water of cleansing

2961. B) Because not one of their soldiers was missing

2962. B) Eleazar the priest and Joshua

2963. A) Eleazar his son

2964. D) Eleazar

2965. B) That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance

2966. D) At Shiloh, at the entrance to the tent of meeting

2967. B) Towns to live in with pasturelands for their livestock

2968. A) At Shiloh in Canaan

2969. C) Eleazar

2970. A) Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron

2971. A) Eleazar

2972. D) It grew tired and froze to the sword

2973. C) Phinehas

2974. A) Phinehas son of Eleazar

2975. D) A barley field

2976. A) Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons

2977. B) A larger number of leaders were found among Eleazar's descendants

Elhanan

2978. B) Elhanan son of Jair

Eli

2979. B) Hophni and Phinehas

2980. B) Her lips were moving but her voice was not heard

2981. C) soul

2982. D) Her face was no longer downcast

2983. A) Hannah brought Samuel to Eli and gave him to the LORD

2984. D) He ministered before the LORD under Eli

2985. C) They were scoundrels with no regard for the LORD

2986. D) They did not listen to their father

2987. B) A man of God

2988. C) honor

2989. A) They would both die on the same day

2990. C) His eyes were so weak he could barely see

2991. A) He ran to Eli

2992. B) The third time

2993. A) Eli knew his sons were sinning but failed to restrain them

2994. B) Afraid

2995. C) "He is the LORD; let him do what is good in his eyes."

2996. C) The ark of God

2997. B) Ninety-eight

2998. C) The capture of the ark of God

2999. B) Forty

3000. A) Eli's family

Eliab

3001. D) Eliab

3002. A) Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah

3003. C) Eliab

Eliada

3004. B) With bows and shields

Eliakim

3005. A) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

3006. C) So the people on the wall would not understand

3007. A) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

3008. C) The key to the house of David

3009. D) A peg

3010. C) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

3011. D) Aramaic

3012. C) They tore their clothes

3013. A) Isaiah son of Amoz

Eliam

3014. A) Eliam

Eliashib

3015. A) Eliashib

3016. B) The Sheep Gate

3017. C) Eliashib

3018. B) Sanballat the Horonite

Eliezer

3019. B) He made an alliance with wicked King Ahaziah

Elihu

3020. D) Elihu, a brother of David

3021. B) Elihu

3022. A) Barakel

3023. C) Because Job was justifying himself rather than God

3024. D) Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

3025. A) Because the others were older than he was

3026. B) breath

3027. C) New wineskins

3028. C) made

3029. A) That he was pure and free from sin

3030. D) greater

3031. B) He speaks now one way, now another, though no one perceives it

3032. C) In a dream or vision

3033. A) A bed of pain

3034. D) A ransom

3035. B) Going down to the pit

3036. B) tastes

3037. D) That he was innocent, but God denied him justice

3038. A) evil

3039. C) All humanity would perish and return to dust

3040. B) He does not favor the rich over the poor

3041. D) Nowhere

3042. A) Job speaks without knowledge and his words lack insight

3043. C) "I am in the right, not God."

3044. A) Up at the heavens and the clouds

3045. D) Whether it affects God at all

3046. B) songs

3047. A) The birds in the sky

3048. D) An empty plea

3049. D) He wanted to show there was more to be said in God's behalf

3050. B) despises

3051. A) The righteous

3052. C) Repent of their evil

3053. A) He delivers them in their suffering and speaks to them in their affliction

3054. D) teacher

3055. B) It is past finding out

3056. C) Rain to the streams

3057. C) Thunders

3058. A) "Fall on the earth"

3059. D) Ice

3060. B) wonders

3061. C) A mirror of cast bronze

3062. A) Out of the north

3063. D) He does not oppress

Elijah

3064. B) Elijah

3065. C) Gilead

3066. A) In the Kerith Ravine, east of the Jordan

3067. D) Ravens

3068. A) Bread and meat

3069. B) There had been no rain in the land

3070. D) Zarephath

3071. C) Gathering sticks

3072. C) Only a handful of flour and a little olive oil

3073. A) afraid

3074. D) The flour would not be used up and the oil would not run dry until the LORD sent rain

3075. C) To the upper room where Elijah was staying

3076. B) Three times

3077. D) That he was a man of God, and the word of the LORD from his mouth was the truth

3078. A) The third year

3079. D) troubler

3080. A) Ahab and his father's family, who abandoned the LORD's commands and followed the Baals

3081. B) Mount Carmel

3082. C) Four hundred and fifty

3083. D) opinions

3084. A) They said nothing

3085. B) fire

3086. D) "Shout louder!" Maybe Baal was busy, traveling or sleeping

3087. A) Twelve

3088. B) The twelve tribes descended from Jacob

3089. C) Water

3090. D) So the people would know the LORD is God and that He was turning their hearts back

3091. A) The sacrifice, the wood, the stones and the soil, and it licked up the water in the trench

3092. C) A cloud as small as a man's hand

3093. D) Bending down to the ground with his face between his knees

3094. A) He ran ahead of Ahab's chariot all the way to Jezreel

3095. A) Jezebel

3096. B) He was afraid and ran for his life

3097. C) A broom bush

3098. D) enough

3099. A) Bread baked over hot coals and a jar of water

3100. B) Because the journey was too much for him

3101. C) Forty days and forty nights

3102. D) Horeb

3103. A) "What are you doing here, Elijah?"

3104. B) That he was the only one left, and they were trying to kill him too

3105. C) Wind, earthquake, fire, gentle whisper

3106. D) He was not in any of them

3107. A) He pulled his cloak over his face and stood at the mouth of the cave

3108. B) Hazael

3109. C) Elisha

3110. D) Seven thousand

3111. A) Plowing with twelve pairs of oxen

3112. B) His cloak

3113. C) He slaughtered them, cooked them on his plowing equipment, and gave the meat to the people

3114. A) Elijah the Tishbite

3115. C) Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood

3116. B) enemy

3117. B) God

3118. A) The angel of the LORD

3119. C) He would not leave his bed and would certainly die

3120. D) leather belt

3121. B) From the description of his hair garment and leather belt

3122. C) Fifty

3123. A) On the top of a hill

3124. B) Fire came down from heaven and consumed them

3125. C) He fell on his knees and begged Elijah to spare his life

3126. A) Go down with him; do not be afraid of him

3127. C) Ahaziah died, as Elijah had said

3128. A) In a whirlwind

3129. D) Gilgal

3130. C) Bethel, Jericho, the Jordan

3131. B) leave

3132. A) That the LORD was going to take Elijah away that day

3133. D) Fifty

3134. C) His cloak

3135. B) A double portion of his spirit

3136. A) If he saw Elijah when he was taken away

3137. D) A chariot of fire and horses of fire

3138. C) horsemen

3139. A) Elijah

3140. D) "The spirit of Elijah is resting on Elisha"

3141. C) Three days

3142. D) Elisha

3143. A) It fulfilled the word of the LORD spoken through Elijah

3144. B) Elijah

3145. C) He had murdered his own brothers, who were better than he

3146. D) Elijah

3147. B) children

3148. A) Elijah

3149. C) Jeremiah

3150. A) Moses and Elijah

3151. D) Three shelters

3152. C) John the Baptist

3153. B) Elijah

3154. A) Elijah

3155. A) Elijah and Moses

3156. D) Elijah

3157. D) Elijah

3158. A) Zarephath in Sidon

3159. D) Moses and Elijah

3160. A) His departure, which he was about to fulfill at Jerusalem

3161. B) Elijah

3162. A) Seven thousand

3163. C) Elijah

Elimelek

3164. B) A famine

3165. C) Moab

3166. D) Naomi

3167. C) Her husband Elimelek died

3168. A) Boaz

3169. D) The piece of land that belonged to Elimelek

Eliphaz

3170. B) Eliphaz

3171. C) To sympathize with him and comfort him

3172. D) They wept aloud, tore their robes and sprinkled dust on their heads

3173. A) Seven days and seven nights

3174. D) Eliphaz

3175. B) He had instructed many and strengthened those who were weak

3176. A) He became discouraged and dismayed

3177. C) The innocent do not perish and the upright are not destroyed

3178. A) reap

3179. D) In the night, when a spirit glided past his face

3180. B) The hair on his body stood on end

3181. C) Maker

3182. B) envy

3183. C) sparks

3184. A) Appeal to God and lay his cause before Him

3185. D) Rain

3186. B) craftiness

3187. A) corrects

3188. C) He wounds, but He also binds up and heals

3189. D) Six

3190. A) Sheaves gathered in season

3191. C) east

3192. A) Hindering it

3193. D) mouth

3194. B) born

3195. C) The gray-haired and the aged

3196. A) The heavens

3197. D) Water

3198. B) Shedding its blossoms

3199. B) Whether a man can be of benefit to God

3200. D) endless

3201. A) The hungry

3202. C) Widows

3203. A) In the heights of heaven

3204. D) peace

3205. B) In his heart

3206. C) Ophir

3207. D) Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

3208. D) Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

3209. D) Eliphaz

3210. C) They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had

3211. A) Seven bulls and seven rams

3212. B) Job

Elisha

3213. C) Elisha

3214. A) Plowing with twelve pairs of oxen

3215. B) His cloak

3216. C) He slaughtered them, cooked them on his plowing equipment, and gave the meat to the people

3217. D) Gilgal

3218. C) Bethel, Jericho, the Jordan

3219. B) leave

3220. A) That the LORD was going to take Elijah away that day

3221. D) Fifty

3222. B) A double portion of his spirit

3223. A) If he saw Elijah when he was taken away

3224. D) A chariot of fire and horses of fire

3225. C) horsemen

3226. B) He tore it in two

3227. A) Elijah

3228. D) "The spirit of Elijah is resting on Elisha"

3229. C) Three days

3230. B) Jericho

3231. A) Salt

3232. D) The LORD

3233. C) Some boys

3234. B) Two bears

3235. A) Mount Carmel

3236. D) Elisha

3237. C) Because he respected King Jehoshaphat of Judah

3238. B) A harpist

3239. A) Fill the valley with pools of water without wind or rain

3240. D) The next morning, about the time of the sacrifice

3241. D) Her husband's creditor was coming to take her two boys as slaves

3242. C) A small jar of olive oil

3243. B) Empty jars

3244. A) When there were no more jars left

3245. D) Sell it, pay her debts, and live on what was left

3246. C) Shunem

3247. B) A small room on the roof

3248. A) Gehazi

3249. C) She would hold a son in her arms about that time next year

3250. A) On the bed of the man of God

3251. D) Mount Carmel

3252. B) Gehazi

3253. A) Elisha's staff

3254. D) He shut the door and prayed to the LORD

3255. C) He sneezed seven times

3256. B) death

3257. A) Flour

3258. D) Baal Shalishah

3259. C) They ate and had some left over, as the LORD said

3260. D) So Naaman would know there is a prophet in Israel

3261. C) Seven times

3262. B) He expected Elisha to come out and heal him with a wave of his hand

3263. A) He refused to accept anything

3264. D) anywhere

3265. C) Naaman's leprosy came upon him

3266. B) Their meeting place was too small, so they wanted to cut poles to build a new one

3267. A) The iron axe head

3268. D) borrowed

3269. C) A stick

3270. B) He warned him where the Arameans were setting up camp

3271. A) Elisha told him the very words the king of Aram spoke in his bedroom

3272. D) Dothan

3273. C) more

3274. B) Horses and chariots of fire

3275. A) Open his eyes so he could see

3276. D) He struck them with blindness

3277. C) Samaria

3278. B) Give them food and water and send them back to their master

3279. B) Cut off his head

3280. A) The elders

3281. C) Fine flour and barley would sell for a shekel

3282. B) The officer on whose arm the king was leaning

3283. A) eat

3284. C) Flour and barley sold for a shekel, as the LORD had said

3285. B) The people trampled him in the gateway and he died

3286. D) Seven years

3287. C) The land of the Philistines

3288. A) Gehazi

3289. C) Ben-Hadad

3290. B) Hazael

3291. A) Forty

3292. D) He knew the harm Hazael would do to the Israelites

3293. C) He would become king of Aram

3294. A) Ramoth Gilead

3295. C) Open the door and run

3296. D) horsemen

3297. C) A bow and some arrows

3298. B) The LORD's arrow of victory over Aram

3299. A) Three times

3300. D) He should have struck the ground five or six times to completely destroy Aram

3301. C) The man came to life and stood up

3302. B) They saw a band of Moabite raiders coming

3303. C) Naaman the Syrian

Elisheba

3304. B) Elisheba

Elizabeth

3305. D) Elizabeth

3306. B) Elizabeth was not able to conceive and both were very old

3307. A) John

3308. B) The sixth month

3309. B) The baby leaped in her womb and she was filled with the Holy Spirit

3310. B) About three months

3311. D) Zechariah

Elkanah

3312. C) Elkanah

3313. A) Peninnah

3314. D) Shiloh

3315. B) A double portion

3316. D) ten

3317. D) He ministered before the LORD under Eli

Elnathan

3318. B) Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah

Elon

3319. D) Zebulun

3320. C) Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon

Elymas

3321. D) Bar-Jesus, also called Elymas

3322. C) Paul

3323. A) He became blind for a time

Enoch

3324. C) Enoch

3325. D) Enoch

3326. D) Enoch

3327. C) Enoch

Epaphras

3328. B) Epaphras

3329. B) Wrestling in prayer for them

3330. A) Epaphras

Epaphroditus

3331. A) Epaphroditus

3332. B) He became ill almost to death, and God had mercy on him

3333. A) Epaphroditus

Epenetus

3334. B) Epenetus

Ephraim

3335. C) Ephraim and Manasseh

3336. A) Ephraim and Manasseh

3337. D) That they would be counted as his own sons, like Reuben and Simeon

3338. B) He crossed his arms, putting his right hand on the younger son

3339. A) He refused, saying the younger would become greater

3340. C) They went down to seize the livestock of Gath

3341. D) He mourned for many days

3342. A) Because there had been misfortune in his family

3343. B) Building Lower and Upper Beth Horon and Uzzen Sheerah

3344. C) Joshua

Ephron

3345. A) The cave of Machpelah

3346. D) Ephron the Hittite

3347. C) Four hundred shekels

Er

3348. C) Er

3349. B) He was wicked in the Lord's sight, so the Lord put him to death

3350. B) He was wicked in the LORD's sight

Erastus

3351. B) Erastus

Esarhaddon

3352. B) Esarhaddon

3353. A) His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer

Esau

3354. B) Esau and Jacob

3355. D) Esau was a skillful hunter, and Jacob stayed among the tents

3356. B) His birthright

3357. D) Hunt wild game and prepare a tasty meal

3358. A) Rebekah, his mother

3359. C) Esau was a hairy man while Jacob had smooth skin

3360. D) Goatskins on his hands and neck, and Esau's clothes

3361. A) The voice is Jacob's, but the hands are Esau's

3362. B) He cried out with a loud and bitter cry

3363. D) Jacob had taken the blessing their father gave

3364. A) Flee to her brother Laban in Harran

3365. D) He married a daughter of Ishmael

3366. D) His brother Esau

3367. C) Esau was coming with four hundred men

3368. D) To save him from the hand of his brother Esau

3369. D) A gift of livestock from his herds

3370. D) Esau

3371. A) He bowed down to the ground seven times

3372. D) He ran to meet him and embraced him

3373. A) He refused, saying he already had plenty

3374. A) Because God had been gracious to him and he had all he needed

3375. B) The children were tender and the young animals needed a gentle pace

3376. C) Isaac

3377. B) Edom

3378. D) Seir

3379. C) Their possessions were too great for the land to support them both

3380. C) The Edomites

3381. A) They ruled before any king reigned over the Israelites

3382. D) Esau

3383. A) Israel

3384. C) Edom

3385. B) Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel

3386. C) Esau

3387. B) Because of the violence against its brother Jacob

3388. D) Stubble

3389. D) Esau

3390. B) His choice of Jacob over Esau

3391. C) Jacob and Esau

3392. D) Esau

Esh-Baal

3393. D) Abner

Esther

3394. A) Hadassah

3395. B) Mordecai

3396. C) He was her cousin

3397. D) Mordecai had forbidden her to tell

3398. B) Nothing other than what Hegai suggested

3399. C) He set a royal crown on her head and made her queen

3400. A) A great banquet called Esther's banquet

3401. B) He told Queen Esther, who reported it to the king and gave Mordecai credit

3402. D) Clothes to put on instead of sackcloth

3403. A) Hathak

3404. B) A copy of the text of the edict to destroy the Jews

3405. C) Go to the king, beg for mercy and plead for her people

3406. D) They would be put to death

3407. B) Thirty days

3408. C) time

3409. D) Relief would come for the Jews from another place, but she and her family would perish

3410. A) Three days

3411. B) perish

3412. B) The third day

3413. C) The gold scepter

3414. A) She approached and touched the tip of the scepter

3415. D) half

3416. B) Come with Haman to a banquet she had prepared

3417. C) She invited the king and Haman to another banquet the next day

3418. A) The king's eunuchs came and hurried him to Esther's banquet

3419. B) Her life and the lives of her people

3420. C) Male and female slaves

3421. A) He asked who had dared to do such a thing

3422. D) Haman

3423. C) Falling on the couch where Esther was reclining, begging for his life

3424. B) Haman's estate

3425. C) Mordecai

3426. D) She begged him to put an end to Haman's evil plan against the Jews

3427. A) A document written in the king's name and sealed with his ring could not be revoked

3428. C) Another day in Susa for the Jews and Haman's ten sons impaled on poles

3429. A) Queen Esther

Ethan

3430. A) Ethan

3431. D) Kenaniah

3432. C) Ethan the Ezrahite

3433. A) love

3434. B) David

3435. D) He stills them

3436. A) Tabor and Hermon

3437. C) Righteousness and justice

3438. A) His sacred oil

3439. B) "You are my Father, my God, the Rock my Savior"

3440. D) Punish their sin with the rod

3441. B) covenant

3442. D) The moon

3443. A) "Amen and Amen"

Ethiopian eunuch

3444. C) An Ethiopian eunuch, an official of Queen Candace

3445. B) Isaiah

3446. A) explains it to

3447. D) sheep

3448. C) The good news about Jesus

3449. B) Philip baptized the Ethiopian

3450. A) The Spirit of the Lord suddenly took him away

Eunice

3451. A) Eunice

Euodia

3452. B) Euodia and Syntyche

Eutychus

3453. B) Eutychus

3454. D) The third story

3455. C) alive

Eve

3456. C) One of the man's ribs

3457. C) She ate it and gave some to her husband

3458. B) Fig leaves

3459. B) They were afraid because they were naked

3460. A) The man blamed the woman, and the woman blamed the serpent

3461. C) Eve

3462. C) Garments of skin

3463. B) He placed cherubim and a flaming sword to guard the way to the tree of life

3464. D) Cain and Abel

3465. C) Seth

3466. C) Eve

3467. B) Adam

Ezekiel

3468. B) Kebar River

3469. C) The fifth year

3470. A) Buzi

3471. D) A priest

3472. B) From the north

3473. C) Four

3474. A) Human, lion, ox and eagle

3475. B) Like a wheel inside a wheel

3476. D) Eyes

3477. A) The roar of rushing waters

3478. B) A throne

3479. C) A rainbow in the clouds

3480. D) He fell facedown

3481. B) Son of man

3482. C) The Spirit

3483. A) A rebellious nation

3484. D) That a prophet had been among them

3485. A) Scorpions

3486. B) Rebellious like the people

3487. C) A scroll

3488. D) Words of lament and mourning and woe

3489. C) A scroll

3490. A) Sweet as honey

3491. D) Listened to him

3492. B) Flint

3493. A) Tel Aviv

3494. C) Seven days

3495. D) watchman

3496. B) God would hold Ezekiel accountable for their blood

3497. C) He would save himself

3498. B) To the plain

3499. A) Make it stick to the roof of his mouth

3500. D) When God spoke to him and opened his mouth

3501. C) Jerusalem

3502. A) An iron pan

3503. D) 390 days

3504. B) 40 days

3505. C) A year

3506. B) Ropes

3507. C) Wheat, barley, beans and lentils

3508. A) Cow dung

3509. D) Food and water would become scarce

3510. B) A sharp sword

3511. C) A set of scales

3512. A) Burn a third, strike a third with the sword, scatter a third to the wind

3513. D) In the folds of his garment

3514. A) The mountains of Israel

3515. C) Strike his hands together and stamp his feet

3516. B) Chains

3517. B) The elders of Judah

3518. C) The Spirit lifted him by his hair between earth and heaven

3519. A) The idol that provokes to jealousy

3520. D) Dig into the wall

3521. A) Crawling things, unclean animals and idols

3522. D) Will You destroy the entire remnant of Israel?

3523. B) A throne

3524. C) The whirling wheels

3525. B) They were cherubim

3526. C) Pelatiah

3527. D) He fell facedown and cried out to God

3528. B) To the exiles in Babylonia

3529. B) His belongings for exile

3530. C) The wall

3531. A) So he could not see the land

3532. D) sign

3533. A) With trembling and shuddering

3534. C) None of His words would be delayed any longer

3535. C) The daughters of his people who prophesied out of their own imagination

3536. A) Some of the elders of Israel

3537. B) An allegory and a parable

3538. A) The princes of Israel

3539. A) To inquire of the LORD

3540. D) The forest of the southland

3541. A) 'Isn't he just telling parables?'

3542. B) Jerusalem

3543. C) Because of the news that was coming

3544. B) The city of bloodshed

3545. B) The king of Babylon had laid siege to Jerusalem that very day

3546. C) A cooking pot

3547. B) The delight of your eyes

3548. B) Not lament or weep, but groan quietly

3549. D) In the evening after he spoke to the people in the morning

3550. B) sign

3551. C) It would be opened, and he would no longer be silent

3552. B) Sidon

3553. B) Pharaoh king of Egypt

3554. A) Pharaoh king of Egypt and his hordes

3555. B) To the earth below, with those who go down to the pit

3556. C) "The city has fallen!"

3557. D) The LORD opened his mouth and he was no longer silent

3558. B) They heard his words but did not put them into practice

3559. A) Mount Seir

3560. B) Bones

3561. C) "Sovereign LORD, you alone know."

3562. D) LORD

3563. A) A rattling sound

3564. C) Breath

3565. D) From the four winds

3566. D) Join them into one stick in his hand

3567. A) Judah, and Joseph (Ephraim)

3568. A) Gog, of the land of Magog

3569. B) Fourteen years

3570. C) On a very high mountain in the land of Israel

3571. A) Tell the people of Israel

3572. B) A wall

3573. B) From the east

3574. D) He fell facedown

3575. A) The glory of the LORD filled the temple

3576. B) So they would be ashamed of their sins

3577. B) Water

3578. C) Ankle-deep, then knee-deep, then waist-deep, then too deep to cross

3579. D) A great number of trees

Ezer

3580. C) They went down to seize the livestock of Gath

Ezra

3581. C) Artaxerxes

3582. B) Aaron

3583. A) The Law of Moses

3584. D) The hand of the LORD his God was on him

3585. B) The fifth month

3586. C) Studying, observing and teaching the Law of the LORD

3587. A) Go to Jerusalem with Ezra

3588. B) Magistrates and judges

3589. C) God had put it into the king's heart to honour the house of the LORD

3590. B) The Ahava Canal

3591. C) The Levites

3592. A) Iddo

3593. D) A fast to humble themselves before God

3594. A) He had told the king God's hand is on those who look to him

3595. B) God answered their prayer

3596. C) Twelve leading priests

3597. D) consecrated

3598. A) The hand of their God was on them and protected them

3599. B) The people had not kept themselves separate from the neighbouring peoples

3600. C) He tore his clothes and pulled hair from his head and beard

3601. D) Everyone who trembled at the words of God

3602. B) At the evening sacrifice

3603. C) heavens

3604. A) Too ashamed to lift up his face to God

3605. D) Forsaken them

3606. A) God had punished them less than their sins deserved

3607. B) They gathered and wept bitterly too

3608. A) courage

3609. D) He ate no food and drank no water while he mourned

3610. C) They said, "You are right! We must do as you say."

3611. B) Ezra

3612. A) In the square before the Water Gate

3613. C) From daybreak till noon

3614. D) A high wooden platform built for the occasion

3615. A) They stood up

3616. B) Amen

3617. D) Because the day was holy to the LORD

3618. D) They were to live in temporary shelters

3619. B) Seven days

3620. C) Ezra the teacher of the Law

Felix

3621. B) Felix

3622. C) Claudius Lysias

3623. B) Cilicia

3624. C) Herod's palace

3625. D) He was well acquainted with the Way and wanted to hear from Lysias

3626. A) Keep him under guard but give him some freedom and let his friends help him

3627. B) Drusilla

3628. C) Faith in Christ Jesus

3629. D) He was afraid and said, 'That's enough for now!'

3630. A) He was hoping Paul would offer him a bribe

3631. B) Two years

3632. C) Porcius Festus

Festus

3633. C) Porcius Festus

3634. A) Three days

3635. B) They were preparing an ambush to kill him on the way

3636. C) Caesarea

3637. D) Eight or ten days

3638. A) They could not prove them

3639. C) Are you willing to go up to Jerusalem and stand trial there?

3640. B) go

3641. C) King Agrippa

3642. D) They must face their accusers and have a chance to defend themselves

3643. A) Alive

3644. D) He had done nothing deserving death

3645. A) He had nothing definite to write to His Majesty about him

3646. C) You are out of your mind, Paul!

3647. B) What I am saying is true and reasonable

3648. B) He was not doing anything that deserved death or imprisonment

3649. A) He could have been set free if he had not appealed to Caesar

Fortunatus

3650. A) Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus

Gaal

3651. A) Gaal son of Ebed

3652. C) Zebul

3653. B) shadows

Gabriel

3654. B) Gabriel

3655. C) The time of the end

3656. D) He was terrified and fell face down

3657. A) The kings of Media and Persia

3658. B) The king of Greece

3659. C) Four kingdoms that would not have the same power

3660. D) Not by human power

3661. D) About the time of the evening sacrifice

3662. A) A word went out, and Gabriel came to tell him

3663. B) As highly esteemed

3664. C) Seventy 'sevens'

3665. D) Restore and rebuild Jerusalem

3666. B) Gabriel

3667. C) He did not believe the angel's words

3668. D) Nazareth

3669. B) The sixth month

3670. C) Jesus

3671. D) David

3672. B) The Holy Spirit would come on her

3673. A) fail

3674. D) She said, 'I am the Lord's servant. May your word to me be fulfilled.'

Gad

3675. D) Gad

3676. B) Gad

3677. A) Three days of plague

3678. C) On the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite

3679. C) Gad

3680. D) Three years of exile

3681. D) An altar to the LORD

3682. D) Elijah the prophet

3683. C) David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet

Gaius

3684. B) Gaius and Aristarchus

3685. A) Crispus and Gaius

3686. C) Gaius

3687. A) That he would enjoy good health and all would go well with him

3688. B) He showed hospitality to traveling believers, even strangers

3689. C) good

3690. D) Face to face

Gallio

3691. A) Gallio

3692. B) It was a question of words, names and their own law

3693. D) Sosthenes

Gamaliel

3694. B) Gamaliel

3695. C) Theudas and Judas the Galilean

3696. D) If this is from God, they will find themselves fighting against God

3697. B) Gamaliel

Gedaliah

3698. C) Gedaliah son of Ahikam

3699. B) Do not be afraid; settle down in the land and serve the king of Babylon

3700. A) Ishmael son of Nethaniah

3701. B) Gedaliah son of Ahikam, the son of Shaphan

3702. D) Gedaliah son of Ahikam

3703. A) Mizpah

3704. C) "Do not be afraid to serve the Babylonians. Settle down in the land."

3705. B) Baalis king of the Ammonites

3706. C) He told him not to do it, saying what he said about Ishmael was not true

3707. B) Ishmael son of Nethaniah

3708. C) Eating together at Mizpah

3709. B) He went out weeping and invited them to come to Gedaliah

3710. D) They were afraid of the Babylonians because Ishmael had killed the governor

Gehazi

3711. A) Gehazi

3712. D) She had no son, and her husband was old

3713. C) "Everything is all right"

3714. B) Gehazi

3715. A) Elisha's staff

3716. B) Gehazi

3717. A) That two young prophets had come and needed silver and clothing

3718. D) anywhere

3719. C) Naaman's leprosy came upon him

3720. A) Gehazi

Gemariah

3721. C) Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah

3722. A) The room of Gemariah son of Shaphan the secretary

3723. B) Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah

Gershom

3724. A) Gershom

3725. D) Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

Gershon

3726. C) Gershon, Kohath, and Merari

3727. C) The curtains, coverings, and hangings of the tabernacle

3728. D) Korah

Geshem

3729. C) Geshem the Arab

3730. D) He said the God of heaven would give them success

3731. B) On the plain of Ono

3732. C) Four times

Gideon

3733. D) Ophrah

3734. A) Threshing wheat in a winepress

3735. C) warrior

3736. B) Joash

3737. D) His clan was the weakest in Manasseh and he was the least in his family

3738. A) Fire flared from the rock and burned up the meat and bread

3739. C) The LORD Is Peace

3740. B) Tear it down and cut down the Asherah pole beside it

3741. D) He was afraid of his family and the townspeople

3742. A) Joash

3743. C) Jerub-Baal

3744. D) He blew a trumpet, calling the Abiezrites to follow him

3745. A) Manasseh, Asher, Zebulun and Naphtali

3746. C) Dew only on the fleece and all the ground dry

3747. B) The fleece dry and the ground covered with dew

3748. D) The angel appears → Gideon builds the altar called The LORD Is Peace → Gideon tears down Baal's altar → he is named Jerub-Baal

3749. C) At the spring of Harod

3750. A) Israel would boast that its own strength had saved it

3751. D) Anyone who trembled with fear

3752. B) Twenty-two thousand

3753. C) The men who lapped the water with their hands to their mouths

3754. A) Three hundred

3755. D) Purah

3756. C) A round loaf of barley bread

3757. A) It was the sword of Gideon, and God had given the Midianites into his hands

3758. D) He bowed down and worshiped

3759. B) Trumpets and empty jars with torches inside

3760. C) Three

3761. A) Gideon

3762. D) At the beginning of the middle watch

3763. C) The Ephraimites

3764. B) Fearful men go home → the water test → Gideon hears the dream → trumpets and jars

3765. D) The Ephraimites

3766. B) He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb

3767. C) Bread

3768. A) Zebah and Zalmunna

3769. D) He punished them with desert thorns and briers

3770. B) Peniel

3771. C) The tower

3772. A) Seventy-seven

3773. D) Jether

3774. B) They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor

3775. C) Rule over them, and his son and grandson after him

3776. A) LORD

3777. D) An earring

3778. B) An ephod

3779. C) Israel worshiped it, and it became a snare to Gideon and his family

3780. A) Forty years

3781. D) Seventy

3782. B) Abimelek

3783. C) In the tomb of his father Joash in Ophrah

3784. D) They failed to show kindness to his family for all the good he had done

3785. D) Elijah

God

3786. B) earth

3787. A) Light

3788. C) Day and night

3789. B) Two great lights

3790. C) Fish in the water and birds in the sky

3791. B) In His own image

3792. A) Every seed-bearing plant and fruit tree

3793. C) Very good

3794. B) He rested from all His work

3795. A) The dust of the ground

3796. C) In a garden in Eden

3797. B) The tree of life and the tree of the knowledge of good and evil

3798. C) The tree of the knowledge of good and evil

3799. C) One of the man's ribs

3800. B) They were afraid because they were naked

3801. B) Crawl on its belly and eat dust

3802. C) Garments of skin

3803. B) He placed cherubim and a flaming sword to guard the way to the tree of life

3804. A) keeper

3805. B) God Himself

3806. A) Their wickedness had become very great

3807. D) Cypress wood

3808. B) A great flood

3809. C) Two of every kind, male and female

3810. A) Seven pairs

3811. C) The Lord

3812. A) He sent a wind over the earth

3813. A) Never again to curse the ground because of humans, or destroy all living creatures as He had done

3814. B) To be fruitful and increase in number and fill the earth

3815. C) Never again to destroy all life with a flood

3816. A) A rainbow in the clouds

3817. C) He confused their language so they could not understand each other

3818. B) To leave his country and go to a land God would show him

3819. C) A great nation, and a blessing to all peoples on earth

3820. B) All the land he could see, forever

3821. A) reward

3822. B) The stars in the sky

3823. B) It was credited to him as righteousness

3824. C) They would be strangers and slaves in a country not their own

3825. B) The storm

3826. A) Who is this that obscures my plans with words without knowledge?

3827. D) Brace himself like a man

3828. C) foundation

3829. A) All the angels

3830. D) "This far you may come and no farther; here is where your proud waves halt."

3831. B) The morning

3832. C) The snow and the hail

3833. A) Whether he can send them and they will report, "Here we are"

3834. D) The lioness

3835. B) The raven

3836. C) Mountain goats

3837. A) donkey

3838. D) Whether it would agree to serve him and stay by his manger

3839. B) On the ground

3840. C) God did not give her wisdom or a share of good sense

3841. A) Horse and rider

3842. D) A flowing mane

3843. B) The south

3844. C) The eagle

3845. B) Whether the one who contends with the Almighty will correct Him

3846. D) He put it over his mouth

3847. A) unworthy

3848. C) Say no more

3849. A) Whether Job would discredit His justice to justify himself

3850. D) Thunder

3851. B) Behemoth

3852. C) The Jordan

3853. B) Leviathan

3854. D) Whether he could make a pet of it like a bird

3855. A) They would remember the struggle and never do it again

3856. C) heaven

3857. C) Flames

3858. A) Straw

3859. D) Nothing on earth is its equal

3860. B) All that are proud

3861. B) purpose

3862. C) eyes

3863. A) Repent in dust and ashes

3864. D) Eliphaz

3865. C) They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had

3866. A) Seven bulls and seven rams

3867. B) Job

3868. D) After Job prayed for his friends

3869. C) Twice as much

3870. A) The LORD watches over the way of the righteous, but the way of the wicked leads to destruction

3871. B) His anointed

3872. C) To throw off the rule of the LORD and his anointed

3873. D) He laughs

3874. A) On Zion, his holy mountain

3875. B) son

3876. C) The nations

3877. A) fear

3878. D) shield

3879. B) From his holy mountain

3880. C) The LORD sustained him

3881. D) deliverance

3882. A) Answer him

3883. D) The LORD has set apart his faithful servant for himself

3884. A) Trust in the LORD

3885. C) Joy

3886. D) peace

3887. A) In the morning

3888. B) He waits expectantly

3889. C) wickedness

3890. D) Those who tell lies

3891. A) By his great love

3892. B) Lead him in his righteousness

3893. D) All who take refuge in the LORD

3894. A) shield

3895. A) Rebuke him

3896. B) His bones were in agony

3897. C) long

3898. D) Because of the LORD's unfailing love

3899. C) The LORD had heard his weeping

3900. A) Minds and hearts

3901. D) upright

3902. A) judge

3903. B) Sharpen his sword

3904. D) Because of the LORD's righteousness

3905. C) majestic

3906. A) Children and infants

3907. B) The work of God's fingers

3908. D) Why God is mindful of and cares for human beings

3909. A) The angels

3910. C) honor

3911. B) The works of his hands

3912. C) heart

3913. A) All the LORD's wonderful deeds

3914. B) In righteousness and with equity

3915. D) The oppressed

3916. A) He has never forsaken those who seek him

3917. B) In Zion

3918. D) afflicted

3919. C) That they are only mortal

3920. B) Why do you stand far off?

3921. A) Because of his pride

3922. D) "God will never notice"

3923. A) helpless

3924. B) The fatherless

3925. C) King

3926. D) He hears their desire and listens to their cry

3927. D) In heaven

3928. B) He observes everyone on earth

3929. C) The wicked who love violence

3930. A) justice

3931. D) The LORD's face

3932. B) Because no one is faithful anymore

3933. D) Because the poor are plundered and the needy groan

3934. A) flawless

3935. B) Seven times

3936. C) The needy

3937. C) "How long?"

3938. A) His face

3939. B) Light

3940. D) unfailing

3941. C) Because the LORD has been good to him

3942. A) To see if any understand and seek God

3943. A) The poor

3944. C) Zion

3945. A) Who may dwell in your sacred tent?

3946. A) good

3947. D) Because the LORD is at his right hand

3948. A) Decay

3949. B) life

3950. C) Joy

3951. A) At night

3952. C) They have held to God's paths and not stumbled

3953. D) Because God will answer him

3954. A) apple

3955. B) In the shadow of his wings

3956. C) Seeing God's likeness

3957. A) strength

3958. B) My rock

3959. D) From his temple

3960. A) The cherubim

3961. C) Deep waters

3962. D) Because the LORD delighted in him

3963. B) light

3964. A) Scale a wall

3965. C) A deer

3966. D) A bow of bronze

3967. B) To David and his descendants

3968. B) glory

3969. C) For the sun

3970. D) soul

3971. B) Make them wise

3972. D) Honey

3973. A) His hidden faults

3974. C) The words of his mouth and the meditation of his heart

3975. C) Jacob

3976. A) From Zion

3977. B) heart

3978. D) Their banners

3979. A) His anointed

3980. C) The name of the LORD our God

3981. B) The LORD's strength

3982. A) A crown of pure gold

3983. C) Life

3984. D) The LORD's presence

3985. A) Because he trusts in the LORD

3986. A) forsaken

3987. C) As enthroned as the Holy One

3988. B) In the assembly

3989. C) All the ends of the earth

3990. D) done

3991. B) shepherd

3992. A) Nothing

3993. C) In green pastures

3994. D) Quiet waters

3995. A) For his name's sake

3996. B) Because the LORD is with him

3997. C) The LORD's rod and staff

3998. D) His enemies

3999. A) overflows

4000. B) In the house of the LORD

4001. A) everything

4002. B) On the seas

4003. C) The one who has clean hands and a pure heart

4004. A) The King of glory

4005. B) The LORD strong and mighty, mighty in battle

4006. C) Almighty

4007. A) Be put to shame

4008. B) paths

4009. C) All day long

4010. D) The sins of his youth

4011. A) The humble

4012. B) For the sake of the LORD's name

4013. C) His covenant

4014. D) Because he is lonely and afflicted

4015. B) Because he has led a blameless life

4016. A) His heart and his mind

4017. D) innocence

4018. A) The house where the LORD lives

4019. B) In the great congregation

4020. C) salvation

4021. B) To dwell in the house of the LORD all the days of his life

4022. D) Upon a rock

4023. B) His father and mother

4024. C) In the land of the living

4025. A) Wait

4026. B) A deaf ear

4027. A) The Most Holy Place

4028. D) Because the LORD heard his cry for mercy

4029. C) shield

4030. A) Leaps for joy

4031. B) Their shepherd

4032. C) holiness

4033. A) "The voice of the LORD"

4034. D) Lebanon

4035. B) A calf

4036. A) The Desert of Kadesh

4037. C) "Glory!"

4038. D) The flood

4039. A) Peace

4040. A) Healed him

4041. C) His anger lasts only a moment, but his favor lasts a lifetime

4042. B) dancing

4043. C) His sackcloth

4044. D) Forever

4045. A) The trap set for him

4046. B) spirit

4047. A) "You are my God"

4048. B) times

4049. C) For those who fear him

4050. D) Those who are true to him

4051. C) Summer

4052. D) The LORD forgave the guilt of his sin

4053. A) hiding

4054. B) Instruct and teach in the way to go

4055. D) The one who trusts in him

4056. B) The lyre

4057. A) new

4058. C) By the word of the LORD

4059. D) Jars

4060. A) He spoke, and it came to be

4061. B) The nation whose God is the LORD

4062. D) Those who fear him

4063. A) At all times

4064. C) All his fears

4065. D) The angel of the LORD

4066. A) Taste

4067. B) They lack no good thing

4068. D) The brokenhearted

4069. A) The righteous person's bones

4070. B) Fight against them

4071. A) Shield and armor

4072. C) salvation

4073. D) He rescues the poor from those too strong for them

4074. C) His well-being

4075. D) All day long

4076. B) The fear of God

4077. C) heavens

4078. D) The highest mountains

4079. A) Both people and animals

4080. B) His river of delights

4081. C) light

4082. C) delight

4083. D) Our way

4084. A) Patiently

4085. A) The LORD upholds him with his hand

4086. C) From the LORD

4087. B) The LORD's arrows

4088. D) David's sighing

4089. D) Savior

4090. B) How fleeting his life is

4091. D) Handbreadth

4092. B) hope

4093. C) As a foreigner and a stranger

4094. C) A slimy pit

4095. A) On a rock

4096. B) Fear the LORD and put their trust in him

4097. D) They would be too many to declare

4098. B) Sacrifice and offering

4099. C) heart

4100. B) On their sickbed

4101. C) "For I have sinned against you"

4102. B) His integrity

4103. C) everlasting

4104. A) deer

4105. B) The living God

4106. B) Put its hope in God

4107. C) The heights of Hermon

4108. D) At night

4109. B) An unfaithful nation

4110. C) His light and his faithful care

4111. A) To his holy mountain

4112. D) delight

4113. B) The lyre

4114. B) Their ancestors

4115. C) By God's right hand and the light of his face

4116. D) boast

4117. A) Forgotten God or been false to his covenant

4118. B) The secrets of the heart

4119. C) Sheep to be slaughtered

4120. D) Because of his unfailing love

4121. A) justice

4122. D) Because he loves righteousness and hates wickedness

4123. B) help

4124. A) Even if the earth gives way and the mountains fall into the sea

4125. C) A river and its streams

4126. D) At break of day

4127. A) The earth melts

4128. B) He breaks the bow and shatters the spear

4129. C) still

4130. C) Clap

4131. A) All the earth

4132. D) Trumpets

4133. B) "Sing praises"

4134. C) On his holy throne

4135. D) Abraham

4136. A) praise

4137. B) The Great King

4138. D) An east wind

4139. A) Within his temple

4140. C) Even to the end

4141. D) Redeem their life or pay God a ransom for them

4142. D) The realm of the dead

4143. A) From the rising of the sun to where it sets

4144. C) From Zion

4145. D) hills

4146. A) Because the world and all that is in it is his

4147. B) Thank offerings

4148. C) Deliver them

4149. C) anger

4150. B) Leave them unpunished

4151. A) The dust of the LORD's feet

4152. B) Bashan, Carmel and Lebanon

4153. B) refuge

4154. C) Those who trust in him

4155. B) An overwhelming flood

4156. A) Their yoke

4157. B) "I am against you"

4158. D) pleased

4159. B) Hearing, seeing and touching

4160. A) beginning

4161. C) The Father

4162. B) So readers could have fellowship with them

4163. D) His Son, Jesus Christ

4164. A) To make their joy complete

4165. B) light

4166. C) They lie and do not live out the truth

4167. B) Purifies us from all sin

4168. C) We deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us

4169. D) confess

4170. A) All unrighteousness

4171. B) A liar

4172. A) If we keep his commands

4173. C) They live forever

4174. D) Eternal life

4175. B) Children of God

4176. B) Believe in the name of his Son, Jesus Christ, and love one another

4177. B) By the Spirit he gave us

4178. D) Because love comes from God

4179. A) love

4180. B) He sent his one and only Son into the world

4181. C) Not that we loved God, but that he loved us and sent his Son as an atoning sacrifice

4182. D) God

4183. A) The Saviour of the world

4184. C) Because he first loved us

4185. A) Anyone who loves God must also love their brother and sister

4186. B) burdensome

4187. B) Eternal life, found in his Son

4188. A) He hears us

4189. B) Pray, and God will give them life

Gog

4190. A) Gog, of the land of Magog

4191. B) Tubal

4192. C) Persia

4193. D) After many days, in future years

4194. A) Like a storm and a cloud covering the land

4195. B) A land of unwalled villages and peaceful people

4196. C) "Have you come to plunder?"

4197. A) Torrents of rain, hailstones and burning sulfur

4198. B) To show His greatness and holiness and make Himself known

4199. B) His bow

4200. C) On the mountains of Israel

4201. C) The Valley of Hamon Gog

Goliath

4202. C) Gath

4203. A) A weaver's rod

4204. D) armies

4205. C) Forty days

4206. A) Goliath was defying the armies of the living God

4207. A) dog

4208. B) The LORD Almighty

4209. A) In his forehead

4210. C) He took Goliath's own sword

4211. B) Jerusalem

4212. D) Goliath's sword

4213. C) Wrapped in a cloth behind the ephod

4214. B) Elhanan son of Jair

4215. A) Goliath's brother Lahmi

Gomer

4216. A) Gomer

4217. B) Because the land was guilty of unfaithfulness to the LORD

4218. C) Lo-Ruhamah

4219. C) Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi

Habakkuk

4220. C) Habakkuk

4221. B) help

4222. A) God let violence and injustice go on without stopping it

4223. C) It was paralyzed

4224. A) Something he would not believe even if he were told

4225. C) everlasting

4226. A) Look on evil

4227. A) Why God would use the wicked to swallow up people more righteous than themselves

4228. C) Fish in the sea

4229. A) On the ramparts

4230. C) tablets

4231. B) Wait for it, because it would certainly come

4232. B) A prayer of Habakkuk

4233. B) mercy

4234. C) Because of the LORD's deeds

4235. C) Wait patiently for the day of calamity on the invading nation

4236. A) The olive crop

4237. C) Rejoice in the LORD

4238. C) Savior

4239. B) deer

Hadad

4240. B) Hadad

Hadadezer

4241. A) Hadadezer son of Rehob

4242. C) He hamstrung all but a hundred

4243. D) The Arameans of Damascus

4244. B) Their gold shields

4245. B) Helam

4246. C) They made peace with Israel and were afraid to help the Ammonites again

4247. C) Hadadezer

4248. D) He hamstrung all but a hundred of them

4249. B) Shophak

4250. A) They made peace with David and would not help the Ammonites anymore

Hadoram

4251. B) Tou king of Hamath

4252. D) Hadoram

Hagar

4253. B) Hagar

4254. C) Sarai had not been able to have children

4255. A) Ten years

4256. A) She began to despise Sarai

4257. D) By a spring in the desert

4258. B) Go back and submit to Sarai

4259. B) Ishmael

4260. A) You are the God who sees me

4261. B) Hagar

4262. D) Eighty-six

4263. B) She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac

4264. A) In the Desert of Beersheba

4265. B) He opened her eyes to see a well of water

4266. C) An archer

4267. D) Mount Sinai

4268. C) Get rid of them

Haggai

4269. B) Haggai and Zechariah

4270. C) They began rebuilding the house of God

4271. A) Haggai and Zechariah

4272. C) Darius

4273. A) Zerubbabel

4274. B) Joshua son of Jozadak

4275. C) They obeyed the voice of the LORD and feared Him

4276. A) with

4277. C) The food becomes defiled

4278. D) Zerubbabel, governor of Judah

4279. D) The twenty-fourth day

Hakaliah

4280. B) Hakaliah

Ham

4281. C) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

4282. A) Shem and Japheth

4283. B) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

4284. D) Enoch

Haman

4285. B) Haman

4286. C) An Agagite

4287. A) Kneel down and pay him honor

4288. C) Destroy all the Jews throughout the kingdom

4289. B) pur

4290. D) Adar

4291. A) Not obeying the king's laws

4292. B) Ten thousand talents

4293. C) His signet ring

4294. A) The city was bewildered

4295. B) Come with Haman to a banquet she had prepared

4296. C) She invited the king and Haman to another banquet the next day

4297. A) Mordecai did not rise or show fear of him at the king's gate

4298. C) Zeresh

4299. D) His victories in battle

4300. B) He still saw Mordecai the Jew sitting at the king's gate

4301. A) Set up a pole and ask the king to have Mordecai impaled on it

4302. D) Fifty cubits

4303. B) To speak to the king about impaling Mordecai on the pole

4304. C) Himself

4305. A) A royal robe the king had worn and a horse the king had ridden

4306. D) delights

4307. B) Mordecai

4308. A) Haman

4309. C) He rushed home with his head covered in grief

4310. D) That since Mordecai was Jewish, Haman could not stand against him and would surely come to ruin

4311. A) The king's eunuchs came and hurried him to Esther's banquet

4312. D) Haman

4313. C) Falling on the couch where Esther was reclining, begging for his life

4314. B) Harbona

4315. D) He was impaled on the pole he had set up for Mordecai

4316. B) Haman's estate

4317. A) His signet ring

4318. D) She begged him to put an end to Haman's evil plan against the Jews

4319. B) Ten

4320. C) Another day in Susa for the Jews and Haman's ten sons impaled on poles

4321. D) Because of the word pur, the lot Haman had cast

Hamor

4322. B) The son of Hamor the Hivite, ruler of that area

4323. C) To get Dinah as his wife

4324. A) That every male in the city be circumcised

Hanamel

4325. A) Hanamel, his cousin

4326. D) Anathoth

4327. B) Seventeen shekels

Hanani

4328. A) Hanani

4329. C) He relied on the king of Aram and not on the LORD

4330. D) The victory over the Cushites and Libyans

4331. A) committed

4332. B) He put him in prison

4333. A) Hanani

4334. D) It was broken down and its gates burned

4335. A) Hanani

Hananiah

4336. A) Hanani

4337. C) He was a man of integrity and feared God more than most people do

4338. C) Hananiah

4339. A) Gibeon

4340. D) The yoke of the king of Babylon

4341. B) Two years

4342. A) "Amen! May the LORD do so!"

4343. C) A wooden yoke

4344. A) A yoke of iron

4345. B) Because he had made the nation trust in lies and preached rebellion against the LORD

4346. D) In the seventh month of that same year

4347. A) Judah

4348. A) Ten days

4349. B) The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables

4350. C) Ten times

4351. D) Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

4352. C) Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

Hannah

4353. C) Elkanah

4354. A) Peninnah

4355. B) A double portion

4356. C) Her rival Peninnah kept provoking her

4357. D) ten

4358. A) A razor

4359. B) Her lips were moving but her voice was not heard

4360. C) soul

4361. D) Her face was no longer downcast

4362. B) Because she asked the LORD for him

4363. C) After he was weaned

4364. A) Hannah brought Samuel to Eli and gave him to the LORD

4365. B) She gave Samuel to the LORD for his whole life

4366. C) Hannah

4367. A) God

4368. B) He raises them up and seats them with princes

4369. B) A little robe

4370. B) Three sons and two daughters

Hanun

4371. D) Hanun

4372. B) Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David

4373. A) That David sent them to spy out the city and overthrow it

4374. C) He shaved off half of each man's beard and cut their garments at the buttocks

4375. A) They hired Aramean soldiers to fight for them

4376. B) Hanun

4377. C) Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David

4378. A) That they had come to spy out the country and overthrow it

4379. D) He shaved them and cut off their garments at the buttocks

4380. B) They hired chariots and charioteers with a thousand talents of silver

4381. B) A thousand cubits

Harbona

4382. B) Harbona

Hasshub

4383. D) In front of their own houses

Hathak

4384. A) Hathak

4385. B) A copy of the text of the edict to destroy the Jews

Hazael

4386. B) Hazael

4387. B) Hazael

4388. A) Forty

4389. D) He knew the harm Hazael would do to the Israelites

4390. C) He would become king of Aram

4391. B) Hazael spread a soaked cloth over his face

4392. B) Jezreel

4393. D) Hazael

4394. A) Gath

4395. D) He sent him the sacred objects and gold from the temple and palace

4396. D) His anger burned because they kept doing evil

4397. C) Hazael

4398. A) Hazael

Heber

4399. D) There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

4400. D) Heber the Kenite

4401. B) Jael

Hegai

4402. A) Hegai

4403. B) Nothing other than what Hegai suggested

Heman

4404. A) Samuel

4405. D) Asaph

4406. D) Kenaniah

4407. B) The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals

4408. D) Heman

4409. A) Fourteen sons and three daughters

4410. B) Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun

4411. B) Heman the Ezrahite

4412. C) night

4413. D) His closest friends

4414. A) In the morning

4415. C) He keeps crying out to the LORD in prayer

Hermogenes

4416. A) Phygelus and Hermogenes

Herod

4417. A) King Herod

4418. A) Disturbed

4419. B) The prophet had written it

4420. C) Go and worship him

4421. B) They were warned in a dream not to go back to Herod

4422. A) To kill all boys in Bethlehem two years old and under

4423. A) Herod died

4424. D) John the Baptist risen from the dead

4425. C) Herodias, his brother Philip's wife

4426. B) lawful

4427. A) He was afraid of the people, because they considered John a prophet

4428. D) Herod's birthday

4429. C) The head of John the Baptist on a platter

4430. B) Because of his oaths and his dinner guests

4431. A) Herod

4432. B) John had rebuked him over Herodias and his other evil deeds

4433. A) Herod the tetrarch

4434. B) That fox

4435. A) Because Jesus was a Galilean under Herod's jurisdiction

4436. B) Perform a sign; Jesus gave him no answer

4437. C) An elegant robe

4438. D) Herod and Pilate

4439. D) James the brother of John

4440. B) The Festival of Unleavened Bread

4441. B) He cross-examined the guards and ordered their execution

4442. C) Tyre and Sidon

4443. A) This is the voice of a god, not of a man

4444. D) He did not give praise to God

4445. A) Manaen

Herod Antipas

4446. D) John, whom he had beheaded, raised from the dead

4447. B) John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife

4448. A) He feared John, knowing him to be a righteous and holy man

4449. C) Whatever she asked, up to half his kingdom

4450. D) Because of his oaths and his dinner guests

4451. B) Herod

Herodias

4452. C) Herodias, his brother Philip's wife

4453. D) Herod's birthday

4454. C) The head of John the Baptist on a platter

4455. B) John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife

4456. B) Her mother

4457. B) John had rebuked him over Herodias and his other evil deeds

Hezekiah

4458. D) Hezekiah

4459. B) Hezekiah

4460. A) He did what was right, just as David had done

4461. D) The bronze snake

4462. C) Nehushtan

4463. B) He trusted in the LORD like no other king before or after him

4464. A) Gaza

4465. D) Sennacherib

4466. C) Gold

4467. B) deceive

4468. D) They remained silent, because the king had said not to answer

4469. C) He tore his clothes, put on sackcloth and went into the temple

4470. B) Isaiah son of Amoz

4471. A) afraid

4472. C) He spread it out before the LORD in the temple

4473. B) cherubim

4474. A) So all the kingdoms of the earth may know that the LORD alone is God

4475. C) In the third year

4476. D) Put your house in order, because you are going to die

4477. C) He turned his face to the wall and prayed to the LORD

4478. B) Before Isaiah had left the middle court

4479. A) tears

4480. D) Fifteen years

4481. C) A poultice of figs

4482. B) It is easy for a shadow to go forward, so going back would be a true sign

4483. A) The stairway of Ahaz

4484. D) Marduk-Baladan

4485. C) Everything in his storehouses and his whole kingdom

4486. B) It would be carried off to Babylon

4487. A) He called it good, thinking there would be peace in his own lifetime

4488. D) A pool and a tunnel

4489. C) Manasseh

4490. C) The high places

4491. A) Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah

4492. D) Hezekiah

4493. C) Hezekiah

4494. B) He did what was right, just as David had done

4495. C) In the first month of the first year of his reign

4496. D) Consecrate themselves and the temple

4497. A) Shut the doors of the portico and put out the lamps

4498. B) So that His fierce anger would turn away from them

4499. C) negligent

4500. B) Seven

4501. C) David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet

4502. D) As the burnt offering began

4503. A) The words of David and Asaph the seer

4504. C) God had brought it about so quickly

4505. B) The Passover

4506. C) Not enough priests had consecrated themselves and the people had not gathered

4507. D) From Beersheba to Dan

4508. A) return

4509. B) Not turn His face from them, for He is gracious and compassionate

4510. C) pardon

4511. D) He healed the people

4512. A) Celebrate seven more days

4513. C) From his own possessions

4514. D) So they could devote themselves to the Law of the LORD

4515. D) They praised the LORD and blessed His people Israel

4516. C) Storerooms

4517. A) He sought his God and worked wholeheartedly

4518. B) Sennacherib

4519. C) So the kings of Assyria would not find plenty of water

4520. D) He repaired the broken walls and made many weapons and shields

4521. A) courageous

4522. B) Only the arm of flesh, but with us is the LORD our God

4523. A) Isaiah son of Amoz

4524. D) A miraculous sign

4525. A) Hezekiah repented of the pride of his heart, as did the people

4526. B) The upper outlet of the Gihon spring

4527. C) To test him and to know everything in his heart

4528. D) Manasseh

4529. A) The high places

4530. C) Hezekiah

4531. B) Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

4532. C) The fourteenth year

4533. A) Sennacherib

4534. B) A splintered reed of a staff

4535. B) Trust in the LORD

4536. A) They remained silent, because the king had commanded them not to answer

4537. C) They tore their clothes

4538. C) Sackcloth

4539. A) Isaiah son of Amoz

4540. B) afraid

4541. D) Spread it out before the LORD in the temple

4542. A) So all the kingdoms of the earth may know that the LORD alone is God

4543. A) Put your house in order, because you are going to die

4544. C) Toward the wall

4545. B) Fifteen years

4546. D) His prayer and his tears

4547. D) The sun's shadow went back ten steps on the stairway of Ahaz

4548. A) back

4549. B) A poultice of figs

4550. B) Marduk-Baladan son of Baladan

4551. D) Everything in his storehouses and his whole kingdom

4552. A) Everything in Hezekiah's palace

4553. C) Some of Hezekiah's descendants

4554. B) Because he thought there would be peace and security in his lifetime

4555. D) Manasseh

4556. A) Micah of Moresheth

4557. D) He feared the LORD and sought His favor, and the LORD relented

4558. B) Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

4559. D) Hezekiah

Hiel

4560. C) Hiel of Bethel

Hilkiah

4561. B) To pay workers to repair the temple

4562. D) Hilkiah the high priest

4563. C) The Book of the Law

4564. C) Hilkiah

4565. D) The Book of the Law of the LORD given through Moses

4566. D) Huldah

4567. A) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

4568. C) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

4569. A) Hilkiah

Hiram

4570. D) Hiram king of Tyre

4571. A) Hiram

4572. C) Cedars of Lebanon

4573. D) wise

4574. C) Floated in rafts by sea

4575. B) Wheat and pressed olive oil

4576. A) Wisdom

4577. A) Byblos

4578. B) Twenty towns in Galilee

4579. C) He was not pleased with them

4580. A) Ophir

4581. C) Supports for the temple and palace, and harps and lyres

4582. B) Gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons

4583. A) Hiram king of Tyre

4584. C) Hiram king of Tyre

4585. A) Hiram had sent David cedar to build his palace

4586. B) A man skilled in working with gold, silver, bronze, iron and cloth

4587. A) Lebanon

4588. C) Wheat, barley, wine and olive oil

4589. B) loves

4590. C) Huram-Abi

4591. A) Joppa

4592. C) Hiram

4593. A) Ophir

4594. B) 450 talents

4595. B) Steps, harps and lyres

4596. A) Once every three years

Hobab

4597. D) Hobab

Hophni

4598. B) Hophni and Phinehas

4599. C) They were scoundrels with no regard for the LORD

4600. A) A three-pronged fork

4601. D) They treated the LORD's offering with contempt

4602. D) They did not listen to their father

4603. A) They would both die on the same day

4604. A) Eli knew his sons were sinning but failed to restrain them

4605. D) Hophni and Phinehas

4606. D) Israel was defeated and the ark itself was captured

Hophra

4607. C) Pharaoh Hophra

Horam

4608. C) Horam king of Gezer

Hosea

4609. B) Beeri

4610. C) Jeroboam son of Jehoash

4611. A) Gomer

4612. B) Because the land was guilty of unfaithfulness to the LORD

4613. D) Jezreel

4614. C) Lo-Ruhamah

4615. A) Not my people

4616. B) The Israelites

4617. C) Fifteen shekels

4618. D) Barley

4619. B) Hosea

Hoshea

4620. D) Hoshea son of Elah

4621. A) Hoshea

4622. D) Shalmaneser

4623. C) Hoshea sent envoys to So king of Egypt and stopped paying tribute

Huldah

4624. C) Huldah

4625. B) Disaster, because they had forsaken Him

4626. A) His heart was responsive and he humbled himself before the LORD

4627. D) His eyes would not see the disaster, and he would be buried in peace

4628. D) Huldah

4629. A) Because the people had forsaken the LORD and burned incense to other gods

4630. B) He would be buried in peace and not see the disaster

Hur

4631. D) Aaron and Hur

4632. D) Aaron and Hur

4633. A) Bezalel

Huram

4634. C) Huram

4635. B) Naphtali

4636. A) Two pillars

4637. D) Jakin and Boaz

4638. B) Twelve bulls

Huram-Abi

4639. C) Huram-Abi

4640. C) Huram

Hushai

4641. A) Hushai the Arkite

4642. A) "Long live the king!"

4643. B) "Why didn't you go with your friend?"

4644. D) good

4645. B) A wild bear robbed of her cubs

4646. C) Gather all Israel from Dan to Beersheba and lead them himself

4647. D) The LORD had determined to frustrate Ahithophel's good advice to bring disaster on Absalom

4648. C) Hushai the Arkite

Hymenaeus

4649. B) Hymenaeus

4650. A) Hymenaeus and Philetus

Ibzan

4651. B) He had thirty sons and thirty daughters

4652. C) Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon

Ichabod

4653. B) Ichabod

Iddo

4654. D) Nathan

4655. C) Iddo

4656. A) Iddo

4657. B) Berekiah

Immanuel

4658. B) Immanuel

4659. C) Curds and honey

Immer

4660. B) Pashhur

Ira

4661. B) Zadok and Abiathar

Irijah

4662. A) Irijah son of Shelemiah

4663. C) Deserting to the Babylonians

Isaac

4664. C) Isaac

4665. B) With Isaac

4666. D) Isaac

4667. A) Eight days old

4668. C) One hundred

4669. B) God had given her joy through Isaac's birth

4670. B) She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac

4671. C) God would make Ishmael into a nation

4672. D) To offer his son Isaac as a sacrifice

4673. A) The region of Moriah

4674. C) Isaac

4675. D) That God Himself would provide the lamb

4676. A) He tied up Isaac and reached for the knife

4677. C) The angel of the LORD

4678. D) A ram caught in a thicket

4679. D) To find a wife for Isaac

4680. B) He wanted a wife from his own people and country

4681. C) Meditating in the evening

4682. B) Isaac married her and she became his wife

4683. C) To Isaac

4684. A) Isaac and Ishmael

4685. A) He prayed to the LORD for her

4686. B) Esau and Jacob

4687. A) The LORD told him not to go to Egypt but to stay in that land

4688. B) That his descendants would be as many as the stars and inherit the land

4689. A) That she was his sister

4690. D) Abimelek

4691. C) A hundredfold

4692. B) Isaac had become too powerful and wealthy

4693. A) Wells of water

4694. C) The LORD had given them room and they would flourish

4695. B) with

4696. D) A peace treaty

4697. B) His eyes were too weak to see

4698. D) Hunt wild game and prepare a tasty meal

4699. A) The voice is Jacob's, but the hands are Esau's

4700. C) Plenty of grain and wine, and rule over nations and his brothers

4701. B) He cried out with a loud and bitter cry

4702. A) To Paddan Aram, to the family of Laban

4703. D) Not to marry a Canaanite woman

4704. B) That God would give him the blessing of Abraham and the land

4705. C) Isaac

4706. A) In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre

4707. A) The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

4708. B) God Almighty

4709. A) His covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

4710. B) That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation

4711. C) That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

4712. A) Because of His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

4713. C) Isaac and Ishmael

4714. A) Israel

4715. B) Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel

4716. C) Isaac

4717. B) Abraham, Isaac, Jacob

4718. A) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

4719. D) living

4720. C) The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

4721. D) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

4722. C) The covenant of circumcision

4723. C) Isaac

4724. A) Rebekah

4725. B) Isaac

4726. B) Tents

4727. B) Even raise the dead

4728. C) Jacob and Esau

4729. A) Abraham

Isaiah

4730. B) Isaiah son of Amoz

4731. A) afraid

4732. C) In the third year

4733. D) Put your house in order, because you are going to die

4734. B) Before Isaiah had left the middle court

4735. C) A poultice of figs

4736. B) It is easy for a shadow to go forward, so going back would be a true sign

4737. A) The stairway of Ahaz

4738. B) It would be carried off to Babylon

4739. A) He called it good, thinking there would be peace in his own lifetime

4740. D) Isaiah son of Amoz

4741. A) Isaiah son of Amoz

4742. B) Isaiah

4743. B) Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

4744. B) The year King Uzziah died

4745. C) The train of His robe

4746. A) Because he was a man of unclean lips and had seen the King, the LORD Almighty

4747. D) A live coal from the altar

4748. B) His guilt was taken away and his sin atoned for

4749. C) Send me

4750. A) Until the cities lie ruined and the land is utterly forsaken

4751. C) Shear-Jashub

4752. D) At the end of the aqueduct of the Upper Pool

4753. C) Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz

4754. A) Uriah the priest and Zechariah son of Jeberekiah

4755. D) symbols

4756. B) Babylon

4757. B) The sackcloth from his body and the sandals from his feet

4758. A) Three years

4759. C) That the king of Assyria would lead Egyptian and Cushite captives away stripped and barefoot

4760. A) A lookout

4761. D) Shebna

4762. A) Isaiah son of Amoz

4763. B) afraid

4764. A) Put your house in order, because you are going to die

4765. B) A poultice of figs

4766. A) Everything in Hezekiah's palace

4767. D) Isaiah

4768. B) light

4769. A) Isaiah

4770. A) reed

4771. D) The nations

4772. A) Isaiah

4773. B) hearts

4774. B) Isaiah

4775. C) hearts

4776. C) Isaiah

4777. B) Isaiah

4778. D) Isaiah

4779. C) Isaiah

4780. C) Isaiah

4781. C) Only the remnant

4782. A) Isaiah

4783. B) A disobedient and obstinate people

4784. A) Jesse

Ish-Bosheth

4785. C) Ish-Bosheth

4786. A) Mahanaim

4787. D) 40 years old; two years

4788. B) Sleeping with Saul's concubine Rizpah

4789. C) Transfer the kingdom from Saul's house to David

4790. A) He was afraid and did not dare say another word

4791. D) He lost courage

4792. B) Baanah and Rekab

4793. A) In the heat of the day while he was resting

4794. B) The head of Ish-Bosheth

4795. D) They killed an innocent man in his own house on his own bed

4796. A) In Abner's tomb at Hebron

Ishbi-Benob

4797. D) Abishai

Ishmael

4798. B) Ishmael

4799. B) Hagar

4800. D) Eighty-six

4801. D) Ishmael

4802. B) With Isaac

4803. C) Thirteen years old

4804. B) She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac

4805. C) God would make Ishmael into a nation

4806. A) In the Desert of Beersheba

4807. B) He opened her eyes to see a well of water

4808. C) An archer

4809. A) Isaac and Ishmael

4810. C) Twelve

4811. D) He married a daughter of Ishmael

4812. A) Ishmael son of Nethaniah

4813. C) Isaac and Ishmael

4814. B) Baalis king of the Ammonites

4815. C) He told him not to do it, saying what he said about Ishmael was not true

4816. B) Ishmael son of Nethaniah

4817. C) Eating together at Mizpah

4818. D) He was of royal blood and had been one of the king's officers

4819. B) He went out weeping and invited them to come to Gedaliah

4820. C) They said they had wheat, barley, olive oil and honey hidden in a field

4821. D) Asa

4822. A) To the Ammonites

4823. B) Near the great pool in Gibeon

4824. C) He escaped with eight men and went to the Ammonites

4825. C) Get rid of them

Israel

4826. A) Israel

4827. B) Family lines from Adam through Abraham, Isaac, Esau and Israel

4828. C) Esau

4829. B) Reuben

4830. C) He defiled his father's marriage bed

Issachar

4831. D) Issachar

Ithamar

4832. C) Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar

4833. C) Phinehas

4834. A) Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons

4835. B) A larger number of leaders were found among Eleazar's descendants

Ittai

4836. D) Ittai the Gittite

4837. D) Joab, Abishai and Ittai

4838. A) gentle

Jaazaniah

4839. A) Jaazaniah

4840. A) Jaazaniah son of Azzur and Pelatiah son of Benaiah

Jabez

4841. D) Jabez

4842. B) Because she gave birth to him in pain

4843. A) territory

4844. C) God granted his request

4845. D) Harm, so that he would be free from pain

Jabin

4846. D) Jabin

4847. A) It was the head of all these kingdoms

4848. A) Jabin king of Canaan

4849. B) Hazor

4850. C) Sisera

4851. D) There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

4852. B) God subdued him, and Israel grew stronger against him until they destroyed him

4853. B) The Kishon

Jacob

4854. B) Esau and Jacob

4855. D) Esau was a skillful hunter, and Jacob stayed among the tents

4856. B) His birthright

4857. A) Rebekah, his mother

4858. C) Esau was a hairy man while Jacob had smooth skin

4859. D) Goatskins on his hands and neck, and Esau's clothes

4860. A) The voice is Jacob's, but the hands are Esau's

4861. C) Plenty of grain and wine, and rule over nations and his brothers

4862. B) He cried out with a loud and bitter cry

4863. D) Jacob had taken the blessing their father gave

4864. A) Flee to her brother Laban in Harran

4865. A) To Paddan Aram, to the family of Laban

4866. D) Not to marry a Canaanite woman

4867. B) That God would give him the blessing of Abraham and the land

4868. B) A stone

4869. C) A stairway reaching to heaven with angels on it

4870. A) The LORD

4871. B) with

4872. C) Bethel

4873. B) To give God a tenth of all he received if God kept him safe

4874. B) Rachel

4875. A) He rolled the stone away and watered Laban's sheep

4876. C) Laban

4877. D) Seven years

4878. B) Like only a few days because of his love for Rachel

4879. D) He gave Jacob Leah

4880. B) It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older

4881. C) Fourteen years

4882. B) Because she was not loved

4883. A) Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah

4884. A) Dinah

4885. C) To be sent home to his own country

4886. D) Laban had learned the LORD had blessed him because of Jacob

4887. B) The speckled, spotted, and dark-colored animals

4888. C) He grew very wealthy with large flocks, servants, and camels

4889. A) The Lord

4890. B) Three days

4891. D) Say anything to him, good or bad

4892. B) A heap of stones

4893. B) A watchtower where the Lord watches between two parties when they are apart

4894. C) Twenty years

4895. B) They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs

4896. A) A heap of stones

4897. A) The angels of God

4898. D) His brother Esau

4899. C) Esau was coming with four hundred men

4900. B) So that if Esau attacked one group, the other might escape

4901. D) To save him from the hand of his brother Esau

4902. D) A gift of livestock from his herds

4903. C) A man wrestled with him until daybreak

4904. A) His hip

4905. A) bless

4906. B) Israel

4907. C) Peniel, because he saw God face to face

4908. D) Esau

4909. C) He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

4910. A) He bowed down to the ground seven times

4911. D) He ran to meet him and embraced him

4912. A) He refused, saying he already had plenty

4913. A) Because God had been gracious to him and he had all he needed

4914. B) The children were tender and the young animals needed a gentle pace

4915. C) A house for himself and shelters for his livestock

4916. B) He bought it and pitched his tent there

4917. C) An altar

4918. D) Dinah

4919. C) That the people of the land would join together and attack him

4920. A) Bethel

4921. B) The foreign gods among them

4922. C) The terror of God fell on the towns around them

4923. B) Israel

4924. C) That a nation and kings would come from him, and the land would be his

4925. A) She called him Ben-Oni, but Jacob named him Benjamin

4926. B) Bethlehem (Ephrath)

4927. B) Twelve

4928. C) Isaac

4929. D) Seir

4930. C) Their possessions were too great for the land to support them both

4931. B) Joseph was born to him in his old age

4932. A) An ornate robe

4933. A) To Shechem

4934. C) They dipped his robe in goat's blood and showed it to Jacob

4935. B) To buy grain because of the famine

4936. C) Benjamin

4937. A) He said everything was against him

4938. C) He refused to let Benjamin go

4939. B) Because the grain they had bought was used up

4940. D) The best products of the land, such as balm, honey, spices, and nuts

4941. A) Double the amount, plus the silver returned in their sacks

4942. B) That their father loved Benjamin deeply and might die if he was lost

4943. D) In the region of Goshen

4944. B) He was stunned at first, then his spirit revived when he believed

4945. D) Beersheba

4946. B) That He would go with him to Egypt and make him into a great nation there

4947. C) Seventy

4948. B) Judah

4949. D) Joseph embraced him and wept for a long time

4950. A) Goshen

4951. A) He blessed Pharaoh

4952. A) One hundred and thirty years

4953. C) Not to bury him in Egypt, but with his fathers in Canaan

4954. C) Luz (Bethel)

4955. D) That they would be counted as his own sons, like Reuben and Simeon

4956. C) Rachel

4957. D) His eyes were failing because of old age

4958. B) He crossed his arms, putting his right hand on the younger son

4959. A) He refused, saying the younger would become greater

4960. B) To tell them what would happen to them in days to come

4961. A) Reuben

4962. C) Simeon and Levi

4963. D) That his brothers would praise him and the scepter would not depart from him

4964. C) A lion

4965. A) Joseph

4966. D) Benjamin

4967. B) Twelve

4968. A) In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre

4969. C) He breathed his last and died

4970. B) He had the physicians embalm it

4971. D) To bury his father in Canaan as he had promised

4972. C) In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre

4973. A) The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

4974. B) God Almighty

4975. A) His covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

4976. B) That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation

4977. C) That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

4978. B) Joseph's

4979. A) Twelve

4980. B) The twelve tribes descended from Jacob

4981. A) Because of His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

4982. C) Isaac

4983. C) Jacob

4984. B) Abraham, Isaac, Jacob

4985. A) Ham

4986. A) Because of the presence of the Lord

4987. B) Treasured possession

4988. C) Jacob

4989. A) His word, laws and decrees

4990. B) So He may teach them His ways and they may walk in His paths

4991. A) light

4992. B) Mighty God

4993. B) Have compassion on them and settle them in their own land

4994. C) Abraham

4995. D) Abraham

4996. C) Little worm

4997. C) Because they sinned and would not follow His ways

4998. C) Jeshurun

4999. C) Those who repent of their sins

5000. D) Jacob

5001. C) Jacob

5002. B) servant

5003. A) Jacob

5004. C) God

5005. D) Bethel

5006. A) Aram

5007. B) Because of the violence against its brother Jacob

5008. D) Stubble

5009. D) Jacob and Abraham

5010. B) The splendor of Jacob

5011. D) Esau

5012. B) His choice of Jacob over Esau

5013. A) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

5014. D) living

5015. C) The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

5016. D) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

5017. A) Jacob's well

5018. B) Seventy-five

5019. B) Tents

5020. C) Jacob and Esau

5021. A) He blessed each of Joseph's sons and worshiped as he leaned on the top of his staff

Jael

5022. D) There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

5023. B) Milk

5024. C) A tent peg and a hammer

5025. D) Heber the Kenite

5026. C) The highways were abandoned and travelers took winding paths

5027. B) Jael

5028. D) A bowl fit for nobles

Jahaziel

5029. C) Jahaziel son of Zechariah

5030. D) God's

5031. A) Take their positions, stand firm and see the LORD's deliverance

5032. B) At the end of the gorge in the Desert of Jeruel

Jahzeiah

5033. A) Jonathan son of Asahel and Jahzeiah son of Tikvah

Jair

5034. B) Jair of Gilead

5035. C) Thirty

5036. D) Havvoth Jair

Jairus

5037. C) Jairus

5038. D) believe

5039. D) Twelve

5040. A) Jairus

5041. B) About twelve years old, and twelve years

5042. A) believe

5043. C) Give her something to eat

Jakeh

5044. B) Agur son of Jakeh

Jambres

5045. B) Jannes and Jambres

James

5046. A) Zebedee

5047. B) At once they left and followed him

5048. C) Peter, James and John

5049. B) The sun

5050. C) A bright cloud

5051. B) Listen

5052. A) He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid."

5053. D) Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

5054. A) The mother of Zebedee's sons

5055. D) That her two sons sit at his right and left in his kingdom

5056. C) cup

5057. B) Those for whom they have been prepared by his Father

5058. A) Indignant

5059. C) James and John

5060. A) They left everything and followed Jesus

5061. B) Peter, John and James

5062. B) Peter, John and James

5063. D) Call fire down from heaven to destroy them

5064. D) James the brother of John

5065. D) James

5066. C) James

5067. D) tent

5068. B) We should not make it difficult for them

5069. A) Working on the Sabbath

5070. A) James

5071. C) That he taught Jews living among Gentiles to turn away from Moses

5072. D) Join four men under a vow, purify himself and pay their expenses

5073. D) James, the Lord's brother

5074. B) James, Cephas and John

5075. C) James

5076. C) James

James son of Zebedee

5077. B) Their father Zebedee

5078. A) Boanerges

5079. A) Peter, James and John

5080. B) Peter, James and John

5081. A) James and John

5082. A) Peter, James, John and Andrew

Jannes

5083. B) Jannes and Jambres

Japheth

5084. C) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

5085. A) Shem and Japheth

5086. B) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

5087. D) Enoch

Jarha

5088. C) He gave his daughter in marriage to his Egyptian servant Jarha

Jashobeam

5089. A) Jashobeam

5090. C) Jashobeam

Jason

5091. B) Jason's house

5092. A) world

5093. C) That there is another king, one called Jesus

Jeconiah

5094. B) Babylon

Jeduthun

5095. B) The ministry of prophesying, with harps, lyres and cymbals

5096. C) The harp

5097. B) Asaph, Heman and Jeduthun

5098. C) Jeduthun

5099. C) Jeduthun

Jehoahaz

5100. C) Twenty-eight years

5101. A) Jehoahaz

5102. C) The LORD listened and gave Israel a deliverer

5103. B) Fifty horsemen, ten chariots and ten thousand foot soldiers

5104. A) Jehoash

5105. B) Three months

5106. C) Three months

5107. A) Egypt

Jehoash

5108. A) Jehoash

5109. D) horsemen

5110. C) A bow and some arrows

5111. B) The LORD's arrow of victory over Aram

5112. A) Three times

5113. D) He should have struck the ground five or six times to completely destroy Aram

5114. D) Three times

5115. A) To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage

5116. D) That Amaziah had become proud after defeating Edom

5117. C) Beth Shemesh

5118. B) Broke down part of its wall and took its treasures and hostages

5119. C) Jeroboam

5120. A) To give its daughter to the thistle's son in marriage

5121. B) God so worked to hand Judah over, because they sought the gods of Edom

5122. D) Beth Shemesh

5123. C) A section of the wall from the Ephraim Gate to the Corner Gate

Jehohanan

5124. D) He ate no food and drank no water while he mourned

Jehoiachin

5125. C) Three months

5126. B) He surrendered with his mother and officials

5127. C) Babylon

5128. A) Mattaniah, Jehoiachin's uncle

5129. C) Awel-Marduk

5130. B) He is given a seat of honour and eats at the king's table for the rest of his life

5131. A) The captive

5132. D) Zedekiah

5133. D) Pull him off

5134. B) As if childless, with none of his offspring sitting on David's throne

5135. B) Jehoiachin

5136. C) Zedekiah

5137. D) Awel-Marduk

5138. A) The thirty-seventh year

5139. B) He was given a seat of honor and ate regularly at the king's table

5140. C) The fifth year

Jehoiada

5141. D) The seventh year

5142. C) Jehoiada

5143. B) King David's

5144. A) The crown

5145. B) She must not be put to death in the temple of the LORD

5146. A) That they would be the LORD's people

5147. B) All the years Jehoiada the priest instructed him

5148. B) A chest with a hole in its lid

5149. A) Beside the altar, on the right side as one enters the temple

5150. B) Jehosheba, wife of the priest Jehoiada

5151. C) The seventh year

5152. B) Jehoiada

5153. D) David

5154. A) The priests and Levites on duty

5155. B) Spears and large and small shields

5156. C) They crowned him, gave him the covenant and anointed him

5157. B) He said she must not be put to death at the temple of the LORD

5158. D) That they would be the LORD's people

5159. B) So that no one who was unclean would enter

5160. B) All the years of Jehoiada the priest

5161. C) Masons, carpenters and workers in iron and bronze

5162. D) One hundred and thirty

5163. A) Because of the good he had done in Israel for God and His temple

5164. B) The kindness Zechariah's father Jehoiada had shown him

Jehoiakim

5165. A) Jehoiakim

5166. D) Nebuchadnezzar

5167. C) Three years

5168. D) Jehoiakim

5169. B) Nebuchadnezzar

5170. D) He built it by unrighteousness and did not pay his workers

5171. C) Cedar

5172. B) That this is what it means to know the LORD

5173. A) A donkey

5174. B) Jehoiachin

5175. A) The first year

5176. A) Early in the reign of Jehoiakim

5177. B) Uriah son of Shemaiah

5178. C) King Jehoiakim had him struck down with a sword

5179. B) Jehoiakim

5180. B) A scroll

5181. B) Jehudi

5182. C) In his winter apartment, with a fire burning in a firepot

5183. A) Cut it with a scribe's knife and threw it into the fire

5184. B) Elnathan, Delaiah and Gemariah

5185. D) The LORD had hidden them

5186. C) It would be thrown out and exposed to the heat by day and the frost by night

5187. B) In the fourth year of Jehoiakim, after Baruch wrote the scroll

5188. B) He did evil in the eyes of the LORD, just as Jehoiakim had done

5189. A) Jehoiakim

Jehoiarib

5190. D) Jehoiarib

Jehonadab

5191. B) Jehonadab son of Rekab

5192. A) zeal

Jehoram

5193. A) Jehoram

5194. D) He had married a daughter of Ahab

5195. C) For the sake of His servant David

5196. B) Rebelled against Judah and set up its own king

5197. A) Libnah

5198. B) Jehoram

5199. C) Jehoram was his firstborn son

5200. D) He put all his brothers to death

5201. A) Eight

5202. B) He had married a daughter of Ahab

5203. C) Because of the covenant the LORD had made with David

5204. D) Edom

5205. A) Because Jehoram had forsaken the LORD

5206. B) Elijah

5207. C) He had murdered his own brothers, who were better than he

5208. D) The Philistines and Arabs

5209. A) Ahaziah, the youngest

5210. B) From an incurable disease of the bowels

5211. C) There was no funeral fire and he died to no one's regret

Jehoshaphat

5212. C) Jehoshaphat

5213. B) Jehoshaphat

5214. A) Seek the counsel of the LORD first

5215. A) Micaiah son of Imlah

5216. D) In disguise

5217. A) The ways of his father Asa, doing right in the LORD's eyes

5218. B) Ezion Geber

5219. D) Jehoshaphat

5220. C) Through the Desert of Edom

5221. B) There was no water

5222. A) Jehoshaphat

5223. C) Because he respected King Jehoshaphat of Judah

5224. A) Jehoram

5225. B) Jehoshaphat

5226. C) In his early years he walked in the ways of his father David

5227. D) The Baals

5228. A) Gifts

5229. B) The high places and the Asherah poles

5230. C) Teach the people

5231. D) The Book of the Law of the LORD

5232. A) The fear of the LORD fell on them

5233. B) The Philistines

5234. C) 7,700 rams and 7,700 goats

5235. D) Forts and store cities

5236. C) Ahab

5237. D) Ramoth Gilead

5238. A) Seek the counsel of the LORD

5239. D) He disguised himself

5240. A) Jehoshaphat cried out, and God drew them away from him

5241. B) Jehu son of Hanani

5242. C) He had helped the wicked and loved those who hate the LORD

5243. A) He had rid the land of Asherah poles and set his heart on seeking God

5244. D) He turned them back to the LORD

5245. C) Judges

5246. A) They were judging for the LORD, not for mere mortals

5247. B) Bribery

5248. D) fear

5249. D) courage

5250. B) The Moabites and Ammonites

5251. C) A fast

5252. D) En Gedi

5253. A) you

5254. C) upheld

5255. D) Men appointed to sing and praise the LORD

5256. C) Three days

5257. A) Twenty-five

5258. B) He made an alliance with wicked King Ahaziah

5259. B) Jehoram

5260. C) Jehoram was his firstborn son

5261. C) He was a son of Jehoshaphat, who sought the LORD with all his heart

Jehosheba

5262. B) Jehosheba

5263. A) At the temple of the LORD

5264. A) Joash

5265. B) Jehosheba, wife of the priest Jehoiada

Jehozadak

5266. B) Nebuchadnezzar

Jehu

5267. A) Ramoth Gilead

5268. D) Olive oil

5269. C) Open the door and run

5270. B) His servants the prophets, shed by Jezebel

5271. D) maniac

5272. C) Spread their cloaks under him, blew the trumpet and shouted, "Jehu is king!"

5273. B) Jehu

5274. A) The idolatry and witchcraft of Jezebel

5275. C) He shot him with an arrow between the shoulders

5276. B) Naboth the Jezreelite

5277. A) Megiddo

5278. C) She painted her eyes, arranged her hair and looked out of a window

5279. B) Two or three eunuchs

5280. A) Choose the best of Ahab's sons, make him king and fight

5281. D) kings

5282. C) Ahaziah king of Judah

5283. B) Jehonadab son of Rekab

5284. A) zeal

5285. D) He pretended he would serve Baal much more than Ahab did

5286. C) Full from one end to the other

5287. B) So that only servants of Baal would be there when he destroyed them

5288. A) Burned the stone and tore down the temple

5289. D) The worship of Baal

5290. C) The worship of the golden calves at Bethel and Dan

5291. B) His descendants would sit on the throne of Israel to the fourth generation

5292. A) He was not careful to keep the law of the LORD with all his heart

5293. C) Twenty-eight years

5294. A) Jehoahaz

5295. C) Jehu's descendants sat on the throne only to the fourth generation

5296. B) Jehu son of Hanani

5297. C) He had helped the wicked and loved those who hate the LORD

5298. A) He had rid the land of Asherah poles and set his heart on seeking God

5299. A) Jehu son of Nimshi

5300. B) Samaria

5301. B) The house of Jehu

Jehu son of Hanani

5302. B) Jehu

5303. C) Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam

Jehudi

5304. B) Jehudi

Jeiel

5305. C) Gibeon

Jemimah

5306. B) Jemimah

Jephthah

5307. B) Gilead

5308. C) He was the son of another woman, so they would not let him share the family inheritance

5309. D) The land of Tob

5310. A) The elders of Gilead

5311. B) trouble

5312. C) Mizpah

5313. D) Israel took his land from the Arnon to the Jabbok when they came up out of Egypt

5314. A) Sihon

5315. B) Chemosh

5316. C) Three hundred years

5317. D) Judge

5318. A) Whatever came out of his door to meet him when he returned would be the LORD's, as a burnt offering

5319. B) Twenty

5320. C) His daughter

5321. D) Dancing to the sound of timbrels

5322. A) She was his only child

5323. B) He had made a vow to the LORD that he could not break

5324. C) She told him to do to her just as he had promised the LORD

5325. D) Two months to roam the hills and weep with her friends

5326. A) Each year the young women of Israel went out for four days to commemorate her

5327. D) Burn down his house over his head

5328. A) He said he had called them, but they did not save him

5329. C) The fords of the Jordan

5330. C) Six

5331. C) Jephthah, Ibzan, Elon, Abdon

5332. A) Jephthah

5333. D) Elijah

Jeremiah

5334. A) Jeremiah

5335. A) Jeremiah

5336. A) Seventy

5337. B) Jeremiah

5338. C) Jeremiah

5339. A) Hilkiah

5340. C) Anathoth

5341. D) The thirteenth year

5342. A) The people of Jerusalem went into exile

5343. B) womb

5344. C) A prophet to the nations

5345. B) He was too young

5346. A) Because God was with him and would rescue him

5347. D) His mouth

5348. C) Build and plant

5349. B) The branch of an almond tree

5350. A) Disaster would come from the north on the land

5351. A) Bronze wall

5352. C) They would not overcome him

5353. C) Josiah

5354. C) Because he heard the trumpet and the battle cry of coming war

5355. D) formless

5356. C) A fire

5357. A) They found it offensive

5358. B) Rejected silver

5359. A) At the gate of the LORD's house

5360. C) Not to pray for them

5361. D) Gilead

5362. A) So he could weep for the slain of his people

5363. B) In the desert

5364. B) great

5365. C) steps

5366. D) "Amen, LORD."

5367. A) A gentle lamb

5368. D) Anathoth

5369. C) Disaster would come on them, and not even a remnant would be left

5370. A) "Why does the way of the wicked prosper?"

5371. B) Their hearts

5372. C) horses

5373. D) The Jordan

5374. C) His own relatives and family

5375. B) A linen belt

5376. A) Perath

5377. C) It was ruined and completely useless

5378. B) Drunkenness

5379. C) Glory

5380. C) A drought

5381. D) name

5382. D) "You will not see the sword or suffer famine."

5383. A) "Can they bring rain?"

5384. C) Because the whole land fought against him and cursed him

5385. A) joy

5386. D) The revelers

5387. A) A deceptive brook, like a spring that fails

5388. B) Worthy, not worthless words

5389. C) Save him from the hands of the wicked

5390. B) Marry and have sons or daughters

5391. A) He had withdrawn His blessing, love and pity from this people

5392. B) A house of feasting

5393. A) They had forsaken God and followed other gods

5394. B) refuge

5395. D) They are not gods at all

5396. B) saved

5397. B) The potter's house

5398. A) Working at the wheel

5399. C) Formed it into another pot as seemed best to him

5400. D) With their tongues

5401. B) A pit

5402. A) A clay jar

5403. B) Some of the elders of the people and of the priests

5404. C) The Potsherd Gate

5405. D) Break it

5406. B) God would smash the nation and city, and it could not be repaired

5407. C) In the court of the LORD's temple

5408. A) Because they were stiff-necked and would not listen to His words

5409. B) Pashhur

5410. A) At the Upper Gate of Benjamin

5411. C) Had him beaten

5412. D) Terror on Every Side

5413. B) In Babylon

5414. A) Because he had to proclaim violence and destruction all day long

5415. D) fire

5416. B) A mighty warrior

5417. C) The day he was born

5418. C) Zedekiah

5419. A) Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah

5420. B) He Himself would fight against them in anger

5421. A) The way of life and the way of death

5422. A) Two baskets of figs

5423. C) One had very good figs and one had very bad figs

5424. A) The first year

5425. C) Twenty-three years

5426. B) They had not listened

5427. C) A cup filled with the wine of His wrath

5428. A) He will roar

5429. A) Early in the reign of Jehoiakim

5430. C) Do not omit a word

5431. B) "You must die!"

5432. D) The New Gate

5433. C) "I am in your hands... if you put me to death, you will bring innocent blood on yourselves."

5434. B) He should not be sentenced to death

5435. A) Ahikam son of Shaphan

5436. B) A yoke out of straps and crossbars

5437. B) Zedekiah

5438. C) Hananiah

5439. A) "Amen! May the LORD do so!"

5440. C) If his prediction came true

5441. C) A wooden yoke

5442. B) Because he had made the nation trust in lies and preached rebellion against the LORD

5443. B) A letter

5444. D) Shemaiah the Nehelamite

5445. B) Write them in a book

5446. B) The eighteenth year

5447. C) In the courtyard of the guard in the royal palace

5448. A) Hanamel, his cousin

5449. D) Anathoth

5450. B) Seventeen shekels

5451. D) Baruch son of Neriah

5452. C) That houses, fields and vineyards would again be bought in the land

5453. B) hard

5454. A) "Is anything too hard for me?"

5455. B) Still confined in the courtyard of the guard

5456. B) unsearchable

5457. D) Zedekiah

5458. B) Jehoiakim

5459. A) To a side room of the LORD's house

5460. C) Bowls full of wine and some cups

5461. B) A scroll

5462. A) Baruch son of Neriah

5463. C) Jeremiah was restricted and could not go to the LORD's temple

5464. D) Go and hide with Jeremiah and tell no one where they were

5465. D) The LORD had hidden them

5466. B) He took another scroll, and Baruch wrote all the words again, with many similar words added

5467. B) Pray to the LORD for them

5468. B) To get his share of the property among the people there

5469. A) Irijah son of Shelemiah

5470. C) Deserting to the Babylonians

5471. B) In a vaulted cell in a dungeon in the house of Jonathan the secretary

5472. D) "Yes, you will be delivered into the hands of the king of Babylon"

5473. A) A loaf of bread from the street of the bakers

5474. B) He was discouraging the soldiers and the people

5475. C) "He is in your hands. The king can do nothing to oppose you."

5476. D) Into a cistern

5477. A) Only mud

5478. B) Ebed-Melek the Cushite

5479. C) Thirty

5480. D) Old rags and worn-out clothes

5481. A) At the third entrance to the temple of the LORD

5482. B) His life would be spared and the city would not be burned

5483. B) That he had pleaded with the king not to be sent back to Jonathan's house to die

5484. A) Until the day Jerusalem was captured

5485. D) Look after him and do for him whatever he asks

5486. B) Gedaliah son of Ahikam, the son of Shaphan

5487. B) Ramah

5488. C) That the LORD Jeremiah's God decreed it because the people sinned and did not obey

5489. A) Come to Babylon, or go wherever he pleased

5490. B) Provisions and a present

5491. A) Mizpah

5492. B) Pray to the LORD for them and ask where they should go

5493. C) Whether favorable or unfavorable, they would obey

5494. D) Ten days

5495. A) They made a fatal mistake, since they would not obey

5496. A) "You are lying! The LORD has not sent you"

5497. C) Baruch son of Neriah

5498. B) Jeremiah the prophet and Baruch son of Neriah

5499. C) Large stones in the clay of the brick pavement

5500. A) Nebuchadnezzar would set his throne over them and spread his royal canopy

5501. A) Memphis

5502. A) "We will not listen to you! We will burn incense to the Queen of Heaven"

5503. B) In the fourth year of Jehoiakim, after Baruch wrote the scroll

5504. C) The Philistines

5505. B) Babylon

5506. B) Seraiah son of Neriah

5507. C) Tie a stone to it and throw it into the Euphrates

5508. D) end

5509. D) Jeremiah

5510. A) Seventy years

5511. C) Jeremiah

5512. C) Jeremiah

5513. A) Jeremiah

Jeroboam

5514. D) Jeroboam

5515. A) Ahijah

5516. C) Twelve

5517. B) Because God would give him ten tribes

5518. D) To Egypt, to King Shishak

5519. C) Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

5520. A) This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah

5521. C) Jeroboam

5522. A) He feared their hearts would turn back to Rehoboam, and they would kill him

5523. A) Two golden calves

5524. C) Bethel and Dan

5525. C) They were not Levites

5526. A) By the altar at Bethel

5527. C) It shriveled up so he could not pull it back

5528. A) The man of God prayed to the LORD for him

5529. C) The LORD had commanded him not to eat bread or drink water there

5530. C) No, he kept appointing priests for the high places from all sorts of people

5531. B) Abijah

5532. A) Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife

5533. C) In him the LORD had found something good

5534. B) Nadab

5535. A) Ahijah the Shilonite

5536. C) Wipe it out, like the house of Jeroboam

5537. C) The worship of the golden calves at Bethel and Dan

5538. C) Jeroboam

5539. B) Jonah son of Amittai

5540. D) The LORD saw their bitter suffering and had not said He would blot them out

5541. C) Jeroboam son of Nebat

5542. B) The altar at Bethel

5543. A) Egypt

5544. B) Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

5545. A) This turn of events was from God, to fulfill His word through Ahijah

5546. A) They obeyed and turned back

5547. A) Jeroboam rejected them as priests of the LORD

5548. B) Goat and calf idols

5549. D) Continual warfare

5550. B) 800,000

5551. C) Mount Zemaraim

5552. A) Golden calves

5553. A) He sent troops around to set an ambush behind them

5554. C) God routed Jeroboam and all Israel

5555. A) Bethel

5556. B) The LORD struck him down and he died

Jeroboam II

5557. C) Jeroboam son of Jehoash

Jeroboam son of Jehoash

5558. B) Jeroboam son of Jehoash

5559. A) Jeroboam

Jeroboam's wife

5560. A) Disguise herself so no one would know she was his wife

5561. C) Ten loaves of bread, some cakes and a jar of honey

5562. D) The LORD told him she was coming and would pretend to be someone else

5563. A) pretense

5564. A) As soon as his mother stepped over the threshold of the house in Tirzah

Jeshua

5565. C) Zerubbabel and Jeshua

5566. C) The altar of the God of Israel

5567. A) Levites twenty years old and older

5568. C) They refused and said they alone would build

5569. C) They began rebuilding the house of God

5570. B) A ram

Jesse

5571. D) David

5572. A) Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David

5573. A) Bethlehem

5574. A) Abinadab and Shammah

5575. D) Seven

5576. A) Tending the sheep

5577. A) Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah

5578. B) To bring food to his brothers and see how they were

5579. D) Jesse

5580. A) Boaz, Obed, Jesse

5581. C) The seventh

5582. B) David son of Jesse

5583. B) The prayers of David son of Jesse

5584. B) Jesse

5585. A) A banner

5586. A) Jesse

Jesus

5587. C) Abraham

5588. A) Joseph

5589. B) Because he would save his people from their sins

5590. C) God with us

5591. B) Conceive and give birth to a son

5592. A) Joseph

5593. B) Bethlehem

5594. A) King Herod

5595. C) shepherd

5596. C) Gold, frankincense and myrrh

5597. A) Bowed down and worshiped him

5598. C) Egypt

5599. C) son

5600. D) Nazareth

5601. B) Nazarene

5602. B) With the Holy Spirit and fire

5603. B) Carry his sandals

5604. C) Galilee

5605. C) To fulfill all righteousness

5606. A) A dove

5607. B) Son

5608. C) The Spirit

5609. B) Forty days and forty nights

5610. A) Stones

5611. B) word

5612. B) The highest point of the temple

5613. B) He quoted Scripture about angels protecting him

5614. A) test

5615. B) All the kingdoms of the world and their splendor

5616. A) him only

5617. C) Angels

5618. B) Capernaum

5619. B) light

5620. B) Repent, for the kingdom of heaven has come near

5621. B) Simon Peter and Andrew

5622. B) people

5623. A) Taught, proclaimed the good news and healed

5624. B) Syria

5625. A) Up on a mountainside

5626. B) heaven

5627. C) They will be comforted

5628. D) The meek

5629. A) righteousness

5630. B) See God

5631. C) The peacemakers

5632. D) The merciful

5633. A) Because their reward in heaven is great

5634. B) salt

5635. C) Under a bowl

5636. D) So they may see our good deeds and glorify our Father in heaven

5637. A) Fulfill them

5638. B) The Pharisees and the teachers of the law

5639. C) Leave your gift and first go and be reconciled

5640. D) No

5641. A) Turn to them the other cheek also

5642. B) Two miles

5643. C) enemies

5644. D) He causes his sun to rise and sends rain on both

5645. A) perfect

5646. A) To be seen by others

5647. D) doing

5648. C) The hypocrites

5649. B) Into your room with the door closed

5650. A) Our Father knows what we need before we ask

5651. D) name

5652. C) heaven

5653. B) Our daily bread

5654. A) debtors

5655. D) one

5656. C) Our Father will not forgive our sins

5657. B) Put oil on their head and wash their face

5658. A) In heaven

5659. D) heart

5660. C) lamp

5661. B) Money

5662. A) The birds of the air

5663. D) Can worrying add a single hour to your life?

5664. C) Solomon

5665. B) kingdom

5666. A) Tomorrow will worry about itself

5667. B) judge

5668. A) The plank

5669. D) Pigs

5670. C) knock

5671. B) A fish

5672. A) The Father in heaven will give good gifts even more to those who ask him

5673. D) The Law and the Prophets

5674. C) The narrow gate

5675. B) Sheep's clothing

5676. A) fruit

5677. D) It is cut down and thrown into the fire

5678. C) The one who does the will of my Father who is in heaven

5679. B) knew

5680. A) The rock

5681. D) A foolish man

5682. C) It fell with a great crash

5683. B) He taught as one who had authority

5684. D) willing

5685. C) He reached out his hand and touched the man

5686. B) The priest

5687. A) A centurion

5688. C) Jesus could just say the word and the servant would be healed

5689. B) He had not found anyone in Israel with such great faith

5690. A) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

5691. D) At that moment

5692. C) Peter's

5693. B) She got up and began to wait on him

5694. A) Isaiah

5695. D) Lay his head

5696. C) dead

5697. B) Sleeping

5698. A) drown

5699. D) "You of little faith, why are you so afraid?"

5700. C) The winds and the waves

5701. B) The region of the Gadarenes

5702. A) Two

5703. D) A herd of pigs

5704. C) They rushed down the steep bank into the lake and died

5705. B) They pleaded with him to leave their region

5706. A) Lying on a mat

5707. D) sins

5708. C) "This fellow is blaspheming!"

5709. B) Forgive sins

5710. A) They were filled with awe and praised God

5711. D) Matthew

5712. C) Tax collectors and sinners

5713. B) doctor

5714. A) mercy

5715. D) Sinners

5716. C) John's disciples

5717. B) When the bridegroom is taken from them

5718. A) New wineskins

5719. D) A synagogue leader

5720. C) Twelve years

5721. B) Her faith

5722. A) "The girl is not dead but asleep."

5723. D) He took her by the hand

5724. C) David

5725. B) faith

5726. A) Speak

5727. D) By the prince of demons

5728. C) Sheep without a shepherd

5729. B) workers

5730. B) Drive out impure spirits and heal every disease

5731. A) The lost sheep of Israel

5732. D) near

5733. C) give

5734. B) Gold, silver or copper

5735. A) Shake the dust off their feet

5736. D) Sodom and Gomorrah

5737. C) doves

5738. B) The Spirit of their Father will speak through them

5739. A) The one who stands firm to the end

5740. D) The One who can destroy both soul and body in hell

5741. C) Sparrows

5742. B) The very hairs of your head

5743. A) Acknowledge them before his Father in heaven

5744. D) sword

5745. C) Their cross

5746. B) Whoever loses their life for his sake

5747. A) A cup of cold water

5748. C) "Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?"

5749. B) He told them to report what they heard and saw: the blind see, the lame walk and the dead are raised

5750. A) poor

5751. D) A reed

5752. C) prophet

5753. B) Whoever is least in the kingdom of heaven

5754. A) Elijah

5755. D) "We played the pipe for you, and you did not dance"

5756. C) "He has a demon."

5757. B) Tax collectors and sinners

5758. A) Bethsaida

5759. D) Tyre and Sidon

5760. C) Capernaum

5761. B) Sodom

5762. A) Little children

5763. D) The Son and those to whom the Son chooses to reveal him

5764. C) rest

5765. B) Gentle and humble in heart

5766. A) light

5767. A) It was the Sabbath

5768. D) David

5769. C) temple

5770. B) Sabbath

5771. A) He had a shriveled hand

5772. D) A person is much more valuable than a sheep, so it is lawful to do good on the Sabbath

5773. C) Stretch out his hand

5774. B) Plotted how they might kill Jesus

5775. A) reed

5776. D) The nations

5777. C) Both talk and see

5778. B) Beelzebul, the prince of demons

5779. A) It will be ruined

5780. D) The kingdom of God

5781. C) against

5782. B) Blasphemy against the Spirit

5783. A) heart

5784. D) Every empty word they have spoken

5785. C) Jonah

5786. B) Three days and three nights

5787. A) Nineveh

5788. D) Solomon's

5789. C) Seven

5790. B) His mother and brothers

5791. A) Whoever does the will of his Father in heaven

5792. B) In a boat

5793. A) Birds came and ate it up

5794. D) They had no root

5795. C) A hundred, sixty or thirty times what was sown

5796. B) The knowledge of the secrets of the kingdom of heaven

5797. A) Isaiah

5798. D) see

5799. C) The evil one

5800. B) Trouble or persecution because of the word

5801. A) The worries of this life and the deceitfulness of wealth

5802. D) Someone who hears the word and understands it

5803. C) An enemy

5804. B) They might root up the wheat with them

5805. A) A mustard seed

5806. D) Yeast

5807. C) The devil

5808. B) Angels

5809. A) sun

5810. D) Sold all he had and bought that field

5811. C) A merchant

5812. B) Threw them away

5813. A) The angels

5814. D) "Isn't this the carpenter's son?"

5815. C) Simon

5816. B) town

5817. A) Because of their lack of faith

5818. D) John the Baptist risen from the dead

5819. A) John's disciples

5820. D) He had compassion on them and healed their sick

5821. C) eat

5822. B) Five loaves of bread and two fish

5823. A) He looked up to heaven and gave thanks

5824. D) Twelve

5825. C) About five thousand men, besides women and children

5826. B) Pray by himself

5827. A) Shortly before dawn

5828. D) A ghost

5829. C) afraid

5830. B) Peter

5831. D) doubt

5832. C) "Truly you are the Son of God."

5833. B) Gennesaret

5834. A) The edge of his cloak

5835. A) Wash their hands

5836. D) He asked why they broke the command of God for the sake of their tradition

5837. C) Honor your father and mother

5838. B) hearts

5839. A) What comes out of their mouth

5840. D) Both will fall into a pit

5841. C) It will be pulled up by the roots

5842. B) Peter

5843. A) The heart

5844. D) Tyre and Sidon

5845. C) A Canaanite woman

5846. A) He did not answer a word

5847. C) "Woman, you have great faith!"

5848. B) Praised the God of Israel

5849. A) Three days

5850. D) Seven loaves and a few small fish

5851. C) Seven

5852. B) Four thousand

5853. A) Magadan

5854. B) A sign from heaven

5855. A) The signs of the times

5856. D) "It will be fair weather"

5857. C) Bread

5858. B) The Pharisees and Sadducees

5859. A) Their teaching

5860. D) Caesarea Philippi

5861. C) Jeremiah

5862. B) living

5863. A) His Father in heaven

5864. D) Jonah

5865. C) church

5866. B) The gates of Hades

5867. A) The kingdom of heaven

5868. D) That he was the Messiah

5869. C) He would be raised to life

5870. B) Never

5871. A) Satan

5872. D) He did not have in mind the concerns of God, but merely human concerns

5873. C) Deny themselves

5874. B) world

5875. A) Reward each person according to what they have done

5876. C) Peter, James and John

5877. B) The sun

5878. A) Moses and Elijah

5879. D) Three shelters

5880. C) A bright cloud

5881. B) Listen

5882. A) He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid."

5883. D) Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

5884. C) John the Baptist

5885. B) The fire or the water

5886. A) Jesus' disciples

5887. D) At that moment

5888. C) Because they had so little faith

5889. B) "Move from here to there"

5890. A) They were filled with grief

5891. D) Whether he paid the temple tax

5892. C) The children

5893. B) In the mouth of the first fish he caught

5894. A) So that they may not cause offense

5895. D) "Who, then, is the greatest in the kingdom of heaven?"

5896. C) A little child

5897. B) children

5898. A) Whoever takes the lowly position of this child

5899. D) Jesus himself

5900. C) A large millstone

5901. B) Cut it off and throw it away

5902. A) See the face of his Father in heaven

5903. D) Ninety-nine

5904. C) That any of these little ones should perish

5905. B) Go and point out their fault, just between the two of you

5906. A) Take one or two others along

5907. D) The church

5908. C) name

5909. B) Peter

5910. A) Seventy-seven times

5911. D) Ten thousand bags of gold

5912. C) Took pity on him, canceled the debt and let him go

5913. B) A hundred silver coins

5914. A) Had him thrown into prison

5915. D) mercy

5916. C) The Father will treat us the same way unless we forgive our brother or sister from the heart

5917. A) The region of Judea to the other side of the Jordan

5918. D) Whether it is lawful for a man to divorce his wife for any and every reason

5919. C) Made them male and female

5920. B) flesh

5921. A) separate

5922. D) Because their hearts were hard

5923. C) For him to place his hands on them and pray for them

5924. B) The disciples

5925. A) these

5926. D) "Teacher, what good thing must I do to get eternal life?"

5927. C) "There is only One who is good."

5928. B) neighbor

5929. A) "What do I still lack?"

5930. D) Sell his possessions, give to the poor, and follow Jesus

5931. C) He had great wealth

5932. B) A camel

5933. A) possible

5934. D) Peter

5935. C) The twelve tribes of Israel

5936. B) A hundred times as much

5937. A) first

5938. B) His vineyard

5939. A) A denarius

5940. D) In the marketplace

5941. C) "Because no one has hired us."

5942. B) Beginning with the last ones hired and going on to the first

5943. A) A denarius

5944. D) They had worked all day in the heat but were paid the same as those who worked one hour

5945. C) generous

5946. B) Crucified

5947. A) The mother of Zebedee's sons

5948. D) That her two sons sit at his right and left in his kingdom

5949. C) cup

5950. B) Those for whom they have been prepared by his Father

5951. D) servant

5952. C) A ransom for many

5953. B) Jericho

5954. A) Shouted all the louder

5955. D) sight

5956. C) They followed Jesus

5957. C) The Mount of Olives

5958. B) A donkey with her colt

5959. A) needs

5960. D) Gentle and riding on a donkey

5961. C) Their cloaks and branches from the trees

5962. B) name

5963. A) "This is Jesus, the prophet from Nazareth in Galilee."

5964. D) The money changers'

5965. C) prayer

5966. B) "From the lips of children and infants you, Lord, have called forth your praise"

5967. A) Bethany

5968. D) It withered immediately

5969. C) prayer

5970. B) "By what authority are you doing these things?"

5971. A) Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin

5972. D) "We don't know."

5973. C) The first, who said "I will not" but later changed his mind and went

5974. B) The tax collectors and the prostitutes

5975. A) A watchtower

5976. D) Beat one, killed another and stoned a third

5977. C) His son

5978. B) cornerstone

5979. A) A people who will produce its fruit

5980. D) They were afraid of the crowd, who held that he was a prophet

5981. D) A wedding banquet

5982. C) They refused to come

5983. B) One to his field, another to his business

5984. A) He sent his army, destroyed those murderers and burned their city

5985. D) The street corners

5986. C) He was not wearing wedding clothes

5987. B) chosen

5988. A) The Herodians

5989. D) Whether it is right to pay the imperial tax to Caesar

5990. C) The coin used for paying the tax

5991. B) Caesar's

5992. A) God

5993. D) The Sadducees

5994. C) Seven

5995. B) The Scriptures or the power of God

5996. A) The angels in heaven

5997. D) living

5998. C) "Teacher, which is the greatest commandment in the Law?"

5999. B) mind

6000. A) All the Law and the Prophets

6001. D) The son of David

6002. C) If David calls him 'Lord,' how can he be his son?

6003. B) No one could say a word, and no one dared ask him any more questions

6004. A) Moses' seat

6005. D) They do not practice what they preach

6006. C) Lift a finger to move them

6007. B) For people to see

6008. A) Rabbi

6009. D) They have one Teacher, and they are all brothers

6010. C) heaven

6011. B) The Messiah

6012. A) exalted

6013. D) Shut the door in people's faces

6014. C) Win a single convert

6015. B) The gold of the temple

6016. A) Mint, dill and cumin

6017. D) Justice, mercy and faithfulness

6018. C) camel

6019. B) Greed and self-indulgence

6020. A) Whitewashed tombs

6021. D) Zechariah son of Berekiah

6022. C) Jerusalem

6023. B) hen

6024. A) desolate

6025. B) Not one stone would be left on another

6026. A) On the Mount of Olives

6027. D) deceives

6028. C) "I am the Messiah"

6029. B) Such things must happen, but the end is still to come

6030. A) Birth pains

6031. D) It will grow cold

6032. C) This gospel of the kingdom will be preached in the whole world

6033. B) Daniel

6034. A) The mountains

6035. D) In winter or on the Sabbath

6036. C) Perform great signs and wonders

6037. B) Lightning

6038. A) It will be darkened

6039. D) The clouds of heaven

6040. C) Gather his elect from the four winds

6041. B) When its leaves come out, summer is near

6042. A) words

6043. D) Only the Father

6044. C) Noah

6045. A) One will be taken and the other left

6046. D) watch

6047. C) At an hour when you do not expect him

6048. B) Put him in charge of all his possessions

6049. A) "My master is staying away a long time."

6050. C) Five

6051. B) Oil in jars along with their lamps

6052. A) They became drowsy and fell asleep

6053. D) At midnight

6054. C) Go to those who sell oil and buy some

6055. B) The bridegroom arrived, the ready ones went in, and the door was shut

6056. A) know

6057. D) Five

6058. C) According to each one's ability

6059. B) Gained two more

6060. A) Dug a hole in the ground and hid it

6061. D) faithful

6062. C) Put him in charge of many things

6063. B) He said the master was a hard man and he was afraid

6064. A) lazy

6065. D) The bankers

6066. C) The one who had ten bags

6067. B) The sheep from the goats

6068. A) On his right

6069. D) The kingdom

6070. C) Built him a house

6071. B) least

6072. A) The devil and his angels

6073. D) To eternal life

6074. D) Passover

6075. C) Caiaphas

6076. A) Simon the Leper

6077. D) Very expensive perfume from an alabaster jar

6078. C) They said it could have been sold and the money given to the poor

6079. B) Prepared him for burial

6080. A) Thirty pieces of silver

6081. D) time

6082. C) "Surely you don't mean me, Lord?"

6083. B) The one who dipped his hand into the bowl with him

6084. A) body

6085. D) The forgiveness of sins

6086. C) Sang a hymn

6087. B) sheep

6088. A) Three

6089. D) Gethsemane

6090. C) sorrow

6091. B) "Yet not as I will, but as you will."

6092. A) flesh

6093. D) Three

6094. C) A kiss

6095. B) The ear of the high priest's servant

6096. A) die

6097. D) Twelve

6098. C) Deserted him and fled

6099. B) "I am able to destroy the temple of God and rebuild it in three days."

6100. A) "You have said so."

6101. D) Tore his clothes

6102. C) A servant girl

6103. B) His accent

6104. A) A rooster crowed, and Peter went outside and wept bitterly

6105. A) Pilate

6106. D) Jews

6107. C) Jesus made no reply, not even to a single charge

6108. A) Out of self-interest

6109. C) Crucify

6110. B) Washed his hands with water

6111. A) A crown of thorns

6112. D) Scarlet

6113. C) Simon from Cyrene

6114. B) The place of the skull

6115. A) After tasting it, he refused to drink it

6116. D) By casting lots

6117. C) KING

6118. B) Two rebels

6119. A) "He saved others, but he can't save himself!"

6120. D) From noon until three in the afternoon

6121. C) forsaken

6122. B) Elijah

6123. A) It was torn in two from top to bottom

6124. D) Son

6125. D) Jesus had said he would rise again after three days

6126. C) By sealing the stone and posting the guard

6127. D) Rolled back the stone and sat on it

6128. C) White as snow

6129. B) They shook with fear and became like dead men

6130. A) risen

6131. D) Galilee

6132. B) Clasped his feet and worshiped him

6133. A) brothers

6134. D) His disciples came during the night and stole him away while they were asleep

6135. C) To the mountain in Galilee where Jesus told them to go

6136. B) They worshiped him, but some doubted

6137. A) authority

6138. D) All nations

6139. C) The Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit

6140. B) To obey everything he had commanded them

6141. A) age

6142. B) untie

6143. C) The Holy Spirit

6144. A) Jordan

6145. B) The Spirit

6146. B) pleased

6147. C) Forty days

6148. C) Angels

6149. A) After John was put in prison

6150. B) believe

6151. B) Simon and Andrew

6152. B) people

6153. A) He taught as one who had authority, not as the teachers of the law

6154. B) The Holy One of God

6155. A) Simon's

6156. B) They knew who he was

6157. C) He prayed

6158. B) To preach in the nearby villages also

6159. B) willing

6160. C) Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded

6161. C) Jesus could no longer enter a town openly

6162. D) Capernaum

6163. C) Four

6164. A) They made an opening in the roof and lowered his mat

6165. D) Son, your sins are forgiven

6166. D) They believed only God can forgive sins

6167. D) So they would know the Son of Man has authority on earth to forgive sins

6168. A) He got up, took his mat and walked out

6169. C) Levi son of Alphaeus

6170. A) Jesus ate with tax collectors and sinners

6171. B) sinners

6172. B) Guests do not fast while the bridegroom is with them

6173. B) The wine bursts the skins and both are ruined

6174. A) Picking heads of grain

6175. C) David

6176. C) Sabbath

6177. C) He had a shriveled hand

6178. A) To see if he would heal on the Sabbath so they could accuse him

6179. D) kill

6180. B) Angry and deeply distressed at their stubborn hearts

6181. D) The Herodians

6182. C) To keep the crowd from crowding him

6183. A) You are the Son of God

6184. B) Twelve

6185. C) To be with him, to preach, and to have authority to drive out demons

6186. D) Peter

6187. A) Boanerges

6188. B) Judas Iscariot

6189. D) His family

6190. A) Beelzebul

6191. C) Satan would not drive out Satan

6192. B) Tie up the strong man

6193. A) Blasphemy against the Holy Spirit

6194. D) will

6195. B) In a boat on the lake

6196. D) Birds

6197. A) It had no root

6198. C) Thorns

6199. D) Thirty, sixty, or even a hundred times

6200. B) The secret of the kingdom of God

6201. C) The word

6202. A) Satan

6203. D) Trouble or persecution because of the word

6204. C) The worries of this life, the deceitfulness of wealth and the desires for other things

6205. B) On its stand

6206. A) measured

6207. C) He does not know how

6208. D) A mustard seed

6209. A) It becomes the largest of all garden plants and birds perch in its shade

6210. B) He explained everything

6211. D) Sleeping on a cushion

6212. C) drown

6213. A) still

6214. B) Why are you so afraid? Do you still have no faith?

6215. D) Who is this? Even the wind and the waves obey him!

6216. C) In the tombs

6217. A) Cried out and cut himself with stones

6218. D) What do you want with me, Jesus, Son of the Most High God?

6219. B) Legion

6220. A) Pigs

6221. C) About two thousand

6222. D) Sitting there, dressed and in his right mind

6223. B) They pleaded with Jesus to leave their region

6224. A) Go home to his own people and tell them how much the Lord had done for him

6225. D) The Decapolis

6226. C) Jairus

6227. B) Twelve

6228. D) Instead of getting better she grew worse

6229. A) clothes

6230. C) He realized that power had gone out from him

6231. B) faith

6232. D) believe

6233. A) Peter, James and John

6234. B) They laughed at him

6235. C) Talitha koum

6236. A) Something to eat

6237. D) Carpenter

6238. B) James

6239. A) home

6240. C) Their lack of faith

6241. B) Two by two

6242. D) A staff

6243. C) Shake the dust off their feet as a testimony against them

6244. A) Oil

6245. D) John, whom he had beheaded, raised from the dead

6246. C) They were like sheep without a shepherd

6247. D) More than half a year's wages

6248. B) Five loaves and two fish

6249. C) In groups of hundreds and fifties on the green grass

6250. A) He looked up to heaven and gave thanks

6251. B) Twelve

6252. D) Five thousand

6253. A) Up on a mountainside to pray

6254. C) A ghost

6255. D) afraid

6256. B) They had not understood about the loaves; their hearts were hardened

6257. A) Gennesaret

6258. B) Eating with unwashed hands

6259. D) To hold to the tradition of the elders

6260. C) hearts

6261. A) Letting them go and holding on to human traditions

6262. D) Moses

6263. B) Corban

6264. A) What comes out of a person

6265. C) All foods clean

6266. B) From inside, out of a person's heart

6267. D) The vicinity of Tyre

6268. A) Syrian Phoenicia

6269. C) crumbs

6270. D) Her child lying on the bed, and the demon gone

6271. B) A man who was deaf and could hardly talk

6272. C) Put his fingers into the man's ears, then spat and touched his tongue

6273. A) Ephphatha

6274. D) The more he did so, the more they kept talking about it

6275. B) well

6276. C) They had been with him three days and had nothing to eat

6277. A) Seven

6278. D) Seven

6279. B) Four thousand

6280. C) Dalmanutha

6281. D) He sighed deeply and said no sign would be given to that generation

6282. A) One loaf

6283. B) Herod

6284. D) The basketfuls left over when he fed the five thousand and the four thousand

6285. C) Bethsaida

6286. A) People who looked like trees walking around

6287. B) His eyes were opened and he saw everything clearly

6288. D) Caesarea Philippi

6289. A) Elijah

6290. C) Messiah

6291. B) He must suffer, be rejected, be killed and after three days rise again

6292. D) Satan

6293. C) Deny themselves, take up their cross and follow him

6294. A) soul

6295. B) He will be ashamed of them when he comes in his Father's glory

6296. B) Peter, James and John

6297. D) They became dazzling white, whiter than anyone could bleach them

6298. A) Elijah and Moses

6299. C) Three shelters

6300. D) Listen

6301. B) Until the Son of Man had risen from the dead

6302. C) The boy was possessed by a spirit that robbed him of speech

6303. A) From childhood

6304. B) Thrown him into fire or water

6305. D) believes

6306. A) unbelief

6307. C) This kind can come out only by prayer

6308. D) They did not understand and were afraid to ask him

6309. B) Who was the greatest

6310. A) servant

6311. C) A little child

6312. B) John

6313. D) for

6314. A) A cup of water

6315. C) To be thrown into the sea with a large millstone tied around their neck

6316. D) peace

6317. D) The region of Judea and across the Jordan

6318. B) Write a certificate of divorce and send his wife away

6319. A) Because their hearts were hard

6320. C) flesh

6321. B) separate

6322. D) Indignant

6323. C) these

6324. A) Like a little child

6325. D) Took them in his arms, put his hands on them and blessed them

6326. B) What must I do to inherit eternal life?

6327. A) alone

6328. C) To sell everything, give to the poor, and follow Jesus

6329. D) For a camel to go through the eye of a needle

6330. C) possible

6331. A) Persecutions

6332. D) first

6333. B) He would rise

6334. A) James and John

6335. C) Be their servant

6336. D) ransom

6337. B) Bartimaeus

6338. C) David

6339. A) Threw his cloak aside, jumped to his feet and came to Jesus

6340. D) He followed Jesus along the road

6341. C) Mount of Olives

6342. A) A colt that no one had ever ridden

6343. D) needs

6344. B) Their cloaks and branches from the fields

6345. A) Lord

6346. C) The kingdom of our father David

6347. D) Since it was late, he went out to Bethany with the twelve

6348. B) It was not the season for figs

6349. C) May no one ever eat fruit from you again

6350. A) Drove out those buying and selling and overturned the tables of the money changers

6351. D) prayer

6352. B) A den of robbers

6353. C) The whole crowd was amazed at his teaching

6354. D) Peter

6355. A) faith

6356. B) A mountain

6357. D) received

6358. A) Forgive them

6359. C) By what authority he was doing these things

6360. B) Was John's baptism from heaven, or of human origin?

6361. D) They feared the people, who held that John really was a prophet

6362. A) A vineyard

6363. C) Beat some and killed others

6364. D) respect

6365. B) They thought the inheritance would then be theirs

6366. C) cornerstone

6367. A) They knew he had spoken the parable against them

6368. D) Some Pharisees and Herodians

6369. B) A denarius

6370. A) Caesar's

6371. D) God's

6372. C) The Sadducees

6373. B) Seven

6374. D) They did not know the Scriptures or the power of God

6375. A) Like the angels in heaven, neither marrying nor being given in marriage

6376. C) The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

6377. B) strength

6378. D) Love your neighbor as yourself

6379. A) kingdom

6380. C) How can the Messiah then be David's son?

6381. B) They liked honor and devoured widows' houses while making lengthy prayers for show

6382. A) Two very small copper coins

6383. D) They gave out of their wealth, but she gave all she had to live on

6384. D) Not one stone would be left on another

6385. B) On the Mount of Olives

6386. A) Peter, James, John and Andrew

6387. C) deceives

6388. B) The beginning of birth pains

6389. D) Local councils and synagogues

6390. C) nations

6391. A) The Holy Spirit

6392. D) saved

6393. B) Flee to the mountains

6394. A) Winter

6395. C) False messiahs and false prophets

6396. B) The sun will be darkened and the moon will not give its light

6397. D) In clouds with great power and glory

6398. A) His angels

6399. C) When its twigs get tender and leaves come out, summer is near

6400. D) words

6401. B) Only the Father

6402. C) The one at the door

6403. A) Watch

6404. C) Two days

6405. C) Simon the Leper

6406. A) An alabaster jar

6407. B) More than a year's wages

6408. D) beautiful

6409. B) She poured perfume on his body beforehand to prepare for his burial

6410. A) Judas Iscariot

6411. D) A man carrying a jar of water

6412. B) A large room upstairs, furnished and ready

6413. B) One of the twelve, who dips bread into the bowl with him

6414. B) body

6415. A) covenant

6416. B) They sang a hymn

6417. D) Into Galilee

6418. C) Disown him three times

6419. A) Gethsemane

6420. C) you

6421. B) Sleeping

6422. C) weak

6423. C) A kiss

6424. B) One of those standing near cut off his ear

6425. D) Deserted him and fled

6426. A) A young man wearing nothing but a linen garment

6427. D) Many testified falsely, but their statements did not agree

6428. A) am

6429. A) Tore his clothes and called it blasphemy

6430. A) Spit at him, blindfold him and strike him, saying "Prophesy!"

6431. D) Peter remembered Jesus' words, broke down and wept

6432. C) Pilate

6433. A) Are you the king of the Jews?

6434. B) Jesus still made no reply

6435. C) It was out of self-interest

6436. A) The chief priests

6437. D) Crucify

6438. C) He wanted to satisfy the crowd

6439. A) A crown of thorns

6440. B) Purple

6441. A) Simon from Cyrene

6442. B) The place of the skull

6443. C) Wine mixed with myrrh

6444. B) By casting lots

6445. C) Nine in the morning

6446. D) JEWS

6447. C) Two rebels

6448. D) save

6449. A) From noon until three in the afternoon

6450. A) My God, my God, why have you forsaken me?

6451. D) Elijah

6452. D) It was torn in two from top to bottom

6453. B) Son

6454. B) Mary Magdalene

6455. D) Joseph of Arimathea

6456. A) He summoned the centurion to confirm it

6457. A) Rolled a stone against the entrance

6458. C) Mary Magdalene and Mary the mother of Joseph

6459. A) risen

6460. D) Peter

6461. D) Galilee

6462. A) Mary Magdalene

6463. A) For their lack of faith and refusal to believe those who had seen him

6464. D) creation

6465. B) He was taken up into heaven and sat at the right hand of God

6466. C) Jesus

6467. D) David

6468. D) In a manger

6469. B) There was no guest room available for them

6470. D) Savior, Messiah, the Lord

6471. A) A baby wrapped in cloths and lying in a manger

6472. B) They spread the word about what they had been told

6473. A) The eighth day

6474. A) The Gentiles

6475. B) She gave thanks to God and spoke about the child

6476. C) Nazareth

6477. D) Twelve

6478. C) Three days

6479. A) Sitting among the teachers, listening and asking questions

6480. B) Father's

6481. C) He was obedient to them

6482. B) Wisdom, stature, and favor with God and man

6483. C) The Holy Spirit and fire

6484. A) Praying

6485. D) In bodily form like a dove

6486. B) pleased

6487. C) Thirty

6488. A) He was the son, so it was thought, of Joseph

6489. D) David

6490. B) Adam, the son of God

6491. A) Into the wilderness

6492. C) Forty

6493. D) A stone

6494. B) bread

6495. A) Authority and splendor over all the kingdoms of the world

6496. C) only

6497. D) The highest point of the temple in Jerusalem

6498. A) Do not put the Lord your God to the test

6499. C) Until an opportune time

6500. B) Isaiah

6501. C) poor

6502. D) He himself was the one Isaiah wrote about

6503. A) 'Isn't this Joseph's son?'

6504. B) hometown

6505. B) Throw him off a cliff

6506. D) He walked right through the crowd and went on his way

6507. B) Capernaum

6508. A) His words had authority

6509. C) The Holy One of God

6510. A) Simon's

6511. B) By laying his hands on each one

6512. A) They knew he was the Messiah

6513. C) He had to proclaim the good news of the kingdom of God there too

6514. B) Lake of Gennesaret

6515. A) To sit down and teach the people from the boat

6516. C) deep

6517. D) They had worked hard all night and caught nothing

6518. B) sinful

6519. D) people

6520. B) willing

6521. C) He reached out his hand and touched the man

6522. D) Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded

6523. A) Withdrew to lonely places and prayed

6524. B) They lowered him through the roof tiles

6525. C) 'Friend, your sins are forgiven.'

6526. A) So they would know the Son of Man has authority on earth to forgive sins

6527. B) He took his mat and went home praising God

6528. C) Levi

6529. D) A great banquet

6530. A) sick

6531. B) Sinners

6532. C) The bridegroom was still with them

6533. D) The new wine bursts the skins

6534. A) new

6535. A) Picking heads of grain, rubbing them and eating

6536. B) David

6537. C) Sabbath

6538. D) His right hand was shriveled

6539. A) Which is lawful on the Sabbath: to do good or to do evil, to save life or to destroy it?

6540. B) hand

6541. D) Prayed to God on a mountainside

6542. A) Twelve

6543. B) Peter

6544. A) kingdom

6545. B) They will laugh

6546. C) The rich

6547. D) enemies

6548. A) you

6549. B) Lend without expecting to get anything back

6550. C) merciful

6551. D) A good measure, pressed down, shaken together and running over

6552. A) They both fall into a pit

6553. B) The plank

6554. C) By its own fruit

6555. D) heart

6556. A) Why they did not do what he said

6557. B) On rock

6558. C) It collapsed and was completely destroyed

6559. B) A centurion's

6560. A) He did not deserve to have Jesus come under his roof

6561. B) He had not found such great faith even in Israel

6562. C) Nain

6563. A) cry

6564. D) The dead man sat up and began to talk

6565. B) 'A great prophet has appeared among us.'

6566. C) 'Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?'

6567. A) He told them to report what they had seen and heard: the blind see, the lame walk, the dead are raised

6568. C) The least in the kingdom of God is greater than John

6569. D) A glutton and a drunkard, a friend of tax collectors and sinners

6570. A) An alabaster jar of perfume

6571. B) With her hair

6572. C) Simon

6573. D) Five hundred and fifty denarii

6574. A) The one who had the bigger debt forgiven

6575. B) Given him water for his feet, a kiss, or oil for his head

6576. C) little

6577. D) 'Your faith has saved you; go in peace.'

6578. C) It was trampled on, and the birds ate it up

6579. D) The plants had no moisture

6580. A) A hundred times more than was sown

6581. B) word

6582. C) The devil

6583. D) Life's worries, riches and pleasures

6584. A) By hearing the word, keeping it, and persevering

6585. B) On a stand

6586. C) Those who hear God's word and put it into practice

6587. D) Sleeping

6588. A) drown

6589. B) 'Where is your faith?'

6590. C) The region of the Gerasenes

6591. D) In the tombs

6592. A) Legion

6593. B) A large herd of pigs

6594. C) They asked Jesus to leave because they were afraid

6595. D) God

6596. A) Jairus

6597. C) The edge of Jesus' cloak

6598. D) faith

6599. A) believe

6600. B) Peter, John and James

6601. C) Give her something to eat

6602. B) Power and authority to drive out demons and cure diseases

6603. C) Nothing at all

6604. D) Shake the dust off their feet as a testimony against them

6605. B) Bethsaida

6606. C) Five loaves of bread and two fish

6607. D) Five thousand

6608. A) Twelve

6609. B) Messiah

6610. C) He must suffer, be killed and on the third day be raised to life

6611. D) cross

6612. A) What good is it to gain the whole world and lose or forfeit your very self?

6613. B) Peter, John and James

6614. C) They became as bright as a flash of lightning

6615. D) Moses and Elijah

6616. A) His departure, which he was about to fulfill at Jerusalem

6617. C) listen

6618. D) Jesus' disciples could not drive the spirit out

6619. A) Whoever is least among you all is the greatest

6620. B) for

6621. C) Jerusalem

6622. D) Call fire down from heaven to destroy them

6623. A) head

6624. B) They are not fit for service in the kingdom of God

6625. C) Seventy-two

6626. A) workers

6627. B) Lambs among wolves

6628. D) Peace

6629. A) Tyre and Sidon

6630. C) Capernaum

6631. D) Even the demons submitted to them in Jesus' name

6632. B) lightning

6633. A) That their names are written in heaven

6634. B) Little children

6635. C) What must I do to inherit eternal life?

6636. D) yourself

6637. A) 'And who is my neighbor?'

6638. B) Jericho

6639. C) A priest and a Levite

6640. D) A Samaritan

6641. A) Oil and wine

6642. B) To an inn

6643. C) Two denarii

6644. D) Go and do likewise

6645. A) Mary

6646. C) She had chosen what is better, and it would not be taken from her

6647. A) 'Lord, teach us to pray.'

6648. B) name

6649. C) bread

6650. D) For we also forgive everyone who sins against us

6651. A) Three

6652. B) Because of the man's shameless audacity

6653. C) knock

6654. D) A fish

6655. A) The Holy Spirit

6656. B) By Beelzebul, the prince of demons

6657. C) ruined

6658. D) finger

6659. A) against

6660. B) Seven

6661. C) Blessed rather are those who hear the word of God and obey it

6662. D) The sign of Jonah

6663. A) The Queen of the South

6664. B) The men of Nineveh

6665. C) eye

6666. D) Jesus did not first wash before the meal

6667. A) The outside of the cup and dish

6668. B) Justice and the love of God

6669. C) The most important seats

6670. D) Abel

6671. A) The key to knowledge

6672. C) hypocrisy

6673. D) The One who has authority to throw you into hell

6674. A) Five

6675. B) They are all numbered

6676. C) Blaspheming against the Holy Spirit

6677. D) The Holy Spirit

6678. A) Divide the inheritance with him

6679. B) possessions

6680. C) Tear them down and build bigger ones

6681. D) You fool

6682. A) It is the same for whoever stores up things for themselves but is not rich toward God

6683. B) Ravens

6684. C) Who of you by worrying can add a single hour to your life?

6685. D) Solomon

6686. A) kingdom

6687. B) flock

6688. C) heart

6689. D) A wedding banquet

6690. A) The Son of Man will come at an hour when you do not expect him

6691. B) demanded

6692. C) Division

6693. D) They could read the weather but not interpret the present time

6694. B) Some Galileans

6695. C) repent

6696. D) Eighteen

6697. A) Three years

6698. B) Leave it alone for one more year

6699. C) Eighteen years

6700. D) free

6701. A) She straightened up and praised God

6702. B) The synagogue leader

6703. C) He said they untie their animals on the Sabbath, so this daughter of Abraham should be set free

6704. D) A daughter of Abraham

6705. A) A mustard seed

6706. B) Yeast

6707. C) narrow

6708. D) Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

6709. A) first

6710. B) That fox

6711. C) Jerusalem

6712. D) A hen gathers her chicks under her wings

6713. A) name

6714. B) At the house of a prominent Pharisee

6715. C) Abnormal swelling of his body

6716. D) If your child or ox falls into a well on the Sabbath, will you not pull it out?

6717. A) In the lowest place

6718. B) exalted

6719. C) The poor, the crippled, the lame and the blind

6720. D) At the resurrection of the righteous

6721. A) kingdom

6722. B) He had just bought a field and had to see it

6723. C) Five yoke of oxen

6724. D) He had just gotten married

6725. A) The poor, the crippled, the blind and the lame

6726. B) To the roads and country lanes

6727. C) Not one of them would get a taste of his banquet

6728. D) cross

6729. A) Sit down and estimate the cost

6730. B) Twenty thousand

6731. C) Everything they have

6732. D) It is thrown out

6733. B) 'This man welcomes sinners and eats with them.'

6734. C) One hundred

6735. D) He joyfully puts it on his shoulders

6736. A) One sinner who repents

6737. B) Ten

6738. C) Lit a lamp, swept the house and searched carefully

6739. D) angels

6740. A) His share of the estate

6741. B) He squandered it in wild living

6742. C) Feeding pigs

6743. D) The pods that the pigs were eating

6744. A) His father's hired servants had food to spare

6745. B) sinned

6746. C) Like one of his hired servants

6747. D) He ran to his son, threw his arms around him and kissed him

6748. A) The best robe, a ring and sandals

6749. B) The fattened calf

6750. C) lost

6751. D) In the field

6752. A) He became angry and refused to go in

6753. B) Even a young goat to celebrate with his friends

6754. C) yours

6755. B) Wasting the rich man's possessions

6756. C) He was not strong enough to dig and was ashamed to beg

6757. D) Four hundred fifty

6758. A) Eight hundred

6759. B) Because he had acted shrewdly

6760. C) much

6761. D) money

6762. A) The Pharisees

6763. B) It is detestable in God's sight

6764. C) For heaven and earth to disappear

6765. A) In purple and fine linen

6766. D) In Hades

6767. B) A millstone

6768. C) Forgive them

6769. D) Seven times

6770. A) faith

6771. B) A mulberry tree

6772. C) duty

6773. D) Between Samaria and Galilee

6774. A) Ten

6775. B) pity

6776. C) Go, show yourselves to the priests

6777. D) As they went

6778. A) He came back praising God and fell at Jesus' feet

6779. B) A Samaritan

6780. C) nine

6781. D) faith

6782. A) It is not something that can be observed; it is in your midst

6783. B) Noah

6784. C) Lot

6785. D) Lot's wife

6786. A) They will lose it

6787. B) To show that they should always pray and not give up

6788. C) He neither feared God nor cared what people thought

6789. D) justice

6790. A) Because she kept bothering him

6791. B) faith

6792. C) To some who were confident of their own righteousness and looked down on others

6793. D) To the temple

6794. A) Twice a week

6795. B) sinner

6796. C) The tax collector

6797. D) children

6798. A) Like a little child

6799. B) A certain ruler

6800. C) To sell everything, give to the poor, and follow Jesus

6801. D) He was very wealthy

6802. A) A camel

6803. B) possible

6804. C) The third day

6805. D) They did not understand, because its meaning was hidden from them

6806. A) Jericho

6807. B) David

6808. C) He shouted all the more

6809. D) He followed Jesus, praising God

6810. B) Zacchaeus

6811. A) house

6812. B) 'He has gone to be the guest of a sinner.'

6813. D) lost

6814. A) Ten minas

6815. B) 'We don't want this man to be our king.'

6816. C) Charge of ten cities

6817. D) Laid away in a piece of cloth

6818. A) More will be given

6819. B) The Mount of Olives

6820. C) A colt that no one had ever ridden

6821. D) Lord

6822. A) Their cloaks

6823. B) king

6824. C) stones

6825. D) He wept over it

6826. A) Because the city did not recognize the time of God's coming to it

6827. B) prayer

6828. C) All the people hung on his words

6829. B) 'By what authority are you doing these things?'

6830. C) Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin

6831. A) They said they did not know, so Jesus would not tell them his authority

6832. B) They beat, insulted and wounded them and sent them away

6833. C) son

6834. D) They threw him out of the vineyard and killed him

6835. A) cornerstone

6836. B) They knew he had spoken this parable against them

6837. C) Is it right for us to pay taxes to Caesar or not?

6838. D) A denarius

6839. A) Caesar's

6840. B) God

6841. C) The Sadducees

6842. A) They will neither marry nor be given in marriage, and they are like the angels

6843. B) The account of the burning bush

6844. C) living

6845. D) David

6846. A) They like to walk in flowing robes and devour widows' houses

6847. B) Two very small copper coins

6848. C) She gave out of her poverty all she had to live on

6849. D) Not one stone would be left on another

6850. A) Watch out that you are not deceived; do not follow them

6851. B) frightened

6852. C) Great earthquakes, famines and pestilences

6853. D) They would be persecuted and brought before kings and governors

6854. A) Words and wisdom that no adversary could resist

6855. B) Even parents, brothers and sisters, relatives and friends

6856. C) hair

6857. D) firm

6858. A) Flee to the mountains

6859. B) Until the times of the Gentiles are fulfilled

6860. C) In a cloud with power and great glory

6861. D) redemption

6862. A) That summer is near

6863. B) words

6864. C) Carousing, drunkenness and the anxieties of life

6865. D) pray

6866. A) On the hill called the Mount of Olives

6867. A) Peter and John

6868. C) In a large room upstairs, all furnished

6869. D) remembrance

6870. A) covenant

6871. B) The greatest should be like the youngest, and the one who rules like the one who serves

6872. C) serves

6873. D) Sift all of them as wheat

6874. A) That his faith may not fail

6875. B) Three times

6876. C) temptation

6877. D) yours

6878. A) An angel strengthened him, and his sweat was like drops of blood

6879. B) They were exhausted from sorrow

6880. C) With a kiss

6881. D) He touched the man's ear and healed him

6882. A) Into the house of the high priest

6883. C) The Lord turned and looked straight at Peter, and Peter went out and wept bitterly

6884. D) They mocked and beat him, blindfolded him and said, 'Prophesy! Who hit you?'

6885. A) 'You say that I am.'

6886. B) He opposed payment of taxes to Caesar

6887. C) Jews

6888. D) 'I find no basis for a charge against this man.'

6889. A) Because Jesus was a Galilean under Herod's jurisdiction

6890. B) Perform a sign; Jesus gave him no answer

6891. C) An elegant robe

6892. B) Crucify

6893. C) Simon from Cyrene

6894. D) yourselves and for your children

6895. A) The Skull

6896. B) forgive

6897. C) By casting lots

6898. D) THIS IS THE KING OF THE JEWS

6899. A) remember

6900. B) 'Truly I tell you, today you will be with me in paradise.'

6901. C) From about noon until three in the afternoon

6902. D) It was torn in two

6903. A) spirit

6904. B) 'Surely this was a righteous man.'

6905. C) Joseph from Arimathea

6906. D) In a tomb cut in the rock where no one had yet been laid

6907. A) They rested on the Sabbath in obedience to the commandment

6908. A) risen

6909. A) Emmaus

6910. C) They were kept from recognizing him

6911. A) redeem

6912. B) Beginning with Moses and all the Prophets, he explained what the Scriptures said about him

6913. C) When he took bread, gave thanks, broke it and gave it to them

6914. A) Simon

6915. B) Peace

6916. C) A ghost

6917. D) 'Look at my hands and my feet... a ghost does not have flesh and bones.'

6918. A) A piece of broiled fish

6919. B) The Law of Moses, the Prophets and the Psalms

6920. C) Repentance for the forgiveness of sins

6921. D) power

6922. A) Bethany

6923. B) Word

6924. C) All things

6925. A) The darkness has not overcome it

6926. A) To become children of God

6927. B) flesh

6928. C) Moses

6929. C) Untie his sandals

6930. C) Lamb

6931. A) A dove

6932. B) Teacher

6933. B) Cephas

6934. D) Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

6935. B) Under the fig tree

6936. C) You are the Son of God; you are the king of Israel

6937. B) Heaven open and angels going up and down on the Son of Man

6938. B) Cana in Galilee

6939. C) Wine

6940. D) His mother

6941. A) Six stone water jars

6942. D) Jesus revealed his glory and his disciples believed in him

6943. A) Capernaum

6944. B) Passover

6945. C) A whip out of cords

6946. D) market

6947. A) Zeal for your house will consume me

6948. B) Three days

6949. D) His body

6950. A) He knew all people and what was in each person

6951. B) Nicodemus

6952. A) At night

6953. C) again

6954. A) Water and the Spirit

6955. D) The wind blowing wherever it pleases

6956. C) Moses

6957. B) eternal life

6958. D) To save the world through him

6959. D) The friend who attends the bridegroom

6960. A) less

6961. C) Everything

6962. B) Whoever believes in the Son

6963. C) Samaria

6964. A) Jacob's well

6965. C) A drink

6966. A) They had gone into town to buy food

6967. B) Jews do not associate with Samaritans

6968. C) A spring of water welling up to eternal life

6969. B) She had five husbands, and the man she had now was not her husband

6970. C) truth

6971. D) I, the one speaking to you—I am he

6972. B) finish

6973. C) Harvest

6974. D) We have heard for ourselves, and we know this man really is the Savior of the world

6975. A) A royal official

6976. B) He took Jesus at his word and left

6977. A) The boy's fever left at the exact time Jesus said, "Your son will live"

6978. B) The second

6979. A) Do you want to get well?

6980. C) mat

6981. D) On the Sabbath

6982. C) Jesus had slipped away into the crowd

6983. B) At the temple

6984. D) He called God his own Father, making himself equal with God

6985. A) Eternal life

6986. B) Hear his voice and come out

6987. C) John

6988. D) Him

6989. A) Moses

6990. C) The Sea of Tiberias

6991. A) Passover

6992. C) Philip

6993. D) Five thousand

6994. A) He gave thanks

6995. B) Twelve

6996. C) He knew they intended to make him king by force

6997. B) Walking on the water

6998. A) afraid

6999. D) The boat reached the shore where they were heading

7000. B) Food that endures to eternal life

7001. C) To believe in the one he has sent

7002. D) His Father

7003. A) bread

7004. B) They knew his father and mother, and called him the son of Joseph

7005. C) In the synagogue in Capernaum

7006. A) Many disciples turned back and no longer followed him

7007. D) eternal life

7008. B) Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot

7009. B) The Jewish leaders there were looking for a way to kill him

7010. C) Festival of Tabernacles

7011. D) Even they did not believe in him

7012. A) Not publicly, but in secret

7013. A) Some said he was a good man; others said he deceived the people

7014. C) He had not been taught

7015. B) sent

7016. A) He had healed a whole man on the Sabbath

7017. D) correctly

7018. B) The chief priests and the Pharisees

7019. C) The last and greatest day

7020. D) The Spirit, whom those who believed would later receive

7021. A) He is the Messiah

7022. C) They said no one ever spoke the way this man does

7023. A) The Mount of Olives

7024. B) To stone her

7025. C) He bent down and wrote on the ground with his finger

7026. D) sin

7027. A) One at a time, the older ones first

7028. B) sin

7029. C) light

7030. D) Near the place where the offerings were put

7031. A) His hour had not yet come

7032. B) free

7033. D) Everyone who sins

7034. A) You will be free indeed

7035. B) The devil

7036. C) That he was a Samaritan and demon-possessed

7037. D) He rejoiced

7038. A) I am

7039. B) They picked up stones to stone him

7040. B) Since birth

7041. A) Who sinned, this man or his parents, that he was born blind?

7042. C) So that the works of God might be displayed in him

7043. D) light

7044. A) Mud made with saliva

7045. B) The Pool of Siloam

7046. D) The Sabbath

7047. A) He did not keep the Sabbath

7048. B) He is a prophet

7049. D) He said, "Lord, I believe," and worshiped Jesus

7050. A) Now that you claim you can see, your guilt remains

7051. C) A thief and a robber

7052. B) They know his voice

7053. A) gate

7054. D) That they may have life, and have it to the full

7055. B) shepherd

7056. C) He abandons the sheep and runs away

7057. D) He must bring them also, and there would be one flock and one shepherd

7058. A) No one takes it from him; he lays it down of his own accord

7059. B) Festival of Dedication

7060. C) In Solomon's Colonnade

7061. D) follow

7062. A) Snatch them out of his hand

7063. B) one

7064. C) For blasphemy, because they said he claimed to be God

7065. D) Across the Jordan, to the place where John had been baptizing

7066. A) John never performed a sign, but all he said about this man was true

7067. D) For God's glory, so that God's Son may be glorified through it

7068. A) Two more days

7069. B) The Jews there had tried to stone him

7070. C) Lazarus was dead

7071. A) Four days

7072. C) resurrection

7073. D) That he was the Messiah, the Son of God, who is to come into the world

7074. A) wept

7075. B) Martha

7076. C) He looked up and thanked the Father for hearing him

7077. D) Lazarus, come out!

7078. A) Everyone would believe in him, and the Romans would take away their temple and nation

7079. B) Caiaphas

7080. C) A village called Ephraim, near the wilderness

7081. A) Six days

7082. B) Martha

7083. C) About a pint of pure nard, an expensive perfume

7084. C) Palm branches

7085. D) king of Israel

7086. A) A young donkey

7087. B) Philip

7088. C) Fall to the ground and die

7089. D) Thunder, or an angel speaking

7090. A) The kind of death he was going to die

7091. B) light

7092. C) Isaiah

7093. D) They feared the Pharisees and loved human praise more than praise from God

7094. A) Not to judge the world, but to save the world

7095. A) Just before the Passover Festival

7096. C) He washed their feet

7097. D) Peter

7098. A) Not just my feet but my hands and my head as well

7099. B) To set an example, so they should do as he had done

7100. C) master

7101. D) One of you is going to betray me

7102. A) The disciple whom Jesus loved, reclining next to him

7103. B) He gave him the piece of bread after dipping it in the dish

7104. C) Judas was to buy what was needed for the festival or give to the poor

7105. A) Love

7106. B) If we love one another

7107. C) Disown him three times

7108. A) troubled

7109. B) Prepare a place for his disciples

7110. C) Come back and take them to be with him

7111. D) Thomas

7112. A) life

7113. B) Philip

7114. C) Father

7115. D) Do the works he had been doing, and even greater things

7116. A) He would do it

7117. B) commands

7118. C) The Spirit of truth

7119. D) orphans

7120. A) Judas (not Judas Iscariot)

7121. B) Teach them all things and remind them of everything he had said

7122. C) Peace

7123. D) He has no hold over Jesus

7124. A) vine

7125. B) Prunes it so that it will be even more fruitful

7126. C) Because a branch cannot bear fruit by itself unless it remains in the vine

7127. D) nothing

7128. A) They are thrown away, wither, and are burned

7129. B) Bearing much fruit, showing yourselves to be Jesus' disciples

7130. C) So that his joy might be in them and their joy might be complete

7131. D) friends

7132. A) Because everything he learned from his Father he made known to them

7133. B) Jesus chose them and appointed them to bear fruit that will last

7134. C) It hated him first

7135. D) also

7136. A) The Advocate, the Spirit of truth, and the disciples

7137. B) They would be put out of the synagogue, and some would kill them thinking they were serving God

7138. C) Unless he went away, the Advocate would not come to them

7139. A) Sin, righteousness and judgment

7140. C) truth

7141. D) Jesus

7142. A) In a little while you will see me no more, and then after a little while you will see me

7143. B) Joy

7144. C) A woman giving birth

7145. D) joy

7146. A) Because they had loved Jesus and believed he came from God

7147. B) His Father was with him

7148. C) overcome

7149. A) He prayed to the Father

7150. B) That they know the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom he has sent

7151. C) Finished the work the Father gave him to do

7152. D) The one doomed to destruction

7153. A) Not that the Father take them out of the world, but protect them from the evil one

7154. B) They are not of the world, even as he is not of it

7155. C) word

7156. D) Those who will believe in him through their message

7157. A) So that the world may believe that the Father has sent him

7158. B) To be with him where he is, and to see his glory

7159. B) The Kidron Valley

7160. A) Judas

7161. C) They drew back and fell to the ground

7162. A) Put your sword away! Shall I not drink the cup the Father has given me?

7163. B) Annas, the father-in-law of Caiaphas

7164. D) Are you the king of the Jews?

7165. A) world

7166. B) What is truth?

7167. C) Barabbas

7168. A) A crown of thorns

7169. B) A purple robe

7170. C) man

7171. D) He claimed to be the Son of God

7172. A) You would have no power over me if it were not given to you from above

7173. B) If you let this man go, you are no friend of Caesar

7174. D) Golgotha, the place of the Skull

7175. A) Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the Jews

7176. B) Aramaic, Latin and Greek

7177. C) It was seamless, woven in one piece from top to bottom

7178. D) The disciple whom he loved

7179. A) Wine vinegar on a sponge on a stalk of hyssop

7180. B) finished

7181. C) They found that he was already dead

7182. D) Joseph of Arimathea

7183. A) Nicodemus

7184. B) In a new tomb in a garden near where he was crucified

7185. B) The gardener

7186. C) He called her by her name

7187. A) For fear of the Jewish leaders

7188. B) Peace

7189. C) He breathed on them

7190. B) A week later

7191. C) God

7192. D) Those who have not seen and yet have believed

7193. A) So that you may believe that Jesus is the Messiah, the Son of God, and have life in his name

7194. B) The Sea of Galilee (Tiberias)

7195. D) On the right side of the boat

7196. A) The disciple whom Jesus loved

7197. C) A fire of burning coals with fish on it, and some bread

7198. A) The third time

7199. B) Three times

7200. C) Feed or take care of his lambs and sheep

7201. D) The kind of death by which Peter would glorify God

7202. A) Follow

7203. B) If I want him to remain alive until I return, what is that to you? You must follow me

7204. D) If every one were written down, the whole world would not have room for the books

7205. B) Forty days

7206. D) Jerusalem

7207. A) Holy Spirit

7208. C) If He would now restore the kingdom to Israel

7209. D) He said it was not for them to know the times the Father set

7210. A) witnesses

7211. B) Jerusalem, Judea and Samaria, the ends of the earth

7212. C) A cloud

7213. B) He would come back in the same way they saw Him go

7214. C) He raised Him from the dead

7215. B) Messiah

7216. A) A murderer

7217. D) dead

7218. B) Faith in the name of Jesus

7219. B) cornerstone

7220. A) To bring Israel to repentance and forgive their sins

7221. B) The glory of God, and Jesus standing at God's right hand

7222. A) spirit

7223. C) persecute

7224. B) Jesus

7225. A) He went around doing good and healing all who were under the power of the devil

7226. D) Forgiveness of sins through His name

7227. C) John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit

7228. B) The Savior Jesus

7229. C) The forgiveness of sins, and that everyone who believes is set free

7230. C) That there is another king, one called Jesus

7231. B) He raised Him from the dead

7232. C) give

7233. C) Nazareth

7234. A) Rome

7235. A) Alive

7236. D) goads

7237. C) To appoint him as a servant and witness

7238. B) light

7239. C) David

7240. C) His resurrection from the dead

7241. B) Jesus Christ

7242. C) Through faith in Jesus Christ

7243. B) A sacrifice of atonement

7244. B) For us who believe in God who raised Jesus

7245. C) For our justification

7246. A) Peace

7247. D) powerless

7248. A) sinners

7249. B) God's wrath

7250. C) Through the death of His Son

7251. B) The one to come

7252. C) The gift is not like the trespass; it overflows much more

7253. D) Righteous

7254. B) Eternal life

7255. D) His death

7256. C) So that they may live a new life

7257. B) Our old self

7258. A) mastery

7259. D) alive

7260. A) death

7261. B) That they might belong to Him and bear fruit for God

7262. A) Jesus Christ our Lord

7263. C) condemnation

7264. B) Anyone who does not have the Spirit of Christ

7265. C) Life

7266. C) Christ

7267. A) His Son

7268. D) His own Son

7269. A) At the right hand of God

7270. C) Nothing in all creation

7271. A) The stumbling stone

7272. D) culmination

7273. C) Lord

7274. D) The Lord Jesus Christ

7275. D) So that He might be the Lord of both the dead and the living

7276. D) Christ

7277. B) accepted

7278. B) faithful

7279. C) Peter's brother Andrew

7280. B) That only Christ died for them, so they should not divide over leaders

7281. B) Preach the gospel

7282. C) power

7283. C) A stumbling block to Jews and foolishness to Gentiles

7284. D) Redemption

7285. C) crucified

7286. A) Crucified the Lord of glory

7287. D) mind

7288. B) Jesus Christ

7289. D) Until the Lord comes

7290. A) Passover

7291. B) washed

7292. D) Raise us also

7293. A) The Lord

7294. D) Jesus Christ

7295. B) Christ

7296. B) Jesus our Lord

7297. A) They should receive their living from the gospel

7298. A) Christ

7299. C) Christ

7300. A) Christ

7301. A) The night he was betrayed

7302. B) remembrance

7303. C) covenant

7304. D) The Lord's death until he comes

7305. A) They will be guilty of sinning against the body and blood of the Lord

7306. B) The Holy Spirit

7307. A) Christ

7308. B) The third day

7309. A) Cephas

7310. D) More than five hundred

7311. C) Paul

7312. A) Our preaching and your faith are useless

7313. D) firstfruits

7314. B) Christ

7315. B) Christ

7316. A) Our Lord Jesus Christ

7317. C) Lord

7318. C) Our comfort

7319. A) Yes

7320. B) aroma

7321. A) The Spirit of the living God

7322. A) The image of God

7323. D) Jesus Christ as Lord

7324. B) Raise us also with Jesus

7325. A) The judgment seat of Christ

7326. B) love

7327. C) Themselves

7328. D) The new creation

7329. B) ambassadors

7330. C) So that we might become the righteousness of God

7331. A) poor

7332. C) So that through His poverty we might become rich

7333. B) His humility and gentleness

7334. D) thought

7335. B) Christ

7336. A) By God's power

7337. B) fellowship

7338. C) Jesus Christ and God the Father

7339. B) To rescue us from the present evil age

7340. D) By revelation from Jesus Christ

7341. A) The Gentiles

7342. A) By faith in Jesus Christ

7343. B) crucified

7344. C) Loved him and gave himself for him

7345. C) Christ died for nothing

7346. A) By becoming a curse for us

7347. D) Christ

7348. A) To lead us to Christ

7349. B) Children of God

7350. A) one

7351. C) Abraham's

7352. B) When the set time had fully come

7353. A) So that we might receive adoption to sonship

7354. A) freedom

7355. C) Christ would be of no value to them

7356. C) Faith expressing itself through love

7357. A) Crucified it with its passions and desires

7358. A) burdens

7359. D) The cross of our Lord Jesus Christ

7360. C) Jesus

7361. C) spiritual

7362. A) Before the creation of the world

7363. B) Adoption to sonship

7364. B) Through his blood

7365. A) forgiveness

7366. A) To bring unity to all things under Christ

7367. B) A seal, the promised Holy Spirit

7368. B) At his right hand in the heavenly realms

7369. A) Head over everything

7370. B) The church

7371. B) Made us alive with Christ

7372. B) In the heavenly realms

7373. B) To do good works

7374. A) The blood of Christ

7375. B) peace

7376. B) The dividing wall of hostility

7377. A) Through the cross

7378. A) By one Spirit

7379. B) Christ Jesus

7380. A) The boundless riches of Christ

7381. B) With freedom and confidence

7382. A) Faith

7383. A) The love of Christ

7384. B) Apostles, prophets, evangelists, pastors and teachers

7385. C) To equip his people for works of service

7386. B) forgave

7387. A) He gave himself up as a fragrant offering and sacrifice to God

7388. B) For everything

7389. B) Submit to one another

7390. C) church

7391. C) Christ

7392. C) Christ Jesus

7393. D) a servant

7394. A) death on a cross

7395. B) knee

7396. C) As loss for the sake of Christ

7397. D) Transform them to be like his glorious body

7398. A) darkness

7399. B) Redemption, the forgiveness of sins

7400. C) image

7401. B) They were created through the Son and for him

7402. C) The body, the church

7403. A) Through his blood, shed on the cross

7404. B) By Christ's physical body through death

7405. C) glory

7406. C) All the treasures of wisdom and knowledge

7407. A) thankfulness

7408. C) fullness

7409. D) Baptism

7410. C) He nailed it to the cross

7411. A) He disarmed them and triumphed over them

7412. B) In Christ

7413. B) At the right hand of God

7414. B) Christ is all, and is in all

7415. A) Lord

7416. D) peace

7417. B) Jesus

7418. D) His glory and joy

7419. C) When our Lord Jesus comes with all his holy ones

7420. D) The voice of the archangel and the trumpet call of God

7421. B) The dead in Christ

7422. C) In the clouds, in the air

7423. A) Salvation through our Lord Jesus Christ

7424. C) Spirit, soul and body

7425. D) When the Lord Jesus is revealed from heaven in blazing fire with his powerful angels

7426. C) Those who do not know God and do not obey the gospel

7427. D) With the breath of his mouth and the splendour of his coming

7428. C) Encourage their hearts and strengthen them in every good deed and word

7429. A) sinners

7430. B) So Christ could show His immense patience as an example

7431. D) mediator

7432. B) A ransom

7433. B) angels

7434. C) He was taken up in glory

7435. D) Pontius Pilate

7436. B) Death

7437. C) David

7438. B) He remains faithful

7439. B) The crown of righteousness

7440. B) The lion

7441. D) The appearing of the glory of our great God and Savior, Jesus Christ

7442. A) To redeem us from all wickedness and purify a people eager to do good

7443. A) The washing of rebirth and renewal by the Holy Spirit

7444. C) His Son

7445. D) The universe

7446. B) glory

7447. A) He sat down at the right hand of the Majesty in heaven

7448. B) His powerful word

7449. C) The Son is superior to the angels

7450. D) worship

7451. B) A scepter of justice

7452. C) The oil of joy

7453. D) He remains the same and his years never end

7454. A) footstool

7455. B) Jesus

7456. C) For everyone

7457. A) Through what he suffered

7458. D) Brothers and sisters

7459. A) The devil

7460. C) Abraham's descendants

7461. D) high priest

7462. B) Because he himself suffered when he was tempted

7463. C) Apostle and high priest

7464. A) Moses

7465. B) Just as the builder of a house has greater honor than the house itself

7466. A) Moses was faithful as a servant; Christ is faithful as the Son over God's house

7467. D) Jesus the Son of God

7468. A) He was tempted in every way, just as we are, yet he did not sin

7469. A) Son

7470. B) Melchizedek

7471. C) Because of his reverent submission

7472. D) Obedience

7473. A) For all who obey him

7474. A) The elementary teachings about Christ

7475. A) The inner sanctuary behind the curtain

7476. D) Because perfection could not be attained through the Levitical priesthood

7477. B) Judah

7478. C) indestructible

7479. D) covenant

7480. B) Because death prevented the old priests from continuing, but Jesus lives forever

7481. C) Because he always lives to intercede for them

7482. A) He sacrificed for their sins once for all when he offered himself

7483. C) The Lord

7484. A) He would not be a priest

7485. A) Better promises

7486. A) By his own blood

7487. D) Our consciences from acts that lead to death

7488. D) Heaven itself

7489. C) To bring salvation to those who are waiting for him

7490. D) will

7491. A) The priests stand and offer sacrifices again and again, but Christ offered one sacrifice and sat down

7492. B) He has made them perfect forever

7493. D) By the blood of Jesus

7494. A) Jesus

7495. D) For the joy set before him

7496. B) So that we will not grow weary and lose heart

7497. A) Abel's

7498. A) forever

7499. B) Outside the city gate

7500. D) A sacrifice of praise

7501. C) That great Shepherd of the sheep

7502. C) hope

7503. D) The precious blood of Christ

7504. A) A lamb

7505. C) cornerstone

7506. B) It became the cornerstone

7507. B) Leaving an example for them to follow in His steps

7508. B) He did not retaliate

7509. C) wounds

7510. B) The Shepherd and Overseer of their souls

7511. A) To bring you to God

7512. A) Into heaven, at God's right hand

7513. B) With the same attitude

7514. B) So they may be overjoyed when His glory is revealed

7515. B) The Spirit of glory and of God

7516. D) Christ's sufferings

7517. B) A crown of glory that will never fade away

7518. B) Everything we need for a godly life

7519. C) Ineffective and unproductive

7520. B) He would soon die

7521. C) Eyewitnesses of his majesty

7522. D) pleased

7523. A) On the sacred mountain

7524. A) The promise of Jesus' coming

7525. D) knowledge

7526. B) Hearing, seeing and touching

7527. A) beginning

7528. C) The Father

7529. D) His Son, Jesus Christ

7530. B) Purifies us from all sin

7531. B) Jesus Christ, the Righteous One

7532. C) Our sins and the sins of the whole world

7533. C) Jesus

7534. A) The one who denies that Jesus is the Christ

7535. C) So they can be confident and unashamed when he appears

7536. A) We will be like him, for we shall see him as he is

7537. D) To take away our sins

7538. A) The devil's work

7539. D) Jesus Christ laid down his life for us

7540. B) Believe in the name of his Son, Jesus Christ, and love one another

7541. B) Every spirit that acknowledges that Jesus Christ has come in the flesh is from God

7542. B) He sent his one and only Son into the world

7543. C) Not that we loved God, but that he loved us and sent his Son as an atoning sacrifice

7544. A) The Saviour of the world

7545. A) They are born of God

7546. D) The one who believes that Jesus is the Son of God

7547. A) The Spirit, the water and the blood

7548. B) Eternal life, found in his Son

7549. C) Son

7550. D) To give us understanding so that we may know him who is true

7551. D) Grace, mercy and peace

7552. D) Jesus Christ as coming in the flesh

7553. A) They do not have God

7554. B) God gave it to Jesus, Jesus sent his angel, the angel made it known to John

7555. C) The kings of the earth

7556. A) Freed them from their sins by his blood

7557. B) With the clouds

7558. A) Seven golden lampstands

7559. D) Like blazing fire

7560. B) A sharp, double-edged sword

7561. C) He fell at his feet as though dead

7562. A) The keys of death and Hades

7563. D) What he had seen, what is now and what will take place later

7564. B) The seven churches

7565. C) The angels of the seven churches

7566. A) They had forsaken the love they had at first

7567. C) He would remove their lampstand from its place

7568. D) The Nicolaitans

7569. B) The right to eat from the tree of life

7570. A) They were rich

7571. C) Ten days

7572. D) crown

7573. A) The second death

7574. B) Pergamum

7575. C) Antipas

7576. A) A white stone with a new name written on it

7577. B) Burnished bronze

7578. C) Jezebel

7579. D) hearts

7580. A) The morning star

7581. B) They had a reputation of being alive, but were dead

7582. C) Come like a thief

7583. D) They would walk with him, dressed in white

7584. A) Their name from the book of life

7585. B) The key of David

7586. C) An open door

7587. D) Because they had kept his command to endure patiently

7588. A) crown

7589. B) A pillar in the temple of his God

7590. C) The ruler of God's creation

7591. D) Lukewarm

7592. A) Wretched, pitiful, poor, blind and naked

7593. B) Fine wine

7594. C) discipline

7595. D) Standing and knocking

7596. A) The right to sit with him on his throne

7597. D) The Lion of the tribe of Judah

7598. B) Root

7599. A) A Lamb, looking as if it had been slain

7600. C) The seven spirits of God sent out into all the earth

7601. B) Because he was slain and with his blood purchased people for God

7602. C) From every tribe and language and people and nation

7603. A) Lamb

7604. C) White

7605. B) To hide them from the one on the throne and the wrath of the Lamb

7606. D) Salvation

7607. C) By washing them in the blood of the Lamb

7608. A) The Lamb

7609. B) There was silence for about half an hour

7610. A) Sodom and Egypt

7611. A) Messiah

7612. C) By the blood of the Lamb and by the word of their testimony

7613. C) The rest of the woman's offspring, who keep God's commands and hold fast their testimony about Jesus

7614. A) All whose names have not been written in the Lamb's book of life

7615. B) On Mount Zion

7616. C) His name and his Father's name

7617. A) Lamb

7618. B) They keep his commands and remain faithful to Jesus

7619. A) A sharp sickle

7620. B) Because the harvest of the earth is ripe

7621. A) Moses

7622. A) thief

7623. B) Because he is Lord of lords and King of kings

7624. C) His called, chosen and faithful followers

7625. D) The wedding of the Lamb

7626. B) supper

7627. D) Faithful and True

7628. A) Many crowns

7629. B) The Word of God

7630. C) In fine linen, white and clean

7631. D) LORDS

7632. A) A sharp sword

7633. A) Those who had been beheaded because of their testimony about Jesus and had not worshipped the beast

7634. D) Because the Lord God Almighty and the Lamb are its temple

7635. A) Because the glory of God gives it light, and the Lamb is its lamp

7636. C) Only those whose names are written in the Lamb's book of life

7637. B) The river of the water of life

7638. D) keeps

7639. B) End

7640. D) The bright Morning Star

7641. D) Jesus

7642. A) "The grace of the Lord Jesus be with God's people. Amen."

Jether

7643. D) Jether

Jethro

7644. B) His father-in-law

7645. C) Moses' wife Zipporah and her two sons

7646. B) He was delighted and praised the LORD

7647. D) Judging the people alone from morning till evening

7648. C) That he would wear himself out

7649. B) Capable men who fear God and are trustworthy and hate dishonest gain

7650. C) He listened and did everything Jethro said

Jezebel

7651. B) Jezebel

7652. C) He hid a hundred prophets in two caves and gave them food and water

7653. A) Jezebel

7654. A) Jezebel

7655. C) She wrote letters in Ahab's name and sealed them with his seal

7656. D) By the wall of Jezreel

7657. D) He did evil, but not as his father and mother had done

7658. B) His servants the prophets, shed by Jezebel

7659. A) Dogs would devour her at Jezreel and no one would bury her

7660. A) The idolatry and witchcraft of Jezebel

7661. C) She painted her eyes, arranged her hair and looked out of a window

7662. B) Two or three eunuchs

7663. A) It fulfilled the word of the LORD spoken through Elijah

7664. C) Jezebel

Jezreel

7665. D) Jezreel

7666. C) Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi

Joab

7667. B) The pool of Gibeon

7668. C) Each man stabbed his opponent and they all fell down together

7669. A) He blew the trumpet and his men stopped chasing Israel

7670. D) Joab

7671. A) The well of Sirah

7672. B) Abner had killed Joab's brother Asahel

7673. C) They were too strong for him

7674. C) Joab

7675. B) Joab

7676. C) He took the best troops against the Arameans and put the rest under Abishai against the Ammonites

7677. D) If one side was too strong, the other brother would come to the rescue

7678. A) good

7679. C) The Arameans fled, and the Ammonites fled into their city

7680. C) Jerusalem

7681. A) Rabbah

7682. C) Put him in the fiercest fighting and withdraw from him so he would die

7683. D) Uriah himself

7684. B) Abimelek

7685. A) sword

7686. D) So the city would not be named after Joab

7687. D) Joab

7688. B) Tekoa

7689. A) That she was in mourning

7690. C) That Joab was behind it

7691. A) Geshur

7692. A) He had his servants set Joab's barley field on fire

7693. B) Amasa

7694. D) Joab, Abishai and Ittai

7695. A) gentle

7696. A) He had heard the king command that Absalom be protected

7697. C) Joab

7698. A) Joab

7699. D) Not a man would be left with him by nightfall

7700. C) Amasa

7701. B) At the great rock in Gibeon

7702. A) He greeted him as a brother and took him by the beard as if to kiss him

7703. C) Abel Beth Maakah

7704. D) A wise woman

7705. A) mother

7706. B) Handing over the one man, Sheba

7707. C) The people followed the wise woman's advice and handed over Sheba's head

7708. B) Abishai

7709. D) Take a census and count the fighting men

7710. B) He questioned why the king wanted to do such a thing

7711. A) Nine months and twenty days

7712. C) 800,000 in Israel and 500,000 in Judah

7713. C) Joab and Abiathar

7714. A) Abner and Amasa

7715. B) To the tent of the LORD, where he took hold of the horns of the altar

7716. A) Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

7717. B) Zeruiah

7718. B) Joab son of Zeruiah

7719. D) Joab son of Zeruiah

7720. C) Joab

7721. D) Abishai his brother

7722. A) good

7723. B) In spring, when kings go off to war

7724. C) Jerusalem

7725. C) Joab

7726. B) The king's command was repulsive to him

7727. D) Absalom son of David

7728. C) Asahel

7729. C) He did not finish it, and wrath came on Israel

7730. B) Joab

7731. A) The Valley of Salt

Joah

7732. C) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

7733. D) Aramaic

7734. C) They tore their clothes

Joanna

7735. B) Chuza, the manager of Herod's household

7736. B) Mary Magdalene

Joash

7737. D) Ophrah

7738. B) Joash

7739. B) Tear it down and cut down the Asherah pole beside it

7740. A) Joash

7741. C) In the tomb of his father Joash in Ophrah

7742. B) Jehosheba

7743. A) At the temple of the LORD

7744. D) The seventh year

7745. C) Jehoiada

7746. A) The crown

7747. D) king

7748. C) Treason

7749. A) That they would be the LORD's people

7750. B) Seven years old

7751. D) Forty years

7752. C) Beersheba

7753. B) All the years Jehoiada the priest instructed him

7754. A) The high places

7755. D) To repair the temple

7756. C) The twenty-third year

7757. D) He sent him the sacred objects and gold from the temple and palace

7758. C) His officials conspired against him and killed him

7759. B) Amaziah

7760. B) Amaziah

7761. A) Joash

7762. B) Jehosheba, wife of the priest Jehoiada

7763. C) At the temple of God

7764. B) Jehoiada

7765. C) They crowned him, gave him the covenant and anointed him

7766. D) king

7767. D) That they would be the LORD's people

7768. C) Athaliah had been slain

7769. A) Seven

7770. B) All the years of Jehoiada the priest

7771. C) Restore it

7772. A) A chest

7773. C) Masons, carpenters and workers in iron and bronze

7774. B) They abandoned the temple and worshiped Asherah poles and idols

7775. A) In the courtyard of the LORD's temple

7776. B) The kindness Zechariah's father Jehoiada had shown him

7777. C) Judah had forsaken the LORD

7778. D) He had murdered the son of Jehoiada the priest

7779. A) Amaziah

Job

7780. B) Uz

7781. C) shunned

7782. A) Seven sons and three daughters

7783. D) 3,000

7784. A) Job

7785. B) In case they had sinned and cursed God in their hearts

7786. A) That Job only served God because God had blessed and protected him

7787. C) He could not lay a finger on Job himself

7788. B) The Sabeans

7789. D) The Chaldeans

7790. C) A mighty wind struck the house and it collapsed on them

7791. D) A mighty wind killed his sons and daughters

7792. B) He tore his robe, shaved his head and fell to the ground in worship

7793. A) praised

7794. B) He did not sin by charging God with wrongdoing

7795. B) Maintaining his integrity

7796. A) Take his life

7797. D) He covered him with painful sores

7798. B) A piece of broken pottery

7799. C) Among the ashes

7800. A) His wife

7801. D) trouble

7802. B) He said she was talking like a foolish woman

7803. B) Eliphaz

7804. C) To sympathize with him and comfort him

7805. A) Seven days and seven nights

7806. C) The day of his birth

7807. B) Job spoke and cursed the day of his birth

7808. D) That he had died at birth

7809. A) Kings and rulers of the earth

7810. B) weary

7811. C) Sighing

7812. A) feared

7813. D) He had no peace, no quietness and no rest, only turmoil

7814. D) Eliphaz

7815. B) He had instructed many and strengthened those who were weak

7816. A) He became discouraged and dismayed

7817. A) Appeal to God and lay his cause before Him

7818. B) The sand of the seas

7819. A) arrows

7820. C) That people do not cry out unless something is really wrong

7821. D) He had not denied the words of the Holy One

7822. B) kindness

7823. A) Intermittent streams

7824. C) Tema and Sheba

7825. D) quiet

7826. C) shuttle

7827. A) A breath

7828. D) Does not return

7829. B) Speak out in the anguish of his spirit

7830. C) monster

7831. B) With dreams and visions

7832. A) mankind

7833. D) Why He did not pardon his offenses and forgive his sins

7834. B) Bildad

7835. A) A blustering wind

7836. D) They had sinned against God, so He gave them over to the penalty of their sin

7837. B) Rouse Himself on Job's behalf and restore him

7838. A) humble

7839. C) To the former generation and what their ancestors learned

7840. B) Fill their mouth with laughter and their lips with shouts of joy

7841. C) innocence

7842. A) One time out of a thousand

7843. D) His wisdom is profound and His power is vast

7844. B) He stretches out the heavens and treads on the waves of the sea

7845. C) Orion

7846. A) They cannot be counted

7847. D) He cannot see Him

7848. B) Boats of papyrus

7849. C) Someone to mediate between him and God

7850. B) complaint

7851. D) What charges He had against him

7852. A) hands

7853. C) Clay

7854. B) With bones and sinews

7855. D) Life and kindness

7856. A) He wondered why God would now turn and destroy what He had made

7857. C) To the land of gloom and utter darkness

7858. C) Zophar

7859. A) Idle talk

7860. D) Forgotten some of it

7861. A) Devote his heart to God and put away his sin

7862. D) Waters gone by

7863. B) Noonday

7864. D) He was mocking them for thinking they alone were wise

7865. B) inferior

7866. A) A laughingstock

7867. C) The animals

7868. D) breath

7869. A) Among the aged

7870. C) power

7871. B) It cannot be rebuilt

7872. A) The Almighty

7873. C) Worthless physicians

7874. D) To be altogether silent

7875. B) ashes

7876. A) hope

7877. C) A godless person

7878. D) Why He hid His face and considered Job His enemy

7879. B) His youth

7880. B) trouble

7881. D) Flowers

7882. C) God has determined them and set limits that cannot be passed

7883. A) If it is cut down, it will sprout again

7884. B) live

7885. D) His renewal to come

7886. C) A bag

7887. A) Stones

7888. C) east

7889. A) Hindering it

7890. D) mouth

7891. B) born

7892. D) miserable

7893. B) Encourage them and bring them relief

7894. A) Sackcloth

7895. C) From weeping

7896. D) His hands were free of violence and his prayer was pure

7897. B) blood

7898. A) In heaven

7899. C) His friend

7900. A) broken

7901. C) Mockers

7902. D) A byword

7903. B) Because of grief

7904. A) Grow stronger

7905. C) A wise man

7906. D) hope

7907. B) End his speeches and be sensible

7908. D) Cattle

7909. C) He said such is the place of one who does not know God

7910. C) Tormenting and crushing him

7911. A) Ten times

7912. D) His crown

7913. B) His wife

7914. C) Little boys

7915. A) teeth

7916. D) pity

7917. B) That they would be written and engraved in rock forever

7918. C) redeemer

7919. A) God

7920. B) He was greatly disturbed and heard a rebuke that dishonored him

7921. C) Listening carefully to his words

7922. A) Their hands

7923. D) wicked

7924. B) Dance and sing to the tambourine and lyre

7925. C) Leave us alone! We have no desire to know your ways

7926. A) Bildad's

7927. D) Side by side they lie in the dust and worms cover them

7928. B) nonsense

7929. D) endless

7930. A) The hungry

7931. C) Widows

7932. D) peace

7933. B) In his heart

7934. C) Ophir

7935. A) bitter

7936. C) Where to find God

7937. D) He could not find or see God

7938. B) gold

7939. A) He had closely followed His steps without turning aside

7940. C) His daily bread

7941. D) He stands alone, and no one can oppose Him

7942. D) Why He does not set times for judgment

7943. B) Boundary stones

7944. C) The orphan

7945. A) He charges no one with wrongdoing

7946. D) The light

7947. B) false

7948. B) He was mocking Bildad because his words had not helped at all

7949. D) It is naked before God

7950. A) nothing

7951. C) The waters

7952. B) Rahab

7953. D) But the outer fringe of His works

7954. C) Say anything wicked or utter lies

7955. A) integrity

7956. D) It would not reproach him as long as he lived

7957. B) hope

7958. A) The innocent

7959. C) Cocoon

7960. D) The east wind

7961. D) Silver

7962. B) wisdom

7963. A) It is not in them

7964. C) It cannot be bought with the finest gold

7965. D) rubies

7966. B) Cush

7967. A) God

7968. C) understanding

7969. A) The months gone by, when God watched over him

7970. C) lamp

7971. D) In the public square at the city gate

7972. B) They rose to their feet

7973. A) The poor who cried for help and the fatherless

7974. C) Justice

7975. D) feet

7976. B) A father

7977. A) As a king among his troops

7978. B) His sheep dogs

7979. D) Dust and ashes

7980. C) God did not answer

7981. A) Wept for them

7982. D) darkness

7983. B) Owls

7984. A) Mourning

7985. C) His eyes

7986. A) His ways and his every step

7987. D) Honest scales

7988. B) Because the same God who made him in the womb made them too

7989. C) Fleece from his sheep

7990. A) You are my security

7991. D) Because he would have been unfaithful to God on high

7992. B) His door was always open to them

7993. C) Almighty

7994. A) The words of Job are ended

7995. D) Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

7996. C) Because Job was justifying himself rather than God

7997. A) That he was pure and free from sin

7998. D) That he was innocent, but God denied him justice

7999. A) Job speaks without knowledge and his words lack insight

8000. C) "I am in the right, not God."

8001. A) Up at the heavens and the clouds

8002. D) He wanted to show there was more to be said in God's behalf

8003. B) wonders

8004. C) A mirror of cast bronze

8005. B) The storm

8006. A) Who is this that obscures my plans with words without knowledge?

8007. D) Brace himself like a man

8008. C) foundation

8009. B) The morning

8010. C) The snow and the hail

8011. A) Whether he can send them and they will report, "Here we are"

8012. D) The lioness

8013. C) Mountain goats

8014. A) donkey

8015. D) Whether it would agree to serve him and stay by his manger

8016. D) A flowing mane

8017. B) The south

8018. C) The eagle

8019. B) Whether the one who contends with the Almighty will correct Him

8020. D) He put it over his mouth

8021. A) unworthy

8022. C) Say no more

8023. A) Whether Job would discredit His justice to justify himself

8024. D) Thunder

8025. B) Leviathan

8026. D) Whether he could make a pet of it like a bird

8027. B) purpose

8028. C) eyes

8029. A) Repent in dust and ashes

8030. C) They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had

8031. A) Seven bulls and seven rams

8032. B) Job

8033. D) After Job prayed for his friends

8034. C) Twice as much

8035. A) A piece of silver and a gold ring

8036. D) 14,000

8037. B) Jemimah

8038. A) An inheritance along with their brothers

8039. C) 140 years

8040. D) Noah, Daniel and Job

8041. A) No, they could save only themselves

8042. B) Job's

Job's wife

8043. A) His wife

8044. B) He said she was talking like a foolish woman

8045. B) His wife

Jochebed

8046. A) Amram and Jochebed

Joel

8047. B) Joel and Abijah

8048. C) Beersheba

8049. A) They went after dishonest gain, accepted bribes and perverted justice

8050. C) Joel and Abijah

8051. A) Samuel

8052. B) Pethuel

8053. C) The drunkards

8054. C) He called out to the LORD

8055. A) Joel

Johanan

8056. A) Azariah son of Johanan

8057. B) Baalis king of the Ammonites

8058. C) He told him not to do it, saying what he said about Ishmael was not true

8059. B) Near the great pool in Gibeon

8060. C) He escaped with eight men and went to the Ammonites

8061. D) They were afraid of the Babylonians because Ishmael had killed the governor

8062. B) Pray to the LORD for them and ask where they should go

8063. C) Whether favorable or unfavorable, they would obey

8064. A) "You are lying! The LORD has not sent you"

8065. B) Jeremiah the prophet and Baruch son of Neriah

John

8066. A) Zebedee

8067. B) At once they left and followed him

8068. C) Peter, James and John

8069. B) The sun

8070. C) A bright cloud

8071. B) Listen

8072. A) He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid."

8073. D) Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

8074. A) The mother of Zebedee's sons

8075. D) That her two sons sit at his right and left in his kingdom

8076. C) cup

8077. B) Those for whom they have been prepared by his Father

8078. A) Indignant

8079. B) Their father Zebedee

8080. A) Boanerges

8081. A) Peter, James and John

8082. B) Peter, James and John

8083. B) John

8084. A) James and John

8085. A) Peter, James, John and Andrew

8086. C) James and John

8087. A) They left everything and followed Jesus

8088. B) Peter, John and James

8089. B) Peter, John and James

8090. B) for

8091. D) Call fire down from heaven to destroy them

8092. A) Peter and John

8093. B) A man carrying a jar of water

8094. A) Peter and John

8095. C) Money

8096. B) Solomon's Colonnade

8097. A) They were seized and put in jail

8098. B) The apostles were proclaiming the resurrection of the dead in Jesus

8099. D) They were unschooled, ordinary men who had been with Jesus

8100. A) The healed man was standing there with them

8101. B) Not to speak or teach in the name of Jesus

8102. C) heard

8103. A) Raised their voices in prayer to God

8104. A) Peter and John

8105. D) They received the Holy Spirit

8106. B) James, Cephas and John

8107. B) Hearing, seeing and touching

8108. A) beginning

8109. C) The Father

8110. B) So readers could have fellowship with them

8111. D) His Son, Jesus Christ

8112. A) To make their joy complete

8113. B) light

8114. C) They lie and do not live out the truth

8115. B) Purifies us from all sin

8116. C) We deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us

8117. D) confess

8118. A) All unrighteousness

8119. B) A liar

8120. A) So that they will not sin

8121. B) Jesus Christ, the Righteous One

8122. C) Our sins and the sins of the whole world

8123. A) If we keep his commands

8124. C) Jesus

8125. B) They are still in the darkness

8126. A) In the light

8127. B) world

8128. D) The lust of the eyes and the pride of life

8129. C) They live forever

8130. B) Antichrists

8131. A) The one who denies that Jesus is the Christ

8132. D) Eternal life

8133. C) So they can be confident and unashamed when he appears

8134. B) Children of God

8135. A) We will be like him, for we shall see him as he is

8136. C) lawlessness

8137. D) To take away our sins

8138. A) The devil's work

8139. B) We should love one another

8140. C) Cain

8141. B) Because his own actions were evil and his brother's were righteous

8142. A) They are a murderer

8143. D) Jesus Christ laid down his life for us

8144. C) How can the love of God be in that person?

8145. A) truth

8146. B) Believe in the name of his Son, Jesus Christ, and love one another

8147. B) By the Spirit he gave us

8148. A) Because many false prophets have gone out into the world

8149. B) Every spirit that acknowledges that Jesus Christ has come in the flesh is from God

8150. C) greater

8151. D) Because love comes from God

8152. A) love

8153. B) He sent his one and only Son into the world

8154. C) Not that we loved God, but that he loved us and sent his Son as an atoning sacrifice

8155. D) God

8156. A) The Saviour of the world

8157. B) fear

8158. C) Because he first loved us

8159. B) A liar

8160. A) Anyone who loves God must also love their brother and sister

8161. A) They are born of God

8162. B) burdensome

8163. C) Our faith

8164. D) The one who believes that Jesus is the Son of God

8165. A) The Spirit, the water and the blood

8166. B) Eternal life, found in his Son

8167. C) Son

8168. D) So they may know that they have eternal life

8169. A) He hears us

8170. B) Pray, and God will give them life

8171. C) It is under the control of the evil one

8172. D) To give us understanding so that we may know him who is true

8173. A) idols

8174. B) The elder

8175. B) He hoped to visit and talk face to face

8176. C) Gaius

8177. A) That he would enjoy good health and all would go well with him

8178. D) truth

8179. D) Face to face

8180. B) God gave it to Jesus, Jesus sent his angel, the angel made it known to John

8181. D) Seven

8182. C) Patmos

8183. A) Because of the word of God and the testimony of Jesus

8184. B) The Lord's Day

8185. C) A trumpet

8186. A) Seven golden lampstands

8187. C) He fell at his feet as though dead

8188. D) What he had seen, what is now and what will take place later

8189. C) A door

8190. A) A rainbow shining like an emerald

8191. A) He wept and wept

8192. D) The Lion of the tribe of Judah

8193. D) Thousands upon thousands, and ten thousand times ten thousand

8194. A) Under the altar

8195. A) A great multitude that no one could count

8196. B) "Sir, you know"

8197. D) An eagle

8198. D) Twice ten thousand times ten thousand

8199. D) Seal it up and not write it down

8200. C) Eat it

8201. D) Sweet as honey

8202. A) It turned sour

8203. B) Prophesy again about many peoples, nations, languages and kings

8204. B) A reed like a measuring rod

8205. B) On Mount Zion

8206. C) Fire

8207. B) By many waters

8208. C) Into a wilderness

8209. C) "Don't do that! I am a fellow servant with you... Worship God!"

8210. B) A great white throne

8211. B) A new heaven and a new earth

8212. A) To a mountain great and high

8213. B) The river of the water of life

8214. A) Because the time is near

John Mark

8215. D) The house of Mary the mother of John, also called Mark

8216. C) John, also called Mark

8217. A) John

8218. B) He left them to return to Jerusalem

8219. C) Mark had deserted them in Pamphylia

8220. B) Cyprus

John the Baptist

8221. B) In the wilderness of Judea

8222. A) near

8223. D) Isaiah

8224. C) Locusts and wild honey

8225. A) Camel's hair

8226. C) The Jordan

8227. B) Pharisees and Sadducees

8228. A) repentance

8229. D) Abraham

8230. B) It will be cut down and thrown into the fire

8231. B) With the Holy Spirit and fire

8232. B) Carry his sandals

8233. C) Galilee

8234. C) To fulfill all righteousness

8235. B) Capernaum

8236. C) John's disciples

8237. C) "Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?"

8238. B) He told them to report what they heard and saw: the blind see, the lame walk and the dead are raised

8239. D) A reed

8240. C) prophet

8241. B) Whoever is least in the kingdom of heaven

8242. A) Elijah

8243. C) "He has a demon."

8244. D) John the Baptist risen from the dead

8245. C) Herodias, his brother Philip's wife

8246. B) lawful

8247. A) He was afraid of the people, because they considered John a prophet

8248. C) The head of John the Baptist on a platter

8249. B) Because of his oaths and his dinner guests

8250. A) John's disciples

8251. C) Jeremiah

8252. C) John the Baptist

8253. A) Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin

8254. D) "We don't know."

8255. B) Isaiah

8256. A) A baptism of repentance for the forgiveness of sins

8257. C) Locusts and wild honey

8258. D) Camel's hair

8259. B) untie

8260. C) The Holy Spirit

8261. A) Jordan

8262. A) After John was put in prison

8263. B) Guests do not fast while the bridegroom is with them

8264. D) John, whom he had beheaded, raised from the dead

8265. B) John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife

8266. A) He feared John, knowing him to be a righteous and holy man

8267. A) John's disciples

8268. A) Elijah

8269. B) Was John's baptism from heaven, or of human origin?

8270. D) They feared the people, who held that John really was a prophet

8271. A) John

8272. D) Elijah

8273. B) Wine or other fermented drink

8274. B) The baby leaped in her womb and she was filled with the Holy Spirit

8275. D) Zechariah

8276. C) His mouth was opened and he began praising God

8277. A) The hill country of Judea

8278. B) The prophet of the Most High

8279. C) The forgiveness of their sins

8280. B) In the wilderness

8281. C) The fifteenth year

8282. B) In the wilderness

8283. A) A baptism of repentance for the forgiveness of sins

8284. C) Isaiah

8285. B) way

8286. D) Brood of vipers

8287. A) God could raise up children for Abraham from stones

8288. B) It will be cut down and thrown into the fire

8289. C) Share with the one who has none

8290. A) Tax collectors

8291. D) Don't extort money or accuse people falsely; be content with your pay

8292. B) He said one more powerful than he would come

8293. C) The Holy Spirit and fire

8294. B) John had rebuked him over Herodias and his other evil deeds

8295. C) 'Are you the one who is to come, or should we expect someone else?'

8296. A) He told them to report what they had seen and heard: the blind see, the lame walk, the dead are raised

8297. C) The least in the kingdom of God is greater than John

8298. D) A glutton and a drunkard, a friend of tax collectors and sinners

8299. A) Herod the tetrarch

8300. C) Whether John's baptism was from heaven or of human origin

8301. D) All the people would stone them, because they believed John was a prophet

8302. D) John

8303. D) Isaiah

8304. B) He was not the Messiah

8305. C) Untie his sandals

8306. A) Bethany on the other side of the Jordan

8307. C) Lamb

8308. A) A dove

8309. D) Andrew

8310. A) Aenon near Salim

8311. D) The friend who attends the bridegroom

8312. A) less

8313. C) John

8314. D) Across the Jordan, to the place where John had been baptizing

8315. A) John never performed a sign, but all he said about this man was true

8316. A) Holy Spirit

8317. C) John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit

8318. B) John's baptism

Jonadab

8319. A) Jonadab

8320. D) That he was ill

8321. B) Jonadab

8322. D) Jonadab son of Rekab

8323. A) Not to build houses, sow seed or plant vineyards, but always to live in tents

8324. B) They obeyed their ancestor's command, but God's people did not obey Him

8325. D) He would never fail to have a descendant to serve God

Jonah

8326. B) Jonah son of Amittai

8327. A) Gath Hepher

8328. B) Amittai

8329. C) Nineveh

8330. B) Its wickedness had come up before God

8331. A) Tarshish

8332. C) Joppa

8333. A) A great wind

8334. D) Sleeping deeply

8335. B) The captain

8336. C) They cast lots

8337. A) dry land

8338. C) Throw him into the sea

8339. B) They tried hard to row back to land

8340. B) It became calm

8341. D) A huge fish

8342. A) Three days and three nights

8343. C) Inside the fish

8344. A) The LORD answered him

8345. B) The LORD

8346. D) God's holy temple

8347. A) Seaweed

8348. B) pit

8349. C) When his life was ebbing away

8350. B) They turn away from God's love for them

8351. C) Salvation

8352. A) Sacrifice to the LORD

8353. D) Vomited Jonah onto dry land

8354. B) A second time

8355. C) He obeyed and went to Nineveh

8356. C) It took three days to go through it

8357. C) Forty

8358. A) They believed God, fasted and put on sackcloth

8359. A) He relented and did not bring the destruction

8360. B) Greatly displeased and angry

8361. B) He knew God was gracious and would relent from sending calamity

8362. C) love

8363. A) Take away his life

8364. B) angry

8365. C) East of the city in a shelter he made

8366. B) A leafy plant

8367. C) A worm

8368. A) A scorching east wind

8369. C) Jonah had not tended it or made it grow

8370. C) More than 120,000

8371. B) God shows concern for people of other nations too

8372. C) Jonah

8373. B) Three days and three nights

8374. A) Nineveh

8375. D) The sign of Jonah

8376. B) The men of Nineveh

Jonathan

8377. D) Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

8378. B) Jonathan

8379. A) The Philistine outpost at Geba

8380. A) Saul and Jonathan

8381. C) His armor-bearer

8382. B) Bozez and Seneh

8383. A) few

8384. C) The Philistines saying, "Come up to us"

8385. D) Using his hands and feet

8386. B) Honey

8387. A) "My father has made trouble for the country"

8388. C) Jonathan

8389. D) He had done this great deliverance with God's help

8390. C) He loved him as himself

8391. A) A covenant

8392. B) His robe, tunic, sword, bow and belt

8393. C) Jonathan

8394. B) That David had risked his life to kill the Philistine and the LORD won a great victory

8395. D) That David would not be put to death

8396. B) Jonathan

8397. C) step

8398. A) That David had gone to Bethlehem for his clan's yearly sacrifice

8399. D) To never cut off his kindness from Jonathan's family

8400. A) Because he loved him as he loved himself

8401. B) The stone Ezel

8402. C) Shooting arrows

8403. D) He must go, because the LORD had sent him away

8404. B) As long as David lived, Jonathan and his kingdom would not be established

8405. C) He hurled his spear at Jonathan

8406. D) He was grieved at his father's shameful treatment of David

8407. A) Nothing; only Jonathan and David knew

8408. B) They kissed each other and wept, and David wept the most

8409. A) friendship

8410. B) That none of them told him Jonathan had made a covenant with David

8411. B) He helped him find strength in God

8412. C) second

8413. D) They made a covenant

8414. C) Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua

8415. B) They tore their clothes, mourned, wept and fasted till evening

8416. B) The Book of Jashar

8417. B) mighty

8418. A) eagles

8419. C) Jonathan

8420. A) Mephibosheth

8421. C) His nurse dropped him as she hurried to flee

8422. C) Jonathan's

8423. B) Zadok and Abiathar

8424. A) En Rogel

8425. B) In a well in a man's courtyard

8426. D) She spread a covering over it and scattered grain on it

8427. C) Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Jonathan

8428. A) In the tomb of Saul's father Kish at Zela in Benjamin

8429. D) Abner

8430. A) Merib-Baal

8431. D) Esh-Baal

8432. A) Jonathan, David's uncle

Jonathan son of Abiathar

8433. A) Jonathan son of Abiathar

Jonathan son of Asahel

8434. A) Jonathan son of Asahel and Jahzeiah son of Tikvah

Jonathan son of Shimea

8435. D) Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother

Jonathan son of Shimeah

8436. D) Jonathan son of Shimeah

Joram

8437. C) Tou king of Hamath

8438. D) Joram

8439. B) Ahaziah had no son

8440. B) Joram

8441. A) Twelve years

8442. D) He did evil, but not as his father and mother had done

8443. C) The sacred stone of Baal

8444. A) The king of Moab had rebelled after Ahab died

8445. D) Jehoshaphat

8446. C) Through the Desert of Edom

8447. B) There was no water

8448. C) Because he respected King Jehoshaphat of Judah

8449. B) Jezreel

8450. A) The idolatry and witchcraft of Jezebel

8451. D) Treachery

8452. C) He shot him with an arrow between the shoulders

8453. B) Naboth the Jezreelite

8454. C) Hazael

8455. D) Jezreel

Joseph

8456. D) Joseph

8457. C) To be sent home to his own country

8458. C) He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

8459. B) Joseph was born to him in his old age

8460. A) An ornate robe

8461. D) They hated him and could not speak kindly to him

8462. C) They bowed down to Joseph's sheaf

8463. D) The sun, the moon, and eleven stars

8464. A) To Shechem

8465. B) Reuben

8466. D) They stripped his robe and threw him into a cistern

8467. A) Judah

8468. B) Twenty

8469. C) They dipped his robe in goat's blood and showed it to Jacob

8470. C) Potiphar, one of Pharaoh's officials

8471. B) Potiphar's

8472. C) The Lord was with him

8473. A) He put Joseph in charge of his entire household

8474. C) He would not do such a wicked thing and sin against God

8475. D) His cloak

8476. D) She used it as false evidence to accuse him

8477. B) To prison

8478. C) The Lord was with him and gave him favor with the prison warden

8479. A) The chief cupbearer and the chief baker

8480. D) A dream

8481. C) That interpretations belong to God

8482. D) A vine with three branches that produced grapes

8483. A) Three days

8484. C) To remember him and mention him to Pharaoh

8485. B) Three days until Pharaoh would put him to death

8486. B) Pharaoh's birthday

8487. C) He forgot Joseph and did not remember him

8488. B) They ate up the seven healthy cows

8489. A) They were swallowed by seven thin heads of grain

8490. C) None of them could interpret his dreams

8491. D) The chief cupbearer

8492. D) That God would give Pharaoh the answer he needed

8493. A) Seven years of plenty

8494. A) Seven years of famine

8495. B) To store up grain during the years of plenty

8496. C) Ruler over all Egypt, second only to Pharaoh

8497. D) His signet ring, fine linen robes, and a gold chain

8498. A) Zaphenath-Paneah

8499. B) Thirty years old

8500. C) Ephraim and Manasseh

8501. B) To buy grain from Joseph

8502. D) They bowed down to him, but did not recognize him

8503. C) Spies

8504. B) That they bring their youngest brother to Egypt

8505. D) Simeon

8506. A) Their silver

8507. B) That they were being punished for what they did to Joseph

8508. C) To prepare a meal, for they would eat with him at noon

8509. A) They thought it was because of the silver returned in their sacks

8510. B) He was so moved that he went out and wept

8511. D) Five times as much

8512. B) His silver cup

8513. C) Stealing Joseph's silver cup

8514. A) That person would die, and the rest would become slaves

8515. A) Keep only the one with the cup as his slave and send the rest home

8516. D) That he was their brother Joseph

8517. C) He wept so loudly that the Egyptians heard him

8518. A) He said it was God who sent him ahead to save lives

8519. C) To preserve a remnant and save their lives by a great deliverance

8520. D) In the region of Goshen

8521. A) Benjamin

8522. A) He was pleased and invited the family to settle in Egypt

8523. C) Wagons, provisions, and new clothing

8524. B) quarrel

8525. B) He was stunned at first, then his spirit revived when he believed

8526. C) Seventy

8527. B) Judah

8528. D) Joseph embraced him and wept for a long time

8529. A) So they could settle in Goshen, since shepherds were detestable to the Egyptians

8530. D) Shepherds

8531. A) Goshen

8532. C) Their money

8533. B) Their livestock

8534. C) Their land, and they became servants of Pharaoh

8535. D) The priests'

8536. D) One fifth

8537. C) Not to bury him in Egypt, but with his fathers in Canaan

8538. A) Ephraim and Manasseh

8539. A) He refused, saying the younger would become greater

8540. A) Joseph

8541. B) He had the physicians embalm it

8542. D) To bury his father in Canaan as he had promised

8543. C) In the cave in the field of Machpelah near Mamre

8544. D) That Joseph would hold a grudge and pay them back for their wrong

8545. C) That they intended to harm him, but God intended it for good to save many lives

8546. C) He reassured them and promised to provide for them

8547. A) That God would surely come to their aid and lead them to the promised land

8548. A) To carry them up out of Egypt when God led them out

8549. B) One hundred and ten years

8550. A) He did not know about Joseph

8551. A) Joseph's bones

8552. D) Joseph

8553. D) The burning bush

8554. B) Manasseh and Ephraim

8555. B) Joseph's

8556. D) Joseph's

8557. B) Joseph

8558. A) Irons

8559. C) Made him master of his household

8560. D) Stubble

8561. D) Joseph

8562. A) Joseph

8563. B) The Holy Spirit

8564. C) Divorce her quietly

8565. A) In a dream

8566. B) afraid

8567. B) Because he would save his people from their sins

8568. D) He did what the angel commanded and took Mary home as his wife

8569. A) Joseph

8570. C) Egypt

8571. A) Herod died

8572. B) Archelaus

8573. D) Nazareth

8574. A) Joseph

8575. A) He belonged to the house and line of David

8576. B) A pair of doves or two young pigeons

8577. C) Nazareth

8578. A) Passover

8579. C) Three days

8580. B) Father's

8581. C) He was obedient to them

8582. A) He was the son, so it was thought, of Joseph

8583. A) 'Isn't this Joseph's son?'

8584. B) They knew his father and mother, and called him the son of Joseph

8585. D) They were jealous of him

8586. A) Ruler over Egypt and his whole palace

8587. B) Seventy-five

8588. A) He blessed each of Joseph's sons and worshiped as he leaned on the top of his staff

8589. D) Instructions concerning the burial of his bones

Joseph Barsabbas

8590. C) Joseph called Barsabbas and Matthias

Joseph of Arimathea

8591. B) Joseph of Arimathea

8592. A) In his own new tomb cut out of the rock

8593. D) Joseph of Arimathea

8594. A) Rolled a stone against the entrance

8595. C) Joseph from Arimathea

8596. D) In a tomb cut in the rock where no one had yet been laid

8597. D) Joseph of Arimathea

8598. B) In a new tomb in a garden near where he was crucified

Josheb-Basshebeth

8599. C) Josheb-Basshebeth

Joshua

8600. C) Joshua

8601. D) Joshua

8602. B) Eldad and Medad

8603. A) Joshua and Caleb

8604. C) By stoning them

8605. C) Caleb and Joshua

8606. D) Caleb and Joshua

8607. D) Joshua

8608. B) He laid his hands on him before Eleazar and the people

8609. B) Eleazar the priest and Joshua

8610. B) Joshua

8611. D) Joshua

8612. A) Joshua

8613. D) At the tent of meeting, in a pillar of cloud

8614. D) Because Moses had laid his hands on him

8615. A) After Moses died

8616. C) Nun

8617. A) Moses' aide

8618. C) Jordan River

8619. B) foot

8620. A) forsake

8621. B) Strong and courageous

8622. C) He should obey all the law carefully

8623. C) Day and night

8624. B) He would be prosperous and successful

8625. C) wherever

8626. B) Three days

8627. B) Reubenites, Gadites and the half-tribe of Manasseh

8628. A) Cross over armed ahead of their brothers and help them

8629. C) They promised to obey him as they obeyed Moses

8630. C) "Only be strong and courageous!"

8631. B) Two

8632. C) Shittim

8633. A) Jericho

8634. B) The LORD had surely given the whole land into their hands

8635. D) Shittim

8636. C) amazing

8637. B) Exalt him in the eyes of all Israel

8638. D) Go and stand in the river

8639. A) That the living God was among them and would drive out their enemies

8640. C) Twelve

8641. C) Twelve

8642. B) From the place where the priests stood

8643. C) In the middle of the Jordan where the priests stood

8644. B) They stood in awe of him as they had of Moses

8645. B) The Red Sea

8646. C) So all peoples would know the LORD's hand is powerful and Israel would fear Him

8647. C) Flint knives

8648. D) Those born in the wilderness had not been circumcised

8649. B) reproach

8650. C) A drawn sword

8651. D) The commander of the army of the LORD

8652. A) His sandals

8653. B) He fell facedown to the ground in reverence

8654. A) hands

8655. C) Six days

8656. B) Give a war cry or say a word

8657. C) Shout

8658. B) She hid the spies Joshua had sent

8659. D) The two men who had spied out the land

8660. B) He would lose his firstborn and youngest sons

8661. A) Joshua's fame

8662. C) March six days, march seven times, shout

8663. C) About two or three thousand men

8664. D) He tore his clothes and fell facedown before the ark

8665. A) Israel had sinned by taking devoted things

8666. B) face

8667. D) Tribe, clan, family, man

8668. D) The Valley of Achor

8669. A) discouraged

8670. C) At Ai Israel could keep the plunder and livestock

8671. B) An ambush behind the city

8672. D) Bethel and Ai

8673. B) To draw the men of Ai away from their city

8674. A) His javelin

8675. D) Until all who lived in Ai were destroyed

8676. B) A permanent heap of ruins

8677. C) Mount Ebal

8678. A) It was made of uncut stones with no iron tool used

8679. B) The law of Moses

8680. D) Mount Gerizim and Mount Ebal

8681. B) Every word Moses had commanded

8682. C) The women, children and foreigners among them

8683. A) They came together to make war against Israel

8684. B) The people of Gibeon

8685. A) Gilgal

8686. D) From a distant country

8687. C) They did not inquire of the LORD

8688. D) The leaders had sworn an oath by the LORD

8689. B) Cutting wood and carrying water

8690. D) good

8691. D) save

8692. D) He had given them into Joshua's hand

8693. A) He marched all night from Gilgal

8694. A) Gibeon

8695. B) The Book of Jashar

8696. A) The LORD listened to a human being and fought for Israel

8697. A) Large rocks

8698. B) strong

8699. C) Horam king of Gezer

8700. D) Because the LORD fought for Israel

8701. C) The camp at Gilgal

8702. C) Hamstring the horses and burn the chariots

8703. B) By this time tomorrow

8704. B) He came against them suddenly

8705. D) Hazor

8706. C) He left nothing undone

8707. C) For a long time

8708. D) The Anakites

8709. A) Rest from war

8710. C) He gave it as an inheritance by tribal divisions

8711. D) Thirty-one

8712. B) That there were still very large areas of land to be taken over

8713. A) myself

8714. D) The nine tribes and half of the tribe of Manasseh

8715. D) Eleazar

8716. C) Caleb

8717. B) Hebron

8718. B) That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance

8719. A) They had been given only one allotment though they were numerous

8720. D) Go up into the forest and clear land for themselves

8721. A) Drive them out

8722. C) possession

8723. D) Three

8724. A) He cast lots in the presence of the LORD

8725. C) Joshua

8726. D) Timnath Serah

8727. A) After all the tribes had received theirs

8728. B) He built up the town and settled there

8729. D) At Shiloh, at the entrance to the tent of meeting

8730. A) Cities of refuge

8731. B) Towns to live in with pasturelands for their livestock

8732. A) At Shiloh in Canaan

8733. B) Return to their homes east of the Jordan

8734. C) soul

8735. D) Great wealth and large herds of livestock

8736. B) Joshua

8737. C) The LORD their God

8738. A) left

8739. D) Invoke their names, swear by them, serve them or bow down to them

8740. A) A thousand

8741. B) love

8742. C) Snares and traps, whips on their backs and thorns in their eyes

8743. A) He was about to die

8744. D) The LORD's anger would burn and they would perish from the good land

8745. B) Shechem

8746. A) household

8747. C) day

8748. D) They said they too would serve the LORD

8749. A) Because He is a holy God and a jealous God

8750. B) A large stone

8751. C) One hundred and ten

8752. D) At Timnath Serah

8753. A) Throughout the lifetime of the elders who outlived him

8754. B) Joshua

8755. A) Throughout the lifetime of Joshua and the elders who outlived him

8756. B) 110

8757. D) Timnath Heres

8758. B) To test Israel and see if they would keep the way of the LORD

8759. C) Hiel of Bethel

8760. C) Joshua

8761. A) Joshua son of Nun

8762. B) Joshua son of Jozadak

8763. C) They obeyed the voice of the LORD and feared Him

8764. D) He stirred up their spirit

8765. C) work

8766. A) God would not have spoken later about another day

Joshua (high priest)

8767. C) Zerubbabel son of Shealtiel and Joshua

Joshua the high priest

8768. C) Joshua

8769. A) Satan

8770. B) A burning stick snatched from the fire

8771. C) Filthy clothes

8772. B) God had taken away his sin

8773. D) A clean turban

8774. B) Joshua son of Jozadak

Josiah

8775. D) Josiah

8776. D) His son Josiah

8777. B) Eight

8778. A) Thirty-one years

8779. D) left

8780. C) The eighteenth year

8781. B) To pay workers to repair the temple

8782. C) The Book of the Law

8783. B) Shaphan the secretary

8784. A) He tore his robes

8785. D) Their ancestors had not obeyed the words of the book

8786. A) His heart was responsive and he humbled himself before the LORD

8787. D) His eyes would not see the disaster, and he would be buried in peace

8788. C) The Book of the Covenant

8789. B) To follow the LORD with all his heart and all his soul

8790. A) In the fields of the Kidron Valley outside Jerusalem

8791. D) Topheth in the Valley of Ben Hinnom

8792. C) Chariots

8793. B) The altar at Bethel

8794. A) It fulfilled the word of the LORD proclaimed by the man of God

8795. D) Leave it alone and do not disturb his bones

8796. C) The Passover

8797. B) No such Passover had been held since the days of the judges

8798. A) strength

8799. D) Because of everything Manasseh had done to arouse His anger

8800. C) Pharaoh Necho

8801. A) Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah

8802. A) Josiah

8803. C) Eight

8804. D) He followed the ways of David, not turning aside to the right or to the left

8805. A) The eighth year

8806. B) Purge Judah and Jerusalem of high places, Asherah poles and idols

8807. A) Shaphan the secretary

8808. B) He tore his robes

8809. C) Because those before them had not kept the word of the LORD

8810. B) He would be buried in peace and not see the disaster

8811. C) All the words of the Book of the Covenant

8812. D) He renewed the covenant to follow the LORD with all his heart and soul

8813. A) As long as Josiah lived

8814. A) The Passover

8815. B) The fourteenth day of the first month

8816. C) To put it in the temple Solomon built and not carry it about on their shoulders

8817. D) From his own possessions

8818. B) None had been observed like it since the days of the prophet Samuel

8819. C) The eighteenth year

8820. D) Necho

8821. A) Stop opposing God, who is with me, or He will destroy you

8822. B) He disguised himself and went to fight

8823. C) The plain of Megiddo

8824. D) Archers shot him, and he died

8825. A) Jeremiah

8826. D) The thirteenth year

8827. C) Josiah

8828. A) Shallum

8829. B) That this is what it means to know the LORD

8830. A) A donkey

8831. C) Twenty-three years

8832. C) Zedekiah

8833. B) Josiah

8834. B) Babylon

Jotham

8835. B) Seventy

8836. D) Jotham

8837. A) Mount Gerizim

8838. C) The olive tree

8839. B) The thornbush

8840. D) cedars

8841. A) Abimelek

8842. C) Beer

8843. C) God repaid Abimelek for murdering his brothers, and Jotham's curse came on Shechem

8844. A) His son Jotham

8845. C) The Upper Gate

8846. B) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah son of Remaliah

8847. D) Ahaz

8848. C) Jotham

8849. B) Sixteen

8850. C) He did not enter the temple of the LORD

8851. D) Their corrupt practices

8852. A) The Upper Gate

8853. B) The Ammonites

8854. C) A hundred talents

8855. D) He walked steadfastly before the LORD his God

8856. A) Ahaz

8857. B) Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

8858. B) Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

Judah

8859. A) Judah

8860. D) Judah

8861. C) Er

8862. B) He was wicked in the Lord's sight, so the Lord put him to death

8863. C) He feared his third son Shelah might also die

8864. D) His seal, its cord, and his staff

8865. C) By sending Judah his own seal, cord, and staff

8866. D) The man in charge had warned them not to appear without their brother

8867. C) Judah

8868. C) Judah

8869. B) That their father loved Benjamin deeply and might die if he was lost

8870. C) Stay as a slave in Benjamin's place

8871. B) Judah

8872. D) That his brothers would praise him and the scepter would not depart from him

8873. C) A lion

8874. C) Esau

8875. B) He was wicked in the LORD's sight

8876. A) Tamar

8877. A) He was the strongest of his brothers and a ruler came from him

8878. A) Tamar

Judas

8879. B) Judas

8880. B) A field

8881. C) Akeldama

8882. A) Psalms

Judas (not Judas Iscariot)

8883. A) Judas (not Judas Iscariot)

Judas Barsabbas

8884. C) Judas called Barsabbas and Silas

8885. A) They said much to encourage and strengthen the believers

Judas Iscariot

8886. C) Judas Iscariot

8887. A) Thirty pieces of silver

8888. B) The one who dipped his hand into the bowl with him

8889. C) A kiss

8890. D) innocent

8891. C) Threw the money into the temple

8892. B) The potter's field, as a burial place for foreigners

8893. B) Judas Iscariot

8894. A) Judas Iscariot

8895. B) One of the twelve, who dips bread into the bowl with him

8896. C) A kiss

8897. D) Judas Iscariot

8898. D) Judas called Iscariot

8899. C) With a kiss

8900. B) Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot

8901. D) Judas Iscariot

8902. A) He was a thief and used to help himself to the money bag

8903. B) Prompted Judas to betray Jesus

8904. B) He gave him the piece of bread after dipping it in the dish

8905. C) Judas was to buy what was needed for the festival or give to the poor

8906. D) Night

8907. A) Judas

Judas the Galilean

8908. C) Theudas and Judas the Galilean

Jude

8909. C) James

8910. B) contend

Julius

8911. D) Julius

8912. B) With kindness, allowing him to visit friends

8913. A) An Alexandrian ship

8914. B) The pilot and the owner of the ship

8915. C) He wanted to spare Paul's life

Junia

8916. C) Andronicus and Junia

Kenaniah

8917. B) He was skillful at it

8918. A) Officials and judges over Israel

Keturah

8919. D) Keturah

Kilion

8920. A) Mahlon and Kilion

8921. B) Orpah and Ruth

Kimham

8922. A) Kimham

Kish

8923. B) Kish

8924. A) Some donkeys

8925. D) Kish

8926. A) Ner, Kish, Saul

Kohath

8927. C) Gershon, Kohath, and Merari

8928. D) To carry the most holy things of the tabernacle

8929. B) So they would not touch the holy things and die

8930. D) Korah

8931. C) Every Sabbath

Konaniah

8932. D) Konaniah

Korah

8933. C) Korah, Dathan, and Abiram

8934. B) That the whole community was holy, so Moses and Aaron had set themselves too high

8935. D) Each was to take a censer and offer incense before the Lord

8936. B) The ground opened and swallowed them

8937. B) Korah's rebellion

Laban

8938. B) Laban

8939. B) He told them why he had come

8940. A) To Paddan Aram, to the family of Laban

8941. A) He rolled the stone away and watered Laban's sheep

8942. C) Laban

8943. D) Seven years

8944. D) He gave Jacob Leah

8945. B) It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older

8946. C) Fourteen years

8947. C) To be sent home to his own country

8948. D) Laban had learned the LORD had blessed him because of Jacob

8949. B) The speckled, spotted, and dark-colored animals

8950. D) His household gods

8951. B) Three days

8952. D) Say anything to him, good or bad

8953. C) Inside her camel's saddle, and she sat on it

8954. B) A heap of stones

8955. B) A watchtower where the Lord watches between two parties when they are apart

8956. C) Twenty years

8957. B) They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs

8958. A) A heap of stones

Lahmi

8959. B) Elhanan son of Jair

8960. A) Goliath's brother Lahmi

Lazarus

8961. B) Bethany

8962. C) Mary

8963. D) For God's glory, so that God's Son may be glorified through it

8964. A) Two more days

8965. C) Lazarus was dead

8966. A) Four days

8967. D) Lazarus, come out!

8968. A) Six days

8969. B) Martha

8970. B) On account of him many Jews were going over to Jesus and believing in him

Lazarus the beggar

8971. D) Lazarus

8972. B) Dogs

8973. C) To Abraham's side

8974. A) Dip the tip of his finger in water and cool his tongue

8975. C) Five

Leah

8976. A) Leah was older and Rachel was younger

8977. D) He gave Jacob Leah

8978. B) It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older

8979. C) Fourteen years

8980. B) Because she was not loved

8981. A) Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah

8982. B) Leah was bearing children while Rachel had none

8983. A) Dinah

8984. B) They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs

8985. C) He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

8986. D) Dinah

8987. B) Rachel and Leah

Lemuel

8988. B) His mother

8989. B) They might forget what the law decrees and deprive the oppressed

Levi

8990. D) Simeon and Levi

8991. C) That the people of the land would join together and attack him

8992. C) Simeon and Levi

8993. D) Korah

8994. B) All the other duties of the tabernacle

8995. C) House of David

8996. D) Levi

8997. A) True instruction was in his mouth and nothing false was found on his lips

8998. C) Levi son of Alphaeus

8999. A) Jesus ate with tax collectors and sinners

9000. C) Levi

9001. D) A great banquet

9002. C) The descendants of Levi

9003. A) Through Abraham, because Levi was still in the body of his ancestor

Lo-Ammi

9004. A) Not my people

9005. C) Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi

Lo-Ruhamah

9006. C) Lo-Ruhamah

9007. C) Jezreel, Lo-Ruhamah, Lo-Ammi

Lois

9008. C) Lois

Lot

9009. A) Ur of the Chaldeans

9010. A) His wife Sarai and his nephew Lot

9011. B) There was quarreling between their herders and the land could not support them both

9012. C) The whole plain of the Jordan

9013. A) Sodom

9014. B) Lot, Abram's nephew

9015. C) He led his trained men to rescue Lot and recover the goods

9016. D) Lot

9017. B) He invited them to stay at his house

9018. A) They were struck with blindness

9019. C) God was going to destroy the city

9020. B) He hesitated to leave

9021. B) Not to look back

9022. D) Zoar

9023. D) Because God remembered Abraham

9024. D) Lot

9025. C) Lot

9026. C) Lot

9027. D) Lot's wife

9028. C) Lot

Luke

9029. C) Theophilus

9030. B) So Theophilus would know the certainty of what he was taught

9031. A) Luke

9032. B) Luke

Lydia

9033. C) Lydia

9034. B) The Lord opened her heart

9035. A) Invited Paul and his companions to stay at her house

9036. B) Lydia's house

Maakah

9037. A) Talmai king of Geshur

9038. C) She had made a repulsive image for the worship of Asherah

9039. A) Talmai king of Geshur

9040. C) Gibeon

9041. A) Maakah daughter of Absalom

9042. B) Maakah

9043. C) In the Kidron Valley

Magi

9044. C) His star

9045. D) From the east

9046. C) Go and worship him

9047. B) Went ahead of them and stopped over the place where the child was

9048. C) Gold, frankincense and myrrh

9049. A) Bowed down and worshiped him

9050. B) They were warned in a dream not to go back to Herod

Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz

9051. C) Maher-Shalal-Hash-Baz

9052. B) The wealth of Damascus and the plunder of Samaria

Mahlon

9053. A) Mahlon and Kilion

9054. B) Orpah and Ruth

9055. D) To keep the dead man's name with his property

Makir

9056. B) Makir

9057. B) Lo Debar

9058. D) Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

Malachi

9059. C) Malachi

Malchus

9060. D) Malchus

Malki-Shua

9061. C) Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua

9062. D) Abner

9063. D) Esh-Baal

Manaen

9064. C) Manaen

9065. A) Manaen

Manasseh

9066. C) Ephraim and Manasseh

9067. A) Ephraim and Manasseh

9068. D) That they would be counted as his own sons, like Reuben and Simeon

9069. B) He crossed his arms, putting his right hand on the younger son

9070. A) He refused, saying the younger would become greater

9071. B) Makir

9072. C) Manasseh

9073. A) Twelve

9074. D) Fifty-five years

9075. C) The high places

9076. B) Ahab

9077. A) In both courts of the temple of the LORD

9078. D) He practised divination and consulted mediums and spiritists

9079. C) He led the people to do more evil than those nations

9080. D) He shed so much innocent blood that he filled Jerusalem

9081. C) In his palace garden, the garden of Uzza

9082. B) Amon

9083. D) Because of everything Manasseh had done to arouse His anger

9084. A) Manasseh's

9085. A) Hezekiah, Manasseh, Amon, Josiah

9086. A) Zelophehad

9087. B) Megiddo

9088. D) Manasseh

9089. C) Twelve

9090. D) Fifty-five

9091. A) The high places

9092. B) In both courts of the LORD's temple

9093. C) He consulted mediums and spiritists

9094. D) More evil than the nations the LORD had destroyed

9095. A) Babylon

9096. B) He sought the favor of the LORD and humbled himself greatly

9097. C) That the LORD is God

9098. D) He got rid of them and removed the image from the temple

9099. A) To serve the LORD, the God of Israel

9100. B) The outer wall of the City of David

9101. C) Amon

9102. D) He did not humble himself before the LORD

9103. D) Manasseh

Manoah

9104. D) Manoah

9105. B) Zorah

9106. C) Dan

9107. A) To drink no wine or other fermented drink and eat nothing unclean

9108. A) That the man of God would come again to teach them how to bring up the boy

9109. D) Out in the field

9110. B) He would not eat, but they could offer a burnt offering to the LORD

9111. C) understanding

9112. A) He went up in the flame

9113. D) If the LORD meant to kill them, He would not have accepted their burnt offering or shown them these things

9114. B) Samson

9115. B) She was from the uncircumcised Philistines, not from their own people

9116. D) It was from the LORD, who was looking for a chance to confront the Philistines

9117. D) That he had taken it from the lion's carcass

9118. C) Between Zorah and Eshtaol in the tomb of his father Manoah

Marduk-Baladan

9119. D) Marduk-Baladan

9120. B) Marduk-Baladan son of Baladan

Mark

9121. C) Barnabas

9122. B) Mark

9123. C) Mark

Martha

9124. A) Mary

9125. B) Mary left her to do the work by herself

9126. C) She had chosen what is better, and it would not be taken from her

9127. B) Bethany

9128. B) Martha

9129. C) resurrection

9130. D) That he was the Messiah, the Son of God, who is to come into the world

9131. B) Martha

9132. B) Martha

Mary

9133. A) Joseph

9134. B) The Holy Spirit

9135. C) Divorce her quietly

9136. B) afraid

9137. B) Conceive and give birth to a son

9138. D) He did what the angel commanded and took Mary home as his wife

9139. A) Bowed down and worshiped him

9140. C) Egypt

9141. B) His mother and brothers

9142. C) Simon

9143. B) At dawn on the first day of the week

9144. A) Mary Magdalene and the other Mary

9145. C) Afraid yet filled with joy

9146. B) Clasped his feet and worshiped him

9147. A) brothers

9148. D) Nazareth

9149. A) Joseph

9150. B) The sixth month

9151. C) Jesus

9152. B) The Holy Spirit would come on her

9153. A) fail

9154. D) She said, 'I am the Lord's servant. May your word to me be fulfilled.'

9155. B) The baby leaped in her womb and she was filled with the Holy Spirit

9156. C) Savior

9157. A) He lifts up the humble and fills the hungry with good things

9158. B) About three months

9159. D) In a manger

9160. B) There was no guest room available for them

9161. D) She treasured these things and pondered them in her heart

9162. B) A pair of doves or two young pigeons

9163. B) sword

9164. C) Nazareth

9165. A) Passover

9166. C) Three days

9167. B) Father's

9168. C) He was obedient to them

9169. C) Wine

9170. D) His mother

9171. A) whatever

9172. A) Capernaum

9173. D) The disciple whom he loved

9174. B) Prayed

9175. C) Mary the mother of Jesus

Mary Magdalene

9176. C) Mary Magdalene

9177. B) At dawn on the first day of the week

9178. A) Mary Magdalene and the other Mary

9179. C) Afraid yet filled with joy

9180. B) Clasped his feet and worshiped him

9181. A) brothers

9182. B) Mary Magdalene

9183. C) Mary Magdalene and Mary the mother of Joseph

9184. B) To anoint Jesus' body

9185. B) Salome

9186. C) Very early on the first day of the week, just after sunrise

9187. B) stone

9188. C) The very large stone had been rolled away

9189. A) A young man dressed in a white robe

9190. C) Trembling and bewildered, they said nothing to anyone, because they were afraid

9191. A) Mary Magdalene

9192. A) Mary Magdalene

9193. B) Mary Magdalene

9194. B) Mary Magdalene

9195. A) The first day of the week

9196. A) Two angels in white, seated where Jesus' body had been

9197. B) The gardener

9198. C) He called her by her name

9199. D) Lord

Mary mother of Jesus

9200. D) will

9201. B) James

Mary of Bethany

9202. A) Mary

9203. B) Mary left her to do the work by herself

9204. C) She had chosen what is better, and it would not be taken from her

9205. B) Bethany

9206. C) Mary

9207. B) Martha

9208. C) About a pint of pure nard, an expensive perfume

Mary the mother of James

9209. B) Mary Magdalene

Mary the mother of John Mark

9210. D) The house of Mary the mother of John, also called Mark

Mattan

9211. C) Mattan

9212. A) They tore it down and smashed the altars and idols

Matthew

9213. D) Matthew

9214. C) Tax collectors and sinners

9215. D) Matthew

Matthias

9216. C) Joseph called Barsabbas and Matthias

9217. A) They cast lots

9218. B) Matthias

Mattithiah

9219. B) Baking the offering bread

Medad

9220. B) Eldad and Medad

Melchizedek

9221. A) Melchizedek

9222. B) A tenth of everything

9223. C) Melchizedek

9224. B) Melchizedek

9225. B) Melchizedek

9226. C) When Abraham was returning from the defeat of the kings

9227. A) A tenth of everything

9228. D) King of righteousness

9229. B) King of peace

9230. A) Through Abraham, because Levi was still in the body of his ancestor

9231. D) Because perfection could not be attained through the Levitical priesthood

Memukan

9232. A) Memukan

9233. C) Her conduct would become known to all women and cause them to despise their husbands

Menahem

9234. A) Menahem son of Gadi

9235. D) Pul

9236. C) He paid him a thousand talents of silver

Mephibosheth

9237. A) Mephibosheth

9238. C) His nurse dropped him as she hurried to flee

9239. D) Five years old

9240. B) Lo Debar

9241. C) Mephibosheth

9242. D) All the land of Saul and a place at the king's table

9243. A) afraid

9244. B) As a dead dog

9245. D) To farm Mephibosheth's land and bring in the crops

9246. A) king's sons

9247. B) Mika

9248. D) Jerusalem

9249. B) That Israel would restore his grandfather's kingdom to him

9250. A) All that had belonged to Mephibosheth

9251. D) He had not cared for his feet, trimmed his moustache or washed his clothes

9252. C) Betrayed him and slandered him to the king

9253. A) "Let him take everything, now that my lord the king has returned home safely"

9254. C) Because of the oath before the LORD between David and Jonathan

Merab

9255. A) Merab and Michal

9256. C) To let the Philistines kill David

9257. D) Adriel of Meholah

Merari

9258. C) Gershon, Kohath, and Merari

9259. A) The frames, crossbars, posts, and bases of the tabernacle

9260. D) Korah

Mered

9261. B) Pharaoh's daughter

Merib-Baal

9262. A) Merib-Baal

Mesha

9263. B) Mesha

9264. A) The king of Moab had rebelled after Ahab died

9265. C) The water looked red like blood in the sunlight

9266. A) He offered his firstborn son as a sacrifice on the city wall

Meshach

9267. C) Some astrologers

9268. D) Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

9269. A) rescue

9270. B) Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image

9271. D) The flames of the fire killed them

9272. A) Four

9273. C) Servants of the Most High God

9274. D) They did not even smell of fire

9275. A) He sent His angel

9276. C) Promoted them in the province of Babylon

Methuselah

9277. A) Methuselah

Micah

9278. A) In the hill country of Ephraim

9279. B) Eleven hundred shekels of silver

9280. C) "The LORD bless you, my son!"

9281. D) Two hundred

9282. C) A shrine, an ephod and some household gods

9283. B) A young Levite from Bethlehem in Judah

9284. A) Ten shekels of silver a year, plus his clothes and food

9285. D) Because a Levite had become his priest

9286. B) One of his sons

9287. D) The voice of the young Levite

9288. B) His idol, ephod and household gods

9289. D) gods

9290. C) He saw that the Danites were too strong for him

9291. C) Shiloh

9292. A) Merib-Baal

9293. A) Micah of Moresheth

9294. D) He feared the LORD and sought His favor, and the LORD relented

9295. B) Micah

9296. C) Moresheth

9297. B) Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

9298. A) Samaria and Jerusalem

9299. B) Weep and wail

9300. C) Jerusalem

9301. C) They hated good and loved evil

9302. B) Spirit

9303. D) To declare to Israel its sin

9304. D) It would be plowed like a field

9305. D) Summer fruit

9306. C) Savior

9307. A) His light

9308. C) Bashan and Gilead

Micaiah

9309. A) Micaiah son of Imlah

9310. C) LORD

9311. D) Sheep without a shepherd

9312. A) Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

9313. B) Put him in prison with only bread and water

9314. C) If the king ever returned safely

9315. C) Micaiah son of Imlah

9316. D) He never prophesied anything good about Ahab, only bad

9317. B) God

9318. C) All Israel scattered on the hills like sheep without a shepherd

9319. D) Be a deceiving spirit in the mouths of Ahab's prophets

9320. A) He slapped him in the face

9321. B) Put him in prison with only bread and water

9322. C) spoken

Michael

9323. C) Twenty-one days

9324. D) Michael, one of the chief princes

9325. C) What is written in the Book of Truth

9326. B) Michael

9327. C) Michael

9328. B) rebuke

9329. C) Michael

Michal

9330. A) Merab and Michal

9331. A) Michal

9332. B) That David would fall by the hands of the Philistines

9333. D) Two hundred

9334. C) That the LORD was with David and Michal loved him

9335. B) His wife Michal

9336. C) She let him down through a window

9337. D) An idol with goats' hair at the head

9338. A) "He is ill."

9339. C) She said David threatened to kill her if she didn't let him go

9340. D) Paltiel son of Laish

9341. C) Michal

9342. B) Her husband Paltiel

9343. D) Michal

9344. A) undignified

9345. D) She had no children to the day of her death

9346. C) Michal daughter of Saul

Mika

9347. B) Mika

Miriam

9348. B) Miriam

9349. C) A prophetess and the sister of Aaron

9350. C) Miriam and Aaron

9351. B) His Cushite wife and whether God spoke only through him

9352. B) She became leprous, white as snow

9353. C) He cried out to God to heal her

9354. A) Seven days

9355. C) Miriam

9356. A) Amram

9357. C) Moses, Aaron and Miriam

Mishael

9358. A) Judah

9359. A) Ten days

9360. B) The guard took away their food and wine and gave them vegetables

9361. C) Ten times

9362. D) Plead for mercy from the God of heaven

9363. C) Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

Mithredath

9364. C) Mithredath

9365. D) Sheshbazzar

Mnason

9366. B) Mnason

Mordecai

9367. C) Mordecai

9368. D) Benjamin

9369. B) Mordecai

9370. C) He was her cousin

9371. D) Mordecai had forbidden her to tell

9372. B) He told Queen Esther, who reported it to the king and gave Mordecai credit

9373. C) In the book of the annals in the king's presence

9374. A) Kneel down and pay him honor

9375. B) That he was a Jew

9376. C) Destroy all the Jews throughout the kingdom

9377. B) He tore his clothes and put on sackcloth and ashes

9378. C) No one dressed in sackcloth was allowed to enter the gate

9379. D) Clothes to put on instead of sackcloth

9380. A) Hathak

9381. B) A copy of the text of the edict to destroy the Jews

9382. C) Go to the king, beg for mercy and plead for her people

9383. C) time

9384. D) Relief would come for the Jews from another place, but she and her family would perish

9385. A) Mordecai did not rise or show fear of him at the king's gate

9386. B) He still saw Mordecai the Jew sitting at the king's gate

9387. A) Set up a pole and ask the king to have Mordecai impaled on it

9388. D) Fifty cubits

9389. A) That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king

9390. D) Nothing had been done for him

9391. B) To speak to the king about impaling Mordecai on the pole

9392. B) Mordecai

9393. A) Haman

9394. C) He rushed home with his head covered in grief

9395. D) That since Mordecai was Jewish, Haman could not stand against him and would surely come to ruin

9396. B) Harbona

9397. D) He was impaled on the pole he had set up for Mordecai

9398. A) His signet ring

9399. C) Mordecai

9400. A) A document written in the king's name and sealed with his ring could not be revoked

9401. C) Sivan

9402. B) By mounted couriers riding fast horses bred for the king

9403. A) Royal garments of blue and white, a large gold crown and a purple robe

9404. C) Fear of Mordecai had seized them

9405. A) Mordecai

9406. B) Mordecai

9407. A) Gifts to the poor

9408. A) Queen Esther

9409. B) The book of the annals of the kings of Media and Persia

9410. C) He was second in rank to King Xerxes

9411. A) He worked for the good of his people and spoke up for their welfare

Moses

9412. B) Levi

9413. B) In a basket among the reeds by the Nile

9414. A) Pharaoh's daughter

9415. B) Moses' own mother

9416. B) Because he was drawn out of the water

9417. B) He killed the Egyptian

9418. B) Midian

9419. A) Zipporah

9420. A) Gershom

9421. B) A bush

9422. C) Horeb, the mountain of God

9423. B) Take off his sandals

9424. A) The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob

9425. B) To lead the Israelites out of Egypt

9426. A) I AM WHO I AM

9427. A) A snake

9428. B) It became leprous, white as snow

9429. B) The water would become blood

9430. B) He was slow of speech and tongue

9431. B) Aaron

9432. B) They were brothers

9433. A) The staff of God

9434. A) In the wilderness at the mountain of God

9435. B) They believed and bowed down in worship

9436. B) Hold a festival to the LORD in the wilderness

9437. A) He said he did not know the LORD and refused

9438. B) Moses and Aaron

9439. B) He asked God why He had brought trouble on the people

9440. B) They were discouraged by their harsh slavery

9441. A) Amram and Jochebed

9442. B) He spoke with faltering lips

9443. B) His prophet

9444. B) 80 years old

9445. B) The Nile turned to blood

9446. A) Frogs

9447. B) To pray to the LORD to take them away

9448. A) Festering boils

9449. A) Hail

9450. A) That he had sinned

9451. A) Locusts

9452. B) An east wind

9453. A) Darkness

9454. A) That they leave their flocks and herds behind

9455. A) He said Moses would die if he saw his face again

9456. A) Pharaoh would drive the Israelites out completely

9457. A) Kill every firstborn in Egypt

9458. B) He told Moses and the Israelites to leave Egypt

9459. A) The day they came out of slavery in Egypt

9460. A) Joseph's bones

9461. B) They were terrified and cried out

9462. A) still

9463. A) A strong east wind

9464. B) They feared the LORD and put their trust in Him and Moses

9465. C) Because He had triumphed gloriously over the Egyptians

9466. D) A piece of wood

9467. B) They had no food and remembered eating well in Egypt

9468. B) Manna

9469. B) It bred maggots and began to smell

9470. C) There was no water to drink

9471. B) Water came out of a rock when Moses struck it

9472. A) Massah and Meribah

9473. C) Joshua

9474. B) The Israelites were winning

9475. D) Aaron and Hur

9476. C) The LORD is my Banner

9477. B) His father-in-law

9478. C) Moses' wife Zipporah and her two sons

9479. D) Judging the people alone from morning till evening

9480. C) That he would wear himself out

9481. B) Capable men who fear God and are trustworthy and hate dishonest gain

9482. C) He listened and did everything Jethro said

9483. D) They promised to do everything the LORD had said

9484. B) They were afraid they would die if God spoke to them

9485. C) They said they would do everything the LORD had said

9486. B) The twelve tribes of Israel

9487. D) The Book of the Covenant

9488. B) The blood of the covenant

9489. C) The stone tablets with the law and commandments

9490. D) Aaron and Hur

9491. C) Forty days and forty nights

9492. C) Two stone tablets written by the finger of God

9493. D) He pleaded with God, and God relented

9494. B) He threw them down and broke them

9495. C) He burned it, ground it to powder, and made the people drink it in water

9496. D) He said the gold went into the fire and the calf came out

9497. B) The Levites

9498. C) He offered to be blotted out of God's book for their sake

9499. C) The pillar of cloud came down and stood at the entrance

9500. B) Face to face, as one speaks with a friend

9501. D) Joshua

9502. B) My Presence will go with you, and I will give you rest

9503. C) To show him His glory

9504. D) No one may see His face and live

9505. C) The first tablets had been broken

9506. B) Compassionate and gracious, slow to anger, abounding in love

9507. B) Forty days and forty nights

9508. C) It was radiant because he had spoken with the LORD

9509. D) He put a veil over his face when speaking to the people

9510. C) It was a holy day of Sabbath rest

9511. B) The people were bringing more than enough for the work

9512. D) To stop bringing any more offerings

9513. D) He made everything the LORD commanded Moses

9514. D) They brought everything to Moses

9515. B) He blessed the people because they had done it as the LORD commanded

9516. C) On the first day of the first month

9517. B) The ark of the covenant law

9518. D) He did everything just as the LORD commanded him

9519. C) The cloud had settled on it and the glory of the LORD filled it

9520. B) From the tent of meeting

9521. C) In the Desert of Sinai

9522. D) The ordination of Aaron and his sons as priests

9523. A) Anointing oil

9524. B) His right ear, right thumb, and right big toe

9525. A) They did everything the Lord commanded through Moses

9526. B) The eighth day

9527. A) Which animals were clean and unclean to eat

9528. A) The laws for a woman after childbirth

9529. B) Examining skin diseases and mildew

9530. A) The cleansing of a person healed from a skin disease

9531. A) Laws about bodily discharges and cleanness

9532. B) The Day of Atonement

9533. B) To the entrance of the tent of meeting

9534. A) The people of Egypt and Canaan

9535. B) holy

9536. B) Sacrificing children to Molek

9537. B) The priests, the sons of Aaron

9538. A) Ceremonially clean

9539. A) The appointed feasts of the Lord

9540. B) The lamps on the golden lampstand

9541. B) Let it rest and leave it unplanted

9542. A) Blessings such as rain, good harvests, and peace

9543. A) Vows and dedicating things to the Lord

9544. C) Take a census of the people of Israel

9545. B) In the Desert of Sinai

9546. D) Every male twenty years old or more who could serve in the army

9547. A) Aaron, along with one man from each tribe

9548. C) 603,550

9549. B) The tribe of Levi

9550. D) Each tribe under its own standard, around the tent of meeting

9551. C) The Levites

9552. A) They did everything exactly as the Lord commanded Moses

9553. A) 22,000

9554. C) They were redeemed by paying five shekels each

9555. B) Men from thirty to fifty years old

9556. C) 8,580

9557. A) They were to be sent outside the camp

9558. C) Aaron and his sons

9559. D) When Moses finished setting up and anointing the tabernacle

9560. A) One leader each day, over twelve days

9561. C) From between the two cherubim above the atonement cover

9562. C) The Passover

9563. B) They were unclean because of a dead body

9564. A) They could keep the Passover a month later

9565. A) Two trumpets

9566. D) Hobab

9567. A) enemies

9568. B) He put His Spirit on seventy elders to share the burden

9569. B) Eldad and Medad

9570. C) Miriam and Aaron

9571. B) His Cushite wife and whether God spoke only through him

9572. A) Very humble, more than anyone else on earth

9573. D) Face to face, clearly and not in riddles

9574. C) He cried out to God to heal her

9575. A) Send men to explore the land of Canaan

9576. D) They wept and wanted to return to Egypt

9577. B) He pleaded with God to forgive them

9578. B) He was to be stoned to death

9579. C) Korah, Dathan, and Abiram

9580. B) That the whole community was holy, so Moses and Aaron had set themselves too high

9581. D) Each was to take a censer and offer incense before the Lord

9582. B) They grumbled and blamed Moses and Aaron for the deaths

9583. D) He ran with a censer and stood between the living and the dead

9584. A) Twelve staffs, one for each leader

9585. B) As a sign to warn the rebels and stop their grumbling

9586. A) There was no water to drink

9587. D) Speak to the rock

9588. B) He struck the rock twice with his staff

9589. B) They did not trust God enough to honor Him as holy

9590. D) Eleazar

9591. C) The manna, calling it detestable food

9592. A) A bronze snake on a pole

9593. D) His anger burned and a plague began among the people

9594. B) To take a new census of the people

9595. C) The daughters of Zelophehad

9596. A) Look at the land Israel would receive, which he himself would not enter

9597. B) A leader so they would not be like sheep without a shepherd

9598. D) Joshua

9599. B) He laid his hands on him before Eleazar and the people

9600. C) The Midianites

9601. B) Because not one of their soldiers was missing

9602. D) He feared they would discourage the others from crossing the Jordan

9603. A) find

9604. D) The stages of Israel's journey from Egypt

9605. A) The boundaries of the land they would inherit

9606. B) That if the daughters married outside their tribe, their land would pass to another tribe

9607. B) On the plains of Moab by the Jordan across from Jericho

9608. C) Moses

9609. D) Horeb

9610. A) The people had become too numerous

9611. D) Officials and judges over the people

9612. B) partiality

9613. A) Kadesh Barnea

9614. C) Twelve

9615. C) They rebelled and were afraid to go up

9616. A) By reminding them the Lord would fight for them as He had in Egypt and the wilderness

9617. A) The Amorites chased them and defeated them

9618. A) Seir

9619. A) anything

9620. D) To let Israel pass through peacefully along the road

9621. D) God delivered Sihon over, and Israel defeated him and took his towns

9622. C) Their fighting men must cross over armed to help the other tribes take their land

9623. D) Joshua

9624. A) To cross over and see the good land beyond the Jordan

9625. D) God said Moses could only view the land from a mountain but not cross over

9626. A) subtract

9627. C) Baal of Peor

9628. D) Israel's wisdom and understanding

9629. B) Teach them to their children and grandchildren

9630. D) Because they saw no form when God spoke at Horeb

9631. C) The sun, moon, and stars

9632. D) The Lord was angry with him because of the people

9633. B) fire

9634. A) They would be scattered among the nations

9635. C) If they seek Him with all their heart, they will find Him, for He is merciful

9636. A) no other

9637. D) Because He loved their ancestors and chose their descendants

9638. C) Cities of refuge for those who killed someone accidentally

9639. A) At Horeb

9640. C) They were afraid they would die if God kept speaking to them from the fire

9641. B) prolong

9642. C) honey

9643. A) With all their heart, soul, and strength

9644. C) Impress them on their children and talk about them throughout the day

9645. D) That they might forget the Lord who brought them out of Egypt

9646. D) The Lord their God

9647. A) Massah

9648. B) For their own good, that they might prosper and be kept alive

9649. A) treasured

9650. B) By remembering what the Lord did to Pharaoh and all Egypt

9651. C) Forty years

9652. A) bread

9653. A) Their clothes did not wear out and their feet did not swell

9654. D) A father disciplining his son

9655. C) A good land with streams, wheat, vines, and where they would lack nothing

9656. A) Not to forget the Lord their God

9657. B) Thinking their own power produced their wealth; instead God gives the ability to produce wealth

9658. B) They would surely be destroyed like the nations before them

9659. A) The Anakites

9660. D) As a consuming fire

9661. A) Because of Israel's own righteousness

9662. D) stiff-necked

9663. C) Forty days and nights

9664. A) A golden calf

9665. D) He threw them down and broke them to pieces

9666. C) Aaron

9667. C) Burned it, ground it to powder, and threw the dust into a stream

9668. B) Kadesh Barnea

9669. B) That the Lord should remember His servants Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob and His own reputation

9670. D) A wooden ark (chest)

9671. C) To fear Him, walk in His ways, love Him, and serve Him with all their heart and soul

9672. A) hearts

9673. B) Because Israel themselves were once foreigners in Egypt

9674. C) He swept Pharaoh's army into the Red Sea as they pursued Israel

9675. A) Dathan and Abiram

9676. A) The Lord would shut the heavens so there would be no rain, and they would perish from the land

9677. D) Teach them to their children, talking about them at home and along the road

9678. B) A blessing and a curse

9679. D) The Levites

9680. A) anything

9681. A) revere

9682. C) poor

9683. B) A bribe

9684. A) land

9685. D) blameless

9686. A) A prophet like Moses, to whom they must listen

9687. B) dishonestly

9688. A) Coat them with plaster and write all the words of this law on them

9689. A) Mount Ebal

9690. C) In the city and in the country, coming in and going out

9691. A) The sky like bronze and the ground like iron

9692. D) Groping about like a blind person in the dark

9693. D) They would sow much but harvest little, because locusts and worms would devour it

9694. B) The foreigner would rise higher, lending to Israel, and become the head while Israel became the tail

9695. B) Because they did not serve the Lord joyfully and gladly in a time of prosperity

9696. B) A distant nation swooping down like an eagle, whose language they would not understand

9697. B) They would be scattered among the nations and find no resting place

9698. A) Moab

9699. A) A mind that understands, eyes that see, and ears that hear

9700. C) They did not wear out

9701. D) A root that produces bitter poison

9702. B) secret

9703. A) It was not too difficult or beyond their reach

9704. C) It was not up in heaven or beyond the sea, needing someone to fetch it

9705. D) heart

9706. B) Life and prosperity, death and destruction

9707. B) Heaven and earth

9708. C) He is their life, and will give them many years in the land

9709. C) One hundred and twenty years old

9710. A) Joshua

9711. A) forsake

9712. C) To the Levitical priests who carried the ark, and to all the elders

9713. D) At the tent of meeting, in a pillar of cloud

9714. B) A song

9715. B) Beside the ark of the covenant

9716. A) Like rain and dew falling on tender plants

9717. B) Because they were not idle words but their very life

9718. B) Mount Nebo

9719. C) Before his death

9720. C) The law

9721. D) The burning bush

9722. B) Unlike any other, riding on the heavens to help His people

9723. B) everlasting

9724. B) A people saved by the Lord, their shield and helper

9725. A) Mount Nebo

9726. C) That it was promised to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and he could see it but not cross into it

9727. D) To this day no one knows where it is

9728. A) His eyes were not weak and his strength had not gone

9729. C) Thirty days

9730. D) Because Moses had laid his hands on him

9731. B) No prophet has risen in Israel like him, whom the Lord knew face to face

9732. B) The signs and wonders the Lord sent him to do in Egypt, and his mighty acts before all Israel

9733. A) After Moses died

9734. A) Moses' aide

9735. B) foot

9736. A) forsake

9737. B) Reubenites, Gadites and the half-tribe of Manasseh

9738. C) They promised to obey him as they obeyed Moses

9739. B) Exalt him in the eyes of all Israel

9740. A) Reuben, Gad and the half-tribe of Manasseh

9741. B) They stood in awe of him as they had of Moses

9742. A) It was made of uncut stones with no iron tool used

9743. B) The law of Moses

9744. B) Every word Moses had commanded

9745. C) He left nothing undone

9746. C) Moses

9747. A) Reuben, Gad and the half-tribe of Manasseh

9748. C) inheritance

9749. B) Reuben, Gad, half-tribe of Manasseh

9750. A) On the plains of Moab across the Jordan east of Jericho

9751. A) Forty years old

9752. C) He was as strong as the day Moses sent him out

9753. B) That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance

9754. A) Cities of refuge

9755. B) Towns to live in with pasturelands for their livestock

9756. A) left

9757. D) The Kenites

9758. D) The three sons of Anak

9759. D) Jonathan son of Gershom, the son of Moses

9760. B) Only the two stone tablets Moses had placed there at Horeb

9761. B) Not one word of them had failed

9762. D) The bronze snake

9763. C) Nehushtan

9764. A) Amram

9765. C) With poles on their shoulders

9766. C) Moses

9767. C) Moses

9768. D) The two tablets

9769. A) At Horeb

9770. B) Moses'

9771. D) The Book of the Law of the LORD given through Moses

9772. A) The Law of Moses

9773. C) Gather them to the place He chose as a dwelling for His Name

9774. A) Follow the Law of God given through Moses

9775. B) They were never to be admitted into the assembly of God

9776. A) Moses and Aaron

9777. B) Moses

9778. B) dwelling

9779. C) From everlasting to everlasting

9780. A) A day that has just gone by

9781. D) New grass

9782. B) Seventy or eighty

9783. C) wisdom

9784. A) In the morning

9785. B) The work of our hands

9786. C) Samuel

9787. D) The pillar of cloud

9788. B) Moses

9789. B) Aaron

9790. B) Dathan

9791. A) Moses

9792. A) Meribah

9793. C) Moses

9794. B) Samuel

9795. C) Moses, Aaron and Miriam

9796. A) Moses

9797. B) At Horeb

9798. A) Moses and Elijah

9799. D) Three shelters

9800. D) Because their hearts were hard

9801. A) Moses' seat

9802. C) Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded

9803. D) Moses

9804. A) Elijah and Moses

9805. B) Write a certificate of divorce and send his wife away

9806. A) Because their hearts were hard

9807. C) The account of the burning bush, where God is the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

9808. D) Show himself to the priest and offer the sacrifices Moses commanded

9809. D) Moses and Elijah

9810. A) His departure, which he was about to fulfill at Jerusalem

9811. D) They will not be convinced even if someone rises from the dead

9812. B) The account of the burning bush

9813. B) Beginning with Moses and all the Prophets, he explained what the Scriptures said about him

9814. B) The Law of Moses, the Prophets and the Psalms

9815. C) Moses

9816. C) Moses

9817. A) Moses

9818. D) His Father

9819. B) To stone her

9820. B) Moses

9821. D) Moses

9822. C) All the wisdom of the Egyptians

9823. D) Forty years old

9824. A) He defended him and killed the Egyptian

9825. B) Midian

9826. C) Mount Sinai

9827. D) His sandals

9828. A) Forty years

9829. A) Moses

9830. C) Moses

9831. C) Moses

9832. D) ox

9833. C) Moses

9834. A) Christ

9835. D) Moses

9836. A) A veil

9837. B) Jannes and Jambres

9838. A) Moses

9839. B) Just as the builder of a house has greater honor than the house itself

9840. A) Moses was faithful as a servant; Christ is faithful as the Son over God's house

9841. D) All those Moses led out of Egypt

9842. B) Judah

9843. B) Moses

9844. C) Moses

9845. B) Three months

9846. C) To be mistreated along with the people of God

9847. A) The Passover and the application of blood

9848. B) Moses

9849. C) Michael

9850. A) Moses

Naamah

9851. C) Naamah

9852. B) Naamah

Naaman

9853. A) Naaman

9854. D) The LORD

9855. C) A young girl taken captive from Israel

9856. B) Silver, gold and ten sets of clothing

9857. D) So Naaman would know there is a prophet in Israel

9858. C) Seven times

9859. B) He expected Elisha to come out and heal him with a wave of his hand

9860. A) Abana and Pharpar

9861. D) His servants

9862. C) It became clean like that of a young boy

9863. B) Israel

9864. A) He refused to accept anything

9865. D) As much earth as a pair of mules could carry

9866. C) The temple of Rimmon

9867. B) Gehazi

9868. A) That two young prophets had come and needed silver and clothing

9869. C) Naaman the Syrian

Nabal

9870. A) Nabal

9871. C) Abigail was intelligent and beautiful, but Nabal was surly and mean

9872. D) David's men had not mistreated Nabal's shepherds or taken anything from them

9873. B) Jesse

9874. C) "Each of you strap on your sword!"

9875. A) No, she did not tell her husband

9876. B) Fool

9877. D) His heart failed and he became like a stone

9878. A) About ten days

Naboth

9879. B) Naboth

9880. A) A vegetable garden

9881. C) It was the inheritance of his ancestors

9882. A) Jezebel

9883. B) That he cursed both God and the king

9884. D) By stoning outside the city

9885. C) Dogs would lick it up where they licked up Naboth's blood

9886. B) Naboth the Jezreelite

Nadab

9887. B) Nadab and Abihu

9888. C) Fire came from the Lord and consumed them, and they died

9889. C) Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar

9890. A) They died before the Lord when they offered unauthorized fire

9891. B) Nadab

9892. D) Baasha son of Ahijah

9893. C) Phinehas

9894. A) Nadab and Abihu died before their father and had no sons

Nahash

9895. A) Nahash

9896. B) That he gouge out the right eye of every one of them

9897. C) Seven days

9898. C) They saw Nahash king of the Ammonites moving against them

9899. B) Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David

9900. B) Hanun

9901. C) Hanun's father Nahash had shown kindness to David

Nahshon

9902. C) The tribe of Judah

9903. C) Nahshon of the tribe of Judah

9904. D) Nahshon

Nahum

9905. B) Nineveh

9906. A) Nahum the Elkoshite

Naomi

9907. C) Moab

9908. D) Naomi

9909. A) Mahlon and Kilion

9910. C) Her husband Elimelek died

9911. B) She heard the Lord had given His people food

9912. B) Orpah

9913. B) stay

9914. A) God

9915. C) She was fully committed to Naomi, her people and her God

9916. B) Death

9917. B) Mara

9918. B) She left with her husband and sons but returned without them

9919. C) At the beginning of the barley harvest

9920. A) Boaz

9921. C) Pick up leftover grain

9922. C) The Moabite who came back with Naomi

9923. B) All she had done for her mother-in-law since her husband died

9924. D) guardian-redeemers

9925. A) A home where she would be well provided for

9926. C) Winnowing barley

9927. D) Wash, put on perfume and her best clothes

9928. B) After he had finished eating and drinking

9929. C) Uncover his feet and lie down

9930. C) Not rest until the matter was settled that day

9931. D) The piece of land that belonged to Elimelek

9932. B) seven

9933. A) She laid him in her lap and cared for him

Naphtali

9934. D) Bilhah

Nathan

9935. C) Nathan

9936. A) The ark of God was still in a tent while he lived in a house of cedar

9937. D) "Whatever you have in mind, go ahead and do it, for the LORD is with you"

9938. B) He had moved from place to place with a tent as His dwelling

9939. D) Nathan

9940. B) His only ewe lamb

9941. A) It was like a daughter to him

9942. B) man

9943. D) The Ammonites

9944. A) sword

9945. D) "I have sinned against the LORD"

9946. B) The LORD had taken away David's sin and he would not die, but the child would die

9947. A) Jedidiah

9948. D) Nathan the prophet

9949. C) Nathan

9950. C) Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah

9951. B) The Kerethites and the Pelethites

9952. C) Nathan

9953. D) "Whatever you have in mind, do it, for God is with you."

9954. A) David was not the one to build Him a house

9955. D) Elijah the prophet

9956. D) Nathan

9957. C) David, Gad the seer and Nathan the prophet

9958. A) Nathan

Nathanael

9959. D) Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

9960. A) Nazareth

9961. B) Under the fig tree

9962. C) You are the Son of God; you are the king of Israel

9963. B) Heaven open and angels going up and down on the Son of Man

Nebuchadnezzar

9964. D) Nebuchadnezzar

9965. C) Three years

9966. B) He surrendered with his mother and officials

9967. A) He cut them up

9968. C) Babylon

9969. B) A thousand

9970. A) Mattaniah, Jehoiachin's uncle

9971. D) Zedekiah

9972. A) The ninth year

9973. B) He put out his eyes, bound him in bronze shackles and took him to Babylon

9974. C) Gedaliah son of Ahikam

9975. B) Nebuchadnezzar

9976. B) Nebuchadnezzar

9977. C) In his temple in Babylon

9978. D) Zedekiah

9979. A) Nebuchadnezzar

9980. B) Nebuchadnezzar

9981. B) Because their ancestors angered the God of heaven

9982. B) Nebuchadnezzar

9983. D) Perform wonders as in times past so Nebuchadnezzar would withdraw

9984. C) He would be handed over to Nebuchadnezzar

9985. B) Jehoiachin

9986. A) The first year

9987. D) Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon

9988. D) Him, his son and his grandson, until the time for his land comes

9989. B) Punish it with the sword, famine and plague

9990. C) Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah

9991. A) Ahab son of Kolaiah and Zedekiah son of Maaseiah

9992. B) The eighteenth year

9993. B) He would see the king of Babylon with his own eyes and go to Babylon

9994. C) Because they feared the Babylonian and Aramean armies

9995. C) Zedekiah

9996. C) The ninth year

9997. A) Riblah

9998. B) Killed his sons before his eyes, put out his eyes and bound him in bronze shackles

9999. D) Look after him and do for him whatever he asks

10000. B) save

10001. A) Nebuchadnezzar would set his throne over them and spread his royal canopy

10002. C) Set fire to them

10003. C) A shepherd picks his garment clean of lice

10004. B) In the temple of the sun in Egypt

10005. C) Pharaoh Hophra

10006. B) Pharaoh Necho

10007. C) Carchemish

10008. D) It would be inhabited as in times past

10009. D) Nebuchadnezzar

10010. D) The king of Assyria

10011. C) 4,600

10012. A) Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon

10013. B) kings

10014. A) No reward

10015. B) Egypt

10016. C) Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon

10017. C) Nebuchadnezzar

10018. A) Jehoiakim

10019. B) Some of the articles from the temple

10020. B) Ashpenaz

10021. C) He feared the king would see them looking worse and he would lose his head

10022. C) Ten times

10023. B) His dreams

10024. C) Aramaic

10025. D) Both the dream itself and its meaning

10026. A) No one on earth could do it; only the gods could reveal it

10027. B) They should all be put to death

10028. D) The God in heaven who reveals mysteries

10029. A) Pure gold

10030. B) Silver

10031. C) Partly iron and partly baked clay

10032. D) Gold, silver, bronze, iron

10033. A) A rock cut out, but not by human hands

10034. B) A huge mountain that filled the whole earth

10035. C) gold

10036. A) kings

10037. B) He made him ruler over the province of Babylon

10038. B) An image of gold

10039. C) On the plain of Dura

10040. D) Sixty cubits

10041. A) When they heard the sound of the music

10042. B) Being thrown into a blazing furnace

10043. C) Some astrologers

10044. A) rescue

10045. B) Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image

10046. C) Seven times hotter

10047. A) Four

10048. B) A son of the gods

10049. C) Servants of the Most High God

10050. A) He sent His angel

10051. B) Anyone who said anything against their God would be cut into pieces

10052. C) Promoted them in the province of Babylon

10053. B) Afraid

10054. C) The spirit of the holy gods was in Daniel

10055. D) A tree

10056. A) Wild animals found shelter under it and birds lived in its branches

10057. B) Cut it down

10058. C) Iron and bronze

10059. D) sovereign

10060. A) The king himself

10061. B) Grass like the ox

10062. C) The king's kingdom would be given back when he admitted that Heaven rules

10063. D) Stop his sins by doing what is right and being kind to the oppressed

10064. A) Twelve months later

10065. B) On the roof of the royal palace

10066. C) Pride

10067. D) The feathers of an eagle

10068. A) His sanity was restored and he praised the Most High

10069. B) He was restored to his throne and became even greater

10070. C) pride

10071. C) The gold and silver goblets taken from the temple in Jerusalem

Nebuzaradan

10072. A) Nebuzaradan

10073. D) They set it on fire

10074. B) Some of the poorest people of the land

10075. A) Nebuzaradan

10076. C) Some of the poor people, who owned nothing

10077. B) Ramah

10078. C) That the LORD Jeremiah's God decreed it because the people sinned and did not obey

10079. A) Come to Babylon, or go wherever he pleased

10080. B) Provisions and a present

10081. C) The temple of the LORD, the royal palace and all the houses of Jerusalem

Necho

10082. C) Pharaoh Necho

10083. A) Jehoiakim

10084. D) Necho

10085. A) Stop opposing God, who is with me, or He will destroy you

10086. B) He disguised himself and went to fight

10087. C) The plain of Megiddo

10088. D) Jehoiakim

10089. A) Egypt

10090. B) Pharaoh Necho

10091. C) Carchemish

Nehemiah

10092. B) Hakaliah

10093. C) The citadel of Susa

10094. A) Hanani

10095. D) It was broken down and its gates burned

10096. B) He wept, mourned, fasted and prayed

10097. C) Kislev

10098. D) cupbearer

10099. A) The sins of the Israelites, including himself and his father's family

10100. C) Gather them to the place He chose as a dwelling for His Name

10101. D) love

10102. C) Artaxerxes

10103. A) He looked sad

10104. C) He prayed to the God of heaven

10105. B) Go to Judah and rebuild the city

10106. D) Asaph, keeper of the royal park

10107. C) Because the gracious hand of his God was on him

10108. B) At night with a few men

10109. D) The Valley Gate

10110. A) disgrace

10111. B) They said, "Let us start rebuilding"

10112. D) He said the God of heaven would give them success

10113. A) He prayed to God

10114. B) They prayed to God and posted a guard day and night

10115. A) awesome

10116. A) A man who sounded the trumpet

10117. B) fight

10118. D) They did not take off their clothes, and each kept his weapon, even when going for water

10119. D) Very angry

10120. A) Charging them interest

10121. B) To avoid the reproach of their Gentile enemies

10122. C) The priests

10123. D) The folds of his robe

10124. A) Twelve years

10125. B) Out of reverence for God and because the people were already burdened

10126. C) A hundred and fifty

10127. D) favor

10128. B) On the plain of Ono

10129. A) He was carrying on a great project and would not let the work stop

10130. C) Four times

10131. D) That he and the Jews were plotting to revolt and he wanted to be king

10132. A) He said nothing like that was happening and Sanballat was making it up

10133. B) strengthen

10134. C) Shemaiah son of Delaiah

10135. D) A man like him should not run away or go into the temple to save his life

10136. B) Noadiah

10137. B) Gatekeepers, musicians and Levites

10138. A) Hanani

10139. D) Not until the sun was hot

10140. B) The genealogical record of those who had first returned

10141. D) Because the day was holy to the LORD

10142. A) joy

10143. B) Send them some of the food and drink

10144. B) Nehemiah the governor

10145. B) Two large choirs

10146. A) They went in opposite directions, with Nehemiah following the second

10147. D) He had gone back to King Artaxerxes

10148. A) He threw all of Tobiah's household goods out of the room

10149. C) neglected

10150. D) They were considered trustworthy

10151. A) Treading winepresses and selling goods and fish

10152. B) When the evening shadows fell before the Sabbath

10153. C) That he would arrest them if they did it again

10154. D) Half of them could not speak the language of Judah

10155. A) Solomon

10156. B) Sanballat the Horonite

Ner

10157. A) Ner, Kish, Saul

Neriah

10158. D) Baruch son of Neriah

10159. A) Baruch son of Neriah

10160. B) Seraiah son of Neriah

Nicodemus

10161. B) Nicodemus

10162. A) At night

10163. C) again

10164. A) Water and the Spirit

10165. D) The wind blowing wherever it pleases

10166. D) Nicodemus

10167. A) Galilee

10168. A) Nicodemus

10169. B) In a new tomb in a garden near where he was crucified

Nicolas

10170. B) Antioch

Nimrod

10171. A) Nimrod

10172. B) Babylon

10173. C) warrior

Noadiah

10174. B) Noadiah

Noah

10175. C) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

10176. C) Noah

10177. D) Cypress wood

10178. C) Two of every kind, male and female

10179. A) Seven pairs

10180. B) His wife, his sons, and his sons' wives

10181. D) Forty days and forty nights

10182. C) The Lord

10183. B) Only Noah and those with him in the ark

10184. A) He sent a wind over the earth

10185. B) On the mountains of Ararat

10186. C) A raven

10187. B) A freshly picked olive leaf

10188. C) He built an altar and offered sacrifices to the Lord

10189. A) Never again to curse the ground because of humans, or destroy all living creatures as He had done

10190. B) To be fruitful and increase in number and fill the earth

10191. C) Never again to destroy all life with a flood

10192. D) A vineyard

10193. A) Shem and Japheth

10194. B) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

10195. D) Enoch

10196. B) Noah

10197. D) Noah, Daniel and Job

10198. A) No, they could save only themselves

10199. C) Noah

10200. B) Eating and drinking, marrying and giving in marriage

10201. B) Noah

10202. A) An ark

10203. D) Noah

10204. B) Eight

10205. D) Noah

10206. A) Seven

Nun

10207. C) Joshua

Nympha

10208. D) Nympha

Obadiah

10209. B) Obadiah

10210. C) He hid a hundred prophets in two caves and gave them food and water

10211. C) Obadiah

10212. A) Edom

Obed

10213. A) She laid him in her lap and cared for him

10214. B) Obed

10215. D) David

10216. A) Boaz, Obed, Jesse, David

10217. A) Boaz, Obed, Jesse

10218. A) Ruth

Obed-Edom

10219. B) Obed-Edom the Gittite

10220. D) The LORD blessed him and his whole household

10221. B) Obed-Edom the Gittite's

10222. C) The LORD blessed his household and everything he had

10223. D) Three months

10224. B) Obed-Edom's

10225. B) Because God had blessed Obed-Edom

10226. B) As capable men with the strength to do the work

10227. A) The South Gate

Oded

10228. B) Oded

10229. C) Send them back, because they were fellow Israelites

Og

10230. A) Og

10231. B) Sixty

10232. A) The Rephaites

10233. A) Sihon and Og

10234. D) Og

10235. B) Sihon king of Heshbon and Og king of Bashan

10236. D) Og

Oholiab

10237. B) Oholiab

10238. C) The ability to teach others

10239. C) Every skilled person to whom God gave ability

10240. B) Oholiab

Omri

10241. D) Omri, the commander of the army

10242. A) Tibni son of Ginath

10243. C) Samaria

10244. D) Two talents of silver

10245. A) Ahab

10246. C) Omri and the house of Ahab

Onesimus

10247. B) Onesimus

10248. D) Onesimus

10249. A) He was once useless to Philemon but had become useful

10250. B) A dear brother

10251. C) Charge it to Paul's own account and pay it back

Onesiphorus

10252. B) Onesiphorus

10253. D) Rome

10254. A) Ephesus

Oreb

10255. A) Oreb and Zeeb

10256. D) At the rock of Oreb

10257. B) He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb

Orpah

10258. B) Orpah and Ruth

10259. B) Orpah

Othniel

10260. B) Othniel son of Kenaz

10261. B) Othniel

10262. A) Othniel

10263. B) The Spirit of the LORD

10264. C) Forty years

10265. D) Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

Paltiel

10266. D) Paltiel son of Laish

10267. B) Her husband Paltiel

Pashhur

10268. B) Pashhur

10269. A) At the Upper Gate of Benjamin

10270. C) Had him beaten

10271. D) Terror on Every Side

10272. B) In Babylon

10273. C) Prophesied lies to them

10274. A) Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah

Paul

10275. C) Paul

10276. A) He became blind for a time

10277. B) He left them to return to Jerusalem

10278. C) In the synagogue

10279. A) Forty years

10280. D) heart

10281. B) The Savior Jesus

10282. C) The forgiveness of sins, and that everyone who believes is set free

10283. A) They were filled with jealousy when they saw the crowds

10284. D) The Gentiles

10285. B) light

10286. A) Shook the dust off their feet and went to Iconium

10287. A) A great number of Jews and Greeks believed

10288. C) The city was divided; some sided with the Jews, others with the apostles

10289. B) Lystra and Derbe

10290. D) A man lame from birth who had never walked

10291. A) That he had faith to be healed

10292. C) The gods had come down in human form

10293. D) He was the chief speaker

10294. A) The priest of Zeus

10295. C) Tore their clothes and rushed into the crowd

10296. B) human

10297. D) Rain from heaven and crops in their seasons

10298. A) They stoned him and dragged him outside the city, thinking he was dead

10299. C) He got up and went back into the city

10300. B) hardships

10301. D) Elders

10302. A) Antioch

10303. C) How God had opened a door of faith to the Gentiles

10304. B) Jerusalem

10305. A) How the Gentiles had been converted

10306. A) The signs and wonders God had done among the Gentiles

10307. C) Mark had deserted them in Pamphylia

10308. D) They parted company

10309. A) Silas

10310. A) Timothy

10311. C) The province of Asia and Bithynia

10312. B) Come over to Macedonia and help us

10313. A) Philippi

10314. D) Outside the city gate by the river

10315. B) The Lord opened her heart

10316. D) These men are servants of the Most High God

10317. C) Commanded the spirit to come out of her in the name of Jesus Christ

10318. B) They realized their hope of making money was gone

10319. A) In the inner cell with their feet in the stocks

10320. D) Praying and singing hymns to God

10321. C) A violent earthquake opened the doors and loosened the chains

10322. B) The jailer was about to kill himself, thinking the prisoners had escaped

10323. A) Believe

10324. D) He washed their wounds

10325. C) They were Roman citizens who had been beaten publicly without a trial

10326. B) Lydia's house

10327. C) Three

10328. D) The Messiah had to suffer and rise from the dead

10329. D) Berea

10330. A) Silas and Timothy

10331. C) The city was full of idols

10332. D) In the marketplace

10333. B) Epicurean and Stoic

10334. A) A meeting of the Areopagus

10335. D) UNKNOWN

10336. B) He does not live in temples built by human hands

10337. A) From one man

10338. C) being

10339. D) Repent

10340. B) He raised Him from the dead

10341. A) Some sneered, but others wanted to hear more

10342. C) Aquila and Priscilla

10343. B) Tentmaking

10344. D) He devoted himself exclusively to preaching

10345. C) Go to the Gentiles

10346. A) Titius Justus

10347. D) with you

10348. C) A year and a half

10349. A) Gallio

10350. C) Because of a vow he had taken

10351. A) Ephesus

10352. A) We have not even heard that there is a Holy Spirit

10353. B) John's baptism

10354. D) The Holy Spirit came on them, and they spoke in tongues and prophesied

10355. A) Three months

10356. B) The lecture hall of Tyrannus

10357. D) All the Jews and Greeks in the province of Asia heard the word of the Lord

10358. C) Handkerchiefs and aprons

10359. B) you

10360. B) Rome

10361. C) Paul taught that gods made by hands are no gods, which hurt their trade

10362. D) The disciples would not let him

10363. D) Three months

10364. C) Seven days

10365. A) The first day of the week

10366. B) Eutychus

10367. C) alive

10368. A) He went upstairs, broke bread, ate and talked until daylight

10369. B) He was in a hurry to reach Jerusalem by the day of Pentecost

10370. D) Miletus

10371. C) With great humility and with tears

10372. A) They must turn to God in repentance and have faith in our Lord Jesus

10373. B) Prison and hardships

10374. D) grace

10375. C) With His own blood

10376. A) Savage wolves

10377. B) Three years

10378. D) With his own hands

10379. C) give

10380. A) He said they would never see his face again

10381. B) Tyre

10382. A) On the beach

10383. C) Philip

10384. B) Agabus

10385. A) The owner of the belt would be bound in Jerusalem and handed to the Gentiles

10386. C) die

10387. D) will

10388. A) James

10389. C) That he taught Jews living among Gentiles to turn away from Moses

10390. D) Join four men under a vow, purify himself and pay their expenses

10391. B) Jews from the province of Asia

10392. A) Trophimus

10393. C) The commander of the Roman troops ran down with soldiers

10394. D) With two chains

10395. B) The violence of the mob was so great

10396. A) The Egyptian who started a revolt

10397. C) Tarsus in Cilicia

10398. D) Aramaic

10399. C) He spoke to them in Aramaic

10400. B) Gamaliel

10401. D) Persecuted them to their death

10402. A) About noon

10403. C) Nazareth

10404. B) They saw the light but did not understand the voice

10405. D) A devout observer of the law, highly respected by the Jews

10406. A) sight

10407. C) His witness to all people of what he had seen and heard

10408. B) sins

10409. D) Leave Jerusalem immediately

10410. A) Guarding the clothes of those who were killing him

10411. C) Gentiles

10412. B) Rid the earth of him! He's not fit to live!

10413. D) That he be flogged and interrogated

10414. A) Is it legal to flog a Roman citizen who hasn't been found guilty?

10415. C) Paul was born a citizen, but the commander paid a lot for it

10416. B) He had put a Roman citizen in chains

10417. D) Released Paul and ordered the chief priests and Sanhedrin to assemble

10418. D) conscience

10419. A) Ananias

10420. B) whitewashed

10421. C) He did not realize he was the high priest, for Scripture says not to speak evil about the ruler of your people

10422. D) The resurrection of the dead

10423. A) The Pharisees

10424. C) We find nothing wrong with this man

10425. D) He was afraid Paul would be torn to pieces

10426. A) Rome

10427. B) Killed Paul

10428. C) The son of Paul's sister

10429. D) Don't tell anyone that you have reported this to me

10430. A) Two hundred soldiers, seventy horsemen and two hundred spearmen

10431. B) Felix

10432. D) Questions about their law, with no charge deserving death or prison

10433. A) Antipatris

10434. B) Cilicia

10435. C) Herod's palace

10436. A) A troublemaker and ringleader of the Nazarene sect

10437. B) Desecrate it

10438. C) No more than twelve days

10439. D) As a follower of the Way, believing everything in the Law and the Prophets

10440. A) That there will be a resurrection of both the righteous and the wicked

10441. B) conscience

10442. C) To bring gifts for the poor and to present offerings

10443. A) Keep him under guard but give him some freedom and let his friends help him

10444. C) Faith in Christ Jesus

10445. D) He was afraid and said, 'That's enough for now!'

10446. A) He was hoping Paul would offer him a bribe

10447. B) Two years

10448. B) They were preparing an ambush to kill him on the way

10449. C) Caesarea

10450. A) They could not prove them

10451. B) The law of the Jews, the temple and Caesar

10452. C) Are you willing to go up to Jerusalem and stand trial there?

10453. D) Caesar

10454. A) He did not refuse to die

10455. B) go

10456. A) Alive

10457. B) hear

10458. D) He had done nothing deserving death

10459. A) He had nothing definite to write to His Majesty about him

10460. B) Agrippa

10461. A) Agrippa was well acquainted with Jewish customs and controversies

10462. D) Pharisee

10463. C) dead

10464. B) He cast his vote against them

10465. A) Brighter than the sun

10466. D) goads

10467. C) To appoint him as a servant and witness

10468. B) light

10469. A) vision

10470. D) Repent, turn to God and demonstrate their repentance by their deeds

10471. C) You are out of your mind, Paul!

10472. B) What I am saying is true and reasonable

10473. A) corner

10474. D) Do you think that in such a short time you can persuade me to be a Christian?

10475. C) That they might become what he was, except for his chains

10476. A) He could have been set free if he had not appealed to Caesar

10477. D) Julius

10478. C) Aristarchus

10479. B) With kindness, allowing him to visit friends

10480. D) Fair Havens

10481. C) The voyage would be disastrous, with great loss to ship, cargo and lives

10482. B) The pilot and the owner of the ship

10483. B) An angel of God

10484. A) He would stand trial before Caesar, and God had given him the lives of all who sailed with him

10485. D) faith

10486. B) Cut the ropes and let the lifeboat drift away

10487. A) He gave thanks to God

10488. C) He wanted to spare Paul's life

10489. B) Some swam, and the rest got there on planks or pieces of the ship

10490. A) Malta

10491. D) A viper

10492. B) He must be a murderer whom Justice would not allow to live

10493. A) He suffered no ill effects

10494. C) He was a god

10495. B) Prayed, placed his hands on him and healed him

10496. A) Three months

10497. D) Puteoli

10498. B) He thanked God and was encouraged

10499. A) By himself, with a soldier to guard him

10500. C) The local Jewish leaders

10501. D) hope

10502. B) People everywhere were talking against it

10503. A) The Law of Moses and the Prophets

10504. C) Isaiah

10505. D) Gentiles

10506. B) Two whole years

10507. A) With all boldness and without hindrance

10508. B) Paul

10509. B) apostle

10510. B) His prophets

10511. D) Rome

10512. A) Their faith was being reported all over the world

10513. B) To share some spiritual gift to make them strong

10514. B) He was prevented from coming

10515. B) obligated

10516. B) ashamed

10517. B) First to the Jew, then to the Gentile

10518. C) faith

10519. A) They do the same things they judge

10520. B) Truth

10521. C) repentance

10522. D) Wrath for the day of God's wrath

10523. A) done

10524. B) Eternal life

10525. C) favoritism

10526. D) Those who obey the law

10527. A) On their hearts

10528. B) Jesus Christ

10529. C) Do you not teach yourself?

10530. D) It was blasphemed

10531. A) If you observe the law

10532. B) heart

10533. C) From God

10534. C) The very words of God

10535. D) true

10536. A) Jews and Gentiles alike

10537. B) righteous

10538. C) Seek God

10539. D) Open graves

10540. A) fear

10541. B) Their sin

10542. C) Through faith in Jesus Christ

10543. D) sinned

10544. A) Freely by God's grace

10545. B) A sacrifice of atonement

10546. C) Because people are made right through faith, not works

10547. D) faith

10548. A) He is the God of Gentiles too

10549. B) No, we uphold the law

10550. D) You shall not covet

10551. C) It deceived him and put him to death

10552. A) hate

10553. D) Nothing good

10554. C) God's law

10555. B) wretched

10556. A) Jesus Christ our Lord

10557. D) They are not worth comparing

10558. D) Because of his people, the Israelites

10559. B) That they may be saved

10560. A) It is not based on knowledge

10561. C) Benjamin

10562. B) The Gentiles

10563. A) Bear with the failings of the weak

10564. C) The Gentiles

10565. B) Illyricum

10566. A) To preach where Christ was not known

10567. D) Spain

10568. C) To bring a contribution for the poor among the Lord's people

10569. B) That he may be rescued from the unbelievers in Judea

10570. D) Timothy

10571. A) Tertius

10572. C) Sosthenes

10573. A) Corinth

10574. D) Chloe's

10575. C) Peter's brother Andrew

10576. B) That only Christ died for them, so they should not divide over leaders

10577. A) Crispus and Gaius

10578. D) Stephanas

10579. B) Preach the gospel

10580. A) With eloquence or human wisdom

10581. C) crucified

10582. B) In weakness, with great fear and trembling

10583. D) So their faith would rest on God's power, not human wisdom

10584. B) Milk

10585. C) There was jealousy and quarrelling among them

10586. D) Paul and Apollos

10587. A) God

10588. B) He watered it

10589. C) The mysteries God has revealed

10590. A) The Lord

10591. A) written

10592. B) Everything we have is a gift, so we should not boast

10593. C) The whole universe, to angels as well as to human beings

10594. B) fools

10595. D) They blessed

10596. B) Because he became their father through the gospel

10597. A) Timothy

10598. D) In love and with a gentle spirit

10599. B) By going into mourning

10600. A) In spirit

10601. C) That his spirit may be saved on the day of the Lord

10602. D) Anyone who claims to be a brother or sister but lives in sin

10603. A) They took their disputes before the ungodly instead of the Lord's people

10604. D) To be wronged or cheated

10605. C) That not everything is beneficial

10606. B) gift

10607. A) The Lord

10608. B) Remain unmarried or be reconciled to her husband

10609. B) Because the unbelieving spouse is sanctified through the believer

10610. D) Each person should live as a believer in whatever situation the Lord has assigned

10611. A) Keeping God's commands

10612. C) Gain his freedom

10613. C) The Lord's affairs

10614. B) Anyone she wishes, but he must belong to the Lord

10615. A) The Spirit of God

10616. B) Food sacrificed to idols

10617. A) An idol is nothing at all in the world

10618. C) That it did not become a stumbling block to the weak

10619. D) Never eat meat again

10620. B) Jesus our Lord

10621. A) Cephas

10622. C) Barnabas

10623. D) ox

10624. B) So he would not hinder the gospel of Christ

10625. A) They should receive their living from the gospel

10626. C) preach

10627. D) Preaching the gospel free of charge

10628. B) To win as many as possible

10629. A) save

10630. C) Only one

10631. A) So he would not be disqualified for the prize

10632. C) Christ

10633. B) There were divisions among them

10634. D) Each went ahead with their own meal, so one stayed hungry while another got drunk

10635. C) Wait for one another

10636. A) A human body

10637. A) excellent

10638. C) A resounding gong or a clanging cymbal

10639. A) Nothing

10640. D) Nothing

10641. C) He put the ways of childhood behind him

10642. D) Face to face

10643. C) Prophecy

10644. D) Tongues build up the speaker; prophecy builds up the church

10645. B) The trumpet

10646. C) His understanding

10647. D) Ten thousand

10648. A) In regard to evil

10649. B) Two, or at the most three, one at a time

10650. C) Paul

10651. B) Because he persecuted the church of God

10652. B) grace

10653. A) Our preaching and your faith are useless

10654. D) It must die

10655. A) Galatia

10656. C) The first day of every week

10657. D) Jerusalem

10658. A) Macedonia

10659. B) Ephesus

10660. D) A great door for effective work had opened

10661. C) Timothy

10662. A) Apollos

10663. C) Stephanas

10664. A) Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus

10665. C) Lord

10666. C) Timothy

10667. A) comfort

10668. B) So that we can comfort others in their troubles

10669. C) Our comfort

10670. D) Asia

10671. A) So that they would rely on God, who raises the dead

10672. B) By helping them through their prayers

10673. C) Visit Corinth on the way to Macedonia and again on the way back, then go to Judea

10674. D) Silas

10675. A) Yes

10676. B) His Spirit

10677. C) To spare the Corinthians

10678. D) As a co-worker for their joy

10679. B) A painful visit

10680. C) With many tears

10681. D) To let them know the depth of his love for them

10682. A) Forgive and comfort him

10683. B) love

10684. C) Satan

10685. D) Troas

10686. A) Titus

10687. B) aroma

10688. C) Peddle it for profit

10689. B) The Corinthian believers themselves

10690. A) The Spirit of the living God

10691. C) On tablets of human hearts

10692. D) From God

10693. C) life

10694. B) A new covenant

10695. B) When a person turns to the Lord

10696. A) freedom

10697. C) They are being transformed into His image

10698. B) heart

10699. C) The god of this age

10700. A) The image of God

10701. D) Jesus Christ as Lord

10702. B) In our hearts

10703. C) clay

10704. A) To show that the power is from God and not from us

10705. D) Hard pressed on every side, but not crushed

10706. B) Raise us also with Jesus

10707. B) We are being renewed day by day

10708. B) Light and momentary

10709. A) Because what is unseen is eternal

10710. B) An eternal house in heaven, not built by human hands

10711. C) The Spirit

10712. A) faith

10713. D) The Lord

10714. A) The judgment seat of Christ

10715. B) love

10716. C) Themselves

10717. D) The new creation

10718. A) The ministry of reconciliation

10719. B) ambassadors

10720. C) So that we might become the righteousness of God

10721. B) God's grace

10722. C) salvation

10723. A) So their ministry would not be discredited

10724. D) Beatings and imprisonments

10725. B) Weapons of righteousness

10726. A) Making many rich

10727. C) His hearts

10728. D) unbelievers

10729. B) Darkness

10730. A) temple

10731. C) To be a Father to them, and they will be His sons and daughters

10732. B) Purify themselves from everything that contaminates body and spirit

10733. C) Macedonia

10734. A) Titus

10735. D) The God who comforts the downcast

10736. B) The comfort the Corinthians had given Titus

10737. A) Because their sorrow led them to repentance

10738. C) death

10739. D) Repentance that leads to salvation

10740. B) It was refreshed

10741. A) confidence

10742. B) Macedonia

10743. C) Extreme poverty and a very severe trial

10744. A) The privilege of sharing in the service to the Lord's people

10745. D) They gave themselves to the Lord

10746. B) Titus

10747. A) poor

10748. C) So that through His poverty we might become rich

10749. D) What the giver has

10750. A) little

10751. B) A brother praised by all the churches for his service to the gospel

10752. C) To do what is right in the eyes of the Lord and of man

10753. C) Achaia

10754. A) So the Corinthians would be ready and Paul's boasting would not prove hollow

10755. B) generously

10756. D) cheerful

10757. C) What they have decided in their heart to give

10758. B) So that we will abound in every good work

10759. A) He who supplies seed to the sower and bread for food

10760. B) Many expressions of thanks to God

10761. D) indescribable

10762. B) His humility and gentleness

10763. C) As the world does

10764. A) Divine power to demolish strongholds

10765. D) thought

10766. A) To build the Corinthians up, not tear them down

10767. B) His letters were weighty and forceful, but in person he was unimpressive

10768. C) They are not wise

10769. D) In the regions beyond them

10770. A) Lord

10771. B) The one whom the Lord commends

10772. B) Christ

10773. C) Eve

10774. A) A different Jesus, a different spirit and a different gospel

10775. D) "Super-apostles"

10776. A) Free of charge

10777. B) Macedonia

10778. C) Deceitful workers masquerading as apostles of Christ

10779. D) light

10780. B) He was a Hebrew, an Israelite and a descendant of Abraham

10781. D) Five times

10782. A) Three times

10783. B) In the open sea

10784. A) His concern for all the churches

10785. C) The things that show his weakness

10786. C) King Aretas

10787. D) He was lowered in a basket from a window in the wall

10788. D) The third heaven

10789. A) Fourteen years

10790. B) Paradise

10791. C) A thorn in his flesh

10792. D) Three times

10793. A) weakness

10794. B) So that Christ's power may rest on him

10795. C) strong

10796. A) Signs, wonders and miracles

10797. D) Them

10798. B) Spend for them everything he had and spend himself as well

10799. C) Discord, jealousy and fits of rage

10800. C) His third visit

10801. B) Two or three witnesses

10802. A) By God's power

10803. D) faith

10804. B) That they would not do anything wrong

10805. A) Strong

10806. C) Live in peace

10807. D) The God of love and peace

10808. A) With a holy kiss

10809. B) fellowship

10810. B) Paul

10811. C) Jesus Christ and God the Father

10812. A) The churches in Galatia

10813. C) The Galatians were quickly turning to a different gospel

10814. A) Pervert the gospel of Christ

10815. C) angel

10816. B) A servant of Christ

10817. D) By revelation from Jesus Christ

10818. B) He persecuted it and tried to destroy it

10819. A) He was advancing beyond many his own age

10820. C) From his mother's womb

10821. A) The Gentiles

10822. B) Arabia

10823. C) Damascus

10824. A) Three years

10825. B) Fifteen days

10826. D) James, the Lord's brother

10827. B) Syria and Cilicia

10828. C) They praised God because of him

10829. C) Fourteen

10830. A) Barnabas

10831. B) In response to a revelation

10832. A) False believers

10833. D) Peter

10834. C) The right hand of fellowship

10835. A) The poor

10836. C) Antioch

10837. B) crucified

10838. C) Loved him and gave himself for him

10839. B) Foolish Galatians

10840. A) By believing what they heard

10841. A) Special days, months, seasons and years

10842. A) Because of an illness

10843. C) As if he were an angel of God

10844. B) Torn out their eyes and given them to him

10845. C) Christ was formed in them

10846. B) A yoke of slavery

10847. C) Christ would be of no value to them

10848. A) Running a race

10849. A) They would be destroyed by each other

10850. B) Inherit the kingdom of God

10851. B) Conceited

10852. A) They were very large

10853. B) To avoid being persecuted for the cross of Christ

10854. D) The cross of our Lord Jesus Christ

10855. A) The new creation

10856. C) Jesus

10857. C) Paul

10858. A) Ephesus

10859. B) By the will of God

10860. B) Giving thanks for them

10861. B) Revelation

10862. B) eyes

10863. B) The prisoner of Christ Jesus

10864. A) By revelation

10865. A) The gift of God's grace

10866. B) least

10867. A) The boundless riches of Christ

10868. A) He kneels

10869. B) His Spirit

10870. C) The calling they have received

10871. A) An ambassador in chains

10872. C) Tychicus

10873. C) Timothy

10874. A) Philippi

10875. D) remember

10876. A) completion

10877. B) insight

10878. C) Helped advance the gospel

10879. B) More confidently and without fear

10880. D) He rejoiced that Christ was preached

10881. A) gain

10882. B) It was more necessary for the Philippians

10883. C) the gospel of Christ

10884. A) To suffer for him

10885. B) others

10886. A) the interests of others

10887. C) Christ Jesus

10888. B) grumbling or arguing

10889. C) stars in the sky

10890. D) Timothy

10891. A) Epaphroditus

10892. C) God

10893. A) Rejoice

10894. C) the eighth day

10895. D) Benjamin

10896. B) the Pharisees

10897. A) By persecuting the church

10898. C) As loss for the sake of Christ

10899. B) faith

10900. D) goal

10901. A) what is ahead

10902. B) stomach

10903. C) in heaven

10904. A) always

10905. C) Present their requests to God by prayer

10906. D) the peace of God

10907. A) Things that are true, noble, right and pure

10908. B) To be content

10909. C) strength

10910. D) Thessalonica

10911. A) Epaphroditus

10912. B) the riches of his glory in Christ Jesus

10913. C) Caesar's household

10914. C) Timothy

10915. A) Colossae

10916. C) The knowledge of his will

10917. B) His sufferings

10918. C) To present everyone fully mature in Christ

10919. B) Laodicea

10920. B) Hollow and deceptive philosophy

10921. C) Worship of angels

10922. B) touch

10923. A) Any value in restraining sensual indulgence

10924. C) Idolatry

10925. C) A door

10926. A) Tychicus

10927. B) Have it read in the church of the Laodiceans too

10928. A) His chains

10929. A) Silas and Timothy

10930. C) hope

10931. B) Power, the Holy Spirit and deep conviction

10932. A) With the joy given by the Holy Spirit

10933. C) Philippi

10934. D) God, who tests our hearts

10935. A) Flattery and greed

10936. C) mother

10937. B) So they would not be a burden to anyone

10938. D) father

10939. A) As the word of God, which it really is

10940. C) Satan

10941. D) His glory and joy

10942. B) Athens

10943. D) Timothy

10944. C) That they would be persecuted

10945. A) The tempter

10946. D) News about their faith and love

10947. B) Night and day

10948. A) love

10949. C) When our Lord Jesus comes with all his holy ones

10950. A) sanctified

10951. B) A holy life

10952. C) God

10953. C) Work with them

10954. A) The rest of mankind, who have no hope

10955. D) Encourage one another with them

10956. A) A thief in the night

10957. B) Destruction

10958. C) light

10959. D) A helmet

10960. A) Salvation through our Lord Jesus Christ

10961. B) Respect them and hold them in the highest regard in love

10962. C) continually

10963. D) God's will for you in Christ Jesus

10964. A) The Spirit

10965. B) Test them all and hold on to what is good

10966. C) Spirit, soul and body

10967. D) Have it read to all the brothers and sisters

10968. A) Silas and Timothy

10969. B) Their faith and their love for one another

10970. C) perseverance

10971. A) That God's judgment is right, and they will be counted worthy of the kingdom of God

10972. B) That God would make them worthy of his calling

10973. B) That the day of the Lord had already come

10974. C) The rebellion must occur and the man of lawlessness be revealed

10975. A) Spirit

10976. B) The teachings passed on to them by word of mouth or by letter

10977. C) Encourage their hearts and strengthen them in every good deed and word

10978. B) That the message of the Lord would spread rapidly and be honoured

10979. A) Those who are idle and disruptive

10980. D) They worked night and day, labouring and toiling

10981. B) To offer himself as a model for them to imitate

10982. C) eat

10983. A) Busybodies

10984. C) doing what is good

10985. D) Not as an enemy, but warned as a fellow believer

10986. B) He wrote a greeting in his own handwriting

10987. B) Timothy

10988. C) Ephesus

10989. A) Endless genealogies

10990. D) love

10991. B) It is good if one uses it properly

10992. B) A blasphemer, a persecutor and a violent man

10993. C) Because he acted in ignorance and unbelief

10994. A) sinners

10995. B) So Christ could show His immense patience as an example

10996. C) It suffered shipwreck

10997. B) Hymenaeus

10998. B) Kings and all those in authority

10999. B) So that believers may live peaceful and quiet lives

11000. A) To be saved and to come to a knowledge of the truth

11001. D) mediator

11002. B) The Gentiles

11003. A) Lifting up holy hands without anger or disputing

11004. C) Good deeds

11005. B) Adam

11006. A) noble

11007. B) Teach

11008. C) Money

11009. B) If he cannot manage his own family, how can he take care of God's church?

11010. A) He may become conceited and fall under the same judgment as the devil

11011. C) Outsiders

11012. C) Deacons

11013. C) The church of the living God

11014. A) So Timothy would know how people ought to behave in God's household

11015. B) Deceiving spirits and things taught by demons

11016. B) Marriage and certain foods

11017. C) good

11018. B) The word of God and prayer

11019. C) Physical training has some value, but godliness has value for all things

11020. B) young

11021. C) Purity

11022. B) The public reading of Scripture, preaching and teaching

11023. B) His life and doctrine

11024. C) Exhort him as if he were his father

11025. A) Absolute purity

11026. B) By caring for their own family

11027. B) They have denied the faith and are worse than an unbeliever

11028. D) At least sixty

11029. A) The elders

11030. C) wages

11031. D) Two or three witnesses

11032. A) Laying on of hands

11033. C) To use a little wine instead of drinking only water

11034. B) They cannot remain hidden forever

11035. B) So that God's name and the teaching may not be slandered

11036. B) contentment

11037. C) Nothing

11038. A) Food and clothing

11039. D) money

11040. A) Righteousness

11041. C) fight

11042. D) Pontius Pilate

11043. B) Unapproachable light

11044. C) In God, who richly provides everything for our enjoyment

11045. A) Good deeds

11046. B) What has been entrusted to his care

11047. C) Lois

11048. A) The gift of God

11049. B) Through the laying on of Paul's hands

11050. C) The testimony about our Lord, or of Paul his prisoner

11051. C) Teacher

11052. B) believed

11053. B) The Holy Spirit

11054. A) Phygelus and Hermogenes

11055. B) Onesiphorus

11056. D) Rome

11057. A) Ephesus

11058. B) Entrust them to reliable people who could teach others

11059. C) Soldier

11060. B) Compete according to the rules

11061. B) The hardworking farmer

11062. B) chained

11063. B) Gangrene

11064. B) Cleansing himself from what is ignoble

11065. A) Evil desires of youth

11066. B) Quarrelsome

11067. B) The devil

11068. B) The last days

11069. A) Money

11070. B) God

11071. A) Denying its power

11072. B) Jannes and Jambres

11073. B) Antioch, Iconium and Lystra

11074. B) They will be persecuted

11075. A) Every good work

11076. B) season

11077. A) Sound doctrine

11078. B) A drink offering

11079. B) faith

11080. B) The crown of righteousness

11081. A) Demas

11082. B) Dalmatia

11083. B) Luke

11084. B) Mark

11085. A) His cloak

11086. A) Alexander the metalworker

11087. B) The lion

11088. B) Miletus

11089. C) Winter

11090. B) Titus

11091. C) Crete

11092. A) Elders

11093. D) lie

11094. B) Quick-tempered

11095. C) God's household

11096. D) So that he can encourage others by sound doctrine and refute those who oppose it

11097. B) He said this saying is true

11098. C) actions

11099. B) What is in keeping with sound doctrine

11100. C) Self-controlled

11101. A) Rulers and authorities

11102. C) With gentleness

11103. C) Foolish controversies, genealogies, arguments and quarrels about the law

11104. D) Nicopolis

11105. A) Zenas the lawyer and Apollos

11106. B) Philemon

11107. A) A prisoner of Christ Jesus

11108. D) Onesimus

11109. C) Charge it to Paul's own account and pay it back

11110. D) A guest room

11111. B) Paul

Pedaiah

11112. A) Zerubbabel

Pekah

11113. B) Pekah son of Remaliah

11114. A) Tiglath-Pileser

11115. D) Hoshea son of Elah

11116. B) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah son of Remaliah

11117. A) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel

11118. A) Because Judah had forsaken the LORD

11119. A) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel

11120. C) Two smoldering stubs of firewood

Pekahiah

11121. B) Pekah son of Remaliah

Pelatiah

11122. A) The hill country of Seir

11123. A) Jaazaniah son of Azzur and Pelatiah son of Benaiah

11124. C) Pelatiah

11125. D) He fell facedown and cried out to God

Peleg

11126. A) Because in his time the earth was divided

Peninnah

11127. A) Peninnah

11128. C) Her rival Peninnah kept provoking her

Perez

11129. A) Perez and Zerah

11130. A) Tamar

11131. A) Tamar

Peter

11132. B) Simon Peter and Andrew

11133. B) people

11134. B) At once they left and followed him

11135. C) Peter's

11136. B) She got up and began to wait on him

11137. A) Simon (who is called Peter)

11138. B) Peter

11139. A) When he saw the wind, he was afraid

11140. D) doubt

11141. B) Peter

11142. B) living

11143. A) His Father in heaven

11144. D) Jonah

11145. C) church

11146. B) The gates of Hades

11147. A) The kingdom of heaven

11148. B) Never

11149. A) Satan

11150. D) He did not have in mind the concerns of God, but merely human concerns

11151. C) Peter, James and John

11152. B) The sun

11153. D) Three shelters

11154. C) A bright cloud

11155. B) Listen

11156. A) He touched them and said, "Get up. Don't be afraid."

11157. D) Until the Son of Man had been raised from the dead

11158. D) Whether he paid the temple tax

11159. C) The children

11160. B) In the mouth of the first fish he caught

11161. A) So that they may not cause offense

11162. B) Peter

11163. A) Seventy-seven times

11164. D) Peter

11165. A) Three

11166. A) flesh

11167. C) A servant girl

11168. B) His accent

11169. A) A rooster crowed, and Peter went outside and wept bitterly

11170. B) About one hundred and twenty

11171. B) Judas

11172. A) Psalms

11173. B) He must have been with them the whole time Jesus lived among them

11174. D) He pointed out it was only nine in the morning

11175. A) Joel

11176. B) saved

11177. C) He raised Him from the dead

11178. D) David

11179. A) David's tomb was still there

11180. B) Messiah

11181. C) Brothers, what shall we do?

11182. D) Repent

11183. A) The gift of the Holy Spirit

11184. A) Peter and John

11185. C) Money

11186. A) walk

11187. B) Solomon's Colonnade

11188. C) Peter and John's own power or godliness

11189. A) A murderer

11190. D) dead

11191. B) Faith in the name of Jesus

11192. C) In ignorance

11193. A) wiped

11194. D) Moses

11195. B) Abraham

11196. C) To bless them by turning each of them from their wicked ways

11197. A) They were seized and put in jail

11198. B) The apostles were proclaiming the resurrection of the dead in Jesus

11199. A) He was filled with the Holy Spirit

11200. B) cornerstone

11201. C) name

11202. D) They were unschooled, ordinary men who had been with Jesus

11203. A) The healed man was standing there with them

11204. B) Not to speak or teach in the name of Jesus

11205. C) heard

11206. A) Raised their voices in prayer to God

11207. D) The Holy Spirit

11208. A) It belonged to him, and the money was at his disposal

11209. B) He fell down and died

11210. D) Spirit

11211. C) Peter's shadow

11212. D) God

11213. A) To bring Israel to repentance and forgive their sins

11214. A) Peter and John

11215. D) They received the Holy Spirit

11216. B) He thought he could buy the gift of God with money

11217. A) He asked Peter to pray for him

11218. D) Aeneas

11219. C) Robes and other clothing

11220. B) She opened her eyes and sat up

11221. D) Simon a tanner

11222. D) Joppa

11223. B) Up on the roof

11224. C) Something like a large sheet with all kinds of animals

11225. A) eat

11226. D) He had never eaten anything impure or unclean

11227. B) clean

11228. C) Three times

11229. A) The Spirit

11230. D) Stand up, I am only a man myself

11231. B) He should not call anyone impure or unclean

11232. C) God does not show favoritism but accepts from every nation those who fear Him and do what is right

11233. A) He went around doing good and healing all who were under the power of the devil

11234. D) Forgiveness of sins through His name

11235. B) While Peter was still speaking

11236. C) The gift of the Holy Spirit had been poured out even on Gentiles

11237. A) That they be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ

11238. B) He went into the house of uncircumcised men and ate with them

11239. D) He explained everything to them exactly as it had happened

11240. A) Six

11241. C) John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit

11242. B) way

11243. D) God has granted even the Gentiles repentance that leads to life

11244. B) The Festival of Unleavened Bread

11245. C) By four squads of four soldiers each

11246. A) Earnestly praying to God for him

11247. D) Between two soldiers, bound with two chains

11248. B) The chains fell off his wrists

11249. C) He thought he was seeing a vision

11250. A) It opened for them by itself

11251. D) The house of Mary the mother of John, also called Mark

11252. B) Rhoda

11253. C) She ran back without opening the door

11254. D) James

11255. D) God made no distinction, for He purified their hearts by faith

11256. B) grace

11257. C) Peter's brother Andrew

11258. A) Cephas

11259. A) Cephas

11260. A) Three years

11261. B) Fifteen days

11262. D) Peter

11263. B) James, Cephas and John

11264. C) Antioch

11265. B) He was afraid of the circumcision group

11266. C) Peter

11267. A) Cappadocia

11268. D) Christ's sufferings

11269. A) Silas

11270. C) Mark

11271. A) Simon Peter

11272. B) He would soon die

11273. C) Eyewitnesses of his majesty

11274. A) On the sacred mountain

11275. B) His second letter

11276. B) Paul

Pethuel

11277. B) Pethuel

Pharaoh

11278. B) Pharaoh king of Egypt

11279. A) Gezer

11280. B) Pharaoh and all his servants

11281. C) Pharaoh

11282. A) Pharaoh's

11283. B) They were fools giving senseless advice

11284. A) They went down to Egypt for help without asking Him

11285. B) Pharaoh king of Egypt

11286. C) "The Nile belongs to me; I made it for myself."

11287. D) Hooks

11288. D) His arm

11289. A) Strengthen his arms and put His sword in his hand

11290. A) Pharaoh king of Egypt and his hordes

11291. D) Pharaoh and all his hordes

11292. B) A monster

11293. C) His net

11294. A) The sun would be covered, the moon give no light, and the stars be darkened

11295. D) Pharaoh

Pharisees

11296. D) The Pharisees and teachers of the law

11297. A) So they would know the Son of Man has authority on earth to forgive sins

11298. A) Picking heads of grain, rubbing them and eating

11299. A) Which is lawful on the Sabbath: to do good or to do evil, to save life or to destroy it?

11300. C) They were furious and discussed what to do to Jesus

11301. D) Jesus did not first wash before the meal

11302. A) The outside of the cup and dish

11303. B) Justice and the love of God

11304. C) The most important seats

11305. C) hypocrisy

11306. B) That fox

11307. B) At the house of a prominent Pharisee

11308. D) If your child or ox falls into a well on the Sabbath, will you not pull it out?

11309. B) 'This man welcomes sinners and eats with them.'

11310. A) The Pharisees

11311. B) It is detestable in God's sight

11312. A) It is not something that can be observed; it is in your midst

11313. D) To the temple

11314. A) Twice a week

11315. C) stones

Philemon

11316. B) Philemon

11317. C) In Philemon's home

11318. D) Onesimus

11319. A) He was once useless to Philemon but had become useful

11320. B) A dear brother

11321. C) Charge it to Paul's own account and pay it back

11322. D) A guest room

Philetus

11323. A) Hymenaeus and Philetus

Philip

11324. B) John said it was not lawful for Herod to have his brother's wife

11325. C) Bethsaida

11326. D) Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

11327. A) Nazareth

11328. C) Philip

11329. B) Half a year's wages

11330. B) Philip

11331. B) Philip

11332. C) Father

11333. A) Barnabas

11334. A) Philip

11335. D) There was great joy in that city

11336. B) He believed, was baptized and followed Philip

11337. D) The desert road from Jerusalem to Gaza

11338. C) An Ethiopian eunuch, an official of Queen Candace

11339. A) explains it to

11340. C) The good news about Jesus

11341. B) Philip baptized the Ethiopian

11342. A) The Spirit of the Lord suddenly took him away

11343. D) Azotus, then Caesarea

11344. C) Philip

11345. D) They prophesied

Phinehas

11346. C) Phinehas

11347. D) A covenant of peace and a lasting priesthood

11348. C) Phinehas

11349. A) Phinehas son of Eleazar

11350. B) Ten

11351. C) Achan son of Zerah

11352. A) Today we know that the LORD is with us

11353. C) Eleazar

11354. A) Phinehas son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron

11355. C) "Go, for tomorrow I will give them into your hands."

11356. B) Hophni and Phinehas

11357. C) They were scoundrels with no regard for the LORD

11358. A) A three-pronged fork

11359. D) They treated the LORD's offering with contempt

11360. D) They did not listen to their father

11361. A) They would both die on the same day

11362. A) Eli knew his sons were sinning but failed to restrain them

11363. D) Hophni and Phinehas

11364. D) Israel was defeated and the ark itself was captured

11365. B) Ichabod

11366. A) Phinehas son of Eleazar

11367. D) Phinehas

Phoebe

11368. C) Phoebe

Phygelus

11369. A) Phygelus and Hermogenes

Pilate

11370. A) Pilate

11371. D) Jews

11372. C) Jesus made no reply, not even to a single charge

11373. B) Barabbas

11374. A) Out of self-interest

11375. D) Pilate's wife

11376. C) Crucify

11377. B) Washed his hands with water

11378. B) Joseph of Arimathea

11379. D) Jesus had said he would rise again after three days

11380. D) Are you the king of the Jews?

11381. A) world

11382. B) What is truth?

11383. C) Barabbas

11384. C) man

11385. D) He claimed to be the Son of God

11386. A) You would have no power over me if it were not given to you from above

11387. B) If you let this man go, you are no friend of Caesar

11388. C) At the Stone Pavement, which in Aramaic is Gabbatha

11389. A) Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the Jews

11390. D) Joseph of Arimathea

Pilate's wife

11391. D) Pilate's wife

Pontius Pilate

11392. C) Pilate

11393. A) Are you the king of the Jews?

11394. B) Jesus still made no reply

11395. B) Barabbas

11396. C) It was out of self-interest

11397. D) Crucify

11398. C) He wanted to satisfy the crowd

11399. D) Joseph of Arimathea

11400. A) He summoned the centurion to confirm it

11401. A) Pontius Pilate

11402. B) Some Galileans

11403. B) He opposed payment of taxes to Caesar

11404. C) Jews

11405. D) 'I find no basis for a charge against this man.'

11406. A) Because Jesus was a Galilean under Herod's jurisdiction

11407. D) Herod and Pilate

11408. A) Barabbas

11409. C) Joseph from Arimathea

11410. D) Pontius Pilate

Potiphar

11411. C) Potiphar, one of Pharaoh's officials

11412. B) Potiphar's

11413. A) He put Joseph in charge of his entire household

11414. D) She used it as false evidence to accuse him

Priscilla

11415. C) Aquila and Priscilla

11416. A) Claudius had ordered all Jews to leave Rome

11417. B) Tentmaking

11418. A) Ephesus

11419. C) Invited him to their home and explained the way of God more adequately

11420. D) Priscilla and Aquila

11421. A) At their house

11422. B) Aquila and Priscilla

11423. B) Priscilla and Aquila

Puah

11424. A) Shiphrah and Puah

11425. B) Kill the Hebrew baby boys

11426. B) They feared God

11427. B) He was kind to them and gave them families

Publius

11428. D) Publius

11429. B) Prayed, placed his hands on him and healed him

Pul

11430. D) Pul

11431. C) He paid him a thousand talents of silver

11432. C) Pul king of Assyria

Purah

11433. D) Purah

Queen of Sheba

11434. B) The queen of Sheba

11435. C) Spices, gold and precious stones

11436. A) He answered all of them; nothing was too hard for him

11437. D) half

11438. B) To maintain justice and righteousness, because of His eternal love for Israel

11439. A) Spices

11440. A) The queen of Sheba

11441. B) He answered all of them

11442. C) It was true, and not even half had been told her

11443. D) Because of the love of God for Israel

11444. A) Spices

11445. C) All she desired and asked for

Queen of the South

11446. D) Solomon's

Quirinius

11447. B) Quirinius

Rachel

11448. B) Rachel

11449. A) He rolled the stone away and watered Laban's sheep

11450. C) Laban

11451. A) Leah was older and Rachel was younger

11452. D) Seven years

11453. B) Like only a few days because of his love for Rachel

11454. D) He gave Jacob Leah

11455. B) It was not their custom to marry off the younger before the older

11456. C) Fourteen years

11457. B) Leah was bearing children while Rachel had none

11458. D) Joseph

11459. A) God remembered her and listened to her

11460. D) His household gods

11461. C) Inside her camel's saddle, and she sat on it

11462. B) They felt their father had treated them like strangers and used up what was theirs

11463. C) He put the maidservants and their children in front, then Leah with hers, and Rachel and Joseph last

11464. D) Rachel

11465. A) She called him Ben-Oni, but Jacob named him Benjamin

11466. B) Bethlehem (Ephrath)

11467. C) Rachel

11468. B) Rachel and Leah

11469. C) In Ramah

11470. D) Rachel

11471. A) Because her children would return to their own land

11472. C) Jeremiah

Rahab

11473. A) Rahab

11474. B) The king of Jericho

11475. C) Stalks of flax

11476. C) On the road to the fords of the Jordan

11477. A) The LORD dried up the water of the Red Sea

11478. A) Sihon and Og

11479. A) They had heard what the LORD had done for Israel

11480. B) earth

11481. D) To spare her and her family

11482. A) She let them down by a rope through the window

11483. B) In the hills

11484. C) A scarlet cord

11485. A) Stay inside Rahab's house

11486. A) Rahab

11487. B) She hid the spies Joshua had sent

11488. D) The two men who had spied out the land

11489. A) Outside the camp of Israel

11490. D) Rahab

11491. C) Rahab

11492. C) Rahab

Rebekah

11493. C) Rebekah

11494. C) Bethuel

11495. A) A gold nose ring and two gold bracelets

11496. D) He bowed down and worshiped the LORD

11497. B) Laban

11498. B) He told them why he had come

11499. A) She said, 'I will go'

11500. C) Meditating in the evening

11501. B) Isaac married her and she became his wife

11502. A) He prayed to the LORD for her

11503. B) Two nations were in her, and the older would serve the younger

11504. B) Esau and Jacob

11505. A) That she was his sister

11506. D) Abimelek

11507. A) Rebekah, his mother

11508. D) Goatskins on his hands and neck, and Esau's clothes

11509. A) Flee to her brother Laban in Harran

11510. D) Rebekah's nurse

11511. A) Rebekah

11512. B) So that God's purpose in choosing might stand

Regem-Melek

11513. D) Bethel

11514. A) Should we mourn and fast in the fifth month?

Rehoboam

11515. A) Rehoboam

11516. B) Shechem

11517. C) Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

11518. A) If he served the people and gave a favorable answer, they would always be his servants

11519. D) The young men who had grown up with him

11520. B) finger

11521. C) Scorpions

11522. A) This turn of events was from the LORD, to fulfill His word spoken through Ahijah

11523. D) tents

11524. B) Adoniram

11525. A) Judah

11526. D) Shemaiah

11527. B) They obeyed and went home

11528. A) He feared their hearts would turn back to Rehoboam, and they would kill him

11529. C) Naamah

11530. B) They did evil and set up high places, sacred stones and Asherah poles

11531. D) Shishak

11532. A) Bronze shields

11533. C) Abijah

11534. C) Rehoboam

11535. B) Rehoboam

11536. C) Shechem

11537. B) Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

11538. D) Three days

11539. A) Be kind to the people and give a favorable answer

11540. B) The young men who had grown up with him

11541. C) waist

11542. D) scorpions

11543. A) This turn of events was from God, to fulfill His word through Ahijah

11544. B) To your tents, Israel!

11545. C) Those living in the towns of Judah

11546. D) Hadoram

11547. A) He got into his chariot

11548. B) 180,000

11549. C) Shemaiah

11550. D) He said, "This is my doing"

11551. A) They obeyed and turned back

11552. B) Towns for defense

11553. C) Food, olive oil, wine, shields and spears

11554. D) The priests and Levites

11555. D) Three years

11556. A) Maakah daughter of Absalom

11557. B) Abijah

11558. C) He dispersed them to the fortified cities of Judah and Benjamin

11559. B) They abandoned the law of the LORD

11560. C) Shishak

11561. D) The people had been unfaithful to the LORD

11562. C) just

11563. C) Bronze shields

11564. D) Rehoboam humbled himself, so the LORD's anger turned from him

11565. A) Seventeen

11566. B) Naamah

11567. C) He had not set his heart on seeking the LORD

11568. D) Continual warfare

11569. A) Abijah

Rehum

11570. A) Rehum

11571. A) They forced the Jews to stop building

Rekab

11572. B) Baanah and Rekab

11573. A) In the heat of the day while he was resting

11574. B) The head of Ish-Bosheth

11575. C) The man at Ziklag who reported Saul's death

11576. D) Jonadab son of Rekab

Reuben

11577. B) Reuben

11578. B) That they were being punished for what they did to Joseph

11579. A) Reuben

11580. B) The south side

11581. C) Esau

11582. B) Reuben

11583. C) He defiled his father's marriage bed

11584. D) Joseph's

Rezin

11585. B) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah son of Remaliah

11586. A) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel

11587. D) Elath

11588. A) He captured Damascus and put Rezin to death

11589. A) Rezin king of Aram and Pekah king of Israel

11590. C) Two smoldering stubs of firewood

Rezon

11591. C) Damascus

Rhoda

11592. B) Rhoda

11593. C) She ran back without opening the door

11594. A) You're out of your mind

Rich young man

11595. D) "Teacher, what good thing must I do to get eternal life?"

11596. C) "There is only One who is good."

11597. B) neighbor

11598. A) "What do I still lack?"

11599. D) Sell his possessions, give to the poor, and follow Jesus

11600. C) He had great wealth

11601. B) What must I do to inherit eternal life?

11602. A) alone

11603. C) To sell everything, give to the poor, and follow Jesus

11604. B) He had great wealth

Rizpah

11605. B) Sleeping with Saul's concubine Rizpah

11606. D) Rizpah

Ruth

11607. B) Orpah and Ruth

11608. B) stay

11609. A) God

11610. C) She was fully committed to Naomi, her people and her God

11611. B) Death

11612. C) At the beginning of the barley harvest

11613. C) Pick up leftover grain

11614. D) Boaz's field

11615. C) The Moabite who came back with Naomi

11616. A) Stay in his field with the women who worked for him

11617. D) She was a foreigner

11618. B) All she had done for her mother-in-law since her husband died

11619. C) The wings of the LORD, the God of Israel

11620. D) Bread dipped in wine vinegar and roasted grain

11621. A) Pull out some stalks from the bundles for her

11622. B) An ephah

11623. C) Until the barley and wheat harvests were finished

11624. A) A home where she would be well provided for

11625. D) Wash, put on perfume and her best clothes

11626. B) After he had finished eating and drinking

11627. C) Uncover his feet and lie down

11628. D) In the middle of the night

11629. B) guardian-redeemer

11630. C) She had not run after the younger men, rich or poor

11631. D) noble

11632. A) There was a guardian-redeemer more closely related than he was

11633. B) Before anyone could be recognized

11634. D) Six measures of barley

11635. B) Ruth the Moabite, to keep the dead man's name with his property

11636. D) To keep the dead man's name with his property

11637. B) Rachel and Leah

11638. C) A son

11639. B) seven

11640. B) Obed

11641. A) Ruth

Sadducees

11642. C) The Sadducees

11643. D) Seven

Salmon

11644. C) Salmon

11645. D) Rahab

Salome

11646. B) Mary Magdalene

11647. B) To anoint Jesus' body

11648. B) Salome

Samaritan woman

11649. C) A drink

11650. B) Jews do not associate with Samaritans

11651. C) A spring of water welling up to eternal life

11652. B) She had five husbands, and the man she had now was not her husband

11653. A) In Jerusalem

11654. D) I, the one speaking to you—I am he

11655. A) Her water jar

11656. D) We have heard for ourselves, and we know this man really is the Savior of the world

Samson

11657. D) Manoah

11658. D) A razor

11659. B) Nazirite

11660. C) Take the lead in delivering Israel from the Philistines

11661. B) Samson

11662. C) In Mahaneh Dan, between Zorah and Eshtaol

11663. C) Timnah

11664. B) She was from the uncircumcised Philistines, not from their own people

11665. D) It was from the LORD, who was looking for a chance to confront the Philistines

11666. A) A young lion

11667. C) No one — not even his father or mother

11668. B) A swarm of bees and some honey

11669. D) That he had taken it from the lion's carcass

11670. A) Thirty

11671. C) Thirty linen garments and thirty sets of clothes

11672. B) sweet

11673. D) Seven days

11674. A) They threatened to burn her and her father's household to death

11675. C) "What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?"

11676. B) heifer

11677. D) Ashkelon

11678. A) She was given to one of Samson's companions from the feast

11679. B) At the time of wheat harvest

11680. D) He had given her to Samson's companion, and offered her younger sister instead

11681. C) Three hundred

11682. A) Set fire to the Philistines' grain, vineyards and olive groves

11683. B) They burned his wife and her father to death

11684. D) In a cave in the rock of Etam

11685. C) Three thousand men of Judah

11686. A) The Philistines were rulers over them, and Samson's actions brought trouble on them

11687. B) Two new ropes

11688. D) flax

11689. C) The fresh jawbone of a donkey

11690. A) A thousand

11691. B) Ramath Lehi

11692. D) He cried out to the LORD

11693. C) En Hakkore

11694. A) Twenty years

11695. D) He tore loose the doors of the city gate with the two posts and carried them away

11696. C) To the top of the hill that faces Hebron

11697. A) The Valley of Sorek

11698. B) Delilah

11699. C) The secret of his great strength

11700. A) Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried

11701. B) Fresh bowstrings → new ropes → weaving his hair on the loom → shaving his head

11702. D) Weave them into the fabric on the loom and tighten it with the pin

11703. C) confide

11704. A) If his head were shaved, his strength would leave him

11705. B) Delilah put him to sleep on her lap and called someone to shave off his seven braids

11706. D) LORD

11707. C) They gouged out his eyes

11708. A) Grinding grain

11709. B) The hair on his head began to grow again

11710. D) Dagon

11711. C) Put him where he could feel the pillars that supported the temple

11712. A) About three thousand

11713. B) remember

11714. D) He killed many more when he died than while he lived

11715. C) Between Zorah and Eshtaol in the tomb of his father Manoah

11716. D) Elijah

Samuel

11717. B) Because she asked the LORD for him

11718. C) After he was weaned

11719. A) Hannah brought Samuel to Eli and gave him to the LORD

11720. B) She gave Samuel to the LORD for his whole life

11721. D) He ministered before the LORD under Eli

11722. B) A linen ephod

11723. B) A little robe

11724. A) favor

11725. B) It was rare, and there were not many visions

11726. D) In the house of the LORD, where the ark of God was

11727. A) He ran to Eli

11728. C) The word of the LORD had not yet been revealed to him

11729. B) The third time

11730. C) listening

11731. D) He came and stood there

11732. B) Afraid

11733. C) "He is the LORD; let him do what is good in his eyes."

11734. B) Samuel's words from the LORD all proved true

11735. B) Beersheba

11736. A) Shiloh

11737. B) Get rid of the foreign gods and serve the LORD only

11738. A) Mizpah

11739. B) A suckling lamb as a whole burnt offering

11740. A) Ebenezer

11741. C) helped

11742. D) The hand of the LORD was against them

11743. B) Mizpah

11744. A) Ramah

11745. B) Joel and Abijah

11746. D) A king to lead them, like all the other nations

11747. A) He was displeased and prayed to the LORD

11748. C) The LORD Himself as their king

11749. B) Warn them about what the king would claim

11750. D) Their houses to give to foreigners

11751. C) slaves

11752. A) The LORD would not answer them

11753. D) "Listen to them and give them a king."

11754. B) That He would send a man from Benjamin to anoint as ruler

11755. D) "This is the man I spoke to you about; he will govern my people."

11756. B) They had been found

11757. B) He seated him at the head and had a special piece of meat set before him

11758. D) On the roof of his house

11759. B) Olive oil

11760. C) Seven days

11761. B) They had rejected their God who saves them

11762. A) Tribe of Benjamin, then Matri's clan, then Saul

11763. C) king

11764. A) The rights and duties of kingship

11765. C) As a warning of what would happen to the oxen of anyone who did not follow Saul and Samuel

11766. B) Gilgal

11767. B) He was asking them to say if he had ever cheated or wronged anyone

11768. C) They said he had not cheated or oppressed them

11769. A) Jephthah

11770. A) Fearing, serving and obeying the LORD

11771. B) Thunder and rain

11772. D) What an evil thing they had done in asking for a king

11773. C) Pray for them so they would not die

11774. A) heart

11775. B) For the sake of His great name

11776. C) pray

11777. D) Both they and their king would perish

11778. A) Seven days

11779. C) Just as Saul finished offering the burnt offering

11780. D) His men were scattering, Samuel had not come, and the Philistines were gathering

11781. B) Established Saul's kingdom over Israel for all time

11782. A) heart

11783. C) They waylaid Israel when Israel came up from Egypt

11784. A) He was angry and cried out to the LORD all night

11785. D) sheep

11786. A) obey

11787. B) Because Saul had rejected the word of the LORD

11788. D) The robe tore

11789. C) To one of Saul's neighbors, one better than him

11790. B) mind

11791. C) Samuel

11792. B) Samuel did not go to see Saul again until the day he died

11793. A) Bethlehem

11794. C) He was afraid Saul would hear about it and kill him

11795. B) They trembled and asked if he came in peace

11796. D) Eliab

11797. C) heart

11798. D) Seven

11799. B) He anointed him in the presence of his brothers

11800. B) Samuel at Ramah

11801. B) At his home in Ramah

11802. C) That the visitor was Saul

11803. D) An old man wearing a robe

11804. A) David

11805. B) Saul did not obey the LORD or carry out His fierce wrath against the Amalekites

11806. C) Saul and his sons would be with Samuel, and Israel's army would be given to the Philistines

11807. C) Joel and Abijah

11808. A) Samuel

11809. C) David and Samuel the seer

11810. A) Samuel

11811. D) Absalom son of David

11812. D) Elijah the prophet

11813. B) None had been observed like it since the days of the prophet Samuel

11814. C) Samuel

11815. D) The pillar of cloud

11816. B) Samuel

11817. D) Elijah

Sanballat

11818. A) Sanballat and Tobiah

11819. C) Geshem the Arab

11820. D) He said the God of heaven would give them success

11821. B) Sanballat

11822. A) He prayed to God

11823. B) On the plain of Ono

11824. C) Four times

11825. D) That he and the Jews were plotting to revolt and he wanted to be king

11826. A) He said nothing like that was happening and Sanballat was making it up

11827. A) Tobiah and Sanballat

11828. B) Sanballat the Horonite

Saph

11829. A) Sibbekai the Hushathite

Sapphira

11830. C) Ananias and Sapphira

11831. C) About three hours

11832. D) Spirit

Sarah

11833. D) Sarai

11834. A) His wife Sarai and his nephew Lot

11835. C) That she was his sister

11836. D) Sarah

11837. B) Nations and kings

11838. A) He fell facedown and laughed

11839. C) Isaac

11840. B) Bread, a tender calf, curds, and milk

11841. C) A son

11842. A) She laughed to herself

11843. C) hard

11844. B) She was afraid

11845. D) Gerar

11846. B) Abimelek

11847. B) He feared he would be killed because of her

11848. D) Sheep, cattle, and male and female slaves

11849. C) A thousand pieces

11850. B) She gave birth to a son

11851. D) Isaac

11852. B) God had given her joy through Isaac's birth

11853. B) She saw Ishmael mocking Isaac

11854. D) Sarah

11855. B) One hundred twenty-seven years

11856. C) Kiriath Arba, that is, Hebron

11857. B) It became a burial place he legally owned in Canaan

11858. C) Abraham and Sarah

11859. D) About a hundred years old

11860. D) Sarah

11861. A) Because he considered him faithful who had made the promise

11862. D) Sarah

Sarai

11863. B) Hagar

11864. C) Sarai had not been able to have children

11865. A) Ten years

11866. A) She began to despise Sarai

11867. B) Go back and submit to Sarai

Sargon

11868. D) Sargon

Satan

11869. B) Satan

11870. C) Satan

11871. D) From roaming throughout the earth

11872. A) That Job only served God because God had blessed and protected him

11873. C) He could not lay a finger on Job himself

11874. B) Maintaining his integrity

11875. C) life

11876. A) Take his life

11877. D) He covered him with painful sores

11878. A) Satan

11879. D) rebuke

11880. A) Stones

11881. B) word

11882. B) The highest point of the temple

11883. B) He quoted Scripture about angels protecting him

11884. A) test

11885. B) All the kingdoms of the world and their splendor

11886. A) him only

11887. C) Forty days

11888. C) Satan would not drive out Satan

11889. A) Satan

11890. D) Satan

11891. A) Into the wilderness

11892. C) Forty

11893. D) A stone

11894. B) bread

11895. A) Authority and splendor over all the kingdoms of the world

11896. C) only

11897. D) The highest point of the temple in Jerusalem

11898. A) Do not put the Lord your God to the test

11899. C) Until an opportune time

11900. C) The devil

11901. B) lightning

11902. D) Judas called Iscariot

11903. D) Sift all of them as wheat

11904. C) Satan

11905. D) light

11906. C) Satan

11907. A) The tempter

11908. B) Satan

11909. B) Flee from you

11910. D) A roaring lion

11911. B) Because believers throughout the world are going through the same kind of sufferings

11912. A) The devil's work

11913. C) It is under the control of the evil one

11914. C) Red

11915. A) Seven

11916. D) A third of the stars

11917. C) Michael

11918. D) That ancient serpent called the devil, or Satan

11919. A) To the earth

11920. B) The accuser of our brothers and sisters

11921. C) By the blood of the Lamb and by the word of their testimony

11922. D) Because he knew his time was short

11923. B) The earth opened its mouth and swallowed the river

11924. C) The rest of the woman's offspring, who keep God's commands and hold fast their testimony about Jesus

11925. A) The dragon

11926. D) Frogs

11927. C) A thousand years

11928. D) To keep him from deceiving the nations any more until the thousand years were ended

11929. C) Gog and Magog

11930. A) The lake of burning sulphur, where the beast and the false prophet had been thrown

Saul

11931. B) Kish

11932. C) He was a head taller than anyone else

11933. A) Some donkeys

11934. D) He thought his father would stop worrying about the donkeys and worry about them

11935. C) Saul's servant

11936. A) A quarter of a shekel of silver

11937. B) That He would send a man from Benjamin to anoint as ruler

11938. A) The Philistines

11939. D) "This is the man I spoke to you about; he will govern my people."

11940. B) They had been found

11941. C) The smallest tribe and the least clan

11942. B) He seated him at the head and had a special piece of meat set before him

11943. D) On the roof of his house

11944. B) Olive oil

11945. A) Rachel's tomb

11946. C) Two loaves of bread

11947. D) A procession of prophets playing music and prophesying

11948. A) He would prophesy and be changed into a different person

11949. C) Seven days

11950. A) God changed Saul's heart

11951. B) prophets

11952. D) What Samuel said about the kingship

11953. C) Among the supplies

11954. A) Tribe of Benjamin, then Matri's clan, then Saul

11955. C) king

11956. B) He kept silent

11957. D) Coming in from the fields behind his oxen

11958. A) The Spirit of God came powerfully on him and he burned with anger

11959. C) As a warning of what would happen to the oxen of anyone who did not follow Saul and Samuel

11960. A) Bezek

11961. C) During the last watch of the night

11962. B) The survivors were so scattered that no two were left together

11963. D) This was the day the LORD had rescued Israel

11964. B) Gilgal

11965. A) They sacrificed fellowship offerings and held a great celebration

11966. B) Jonathan

11967. A) Seven days

11968. B) He offered the burnt offering himself

11969. C) Just as Saul finished offering the burnt offering

11970. D) His men were scattering, Samuel had not come, and the Philistines were gathering

11971. B) Established Saul's kingdom over Israel for all time

11972. A) heart

11973. A) Saul and Jonathan

11974. B) Under a pomegranate tree in Migron

11975. B) Striking each other with their swords

11976. C) That anyone who ate food before evening would be cursed

11977. A) "My father has made trouble for the country"

11978. B) He built an altar to the LORD

11979. C) Jonathan

11980. D) He had done this great deliverance with God's help

11981. B) Edom

11982. A) Merab and Michal

11983. C) Abner

11984. C) They waylaid Israel when Israel came up from Egypt

11985. A) Telaim

11986. D) They had shown kindness to Israel when Israel came up out of Egypt

11987. B) Agag and the best of the sheep and cattle

11988. A) He was angry and cried out to the LORD all night

11989. C) A monument in his own honor

11990. D) sheep

11991. C) The soldiers spared them to sacrifice to the LORD

11992. B) Because Saul had rejected the word of the LORD

11993. A) He was afraid of the men and gave in to them

11994. D) The robe tore

11995. C) To one of Saul's neighbors, one better than him

11996. B) Samuel did not go to see Saul again until the day he died

11997. C) He was afraid Saul would hear about it and kill him

11998. D) An evil spirit from the LORD tormented him

11999. A) Find someone who could play the lyre

12000. B) One of Saul's armor-bearers

12001. D) Saul felt relief and the evil spirit left him

12002. B) Valley of Elah

12003. D) Great wealth, his daughter in marriage, and no taxes for his family

12004. B) The LORD had rescued him from the lion and the bear

12005. C) He was not used to it

12006. D) Jesse

12007. D) tens of thousands

12008. A) He was very angry and kept a close eye on David

12009. C) He hurled his spear at David

12010. D) The LORD was with David but had left Saul

12011. A) Commander over a thousand men

12012. C) To let the Philistines kill David

12013. B) That David would fall by the hands of the Philistines

12014. C) That the LORD was with David and Michal loved him

12015. C) Jonathan

12016. B) That David had risked his life to kill the Philistine and the LORD won a great victory

12017. D) That David would not be put to death

12018. A) It stuck in the wall

12019. C) She said David threatened to kill her if she didn't let him go

12020. A) Three times

12021. B) At the great cistern at Seku

12022. C) prophets

12023. D) The New Moon feast

12024. A) He thought something had made David ceremonially unclean

12025. B) As long as David lived, Jonathan and his kingdom would not be established

12026. C) He hurled his spear at Jonathan

12027. D) He was grieved at his father's shameful treatment of David

12028. A) Under a tamarisk tree on the hill at Gibeah

12029. B) That none of them told him Jonathan had made a covenant with David

12030. C) Doeg the Edomite

12031. D) As the king's loyal son-in-law and captain of his bodyguard

12032. A) They were unwilling to raise a hand against the priests of the LORD

12033. B) Doeg the Edomite

12034. B) David was in a town with gates and bars

12035. C) "They will."

12036. A) God did not give David into his hands

12037. A) The Ziphites

12038. C) A messenger said the Philistines were raiding the land

12039. C) Desert of En Gedi

12040. A) Far back in a cave

12041. B) A corner of Saul's robe

12042. C) Saul was the LORD's anointed

12043. D) He sharply rebuked them and did not allow them to attack

12044. A) He called out to Saul and bowed down with his face to the ground

12045. B) That David had been close enough to kill Saul but had not

12046. C) hand

12047. D) He was no one worth pursuing

12048. A) righteous

12049. B) That David would surely be king

12050. C) That David would not kill off his descendants or wipe out his name

12051. D) Paltiel son of Laish

12052. B) On the hill of Hakilah, facing Jeshimon

12053. A) Abner son of Ner

12054. D) His spear

12055. B) Pin him to the ground with his spear

12056. D) The LORD would strike him, or his time would come, or he would die in battle

12057. A) The spear and the water jug

12058. B) The LORD had put them into a deep sleep

12059. D) partridge

12060. A) "I have sinned... Surely I have acted like a fool."

12061. B) The king's spear

12062. C) "May you be blessed, David my son; you will do great things and surely triumph."

12063. C) He thought Saul would one day destroy him

12064. D) He no longer searched for him

12065. C) He had expelled them from the land

12066. D) Gilboa

12067. A) Afraid, with terror filling his heart

12068. B) By dreams, Urim or prophets

12069. C) Endor

12070. D) In disguise, wearing other clothes, at night

12071. A) That she would not be punished

12072. C) That the visitor was Saul

12073. D) An old man wearing a robe

12074. A) David

12075. B) Saul did not obey the LORD or carry out His fierce wrath against the Amalekites

12076. C) Saul and his sons would be with Samuel, and Israel's army would be given to the Philistines

12077. D) He had eaten nothing all that day and night

12078. A) tens of thousands

12079. C) Jonathan, Abinadab and Malki-Shua

12080. A) Philistine archers

12081. D) He was terrified

12082. A) All on the same day

12083. D) In the temple of the Ashtoreths

12084. B) Beth Shan

12085. A) The valiant men of Jabesh Gilead

12086. B) Under a tamarisk tree at Jabesh

12087. C) Seven days

12088. A) Mount Gilboa

12089. C) Saul's crown and the band from his arm

12090. B) They tore their clothes, mourned, wept and fasted till evening

12091. C) He said he had killed the LORD's anointed

12092. B) The Book of Jashar

12093. B) mighty

12094. A) eagles

12095. A) Jabesh Gilead

12096. D) Saul

12097. A) Because Saul had put the Gibeonites to death

12098. D) Survivors of the Amorites whom Israel had sworn to spare

12099. A) In the tomb of Saul's father Kish at Zela in Benjamin

12100. D) When the LORD delivered him from all his enemies and from Saul

12101. A) Saul's

12102. D) Kish

12103. A) Ner, Kish, Saul

12104. D) Abner

12105. B) Mount Gilboa

12106. D) Esh-Baal

12107. A) Philistine archers

12108. C) He was terrified and would not do it

12109. B) Dagon

12110. C) The valiant men of Jabesh Gilead

12111. A) They fasted seven days

12112. B) He was unfaithful to the LORD

12113. D) A medium

12114. B) David son of Jesse

12115. B) Ziklag

12116. D) Saul

12117. A) They thought David might desert to Saul

12118. B) Because they had not inquired of it during Saul's reign

12119. C) Michal daughter of Saul

12120. A) Saul, David's predecessor

12121. D) Absalom son of David

12122. C) Saul

12123. A) Doeg

12124. B) Ahimelek's

12125. B) The Ziphites

12126. B) Into a cave

12127. C) To kill David

12128. D) A young man named Saul

12129. D) Saul

12130. B) He went from house to house and dragged believers off to prison

12131. D) Letters to the synagogues in Damascus to arrest believers

12132. A) A light from heaven

12133. C) persecute

12134. B) Jesus

12135. D) He was blind and did not eat or drink

12136. C) Straight Street

12137. B) Tarsus

12138. D) He had heard of the harm Saul had done to God's people

12139. A) As His chosen instrument to proclaim His name to the Gentiles

12140. C) Something like scales

12141. B) That Jesus is the Son of God

12142. D) He was lowered in a basket through an opening in the wall

12143. A) Barnabas

12144. C) Down to Caesarea, then off to Tarsus

12145. A) Tarsus

12146. C) A whole year

12147. B) Barnabas and Saul

12148. C) John, also called Mark

12149. C) Manaen

12150. D) Barnabas and Saul

12151. B) They fasted, prayed and placed their hands on them

12152. C) Cyprus

12153. A) John

Saul son of Kish

12154. A) Forty years

Sennacherib

12155. D) Sennacherib

12156. C) Gold

12157. D) Tirhakah king of Cush

12158. C) He spread it out before the LORD in the temple

12159. D) Make him return by the way he came

12160. B) He would not enter the city or shoot an arrow there

12161. B) Nineveh

12162. A) His sons killed him while he worshipped in the temple of Nisrok

12163. B) Sennacherib

12164. C) Lachish

12165. D) That no god of any nation had been able to deliver its people from Assyria

12166. C) Some of his sons cut him down with the sword in the temple of his god

12167. C) The fourteenth year

12168. A) Sennacherib

12169. D) Lachish

12170. D) Spread it out before the LORD in the temple

12171. A) So all the kingdoms of the earth may know that the LORD alone is God

12172. C) Enter the city or shoot an arrow there

12173. B) Nineveh

12174. A) His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer

Seraiah

12175. B) Seraiah son of Neriah

12176. C) Tie a stone to it and throw it into the Euphrates

12177. A) Babylon would sink to rise no more

12178. B) Seraiah

Sergius Paulus

12179. B) Sergius Paulus

12180. D) He believed, amazed at the teaching about the Lord

Seth

12181. C) Seth

Shadrach

12182. C) Some astrologers

12183. D) Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego

12184. A) rescue

12185. B) Still not serve the king's gods or worship the image

12186. D) The flames of the fire killed them

12187. A) Four

12188. C) Servants of the Most High God

12189. D) They did not even smell of fire

12190. A) He sent His angel

12191. C) Promoted them in the province of Babylon

Shallum

12192. B) One month

12193. A) Menahem son of Gadi

12194. B) Baking the offering bread

12195. A) His daughters

12196. A) Shallum

12197. A) Hanamel, his cousin

Shallun

12198. C) The Pool of Siloam

Shalmaneser

12199. D) Shalmaneser

12200. C) Hoshea sent envoys to So king of Egypt and stopped paying tribute

Shamgar

12201. C) An ox goad

12202. D) Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar

12203. C) The highways were abandoned and travelers took winding paths

Shammah

12204. A) Abinadab and Shammah

12205. A) Eliab, Abinadab and Shammah

12206. A) Shammah

Shaphan

12207. C) The eighteenth year

12208. B) Shaphan the secretary

12209. C) Hilkiah

12210. A) Shaphan the secretary

12211. A) Ahikam son of Shaphan

12212. A) The room of Gemariah son of Shaphan the secretary

Sharezer

12213. A) His sons Adrammelek and Sharezer

12214. D) Bethel

12215. A) Should we mourn and fast in the fifth month?

Shear-Jashub

12216. C) Shear-Jashub

Sheba

12217. D) Sheba son of Bikri

12218. B) tent

12219. A) The men of Judah

12220. D) Abishai

12221. C) Abel Beth Maakah

12222. B) Handing over the one man, Sheba

12223. C) The people followed the wise woman's advice and handed over Sheba's head

Shebna

12224. D) Shebna

12225. B) A grave

12226. A) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

12227. C) Eliakim son of Hilkiah

12228. D) Aramaic

12229. C) They tore their clothes

12230. A) Isaiah son of Amoz

Shecaniah

12231. C) Shecaniah son of Jehiel

12232. A) courage

Shechem

12233. B) The son of Hamor the Hivite, ruler of that area

12234. C) To get Dinah as his wife

12235. A) That every male in the city be circumcised

Sheerah

12236. B) Building Lower and Upper Beth Horon and Uzzen Sheerah

Shelah

12237. C) He feared his third son Shelah might also die

Shelemiah

12238. D) Zechariah

Shem

12239. C) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

12240. A) Shem and Japheth

12241. B) Shem, Ham, and Japheth

12242. D) Enoch

Shema

12243. B) Drove out the inhabitants of Gath

Shemaiah

12244. D) Shemaiah

12245. B) They obeyed and went home

12246. C) Shemaiah son of Nethanel

12247. C) Shemaiah

12248. B) Shishak

12249. D) Not destroy them but soon give them deliverance

12250. C) Shemaiah son of Delaiah

12251. A) Tobiah and Sanballat

12252. B) Uriah son of Shemaiah

12253. D) Shemaiah the Nehelamite

Shemer

12254. C) Samaria

12255. D) Two talents of silver

Sheshan

12256. C) He gave his daughter in marriage to his Egyptian servant Jarha

Sheshbazzar

12257. D) Sheshbazzar

12258. B) 5,400

12259. A) Babylon

12260. C) Sheshbazzar

Shethar-Bozenai

12261. A) Tattenai

Shimea

12262. D) Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother

Shimei

12263. C) Shimei son of Gera

12264. D) He pelted them with stones

12265. B) Because the LORD was repaying him for the blood shed in Saul's household

12266. A) Abishai

12267. C) He told Abishai to leave Shimei alone and let him curse

12268. D) Look on his misery and restore His covenant blessing instead of the curse

12269. A) Shimei

12270. B) "You shall not die"

12271. A) Shimei son of Gera

12272. C) Leave Jerusalem and cross the Kidron Valley

12273. B) Gath

12274. A) Shimei's brothers did not have many children

Shimshai

12275. A) Rehum

12276. A) They forced the Jews to stop building

Shiphrah

12277. A) Shiphrah and Puah

12278. B) Kill the Hebrew baby boys

12279. B) They feared God

12280. B) He was kind to them and gave them families

Shishak

12281. D) To Egypt, to King Shishak

12282. D) Shishak

12283. A) Bronze shields

12284. C) Shishak

12285. D) The people had been unfaithful to the LORD

12286. A) 1,200

12287. B) Shishak

12288. A) So they would learn the difference between serving God and serving other kings

12289. B) The treasures, including Solomon's gold shields

Shobak

12290. B) Helam

12291. D) Shobak

Shobi

12292. D) Shobi, Makir and Barzillai

Shophak

12293. B) Shophak

Sibbekai

12294. A) Sibbekai the Hushathite

12295. D) Sibbekai the Hushathite

Sihon

12296. C) Sihon

12297. D) To let Israel pass through peacefully along the road

12298. A) The Lord had made his spirit stubborn and his heart obstinate

12299. D) God delivered Sihon over, and Israel defeated him and took his towns

12300. A) Sihon and Og

12301. A) Heshbon

12302. A) Sihon

12303. B) Sihon king of Heshbon and Og king of Bashan

12304. D) Og

Silas

12305. C) Judas called Barsabbas and Silas

12306. A) They said much to encourage and strengthen the believers

12307. A) Silas

12308. C) The province of Asia and Bithynia

12309. B) They realized their hope of making money was gone

12310. A) In the inner cell with their feet in the stocks

12311. D) Praying and singing hymns to God

12312. C) A violent earthquake opened the doors and loosened the chains

12313. A) Believe

12314. D) He washed their wounds

12315. C) They were Roman citizens who had been beaten publicly without a trial

12316. B) Lydia's house

12317. D) Berea

12318. A) Silas and Timothy

12319. D) He devoted himself exclusively to preaching

12320. D) Silas

12321. A) Silas and Timothy

12322. A) Silas and Timothy

12323. A) Silas

Simeon

12324. D) Simeon and Levi

12325. C) That the people of the land would join together and attack him

12326. D) Simeon

12327. C) Simeon

12328. C) Simeon and Levi

12329. A) Shimei's brothers did not have many children

12330. B) Pasture for their flocks

12331. D) Hezekiah

12332. A) The hill country of Seir

12333. C) Simeon

12334. A) The Gentiles

12335. B) sword

Simon of Cyrene

12336. C) Simon from Cyrene

12337. A) Simon from Cyrene

12338. D) Alexander and Rufus

12339. C) Simon from Cyrene

Simon Peter

12340. B) Simon and Andrew

12341. B) people

12342. A) Simon's

12343. B) To preach in the nearby villages also

12344. D) Peter

12345. A) Peter, James and John

12346. C) Messiah

12347. D) Satan

12348. B) Peter, James and John

12349. C) Three shelters

12350. A) Persecutions

12351. D) Peter

12352. A) Peter, James, John and Andrew

12353. C) Disown him three times

12354. B) Sleeping

12355. C) One of the servant girls of the high priest

12356. D) Because he was a Galilean

12357. D) Peter remembered Jesus' words, broke down and wept

12358. D) Peter

12359. A) Simon's

12360. D) She got up and began to wait on them

12361. A) To sit down and teach the people from the boat

12362. C) deep

12363. D) They had worked hard all night and caught nothing

12364. A) They caught so many fish that their nets began to break

12365. B) sinful

12366. C) James and John

12367. D) people

12368. A) They left everything and followed Jesus

12369. B) Peter

12370. B) Peter, John and James

12371. B) Messiah

12372. B) Peter, John and James

12373. B) Three shelters

12374. A) Peter and John

12375. B) A man carrying a jar of water

12376. D) Sift all of them as wheat

12377. A) That his faith may not fail

12378. B) Three times

12379. A) Into the house of the high priest

12380. B) know

12381. C) The Lord turned and looked straight at Peter, and Peter went out and wept bitterly

12382. D) The strips of linen lying by themselves

12383. A) Simon

12384. D) Andrew

12385. A) We have found the Messiah

12386. B) Cephas

12387. C) Bethsaida

12388. D) Andrew finds Simon, Jesus finds Philip, Philip finds Nathanael

12389. A) Andrew

12390. D) eternal life

12391. D) Peter

12392. A) Not just my feet but my hands and my head as well

12393. A) The disciple whom Jesus loved, reclining next to him

12394. C) Disown him three times

12395. D) Malchus

12396. A) Put your sword away! Shall I not drink the cup the Father has given me?

12397. C) Another disciple known to the high priest spoke to the servant girl on duty and brought him in

12398. D) The servant girl at the door

12399. A) Warming themselves around a fire

12400. B) A rooster began to crow

12401. C) The other disciple

12402. D) The cloth that had been wrapped around Jesus' head, still lying in its place, separate from the linen

12403. A) Go fishing

12404. C) Nothing

12405. A) The disciple whom Jesus loved

12406. B) He wrapped his outer garment around him and jumped into the water

12407. D) 153

12408. B) Three times

12409. C) Feed or take care of his lambs and sheep

12410. D) The kind of death by which Peter would glorify God

12411. A) Follow

12412. B) If I want him to remain alive until I return, what is that to you? You must follow me

Simon the Leper

12413. A) Simon the Leper

12414. C) Simon the Leper

Simon the Pharisee

12415. C) Simon

12416. D) Five hundred and fifty denarii

12417. A) The one who had the bigger debt forgiven

12418. B) Given him water for his feet, a kiss, or oil for his head

Simon the sorcerer

12419. C) Simon

12420. B) He believed, was baptized and followed Philip

12421. C) Money

12422. B) He thought he could buy the gift of God with money

12423. A) He asked Peter to pray for him

Simon the tanner

12424. D) Simon a tanner

Simon the Zealot

12425. B) Zealot

12426. C) Simon

Sippai

12427. D) Sibbekai the Hushathite

Sisera

12428. C) Sisera

12429. D) Nine hundred

12430. B) Twenty

12431. C) The Kishon River

12432. A) The honor would not be his, because the LORD would deliver Sisera into the hands of a woman

12433. C) He got down from his chariot and fled on foot

12434. D) There was an alliance between Jabin and the family of Heber the Kenite

12435. B) Milk

12436. C) A tent peg and a hammer

12437. A) LORD

12438. B) stars

12439. D) The Kishon

12440. D) A bowl fit for nobles

12441. A) Sisera's mother

12442. D) Sisera

12443. B) The Kishon

Solomon

12444. A) Solomon

12445. C) Solomon

12446. A) Jedidiah

12447. C) Nathan told Bathsheba about Adonijah

12448. B) That her son Solomon would be king after him

12449. D) King David's own mule

12450. A) Gihon

12451. C) Zadok the priest

12452. B) Solomon

12453. B) The Kerethites and the Pelethites

12454. C) He took hold of the horns of the altar

12455. D) Not a hair of his head would fall to the ground

12456. C) Be strong and obey the LORD's commands

12457. B) David would never fail to have a successor on the throne of Israel

12458. B) Barzillai the Gileadite

12459. B) That Abishag the Shunammite be given to him as his wife

12460. A) On a throne at his right hand

12461. D) Benaiah son of Jehoiada

12462. B) To his fields in Anathoth

12463. A) Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

12464. C) Leave Jerusalem and cross the Kidron Valley

12465. C) Solomon's

12466. B) Pharaoh king of Egypt

12467. B) love

12468. A) Gibeon

12469. D) A thousand

12470. B) In a dream during the night

12471. C) "Ask for whatever you want me to give you."

12472. B) As only a little child who did not know how to carry out his duties

12473. D) A discerning heart to govern God's people

12474. A) Wealth and honor

12475. C) Walk in obedience and keep God's decrees and commands as David did

12476. B) Jerusalem

12477. B) Which of them was the mother of a living baby

12478. B) A sword

12479. C) She was willing to give up the baby so he would not be killed

12480. B) That he had wisdom from God to administer justice

12481. B) Israel

12482. C) To supply food for the king and his household, each for one month of the year

12483. D) As numerous as the sand on the seashore, and happy

12484. C) The Euphrates River

12485. A) Under their own vine and under their own fig tree

12486. C) Peace

12487. B) sand

12488. A) Egypt

12489. A) Ethan

12490. D) Three thousand

12491. B) Plants, animals, birds, reptiles and fish

12492. C) All the kings of the world who had heard of his wisdom

12493. A) Hiram

12494. C) Of the wars waged against him on every side

12495. B) Rest on every side

12496. D) That David's son, whom God would put on the throne, would build the temple for His Name

12497. C) Cedars of Lebanon

12498. B) The Sidonians

12499. D) wise

12500. C) Floated in rafts by sea

12501. B) Wheat and pressed olive oil

12502. A) Wisdom

12503. C) One month in Lebanon and two months at home

12504. D) Large blocks of high-grade stone

12505. A) Byblos

12506. B) The 480th year

12507. C) His fourth year

12508. A) Any hammer, chisel or other iron tool

12509. D) The stones were dressed at the quarry before being brought

12510. B) He would live among the Israelites and not abandon His people

12511. C) To set the ark of the covenant of the LORD there

12512. D) Cedar

12513. C) Pure gold

12514. B) A pair of cherubim

12515. A) Seven years

12516. B) Thirteen years

12517. C) The Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

12518. D) The Hall of Justice

12519. A) Pharaoh's daughter, his wife

12520. C) Huram

12521. C) In the plain of the Jordan between Sukkoth and Zarethan

12522. A) There was so much of it

12523. B) The bread of the Presence

12524. C) The things his father David had dedicated

12525. C) Zion, the City of David

12526. D) So many they could not be recorded or counted

12527. B) With his hands spread out toward heaven

12528. B) God

12529. D) Contain God

12530. A) Forgive

12531. C) Turn back to God, praise His name and pray to Him in the temple

12532. C) Foreigners who come from distant lands because of God's name

12533. A) sin

12534. D) Kneeling, with his hands spread out toward heaven

12535. B) Not one word of them had failed

12536. D) Fourteen days

12537. C) Joyful and glad

12538. A) A second time

12539. B) He had consecrated it by putting His Name there forever

12540. C) That He would establish Solomon's royal throne over Israel forever

12541. D) He would cut Israel off from the land and reject the temple

12542. B) Twenty towns in Galilee

12543. C) He was not pleased with them

12544. D) Megiddo

12545. A) Gezer

12546. B) Make them slaves

12547. C) Three times

12548. D) At Ezion Geber on the shore of the Red Sea

12549. A) Ophir

12550. B) The queen of Sheba

12551. A) He answered all of them; nothing was too hard for him

12552. D) half

12553. B) To maintain justice and righteousness, because of His eternal love for Israel

12554. A) Spices

12555. C) Supports for the temple and palace, and harps and lyres

12556. B) In the Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

12557. D) Twelve lions

12558. C) Ivory

12559. A) As common as stones

12560. B) Gold, silver, ivory, apes and baboons

12561. D) To hear the wisdom God had put in his heart

12562. A) Egypt and Kue

12563. B) Because they would surely turn their hearts after their gods

12564. C) They led him astray

12565. A) It was not fully devoted to the LORD his God

12566. D) Ashtoreth

12567. A) On a hill east of Jerusalem

12568. C) Because his heart turned away from the LORD, who had appeared to him twice

12569. A) For the sake of David, Solomon's father

12570. D) One

12571. B) Hadad

12572. C) Damascus

12573. D) Jeroboam

12574. D) To Egypt, to King Shishak

12575. A) Rehoboam

12576. C) Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

12577. B) finger

12578. C) Scorpions

12579. A) Bronze shields

12580. A) He cut them up

12581. B) Bathsheba

12582. C) Rehoboam

12583. A) Azariah son of Johanan

12584. B) Until Solomon built the temple

12585. D) Solomon

12586. A) Solomon was young and inexperienced, and the temple had to be magnificent

12587. C) peace

12588. D) Discretion and understanding

12589. A) courageous

12590. C) Begin the work, with the LORD being with him

12591. B) Seeking the LORD their God

12592. A) When David was old and full of years

12593. D) The throne of the kingdom of the LORD over Israel

12594. B) The LORD searches every heart and understands every desire and thought

12595. D) found

12596. B) The plans for the temple that the Spirit had put in his mind

12597. D) fail

12598. A) Because the structure was not for man but for the LORD God

12599. C) Wholehearted devotion to keep God's commands

12600. A) Zadok

12601. D) He prospered and all Israel obeyed him

12602. B) Gibeon

12603. C) A thousand

12604. B) Ask for whatever you want me to give you

12605. D) wisdom

12606. A) So he could lead and govern God's people

12607. C) Wealth, possessions and honor

12608. B) 1,400

12609. C) stones

12610. A) Egypt

12611. B) 600 shekels of silver

12612. C) The kings of the Hittites and Arameans

12613. B) A temple

12614. C) Hiram king of Tyre

12615. A) Hiram had sent David cedar to build his palace

12616. B) Burning fragrant incense before the LORD

12617. C) greater

12618. D) Because even the highest heavens cannot contain God

12619. B) A man skilled in working with gold, silver, bronze, iron and cloth

12620. A) Lebanon

12621. C) Wheat, barley, wine and olive oil

12622. B) loves

12623. C) Foreigners living in Israel

12624. B) 3,600

12625. B) Mount Moriah

12626. C) The LORD had appeared to David there

12627. D) Fourth year

12628. B) Sixty cubits

12629. C) Gold

12630. A) Palm trees and chains

12631. C) Six hundred talents

12632. B) Two cherubim

12633. D) Twenty cubits

12634. A) The curtain

12635. C) A hundred pomegranates

12636. A) Jakin and Boaz

12637. D) Boaz

12638. A) Ten cubits

12639. B) The Sea

12640. C) Twelve bulls

12641. D) Three faced each of the four directions

12642. A) Three thousand baths

12643. B) The priests washing themselves

12644. C) Rinsing the things used for burnt offerings

12645. D) Ten

12646. A) A hundred

12647. B) Bronze

12648. C) Huram

12649. D) In the plain of the Jordan between Succoth and Zarethan

12650. A) So much bronze was used that it could not be weighed

12651. B) The bread of the Presence

12652. C) In front of the inner sanctuary

12653. B) The things his father David had dedicated

12654. A) Zion, the City of David

12655. C) At the festival in the seventh month

12656. A) There were so many of them

12657. C) cloud

12658. A) He blessed them

12659. D) Jerusalem

12660. B) He did well, but his son would build it

12661. C) A bronze platform

12662. D) He knelt down and spread out his hands toward heaven

12663. A) heaven

12664. B) Even the highest heavens cannot contain God, much less the temple

12665. C) Forgive

12666. D) Turn back, praise God's name and pray

12667. A) There would be no rain

12668. B) So all the peoples of the earth may know God's name and fear Him

12669. C) sin

12670. D) resting

12671. A) David

12672. C) Fire

12673. B) 22,000

12674. C) The bronze altar could not hold all the offerings

12675. A) From Lebo Hamath to the Wadi of Egypt

12676. D) Seven days for the dedication and seven for the festival

12677. B) I have heard your prayer and chosen this place for myself

12678. D) His royal throne would be established

12679. B) Twenty

12680. C) Hiram

12681. A) Hamath Zobah

12682. D) Tadmor

12683. A) Upper and Lower Beth Horon

12684. B) Descendants of the peoples Israel had not destroyed

12685. C) They were his fighting men, commanders and captains

12686. D) Pharaoh's daughter

12687. A) The places the ark of the LORD had entered were holy

12688. B) Moses'

12689. C) Unleavened Bread, Weeks and Tabernacles

12690. D) David

12691. A) Ophir

12692. B) 450 talents

12693. A) The queen of Sheba

12694. B) He answered all of them

12695. C) It was true, and not even half had been told her

12696. D) Because of the love of God for Israel

12697. A) Spices

12698. B) Steps, harps and lyres

12699. C) All she desired and asked for

12700. D) 666 talents

12701. A) In the Palace of the Forest of Lebanon

12702. B) Lions

12703. C) Ivory

12704. D) So much gold was used, even for goblets and household articles

12705. A) Once every three years

12706. B) He was greater in riches and wisdom

12707. C) The Euphrates

12708. D) Nathan

12709. A) Forty

12710. B) Rehoboam

12711. A) Egypt

12712. B) Lighten the harsh labor and heavy yoke his father put on them

12713. D) Three years

12714. B) The treasures, including Solomon's gold shields

12715. B) Since the days of Solomon son of David

12716. C) To put it in the temple Solomon built and not carry it about on their shoulders

12717. D) David and his son Solomon

12718. A) Solomon

12719. D) Solomon's

12720. B) God's justice

12721. C) From sea to sea and to the ends of the earth

12722. A) Sheba

12723. B) The needy

12724. D) All nations

12725. C) Solomon

12726. A) vain

12727. B) They stand watch in vain

12728. D) Sleep

12729. A) heritage

12730. C) Arrows

12731. D) Quiver

12732. B) Solomon

12733. C) Solomon

12734. C) Hezekiah

12735. B) Solomon's

12736. D) Kedar

12737. B) Sixty

12738. C) Lebanon

12739. A) Silver

12740. D) His mother

12741. C) Baal Hamon

12742. C) A thousand shekels of silver

12743. C) Uriah's wife

12744. C) Solomon

12745. D) Solomon's

12746. A) The Queen of the South

12747. D) Solomon

12748. C) Solomon

Sons of Korah

12749. C) The Sons of Korah

12750. B) Their ancestors

12751. A) His bow

12752. B) A wedding song

12753. C) The pen of a skillful writer

12754. C) All peoples, rich and poor alike

12755. A) The harp

12756. C) The Sons of Korah

12757. A) lovely

12758. B) The sparrow

12759. D) The Valley of Baka

12760. A) In Zion

12761. C) A thousand

12762. D) A doorkeeper

12763. A) A shield

12764. B) He covered them

12765. A) revive

12766. C) Righteousness and peace

12767. D) Righteousness

12768. A) Its harvest

12769. A) The gates of Zion

12770. B) God

12771. C) "This one was born in Zion."

12772. D) In the register of the peoples

12773. B) Heman the Ezrahite

Sons of Sceva

12774. A) Sceva, a Jewish chief priest

12775. B) you

12776. D) The man with the evil spirit overpowered them, and they ran out naked and bleeding

Sosthenes

12777. D) Sosthenes

12778. C) Sosthenes

Stephanas

12779. D) Stephanas

12780. C) Stephanas

12781. A) Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus

Stephen

12782. D) Stephen

12783. A) Barnabas

12784. A) Performed great wonders and signs

12785. B) The Synagogue of the Freedmen

12786. C) He spoke with the wisdom the Spirit gave him

12787. D) Persuaded men and produced false witnesses against him

12788. A) His face was like the face of an angel

12789. A) Mesopotamia

12790. D) They were jealous of him

12791. B) Seventy-five

12792. D) hands

12793. A) Resisting the Holy Spirit

12794. B) The glory of God, and Jesus standing at God's right hand

12795. C) He was stoned

12796. D) A young man named Saul

12797. A) spirit

12798. B) That the Lord would not hold this sin against them

12799. D) Saul

12800. A) Jews

12801. A) Guarding the clothes of those who were killing him

Syntyche

12802. B) Euodia and Syntyche

Syrophoenician woman

12803. A) Syrian Phoenicia

12804. C) crumbs

12805. D) Her child lying on the bed, and the demon gone

Tabitha

12806. A) Tabitha

12807. C) Robes and other clothing

12808. B) She opened her eyes and sat up

Talmai

12809. A) Talmai king of Geshur

12810. D) To Geshur

12811. A) Talmai king of Geshur

Tamar

12812. C) Er

12813. C) He feared his third son Shelah might also die

12814. D) His seal, its cord, and his staff

12815. C) By sending Judah his own seal, cord, and staff

12816. A) Perez and Zerah

12817. C) Tamar

12818. B) wicked

12819. C) He hated her more than he had loved her

12820. D) Her ornate robe

12821. A) Absalom's

12822. D) Tamar

12823. A) Tamar

12824. A) Tamar

12825. A) Tamar

Tattenai

12826. A) Tattenai

12827. D) Search the royal archives for Cyrus's decree

12828. B) Stay away and not interfere

Terah

12829. C) Terah

12830. A) Ur of the Chaldeans

12831. B) They worshiped other gods

Teresh

12832. D) Bigthana and Teresh

12833. A) That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king

Tertius

12834. A) Tertius

Tertullus

12835. C) Tertullus

12836. A) A troublemaker and ringleader of the Nazarene sect

12837. B) Desecrate it

The disciple whom Jesus loved

12838. A) The disciple whom Jesus loved, reclining next to him

12839. D) The disciple whom he loved

12840. C) The other disciple

12841. A) The disciple whom Jesus loved

12842. B) If I want him to remain alive until I return, what is that to you? You must follow me

12843. C) The disciple whom Jesus loved

Theophilus

12844. C) Theophilus

12845. B) So Theophilus would know the certainty of what he was taught

12846. C) Theophilus

Theudas

12847. C) Theudas and Judas the Galilean

Thomas

12848. D) Thomas

12849. D) Thomas

12850. D) Thomas

12851. A) To see the nail marks and put his finger and hand where they were

12852. B) A week later

12853. C) God

12854. D) Those who have not seen and yet have believed

Tiberius Caesar

12855. C) The fifteenth year

Tibni

12856. A) Tibni son of Ginath

Tiglath-Pileser

12857. A) Tiglath-Pileser

12858. C) save

12859. B) Silver and gold from the temple and palace treasuries

12860. A) He captured Damascus and put Rezin to death

12861. A) In deference to the king of Assyria

12862. B) Tiglath-Pileser

12863. C) Pul king of Assyria

12864. C) Trouble instead of help

Timothy

12865. A) Timothy

12866. D) His mother was a Jewish believer and his father was a Greek

12867. C) The province of Asia and Bithynia

12868. A) Silas and Timothy

12869. D) He devoted himself exclusively to preaching

12870. D) Timothy

12871. A) Timothy

12872. C) Timothy

12873. C) Timothy

12874. D) Silas

12875. C) Timothy

12876. D) Timothy

12877. C) Timothy

12878. A) Silas and Timothy

12879. D) Timothy

12880. D) News about their faith and love

12881. A) Silas and Timothy

12882. B) Timothy

12883. C) Ephesus

12884. B) Teach false doctrines

12885. A) So Timothy would know how people ought to behave in God's household

12886. B) young

12887. C) Purity

12888. B) The public reading of Scripture, preaching and teaching

12889. B) The body of elders

12890. B) His life and doctrine

12891. C) Exhort him as if he were his father

12892. A) Absolute purity

12893. D) Two or three witnesses

12894. A) Laying on of hands

12895. C) To use a little wine instead of drinking only water

12896. A) Righteousness

12897. C) fight

12898. B) What has been entrusted to his care

12899. C) Lois

12900. A) Eunice

12901. A) The gift of God

12902. B) Through the laying on of Paul's hands

12903. C) The testimony about our Lord, or of Paul his prisoner

12904. B) The Holy Spirit

12905. A) Ephesus

12906. B) Entrust them to reliable people who could teach others

12907. C) Soldier

12908. C) David

12909. B) The word of truth

12910. A) Evil desires of youth

12911. B) The last days

12912. A) Denying its power

12913. B) Antioch, Iconium and Lystra

12914. A) From infancy

12915. B) season

12916. A) Sound doctrine

12917. B) Mark

12918. A) His cloak

12919. B) Priscilla and Aquila

12920. C) Winter

12921. D) Timothy

Tirhakah

12922. D) Tirhakah king of Cush

Titius Justus

12923. A) Titius Justus

Titus

12924. A) Titus

12925. A) Titus

12926. B) The comfort the Corinthians had given Titus

12927. B) It was refreshed

12928. B) Titus

12929. B) A brother praised by all the churches for his service to the gospel

12930. A) Barnabas

12931. B) Be circumcised

12932. B) Dalmatia

12933. B) Titus

12934. C) Crete

12935. A) Elders

12936. B) What is in keeping with sound doctrine

12937. C) Self-controlled

12938. D) By setting them an example by doing what is good

12939. A) Rulers and authorities

12940. C) Foolish controversies, genealogies, arguments and quarrels about the law

12941. D) Nicopolis

12942. A) Zenas the lawyer and Apollos

Tobiah

12943. A) Sanballat and Tobiah

12944. C) Geshem the Arab

12945. D) He said the God of heaven would give them success

12946. C) A fox

12947. A) He prayed to God

12948. A) Tobiah and Sanballat

12949. B) Sending him many letters, because many were under oath to him

12950. C) Eliashib

12951. A) He threw all of Tobiah's household goods out of the room

Tola

12952. C) Tola

12953. D) Issachar

12954. A) Twenty-three

12955. B) Jair of Gilead

12956. B) David's

Tou

12957. C) Tou king of Hamath

12958. B) Tou king of Hamath

Trophimus

12959. A) Trophimus

12960. B) Miletus

Tychicus

12961. C) Tychicus

12962. A) Tychicus

12963. B) Onesimus

12964. D) Nicopolis

Ulam

12965. C) Handling the bow as brave warriors

Uri

12966. A) Bezalel

Uriah

12967. B) Uriah the Hittite

12968. C) He sent for Uriah to come back from the army

12969. D) At the entrance to the palace with the king's servants

12970. B) The ark, Israel and Judah and Joab's men were staying in tents and camping in the open

12971. A) He made him drunk

12972. C) Put him in the fiercest fighting and withdraw from him so he would die

12973. D) Uriah himself

12974. D) The Ammonites

12975. B) Uriah the Hittite

12976. C) Uriah the Hittite

12977. C) Uriah

12978. A) Uriah the Hittite

12979. A) Uriah the priest and Zechariah son of Jeberekiah

12980. B) Uriah son of Shemaiah

12981. C) King Jehoiakim had him struck down with a sword

12982. C) Uriah's wife

Uzzah

12983. D) On a new cart

12984. B) Uzzah

12985. C) Because of his irreverent act in taking hold of the ark

12986. D) Perez Uzzah

12987. C) On a new cart

12988. A) Uzzah and Ahio

12989. A) The oxen stumbled

12990. B) The LORD struck him down and he died

12991. C) Perez Uzzah

Uzzi

12992. D) Asaph

Uzziah

12993. B) Sixteen

12994. C) Fifty-two

12995. D) Success

12996. A) Zechariah

12997. B) The Philistines

12998. C) He loved the soil

12999. D) Devices to shoot arrows and hurl large stones

13000. A) His pride

13001. B) Burn incense on the altar of incense

13002. C) Azariah

13003. D) It was for the priests, the descendants of Aaron

13004. A) Leprosy

13005. B) In a separate house

13006. C) Jotham

13007. D) Isaiah son of Amoz

13008. C) He did not enter the temple of the LORD

13009. B) Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz and Hezekiah

13010. B) The year King Uzziah died

13011. D) Uzziah

13012. C) Uzziah

Uzziel

13013. D) A goldsmith

Vashti

13014. C) Vashti

13015. B) To display her beauty to the people and nobles

13016. D) She refused to come

13017. A) Memukan

13018. C) Her conduct would become known to all women and cause them to despise their husbands

13019. B) She was never again to enter the presence of King Xerxes

Widow of Zarephath

13020. C) Gathering sticks

13021. C) Only a handful of flour and a little olive oil

13022. A) afraid

13023. D) The flour would not be used up and the oil would not run dry until the LORD sent rain

13024. C) To the upper room where Elijah was staying

13025. D) That he was a man of God, and the word of the LORD from his mouth was the truth

Xerxes

13026. C) Xerxes

13027. B) 127

13028. D) Susa

13029. A) 180 days

13030. B) In the enclosed garden of the king's palace

13031. B) To display her beauty to the people and nobles

13032. D) She refused to come

13033. A) Memukan

13034. B) She was never again to enter the presence of King Xerxes

13035. A) That every man should be ruler over his own household

13036. B) Search for beautiful young virgins across the provinces

13037. C) He set a royal crown on her head and made her queen

13038. A) A great banquet called Esther's banquet

13039. D) Bigthana and Teresh

13040. B) He told Queen Esther, who reported it to the king and gave Mordecai credit

13041. C) In the book of the annals in the king's presence

13042. B) Haman

13043. A) Not obeying the king's laws

13044. C) His signet ring

13045. A) The city was bewildered

13046. D) They would be put to death

13047. A) The gold scepter

13048. B) Thirty days

13049. C) The gold scepter

13050. A) She approached and touched the tip of the scepter

13051. D) half

13052. B) Come with Haman to a banquet she had prepared

13053. C) She invited the king and Haman to another banquet the next day

13054. C) He had the book of the chronicles of his reign read to him

13055. A) That Mordecai had exposed a plot to kill the king

13056. D) Nothing had been done for him

13057. C) Himself

13058. B) Mordecai

13059. B) Her life and the lives of her people

13060. A) He asked who had dared to do such a thing

13061. A) Out into the palace garden

13062. C) Falling on the couch where Esther was reclining, begging for his life

13063. A) His fury subsided

13064. B) Haman's estate

13065. A) His signet ring

13066. D) She begged him to put an end to Haman's evil plan against the Jews

13067. A) A document written in the king's name and sealed with his ring could not be revoked

13068. C) Another day in Susa for the Jews and Haman's ten sons impaled on poles

13069. B) The book of the annals of the kings of Media and Persia

13070. C) He was second in rank to King Xerxes

Zabud

13071. A) Zabud son of Nathan

Zacchaeus

13072. B) Zacchaeus

13073. C) He was short

13074. D) A sycamore-fig tree

13075. A) house

13076. B) 'He has gone to be the guest of a sinner.'

13077. C) Four times the amount

Zadok

13078. D) Zadok and Ahimelek

13079. A) Take it back into the city

13080. B) Zadok and Abiathar

13081. B) Zadok and Abiathar

13082. C) Zadok the priest

13083. B) The Kerethites and the Pelethites

13084. A) Benaiah over the army and Zadok as priest

13085. A) At the high place in Gibeon

13086. B) Zadok and Ahimelek

13087. A) Zadok

13088. B) The family of Zadok

13089. B) The sons of Zadok

13090. A) The Levitical priests, descendants of Zadok

13091. D) They were faithful and did not go astray when Israel did

Zalmunna

13092. A) Zebah and Zalmunna

13093. D) Jether

13094. B) They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor

Zebadiah

13095. C) Asahel

13096. C) Zebadiah son of Ishmael

Zebah

13097. A) Zebah and Zalmunna

13098. D) Jether

13099. B) They had killed his brothers, the sons of his own mother, at Tabor

Zebedee

13100. A) Zebedee

13101. B) Their father Zebedee

13102. C) James and John

Zebul

13103. C) Zebul

13104. B) shadows

Zechariah

13105. D) Six months

13106. C) Jehu's descendants sat on the throne only to the fourth generation

13107. D) Zechariah

13108. C) Zechariah son of Jehoiada

13109. D) forsaken

13110. A) In the courtyard of the LORD's temple

13111. B) The kindness Zechariah's father Jehoiada had shown him

13112. A) Zechariah

13113. B) Haggai and Zechariah

13114. C) They began rebuilding the house of God

13115. A) Haggai and Zechariah

13116. A) Uriah the priest and Zechariah son of Jeberekiah

13117. B) Berekiah

13118. C) Darius

13119. C) Red

13120. B) Among the myrtle trees in a ravine

13121. D) The horns that scattered Judah, Israel and Jerusalem

13122. D) A measuring line

13123. A) Jerusalem

13124. C) Joshua

13125. D) A clean turban

13126. B) He woke him up, like someone woken from sleep

13127. D) A solid gold lampstand

13128. C) Seven

13129. C) A flying scroll

13130. C) A basket

13131. D) Four

13132. B) Bronze

13133. D) A crown

13134. B) Kislev, the ninth month

13135. A) slaughter

13136. C) Favor and Union

13137. B) Three

13138. A) The covenant God had made with all the nations was revoked

13139. C) Thirty pieces of silver

13140. D) The potter

13141. B) The handsome price at which they valued me

13142. C) The family bond between Judah and Israel was broken

13143. D) Zechariah son of Berekiah

13144. A) Herod

13145. D) Elizabeth

13146. B) Elizabeth was not able to conceive and both were very old

13147. C) Burning incense

13148. A) John

13149. B) Gabriel

13150. C) He did not believe the angel's words

13151. D) Zechariah

13152. C) His mouth was opened and he began praising God

13153. B) The prophet of the Most High

13154. C) The forgiveness of their sins

13155. B) In the wilderness

13156. D) Abel

Zedekiah

13157. A) Mattaniah, Jehoiachin's uncle

13158. D) Zedekiah

13159. C) He rebelled against the king of Babylon

13160. A) The ninth year

13161. C) In the plains of Jericho

13162. B) He put out his eyes, bound him in bronze shackles and took him to Babylon

13163. A) Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

13164. A) He slapped him in the face

13165. D) Zedekiah

13166. A) Jeremiah

13167. A) The people of Jerusalem went into exile

13168. C) Zedekiah

13169. A) Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah

13170. B) Nebuchadnezzar

13171. D) Perform wonders as in times past so Nebuchadnezzar would withdraw

13172. C) He would be handed over to Nebuchadnezzar

13173. B) Zedekiah, his officials, the survivors in Jerusalem and those living in Egypt

13174. C) Moab

13175. B) Zedekiah

13176. C) Elasah son of Shaphan and Gemariah son of Hilkiah

13177. A) Ahab son of Kolaiah and Zedekiah son of Maaseiah

13178. B) The eighteenth year

13179. D) Zedekiah

13180. B) He would see the king of Babylon with his own eyes and go to Babylon

13181. C) He would die peacefully, and people would make a funeral fire in his honor

13182. C) To free their Hebrew slaves

13183. A) He would bring them back to fight against the city, take it and burn it

13184. C) Zedekiah

13185. B) Pray to the LORD for them

13186. D) "Yes, you will be delivered into the hands of the king of Babylon"

13187. A) A loaf of bread from the street of the bakers

13188. C) "He is in your hands. The king can do nothing to oppose you."

13189. B) Ebed-Melek the Cushite

13190. C) Thirty

13191. A) At the third entrance to the temple of the LORD

13192. B) His life would be spared and the city would not be burned

13193. C) The Jews who had gone over to the Babylonians

13194. B) That he had pleaded with the king not to be sent back to Jonathan's house to die

13195. C) The ninth year

13196. A) The eleventh year

13197. B) They fled the city at night

13198. D) In the plains of Jericho

13199. A) Riblah

13200. B) Killed his sons before his eyes, put out his eyes and bound him in bronze shackles

13201. C) Pharaoh Hophra

13202. B) Seraiah son of Neriah

13203. A) Twenty-one years old; eleven years

13204. B) He did evil in the eyes of the LORD, just as Jehoiakim had done

13205. D) He was put in prison until the day of his death

Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

13206. B) Iron horns

13207. A) Zedekiah son of Kenaanah

Zeeb

13208. A) Oreb and Zeeb

13209. B) He said their gleanings were better than Abiezer's full harvest, since God gave them Oreb and Zeeb

Zelophehad

13210. A) Only daughters

13211. D) Five

13212. C) Tirzah

13213. B) That the LORD had commanded Moses to give them an inheritance

13214. A) Zelophehad

Zenas

13215. A) Zenas the lawyer and Apollos

Zephaniah

13216. A) Pashhur son of Malkijah and the priest Zephaniah son of Maaseiah

13217. D) Shemaiah the Nehelamite

13218. B) Seraiah

13219. B) Josiah

13220. C) Cushi

13221. D) Hezekiah

Zerah

13222. A) Perez and Zerah

13223. A) Tamar

13224. A) Zerah the Cushite

13225. A) Tamar

Zeresh

13226. C) Zeresh

13227. A) Set up a pole and ask the king to have Mordecai impaled on it

13228. D) That since Mordecai was Jewish, Haman could not stand against him and would surely come to ruin

Zerubbabel

13229. A) Zerubbabel

13230. C) Zerubbabel and Jeshua

13231. C) The altar of the God of Israel

13232. A) Levites twenty years old and older

13233. A) Help build the temple

13234. C) They refused and said they alone would build

13235. C) They began rebuilding the house of God

13236. C) Zerubbabel son of Shealtiel and Joshua

13237. A) Zerubbabel

13238. C) They obeyed the voice of the LORD and feared Him

13239. D) He stirred up their spirit

13240. C) work

13241. D) Zerubbabel, governor of Judah

13242. A) A signet ring

13243. A) Spirit

13244. D) Zerubbabel

13245. B) It would become level ground

13246. C) God bless it! God bless it!

13247. D) His hands laid the foundation and his hands would also complete it

Zeruiah

13248. B) Zeruiah

13249. A) The Valley of Salt

Ziba

13250. A) Ziba

13251. D) God's

13252. D) To farm Mephibosheth's land and bring in the crops

13253. C) Fifteen sons and twenty servants

13254. D) Ziba

13255. B) That Israel would restore his grandfather's kingdom to him

13256. A) All that had belonged to Mephibosheth

13257. C) Betrayed him and slandered him to the king

13258. A) "Let him take everything, now that my lord the king has returned home safely"

Zibiah

13259. C) Beersheba

Zimri

13260. C) Zimri

13261. C) Getting drunk in the home of Arza

13262. A) Seven days

13263. D) Omri, the commander of the army

13264. B) He went into the palace citadel and set the palace on fire around himself

Zipporah

13265. A) Zipporah

13266. C) Moses' wife Zipporah and her two sons

Zophar

13267. C) Zophar

13268. C) To sympathize with him and comfort him

13269. D) They wept aloud, tore their robes and sprinkled dust on their heads

13270. A) Seven days and seven nights

13271. C) Zophar

13272. A) Idle talk

13273. D) Forgotten some of it

13274. B) mysteries

13275. C) The sea

13276. A) Devote his heart to God and put away his sin

13277. D) Waters gone by

13278. B) Noonday

13279. B) He was greatly disturbed and heard a rebuke that dishonored him

13280. D) moment

13281. A) A dream

13282. C) The venom of serpents

13283. D) Riches

13284. A) Oppressed them and left them destitute

13285. B) A bronze-tipped arrow

13286. D) Because Job was righteous in his own eyes

13287. D) Because they had found no way to refute Job, yet had condemned him

13288. C) They had not spoken the truth about Him, as Job had

13289. A) Seven bulls and seven rams

13290. B) Job



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